# COMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH OVERSIGHT DIVISION

# **FISCAL NOTE**

L.R. No.:1232-02Bill No.:SB 362Subject:State Attorney General; Tobacco Products; Taxation and Revenue - Sales and UseType:OriginalDate:February 10, 2003

# FISCAL SUMMARY

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON GENERAL REVENUE FUND				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006	
Total Estimated Net Effect on General Revenue				
Fund	\$0	\$0	\$0	

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON OTHER STATE FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006	
Tobacco Control Special Fund*	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	
Total Estimated Net Effect on Other State Funds	UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN	

\*Costs of \$200,036 for FY04, \$227,661 for FY05 and \$233,573 for FY06 are expected to be paid with collection of disgorgements, penalties and fees to be deposited to the fund.

Numbers within parentheses: ( ) indicate costs or losses. This  $\tilde{c}$ 

This fiscal note contains 7 pages.

L.R. No. 1232-02 Bill No. SB 362 Page 2 of 7 February 10, 2003

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON FEDERAL FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006	
Total Estimated Net Effect on <u>All</u> Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	

ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON LOCAL FUNDS				
FUND AFFECTED	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006	
Local Government	\$0	\$0	\$0	

# FISCAL ANALYSIS

#### ASSUMPTION

Officials from the **Department of Public Safety - Liquor Control and Missouri State Highway Patrol, Office of Prosecution Services**, **Office of the State Treasurer**, **Office of the State Public Defender** and the **Office of the State Courts Administrator** each state this proposal would not fiscally impact their respective agencies.

Officials from the **Office of the Attorney General (AGO)** assume, based on discussions with DOR, that the primary administrative duties, as well as the enforcement provisions, rests with the AGO's office.

AGO assumes it would need 1 - ASST. ATTORNEY GENERAL 4, 2 - INVESTIGATORS and 1 - PARALEGAL to enforce the provisions of this bill in court. These employees would also investigate, monitor compliance, collect and maintain data and promulgate rules. AGO assumes these positions could be funded from the "Tobacco Control Special Fund" created in the bill. AGO believes that after start up, these positions would be self-sustaining through collection of disgorgements, penalties and fees to be deposited to the fund.

L.R. No. 1232-02 Bill No. SB 362 Page 3 of 7 February 10, 2003

### ASSUMPTION (continued)

Officials from the **Department of Revenue (DOR)** assume this legislation would add new language to current legislation regarding the enforcement of the Missouri Master Settlement Agreement (MSA). DOR assumes that most of the new responsibilities, including maintaining a directory of manufacturers and brands sold that are in compliance with the MSA would be the responsibility of the Attorney General's Office. DOR would work with the Attorney General. The legislation also provides the authorization to share information between the Attorney General's Office and the Department of Revenue. The additional work created by this legislation will be completed by existing personnel.

Officials from the **Department of Corrections (DOC)** did not respond to our fiscal note request. However, in response to a similar proposal DOC assumed the bill, if passed into law, enacts enforcement provisions to the 1998 Tobacco Master Settlement Agreement and includes an emergency clause. Penalty provisions for violations, the component of the bill to have potential fiscal impact for DOC, is for a class A misdemeanor.

DOC stated that currently, they cannot predict the number of new commitments which may result from the creation of the offenses outlined in this proposal. An increase in commitments depends on the utilization by prosecutors and the actual sentences imposed by the court.

If additional persons are sentenced to the custody of the DOC due to the provisions of this legislation, the DOC will incur a corresponding increase in operational cost through supervision provided by the Board of Probation and Parole (FY02 average of \$3.10 per offender, per day or an annual cost of \$1,132 per offender).

In summary, supervision by the DOC through probation or incarceration would result in some additional costs, but it is assumed the impact would be \$0 or a minimal amount that could be absorbed within existing resources.

Officials from the **Office of Secretary of State (SOS)** assume there would be costs due to additional publishing duties related to the Office of the Attorney General's authority to promulgate rules, regulations, and forms. SOS estimates the division could require approximately 10 new pages of regulations in the Code of State Regulations at a cost of \$27.00 per page, and 15 new pages in the Missouri Register at a cost of \$23.00 per page. Costs due to this proposal are estimated to be \$615, however, the actual fiscal impact would be dependent upon the actual rule-making authority and may be more or less. Financial impact in subsequent fiscal years would depend entirely on the number, length, and frequency of the rules filed, amended, rescinded, or withdrawn. SOS does not anticipate the need for additional staff as a

L.R. No. 1232-02 Bill No. SB 362 Page 4 of 7 February 10, 2003

#### ASSUMPTION (continued)

result of this proposal; however, the enactment of more than one similar proposal may, in the aggregate, necessitate additional staff.

**Oversight** assumes the SOS could absorb the costs of printing and distributing regulations related to this proposal. If multiple bills pass which require the printing and distribution of regulations at substantial costs, the SOS could request funding through the appropriation process. Any decisions to raise fees to defray costs would likely be made in subsequent fiscal years.

FISCAL IMPACT - State Government	FY 2004 (10 Mo.)	FY 2005	FY 2006
TOBACCO CONTROL SPECIAL FUND			
Income - collection of disgorgements, penalties and fees	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown
<u>Cost</u> - Attorney General Personal Service (4 FTE) Fringe Benefits Expense and Equipment Total costs - AGO	(\$106,250) (\$42,999) <u>(\$50,787)</u> <u>(\$200,036)</u>	(\$130,688) (\$52,889) <u>(\$44,084)</u> (\$227,661)	(\$133,955) (\$54,211) <u>(\$45,407)</u> (\$233,573)
<b>ESTIMATED NET EFFECT ON THE TOBACCO CONTROL SPECIAL FUND*</b> *The income from disgorgements, penalties	UNKNOWN and fees is expect	UNKNOWN ted to exceed the A	<u>UNKNOWN</u> AGO costs.
FISCAL IMPACT - Local Government	FY 2004 (10 Mo.)	FY 2005	FY 2006
	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

L.R. No. 1232-02 Bill No. SB 362 Page 5 of 7 February 10, 2003

### FISCAL IMPACT - Small Business

This proposal may impact small businesses that sell tobacco products.

# DESCRIPTION

This proposal requires all tobacco product manufacturers who sell cigarettes in this state to file an annual form with the Attorney General stating they are in compliance with the Master Settlement Agreement. Participating manufacturers must certify a list of its brand families. Nonparticipating manufacturers must provide additional information as indicated including a more detailed listing of brand families and units sold, and that the nonparticipating manufacturer is registered to do business in the state, maintains a qualified escrow fund (including specific information regarding the account), is in full compliance with the Master Settlement. Tobacco product manufacturers must maintain information used to compile the certification for five years.

By January 1, 2004, the Attorney General shall publish or make available on its website a list of all tobacco product manufacturers who have filed certifications. It shall be unlawful to any person to affix a stamp to a package of cigarettes of a tobacco product manufacturer or brand family that is not included in the directory or to offer those cigarettes for sale.

Foreign nonparticipating manufacturers who are not registered to do business in the state must designate an agent for service of process as a condition precedent to being listed in the directory.

Stamping agents are required to submit a quarterly report to the Attorney General the equivalent stick count for which the stamping agent affixed stamps or otherwise paid the tax due for the cigarettes. The stamping agent must maintain documentation used to compile the report for five years. The Director of Revenue and the Attorney General may share information for the purpose of enforcement of the provisions of this act.

The Attorney General may require nonparticipating manufacturers, stamping agents and tobacco product manufacturers to provide certain additional information necessary to determine compliance.

Upon determination of a violation, the Director of the Department of Revenue may suspend the license of a stamping agent. Each stamp affixed and each sale or offer to sell cigarettes shall constitute a separate violation. The Director of the Department of Revenue may also impose a civil penalty of the greater of 500% of the retail value of the cigarettes or \$5,000.

L.R. No. 1232-02 Bill No. SB 362 Page 6 of 7 February 10, 2003

#### **DESCRIPTION** (continued)

Cigarettes offered for sale or possessed for sale that are in violation are deemed contraband and subject to seizure and forfeiture. The Attorney General may seek an injunction for threatened or actual violations.

It is a Class A misdemeanor to sell or distribute cigarettes, or acquire, hold, own, possess, transport, import or cause to be imported cigarettes that the person knew or should have known were intended for distribution in the state which are in violation of the stamping provisions. Violations of the stamping provisions shall also be deemed to be engaged in unfair merchandising practices pursuant to Chapter 407, RSMo.

Decisions regarding maintenance of the directory by the Attorney General shall be subject to review by the Administrative Hearings Commission. Effective dates for implementation of the provisions are provided. The Attorney General may promulgate necessary rules.

The state shall be entitled to recover costs of enforcement actions including reasonable attorneys fees. If a court determines that a violation has occurred, the court shall order any profits be disgorged and paid into the Tobacco Control Special Fund which is created.

The bill contains an emergency clause.

This legislation is not federally mandated, would not duplicate any other program and would not require additional capital improvements or rental space.

L.R. No. 1232-02 Bill No. SB 362 Page 7 of 7 February 10, 2003

# SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Department of Public Safety Liquor Control Missouri Highway Patrol Department of Revenue Office of the State Courts Administrator Office of the State Public Defender Secretary of State Office of Prosecution Services Office of the Attorney General State Treasurer

NOT RESPONDING: Department of Corrections

Mickey Wilen

Mickey Wilson, CPA Director February 10, 2003