COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH OVERSIGHT DIVISION

FISCAL NOTE

L.R. No.: 4143S.01I
Bill No.: SJR 31
Subject: Constitutional Amendments; Elections
Type: Original
Date: January 28, 2022

Bill Summary: This joint resolution modifies the initiative petition process.

FISCAL SUMMARY

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	
General Revenue*	\$0 or (More than \$7,000,000)	\$0	\$0	
Total Estimated Net Effect on General	\$0 or (More than			
Revenue	\$7,000,000)	\$0	\$0	

*The potential fiscal impact of "(More than \$7,000,000)" would be realized **only** if a special election were called by the Governor to submit this joint resolution to voters.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	
Total Estimated Net				
Effect on Other State				
Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	

Numbers within parentheses: () indicate costs or losses.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	
Total Estimated Net				
Effect on <u>All</u> Federal				
Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE)				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	
Total Estimated Net				
Effect on FTE	0	0	0	

Estimated Net Effect (expenditures or reduced revenues) expected to exceed \$250,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act or at full implementation of the act.

□ Estimated Net Effect (savings or increased revenues) expected to exceed \$250,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act or at full implementation of the act.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	
Local Government	\$0*	\$0	\$0	

*Transfer out and transfer in net to zero **<u>if</u>** the Governor calls a special election.

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FISCAL ANALYSIS

ASSUMPTION

Officials from the Office of the Secretary of State (SOS) assume the proposal increases the number of required signatures for a successful initiative petition. The current requirement of 8% (constitutional) or 5% (statutory) of voters from the previous gubernatorial election in six out of eight congressional districts is slightly over 171,000 or 107,000 signatures respectively. The proposed change to 15% (constitutional) or 5% (statutory) in all eight congressional districts would increase that minimum number to over 477,000 (constitutional) or 159,000 (statutory), an increase of approximately 50% for statutory measures and up to 180% for constitutional amendments. This increase in signatures would lead to an increase in pages submitted per petition and therefore an increase in processing costs when signatures are submitted for verification. The referendum petition submitted in 2017 contained over 250,000 valid signatures and cost approximately \$32,000 in state resources to process for sufficiency, which SOS does with existing staff. A 180% increase in signatures could result in a processing cost of up to \$89,600 per petition, an increase of \$57,600 per petition expended in FY 2024, which the agency would absorb. Based on an average amount of five petitions submitted for verification per election cycle, this would result in total increased costs of up to \$288,000. This increase does not include resources expended by local election authorities, nor does it include any additional costs that the Secretary of State's Office could incur in order to continue to meet all statutory processing deadlines.

Additionally, each year, a number of joint resolutions that would refer to a vote of the people a constitutional amendment and bills that would refer to a vote of the people the statutory issue in the legislation may be considered by the General Assembly.

Unless a special election is called for the purpose, Joint Resolutions proposing a constitutional amendment are submitted to a vote of the people at the next general election. Article XII section 2(b) of the Missouri Constitution authorizes the Governor to order a special election for constitutional amendments referred to the people. If a special election is called to submit a Joint Resolution to a vote of the people, section 115.063.2 RSMo requires the state to pay the costs. The cost of the special election has been estimated to be \$7 million based on the cost of the 2020 Presidential Preference Primary.

The Secretary of State's office is required to pay for publishing in local newspapers the full text of each statewide ballot measure as directed by Article XII, Section 2(b) of the Missouri Constitution and Section 116.230-116.290, RSMo. Funding for this item is adjusted each year depending upon the election cycle. A new decision item is requested in odd numbered fiscal years and the amount requested is dependent upon the estimated number of ballot measures that will be approved by the General Assembly and the initiative petitions certified for the ballot. In

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FY 2014, the General Assembly changed the appropriation so that it was no longer an estimated appropriation.

For the FY22 petitions cycle, the SOS estimates publication costs at \$70,000 per page. This amount is subject to change based on number of petitions received, length of those petitions and rates charged by newspaper publishers.

The Secretary of State's office will continue to assume, for the purposes of this fiscal note, that it should have the full appropriation authority it needs to meet the publishing requirements. Because these requirements are mandatory, they reserve the right to request funding to meet the cost of their publishing requirements if the Governor and the General Assembly again change the amount or continue to not designate it as an estimated appropriation.

Oversight has reflected, in this fiscal note, the state potentially reimbursing local political subdivisions the cost of having this joint resolution voted on during a special election in fiscal year 2023. This reflects the decision made by the Joint Committee on Legislative Research that the cost of the elections should be shown in the fiscal note. The next scheduled statewide primary election is in August 2022 and the next scheduled general election is in November 2022 (both in FY 2023). It is assumed the subject within this proposal could be on one of these ballots; however, it could also be on a special election called for by the Governor (a different date). Therefore, Oversight will reflect a potential election cost reimbursement to local political subdivisions in FY 2023.

Officials from the **Missouri Senate**, **Missouri House of Representatives**, **Platte County Board of Elections**, **Jackson County Board of Elections**, and **St. Louis County Board of Elections** each assume the proposal will have no fiscal impact on their respective organizations. **Oversight** does not have any information to the contrary. Therefore, Oversight will reflect a zero impact in the fiscal note for these agencies. Oversight assumes the higher threshold of signatures to verify for local election agencies would be offset by a fewer number of petitions that can meet the now higher signature thresholds.

Oversight only reflects the responses that we have received from state agencies and political subdivisions; however, other local election authorities and county clerks were requested to respond to this proposed legislation but did not. A general listing of political subdivisions included in our database is available upon request.

FISCAL IMPACT – State Government	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025
	(10 Mo.)		
GENERAL REVENUE FUND			
Transfer Out – SOS – reimbursement of			
Local Election Authorities election	\$0 or (More than		
costs if special election is called for by	\$7,000,000)	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
the Governor			
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON	\$0 or (More		
GENERAL REVENUE FUND	<u>than \$7,000,000)</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

SUBDIVISIONS	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
LOCAL POLITICAL	ΦΩ	Φ Ω	ወብ
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON			
the Governor	<u>\$7,000,000)</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
cost of a special election if called for by	\$0 or <u>(More than</u>		
Costs - Local Election Authorities			
State for a special election			
reimbursement of election costs by	\$7,000,000	\$0	\$0
<u>Transfer In</u> - Local Election Authorities	\$0 or More than	¢o	¢0
SUBDIVISIONS			
LOCAL POLITICAL			
	(10 Mo.)		
FISCAL IMPACT – Local Government	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025

FISCAL IMPACT – Small Business

No direct fiscal impact to small businesses would be expected as a result of this proposal.

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FISCAL DESCRIPTION

Under current law, initiative petitions proposing constitutional amendments must be signed by 8% of the legal voters in each of two-thirds of the congressional districts. This constitutional amendment, if approved by the voters, requires such petitions to be signed by 15% of the legal voters in each of the congressional districts.

Current law additionally provides that initiative petitions proposing constitutional amendments shall take effect when approved by a simple majority of the votes cast thereon prior to taking effect. This constitutional amendment requires such initiatives to be approved by at least two-thirds of the votes cast thereon.

This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Office of the Secretary of State Missouri House of Representatives Missouri Senate Jackson County Board of Elections Platte County Board of Elections St. Louis County Board of Elections

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