

COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH
OVERSIGHT DIVISION

FISCAL NOTE

L.R. No.: 1718S.01I
 Bill No.: SB 367
 Subject: Tax Credits; Tourism
 Type: Original
 Date: February 15, 2021

Bill Summary: Establishes the Show Missouri Film and Digital Media Act.

FISCAL SUMMARY

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
General Revenue Fund	Up to (\$1,502,722) to (\$4,500,000)	Up to (\$1,502,722) to (\$4,500,000)	Up to (\$1,502,722) to (\$4,500,000)
Total Estimated Net Effect on General Revenue	Up to (\$1,502,722) to (\$4,500,000)	Up to (\$1,502,722) to (\$4,500,000)	Up to (\$1,502,722) to (\$4,500,000)

*Oversight notes the range in the fiscal impact stems from the five (5) year average amount of Film Tax Credit(s) issued, as it was administered before it sunset November 28, 2013, to the tax credit cap which accounts for any increase in the participation of the program as a result of the modifications made in this proposed legislation.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>Other</u> State Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0

Numbers within parentheses: () indicate costs or losses.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>All</u> Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FULL TIME EQUIVALENT (FTE)			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Total Estimated Net Effect on FTE	0	0	0

- Estimated Net Effect (expenditures or reduced revenues) expected to exceed \$250,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act or at full implementation of the act.
- Estimated Net Effect (savings or increased revenues) expected to exceed \$250,000 in any of the three fiscal years after implementation of the act or at full implementation of the act.

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS			
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Local Government	\$0	\$0	\$0

FISCAL ANALYSIS

ASSUMPTION

Officials from the **Office of Administration – Budget & Planning Division (B&P)** state this proposed legislation reestablishes a tax credit for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of qualifying in-state expenses and ten percent (10%) of qualifying out-of-state expenses incurred by a production company in connection with a qualified film production project. An additional five percent (5%) may be earned for both qualifying in-state expenses and qualifying out-of-state expenses if at least fifty percent (50%) of the qualified film production project is filmed in Missouri.

The cap on the tax credits for all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, is \$4,500,000. This proposed legislation could therefore lower General Revenue (GR) and Total State Revenue (TSR) by \$4,500,000 per fiscal year, beginning in Fiscal Year 2022. To the extent this proposed legislation encourages other economic activity, GR and TSR may increase, but B&P cannot estimate the induced revenues.

This proposed legislation could impact the calculation pursuant to Article X, Section 18(e).

Officials from the **Missouri Department of Revenue (DOR)** assume this proposed legislation modifies the Film Production Tax Credit Program. The proposed legislation updates the definition of “Qualified Film Production Project,” and adds the definition of “Qualifying Out-of-State Expenses.”

This proposed legislation states that, for all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, a taxpayer shall be allowed a tax credit equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of qualifying in-state expenses and ten percent (10%) of qualifying out-of-state expenses. An additional five percent (5%) may be earned for both qualifying in-state expenses and qualifying out-of-state expenses if at least fifty percent (50%) of the qualified film production project is filmed in Missouri. Another five percent (5%) may be earned for both qualifying in-state and qualifying out-of-state expenses if the Department of Economic Development determines the film positively markets a city or region of the state.

This proposed legislation states that this credit shall sunset on December 31, 2027, and further states that this section shall terminate on September first of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the program is sunset.

This proposed legislation could potentially decrease TSR, specific to GR by an estimated \$4.5 million per year. DOR notes this tax credit begins January 1, 2021, and therefore, the first tax returns will be filed starting in January 2022.

Fiscal Year	Decrease to Total State Revenue - General Revenue
FY 2021	\$0
FY 2022	(\$4,500,000)
FY 2023	(\$4,500,000)
FY 2024	(\$4,500,000)

For informational purposes, DOR notes this Film Production Tax Credit program was created in 1998 and sunset in 2013. Its original cap was \$1.5 million which was increased to \$4.5 million in 2008. Below is information on the authorization, issuance and redemption of the credits over the last several years.

Year	Authorized	Issued	Total Redeemed
FY 2020	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
FY 2019	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
FY 2018	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$672.38
FY 2017	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$2,375,651
FY 2016	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$6,832.00
FY 2015	\$0.00	\$2,387,097	\$389,942
FY 2014	\$2,927,000	\$386,000	\$119,800
FY 2013	\$639,772	\$0.00	\$56,665
FY 2012	\$139,070	\$1,390,070	\$4,839,217

DOR anticipates the need for one (1) FTE Associate Customer Service Representative for every 6,000 tax credits redeemed, one (1) FTE Associate Customer Service Representative for every 4,000 tax credit transfers with CISCO phones and licenses, one (1) FTE Associate Customer Service Representative for every 7,600 errors/correspondence generated and forms and programming changes.

Oversight notes, per the Tax Credit Analyses submitted for Fiscal Year's 2013 & 2014, the following number of certificates were issued each of the following fiscal years for the Film Tax Credit Program:

Fiscal Year	Number of Certificates Issued
2010	4
2011	5
2012	2
2013	0
2014	1

Therefore, for purposes of this fiscal note, **Oversight** assumes the Missouri Department of Revenue can absorb the responsibilities of the tax credit program with existing resource. Should a significant increase in tax credit redemptions, tax credit transfers, and/or errors/correspondence occur, the Missouri Department of Revenue may seek additional FTE through the appropriation process.

Oversight notes, per the Tax Credit Analyses from Fiscal Year(s) 2010 – 2014, the Film Tax Credit recognized the following activity as it was administered before it sunset November 28, 2013:

Film Tax Credit (Sunset November 28, 2013)					
Fiscal Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Certificates Issued (#)	4	5	2	0	1
Projects (#)	4	2	3	3	3
Amount Authorized	\$1,768,989	\$38,041	\$139,070	\$639,772	\$2,927,000
Amount Issued	\$5,181,512	\$1,807,030	\$139,070	\$0	\$386,000
Amount Redeemed	\$1,925,158	\$1,563,218	\$4,839,217	\$56,665	\$119,800

Oversight notes the five (5) average amount of Film Tax Credit(s) issued totals \$1,502,722.

Oversight notes the tax credit program put forth under this proposed legislation would begin for all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2021. Oversight notes Tax Year 2021 tax returns claiming the credit will not be filed until after January 1, 2022 (Fiscal Year 2022)

Oversight notes this proposed legislation states that the tax credits certified shall not exceed a total of four million five hundred thousand dollars (\$4,500,000) per year.

Therefore, for purposes of this fiscal note, **Oversight** will report a revenue reduction to GR by an amount equal to “Up to \$1,502,722” (average amount of Film Tax Credit issued before sunset on November 28, 2013) to \$4,500,000 (tax credit cap) beginning in Fiscal Year 2022.

Officials from the **Missouri Department of Commerce and Insurance (DCI)** anticipate a potential unknown decrease of premium tax revenues (up to the tax credit limit established in the bill) as a result of the creation of the Show Missouri Film and Digital Media Act Tax Credit. Premium tax revenue is split 50/50 between General Revenue and County Foreign Insurance Fund except for domestic Stock Property and Casualty Companies who pay premium tax to the County Stock Fund. The County Foreign Insurance Fund is later distributed to school districts throughout the state. County Stock Funds are later distributed to the school district and county treasurer of the county in which the principal office of the insurer is located. It is unknown how each of these funds may be impacted by tax credits each year and which insurers will qualify for the tax credit.

DCI will require minimal contract computer programming to add this new tax credit to the premium tax database and can do so under existing appropriation. However, should multiple bills pass that would require additional updates to the premium tax database, the department may need to request more expense and equipment appropriation through the budget process.

Oversight notes the Missouri Department of Commerce and Insurance assume the contract computer programming can be absorbed with existing resources. Oversight does not have any information to the contrary. However, should multiple bills pass, the Missouri Department of Commerce and Insurance may seek additional equipment and expense appropriation through the appropriation process.

<u>FISCAL IMPACT – State Government</u>	FY 2022 (10 Mo.)	FY 2023	FY 2024
GENERAL REVENUE FUND			
Revenue Reduction- Tax Credit For Expenses For Production Of Qualified Film Production Projects	<u>Up to (\$1,502,772) to (\$4,500,000)</u>	<u>Up to (\$1,502,772) to (\$4,500,000)</u>	<u>Up to (\$1,502,772) to (\$4,500,000)</u>
ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND	<u>Up to (\$1,502,772) to (\$4,500,000)</u>	<u>Up to (\$1,502,772) to (\$4,500,000)</u>	<u>Up to (\$1,502,772) to (\$4,500,000)</u>

<u>FISCAL IMPACT – Local Government</u>	FY 2022 (10 Mo.)	FY 2023	FY 2024
	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

FISCAL IMPACT – Small Business

This proposed legislation could positively impact any small business that qualifies for the tax credit under this proposed legislation as such small business could reduce or eliminate such small business's state tax liability.

FISCAL DESCRIPTION

This act creates the "Show Missouri Film and Digital Media Act".

This act reauthorizes a tax credit for certain expenses related to the production of qualified film production projects in this state, as defined in the act. Tax credits for such expenses under previous law expired on November 28, 2013.

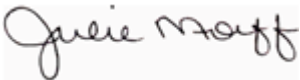
For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, this act authorizes a tax credit equal to 25% of qualifying in-state expenses, as defined in the act, and 10% of qualifying out-of-state expenses, as defined in the act, associated with the production of a qualified film production project. An additional 5% may be awarded for both qualifying in-state and out-of-state expenses if at least 50% of the qualified film production project is filmed in Missouri. A further additional 5% may be awarded for both qualifying in-state and out-of-state expenses if the Department of Economic Development determines that the script for such project positively markets a city or region of the state, the entire state, or a tourist attraction located in the state.

This act shall sunset on December 31, 2027, unless reauthorized by the General Assembly.

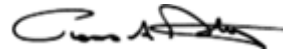
This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Office of Administration – Budget & Planning Division
Missouri Department of Commerce and Insurance
Missouri Department of Revenue



Julie Morff
Director
February 15, 2021



Ross Strobe
Assistant Director
February 15, 2021