FIRST REGULAR SESSION [TRULY AGREED TO AND FINALLY PASSED] CONFERENCE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 19

90TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

1999

S0634.14T

AN ACT

To repeal sections 82.485, 82.487, 137.130, 302.177, 302.735, 303.041, 303.042, 303.043, 303.190, 304.170, 304.235, 306.400, 306.405, 306.410, 306.415, 306.420, 307.353, 307.355, 307.360, 307.365, 307.390, 374.070, 643.315, 643.335, 643.350, 643.355, 700.010, 700.015, 700.021, 700.025, 700.030, 700.035, 700.045, 700.050, 700.060, 700.090 and 700.100, RSMo 1994, and sections 32.080, 136.055, 301.025, 301.140, 301.142, 301.190, 301.191, 302.020, 302.060, 302.130, 302.171, 302.173, 302.181, 302.302, 302.304, 302.309, 302.321, 302.341, 303.024, 303.025, 303.026, 304.155, 304.156, 304.157, 304.158, 307.350, 307.366, 307.375, 307.400, 374.205, 643.310 and 700.040, RSMo Supp. 1998, relating to drivers and motor vehicles, and to enact in lieu thereof ninety new sections relating to the same subject, with penalty provisions, effective dates and expiration dates for certain sections.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 82.485, 82.487, 137.130, 302.177, 302.735, 303.041, 303.042, 303.043, 303.190, 304.170, 304.235, 306.400, 306.405, 306.410, 306.415, 306.420, 307.353, 307.355, 307.360, 307.365, 307.390, 374.070, 643.315, 643.335, 643.350, 643.355, 700.010, 700.015, 700.021, 700.025, 700.030, 700.035, 700.045, 700.050, 700.060, 700.090 and 700.100, RSMo 1994, and sections 32.080, 136.055, 301.025, 301.140, 301.142, 301.190, 301.191, 302.020, 302.060, 302.130, 302.171, 302.173, 302.181, 302.302, 302.304, 302.309, 302.321, 302.341, 303.024, 303.025, 303.026, 304.155, 304.156,

304.157, 304.158, 307.350, 307.366, 307.375, 307.400, 374.205, 643.310 and 700.040, RSMo Supp. 1998, are repealed and ninety new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 32.080, 82.485, 82.487, 136.055, 137.130, 301.025, 301.140, 301.142, 301.147, 301.190, 301.191, 302.020, 302.060, 302.130, 302.171, 302.173, 302.177, 302.178, 302.181, 302.302, 302.303, 302.304, 302.309, 302.321, 302.341, 302.735, 303.024, 303.025, 303.026, 303.041, 303.042, 303.175, 303.178, 303.179, 303.190, 304.155, 304.156, 304.157, 304.158, 304.159, 304.170, 304.235, 306.400, 306.405, 306.410, 306.415, 306.420, 307.350, 307.353, 307.355, 307.360, 307.365, 307.366, 307.375, 307.390, 307.400, 374.070, 374.205, 379.204, 643.310, 643.315, 643.335, 643.350, 643.355, 700.010, 700.015, 700.021, 700.025, 700.030, 700.035, 700.040, 700.045, 700.050, 700.060, 700.090, 700.100, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14, to read as follows:

- 32.080. 1. Notwithstanding other provisions of law, the director of revenue may destroy motor vehicle, driver's license, or tax reports, returns and other related documents at any time if such reports, returns, and other related documents have been photographed, microphotographed, electronically generated, electronically recorded, photostated, reproduced on film or other process capable of producing a clear, accurate and permanent copy of the original. Such film or reproducing material shall be of durable material and the device used to reproduce the records, reports, returns, and other related documents on film or material shall be such as to accurately reproduce and perpetuate the original records, reports, returns and other documents in all details.
- 2. The reproductions so made may be used as permanent records of the original. When microfilm or a similar reproduction is used as a permanent record by the director of revenue, one copy shall be stored in a fireproof vault and other copies may be made for use by any person entitled thereto. All reproductions shall retain the same confidentiality as is provided in the law regarding the original record.
- 3. Such photostatic copy, photograph, microphotograph, electronically generated, electronically recorded, or other process copy shall be deemed to be an original record for all purposes, and shall be admissible in evidence in all courts or administrative agencies. A transcript, exemplification or certified copy of any motor vehicle, driver's license or tax reports, records, returns and other related documents made from such photostatic copy, photograph, microphotograph, electronically generated, electronically recorded, or other process copy shall, for all purposes be deemed to be a transcript, exemplification or certified copy of the original and shall be admissible in evidence in all courts or administrative agencies. No document shall be admissible under this section unless the offeror shall comply with section 490.692, RSMo.
- 4. Reproductions made of motor vehicle, driver's license, or tax reports, returns and related documents hereunder shall be preserved for four years and thereafter until the director of revenue orders them to be destroyed.
- 5. Notwithstanding other provisions of law, the department of revenue may allow the electronic filing of any motor vehicle, driver's license, or tax records, reports, returns and other

related documents. A transcript, exemplification or certified copy of any electronically filed motor vehicle, driver's license or tax reports, records, returns and other related document upon certification of the director of revenue shall be admissible in evidence in all courts or administrative agencies without further proof. "Records, reports, returns, and other related documents" include, but are not limited to, papers, documents, facsimile information, microphotographic process, electronically generated or electronically recorded information, deposited or filed with the department of revenue.

- 6. Notwithstanding other provisions of law, the department of revenue may determine alternative methods for the signing, subscribing or verifying of a record, report, return, application, driver's license, or other related document that shall have the same validity and consequences as the actual signing by the person providing the record, report, return, or related document.
- 7. The director of revenue may renew motor vehicle registrations by electronic means when the information, fees and documents required by chapters 301, 303 and 307, RSMo, to accompany such application are provided to the director electronically in a format prescribed by the director of revenue.
- 8. The director of revenue may prescribe rules and regulations for the effective administration of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is promulgated pursuant to the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to repeal or affect the validity of any rule filed or adopted prior to the effective date of this section if it fully complied with the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after the effective date of this section shall be invalid and void.
- 82.485. 1. The treasurer of any city not within a county is hereby made and constituted supervisor of parking meters.
- 2. It shall be the duty of the supervisor of parking meters to install parking meters, collect all parking meter fees, supervise the expenditures for repairs and maintenance, establish and supervise a parking enforcement division and a parking meter division to enforce any statute or ordinances now or hereafter established pertaining to the parking of motor vehicles, including automated zone parking and all other parking functions, and to make all disbursements on any parking contracts, including employment, consulting, legal services, capital improvement and purchase of equipment and real property which may hereafter be made by such cities, subject to

audit in the manner provided by state statute.

- 3. The supervisor of parking meters shall establish and maintain a parking meter fund and any other funds therein which the supervisor of parking meters determines to be necessary, including debt service funds and capital improvement funds for purposes including, but not restricted to, the construction of off-street parking facilities **and supervising and directing the financing of such projects**. The supervisor of parking meters of such city may issue revenue bonds and pledge parking division and other revenues and assets, including real property and future income, for the purpose of capital improvements and debt service. The parking meter fund shall be the sole depository for all parking revenue derived from parking fees, fines, penalties, **administrative costs and booting** or any other revenues derived from the efforts of the employees of the supervisor of parking, including the parking meter division or parking violation enforcement division.
- 4. The supervisor of the parking meters shall each year submit for approval to the board of aldermen, having first been reviewed by the parking commission, an operating budget projecting revenues and expenses for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1990, and for each fiscal year thereafter. The parking commission, which shall consist of the supervisor of parking meters as chairperson, the chairperson of the aldermanic traffic committee, the director of streets, the comptroller and the director of the parking meter operations, shall approve parking policy as necessary to control public parking, shall set rates and fees to ensure the successful operation of the parking division, and require a detailed accounting of parking division revenues from any agent or agency, public or private, involved in the collection of parking revenues. The supervisor of parking meters shall draw upon the parking meter fund annually a portion of such fund according to the parking meter division's operating budget to pay any debt obligations, salaries, contracts, expenditures for repairs and maintenance, and make any capital improvements, and a portion of such fund shall at the end of each fiscal year then be transferred to the general fund of the city. The transfer to the general fund shall be no more than forty percent of the parking meter fund's net change in the fund's balance after all payments for capital improvements and debt service have been made.
- 82.487. 1. The parking commission of any city not within a county shall be the city's authority for overseeing public parking, including planning and coordinating policies, programs and operations for any parking facility or spaces owned in whole or part, leased or managed by the parking division. On behalf of the city, the parking commission shall approve:
- (1) Guidelines governing the administrative adjudication, disposition and collection of any parking violations or complaints issued by the city;
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \end{tabular} \begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{(2)} & \textbf{Budget modifications for the parking fund, also known as the "parking meter fund";} \\ \textbf{and} \\ \end{tabular}$
 - (3) The acquisition, development, regulation and operation of such parking facilities or

spaces owned in whole or in part, leased or managed by the parking division.

- 2. The treasurer of any city not within a county shall be the parking supervisor, also known as the "supervisor of parking meters", for any parking facility or space owned in whole or part, leased or managed by the city parking division, and by virtue of his office, shall be subject to the oversight and authorized funding in whole or in part, by the parking commission:
 - (1) Establish joint public-private parking ventures;
- (2) Supervise the acquisition, development and operation of parking **division properties or** facilities owned **by title** or funded in whole or in part, leased or managed by the parking division;
 - (3) Make and pay contracts and other obligations;
 - (4) Supervise any other on-street and off-street parking programs and assets;
- (5) Shall provide the comptroller with monthly reports of all parking revenues collected by the city; and
- (6) Make biannual installment payments of the annual general fund transfer subject to the parking commission's approval and provide the comptroller and treasurer with monthly reports of all parking revenues collected by the city.
- 3. Nothing in this section shall be construed as limiting or altering the powers and duties of the license collector of the city prescribed in section 82.340, and the exclusive authority to issue licenses and receipts for license taxes shall remain with and be exercised by the license collector.
- 4. Nothing in this section shall be construed as limiting or altering the powers and duties of the city's collector of revenue as provided in section 52.220, RSMo.
- 136.055. 1. Any person who is selected or appointed by the state director of revenue to act as an agent of the department of revenue, whose duties shall be the sale of motor vehicle licenses and the collection of motor vehicle sales and use taxes under the provisions of section 144.440, RSMo, and who receives no salary from the department of revenue, shall be authorized to collect from the party requiring such services additional fees as compensation in full and for all services rendered on the following basis:
- (1) For each motor vehicle or trailer license sold, renewed or transferred--two dollars from August 28, 1997, until January 1, 1998; and two dollars and fifty cents beginning January 1, 1998; and four dollars beginning July 1, 2000, for those licenses biennially renewed pursuant to section 301.147, RSMo;
- (2) For each application or transfer of title--two dollars from August 28, 1997, until January 1, 1998; and two dollars and fifty cents beginning January 1, 1998;
- (3) For each chauffeur's, operator's or driver's license[--two dollars until January 1, 1998; and], two dollars and fifty cents beginning January 1, 1998; and four dollars beginning July 1, 2000, for six-year licenses issued or renewed;
 - (4) No notary fee or other fee or additional charge shall be paid or collected except for

electronic telephone transmission reception--two dollars.

- 2. This section shall not apply to agents appointed by the state director of revenue in any city, other than a city not within a county, where the department of revenue maintains an office. All fees charged shall not exceed those in this section.
- 3. Any person acting as agent of the department of revenue for the sale and issuance of licenses and other documents related to motor vehicles shall have an insurable interest in all license plates, licenses, tabs, forms and other documents held on behalf of the department.
- 4. The fee increases authorized by this section and approved by the general assembly were requested by the fee agents. All fee agent offices shall display a three foot by four foot sign with black letters of at least three inches in height on a white background which states:

The increased fees approved by the Missouri

Legislature and charged by this fee office were
requested by the fee agents.

any cause no list thereof shall be given to the assessor in proper time and manner, the assessor shall [himself] make out the list, on [his] the assessor's own view, or on the best information [he] the assessor can obtain; and for that purpose [he] the assessor shall have lawful right to enter into any lands and make any examination and search which may be necessary, and may examine any person upon oath touching the same. The assessor shall list, assess and cause taxes to be imposed upon omitted taxable personal property in the current year and in the event personal property was also subject to taxation in the immediately preceding three years, but was omitted, the assessor shall also list, assess and cause taxes to be imposed upon such property.

301.025. 1. No state registration license to operate any motor vehicle in this state shall be issued unless the application for license of a motor vehicle or trailer is accompanied by a tax receipt for the tax year which immediately precedes the year in which the vehicle's or trailer's registration is due and which reflects that all taxes, including delinquent taxes from prior years, have been paid, or a statement certified by the county or township collector of the county or township in which the applicant's property was assessed showing that the state and county tangible personal property taxes for such previous tax year and all delinquent taxes due have been paid by the applicant or that no such taxes were due or, if the applicant is not a resident of this state and serving in the armed forces of the United States, the application is accompanied by a leave and earnings statement from such person verifying such status. In the event the registration is a renewal of a registration made two or three years previously, the application shall be accompanied by proof that taxes were not due or have been paid for the two or three years which immediately precede the year in which the motor vehicle's or trailer's registration is due. The county or township collector shall not be

required to issue a receipt for the immediately preceding tax year until all personal property taxes, including all delinquent taxes currently due, are paid. Every county and township collector shall give each person a tax receipt or a certified statement of tangible personal property taxes paid. The receipt issued by the county collector in any county of the first classification with a charter form of government which contains part of a city with a population of at least three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants which is located in more than one county, any county of the first classification without a charter form of government with a population of at least one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants which contains part of a city with a population of at least three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants which is located in more than one county and any county of the first classification without a charter form of government with a population of at least one hundred ten thousand but less than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants shall be determined null and void if the person paying tangible personal property taxes issues or passes a check or other similar sight order which is returned to the collector because the account upon which the check or order was drawn was closed or did not have sufficient funds at the time of presentation for payment by the collector to meet the face amount of the check or order. The collector may assess and collect in addition to any other penalty or interest that may be owed, a penalty of ten dollars or five percent of the total amount of the returned check or order whichever amount is greater to be deposited in the county general revenue fund, but in no event shall such penalty imposed exceed one hundred dollars. The collector may refuse to accept any check or other similar sight order in payment of any tax currently owed plus penalty or interest from a person who previously attempted to pay such amount with a check or order that was returned to the collector unless the remittance is in the form of a cashier's check, certified check or money order. If a person does not comply with the provisions of this section, a tax receipt issued pursuant to this section is null and void and no state registration license shall be issued or renewed. Where no such taxes are due each such collector shall, upon request, certify such fact and transmit such statement to the person making the request. Each receipt or statement shall describe by type the total number of motor vehicles on which personal property taxes were paid, and no renewal of any state registration license shall be issued to any person for a number greater than that shown on his or her tax receipt or statement except for a vehicle which was purchased without another vehicle being traded therefor, or for a vehicle previously registered in another state, provided the application for title or other evidence shows that the date the vehicle was purchased or was first registered in this state was such that no personal property tax was owed on such vehicle as of the date of the last tax receipt or certified statement prior to the renewal. The director of revenue shall make necessary rules and regulations for the enforcement of this section, and shall design all necessary forms.

2. Every county collector in counties with a population of over six hundred thousand and less than nine hundred thousand shall give priority to issuing tax receipts or certified statements

pursuant to this section for any person whose motor vehicle registration expires in January. Such collector shall send tax receipts or certified statements for personal property taxes for the previous year within three days to any person who pays the person's personal property tax in person, and within twenty working days, if the payment is made by mail. Any person wishing to have priority pursuant to this subsection shall notify the collector at the time of payment of the property taxes that a motor vehicle registration expires in January. Any person purchasing a new vehicle in December and licensing such vehicle in January of the following year, may use the personal property tax receipt of the prior year as proof of payment.

- 3. In addition to all other requirements, the director of revenue shall not register any vehicle subject to the heavy vehicle use tax imposed by Section 4481 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 unless the applicant presents proof of payment, or that such tax is not owing, in such form as may be prescribed by the United States Secretary of the Treasury. No proof of payment of such tax shall be required by the director until the form for proof of payment has been prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury.
- 4. Beginning July 1, 2000, a county or township collector may notify, by ordinary mail, any owner of a motor vehicle for which personal property taxes have not been paid that if full payment is not received within thirty days the collector may notify the director of revenue to suspend the motor vehicle registration for such vehicle. Any notification returned to the collector by the post office shall not result in the notification to the director of revenue for suspension of a motor vehicle registration. Thereafter, if the owner fails to timely pay such taxes the collector may notify the director of revenue of such failure. Such notification shall be on forms designed and provided by the department of revenue and shall list the motor vehicle owner's full name, including middle initial, the owner's address, and the year, make, model and vehicle identification number of such motor vehicle. Upon receipt of this notification the director of revenue may provide notice of suspension of motor vehicle registration to the owner at the owner's last address shown on the records of the department of revenue. Any suspension imposed may remain in effect until the department of revenue receives notification from a county or township collector that the personal property taxes have been paid in full. Upon the owner furnishing proof of payment of such taxes and paying a twenty-dollar reinstatement fee to the director of revenue the motor vehicle or vehicles registration shall be reinstated. In the event a motor vehicle registration is suspended for nonpayment of personal property tax the owner so aggrieved may appeal to the circuit court of the county of his or her residence for review of such suspension at any time within thirty days after notice of motor vehicle registration suspension. Upon such appeal the cause shall be heard de novo in the manner provided by chapter 536, RSMo, for the review of administrative decisions. The circuit court may order the director to reinstate such registration,

sustain the suspension of registration by the director or set aside or modify such suspension. Appeals from the judgment of the circuit court may be taken as in civil cases. The prosecuting attorney of the county where such appeal is taken shall appear in behalf of the director, and prosecute or defend, as the case may require.

- 5. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo.
- 301.140. 1. Upon the transfer of ownership of any motor vehicle or trailer, the certificate of registration and the right to use the number plates shall expire and the number plates shall be removed by the owner at the time of the transfer of possession, and it shall be unlawful for any person other than the person to whom such number plates were originally issued to have the same in his or her possession whether in use or not; except that the buyer of a motor vehicle or trailer who trades in a motor vehicle or trailer may attach the license plates from the traded-in motor vehicle or trailer to the newly purchased motor vehicle or trailer. The operation of a motor vehicle with such transferred plates shall be lawful for no more than thirty days. As used in this subsection, the term "trade-in motor vehicle or trailer" shall include any single motor vehicle or trailer sold by the buyer of the newly purchased vehicle or trailer, as long as the license plates for the trade-in motor vehicle or trailer are still valid.
- 2. In the case of a transfer of ownership the original owner may register another motor vehicle under the same number, upon the payment of a fee of two dollars, if the motor vehicle is of horsepower, gross weight or (in the case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, not in excess of that originally registered. When such motor vehicle is of greater horsepower, gross weight or (in the case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, for which a greater fee is prescribed, applicant shall pay a transfer fee of two dollars and a pro rata portion for the difference in fees. When such vehicle is of less horsepower, gross weight or (in case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, for which a lesser fee is prescribed, applicant shall not be entitled to a refund.
- 3. License plates may be transferred from a motor vehicle which will no longer be operated to a newly purchased motor vehicle by the owner of such vehicles. The owner shall pay a transfer fee of two dollars if the newly purchased vehicle is of horsepower, gross weight or (in the case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, not in excess of that of the vehicle which will no longer be operated. When the newly purchased motor vehicle is of greater horsepower, gross weight or (in the case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, for which a greater fee is prescribed, the applicant shall pay a transfer fee of two dollars and a pro rata portion of the difference in fees. When the newly purchased vehicle is of less horsepower, gross weight or (in the case of a passenger-carrying commercial motor vehicle) seating capacity, for which a lesser fee is prescribed, the applicant shall not be entitled to a refund.

- 4. Upon the sale of a motor vehicle or trailer by a dealer, a buyer who has made application for registration, by mail or otherwise, may operate the same for a period of [fifteen] thirty days after taking possession thereof, if during such period the motor vehicle or trailer shall have attached thereto, in the manner required by section 301.130, number plates issued to the dealer. Upon application and presentation of satisfactory evidence that the buyer has applied for registration, a dealer may furnish such number plates to the buyer for such temporary use. In such event, the dealer shall require the buyer to deposit the sum of ten dollars and fifty cents to be returned to the buyer upon return of the number plates as a guarantee that said buyer will return to the dealer such number plates within [fifteen] thirty days. The director shall issue a temporary permit or paper plate authorizing the operation of a motor vehicle or trailer by a buyer for not more than thirty days of the date of purchase.
- 5. The temporary permit or paper plate shall be made available by the director of revenue and may be purchased from the department of revenue upon proof of purchase of a motor vehicle or trailer for which the buyer has no registration plate available for transfer, or from a dealer upon purchase of a motor vehicle or trailer for which the buyer has no registration plate available for transfer. The director shall make temporary plates or permits available to registered dealers in this state in sets of ten plates or permits. The fee for the temporary permit or plate shall be seven dollars and fifty cents for each permit or plate issued. No dealer shall charge more than seven dollars and fifty cents for each permit issued. The permit or plate shall be valid for a period of thirty days from the date of purchase [by the purchaser] of a motor vehicle or trailer, or from the date of sale of the motor vehicle or trailer by a dealer for which the purchaser obtains a permit or plate as set out above.
- 6. The permit or plate shall be issued on a form prescribed by the director and issued only for the applicant's use in the operation of the motor vehicle or trailer purchased to enable [him] the applicant to legally operate the vehicle while proper title and registration plate are being obtained, and shall be displayed on no other vehicle. Permits or paper plates issued [under] pursuant to this section shall not be transferable or renewable and shall not be valid upon issuance of proper registration plates for the motor vehicle or trailer. The director shall determine the size and numbering configuration, construction, and color of the permit and plate.
- 7. The dealer or authorized agent shall insert the date of issuance and expiration date, year, make, and manufacturer's number of vehicle on the paper plate or permit when issued to the buyer. The dealer shall also insert [his] **such** dealer's number on the paper plate. Every dealer that issues a temporary permit or paper plate shall keep, for inspection of proper officers, a correct record of each permit or plate issued [by him] by recording the permit or plate number, buyer's name and address, year, make, manufacturer's number of vehicle on which the permit or plate is to be used, and the date of issuance.

8. Upon the transfer of ownership of any currently registered motor vehicle

wherein the owner cannot transfer the license plates due to a change of vehicle category, the owner may surrender the license plates issued to the motor vehicle and receive credit for any unused portion of the original registration fee against the registration fee of another motor vehicle. Such credit shall be granted based upon the date the license plates are surrendered. No refunds shall be made on the unused portion of any license plates surrendered for such credit.

- 301.142. 1. As used in this section the term "physically disabled" means a natural person who is a blind person, as defined in section 8.700, RSMo, or a natural person with disabilities which limit or impair the ability to walk, as determined by a licensed physician as follows:
 - (1) The person cannot walk fifty feet without stopping to rest; or
- (2) The person cannot walk without the use of, or assistance from, a brace, cane, crutch, another person, prosthetic device, wheelchair, or other assistive device; or
- (3) Is restricted by lung disease to such an extent that the person's forced respiratory expiratory volume for one second, when measured by spirometry, is less than one liter, or the arterial oxygen tension is less than sixty mm/hg on room air at rest; or
 - (4) Uses portable oxygen; or
- (5) Has a cardiac condition to the extent that the person's functional limitations are classified in severity as class III or class IV according to standards set by the American Heart Association: or
- (6) Is severely limited in the applicant's ability to walk due to an arthritic, neurological, or orthopedic condition.
- 2. "Temporarily disabled person" means a physically disabled person whose disability or incapacity can be expected to last for not more than one hundred eighty days.
- 3. Owners of motor vehicles who are residents of the state of Missouri, and who are physically disabled, owners of motor vehicles operated at least fifty percent of the time by a physically disabled person, or owners of motor vehicles used to transport physically disabled members of the owner's household may obtain disabled person license plates. Such owners, upon application, accompanied by the documents and fees provided for in this section, and by state motor vehicle laws relating to registration and licensing of motor vehicles shall be issued motor vehicle license plates for vehicles, other than commercial vehicles with a gross weight in excess of twenty-four thousand pounds, upon which shall be inscribed the international wheelchair accessibility symbol and the word "disabled" in addition to a combination of letters and numbers. Such license plates shall be made with fully reflective material with a common color scheme and design, shall be clearly visible at night, and shall be aesthetically attractive, as prescribed by section 301.130. Handicapped parking places may only be used when a physically disabled person is being delivered or collected by a properly marked vehicle which is parked for the sole use

of the physically disabled person. No vehicle shall park in the access aisle. Such parking violation shall be an infraction. The use of a vehicle displaying a disabled license plate or windshield placard to park in a parking space designated for the disabled by a person not transporting the individual for whom the license or placard was issued shall be an infraction. Upon conviction thereof, violators shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than three hundred dollars.

- 4. No additional fee shall be paid to the director of revenue for the issuance of the special license plates provided in this section, except for special personalized license plates and other license plates described in this subsection. Priority for any specific set of special license plates shall be given to the applicant who received the number in the immediately preceding license period subject to the applicant's compliance with the provisions of this section and any applicable rules or regulations issued by the director. If determined feasible by the advisory committee established in section 301.129, any special license plate issued pursuant to this section may be adapted to also include the international wheelchair accessibility symbol and the word "disabled" as prescribed in subsection 3 of this section and such plate may be issued to any applicant who meets the requirements of this section and the other appropriate provision of this chapter, subject to the requirements and fees of the appropriate provision of this chapter.
- 5. Any physically disabled person, or the parent or guardian of any such person, or any not for profit group, organization, or other entity which transports more than one physically disabled person, may apply to the director of revenue for a removable windshield placard to be hung from the rearview mirror of a parked motor vehicle. When there is no rearview mirror, the placard shall be displayed on the dashboard on the driver's side. The removable windshield placard shall conform to the specifications, in respect to size, color, and content, as set forth in federal regulations published by the Department of Transportation. The fee for each removable windshield placard shall be two dollars and the removable windshield placard shall be renewed every year. Only one removable placard may be issued to an applicant who has been issued disabled person license plates. Upon request, one additional windshield placard shall be issued to an applicant who has not been issued disabled person license plates. A temporary windshield placard shall be issued to any physically disabled person, or the parent or guardian of any such person who otherwise qualifies except that the physical disability, in the opinion of the physician, is not expected to exceed a period of one hundred eighty days. The temporary windshield placard shall conform to the specifications, in respect to size, color, and content, as set forth in federal regulations published by the Department of Transportation. The fee for the temporary windshield placard shall be two dollars. Upon request, one additional temporary windshield placard shall be issued to an applicant. Temporary windshield placards shall be issued upon presentation of the physician's statement provided by this section and shall be displayed in the same manner as removable windshield placards. A person or entity shall be qualified to possess and display a

temporary removable windshield placard for six months and the placard may be renewed once for an additional six months if a physician's statement pursuant to subsection 6 of this section is supplied to the director of revenue at the time of renewal. The placard shall be renewable only by the person or entity to which the placard was originally issued. Any placard issued pursuant to this section shall only be used when a physically disabled occupant is in the motor vehicle at the time of parking or when a physically disabled person is being delivered or collected by a properly marked vehicle which is parked for the sole use of the physically disabled person.

- 6. Application for license plates or windshield placards issued pursuant to this section shall be made to the director of revenue and shall be accompanied by a statement signed by a licensed physician which certifies that the applicant, user, or member of the applicant's household is a physically disabled person as defined by this section. The physician's statement shall be on a form prescribed by the director of revenue which shall include the physician's license number. If it is the professional opinion of the physician who issues the statement that the physical disability of the applicant, user, or member of the applicant's household is permanent, this shall be noted on the statement. In such instances, the applicant shall present the physician's statement which states that the applicant's disability is permanent to the director of revenue the first time the applicant applies for license plates or a removable windshield placard. The applicant shall not be required to obtain a new physician's statement each time that the applicant applies for or renews license plates or a removable windshield placard; but, the applicant shall present a physician's statement each time the applicant applies for a temporary windshield placard or renews a temporary windshield placard. Such physician's statement shall state the expiration date for the temporary windshield placard. If the physician fails to record an expiration date on the physician's statement, the director shall issue the temporary windshield placard for a period of thirty days. The director of revenue upon receiving a physician's statement pursuant to this subsection shall check with the state board of registration for the healing arts created in section 334.120, RSMo, or the Missouri state board of chiropractic examiners established in section 331.090, RSMo, with respect to physician's statements signed by licensed chiropractors, or the board of optometry established in section 336.130, RSMo, with respect to physician's statements signed by licensed optometrists, or the state board of podiatric medicine created in section 330.100, RSMo, with respect to physician's statements signed by physicians of the foot or podiatrists to determine whether the physician is duly licensed and registered pursuant to law. The boards shall cooperate with the director and shall supply information requested pursuant to this subsection. The director may, in cooperation with the boards which shall assist the director, establish a list of all physicians' names and of any other information necessary to administer this subsection within the department of revenue if the director determines that such listing is necessary to carry out the provisions of this subsection.
 - 7. Where the owner's application is based on the fact that the vehicle is used at least fifty

percent of the time by a physically disabled person, the applicant shall submit an affidavit stating this fact, in addition to the physician's statement. The affidavit shall be signed by both the owner of the vehicle and the physically disabled person. The applicant shall be required to submit this affidavit with each application for license plates.

- 8. The director of revenue shall enter into reciprocity agreements with other states for the purpose of recognizing disabled person license plates or windshield placards issued to physically disabled persons in those states.
- 9. When a person to whom disabled person license plates or a removable or temporary windshield placard or both have been issued dies, the personal representative of such person shall return the plates or placards or both to the director of revenue under penalty of law. The director of revenue may order any person issued disabled person license plates or windshield placards to submit to an examination by a chiropractor, osteopath, or physician, or to such other investigation as will determine whether such person qualifies for the special plates or placards. If such person refuses to submit or is found to no longer qualify for special plates or placards provided for in this section, the director of revenue shall collect the special plates or placards, and shall furnish license plates to replace the ones collected as provided by this chapter.
- 10. In the event a removable or temporary windshield placard is lost, stolen, or mutilated, the lawful holder thereof shall, within five days, file with the director of revenue an application and an affidavit stating such fact, in order to purchase a new placard. The fee for the replacement windshield placard shall be two dollars.
- 11. Beginning after September 1, 1998, and prior to August 31, 1999, the director of revenue shall authorize a one-time recertification and review of all permanent disabled person license plates and windshield placards, including physician's license numbers and related information that the director has on file pursuant to subsection 6 of this section to determine if such numbers and information are current and correct. The director shall require the presentation of a new physician's statement and other information deemed necessary by the director to administer the provisions of this section. The recertification and review shall be conducted in a manner as determined by the director.
- 12. Fraudulent application, renewal, issuance, procurement or use of disabled person license plates or windshield placards shall be a class A misdemeanor. It is a class B misdemeanor for a physician, chiropractor, podiatrist or optometrist to certify that an individual or family member is qualified for a license plate or windshield placard based on a disability, the diagnosis of which is outside their scope of practice or if there is no basis for the diagnosis.
- 301.147. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 301.020, RSMo, to the contrary, beginning July 1, 2000, the director of revenue may provide owners of motor vehicles, other than commercial motor vehicles licensed in excess of twelve thousand

pounds gross weight, the option of biennially registering motor vehicles. Any vehicle manufactured as an even-numbered model year vehicle shall be renewed each even-numbered calendar year and any such vehicle manufactured as an odd-numbered model year vehicle shall be renewed each odd-numbered calendar year, subject to the following requirements:

- (1) The fee collected at the time of biennial registration shall include the annual registration fee plus a pro rata amount for the additional twelve months of the biennial registration;
- (2) Presentation of all documentation otherwise required by law for vehicle registration including, but not limited to, a personal property tax receipt or certified statement for the preceding year that no such taxes were due as set forth in section 301.025, proof of a motor vehicle safety inspection and any applicable emission inspection conducted within sixty days prior to the date of application and proof of insurance as required by section 303.026, RSMo;
- (3) For those motor vehicles owned by a person who resides in a county of the first classification without a charter form of government with a population of less than one hundred thousand inhabitants according to the most recent decennial census who chooses biennial registration pursuant to this section and who does not submit proof of an emission inspection pursuant to section 643.315, RSMo, but instead submits proof of an emission inspection pursuant to section 307.366, RSMo, the director of the department of revenue shall issue a motor vehicle registration tab valid only one year. The year following issuance to a person of a motor vehicle registration tab valid only for one year, the director or the director's authorized designee shall, upon notification of any such person's completed emission inspection pursuant to section 307.366, RSMo, by the department of natural resources' or its designee, without further application or proof issue such person an additional motor vehicle registration tab valid for the remaining biennial period.
- 2. The director of revenue may prescribe rules and regulations for the effective administration of this section. The director authorized to adopt those rules that are reasonable and necessary to accomplish the limited duties specifically delegated within this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is promulgated pursuant to the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after the effective date of this section shall be invalid and void.

- 3. The director of revenue shall have the authority to stagger the registration period of motor vehicles other than commercial motor vehicles licensed in excess of twelve thousand pounds gross weight. Once the owner of a motor vehicle chooses the option of biennial registration, such registration must be maintained for the full twenty-four month period.
- 301.190. 1. No certificate of registration of any motor vehicle or trailer, or number plate therefor, shall be issued by the director of revenue unless the applicant therefor shall make application for and be granted a certificate of ownership of such motor vehicle or trailer, or shall present satisfactory evidence that such certificate has been previously issued to the applicant for such motor vehicle or trailer. Application shall be made within thirty days after the applicant acquires the motor vehicle or trailer upon a blank form furnished by the director of revenue and shall contain the applicant's identification number, a full description of the motor vehicle or trailer, the vehicle identification number, and the mileage registered on the odometer at the time of transfer of ownership, as required by section 407.536, RSMo, together with a statement of the applicant's source of title and of any liens or encumbrances on the motor vehicle or trailer, provided that for good cause shown the director of revenue may extend the period of time for making such application.
- 2. The director of revenue shall use reasonable diligence in ascertaining whether the facts stated in such application are true and shall, to the extent possible without substantially delaying processing of the application, review any odometer information pertaining to such motor vehicle that is accessible to the director of revenue. If satisfied that the applicant is the lawful owner of such motor vehicle or trailer, or otherwise entitled to have the same registered in his name, the director shall thereupon issue an appropriate certificate over his signature and sealed with the seal of his office, procured and used for such purpose. The certificate shall contain on its face a complete description, vehicle identification number, and other evidence of identification of the motor vehicle or trailer, as the director of revenue may deem necessary, together with the odometer information required to be put on the face of the certificate pursuant to section 407.536, RSMo, a statement of any liens or encumbrances which the application may show to be thereon, and, if ownership of the vehicle has been transferred, the name of the state issuing the transferor's title and whether the transferor's odometer mileage statement executed pursuant to section 407.536, RSMo, indicated that the true mileage is materially different from the number of miles shown on the odometer, or is unknown.
- 3. The director of revenue shall appropriately designate on the current and all subsequent issues of the certificate the words "Reconstructed Motor Vehicle", "Motor Change Vehicle", "Specially Constructed Motor Vehicle", or "Non-USA-Std Motor Vehicle", as defined in section 301.010. Effective July 1, 1990, on all original and all subsequent issues of the certificate for motor vehicles as referenced in subsections 2 and 3 of section 301.020, the director shall print on

the face thereof the following designation: "Annual odometer updates may be available from the department of revenue." On any duplicate certificate, the director of revenue shall reprint on the face thereof the most recent of either:

- (1) The mileage information included on the face of the immediately prior certificate and the date of purchase or issuance of the immediately prior certificate; or
- (2) Any other mileage information provided to the director of revenue, and the date the director obtained or recorded that information.
- 4. The certificate of ownership issued by the director of revenue shall be manufactured in a manner to prohibit as nearly as possible the ability to alter, counterfeit, duplicate, or forge such certificate without ready detection. In order to carry out the requirements of this subsection, the director of revenue may contract with a nonprofit scientific or educational institution specializing in the analysis of secure documents to determine the most effective methods of rendering Missouri certificates of ownership nonalterable or noncounterfeitable.
- 5. The fee for each original certificate so issued shall be eight dollars and fifty cents, in addition to the fee for registration of such motor vehicle or trailer. If application for the certificate is not made within thirty days after the vehicle is acquired by the applicant, a delinquency penalty fee of twenty-five dollars for the first thirty days of delinquency and twenty-five dollars for each thirty days of delinquency thereafter, not to exceed a total of one hundred dollars, shall be imposed, but such penalty may be waived by the director for a good cause shown. If the director of revenue learns that any person has failed to obtain a certificate within thirty days after acquiring a motor vehicle or trailer or has sold a vehicle without obtaining a certificate, he shall cancel the registration of all vehicles registered in the name of the person, either as sole owner or as a co-owner, and shall notify the person that the cancellation will remain in force until the person pays the delinquency penalty fee provided in this section, together with all fees, charges and payments which he should have paid in connection with the certificate of ownership and registration of the vehicle. The certificate shall be good for the life of the motor vehicle or trailer so long as the same is owned or held by the original holder of the certificate and shall not have to be renewed annually.
- 6. Any application for a certificate of ownership requesting the department of revenue to process an application for a certificate of ownership in an expeditious manner requiring special handling shall pay a fee of five dollars in addition to the regular certificate of ownership fee.
- 7. It is unlawful for any person to operate in this state a motor vehicle or trailer required to be registered under the provisions of the law unless a certificate of ownership has been issued as herein provided.
- 8. Before an original Missouri certificate of ownership is issued, an inspection of the vehicle and a verification of vehicle identification numbers shall be made by the Missouri state highway patrol on vehicles for which there is a current title issued by another state if a Missouri

salvage certificate of title has been issued for the same vehicle but no prior inspection and verification has been made in this state, except that if such vehicle has been inspected in another state by a law enforcement officer in a manner comparable to the inspection process in this state and the vehicle identification numbers have been so verified, the applicant shall not be liable for the twenty-five dollar inspection fee if such applicant submits proof of inspection and vehicle identification number verification to the director of revenue at the time of the application. The applicant, who has such a title for a vehicle on which no prior inspection and verification have been made, shall pay a fee of twenty-five dollars for such verification and inspection, payable to the director of revenue at the time of the request for the application, which shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the state highway fund.

- 9. Each application for an original Missouri certificate of ownership for a vehicle which is classified as a reconstructed motor vehicle, specially constructed motor vehicle, kit vehicle, motor change vehicle, non-USA-std motor vehicle, or other vehicle as required by the director of revenue, shall be accompanied by a vehicle examination certificate issued by the Missouri state highway patrol, or other law enforcement agency as authorized by the director of revenue. The vehicle examination shall include a verification of vehicle identification numbers and a determination of the classification of the vehicle. The owner of a vehicle which requires a vehicle examination certificate shall present the vehicle for examination and obtain a completed vehicle examination certificate prior to submitting an application for a certificate of ownership to the director of revenue. The fee for the vehicle examination application shall be twenty-five dollars and shall be collected by the director of revenue at the time of the request for the application and shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the state highway fund.
- 10. When an application is made for an original Missouri certificate of ownership for a motor vehicle previously registered or titled in a state other than Missouri, it shall be accompanied by a current inspection form certified by a duly authorized official inspection station as described in chapter 307, RSMo. The completed form shall certify that the manufacturer's identification number for the vehicle has been inspected, that it is correctly displayed on the vehicle and shall certify the reading shown on the odometer at the time of inspection. The inspection station shall collect the same fee as authorized in section 307.365, RSMo, for making the inspection, and the fee shall be deposited in the same manner as provided in section 307.365, RSMo. If the vehicle is also to be registered in Missouri, the safety and emissions inspections required in chapter 307, RSMo, shall be completed and only the fees required by sections 307.365 and 307.366, RSMo, shall be charged to the owner. This section shall not apply to vehicles being transferred on a manufacturer's statement of origin.
- 11. Motor vehicles brought into this state in a wrecked or damaged condition or after being towed as an abandoned vehicle pursuant to another state's abandoned motor vehicle procedures shall, in lieu of the inspection required by subsection 10 of

this section, be inspected by the Missouri state highway patrol in accordance with subsection 9 of this section. If the inspection reveals the vehicle to be in a salvage or junk condition, the director shall so indicate on any Missouri certificate of ownership issued for such vehicle. Any salvage designation shall be carried forward on all subsequently issued certificates of title for the motor vehicle.

- **12.** When an application is made for an original Missouri certificate of ownership for a motor vehicle previously registered or titled in a state other than Missouri, and the certificate of ownership has been appropriately designated by the issuing state as reconstructed motor vehicle, motor change vehicle, specially constructed motor vehicle, the director of revenue shall appropriately designate on the current Missouri and all subsequent issues of the certificate of ownership the name of the issuing state and such prior designation.
- [12.] 13. When an application is made for an original Missouri certificate of ownership for a motor vehicle previously registered or titled in a state other than Missouri, and the certificate of ownership has been appropriately designated by the issuing state as non-USA-std motor vehicle, the director of revenue shall appropriately designate on the current Missouri and all subsequent issues of the certificate of ownership the words "Non-USA-Std Motor Vehicle".
- [13.] **14.** The director of revenue and the superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol shall make and enforce rules for the administration of the inspections required by this section.
- 301.191. 1. When an application is made for an original Missouri certificate of ownership for a previously untitled trailer sixteen feet or more in length which is stated to be homemade, the applicant shall present a certificate of inspection as provided in this section. No certificate of ownership shall be issued for such a homemade trailer if no certificate of inspection is presented.
- 2. As used in this section, "homemade" means made by a person who is not a manufacturer using readily distinguishable manufacturers' identifying numbers or a statement of origin.
- 3. Every person constructing a homemade trailer sixteen feet or more in length shall obtain an inspection from the sheriff of his or her county of residence **or from the Missouri state highway patrol** prior to applying for a certificate of ownership. If the person constructing the trailer sells or transfers the trailer prior to applying for a certificate of ownership, the sheriff's **or the Missouri state highway patrol's** certificate of inspection shall be transferred with the trailer.
- 4. A fee of ten dollars shall be paid for the inspection. If the inspection is completed by the sheriff, the proceeds from the inspections shall be deposited by the sheriff within thirty days into the county law enforcement fund if one exists; otherwise into the county general revenue fund. If the inspection is completed by the Missouri state highway patrol, the applicant shall pay the ten dollar inspection fee to the director of revenue at the time of application for a certificate of ownership for the homemade trailer. The fee shall be

deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the state highway fund.

- 5. The sheriff **or Missouri state highway patrol** shall inspect the trailer and certify it if the trailer appears to be homemade. The sheriff **or Missouri state highway patrol** may request the owner to provide any documents or other evidence showing that the trailer was homemade. When a trailer is certified **by the sheriff**, the sheriff [shall] **may** stamp a permanent identifying number in **the tongue of** the frame [in a manner designated by the director of revenue]. The certificate of inspection shall be on a form designed and provided by the director of revenue.
- 6. Upon presentation of the certificate of inspection and all applicable documents and fees including the identification plate fee provided in section 301.380, the director of revenue shall issue a readily distinguishable manufacturers' identifying number plate. The identification number plate shall be affixed to the tongue of the trailer's frame.
- 7. The sheriff **or Missouri state highway patrol** may seize any trailer which has been stolen or has identifying numbers obliterated or removed. The sheriff **or Missouri state highway patrol** may hold the trailer as evidence while an investigation is conducted. The trailer shall be returned if no related criminal charges are filed within thirty days or when the charges are later dropped or dismissed or when the owner is acquitted.
- 302.020. 1. Unless otherwise provided for by law, it shall be unlawful for any person, except those expressly exempted by section 302.080, to:
- (1) Operate any vehicle upon any highway in this state unless the person has a valid license;
- (2) Operate a motorcycle or motortricycle upon any highway of this state unless such person has a valid license that shows the person has successfully passed an examination for the operation of a motorcycle or motortricycle as prescribed by the director. The director may indicate such upon a valid license issued to such person, or shall issue a license restricting the applicant to the operation of a motorcycle or motortricycle if the actual demonstration, required by section 302.173, is conducted on such vehicle;
- (3) Authorize or knowingly permit a motorcycle or motortricycle owned by such person or under such person's control to be driven upon any highway by any person whose license does not indicate that the person has passed the examination for the operation of a motorcycle or motortricycle or has been issued an instruction permit therefor;
 - (4) Operate a motor vehicle with an instruction permit or license issued to another person.
- 2. Every person operating or riding as a passenger on any motorcycle or motortricycle, as defined in section 301.010, RSMo, upon any highway of this state shall wear protective headgear at all times the vehicle is in motion. The protective headgear shall meet reasonable standards and specifications established by the director.

3. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 302.340 any person convicted of violating subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection 1 of this section is guilty of a class A misdemeanor. Any person convicted a third or subsequent time of violating subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection 1 of this section is guilty of a class D felony. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 302.340, violation of subdivisions (3) and (4) of subsection 1 of this section [shall be deemed] is a class C misdemeanor and the penalty for failure to wear protective headgear as required by subsection 2 of this section [shall be deemed] is an infraction for which a fine not to exceed twenty-five dollars may be imposed. Notwithstanding all other provisions of law and court rules to the contrary, no court costs shall be imposed upon any person due to such violation. No points shall be assessed pursuant to section 302.302 for a failure to wear such protective headgear.

302.060. The director shall not issue any license and shall immediately deny any driving privilege:

- (1) To any person who is under the age of eighteen years, if such person operates a motor vehicle in the transportation of persons or property as classified in section 302.015;
 - (2) To any person who is under the age of sixteen years, except as hereinafter provided;
- (3) To any person whose license has been suspended, during such suspension, or to any person whose license has been revoked, until the expiration of one year after such license was revoked;
 - (4) To any person who is an habitual drunkard or is addicted to the use of narcotic drugs;
- (5) To any person who has previously been adjudged to be incapacitated and who at the time of application has not been restored to partial capacity;
- (6) To any person who, when required by this law to take an examination, has failed to pass such examination;
- (7) To any person who has an unsatisfied judgment against such person, as defined in chapter 303, RSMo, until such judgment has been satisfied or the financial responsibility of such person, as defined in section 303.120, RSMo, has been established;
- (8) To any person whose application shows that the person has been convicted within one year prior to such application of violating the laws of this state relating to failure to stop after an accident and to disclose the person's identity or driving a motor vehicle without the owner's consent;
- (9) To any person who has been convicted more than twice of violating state law, or a county or municipal ordinance where the judge in such cases was an attorney and the defendant was represented by or waived the right to an attorney in writing, relating to driving while intoxicated; except that, after the expiration of ten years from the date of conviction of the last offense of violating such law or ordinance relating to driving while intoxicated, a person who was so convicted may petition the circuit court of the county in which such last conviction was rendered

and the court shall review the person's habits and conduct since such conviction. If the court finds that the petitioner has not been convicted of any offense related to alcohol, controlled substances or drugs during the preceding ten years and that the petitioner's habits and conduct show such petitioner to no longer pose a threat to the public safety of this state, the court may order the director to issue a license to the petitioner if the petitioner is otherwise qualified pursuant to the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.540. No person may obtain a license pursuant to the provisions of this subdivision through court action more than one time;

- (10) To any person who has been convicted twice within a five-year period of violating state law, or a county or municipal ordinance where the judge in such cases was an attorney and the defendant was represented by or waived the right to an attorney in writing, of driving while intoxicated, or who has been convicted of the crime of involuntary manslaughter while operating a motor vehicle in an intoxicated condition. The director shall not issue a license to such person for five years from the date such person was convicted for involuntary manslaughter while operating a motor vehicle in an intoxicated condition or for driving while intoxicated for the second time. Any person who has been denied a license for two convictions of driving while intoxicated prior to July 27, 1989, shall have the person's license issued, upon application, unless the two convictions occurred within a five-year period, in which case, no license shall be issued to the person for five years from the date of the second conviction;
- (11) To any person who is otherwise disqualified pursuant to the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.780, chapter 303, RSMo, or section 544.046, RSMo;
- (12) To any person who is under the age of eighteen years, if such person's parents or legal guardians file a certified document with the department of revenue stating that the director shall not issue such person a driver's license. Each document filed by the person's parents or legal guardians shall be made upon a form furnished by the director and shall include identifying information of the person for whom the parents or legal guardians are denying the driver's license. The document shall also contain identifying information of the person's parents or legal guardians. The document shall be certified by the parents or legal guardians to be true and correct. This provision shall not apply to any person who is legally emancipated. The parents or legal guardians may later file an additional document with the department of revenue which reinstates the person's ability to receive a driver's license.
- 302.130. 1. Any person at least fifteen [and one-half] years of age who, except for age or lack of instruction in operating a motor vehicle, would otherwise be qualified to obtain a license pursuant to sections 302.010 to 302.340 may apply for and the director shall issue a temporary instruction permit entitling the applicant, while having such permit in the applicant's immediate possession, to drive a motor vehicle of the appropriate class upon the highways for a period of [six] **twelve** months, but any such person, except when operating a motorcycle or motortricycle, must

be accompanied by a licensed operator for the type of motor vehicle being operated who is actually occupying a seat beside the driver for the purpose of giving instruction in driving the motor vehicle, who is at least twenty-one years of age, and in the case of any driver under sixteen years of age, the licensed operator occupying the seat beside the driver shall be a grandparent, parent or guardian who has a valid driver's license. Beginning January 1, 2001, an applicant for a temporary instruction permit shall successfully complete a vision test and a test of the applicant's ability to understand highway signs which regulate, warn or direct traffic and practical knowledge of the traffic laws of this state, pursuant to section 302.173. In addition, beginning January 1, 2001, no permit shall be granted pursuant to this subsection unless a parent or legal guardian gives written permission by signing the application and in so signing, state they, or their designee as set forth in subsection 2 of this section, will provide a minimum of twenty hours of behind the wheel driving instruction.

- 2. In the event the parent, grandparent or guardian of the person under sixteen years of age has a physical disability which prohibits or disqualifies said parent, grandparent or guardian from being a qualified licensed operator pursuant to this section, said parent, grandparent or guardian may designate a maximum of two individuals authorized to accompany the applicant for the purpose of giving instruction in driving the motor vehicle. An authorized designee must be a licensed operator for the type of motor vehicle being operated and have attained twenty-one years of age. At least one of the designees must occupy the seat beside the applicant while giving instruction in driving the motor vehicle. The name of the authorized designees must be provided to the department of revenue by the parent, grandparent or guardian at the time of application for the temporary instruction permit. The name of each authorized designee shall be printed on the temporary instruction permit, however, the director may delay the time at which permits are printed bearing such names until the inventories of blank permits and related forms existing on August 28, 1998, are exhausted.
- 3. The director, upon proper application on a form prescribed by the director, in his or her discretion, may issue a restricted instruction permit effective for a school year or more restricted period to an applicant who is enrolled in a high school driver training program taught by a driver training instructor holding a valid driver education endorsement on a teaching certificate issued by the state department of elementary and secondary education even though the applicant has not reached the age of sixteen years but has passed the age of fifteen years. Such instruction permit shall entitle the applicant, when the applicant has such permit in his or her immediate possession, to operate a motor vehicle on the highways, but only when a driver training instructor holding a valid driver education endorsement on a teaching certificate issued by the state department of elementary and secondary education is occupying a seat beside the driver.
 - 4. The director, in his or her discretion, may issue a temporary driver's permit to an

applicant who is otherwise qualified for a license permitting the applicant to operate a motor vehicle while the director is completing the director's investigation and determination of all facts relative to such applicant's rights to receive a license. Such permit must be in the applicant's immediate possession while operating a motor vehicle, and it shall be invalid when the applicant's license has been issued or for good cause has been refused.

- 5. The director may adopt rules and regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.
- 302.171. 1. Application for a license shall be made upon an approved form furnished by the director. Every application shall state the full name, Social Security number, age, height, weight, color of eyes, [color of hair,] sex, residence, mailing address of the applicant, and the classification for which the applicant has been licensed, and, if so, when and by what state, and whether or not such license has ever been suspended, revoked, or disqualified, and, if revoked, suspended or disgualified, the date and reason for such suspension, revocation or disgualification and whether the applicant is making a one dollar donation to promote an organ donation program as prescribed in subsection 2 of this section. The application shall also contain such information as the director may require to enable the director to determine the applicant's qualification for driving a motor vehicle; and shall state whether or not the applicant has been convicted in this or any other state for violating the laws of this or any other state or any ordinance of any municipality, relating to driving without a license, careless driving, or driving while intoxicated, or failing to stop after an accident and disclosing the applicant's identity, or driving a motor vehicle without the owner's consent. The application shall contain a certification by the applicant as to the truth of the facts stated therein. Every person who applies for a license to operate a motor vehicle who is less than twenty-one years of age shall be provided with educational materials relating to the hazards of driving while intoxicated, including information on penalties imposed by law for violation of the intoxication-related offenses of the state. Beginning January 1, 2001, if the applicant is less than eighteen years of age, the applicant must comply with all requirements for the issuance of an intermediate driver's license pursuant to section 302.178.
- 2. An applicant for a license may make a donation of one dollar to promote an organ donor program. The director of revenue shall collect the donations and deposit all such donations in the state treasury to the credit of the organ donor program fund established in sections 194.297 to 194.304, RSMo. Moneys in the organ donor program fund shall be used solely for the purposes established in sections 194.297 to 194.304, RSMo, except that the department of revenue shall retain no more than one percent for its administrative costs. The donation prescribed in this subsection is voluntary and may be refused by the applicant for the license at the time of issuance or renewal of the license. The director shall make available an informational booklet or other informational sources on the importance of organ donations to applicants for licensure as designed by the organ donation advisory committee established in sections 194.297 to 194.304, RSMo. The

director shall inquire of each applicant at the time the licensee presents the completed application to the director whether the applicant is interested in making the one dollar donation prescribed in this subsection and whether the applicant is interested in making an organ donation and shall also specifically inform the licensee of the ability to make an organ donation by completing the form on the reverse of the license that the applicant will receive in the manner prescribed by subsection 6 of section 194.240, RSMo. The director shall notify the department of health of information obtained from applicants who indicate to the director that they are interested in making organ donations, and the department of health shall enter the complete name, address, date of birth, race, gender and a unique personal identifier in the registry established in subsection 1 of section 194.304, RSMo.

302.173. 1. Any applicant for a license, who does not possess a valid license issued pursuant to the laws of this state shall be examined as herein provided. Any person who has failed to renew [his] **such person's** license on or before the date of its expiration or within six months thereafter must take the complete examination. Any active member of the armed forces, their adult dependents or any active member of the peace corps may apply for a renewal license without examination of any kind, unless otherwise required by sections 302.700 to 302.780, provided the renewal application shows that the previous license had not been suspended or revoked. Any person honorably discharged from the armed forces of the United States who held a valid license prior to being inducted may apply for a renewal license within sixty days after [his] such person's honorable discharge without submitting to any examination of [his] such person's ability to safely operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this state unless otherwise required by sections 302.700 to 302.780, other than the vision test provided in section 302.175, unless the facts set out in the renewal application or record of convictions on the expiring license, or the records of the director show that there is good cause to authorize the director to require the applicant to submit to the complete examination. No applicant for a renewal license shall be required to submit to any examination of his **or her** ability to safely operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this state unless otherwise required by sections 302.700 to 302.780 or regulations promulgated thereunder, other than a test of the applicant's ability to understand highway signs regulating, warning or directing traffic and the vision test provided in section 302.175, unless the facts set out in the renewal application or record of convictions on the expiring license, or the records of the director show that there is good cause to authorize the director to require the applicant to submit to the complete examination. The examination shall be made available in each county. Reasonable notice of the time and place of the examination shall be given the applicant by the person or officer designated to conduct it. The complete examination shall include a test of the applicant's natural or corrected vision as prescribed in section 302.175, [his] the applicant's ability to understand highway signs regulating, warning or directing traffic, [his] the applicant's practical knowledge of the traffic laws of this state, and an actual demonstration of ability to

exercise due care in the operation of a motor vehicle of the classification for which the license is sought. When an applicant for a license has a valid license from a state which has requirements for issuance of a license comparable to the Missouri requirements, the director may waive the requirement of actual demonstration of ability to exercise due care in the operation of a motor vehicle. If the director has reasonable grounds to believe that an applicant is suffering from some known physical or mental ailment which ordinarily would interfere with the applicant's fitness to operate a motor vehicle safely upon the highways, [he] the director may require that the examination include a physical or mental examination by a licensed physician of the applicant's choice, at the applicant's expense, to determine the fact. The director shall prescribe regulations to ensure uniformity in the examinations and in the grading thereof and shall prescribe and furnish all forms to the members of the highway patrol and to other persons authorized to conduct examinations as may be necessary to enable the officer or person to properly conduct the examination. The records of the examination shall be forwarded to the director who shall not issue any license hereunder if in [his] the director's opinion the applicant is not qualified to operate a motor vehicle safely upon the highways of this state.

- 2. The director of revenue shall delegate the power to conduct the examinations required for a license or permit to any member of the highway patrol or any person employed by the highway patrol. The powers delegated to any examiner may be revoked at any time by the director of revenue upon notice.
- 3. Notwithstanding the requirements of subsections 1 and 2 of this section, the successful completion of a motorcycle rider training course approved [under] **pursuant to** sections 302.133 to 302.138 shall constitute an actual demonstration of the person's ability to exercise due care in the operation of a motorcycle or motortricycle, and no further driving test shall be required to obtain a motorcycle or motortricycle license or endorsement.
- 302.177. 1. To all applicants for a license or renewal to transport persons or property classified in section 302.015 who are at least twenty-one years of age, and who submit a satisfactory application and meet the requirements set forth in sections 302.010 to 302.605, the director shall issue or renew a license upon the payment of a fee of [fifteen] thirty dollars [therefor, for three years. All licenses shall expire three years from the date of issuance and must be renewed on or before the date of expiration, which date shall be shown on the license if the person transports persons or property as classified in section 302.015]; except that, no license shall be issued if an applicant's license is currently suspended, taken up, canceled, revoked, or deposited in lieu of bail.
- 2. To all [other] applicants for a license **or renewal** who **are between twenty-one and sixty-nine years of age, and who** submit a satisfactory application and meet the requirements set forth in sections 302.010 to 302.605, the director shall issue or renew a license upon the payment of a fee of [seven] **fifteen** dollars [and fifty cents therefor, for a period of three years from

the date of issuance]; except that, no license shall be issued if an applicant's license is currently suspended, taken up, canceled, revoked, or deposited in lieu of bail.

- 3. All licenses issued pursuant to subsections 1 and 2 of this section shall expire [three years from the date of issuance] on the applicant's birthday in the sixth year after issuance and must be renewed on or before the date of expiration, which date shall be shown on the license. [The director shall have the authority to stagger the expiration date of new licenses or of licenses being renewed over a three-year period.] The director shall have the authority to stagger the expiration date of driver's licenses and nondriver's licenses being issue or renewed over a six-year period.
- 4. To all applicants for a license or renewal to transport persons or property classified in section 302.015 who are between eighteen and twenty-one years of age, and who submit a satisfactory application and meet the requirements set forth in sections 302.010 to 302.605, the director shall issue or renew a license upon the payment of a fee of fifteen dollars.
- 5. To all other applicants for a license or renewal less than twenty-one years of age or greater than sixty-nine years of age who submit a satisfactory application and meet the requirements set forth in sections 302.010 to 302.605, the director shall issue or renew a license upon the payment of a fee of seven dollars and fifty cents. All licenses issued pursuant to subsections 4 and 5 of this section shall expire on the applicant's birthday in the third year after issuance.
- 6. The director of revenue may adopt any rules and regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this section. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo.
- 302.178. 1. Beginning January 1, 2001, any person between the ages of sixteen and eighteen years who is qualified to obtain a license pursuant to sections 302.010 to 302.340, may apply for, and the director shall issue, an intermediate driver's license entitling the applicant, while having such license in his or her possession, to operate a motor vehicle of the appropriate class upon the highways of this state in conjunction with the requirements of this section. An intermediate driver's license shall be readily distinguishable from a license issued to those over the age of eighteen. All applicants for an intermediate driver's license shall:
 - (1) Successfully complete the examination required by section 302.173;
 - (2) Pay the fee required by subsection 3 of this section;
- (3) Have had a temporary instruction permit issued pursuant to subsection 1 of section 302.130 for at least a six-month period or a valid license from another state;
- (4) Have a parent, grandparent or legal guardian sign the application stating that the applicant has completed at least twenty hours of supervised driving experience

under a temporary instruction permit issued pursuant to subsection 1 of section 302.130, or, if the applicant is an emancipated minor, the person over twenty-one years of age who supervised such driving. For purposes of this section, the term "emancipated minor" means a person who is at least sixteen years of age, but less than eighteen years of age, who:

- (a) Marries with the consent of the legal custodial parent or legal guardian pursuant to section 451.080, RSMo;
 - (b) Has been declared emancipated by a court of competent jurisdiction;
 - (c) Enters active duty in the armed forces;
- (d) Has written consent to the emancipation from the custodial parent or legal guardian; or
- (e) Through employment or other means provides for such person's own food, shelter and other cost-of-living expenses;
- (5) Have had no alcohol-related enforcement contacts as defined in section 302.525 during the preceding twelve months; and
- (6) Have no nonalcoholic traffic convictions for which points are assessed pursuant to section 302.302, within the preceding six months.
- 2. An intermediate driver's license grants the licensee the same privileges to operate that classification of motor vehicle as a license issued pursuant to section 302.177, except that no person shall operate a motor vehicle on the highways of this state under such an intermediate driver's license between the hours of 1:00 a.m. and 5:00 a.m. unless accompanied by a person described in subsection 1 of section 302.130; except the licensee may operate a motor vehicle without being accompanied if the travel is to or from a school or educational program or activity, a regular place of employment or in emergency situations as defined by the director by regulation. Each intermediate driver's license shall be restricted by requiring that the driver and all passengers in the licensee's vehicle wear safety belts at all times. This safety belts restriction shall not apply to a person operating a motorcycle.
- 3. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 302.177 to the contrary, the fee for an intermediate driver's license shall be five dollars and such license shall be valid for a period of two years.
- 4. Any intermediate driver's licensee accumulating six or more points in a twelvemonth period may be required to participate in and successfully complete a driver improvement program approved by the director of the department of public safety. The driver improvement program ordered by the director of revenue shall not be used in lieu of point assessment.
- 5. An intermediate driver's licensee who has, for the preceding twelve-month period, had no alcohol-related enforcement contacts, as defined in section 302.525 and

no traffic convictions for which points are assessed, upon reaching the age of eighteen years may apply for and receive without further examination, other than a vision test as prescribed by section 302.173, a license issued pursuant to this chapter granting full driving privileges. Such person shall pay the required fee for such license as prescribed in section 302.177.

- 6. No person upon reaching the age of eighteen years whose intermediate driver's license and driving privilege is denied, suspended, canceled or revoked in this state or any other state, for any reason may apply for a full driver's license until such license or driving privilege is fully reinstated. Any such person whose intermediate driver's license has been revoked pursuant to the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.540 shall, upon receipt of reinstatement of the revocation from the director, pass the complete driver examination, apply for a new license, and pay the proper fee before again operating a motor vehicle upon the highways of this state.
- 7. A person shall be exempt from the intermediate licensing requirements if the person has reached the age of eighteen years and meets all other licensing requirements.
- 8. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 1999, shall be invalid and void.
- 302.181. 1. The license issued pursuant to the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.340 shall be in such form as the director shall prescribe, but the license shall be a card made of plastic or other comparable material. All licenses shall be manufactured of materials and processes that will prohibit, as nearly as possible, the ability to reproduce, alter, counterfeit, forge or duplicate any license without ready detection. All licenses shall bear the licensee's Social Security number, if the licensee has one, and if not, a notarized affidavit must be signed by the licensee stating that the licensee does not possess a Social Security number, or, if applicable, a certified statement must be submitted as provided in subsection 4 [or 5] of this section. The license shall also bear the expiration date of the license, the classification of the license, the name, date of birth, residence address including the county of residence or a code number corresponding to such county established by the department, and brief description and colored photograph of the licensee, and a facsimile of the signature of the licensee. The director shall provide by administrative rule the procedure and format for a licensee to indicate on the back of the license together with the designation for an anatomical gift as provided in section 194.240, RSMo, the name and address of the person designated pursuant to sections 404.800 to 404.865, RSMo, as the licensee's attorney in

fact for the purposes of a durable power of attorney for health care decisions. No license shall be valid until it has been so signed by the licensee. If any portion of the license is prepared by a private firm, any contract with such firm shall be made in accordance with the competitive purchasing procedures as established by the state director of the division of purchasing. For all licenses issued or renewed after March 1, 1992, the applicant's Social Security number shall serve as the applicant's license number. Where the licensee has no Social Security number, or where the licensee is issued a license without a Social Security number in accordance with subsection 4 [or 5] of this section, the director shall issue a license number for the licensee and such number shall also include an indicator showing that the number is not a Social Security number.

- 2. All film involved in the production of photographs for licenses shall become the property of the department of revenue.
- 3. The license issued shall be carried at all times by the holder thereof while driving a motor vehicle, and shall be displayed upon demand of any officer of the highway patrol, or any police officer or peace officer, or any other duly authorized person, for inspection when demand is made therefor. Failure of any operator of a motor vehicle to exhibit his or her license to any duly authorized officer shall be presumptive evidence that such person is not a duly licensed operator.
- 4. [The director of revenue shall issue a commercial driver's license without a Social Security number to an applicant therefor, who is otherwise qualified to be licensed, upon presentation to the director of a certified statement on forms prescribed and made available by the department of revenue which states that the applicant is a member of a specified religious denomination which prohibits the use of identification numbers by members as being contrary to its religious tenets.
- 5.] The director of revenue shall issue a **commercial or** noncommercial driver's license without a Social Security number to an applicant therefor, who is otherwise qualified to be licensed, upon presentation to the director of a certified statement that the applicant objects to the display of the Social Security number on the license. The director shall assign an identification number, that is not based on a Social Security number, to the applicant which shall be displayed on the license in lieu of the Social Security number.
- [6.] 5. The director of revenue shall issue a license without the photograph to an applicant therefor, who is otherwise qualified to be licensed, upon presentation to the director of a [certified] statement on forms prescribed and made available by the department of revenue which states that the applicant is a member of a specified religious denomination which prohibits photographs of members as being contrary to its religious tenets. The license shall state thereon that no photograph is required because of the religious affiliation of the licensee. The director of revenue shall establish guidelines and furnish to each circuit court such forms as the director deems necessary to comply with this subsection. The circuit court shall not charge or receive any fee or court cost for the performance of any duty or act pursuant to this subsection.

- [7.] **6**. The department of revenue may issue a temporary license without the photograph to out-of-state applicants and members of the armed forces, except that where such temporary license is issued it shall be valid only until the applicant shall have had time to appear and have his or her picture taken and a license with his or her photograph issued.
- [8.] 7. The department of revenue shall issue upon request a nondriver's license card containing essentially the same information as [is on] the driver's license upon payment of [seven] six dollars [and fifty cents] if the applicant is under the age of sixty-five. An applicant who is sixty-five years of age or older may purchase a nondriver's license card without a photograph for one dollar or a nondriver's license card with a photograph for [seven] six dollars [and fifty cents]. All nondriver's licenses shall expire on the applicant's birthday in the sixth year after issuance. A person who has passed his or her seventieth birthday shall upon application be issued a nonexpiring nondriver's license card. The nondriver's license card shall be used for identification purposes only and shall not be valid as a license.
- [9.] **8**. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated [under] **pursuant to** the authority of this chapter shall become effective [until it has been approved by the joint committee on administrative rules in accordance with the procedures provided herein, and the delegation of the legislative authority to enact law by the adoption of such rules is dependent upon the power of the joint committee on administrative rules to review and suspend rules pending ratification by the senate and the house of representatives as provided herein.
- 10. Upon filing any proposed rule with the secretary of state, the filing agency shall concurrently submit such proposed rule to the committee, which may hold hearings upon any proposed rule or portion thereof at any time.
- 11. A final order of rulemaking shall not be filed with the secretary of state until thirty days after such final order of rulemaking has been received by the committee. The committee may hold one or more hearings upon such final order of rulemaking during the thirty-day period. If the committee does not disapprove such order of rulemaking within the thirty-day period, the filing agency may file such order of rulemaking with the secretary of state and the order of rulemaking shall be deemed approved.
- 12. The committee may, by majority vote of the members, suspend the order of rulemaking or portion thereof by action taken prior to the filing of the final order of rulemaking only for one or more of the following grounds:
 - (1) An absence of statutory authority for the proposed rule;
 - (2) An emergency relating to public health, safety or welfare;
 - (3) The proposed rule is in conflict with state law;
- (4) A substantial change in circumstance since enactment of the law upon which the proposed rule is based.
 - 13. If the committee disapproves any rule or portion thereof, the filing agency shall not file

such disapproved portion of any rule with the secretary of state and the secretary of state shall not publish in the Missouri Register any final order of rulemaking containing the disapproved portion.

- 14. If the committee disapproves any rule or portion thereof, the committee shall report its findings to the senate and the house of representatives. No rule or portion thereof disapproved by the committee shall take effect so long as the senate and the house of representatives ratifies the act of the joint committee by resolution adopted in each house within thirty legislative days after such rule or portion thereof has been disapproved by the joint committee.
- 15. Upon adoption of a rule as provided herein, any such rule or portion thereof may be suspended or revoked by the general assembly either by bill or, pursuant to section 8, article IV of the constitution, by concurrent resolution upon recommendation of the joint committee on administrative rules. The committee shall be authorized to hold hearings and make recommendations pursuant to the provisions of section 536.037, RSMo. The secretary of state shall publish in the Missouri Register, as soon as practicable, notice of the suspension or revocation] unless it is promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo.
- 302.302. 1. The director of revenue shall put into effect a point system for the suspension and revocation of licenses. Points shall be assessed only after a conviction or forfeiture of collateral. The initial point value is as follows:
- (1) Any moving violation of a state law or county or municipal traffic ordinance not listed in this section, other than a violation of vehicle equipment provisions

or a court-ordered supervision as provided in section

subsection 1 of section 302.020:

302.303
(except any violation of municipal stop sign ordinance
where no accident is involved
(2) Speeding
(2) Speeding In violation of a state law
In violation of a county or municipal ordinance
(3) Leaving the scene of an accident in violation
of section 577.060, RSMo
In violation of any county or municipal ordinance 6 points
(4) Careless and imprudent driving in violation
of subsection 4 of section 304.016, RSMo
In violation of a county or municipal ordinance
(5) Operating without a valid license in violation of subdivision (1) or (2) of

(c) For the third conviction 6 points
(6) Operating [without a license after suspension
or revocation and] with a suspended or revoked license
prior to restoration of operating privileges
[which have been suspended or revoked]
[(6)] (7) Obtaining a license by
misrepresentation
[(7)] (8) For the first conviction of driving
while in an intoxicated condition or under the
influence of controlled substances or drugs
[(8)] (9) For the second or subsequent conviction of
any of the following offenses however combined: driving
while in an intoxicated condition, driving under the
influence of controlled substances or drugs or driving
with a blood alcohol content of ten-hundredths of one
percent or more by weight
[(9)] (10) For the first conviction for driving with
blood alcohol content ten-hundredths of one percent
or more by weight
In violation of state law
In violation of a county or municipal ordinance
[(10)] (11) Any felony involving the use of
a motor vehicle
[(11)] (12) Knowingly permitting unlicensed
operator to operate a motor vehicle
(13) For a conviction for failure to maintain
financial responsibility pursuant to county or municipal
ordinance or pursuant to section 303.025 4 points
2. The director shall, as provided in subdivision (5) of subsection 1 of this section,
assess an operator points for a conviction pursuant to subdivision (1) or (2) of
subsection 1 of section 302.020, when the director issues such operator a license or
permit pursuant to the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.340.
3. An additional two points shall be assessed when personal injury or property damage

results from any violation listed in subsection 1 of this section and if found to be warranted and

this section constitutes both a violation of a state law and a violation of a county or municipal

[3.] **4**. When any of the acts listed in subdivision (2), (3), (4) or [(7)] **(8)** of subsection 1 of

certified by the reporting court.

ordinance, points may be assessed for either violation but not for both. Notwithstanding that an offense arising out of the same occurrence could be construed to be a violation of subdivisions **[**(7), (8) and (9)**] (8), (9) and (10)** of subsection 1 of this section, no person shall be tried or convicted for more than one offense pursuant to subdivisions **[**(7), (8) and (9)**] (8), (9) and (10)** of subsection 1 of this section for offenses arising out of the same occurrence.

- [4.] 5. The director of revenue shall put into effect a system for staying the assessment of points against an operator. The system shall provide that the satisfactory completion of a driver improvement program or, in the case of violations committed while operating a motorcycle, a motorcycle rider training course approved by the director of the department of public safety, by an operator, when so ordered and verified by any court having jurisdiction over any law of this state or county or municipal ordinance, regulating motor vehicles, other than a violation committed in a commercial motor vehicle as defined in section 302.700, shall be accepted by the director in lieu of the assessment of points for a violation pursuant to subdivision (1), (2), or (4) of subsection 1 of this section or pursuant to subsection [2] 3 of this section. For the purposes of this subsection, the driver improvement program shall meet or exceed the standards of the National Safety Council's eight-hour "Defensive Driving Course" or, in the case of a violation which occurred during the operation of a motorcycle, the program shall meet the standards established by the director of the department of public safety pursuant to sections 302.133 to 302.138. The completion of a driver improvement program or a motorcycle rider training course shall not be accepted in lieu of points more than one time in any thirty-six-month period and shall be completed within sixty days of the date of conviction in order to be accepted in lieu of the assessment of points. Every court having jurisdiction pursuant to the provisions of this subsection shall, within fifteen days after completion of the driver improvement program or motorcycle rider training course by an operator, forward a record of the completion to the director, all other provisions of the law to the contrary notwithstanding. The director shall establish procedures for record keeping and the administration of this subsection.
- 302.303. 1. Whenever a court convicts a person of a violation of section 303.025, RSMo, or enters an order of court-ordered supervision, the clerk of the court shall within ten days forward a report of the conviction or order of supervision to the director of revenue in a form prescribed by the department of revenue. In any case where the person charged with the violation fails to appear in court, the procedures provided in section 302.341, RSMo, shall apply. For the purposes of this section, the term "court-ordered supervision" is used to indicate where a court of record may, upon a plea or finding of guilt, defer further proceedings of a sentence, and enter an order for supervision of the defendant, if the defendant is charged with a violation, in which case no points shall be assessed.
 - 2. The department of revenue shall keep records of such reports. However,

reports of court-ordered supervision shall not be released to any outside source, except the affected operator and those entities provided for in subsection 4 of section 32.091, RSMo, and shall be used only to inform the director and the courts that such operator has previously been assigned court supervision.

- 302.304. 1. The director shall notify by ordinary mail any operator of the point value charged against the operator's record when the record shows four or more points have been accumulated in a twelve-month period.
- 2. In an action to suspend or revoke a license or driving privilege under this section points shall be accumulated on the date of conviction. No case file of any conviction for a driving violation for which points may be assessed pursuant to section 302.302 may be closed until such time as a copy of the record of such conviction is forwarded to the department of revenue.
- 3. The director shall suspend the license and driving privileges of any person whose driving record shows the driver has accumulated eight points in eighteen months.
- 4. The license and driving privilege of any person whose license and driving privilege has been suspended under the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.540 except those persons whose license and driving privilege has been suspended under the provisions of subdivision **[**(7)**] (8)** of subsection 1 of section 302.302 or has accumulated sufficient points together with a conviction under subdivision **[**(9)**] (10)** of subsection 1 of section 302.302 and who has filed proof of financial responsibility with the department of revenue, in accordance with chapter 303, RSMo, and is otherwise eligible, shall be reinstated as follows:
 - (1) In the case of an initial suspension, thirty days after the effective date of the suspension;
 - (2) In the case of a second suspension, sixty days after the effective date of the suspension;
- (3) In the case of the third and subsequent suspensions, ninety days after the effective date of the suspension. Unless proof of financial responsibility is filed with the department of revenue, a suspension shall continue in effect for two years from its effective date.
- 5. The period of suspension of the driver's license and driving privilege of any person under the provisions of subdivision **[**(7)**] (8)** of subsection 1 of section 302.302 or who has accumulated sufficient points together with a conviction under subdivision **[**(9)**] (10)** of subsection 1 of section 302.302 shall be thirty days, followed by a sixty-day period of restricted driving privilege issued by the director of revenue for the limited purpose of driving between a residence and a place of employment, or to and from an alcohol education or treatment program, or for both between a residence and a place of employment and to and from such a program. Upon completion of such period of restricted driving privilege, upon compliance with other requirements of law and upon filing of proof of financial responsibility with the department of revenue, in accordance with chapter 303, RSMo, the license and driving privilege shall be reinstated.
- 6. If the person fails to maintain proof of financial responsibility in accordance with chapter 303, RSMo, the person's driving privilege and license shall be resuspended.

- 7. The director shall revoke the license and driving privilege of any person when the person's driving record shows such person has accumulated twelve points in twelve months or eighteen points in twenty-four months or twenty-four points in thirty-six months. The revocation period of any person whose license and driving privilege has been revoked under the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.540 and who has filed proof of financial responsibility with the department of revenue in accordance with chapter 303, RSMo, and is otherwise eligible, shall be terminated by a notice from the director of revenue after one year from the effective date of the revocation. Unless proof of financial responsibility is filed with the department of revenue, except as provided in subsection 2 of section 302.541, the revocation shall remain in effect for a period of two years from its effective date. If the person fails to maintain proof of financial responsibility in accordance with chapter 303, RSMo, the person's license and driving privilege shall be rerevoked. Any person whose license and driving privilege has been revoked under the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.540 shall, upon receipt of the notice of termination of the revocation from the director, pass the complete driver examination and apply for a new license before again operating a motor vehicle upon the highways of this state.
- 8. If, prior to conviction for an offense that would require suspension or revocation of a person's license under the provisions of this section, the person's total points accumulated are reduced, pursuant to the provisions of section 302.306, below the number of points required for suspension or revocation pursuant to the provisions of this section, then the person's license shall not be suspended or revoked until the necessary points are again obtained and accumulated.
- 9. If any person shall neglect or refuse to surrender the person's license, as provided herein, the director shall direct the state highway patrol or any peace or police officer to secure possession thereof and return it to the director.
- 10. Upon the issuance of a reinstatement or termination notice after a suspension or revocation of any person's license and driving privilege under the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.540, the accumulated point value shall be reduced to four points, except that the points of any person serving as a member of the armed forces of the United States outside the limits of the United States during a period of suspension or revocation shall be reduced to zero upon the date of the reinstatement or termination of notice. It shall be the responsibility of such member of the armed forces to submit copies of official orders to the director of revenue to substantiate such overseas service. Any other provision of sections 302.010 to 302.540 to the contrary notwithstanding, the effective date of the four points remaining on the record upon reinstatement or termination shall be the date of the reinstatement or termination notice.
- 11. No credit toward reduction of points shall be given during periods of suspension or revocation or any period of driving under a hardship driving privilege granted by a court.
- 12. Any person or nonresident whose license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this state has been suspended or revoked under this or any other law shall, before having the license

or privilege to operate a motor vehicle reinstated, pay to the director a reinstatement fee of twenty dollars which shall be in addition to all other fees provided by law.

- 13. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, if after two years from the effective date of any suspension or revocation issued under this chapter, the person or nonresident has not paid the reinstatement fee of twenty dollars, the director shall reinstate such license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this state.
- 14. No person who has had a license to operate a motor vehicle suspended or revoked as a result of an assessment of points for a violation under subdivision [(7), (8) or (9)] (8), (9) or (10) of subsection 1 of section 302.302 shall have that license reinstated until such person has participated in and successfully completed a substance abuse traffic offender program defined in section 302.010, except the department may waive such requirement upon completion of a comparable program or upon good cause shown or the court may waive such requirement upon good cause shown. The court in making this determination shall consider the person's driving record, the circumstances surrounding the offense and the likelihood of the person committing a like offense in the future. Assignment recommendations, based upon the needs assessment as described in subdivision (21) of section 302.010, shall be delivered in writing to the person with written notice that the person is entitled to have such assignment recommendations reviewed by the court if the person objects to the recommendations. The person may file a motion in the associate division of the circuit court, on a printed form provided by the state courts administrator, to have the court hear and determine such motion pursuant to the provisions of chapter 517, RSMo, after reviewing such assessment. The motion shall name the person or entity making the needs assessment as the respondent and a copy of the motion shall be served upon the respondent in any manner allowed by law. Such assessment and compliance with the court determination of the motion shall satisfy the provisions of this section for the purpose of reinstating such person's license to operate a motor vehicle. The respondent's personal appearance at any hearing conducted pursuant to this subsection shall not be necessary unless directed by the court.
- 15. The fees for the program authorized in subsection 14 of this section, or a portion thereof to be determined by the department of mental health, shall be paid by the person enrolled in the program. Any person who is enrolled in the program shall pay, in addition to any fee charged for the program, a supplemental fee of sixty dollars. The administrator of the program shall remit to the division of alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health the supplemental fee for all persons enrolled in the program, less two percent for administrative costs. The supplemental fees received by the department of mental health pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the mental health earnings fund which is created in section 630.053, RSMo.
- 302.309. 1. Whenever any license is suspended pursuant to sections 302.302 to 302.309, the director of revenue shall return the license to the operator immediately upon the termination of the period of suspension and upon compliance with the requirements of chapter 303, RSMo.

- 2. Any operator whose license is revoked [under] **pursuant to** these sections, upon the termination of the period of revocation, shall apply for a new license in the manner prescribed by law.
- 3. (1) All circuit courts or the director of revenue shall have jurisdiction to hear applications and make eligibility determinations granting limited driving privileges. Any application may be made in writing to the director of revenue and the person's reasons for requesting the limited driving [privileges] **privilege** shall be made therein.
- (2) When any court of record having jurisdiction or the director of revenue finds that an operator is required to operate a motor vehicle in connection with any of the following:
 - (a) A business, occupation, or employment;
 - (b) Seeking medical treatment for such operator;
 - (c) Attending school or other institution of higher education;
 - (d) Attending alcohol or drug treatment programs; or
- (e) Any other circumstance the court or director finds would create an undue hardship on the operator; the court or director may grant such limited driving privilege as the circumstances of the case justify if the court or director finds undue hardship would result to the individual, and while so operating a motor vehicle within the restrictions and limitations of the limited driving [privileges] **privilege** the driver shall not be guilty of operating a motor vehicle without a valid license.
- (3) An operator may make application to the proper court in the county in which such operator resides or in the county in which is located the operator's principal place of business or employment. Any application for a limited driving privilege made to a circuit court shall name the director as a party defendant and shall be served upon the director prior to the grant of any limited [privileges] privilege, and shall be accompanied by a copy of the applicant's driving record as certified by the director. Any applicant for a limited driving privilege shall have on file with the department of revenue proof of financial responsibility as required by chapter 303, RSMo. Any application by a person who transports persons or property as classified in section 302.015 may be accompanied by proof of financial responsibility as required by chapter 303, RSMo, but if proof of financial responsibility does not accompany the application, or if the applicant does not have on file with the department of revenue proof of financial responsibility, the court or the director has discretion to grant the limited driving privilege to the person solely for the purpose of operating a vehicle whose owner has complied with chapter 303, RSMo, for that vehicle, and the limited driving privilege must state such restriction. When operating such vehicle under such restriction the person shall carry proof that the owner has complied with chapter 303, RSMo, for that vehicle.
- (4) The court order or the director's grant of the limited driving privilege shall indicate the termination date of the privilege, which shall be not later than the end of the period of suspension or revocation. A copy of any court order shall be sent by the clerk of the court to the director, and

a copy shall be given to the driver which shall be carried by the driver whenever such driver operates a motor vehicle. The director of revenue upon granting a limited driving privilege shall give a copy of the limited driving privilege to the applicant. The applicant shall carry a copy of the limited driving privilege while operating a motor vehicle. A conviction which results in the assessment of points [under the provisions of] **pursuant to** section 302.302, other than a violation of a municipal stop sign ordinance where no accident is involved, against a driver who is operating a vehicle [under the authority of] **pursuant to** a limited driving privilege terminates the privilege, as of the date the points are assessed to the person's driving record. If the date of arrest is prior to the issuance of the limited driving privilege, the privilege shall not be terminated. The director shall notify by ordinary mail the driver whose privilege is so terminated.

- (5) Except as provided in subdivision (6) of this subsection, no person is eligible to receive [hardship] a limited driving privilege who at the time of application for a limited driving privilege has previously been granted such a privilege within the immediately preceding five years, or whose license has been suspended or revoked for the following reasons:
- (a) A conviction of violating the provisions of section 577.010 or 577.012, RSMo, or any similar provision of any federal or state law, or a municipal or county law where the judge in such case was an attorney and the defendant was represented by or waived the right to an attorney in writing, until the person has completed the first thirty days of a suspension or revocation imposed pursuant to this chapter;
 - (b) A conviction of any felony in the commission of which a motor vehicle was used;
- (c) Ineligibility for a license because of the provisions of subdivision (1), (2), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10) or (11) of section 302.060;
- (d) Because of operating a motor vehicle under the influence of narcotic drugs, a controlled substance as defined in chapter 195, RSMo, or having left the scene of an accident as provided in section 577.060, RSMo;
- (e) Due to a revocation for the first time for failure to submit to a chemical test pursuant to section 577.041, RSMo, or due to a refusal to submit to a chemical test in any other state, if such person has not completed the first ninety days of such revocation;
- (f) Violation more than once of the provisions of section 577.041, RSMo, or a similar implied consent law of any other state;
- (g) Disqualification of a commercial driver's license pursuant to sections 302.700 to 302.780, however, nothing in this subsection shall prevent a person holding a commercial driver's license who is suspended or revoked as a result of an action occurring while not driving a commercial motor vehicle or driving for pay, but while driving in an individual capacity as an operator of a personal vehicle from applying for [hardship] a limited driving [privileges] privilege to operate a commercial vehicle, if otherwise eligible for such [hardship] limited privilege; or
 - (h) Due to a suspension pursuant to subsection 2 of section 302.525 and who has not

completed the first thirty days of such suspension, provided the person is not otherwise ineligible for limited driving [privileges] **privilege**; or due to a revocation [under] **pursuant to** subsection 2 of section 302.525 if such person has not completed such revocation.

- (6) (a) Provided that pursuant to the provisions of this section, the applicant is not otherwise ineligible for a limited driving privilege, a circuit court or the director may, in the manner prescribed in this subsection, allow a person who has had such person's license to operate a motor vehicle revoked where that person cannot obtain a new license for a period of ten years, as prescribed in subdivision (9) of section 302.060, to apply for a limited driving [privileges] privilege pursuant to this subsection if such person has served at least three years of such disqualification or revocation. Such person shall present evidence satisfactory to the court or the director that such person has not been convicted of any offense related to alcohol, controlled substances or drugs during the preceding three years and that the person's habits and conduct show that the person no longer poses a threat to the public safety of this state.
- (b) Provided that pursuant to the provisions of this section, the applicant is not otherwise ineligible for a limited driving privilege or convicted of involuntary manslaughter while operating a motor vehicle in an intoxicated condition, a circuit court or the director may, in the manner prescribed in this subsection, allow a person who has had such person's license to operate a motor vehicle revoked where that person cannot obtain a new license for a period of five years because of two convictions of driving while intoxicated, as prescribed in subdivision (10) of section 302.060, to apply for a limited driving [privileges] privilege pursuant to this subsection if such person has served at least two years of such disqualification or revocation. Such person shall present evidence satisfactory to the court or the director that such person has not been convicted of any offense related to alcohol, controlled substances or drugs during the preceding two years and that the person's habits and conduct show that the person no longer poses a threat to the public safety of this state. Any person who is denied a license permanently in this state because of an alcohol-related conviction subsequent to a restoration of such person's driving privileges pursuant to subdivision (9) of section 302.060 shall not be eligible for limited driving [privileges] privilege pursuant to the provisions of this subdivision.
- 4. Any person who has received notice of denial of a request of limited driving [privileges] **privilege** by the director of revenue may make a request for a review of the director's determination in the circuit court of the county in which the person resides or the county in which is located the person's principal place of business or employment within thirty days of the date of mailing of the notice of denial. Such review shall be based upon the records of the department of revenue and other competent evidence and shall be limited to a review of whether the applicant was statutorily entitled to the limited driving [privileges] **privilege**.
 - 5. The director of revenue shall promulgate rules and regulations necessary to carry out

the provisions of this section.

- 302.321. 1. A person commits the crime of driving while revoked if he operates a motor vehicle on a highway when his license or driving privilege has been canceled, suspended or revoked under the laws of this state and acts with criminal negligence with respect to knowledge of the fact that his driving privilege has been canceled, suspended or revoked.
- 2. [Driving while revoked is] Any person convicted of driving while revoked is guilty of a class A misdemeanor. Any person with no prior alcohol-related enforcement contacts as defined in section 302.525, convicted a fourth or subsequent time of driving while revoked and any person with a prior alcohol-related enforcement contact as defined in section 302.525, convicted a third or subsequent time of driving while revoked is guilty of a class D felony. No court shall suspend the imposition of sentence as to such a person nor sentence such person to pay a fine in lieu of a term of imprisonment, nor shall such person be eligible for parole or probation until he has served a minimum of forty-eight consecutive hours of imprisonment, unless as a condition of such parole or probation, such person performs at least ten days involving at least forty hours of community service under the supervision of the court in those jurisdictions which have a recognized program for community service. Driving while revoked is a class D felony on the second or subsequent conviction pursuant to section 577.010, RSMo, or a fourth or subsequent conviction for any other offense.

302.341. If a Missouri resident charged with a moving traffic violation of this state or any county or municipality of this state [with a population of at least one thousand] fails to dispose of the charges of which he is accused through authorized prepayment of fine and court costs and fails to appear on the return date or at any subsequent date to which the case has been continued, or without good cause fails to pay any fine or court costs assessed against him for any such violation within the period of time specified or in such installments as approved by the court or as otherwise provided by law, any court having jurisdiction over the charges shall within ten days of the failure to comply inform the defendant by ordinary mail at the last address shown on the court records that the court will order the director of revenue to suspend the defendant's driving privileges if the charges are not disposed of and fully paid within thirty days from the date of mailing. Thereafter, if the defendant fails to timely act to dispose of the charges and fully pay any applicable fines and court costs, the court shall notify the director of revenue of such failure and of the pending charges against the defendant. Upon receipt of this notification, the director shall suspend the license of the driver, effective immediately, and provide notice of the suspension to the driver at the last address for the driver shown on the records of the department of revenue. Such suspension shall remain in effect until the court with the subject pending charge requests setting aside the noncompliance suspension pending final disposition, or satisfactory evidence of disposition of pending charges and payment of fine and court costs, if applicable, is furnished to the director by the individual. Upon proof of disposition of charges and payment of fine and court costs, if applicable, and payment of the reinstatement fee as set forth in section 302.304, the director shall reinstate the license. The filing of financial responsibility with the bureau of safety responsibility, department of revenue, shall not be required as a condition of reinstatement of a driver's license suspended solely under the provisions of this section. If any city, town or village receives more than forty-five percent of its total annual revenue from fines for traffic violations occurring on state highways, all revenues from such violations in excess of forty-five percent of the total annual revenue of the city, town or village shall be sent to the director of the department of revenue and shall be distributed annually to the schools of the county in the same manner that proceeds of all penalties, forfeitures and fines collected for any breach of the penal laws of the state are distributed. For the purpose of this section the words "state highways" shall mean any state or federal highway, including any such highway continuing through the boundaries of a city, town or village with a designated street name other than the state highway number.

- 302.735. 1. The application for a commercial driver's license shall include, but not be limited to, the legal name, mailing and residence address, if different, a physical description of the person, including sex, height, weight and eye color, the person's social security number, date of birth and any other information deemed appropriate by the director.
- 2. The application for a commercial driver's license or renewal [or duplicate thereof] shall be accompanied by the payment of a fee of [twenty] forty dollars. The fee for a duplicate commercial driver's license shall be twenty dollars. A commercial driver's license shall expire [three years from the date of issuance] on the applicant's birthday in the sixth year after issuance and must be renewed on or before the date of expiration. [For the purposes of issuing a commercial driver's license as prescribed by the secretary, beginning July 1, 1990, the initial fee for a commercial driver's license shall be twenty-three dollars, until April 1, 1992, when the fee shall be reduced to twenty dollars.] The director shall have the authority to stagger the issuance or renewal of commercial driver's license applicants [to comply with the federal effective date requirements over a six-year period. When a person changes [his] such person's name, mailing or residence address, [an application for a duplicate license shall be made to] such person shall notify the director. To all applicants for a commercial license or renewal who are between eighteen and twenty-one years of age, the application shall be accompanied by a fee of twenty dollars. A commercial license issued pursuant to an applicant less than twenty-one years of age shall expire on the applicant's birthday the third year after issuance.
- 3. Within thirty days after moving to this state, the holder of a commercial driver's license shall apply for a commercial driver's license in this state. The applicant shall meet all other requirements of sections 302.700 to 302.780, except that the director may waive the driving test for a commercial driver's license as required in section 302.720 if the applicant for a commercial

driver's license has a valid commercial driver's license from a state which has requirements for issuance of such license comparable to those in this state.

- 4. Any person who falsifies any information in an application or test for a commercial driver's license shall not be licensed to operate a commercial motor vehicle, or the person's commercial driver's license shall be canceled, for a period of one year after the director discovers such falsification.
- 303.024. 1. Each insurer issuing motor vehicle liability policies in this state, or an agent of the insurer, shall furnish an insurance identification card to the named insured for each motor vehicle insured by a motor vehicle liability policy that complies with the requirements of sections 303.010 to 303.050, 303.060, 303.140, 303.220, 303.290, 303.330 and 303.370.
 - 2. The insurance identification card shall include all of the following information:
 - (1) The name and address of the insurer;
 - (2) The name of the named insured;
 - (3) The policy number;
 - (4) The effective dates of the policy, including month, day and year;
- (5) A description of the insured motor vehicle, including year and make or at least five digits of the vehicle identification number or the word "Fleet" if the insurance policy covers five or more motor vehicles; and
- (6) The statement "THIS CARD MUST BE CARRIED IN THE INSURED MOTOR VEHICLE FOR PRODUCTION UPON DEMAND" prominently displayed on the card.
- 3. A new insurance identification card shall be issued when the insured motor vehicle is changed, when an additional motor vehicle is insured, and when a new policy number is assigned. A replacement insurance identification card shall be issued at the request of the insured in the event of loss of the original insurance identification card.
- 4. The director shall furnish each self-insurer, as provided for in section 303.220, an insurance identification card for each motor vehicle so insured. The insurance identification card shall include all of the following information:
 - (1) Name of the self-insurer:
 - (2) The word "self-insured"; and
- (3) The statement "THIS CARD MUST BE CARRIED IN THE SELF-INSURED MOTOR VEHICLE FOR PRODUCTION UPON DEMAND" prominently displayed on the card.
- 5. An insurance identification card shall be carried in the insured motor vehicle at all times. The operator of an insured motor vehicle shall exhibit the insurance identification card on the demand of any peace officer, commercial vehicle enforcement officer or commercial vehicle inspector who lawfully stops such operator or investigates an accident while that officer or inspector is engaged in the performance of the officer's or inspector's duties. If the operator fails to exhibit an insurance identification card, the officer or inspector shall [notify the director of

revenue, in the manner determined by the director, and the officer or inspector may] issue a citation to the operator [pursuant to subsection 6 of this section] **for a violation of section 303.025**. A motor vehicle liability insurance policy, a motor vehicle liability insurance binder, or receipt which contains the policy information required in subsection 2 of this section, shall be satisfactory evidence of insurance in lieu of an insurance identification card.

- [6. Any person failing to exhibit an insurance identification card or other satisfactory evidence of insurance in lieu of such card upon the demand of any peace officer, commercial vehicle enforcement officer or commercial vehicle inspector pursuant to this section is guilty of a class C misdemeanor. However, no person shall be found guilty of violating this section if the operator demonstrates to the court that he or she met the financial responsibility requirements of section 303.025 at the time the peace officer, commercial vehicle enforcement officer or commercial vehicle inspector wrote the citation.]
- 303.025. 1. No owner of a motor vehicle registered in this state, or required to be registered in this state, shall operate [the vehicle, or authorize any other person to operate the], register or maintain registration of a motor vehicle, or permit another person to operate such vehicle, unless the owner maintains the financial responsibility [as required in this section] which conforms to the requirements of the laws of this state. Furthermore, no person shall operate a motor vehicle owned by another with the knowledge that the owner has not maintained financial responsibility unless such person has financial responsibility which covers the person's operation of the other's vehicle. [Any person who violates this section is guilty of a class C misdemeanor.]
- 2. A motor vehicle owner shall maintain the owner's financial responsibility in a manner provided for in section 303.160, or with a motor vehicle liability policy which conforms to the requirements of the laws of this state.
- 3. Any person who violates this section is guilty of a class C misdemeanor. However, no person shall be found guilty of violating this section if the operator demonstrates to the court that he or she met the financial responsibility requirements of this section at the time the peace officer, commercial vehicle enforcement officer or commercial vehicle inspector wrote the citation. In addition to any other authorized punishment, the court shall notify the director of revenue of any person convicted pursuant to this section and shall do one of the following:
- (1) Enter an order suspending the driving privilege as of the date of the court order. If the court orders the suspension of the driving privilege, the court shall require the defendant to surrender to it any driver's license then held by such person. The length of the suspension shall be as prescribed in subsection 2 of section 303.042. The court shall forward to the director of revenue the order of suspension of driving privilege and any license surrendered within ten days;
 - (2) Forward the record of the conviction for an assessment of four points; or

- (3) In lieu of an assessment of points, render an order of supervision as provided in section 302.303, RSMo. An order of supervision shall not be used in lieu of points more than one time in any thirty-six-month period. Every court having jurisdiction pursuant to the provisions of this section shall forward a record of conviction or the order of supervision to the department of revenue within ten days. The director shall establish procedures for the record keeping and administration of this section.
- [3.] **4**. Nothing in sections 303.010 to 303.050, 303.060, 303.140, 303.220, 303.290, 303.330 and 303.370 shall be construed as prohibiting the department of insurance from approving or authorizing those exclusions and limitations which are contained in automobile liability insurance policies and the uninsured motorist provisions of automobile liability insurance policies.
- 5. If a court enters an order of suspension, the offender may appeal such order directly pursuant to chapter 512, RSMo, and the provisions of section 302.311, RSMo, shall not apply.
- 303.026. 1. The director shall inform each owner who registers a motor vehicle of the following:
- (1) The existence of the requirement that every motor vehicle owner in the state must maintain his financial responsibility;
- (2) The requirement that every motor vehicle owner show an insurance identification card, or a copy thereof, or other proof of financial responsibility at the time of vehicle registration; this notice shall be given at least thirty days prior to the month for renewal and shall be shown in bold, colored print;
- (3) The penalties which apply to violations of the requirement to maintain financial responsibility;
 - (4) The benefits of maintaining coverages in excess of those which are required;
- (5) The director's authority to conduct samples of Missouri motor vehicle owners to insure compliance.
- 2. No motor vehicle owner shall be issued registration for a vehicle unless the owner, or his authorized agent, signs an affidavit provided by the director of revenue at the time of registration of the vehicle certifying that such owner has and will maintain, during the period of registration, financial responsibility with respect to each motor vehicle that is owned, licensed or operated on the streets or highways. The affidavit need not be notarized, but it shall be acknowledged by the person processing the form. The affidavit shall state clearly and in bold print the following: "Any false affidavit is a crime under section 575.050 of Missouri law." In addition, every motor vehicle owner shall show proof of such financial responsibility by presenting his or her insurance identification card, as described in section 303.024, or a copy thereof, or some other proof of financial responsibility in the form prescribed by the director of revenue at the time of registration unless such owner registers his vehicle in conjunction with a reciprocity agreement entered into

by the Missouri highway reciprocity commission pursuant to sections 301.271 to 301.279, RSMo, or unless the owner insures the vehicle according to the requirements of the division of motor carrier and railroad safety pursuant to section 390.126, RSMo.

- 3. [The director shall annually select for financial responsibility verification, a sample of the motor vehicle registrations or licenses which is statistically significant to determine the number of insured motorists in the state of Missouri, or to insure compliance. The director may utilize a variety of sampling techniques including but not limited to the processing of uniform traffic tickets, point system warning letters, and random surveys of motor vehicle registrations. The director of revenue may verify the financial responsibility of any person reported under section 303.040.] To ensure compliance with this chapter, the director may utilize a variety of sampling techniques including but not limited to random samples of registrations subject to this section, uniform traffic tickets, insurance information provided to the director at the time of motor vehicle registration, and persons who during the preceding year have received a disposition of court-ordered supervision or suspension. The director may verify the financial responsibility of any person sampled or reported.
- 4. [Upon determination that the information provided by the owner or authorized agent is inaccurate,] To verify that financial responsibility is being maintained, the director shall notify the owner of the need to provide, within [thirty] fifteen days, [information establishing] proof of the existence of the required financial responsibility [as of the date of such notice]. The request shall require the owner, or where applicable, the operator, to state whether or not the motor vehicle was insured on the verification date stated in the director's request. The request may include but not be limited to a statement of the names and addresses of insurers, policy numbers and expiration date of insurance coverage. Failure to provide such information shall result in the suspension of [all registrations] the registration of the owner's motor [vehicles] vehicle, or where applicable, the operator's driving privilege, for failing to meet such requirements, as is provided in [section 303.041] this chapter.
- 303.041. 1. [If the director determines that the operator or owner of a motor vehicle has not maintained the financial responsibility required in section 303.025 as a result of a financial responsibility verification sample as provided for in section 303.026, or as a result of an accident report as required by section 303.040, or either, the director shall thirty-three days after mailing notice to the owner or operator suspend the license of the owner or operator, or both, and all registrations of the owner's motor vehicles failing to meet such requirement. The notice of suspension shall be mailed to the person at the last known address shown on the department's records, and to the address provided by the accident report if that address differs from the address of record. The notice is deemed received three days after mailing. The notice of suspension shall clearly specify the reason and statutory grounds for the suspension and the effective date of the suspension, the right of the person to request a hearing, the procedure for requesting a hearing,

and the date by which that request for a hearing must be made.] If the director determines that as a result of a verification sample or accident report that the owner of a motor vehicle has not maintained financial responsibility, or if the director determines as a result of an order of court supervision that the operator of a motor vehicle has not maintained the financial responsibility as required in this chapter, the director shall thirty-three days after mailing notice, suspend the driving privilege of the operator and/or the registration of the vehicle failing to meet such requirement. The notice of suspension shall be mailed to the person at the last known address shown on the department's records. The notice of suspension is deemed received three days after mailing. The notice of suspension shall clearly specify the reason and statutory grounds for the suspension and the effective date of the suspension, the right of the person to request a hearing, the procedure for requesting a hearing, and the date by which that request for a hearing must be made. If the request for a hearing is received by the department prior to the effective date of the suspension, the effective date of the suspension will be stayed until a final order is issued following the hearing.

- 2. [If any person shall neglect or refuse to surrender his license or registration within fifteen days of the suspension or revocation date, a fee of twenty-five dollars shall be assessed for each month or portion thereof that the license or registration is not surrendered, not to exceed three hundred dollars.] Neither the fact that subsequent to the date of verification or conviction, the owner acquired the required liability insurance policy nor the fact that the owner terminated ownership of the motor vehicle, shall have any bearing upon the director's decision to suspend. Until it is terminated, the suspension shall remain in force after the registration is renewed or a new registration is acquired for the motor vehicle. The suspension also shall apply to any motor vehicle to which the owner transfers the registration. Effective January 1, 2000, the department shall not extend any suspension for failure to pay a delinquent late surrender fee pursuant to subsection 2 of section 303.041.
- 303.042. 1. The suspension shall become effective thirty days after the subject person is deemed to have received the notice of suspension by certified mail as provided in section 303.041. [If the request for a hearing is received by the department prior to the effective date of the suspension, the effective date of the suspension will be stayed until a final order is issued following the hearing; however, any delay in the hearing which is caused or requested by the subject person or counsel representing that person without good cause shown shall not result in a stay of the suspension during the period of delay.]
 - 2. The period of suspension under this section shall be as follows:
- (1) If the person's driving record shows no prior [failure to maintain the required financial responsibility as provided for in section 303.025, the period of suspension shall be sixty days after the effective date of suspension] **violation, the director shall terminate the suspension upon**

payment by the owner of a reinstatement fee of twenty dollars and submission of proof of insurance as prescribed by the director;

- (2) If the person's record shows one prior [suspension for failure to maintain the required financial responsibility as provided for in section 303.025, the period of suspension shall be one year after the effective date of suspension] violation within the immediately preceding two years, the director shall terminate the suspension ninety days after its effective date upon payment by the owner of a reinstatement fee of two hundred dollars and submission of proof of insurance as prescribed by the director;
- (3) If the person's [driving] record shows two or more prior [suspensions for failure to maintain the required financial responsibility as provided for in section 303.025] **violations**, the period of suspension shall [be two years] **terminate one year** after [the] **its** effective date [of suspension. The director shall not reduce any period of suspension provided for in this subsection] **upon payment of a reinstatement fee of four hundred dollars and submission of proof of insurance as prescribed by the director**.
- 3. In the event that proof of [financial responsibility] insurance as prescribed by the director has not been filed with the department of revenue in accordance with this chapter prior to the end of the period of suspension provided in [subsection 2 of] this section, such period of suspension shall be extended until such proof of [financial responsibility] insurance as prescribed by the director has been filed. In no event shall filing proof of [financial responsibility] insurance as prescribed by the director reduce any period of suspension.
- 4. If the director determines that the proof of insurance submitted by a motor vehicle owner or operator pursuant to this chapter is false, the director shall suspend the owner's vehicle registration and operator's driving privilege. The director shall terminate the suspension one year after the effective date upon payment by the owner or operator of a reinstatement fee of one hundred fifty dollars and submission of proof of insurance as prescribed by the director.

[303.043. Whenever a suspension is imposed under section 303.041, the following reinstatement fees shall be paid prior to the end of the period of suspension provided in subsection 2 of section 303.042, and in the event such reinstatement fees are not paid the period of suspension shall be extended until such fees have been paid:

- (1) If the person's driving record shows no prior failure to maintain the required financial responsibility as provided for in section 303.025, the reinstatement fee shall be two hundred dollars:
- (2) If the person's driving record shows one prior suspension for failure to maintain the required financial responsibility as provided for in section 303.025, the reinstatement fee shall be four hundred dollars;
 - (3) If the person's driving record shows two or more prior suspensions for failure

to maintain the required financial responsibility as provided for in section 303.025, the reinstatement fee shall be eight hundred dollars.]

303.175. Every private passenger motor vehicle liability policy issued to meet the requirements of this chapter shall have a minimum term of three months. Each policy payment collected by the insurer shall be sufficient to pay for at least one month's coverage under the policy, except that this restriction shall not apply to payments on policies made by way of payroll deductions. This section shall not be construed to interfere with the cancellation and renewal provisions of sections 379.110 to 379.120, RSMo, nor shall it apply to any fleet, rental, group or commercial motor vehicle policy.

303.178. No person shall display evidence of insurance to a law enforcement officer knowing there is no valid liability insurance in effect on the motor vehicle as required pursuant to this chapter, or knowing the evidence of insurance is illegally altered, counterfeit or otherwise invalid as evidence of insurance. If the law enforcement officer issues a citation to a motor vehicle operator for displaying invalid evidence of insurance, the officer shall confiscate the evidence for presentation in court. Any person convicted of violating this section is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

303.179. No person shall alter an invalid insurance card to make it appear valid. No person knowingly shall make, sell or otherwise make available an invalid or counterfeit insurance card. Any person who violates this section is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

- 303.190. 1. A "motor vehicle liability policy" as said term is used in this chapter shall mean an owner's or an operator's policy of liability insurance, certified as provided in section 303.170 or section 303.180 as proof of financial responsibility, and issued, except as otherwise provided in section 303.180 by an insurance carrier duly authorized to transact business in this state, to or for the benefit of the person named therein as insured.
 - 2. Such owner's policy of liability insurance:
- (1) Shall designate by explicit description or by appropriate reference all motor vehicles with respect to which coverage is thereby to be granted; [and]
- (2) Shall insure the person named therein and any other person, as insured, using any such motor vehicle or motor vehicles with the express or implied permission of such named insured, against loss from the liability imposed by law for damages arising out of the ownership, maintenance or use of such motor vehicle or motor vehicles within the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada, subject to limits, exclusive of interest and costs, with respect to each such motor vehicle, as follows: twenty-five thousand dollars because of bodily injury to or death of one person in any one accident and, subject to said limit for one person, fifty thousand dollars because of bodily injury to or death of two or more persons in any one accident, and ten thousand dollars because of injury to or destruction of property of others in any one accident; and
 - (3) May exclude coverage against loss from liability imposed by law for damages

arising out of the use of such motor vehicles by a member of the named insured's household who is a specifically excluded driver in the policy.

- 3. Such operator's policy of liability insurance shall insure the person named as insured therein against loss from the liability imposed upon him **or her** by law for damages arising out of the use by him **or her** of any motor vehicle not owned by him **or her**, within the said territorial limits and subject to the same limits of liability as are set forth above with respect to any owner's policy of liability insurance.
- 4. Such motor vehicle liability policy shall state the name and address of the named insured, the coverage afforded by the policy, the premium charged therefor, the policy period and the limits of liability, and shall contain an agreement or be endorsed that insurance is provided thereunder in accordance with the coverage defined in this chapter as respects bodily injury and death or property damage, or both, and is subject to all the provisions of this chapter.
- 5. Such motor vehicle liability policy need not insure any liability [under] **pursuant to** any workers' compensation law nor any liability on account of bodily injury to or death of an employee of the insured while engaged in the employment, other than domestic, of the insured, or while engaged in the operation, maintenance or repair of any such motor vehicle nor any liability for damage to property owned by, rented to, in charge of or transported by the insured.
- 6. Every motor vehicle liability policy shall be subject to the following provisions which need not be contained therein:
- (1) The liability of the insurance carrier with respect to the insurance required by this chapter shall become absolute whenever injury or damage covered by said motor vehicle liability policy occurs; said policy may not be canceled or annulled as to such liability by any agreement between the insurance carrier and the insured after the occurrence of the injury or damage; no statement made by the insured or on his **or her** behalf and no violation of said policy shall defeat or void said policy;
- (2) The satisfaction by the insured of a judgment for such injury or damage shall not be a condition precedent to the right or duty of the insurance carrier to make payment on account of such injury or damage;
- (3) The insurance carrier shall have the right to settle any claim covered by the policy, and if such settlement is made in good faith, the amount thereof shall be deductible from the limits of liability specified in subdivision (2) of subsection 2 of this section;
- (4) The policy, the written application thereof, if any, and any rider or endorsement which does not conflict with the provisions of this chapter shall constitute the entire contract between the parties.
- 7. Any policy which grants the coverage required for a motor vehicle liability policy may also grant any lawful coverage in excess of or in addition to the coverage specified for a motor vehicle liability policy and such excess or additional coverage shall not be subject to the provisions

of this chapter. With respect to a policy which grants such excess or additional coverage the term "motor vehicle liability policy" shall apply only to that part of the coverage which is required by this section.

- 8. Any motor vehicle liability policy may provide that the insured shall reimburse the insurance carrier for any payment the insurance carrier would not have been obligated to make under the terms of the policy except for the provisions of this chapter.
- 9. Any motor vehicle liability policy may provide for the prorating of the insurance thereunder with other valid and collectible insurance.
- 10. The requirements of a motor vehicle liability policy may be fulfilled by the policies of one or more insurance carriers which policies together meet such requirements.
- 11. Any binder issued pending the issuance of a motor vehicle liability policy shall be deemed to fulfill the requirement for such a policy.
- 304.155. 1. Any law enforcement officer within the officer's jurisdiction, or an officer of a government agency where that agency's real property is concerned, may authorize a towing company to remove to a place of safety:
 - (1) Any abandoned property on the right-of-way of:
 - (a) Any interstate highway or freeway in an urbanized area, left unattended for ten hours;
- (b) Any interstate highway or freeway outside of an urbanized area, left unattended for forty-eight hours;
- (c) Any state highway other than an interstate highway or freeway in an urbanized area, left unattended for more than ten hours; or
- (d) Any state highway other than an interstate highway or freeway outside of an urbanized area, left unattended for more than forty-eight hours; provided that commercial motor vehicles not hauling waste designated as hazardous under 49 U.S.C. 5103(a) may only be removed under this subdivision to a place of safety until the owner or owner's representative has had a reasonable opportunity to contact a towing company of choice;
- (2) Any unattended abandoned property illegally left standing upon any highway or bridge if the abandoned property is left in a position or under such circumstances as to obstruct the normal movement of traffic where there is no reasonable indication that the person in control of the property is arranging for its immediate control or removal;
 - (3) Any abandoned property which has been abandoned under section 577.080, RSMo;
- (4) Any abandoned property which has been reported as stolen or taken without consent of the owner;
- (5) Any abandoned property for which the person operating such property is arrested for an alleged offense for which the officer is required to take the person into custody and where such person is unable to arrange for the property's timely removal;
 - (6) Any abandoned property which due to any other state law or local ordinance is subject

to towing because of the owner's outstanding traffic or parking violations;

- (7) Any abandoned property left unattended in violation of a state law or local ordinance where signs have been posted giving notice of the law or where the violation causes a safety hazard; or
- (8) Any abandoned property illegally left standing on the waters of this state as defined in section 306.010, RSMo, where the abandoned property is obstructing the normal movement of traffic, or where the abandoned property has been unattended for more than ten hours or is floating loose on the water.
- 2. The state transportation department may immediately remove any abandoned, unattended, wrecked, burned or partially dismantled property, spilled cargo or other personal property from the roadway of any state highway if the abandoned property, cargo or personal property is creating a traffic hazard because of its position in relation to the state highway. In the event the property creating a traffic hazard is a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in section 302.700, RSMo, the department's authority under this subsection shall be limited to authorizing a towing company to remove the commercial motor vehicle to a place of safety, except that the owner of the commercial motor vehicle or the owner's designated representative shall have a reasonable opportunity to contact a towing company of choice. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to vehicles transporting any material which has been designated as hazardous under section 5103(a) of Title 49, U.S.C.
- 3. Any law enforcement agency authorizing a tow pursuant to this section in which the abandoned property is moved from the immediate vicinity shall complete a crime inquiry and inspection report. Any state or federal government agency other than a law enforcement agency authorizing a tow [under] pursuant to this section in which the abandoned property is moved away from the immediate vicinity in which it was abandoned shall report the towing to the state highway patrol or water patrol within [one hour] two hours of the tow along with a [description of the abandoned property sufficient to make a criminal] crime inquiry and inspection report as required in this section. Any local government agency, other than a law enforcement agency, authorizing a tow pursuant to this section where property is towed away from the immediate vicinity shall report the tow to the local law enforcement agency within two hours along with a crime inquiry and inspection report.
- 4. Neither the law enforcement officer, **government agency official** nor anyone having custody of abandoned property under his direction shall be liable for any damage to such abandoned property occasioned by a removal authorized by this section or by ordinance of a county or municipality licensing and regulating the sale of abandoned property by the municipality, other than damages occasioned by negligence or by willful or wanton acts or omissions.
 - 5. The owner of abandoned property removed as provided in this section or in section

304.157 shall be responsible for payment of all reasonable charges for towing and storage of such abandoned property as provided in section 304.158.

- 6. Upon the towing of any abandoned property [under] pursuant to this section or under authority of a law enforcement officer or local government agency pursuant to section 304.157, the law enforcement agency that authorized such towing or was properly notified by another government agency of such towing shall promptly make an inquiry with the national crime information center and any statewide Missouri law enforcement computer system to determine if the abandoned property has been reported as stolen and shall enter the information pertaining to the towed property into the statewide law enforcement computer system. If the abandoned property is not claimed within ten working days of the towing, the law enforcement agency shall submit a crime inquiry and inspection report to the director of revenue[, on any unclaimed abandoned property, within ten working days of the towing of the abandoned property]. A towing company in possession of abandoned property after ten working days shall report such fact to the law enforcement agency with which the crime inquiry and inspection report shall be designed by the director of revenue and shall include the following:
- (1) The year, model, make and property identification number of the property **and the owner and any lienholders, if known**;
- (2) A description of any damage to the property noted by the [law enforcement] officer authorizing the tow;
 - (3) The license plate or registration number and the state of issuance, if available;
 - (4) The storage location of the towed property;
 - (5) The name, telephone number and address of the towing company;
 - (6) The date, place and reason for the towing of the abandoned property;
- (7) The date of the inquiry of the national crime information center, any statewide Missouri law enforcement computer system and any other similar system which has titling and registration information to determine if the abandoned property had been stolen. **This information shall be entered only by the law enforcement agency making the inquiry**;
- (8) The signature and printed name of the [law enforcement] officer **authorizing the tow** and the towing operator; and
 - (9) Any additional information the director of revenue deems appropriate.
- 7. [The department of revenue may design and make available to police agencies throughout the state a uniform "Authorization to Tow" form. The form shall contain lines for time, date, location, descriptive information of the vehicle, reason for towing, the tow operator and company and signature of authorizing officer. The cost of the forms will be determined by the department of revenue. The completed form shall be issued by the authorizing officer to the tow operator for that company's records as proof of authorization to tow a particular vehicle.

- 8.] One copy of the crime inquiry and inspection report shall remain with the agency which authorized the tow. One copy shall be provided to and retained by the storage facility and one copy shall be retained by the towing facility in an accessible format in the business records for a period of three years from the date of the tow or removal.
- [9.] **8.** The owner of such abandoned property, or the holder of a valid security interest of record, may reclaim it from the towing company upon proof of ownership or valid security interest of record and payment of all reasonable charges for the towing and storage of the abandoned property.
- [10.] **9.** Any person who removes abandoned property at the direction of a law enforcement officer or an officer of a government agency where that agency's real property is concerned as provided in this section shall have a lien for all reasonable charges for the towing and storage of the abandoned property until possession of the abandoned property is voluntarily relinquished to the owner of the abandoned property or to the holder of a valid security interest of record. Any personal property within the abandoned property need not be released to the owner thereof until the reasonable or agreed charges for such recovery, transportation or safekeeping have been paid or satisfactory arrangements for payment have been made, except that any medication prescribed by a physician shall be released to the owner thereof upon request. The company holding or storing the abandoned property shall either release the personal property to the owner of the abandoned property or allow the owner to inspect the property and provide an itemized receipt for the contents. The company holding or storing the property shall be strictly liable for the condition and safe return of the personal property. Such lien shall be enforced in the manner provided under section 304.156.
- [11.] **10.** Towing companies shall keep a record for three years on any abandoned property towed and not reclaimed by the owner of the abandoned property. Such record shall contain [a copy of the law enforcement officer's] **information regarding the** authorization to tow, copies of all correspondence with the department of revenue concerning the abandoned property, and information concerning the final disposition of the possession of the abandoned property.
- [12.] 11. If a lienholder repossesses any motor vehicle, trailer, all-terrain vehicle, outboard motor or vessel without the knowledge or cooperation of the owner, then the repossessor shall notify the local law enforcement agency where the repossession occurred within two hours of the repossession and shall further provide the local law enforcement agency with any additional information the agency deems appropriate. The local law enforcement agency shall make an inquiry with the national crime information center and the Missouri statewide law enforcement computer system and shall enter the repossessed vehicle into the statewide law enforcement computer system.
- 304.156. 1. Within five working days of receipt of the crime inquiry and inspection report under section 304.155 or the abandoned property report under section 304.157, the director of

revenue shall search the records of the department of revenue, or initiate an inquiry with another state, if the evidence presented indicated the abandoned property was registered or titled in another state, to determine the name and address of the owner <code>[and/or]</code> and <code>lienholder</code>, if any. After ascertaining the name and address of the owner <code>[and/or]</code> and <code>lienholder</code>, if any, the department shall, within fifteen working days, notify the towing company <code>[and owner or lienholder]</code>. Any towing company which comes into possession of abandoned property pursuant to section 304.155 or 304.157 and who claims a lien for recovering, towing or storing abandoned property shall give notice to the title owner and to all persons claiming a lien thereon, as disclosed by the records of the department of revenue or of a corresponding agency in any other state. The towing company shall notify the owner <code>[and/or]</code> and any lienholder within ten business days of the date of mailing indicated on the notice sent by the department of revenue, by certified mail, return receipt requested. The notice shall contain the following:

- (1) The name, address and telephone number of the storage facility;
- (2) The date, reason and place from which the abandoned property was removed;
- (3) A statement that the amount of the accrued towing, storage and administrative costs are the responsibility of the owner, and that storage and/or administrative costs will continue to accrue as a legal liability of the owner until the abandoned property is redeemed;
 - (4) A statement that the storage firm claims a possessory lien for all such charges;
- (5) A statement that the owner or holder of a valid security interest of record may retake possession of the abandoned property at any time during business hours by proving ownership or rights to a secured interest and paying all towing and storage charges;
- (6) A statement that, should the owner consider that the towing or removal was improper or not legally justified, the owner has a right to request a hearing as provided in this section to contest the propriety of such towing or removal;
- (7) A statement that if the abandoned property remains unclaimed for thirty days from the date of mailing the notice, title to the abandoned property will be transferred to the person or firm in possession of the abandoned property free of all prior liens; and
- (8) A statement that any charges in excess of the value of the abandoned property at the time of such transfer shall remain a liability of the owner.
- 2. A towing company may only assess reasonable storage charges for abandoned property towed without the consent of the owner. Reasonable storage charges shall not exceed the charges for vehicles which have been towed with the consent of the owner on a negotiated basis. Storage charges may be assessed only for the time in which [it] the towing company complies with the procedural requirements of [this section] sections 304.155 to 304.158.
- 3. In the event that the records of the department of revenue fail to disclose the name of the owner or any lienholder of record, the department shall notify the towing company which shall

attempt to locate documents or other evidence of ownership on or within the abandoned property itself. The towing company must certify that a physical search of the abandoned property disclosed that no ownership documents were found and a good faith effort has been made. For purposes of this section, good faith effort means that the following checks have been performed by the company to establish the prior state of registration and title:

- (1) Check of the abandoned property for any type of license plates, license plate record, temporary permit, inspection sticker, decal or other evidence which may indicate a state of possible registration and title;
- (2) Check the law enforcement report for a license plate number or registration number if the abandoned property was towed at the request of a law enforcement agency;
- (3) Check the tow ticket/report of the tow truck operator to see if a license plate was on the abandoned property at the beginning of the tow, if a private tow; and
- (4) If there is no address of the owner on the impound report, check the law enforcement report to see if an out-of-state address is indicated on the driver license information.
- 4. If no ownership information is discovered, the director of revenue shall be notified in writing and title obtained in accordance with subsection [6] 7 of this section.
- 5. (1) The owner of the abandoned property removed pursuant to the provisions of section 304.155 or 304.157 or any person claiming a lien, other than the towing company, within ten days after the receipt of notification from the towing company pursuant to subsection 1 of this section may file a petition in the associate circuit court in the county where the abandoned property is stored to determine if the abandoned property was wrongfully taken or withheld from the owner. The petition shall name the towing company among the defendants. The petition may also name the agency ordering the tow or the owner, lessee or agent of the real property from which the abandoned property was removed. The director of revenue shall not be a party to such petition but a copy of the petition shall be served on the director of revenue who shall not issue title to such abandoned property pursuant to this section until the petition is finally decided.
- (2) Upon filing of a petition in the associate circuit court, the owner or lienholder may have the abandoned property released upon posting with the court a cash or surety bond or other adequate security equal to the amount of the charges for towing and storage to ensure the payment of such charges in the event he does not prevail. Upon the posting of the bond and the payment of the applicable fees, the court shall issue an order notifying the towing company of the posting of the bond and directing the towing company to release the abandoned property. At the time of such release, after reasonable inspection, the owner or lienholder shall give a receipt to the towing company reciting any claims for loss or damage to the abandoned property or the contents thereof.
- (3) Upon determining the respective rights of the parties, the final order of the court shall provide for immediate payment in full of recovery, towing, and storage fees by the abandoned

property owner or lienholder or the owner, lessee, or agent thereof of the real property from which the abandoned property was removed.

- 6. A towing [and/or] **and** storage lien shall be enforced as provided in subsection 7 of this section.
- 7. Thirty days after the notification form has been mailed to the abandoned property owner and holder of a security agreement and the property is unredeemed and no satisfactory arrangement has been made with the lienholder in possession for continued storage, and the owner or holder of a security agreement has not requested a hearing as provided in subsection [4] 5 of this section, the lienholder in possession may apply to the director of revenue for [a salvage certificate of title designated with the words "salvage/abandoned property" or junking certificate based on the condition of the abandoned property as stated in the abandoned property report or crime inquiry and inspection report] a certificate. The application for title shall be accompanied by:
- (1) An affidavit from the lienholder in possession that he has been in possession of the abandoned property for at least thirty days and the owner of the abandoned property or holder of a security agreement has not made arrangements for payment of towing and storage charges;
- (2) An affidavit that the lienholder in possession has not been notified of any application for hearing as provided in this section;
 - (3) A copy of the abandoned property report or crime inquiry and inspection [form] report;
- (4) A copy of the thirty-day notice given by certified mail to any owner and person holding a valid security interest and a copy of the certified mail receipt indicating that the owner and lienholder of record [has received] was sent a notice as required in this section[.]; and
- (5) A copy of the envelope or mailing container showing the address and postal markings indicating that the notice was "not forwardable" or "address unknown".
- 8. If notice to the owner and holder of a security agreement has been returned marked "not forwardable" or "addressee unknown", the lienholder in possession shall comply with subsection 3 of this section.
- 9. Any municipality or county may adopt an ordinance regulating the removal and sale of abandoned property provided such ordinance is consistent with sections 304.155 to 304.158.
- 10. Any municipality or county which has physical possession of the abandoned property and which sells abandoned property in accordance with a local ordinance may transfer ownership by means of a bill of sale signed by the municipal or county clerk or deputy and sealed with the official municipal or county seal. Such bill of sale shall contain the make and model of the abandoned property, the complete abandoned property identification number and the odometer reading of the abandoned property if available and shall be lawful proof of ownership for any dealer registered under the provisions of section 301.218, RSMo, or section 301.560, RSMo, or for any other person. Any dealer or other person purchasing such property from a municipality or

county shall apply within thirty days of purchase for [a junking certificate or salvage certificate of title designated with the words "salvage/abandoned property"] a certificate. Anyone convicted of a violation of this section shall be guilty of an infraction.

- 11. Any persons who have towed abandoned property prior to August 28, 1996, may, [within one year after August 28, 1996] **until January 1, 2000**, apply to the department of revenue for [either a junking certificate or a salvage certificate of title designated with the words "salvage/abandoned property" to such property] **a certificate**. The application shall be accompanied by:
- (1) A notarized affidavit explaining the circumstances by which the abandoned property came into their possession, including the name of the owner or possessor of real property from which the abandoned property was removed;
 - (2) The date of the removal;
 - (3) The current location of the abandoned property;
- (4) An inspection of the abandoned property as prescribed [in section 304.155] by the director; and
- (5) A copy of the thirty-day notice given by certified mail to any owner and person holding a valid security interest of record and a copy of the certified mail receipt.
- 12. If the director is satisfied with the genuineness of the application and supporting documents submitted pursuant to this section, the director shall issue [a salvage certificate of title designated with the words "salvage/abandoned property" or a junking certificate.] **one of the following:**
- (1) An original certificate of title if the vehicle owner has obtained a vehicle examination certificate as provided in section 301.190, RSMo, which indicates that the vehicle was not previously in a salvaged condition or rebuilt;
- (2) An original certificate of title designated as prior salvage if the vehicle examination certificate as provided in section 301.190, RSMo, indicates the vehicle was previously in a salvage condition or rebuilt;
- (3) A salvage certificate of title designated with the words "salvage/abandoned property" or junking certificate based on the condition of the abandoned property as stated in the abandoned property report or crime inquiry and inspection report;
- (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 301.573, RSMo, to the contrary, if satisfied with the genuineness of the application and supporting documents, the director shall issue an original title to abandoned property previously issued a salvage title as provided in this section, if the vehicle examination certificate as provided in section 301.190, RSMo, does not indicate the abandoned property was previously in a salvage condition or rebuilt.
- 13. If abandoned property is insured and the insurer of property regards the property as a total loss and the insurer satisfies a claim by the owner for the property,

then the insurer or lienholder shall claim and remove the property from the storage facility or make arrangements to transfer the title, and such transfer of title subject to agreement shall be in complete satisfaction of all claims for towing and storage, to the towing company or storage facility. The owner of the abandoned vehicle, lienholder or insurer, to the extent the vehicle owner's insurance policy covers towing and storage charges, shall pay reasonable fees assessed by the towing company and storage facility. The property shall be claimed and removed or title transferred to the towing company or storage facility within thirty days of the date that the insurer paid a claim for the total loss of the property or is notified as to the location of the abandoned property, whichever is the later event. Upon request, the insurer of the property shall supply the towing company and storage facility with the name, address and phone number of the insurance company and of the insured and with a statement regarding which party is responsible for the payment of towing and storage charges under the insurance policy.

- 304.157. 1. If a person abandons property, as defined in section 304.001, on any real property owned by another without the consent of the owner or person in possession of the property, at the request of the person in possession of the real property, any member of the state highway patrol, state water patrol, sheriff, or other law enforcement officer within his jurisdiction may authorize a towing company to remove such abandoned property from the property in the following circumstances:
 - (1) The abandoned property is left unattended for more than forty-eight hours; or
- (2) In the judgment of a law enforcement officer, the abandoned property constitutes a safety hazard or unreasonably interferes with the use of the real property by the person in possession.
- 2. A local government agency may also provide for the towing of motor vehicles from real property under the authority of any local ordinance providing for the towing of vehicles which are derelict, junk, scrapped, disassembled or otherwise harmful to the public health under the terms of the ordinance. Any local government agency authorizing a tow under this subsection shall report the tow to the local law enforcement agency within two hours with a crime inquiry and inspection report pursuant to section 304.155.
- 3. Neither the law enforcement officer, local government agency nor anyone having custody of abandoned property under his or her direction shall be liable for any damage to such abandoned property occasioned by a removal authorized by this section other than damages occasioned by negligence or by willful or wanton acts or omissions.
- [2.] **4**. The owner of real property or lessee in lawful possession of the real property **or the property or security manager of the real property** may authorize a towing company to

remove abandoned property or property parked in a restricted or assigned area without authorization by a law enforcement officer only when the owner, lessee or [agent] property or security manager of the real property is present [and]. A property or security manager must be a full-time employee of a business entity. An authorization to tow pursuant to this subsection may be made only under any of the following circumstances:

- (1) There is displayed, in plain view at all entrances to the property, a sign not less than seventeen by twenty-two inches in size, with lettering not less than one inch in height, prohibiting public parking and indicating that unauthorized abandoned property **or property parked in a restricted or assigned area** will be removed at the owner's expense, disclosing the maximum fee for all charges related to towing and storage, and containing the telephone number of the local traffic law enforcement agency where information can be obtained **or a twenty-four-hour staffed emergency information telephone number by which the owner of the abandoned property or property parked in a restricted or assigned area may call to receive information regarding the location of such owner's property;**
- (2) The abandoned property is [on private property and lacks an engine, transmission, wheels, tires, doors, windshield or any other major part or equipment necessary to operate safely on the highways,] left unattended on owner-occupied residential property with four residential units or less, and the owner [or], lessee [of the private property] or agent of the real property in lawful possession has notified the [city police or county sheriff, as] appropriate law enforcement agency, and [ninety-six] ten hours have elapsed since that notification; or
- (3) The abandoned property is left unattended on private property, and the owner, lessee or agent of the real property in lawful possession of real property has notified the appropriate law enforcement agency, and [ten days] **ninety-six hours** have elapsed since that notification.
- [3.] 5. Pursuant to this section, any owner or lessee in lawful possession of real property that requests a towing company to tow abandoned property without authorization from a law enforcement officer shall [within one hour of the tow file] at that time complete an abandoned property report [with the appropriate law enforcement agency where the property is located] which shall be considered a legal declaration subject to criminal penalty pursuant to section 575.060, RSMo. The report shall be in the form designed, printed and distributed by the director of revenue and shall contain the following:
- (1) The year, model, make and abandoned property identification number of the property and the owner and any lienholders, if known;
- (2) A description of any damage to the **abandoned** property noted by owner [or], lessee **or property or security manager** in possession of the real property;
 - (3) The license plate or registration number and the state of issuance, if available;
 - (4) The physical location of the property and the reason for requesting the property to be

towed:

- (5) The date the report is completed;
- (6) The [signature and] printed name, address and phone number of the owner [or], lessee or property or security manager in possession of the real property; [and]
 - (7) The towing company's name and address;
 - (8) The signature of the towing operator;
- (9) The signature of the owner, lessee or property or security manager attesting to the facts that the property has been abandoned for the time required by this section and that all statements on the report are true and correct to the best of the person's knowledge and belief and that the person is subject to the penalties for making false statements;
- [(7)] (10) Space for the name of the law enforcement agency notified of the towing of the abandoned property and for the signature of the law enforcement official receiving the report; and
 - (11) Any additional information the director of revenue deems appropriate.

[The department of revenue may design and make available to police agencies throughout the state a uniform "Authorization to Tow" form. The form shall contain lines for time, date, location, descriptive information of the vehicle, reason for towing, the tow operator and company and signature of authorizing officer. The cost of the forms shall be determined by the department of revenue. The completed form shall be issued by the authorizing officer to the tow operator for that company's records as proof of authorization to tow a particular vehicle.]

- 6. Any towing company which tows abandoned property without authorization from a law enforcement officer pursuant to subsection 4 of this section shall deliver a copy of the abandoned property report to the local law enforcement agency having jurisdiction over the location from which the abandoned property was towed. The copy may be produced and sent by facsimile machine or other device which produces a near exact likeness of the print and signatures required, but only if the law enforcement agency receiving the report has the technological capability of receiving such copy and has registered the towing company for such purpose. The registration requirements shall not apply to law enforcement agencies located in counties of the third or fourth classification. The report shall be delivered within two hours if the tow was made from a signed location pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection 4 of this section, otherwise the report shall be delivered within twenty-four hours.
- [4.] **7.** The law enforcement agency receiving such abandoned property report must record the date **on which** the abandoned property report is filed with such agency and [within five days of such filing] **shall promptly** make an inquiry into the national crime information center and any statewide Missouri law enforcement computer system to determine if the abandoned property has been reported as stolen. The law enforcement agency shall enter the information pertaining

to the towed property into the statewide **law** enforcement computer system, **and an officer shall sign the abandoned property report and provide the towing company with a signed copy**. The department of revenue may design and sell to towing companies informational brochures outlining owner or lessee of real property obligations pursuant to this section.

- [5. Neither the law enforcement officer nor anyone having custody of abandoned property under his direction shall be liable for any damage to such abandoned property occasioned by a removal authorized by this section other than damages occasioned by negligence or by willful or wanton acts or omissions.
- 6. Any towing company which tows abandoned property without authorization from a law enforcement officer pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of this section shall within one hour of the tow report the event and the circumstances to the local law enforcement agency where the abandoned property report was filed.
- 7.] **8.** The law enforcement agency receiving notification that abandoned property has been towed by a towing company shall [record the date the property was towed and shall forward a copy of the abandoned property report to the director of revenue.] **search the records of the department of revenue and provide the towing company with the latest owner and lienholder information on the abandoned property. If the abandoned property is not claimed within ten working days, the towing company shall send a copy of the abandoned property report signed by a law enforcement officer to the department of revenue.**
- [8.] **9.** If any owner or lessee of real property **knowingly** authorizes the removal of abandoned property [pursuant to subsection 2 of this section and such property is so removed and no sign is displayed prior to such removal as required pursuant to subsection 2] **in violation** of this section, then the owner or lessee shall be deemed guilty of a class C misdemeanor.
- 304.158. 1. [The person or agency causing] **Notice as to the** removal of any abandoned property [under] **pursuant to** section 304.155 or 304.157 shall[, if the person or agency knows the registered owner or lienholder,] **be made in writing** within five working days[, give notice in writing] to the registered owner and any lienholder of the fact of the removal, the grounds for the removal, and [indicate] the place to which the property has been removed **by either:**
 - (1) The public agency authorizing the removal; or
- (2) The towing company, where authorization was made by an owner or lessee of real property.

If the abandoned property is stored in any storage facility, a copy of the notice shall be given to the operator of the facility. The notice provided for in this section shall include the amount of mileage, if available, shown on the abandoned property at the time of removal.

2. Any owner of any private real [estate] **property** causing the removal of abandoned property from that real [estate] **property** shall state the grounds for the removal of the

abandoned property if requested by the registered owner of that abandoned property. Any towing company that lawfully removes abandoned property from private property with the written authorization of the property owner or the property owner's agent who is present at the time of removal shall not be held responsible in any situation relating to the validity of the removal. Any towing company that removes abandoned property at the direction of the landowner shall be responsible for:

- (1) Any damage caused by the towing company to the property in the transit and subsequent storage of the property; and
- (2) The removal of property other than the property specified by the owner of the private property from which the abandoned property was removed.
- 3. The owner of abandoned property removed from private property may recover for any damage to the property resulting from any act of any person causing the removal of, or removing, the abandoned property.
- 4. Any owner of any private property causing the removal of abandoned property parked on that property is liable to the owner of the abandoned property for double the storage or towing charges whenever there has been a failure to comply with the requirements of this section or [to state the grounds for the removal of the property if requested by the registered owner of the abandoned property as required by subsection 2 of this] section **304.157**.
- 5. Any towing company which tows abandoned property for hire shall have the towing company's name, city and state clearly printed in letters at least three inches in height on the sides of the truck, wrecker or other vehicle used in the towing.
- 6. A towing company may impose a charge of not more than one-half of the regular towing charge for the towing of abandoned property at the request of the owner of private property or that owner's agent pursuant to this section if the owner of the abandoned property or the owner's agent returns to the abandoned property before it is removed from the private property. The regular towing charge may only be imposed after the abandoned property has been removed from the property and is in transit.
- 7. Persons operating or in charge of any storage facility where the abandoned property is stored pursuant to this section shall accept cash for payment of towing and storage by a registered owner or the owner's agent claiming the abandoned property. [Persons operating or in charge of any storage facility which is not operated by the state, a county or municipality, which is located in an area with a population in excess of fifty thousand at a density at or greater than one thousand persons per square mile, and where the abandoned property is stored pursuant to this section shall accept a valid bank credit card for payment of towing and storage by a registered owner or the owner's agent claiming the abandoned property, except where the tow and impoundment of the abandoned property was the result of an arrest or accident whereby the towing company or storage facility may then demand payment in the form of cash. A person

operating or in charge of such storage facility who refuses to accept a valid bank credit card pursuant to this subsection is liable to the registered owner of the abandoned property for four times the amount of the towing and storage charges, but not to exceed five hundred dollars.] In addition, persons operating or in charge of the storage facility shall have sufficient moneys on the premises to accommodate, and make change in, a reasonable monetary transaction.

- 8. Except for the removal of abandoned property authorized by a law enforcement agency pursuant to section 304.157, a towing company shall not remove or commence the removal of abandoned property from private property without first obtaining written authorization from the property owner. All written authorizations shall be maintained for at least one year by the towing company. General authorization to remove or commence removal of abandoned property at the towing company's discretion shall not be delegated to a towing company or its affiliates except in the case of abandoned property unlawfully parked within fifteen feet of a fire hydrant or in a fire lane designated by a fire department or the state fire marshal.
- 9. Any towing company, or any affiliate of a towing company, which removes, or commences removal of, abandoned property from private property without first obtaining written authorization from the property owner or lessee, or an employee or agent thereof, who is present at the time of removal or commencement of the removal, except as permitted in subsection 8 of this section, is liable to the owner of the property for four times the amount of the towing and storage charges, in addition to any applicable criminal penalty, for a violation of this section.
- 10. Any county, city, town or village may enact ordinances or orders which are consistent with sections 304.155 to 304.158 and which may specify maximum reasonable towing, storage and other charges which can be imposed by towing and storage companies operating within the governmental entity's jurisdiction.
- 11. Any person who knowingly violates any provision of sections 304.155 to 304.158 shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor. Any violation of the provisions of this section shall constitute a violation of the provisions of section 407.020, RSMo. In any proceeding brought by the attorney general for a violation of the provisions of this section, the court may, in addition to imposing the penalties provided for in this section order the revocation or suspension of the registration or license of the towing company.
- 304.159. Any city, town or village within this state may prohibit, by ordinance, the storage of inoperable vehicles or other vehicles deemed by such city, town or village to constitute a public safety hazard. Nothing in this section shall apply to a vehicle which is completely enclosed within a locked building or locked fenced area and not visible from adjacent public or private property, nor to any vehicle upon the property of a business licensed as salvage, swap, junk dealer, towing or storage facility so long as the business is operated in compliance with its business license and the property is

in compliance with applicable zoning ordinances.

- 304.170. 1. No vehicle operated upon the highways of this state shall have a width, including load, in excess of ninety-six inches, except clearance lights, rearview mirrors or other accessories required by federal, state or city law or regulation; except that, vehicles having a width, including load, not in excess of one hundred two inches, exclusive of clearance lights, rearview mirrors or other accessories required by law or regulations, may be operated on the interstate highways and such other highways as may be designated by the highways and transportation commission for the operation of such vehicles plus a distance not to exceed ten miles from such interstate or designated highway.
- 2. No vehicle operated upon the interstate highway system or upon any route designated by the chief engineer of the state transportation department shall have a height, including load, in excess of fourteen feet. On all other highways, no vehicle shall have a height, including load, in excess of thirteen and one-half feet, except that any vehicle or combination of vehicles transporting automobiles or other motor vehicles may have a height, including load, of not more than fourteen feet.
- 3. No single motor vehicle operated upon the highways of this state shall have a length, including load, in excess of [forty] **forty-five** feet, except as otherwise provided in this section.
- 4. No bus or trackless trolley coach operated upon the highways of this state shall have a length in excess of forty-five feet, except that such vehicles may exceed the forty-five feet length when such excess length is caused by the projection of a front safety bumper or a rear safety bumper or both. Such safety bumper shall not cause the length of the bus to exceed the forty-five feet length limit by more than one foot in the front and one foot in the rear. The term "safety bumper" means any device which may be fitted on an existing bumper or which replaces the bumper and is so constructed, treated, or manufactured that it absorbs energy upon impact.
- 5. No combination of truck-tractor and semitrailer operated upon the highways of this state shall have a length, including load, in excess of sixty feet; except that in order to comply with the provisions of Title 23 of the United States Code (Public Law 97-424), no combination of truck-tractor and semitrailer operated upon the interstate highway system of this state shall have an overall length, including load, in excess of the length of the truck-tractor plus the semitrailer, the length of which shall not exceed fifty-three feet.
- 6. In order to comply with the provisions of Title 23 of the United States Code (Public Law 97-424), no combination of truck-tractor, semitrailer and trailer operated upon the interstate highway system of this state shall have an overall length, including load, in excess of the length of the truck-tractor plus the semitrailer and trailer, neither of which semitrailer or trailer shall exceed twenty-eight feet in length, except that any existing semitrailer or trailer up to twenty-eight and one-half feet in length actually and lawfully operated on December 1, 1982, within a sixty-five foot overall length limit in any state, may continue to be operated upon the

interstate highways of this state. On those primary highways not designated by the state highways and transportation commission as provided in subsection 10 of this section, no combination of truck-tractor, semitrailer and trailer shall have an overall length, including load, in excess of sixty-five feet; provided, however, the state highways and transportation commission may designate additional routes for such sixty-five foot combinations.

- 7. Automobile transporters, boat transporters and truck-trailer boat transporter combinations having a length not in excess of sixty-five feet and stinger-steered combination automobile transporters and stinger-steered combination boat transporters having a length not in excess of seventy-five feet may be operated on the interstate highways of this state and such other highways as may be designated by the highways and transportation commission for the operation of such vehicles plus a distance not to exceed ten miles from such interstate or designated highway. All length provisions regarding automobile or boat transporters, truck-trailer boat transporter combinations and stinger-steered combinations are exclusive of front and rear overhang, which shall be no greater than a three-foot front overhang and no greater than a four-foot rear overhang.
- 8. Driveaway saddlemount combinations having a length not in excess of seventy-five feet may be operated on the interstate highways of this state and such other highways as may be designated by the highways and transportation commission for the operation of such vehicles plus a distance not to exceed ten miles from such interstate or designated highway. Saddlemount combinations must comply with the safety requirements of section 393.71 of Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations and may contain no more than three saddlemounted vehicles and one fullmount.
- 9. No truck-tractor semitrailer-semitrailer combination vehicles operated upon the interstate and designated primary highway system of this state shall have a semitrailer length in excess of twenty-eight feet or twenty-eight and one-half feet if the semitrailer was in actual and lawful operation in any state on December 1, 1982, operating in a truck-tractor semitrailer-semitrailer combination. The B-train assembly is excluded from the measurement of semitrailer length when used between the first and second semitrailer of a truck-tractor semitrailer-semitrailer combination, except that when there is no semitrailer mounted to the B-train assembly, it shall be included in the length measurement of the semitrailer.
- 10. The highways and transportation commission is authorized to designate routes on the state highway system other than the interstate system over which those combinations of vehicles of the lengths specified in subsections 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 of this section may be operated. Combinations of vehicles operated under the provisions of subsections 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 of this section may be operated at a distance not to exceed ten miles from the interstate system and such routes as designated under the provisions of this subsection.
 - 11. Except as provided in subsections 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 of this section, no other

combination of vehicles operated upon the primary or interstate highways of this state plus a distance of ten miles from a primary or interstate highway shall have an overall length, unladen or with load, in excess of sixty-five feet or in excess of fifty-five feet on any other highway, except the state highways and transportation commission may designate additional routes for use by sixty-five foot combinations, seventy-five foot stinger-steered combinations or seventy-five foot saddlemount combinations. Any vehicle or combination of vehicles transporting automobiles, boats or other motor vehicles may carry a load which extends no more than three feet beyond the front and four feet beyond the rear of the transporting vehicle or combination of vehicles.

- 12. (1) Except as hereinafter provided, these restrictions shall not apply to agricultural implements operating occasionally on the highways for short distances, or to self-propelled hay-hauling equipment or to implements of husbandry, or to vehicles temporarily transporting agricultural implements or implements of husbandry or roadmaking machinery, or road materials or towing for repair purposes vehicles that have become disabled upon the highways; or to implement dealers delivering or moving farm machinery for repairs on any state highway other than the interstate system.
- (2) Implements of husbandry and vehicles transporting such machinery or equipment may be operated occasionally for short distances on state highways when operated between the hours of sunrise and sunset by a driver licensed as an operator or chauffeur.
- 13. As used in this chapter the term "implements of husbandry" means all self-propelled machinery operated at speeds of less than thirty miles per hour, specifically designed for, or especially adapted to be capable of, incidental over-the-road and primary offroad usage and used exclusively for the application of commercial plant food materials or agricultural chemicals, and not specifically designed or intended for transportation of such chemicals and materials. No implement of husbandry may exceed a width of eleven feet, six inches.
- 14. The purpose of this section is to permit a single trip per day by the implement of husbandry from the source of supply to a given farm.
- 15. Sludge disposal units may be operated on all state highways other than the interstate system. Such units shall not exceed one hundred thirty-eight inches in width and may be equipped with over-width tires. Such units shall observe all axle weight limits. The chief engineer of the state transportation department shall issue special permits for the movement of such disposal units and may by such permits restrict the movements to specified routes, days and hours.
- 304.235. All commercial motor vehicles shall be required to stop at an official weigh station, or to be identified through automated means approved by this state and determined to be in compliance without the necessity of stopping, except those licensed for a gross weight of not more than twelve thousand pounds shall not be required to stop or to be identified unless so directed by a peace officer or a commercial motor vehicle enforcement

officer or inspector. The provisions of sections 32.057 and 32.091, RSMo, which govern confidentiality and prohibit the release of information shall not apply to commercial motor vehicle enforcement officers or their licensees in the performance of their duties at weigh stations. Any person who does not stop at a weigh station or who otherwise improperly evades stopping at the weight station and who is later determined not to be in compliance with the provisions of this chapter governing weigh limits may be punished pursuant to section 304.570.

- 306.400. 1. As used in sections 306.400 to 306.440, the terms "motorboat", "vessel", and "watercraft" shall have the same meanings given them in section 306.010, and the term "outboard motor" shall include outboard motors governed by section 306.530.
- 2. Unless excepted by section 306.425, a lien or encumbrance on an outboard motor, motorboat, vessel, or watercraft shall not be valid against subsequent transferees or lienholders of the outboard motor, motorboat, vessel or watercraft, who took without knowledge of the lien or encumbrance unless the lien or encumbrance is perfected as provided in sections 306.400 to 306.430.
- 3. A lien or encumbrance on an outboard motor, motorboat, vessel or watercraft is perfected by the delivery to the director of revenue [, by the owner, of the existing certificate of ownership, if any, an application for a certificate of ownership containing the name and address of the lienholder and the date of his security agreement, and the required certificate of ownership fee [of a notice of lien in a format as prescribed by the director. Such lien or encumbrance shall be perfected as of the time of its creation if the delivery of the items required in this subsection to the director of revenue is completed within thirty days thereafter, otherwise such lien or encumbrance shall be perfected as of the time of the delivery.
- 4. Whether an outboard motor, motorboat, vessel, or watercraft is subject to a lien or encumbrance shall be determined by the laws of the jurisdiction where the outboard motor, motorboat, vessel, or watercraft was when the lien or encumbrance attached, subject to the following:
- (1) If the parties understood at the time the lien or encumbrances attached that the outboard motor, motorboat, vessel, or watercraft would be kept in this state and it is brought into this state within thirty days thereafter for purposes other than transportation through this state, the validity and effect of the lien or encumbrance in this state shall be determined by the laws of this state;
- (2) If the lien or encumbrance was perfected [under] **pursuant to** the laws of the jurisdiction where the outboard motor, motorboat, vessel, or watercraft was when the lien or encumbrance attached, the following rules apply:
- (a) If the name of the lienholder is shown on an existing certificate of title or ownership issued by that jurisdiction, his **or her** lien or encumbrance continues perfected in this state;

- (b) If the name of the lienholder is not shown on an existing certificate of title or ownership issued by the jurisdiction, the lien or encumbrance continues perfected in this state for three months after the first certificate of title of the outboard motor, motorboat, vessel, or watercraft is issued in this state, and also thereafter if, within the three-month period, it is perfected in this state. The lien or encumbrance may also be perfected in this state after the expiration of the three-month period, in which case perfection dates from the time of perfection in this state;
- (3) If the lien or encumbrance was not perfected [under] **pursuant to** the laws of the jurisdiction where the outboard motor, motorboat, vessel, or watercraft was when the lien or encumbrance attached, it may be perfected in this state, in which case perfection dates from the time of perfection in this state;
- (4) A lien or encumbrance may be perfected [under] **pursuant to** paragraph (b) of subdivision (2) or subdivision (3) of this subsection in the same manner as provided in subsection 3 of this section.
- 5. The director of revenue shall by rules and regulations establish a security procedure to verify that an electronic notice or lien or notice of satisfaction of a lien on an outboard motor, motorboat, vessel or watercraft given pursuant to sections 306.400 to 306.440 is that of the lienholder, to verify that an electronic notice of confirmation of ownership and perfection of a lien given pursuant to section 306.410 is that of the director of revenue and to detect error in the transmission or the content of any such notice. Such a security procedure may require the use of algorithms or other codes, identifying words or numbers, encryption, call back procedures or similar security devices. Comparison of a signature on a communication with an authorized specimen signature shall not by itself constitute a security procedure.
- 306.405. **1.** All certificates of title of an outboard motor, motorboat, vessel, or watercraft issued by the director of revenue shall be mailed [or otherwise delivered] **or confirmation of such ownership shall be electronically transmitted or mailed** to the first lienholder named in such certificate or, if no lienholder is named, to the owner named therein.
- 2. A lienholder may elect to have the director of revenue retain possession of an electronic certificate of title and the director shall issue regulations to govern the procedure for making such an election. Each such certificate of title shall require a separate election unless the director provides otherwise by regulation. A subordinate lienholder shall be bound by the election of the superior lienholder with respect to the certificate involved.
- 3. Electronic certificate of title means any electronic record of ownership, including liens that may be recorded.

306.410. If an owner creates a lien or encumbrance on an outboard motor, motorboat, vessel, or watercraft:

- (1) The owner shall immediately execute the application, either in the space provided therefor on the certificate of title or on a separate form the director of revenue prescribes, to name the lienholder on the certificate of title, showing the name and address of the lienholder and the date of his **or her** security agreement, and shall cause the certificate of title, the application and the required fee to be mailed or delivered to the director of revenue. Failure of the owner to do so is a class A misdemeanor:
- (2) The lienholder or an authorized agent licensed pursuant to sections 301.112 to 301.119, RSMo, shall deliver to the director of revenue a notice of lien as prescribed by the director accompanied by all other necessary documentation to perfect a lien pursuant to section 306.400;
- **(3)** Upon request of the owner or subordinate lienholder, a lienholder in possession of the certificate of title who receives the owner's application and required fee shall mail or deliver the certificate of title, application, and fee to the director of revenue. The delivery of the certificate of title to the director of revenue shall not affect the rights of the first lienholder under his **or her** security agreement;
- [(3)] (4) Upon receipt of the certificate of title, application and the required fee, the director of revenue shall issue a new certificate of title containing the name and address of the new lienholder, and mail the certificate of title to the first lienholder named in it or if a lienholder has elected to have the director of revenue retain possession of an electronic certificate of title, the lienholder shall either mail or deliver to the director a notice of authorization for the director to add a subordinate lienholder to the existing certificate. Upon receipt of such authorization and a notice of lien from a subordinate lienholder, the director shall add the subordinate lienholder to the certificate of title being electronically retained by the director and provide confirmation of the addition to both lienholders.
- 306.415. 1. A lienholder may assign, absolutely or otherwise, his **or her** lien or encumbrance on the outboard motor, motorboat, vessel, or watercraft to a person other than the owner without affecting the interest of the owner or the validity or effect of the lien or encumbrance, but any person without notice of the assignment is protected in dealing with the lienholder as the holder of the lien or encumbrance and the lienholder shall remain liable for any obligations as lienholder until the assignee is named as lienholder on the certificate of title.
- 2. An assignee [under] **pursuant to** subsection 1 of this section may, but need not to perfect the assignment, have the certificate of title issued with the assignee named as lienholder, upon delivering to the director of revenue the certificate of title, an assignment by the lienholder named in the certificate of title, and the required fee in the form the director of revenue prescribes.
 - 3. If the certificate of title is being electronically retained by the director of

revenue, the original lienholder may mail or deliver a notice of assignment of lien to the director in a form prescribed by the director. Upon receipt of notice of assignment, the director shall update the electronic certificate of title to reflect the assignment of lien and lienholder.

- 306.420. 1. Upon the satisfaction of a lien or encumbrance on an outboard motor, motorboat, vessel, or watercraft for which the certificate of title is in the possession of the lienholder, the lienholder shall, within ten days after demand and, in any event, within thirty days, execute a release of his **or her** lien or encumbrance, and mail or deliver the certificate and release to the next lienholder named therein, or, if no other lienholder is so named, to the owner or any person who delivers to the lienholder an authorization from the owner to receive the certificate. The owner may cause the certificate of title, the release, and the required fee to be mailed or delivered to the director of revenue, who shall release the lienholder's rights on the certificate and issue a new certificate of title.
- 2. Upon the satisfaction of a second or third lien or encumbrance on an outboard motor, motorboat, vessel, or watercraft for which the certificate of title is in the possession of the first lienholder, the lienholder whose lien or encumbrance is satisfied shall, within ten days after demand, and, in any event, within thirty days, execute a release and deliver the release to the owner or any person who delivers to the lienholder an authorization from the owner to receive it. The lienholder in possession of the certificate of title shall, at the request of the owner and upon receipt of the release and the required fee, either mail or deliver the certificate, the release, and the required fee to the director of revenue, or deliver the certificate of title to the owner, or the person authorized by him **or her**, for delivery of the certificate, the release and required fee to the director of revenue, who shall release the subordinate lienholder's rights on the certificate of title and issue a new certificate of title.
- 3. If the electronic certificate of title is in the possession of the director of revenue, the lienholder shall notify the director within ten business days of any release of lien and provide the director with the most current address of the owner. The director shall note such release on the electronic certificate and if no other lien exists, the director shall mail or deliver the certificate free of any lien to the owner.
- $307.350.\,\,$ 1. The owner of every motor vehicle as defined in section 301.010, RSMo, which is required to be registered in this state, except:
- (1) New motor vehicles which have not been previously titled and registered, [prior to the initial motor vehicle registration or the next succeeding registration which is required by law] for the two-year period following their model year of manufacture;
- (2) Those motor vehicles which are engaged in interstate commerce and are proportionately registered in this state with the Missouri highway reciprocity commission, although the owner may request that such vehicle be inspected by an official inspection station,

and a peace officer may stop and inspect such vehicles to determine whether the mechanical condition is in compliance with the safety regulations established by the United States Department of Transportation; and

- (3) Historic motor vehicles registered pursuant to section 301.131, RSMo; shall submit such vehicles to [an annual] a biennial inspection of their mechanism and equipment in accordance with the provisions of sections 307.350 to 307.390 and obtain a certificate of inspection and approval and a sticker, seal, or other device from a duly authorized official inspection station. The inspection, except the inspection of school buses which shall be made at the time provided in section 307.375, shall be made at the time prescribed in the rules and regulations issued by the superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol; but the inspection of a vehicle shall not be made more than sixty days prior to the date of application for [annual] registration or within sixty days of when a vehicle's registration is transferred. Any vehicle manufactured as an even-numbered model year vehicle shall be inspected and approved pursuant to the safety inspection program established pursuant to sections 307.350 to 307.390 in each even-numbered calendar year and any such vehicle manufactured as an oddnumbered model year vehicle shall be inspected and approved pursuant to sections **307.350 to 307.390 in each odd-numbered year.** The certificate of inspection and approval shall be a sticker, seal, or other device or combination thereof, as the superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol prescribes by regulation and shall be displayed upon the motor vehicle or trailer as prescribed by the regulations established by him. The replacement of certificates of inspection and approval which are lost or destroyed shall be made by the superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol under regulations prescribed by him.
- 2. For the purpose of obtaining an inspection only, it shall be lawful to operate a vehicle over the most direct route between the owner's usual place of residence and an inspection station of such owner's choice, notwithstanding the fact that the vehicle does not have a current state registration license. It shall also be lawful to operate such a vehicle from an inspection station to another place where repairs may be made and to return the vehicle to the inspection station notwithstanding the absence of a current state registration license.
- 3. No person whose motor vehicle was duly inspected and approved as provided in this section shall be required to have the same motor vehicle again inspected and approved for the sole reason that such person wishes to obtain a set of any special personalized license plates available pursuant to section 301.144, RSMo, or a set of any license plates available pursuant to section 301.142, RSMo, prior to the expiration date of such motor vehicle's current [annual] registration.
- 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 307.390, violation of this section shall be deemed an infraction.

307.353. Other provisions of law notwithstanding, no person shall be required to have [an annual] **a biennial** vehicle inspection during a registration period which exceeds [one year] **two**

years. The inspection required at the beginning of the registration period shall be valid for the entire registration period.

- 307.355. 1. No state registration license to operate the type of vehicle required to be inspected by section 307.350 may be transferred or issued [unless the application for the transfer of a license or the application for annual registration is accompanied by a current certificate of inspection and approval issued not more than sixty days prior to the date of the application, or, in the cases of school buses, the current certificate of inspection and approval issued at the time provided in section 307.375 next preceding the date of application] during a biennial registration year in which the vehicle is required to be inspected unless the application is accompanied by a certificate of inspection and approval issued no more than sixty days prior to the date of application, or in the case of school buses, which will be required to be inspected annually as provided in section 307.375, except:
- (1) The director of revenue may transfer or issue a state registration license to the type of vehicle required to be inspected by section 307.350 without a certificate of inspection and approval accompanying the application if the director has satisfactory evidence that the vehicle was not in the state of Missouri at any time during the sixty days prior to the date of application; however, the owner of every such vehicle must submit the vehicle for inspection and obtain a certificate of inspection and approval within ten days after the vehicle is first returned to the state of Missouri[.];
- (2) The director of revenue shall renew a vehicle's registration license without a certificate of inspection and approval accompanying the application if satisfactory documentary evidence is presented at the time of application that the license being renewed was properly transferred within a six-month period prior to the expiration of the license being renewed or that the vehicle for which the registration is being issued was issued a registration for a period of less than one year for the registration period just expiring.
- 2. If due to interstate operation a commercial motor vehicle as defined in section 301.010, RSMo, or a trailer of the type required to be inspected is required to obtain full fee registration in this and any other state during the same calendar year, no Missouri certificate of inspection and approval is required if the vehicle bears evidence that a current valid inspection sticker or decal was issued by such other state in which the vehicle is registered; provided that the sticker or decal issued by such other state is valid for the registration period in this state.
- 3. After a commercial motor vehicle as defined in section 301.010, RSMo, has been registered for the current year, no certificate of inspection and approval is required when a local commercial motor vehicle license is changed to a beyond-local commercial motor vehicle license or when the licensed gross weight is changed during the licensed period.
- 307.360. 1. The superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol shall issue permits and written instructions to official inspection stations and shall furnish forms and certificates for

the inspection of brakes, lighting equipment, signaling devices, steering mechanisms, horns, mirrors, windshield wipers, tires, wheels, exhaust system, glazing, air pollution control devices, fuel [tank] system, and any other safety equipment required by the state. In no instance will road testing of a vehicle be considered a part of the inspection procedure.

- 2. The superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol shall prescribe the standards and equipment necessary for an official inspection station and the qualifications for persons who conduct the inspections, and no applicant may be approved to operate an official inspection station until the applicant meets the standards and has the required equipment and qualified inspectors as prescribed. The superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol shall establish standards and procedures to be followed in the making of inspections required by sections 307.350 to 307.390 and shall prescribe rules and regulations for the operation of the stations.
- 3. (1) The application for permit as an official inspection station shall be made to the superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol on a form furnished by [him] **the superintendent**. The fee for a permit to operate an official inspection station shall be ten dollars per year and each permit shall be renewed annually on the date of issue. All fees shall be payable to the director of revenue and shall be deposited by him in the state treasury to the credit of the state highway fund.
- (2) The application shall set forth the name under which applicant transacts or intends to transact business, the location of [his] **the applicant's** place of business and such other information as the superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol may require. If the applicant has or intends to have more than one place of business within the state, a separate application shall be made for each place of business. If the applicant is a partnership, the application shall set forth the names of the partners; [in] **if** a corporation, the names of the officers shall be shown. The application shall be signed and verified by oath or affirmation of the owner or an authorized officer or partner.
- (3) Each location which fulfills the superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol's requirements and whose owners, proprietors and employees comply with [his] the superintendent's regulations and qualifications shall be designated as an official inspection station and the applicant issued a certificate. The superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol shall investigate all applicants for inspection station permits to determine whether or not the premises, equipment and personnel meet the requirements prescribed by him.
- (4) Any automobile mechanic who has had at least one year of practical experience as an automotive mechanic or any person who has successfully completed a course of vocational instruction in automotive mechanics from a generally recognized educational institution, either public or private, and who has demonstrated [his] **the** knowledge and ability to conduct an inspection in compliance with the regulations established by the superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol may be issued a permit to conduct inspections at any official inspection

station. No person without a valid permit shall conduct any part of an inspection, except a person without a valid permit may assist in the inspection of a vehicle by operating the vehicle's lighting equipment and signaling devices. The superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol may [at his discretion] require a mechanic to be reexamined at any time to determine [his] **the mechanic's** knowledge and ability to conduct an inspection. If the mechanic fails the reexamination or refuses to be reexamined, the permit issued to [him] **the mechanic** shall be suspended until the mechanic passes the examination but under no circumstances can the mechanic again be tested until a period of thirty days has elapsed. No fee shall be charged for the permit and the permit shall remain valid for a period of three years from the date of issue or until suspended or revoked by the superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol.

- (5) The superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol may issue a private official inspection station permit to any association, person, partnership, corporation and/or subsidiary corporation, and governmental entity having registered or titled in his, **her** or its name in this state one or more vehicles of the type required to be inspected by section 307.350, or who maintains such vehicles under a written maintenance agreement of at least one year's duration and who maintains approved inspection facilities and has qualified personnel; but separate permits must be obtained for separate facilities of the same association, person, partnership, corporation and/or subsidiary corporation, or governmental entity. Such private stations shall inspect only vehicles registered or to be registered, titled or to be titled or maintained in the name of the person or organization described on the application for permit. No fee shall be charged for a permit issued to a governmental entity.
- 4. (1) The superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol shall supervise and cause inspections to be made of the official inspection stations and inspecting personnel and if [he] the superintendent finds that the provisions of sections 307.350 to 307.390 or the regulations issued pursuant to sections 307.350 to 307.390 are not being complied with, or that the business of an official inspection station, in connection with corrections, adjustments, repairs or inspection of vehicles is being improperly conducted, [he] the superintendent shall suspend or revoke the permit of the station for a period of not less than thirty days or more than one year and require the immediate surrender and return of the permit, together with all official forms and certificates of inspection and approval. If the superintendent finds that an inspector has violated any of the provisions of sections 307.350 to 307.390 or the regulations issued pursuant to sections 307.350 to 307.390, [he] the superintendent shall suspend or revoke the inspector's permit for a period of not less than thirty days nor more than one year. If a station operator or if an inspector violates any of the provisions of sections 307.350 to 307.390, he or she is subject to prosecution as provided in section 307.390.
- (2) The suspension or revocation of a station permit or of an inspector's permit shall be in writing to the operator, inspector, or the person in charge of the station. Before suspending or

revoking either of the permits, the superintendent shall serve notice in writing by certified mail or by personal service to the permittee at [his] the permittee's address of record giving [him] the permittee the opportunity to appear in the office of the superintendent on a stated date, not less than ten nor more than thirty days after the mailing or service of the notice, for a hearing to show cause why [his] the permittee's permit should not be suspended or revoked. An inspection station owner or an inspector may appear in person or by counsel in the office of the superintendent to show cause why the proposed suspension or revocation is in error, or to present any other facts or testimony that would bear on the final decision of the superintendent. If the permittee or [his] the permittee's agent does not appear on the stated day after receipt of notice, it shall be presumed that the permittee admits the allegations of fact contained in the hearing notification letter. The decision of the superintendent may in such case be based upon the written reports submitted [to him] by [his] the superintendent's officers. The order of the superintendent, specifying his findings of fact and conclusions of law, shall be considered final immediately after receipt of notice thereof by the permittee.

- (3) Any person whose permit is suspended or revoked or whose application for a permit is denied may within ten days appeal the action as provided in chapter 536, RSMo.
- 307.365. 1. No permit for an official inspection station shall be assigned or transferred or used at any location other than therein designated and every permit shall be posted in a conspicuous place at the location designated. The superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol shall design and furnish each official inspection station, at no cost, one official sign made of metal or other durable material to be displayed in a conspicuous location to designate the station as an official inspection station. Additional signs may be obtained by an official inspection station for a fee equal to the cost to the state. Each inspection station shall also be supplied with one or more posters which must be displayed in a conspicuous location at the place of inspection and which informs the public that required repairs or corrections need not be made at the inspection station.
- 2. No person operating an official inspection station [under] **pursuant to** the provisions of sections 307.350 to 307.390 may issue a certificate of inspection and approval for any vehicle except upon an official form furnished by the superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol for that purpose and only after inspecting the vehicle and determining that its brakes, lighting equipment, signaling devices, steering mechanisms, horns, mirrors, windshield wipers, tires, wheels, exhaust system, glazing, air pollution control devices, fuel [tank] **system** and any other safety equipment as required by the state are in proper condition and adjustment to be operated upon the public highways of this state with safety to the driver or operator, other occupants therein, as well as other persons and property upon the highways, as provided by sections 307.350 to 307.390 and the regulations prescribed by the superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol. **Brakes may be inspected for safety by means of visual inspection or**

computerized brake testing. No person operating an official inspection station shall furnish, loan, give or sell a certificate of inspection and approval to any other person except those entitled to receive it under provisions of sections 307.350 to 307.390. No person shall have in **[his] such person's** possession any certificate of inspection and approval and/or inspection sticker with knowledge that the certificate and/or inspection sticker has been illegally purchased, stolen or counterfeited.

- 3. The superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol may require officially designated stations to furnish reports upon forms furnished by [him] **the superintendent** for that purpose as [he] **the superintendent** considers reasonably necessary for the proper and efficient administration of sections 307.350 to 307.390.
- 4. If, upon inspection, defects or unsafe conditions are found, the owner may correct them [himself] or shall have them corrected at any place [of his own choice] **the owner chooses** within [fifteen] **twenty** days after the defect or unsafe condition is found, and shall have the right to remove the vehicle to such place for correction, but before the vehicle is operated thereafter upon the public highways of this state, a certificate of inspection and approval must be obtained. The inspecting personnel of the official inspection station must inform the owner that [he need not have] the corrections **need not be** made at the inspection station.
- 5. A fee, not to exceed [seven] **twelve** dollars, as determined by each official inspection station, may be charged by an official inspection station for each official inspection including the issuance of the certificate of inspection and approval, sticker, seal or other device and a total fee, not to exceed [six] ten dollars, as determined by each official inspection station, may be charged for an official inspection of a trailer or motorcycle, which shall include the issuance of the certificate of inspection and approval, sticker, seal or other device. Such fee shall be conspicuously posted on the premises of each such official inspection station. No owner shall be charged an additional inspection fee upon having corrected defects or unsafe conditions found in an inspection completed within the previous [ten] twenty consecutive days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays, if such follow-up inspection is made by the station making the initial inspection. Every inspection for which a fee is charged shall be a complete inspection, and upon completion of the inspection, if any defects are found the owner of the vehicle shall be furnished a list of the defects and a receipt for the fee paid for the inspection. If the owner of a vehicle decides to have any necessary repairs or corrections made at the official inspection station, [he] the owner shall be furnished a written estimate of the cost of such repairs before such repairs or corrections are made by the official inspection station. The written estimate shall have plainly written upon it that the owner understands that [he need not have] the corrections need not be made by the official inspection station and shall have a signature line for the owner. The owner must sign below the statement on the signature line before any repairs are made.
 - 6. Certificates of inspection and approval, sticker, seal or other device shall be purchased

by the official inspection stations from the superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol. The superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol shall collect a fee of [seventy-five] one dollar and fifty cents for each certificate of inspection, sticker, seal or other device issued to the official inspection stations, except that no charge shall be made for certificates of inspection, sticker, seal or other device issued to official inspection stations operated by governmental entities. All fees collected shall be deposited in the state treasury with [fifty cents] one dollar of each fee collected credited to the state highway fund and, for the purpose of administering and enforcing the state motor vehicle laws and traffic regulations, [twenty-five] fifty cents credited to the "Highway Patrol Inspection Fund" which is hereby created. The moneys collected and deposited in the highway patrol inspection fund shall be expended subject to appropriations by the general assembly for the administration and enforcement of sections 307.350 to 307.390 by the Missouri state highway patrol. The unexpended balance in the fund at the end of each biennium exceeding the amount of the appropriations from the fund for the first two fiscal years shall be transferred to the state road fund, and the provisions of section 33.080, RSMo, relating to the transfer of funds to the general revenue fund at the end of the biennium, shall not apply to the fund.

7. The owner or operator of any inspection station who discontinues operation during the period that a station permit is valid or whose station permit is suspended or revoked shall return all official signs and posters and any current unused inspection stickers, seals or other devices to the superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol and shall receive a full refund on request except for official signs and posters, provided the request is made during the calendar year or within sixty days thereafter in the manner prescribed by the superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol. Stations which have a valid permit shall exchange unused previous year issue inspection stickers and/or decals for an identical number of current year issue, provided the unused stickers and/or decals are submitted for exchange not later than April thirtieth of the current calendar year, in the manner prescribed by the superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol.

307.366. 1. This enactment of the emissions inspection program is a mandate of the United States Congress pursuant to the federal Clean Air Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 7401, et seq. In any city not within a county, any county of the first classification having a population of over nine hundred thousand inhabitants according to the most recent decennial census, any county of the first classification with a charter form of government and a population of not more than two hundred twenty thousand inhabitants and not less than two hundred thousand inhabitants according to the most recent decennial census, any county of the first classification without a charter form of government with a population of not more than one hundred eighty thousand inhabitants and not less than one hundred seventy thousand inhabitants according to the most recent decennial census and any county of the first classification without a charter form of

government with a population of not more than eighty-two thousand inhabitants and not less than eighty thousand inhabitants according to the most recent decennial census [, as a part of the motor vehicle inspection procedure required by sections 307.350 to 307.390,] certain motor vehicles shall be tested **annually** to determine that the emissions system is functioning within the emission standards as specified by the Missouri air conservation commission and as required to attain the national health standards for air quality. **The motor vehicles to be tested shall be all motor vehicles except those specifically exempted pursuant to subdivisions (1) to (3) of subsection 1 of section 307.350 and those exempted pursuant to this section.**

- 2. The provisions of this section shall not apply to:
- (1) Motor vehicles with a manufacturer's gross vehicle weight rating in excess of eight thousand five hundred pounds;
 - (2) Motorcycles and motortricycles;
 - (3) Model year vehicles prior to 1971;
 - (4) School buses;
 - (5) Diesel-powered vehicles;
- (6) Motor vehicles registered in the area covered by this section but which are based and operated exclusively in an area of this state not subject to the provisions of this section if the owner of such vehicle presents to the director a sworn affidavit that the vehicle will be based and operated outside the covered area; [and]
- (7) New motor vehicles not previously titled or registered prior to the initial motor vehicle registration or the next succeeding registration which is required by law; **and**
- (8) Motor vehicles owned by a person who resides in a county of the first classification without a charter form of government with a population of less than one hundred thousand inhabitants according to the most recent decennial census who has chosen to have a biennial motor vehicle registration pursuant to section 301.147, RSMo, and who has completed an emission inspection pursuant to section 643.315, RSMo.

Each official inspection station which conducts safety or emissions inspections in a city or county referred to in subsection 1 of this section shall indicate the gross vehicle weight rating of the motor vehicle on the safety inspection certificate if the vehicle is exempt from the emissions inspection pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection.

- 3. (1) At the time of sale, a licensed motor vehicle dealer, as defined in section 301.550, RSMo, may choose to sell a motor vehicle subject to the inspection requirements of this section either:
- (a) With prior inspection and approval as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection; or
- (b) Without prior inspection and approval as provided in subdivision (3) of this subsection.

- (2) If the dealer chooses to sell the vehicle with prior inspection and approval, the dealer shall disclose, in writing, prior to sale, whether the vehicle obtained approval by meeting the emissions standards established pursuant to this section or by obtaining a waiver pursuant to subsection 6 of this section. A vehicle sold pursuant to this subdivision by a licensed motor vehicle dealer shall be inspected and approved within the one hundred twenty days immediately preceding the date of sale, and, for the purpose of registration of such vehicle, such inspection shall be considered timely.
- (3) If the dealer chooses to sell the vehicle without prior inspection and approval, the purchaser may return the vehicle within ten days of the date of purchase, provided that the vehicle has no more than one thousand additional miles since the time of sale, if the vehicle fails, upon inspection, to meet the emissions standards specified by the commission and the dealer shall have the vehicle inspected and approved without the option for a waiver of the emissions standard and return the vehicle to the purchaser with a valid emissions certificate and sticker within five working days or the purchaser and dealer may enter into any other mutually acceptable agreement. If the dealer chooses to sell the vehicle without prior inspection and approval, the dealer shall disclose conspicuously on the sales contract and bill of sale that the purchaser has the option to return the vehicle within ten days, provided that the vehicle has no more than one thousand additional miles since the time of sale, to have the dealer repair the vehicle and provide an emissions certificate and sticker within five working days if the vehicle fails, upon inspection, to meet the emissions standards established by the commission, or enter into any mutually acceptable agreement with the dealer. A violation of this subdivisions shall be an unlawful practice as defined in section 407.020, RSMo. No emissions inspection shall be required pursuant to this section for the sale of any motor vehicle which may be sold without a certificate of inspection and approval, as provided pursuant to subsection 2 of section 307.380, RSMo.
- **4.** In addition to the fee authorized by subsection 5 of section 307.365, a fee, not to exceed eight dollars and fifty cents for inspections conducted prior to January 1, 1993, and not to exceed ten dollars and fifty cents for inspections conducted thereafter, as determined by each official [safety and] emissions inspection station located in any city or county described in subsection 1 of this section, may be charged for an automobile emissions and air pollution control inspection in order to attain the national health standards for air quality. Such fee shall be conspicuously posted on the premises of each such inspection station. The official [safety and] emissions inspection station shall issue a certificate of inspection and an approval sticker or seal certifying the emissions system is functioning properly. The certificate or approval issued shall bear the legend: "This cost is mandated by your United States Congress." No owner shall be charged an additional fee after having corrected defects or unsafe conditions in the automobile's emissions and

air pollution control system if the reinspection is completed within twenty consecutive days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays, and if such follow-up inspection is made by the station making the initial inspection.

- [4.] 5. The air conservation commission shall establish, by rule, a waiver amount which may be lower for older model vehicles and which shall be no greater than seventy-five dollars for model year vehicles prior to 1981 and no greater than two hundred dollars for model year vehicles of 1981 and all subsequent model years.
- [5.] **6.** An owner whose vehicle fails upon reinspection to meet the emission standards specified by the Missouri air conservation commission shall be issued a certificate of inspection and an approval sticker or seal by the official [safety and] emissions inspection station that provided the inspection if the vehicle owner furnishes a complete, signed affidavit satisfying the requirements of this subsection and the cost of emissions repairs and adjustments is equal to or greater than the waiver amount established by the air conservation commission pursuant to this section. The air conservation commission shall establish, by rule, a form and a procedure for verifying that repair and adjustment was performed on a failing vehicle prior to the granting of a waiver and approval. The waiver form established pursuant to this subsection shall be an affidavit requiring:
- (1) A statement signed by the repairer that the specified work was done and stating the itemized charges for the work; and
- (2) A statement signed by the inspector that an inspection of the vehicle verified, to the extent practical, that the specified work was done.
- **[6.] 7.** The department of revenue shall require evidence of the inspection and approval required by this section in issuing the motor vehicle annual registration in conformity with the procedure required by sections 307.350 to 307.370.
- [7.] **8.** Each [safety and] emissions inspection station located in any city or county described in subsection 1 of this section shall purchase from the highway patrol sufficient forms and stickers or other devices to evidence approval of the motor vehicle's emissions control system. In addition, [safety and] emissions inspection stations may be required to purchase forms for use in automated analyzers from outside vendors of the inspection station's choice. The forms must comply with state regulations.
- [8.] **9.** In addition to the fee collected by the superintendent pursuant to subsection 5 of section 307.365, the highway patrol shall collect a fee of seventy-five cents for each automobile emissions certificate issued to the applicable official [safety and] emissions inspection stations, except that no charge shall be made for certificates of inspection issued to official [safety and] emissions inspection stations operated by governmental entities. All fees collected by the superintendent pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the "Missouri Air Pollution Control Fund", which is hereby created.

- [9.] **10.** The moneys collected and deposited in the Missouri air pollution control fund pursuant to this section shall be allocated on an equal basis to the Missouri state highway patrol and the Missouri department of natural resources, air pollution control program, and shall be expended subject to appropriation by the general assembly for the administration and enforcement of sections 307.350 to 307.390. The unexpended balance in the fund at the end of each appropriation period shall not be transferred to the general revenue fund, except as directed by the general assembly by appropriation, and the provisions of section 33.080, RSMo, relating to the transfer of funds to the general revenue fund at the end of the biennium, shall not apply to this fund. The moneys in the fund shall be invested by the treasurer as provided by law, and the interest shall be credited to the fund.
- [10.] 11. The superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol shall issue such rules and regulations as are necessary to determine whether a motor vehicle's emissions control system is operating as required by subsection 1 of this section, and the superintendent and the state highways and transportation commission shall use their best efforts to seek federal funds from which reimbursement grants may be made to those official inspection stations which acquire and use the necessary testing equipment which will be required to perform the tests required by the provisions of this section.
- [11.] 12. The provisions of this section shall not apply in any county for any time period during which the air conservation commission has established a motor vehicle emissions inspection program pursuant to sections 643.300 to 643.355, RSMo, for such county, except where motor vehicle owners have the option of biennial testing pursuant to chapter 643, RSMo. In counties where such option is available, the emissions inspection may be conducted in stations conducting only an emissions inspection under contract to the state.
- [12.] **13.** Notwithstanding the provisions of section 307.390, violation of this section shall be deemed a class C misdemeanor.
- 307.375. 1. The owner of every bus used to transport children to or from school in addition to any other inspection required by law shall submit the vehicle to an official inspection station, and obtain a certificate of inspection, sticker, seal or other device annually [during the month of August or], but the inspection of the vehicle shall not be made more than sixty days prior to operating the vehicle during the school year. The inspection shall, in addition to the inspection of the mechanism and equipment required for all motor vehicles under the provisions of sections 307.350 to 307.390, include an inspection to ascertain that the following items are correctly fitted, adjusted, and in good working condition:
 - (1) All mirrors, including crossview, inside, and outside;
 - (2) The front and rear warning flashers;
 - (3) The stop signal arm;

- (4) The crossing control arm on public school buses required to have them pursuant to section 304.050, RSMo;
- (5) The rear bumper to determine that it is flush with the bus so that hitching of rides cannot occur:
 - (6) The exhaust tailpipe to determine that it does not protrude from the bus;
- (7) The emergency [door] **doors and exits** to determine [that it is] **them to be** unlocked and easily opened as required;
 - (8) The lettering and signing on the front, side, and rear of the bus;
 - (9) The service door;
 - (10) The step treads;
 - (11) The aisle mats or aisle runners:
- (12) The emergency equipment which shall include as a minimum, a first aid kit, flares or fuses, and a fire extinguisher;
 - (13) The seats, including a determination that they are securely fastened to the floor;
 - (14) The emergency door buzzer;
 - (15) All hand hold grips;
 - (16) The interior glazing of the bus.
- 2. In addition to the inspection required by subsection 1, the Missouri state highway patrol shall conduct an inspection after February first of each school year of all vehicles required to be marked as school buses under section 304.050, RSMo. This inspection shall be conducted by the Missouri highway patrol in cooperation with the department of elementary and secondary education and shall include, as a minimum, items in subsection 1 and the following:
 - (1) The driver seat belts;
 - (2) The heating and defrosting systems;
 - (3) The reflectors:
 - (4) The bus steps;
 - (5) The aisles.
- 3. If, upon inspection, conditions which violate the standards in subsection 2 are found, the owner or operator shall have them corrected in ten days and notify the superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol or those persons authorized by the superintendent. If the defects or unsafe conditions found constitute an immediate danger, the bus shall not be used until corrections are made and the superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol or those persons authorized by the superintendent are notified.
- 4. The Missouri highway patrol may inspect any school bus at any time and if such inspection reveals a deficiency affecting the safe operation of the bus, the provisions of subsection 3 shall be applicable.
 - 307.390. **1.** Any person who violates any provision of sections 307.350 to 307.390 is guilty

of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished as provided by law.

- 2. The superintendent of the Missouri state highway patrol may assign qualified persons who are not highway patrol officers to investigate and enforce motor vehicle safety inspection laws and regulations pursuant to sections 307.350 to 307.390 and sections 643.300 to 643.355, RSMo. A person assigned by the superintendent pursuant to the authority granted by this subsection shall be designated a motor vehicle inspector and shall have limited powers to issue a uniform complaint and summons for a violation of the motor vehicle inspection laws and regulations. A motor vehicle inspector shall not have authority to exercise the power granted in this subsection until such inspector successfully completes training provided by, and to the satisfaction of, the superintendent.
- 307.400. 1. It is unlawful for any person to operate any commercial motor vehicle licensed for more than twelve thousand pounds either singly or in combination with a trailer, as both vehicles are defined in section 301.010, RSMo, unless such vehicles are equipped and operated as required by Parts 390 through 397, Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, as such regulations have been and may periodically be amended, whether intrastate transportation or interstate transportation. Members of the Missouri state highway patrol are authorized to enter the cargo area of a commercial motor vehicle or trailer to inspect the contents when reasonable grounds exist to cause belief that the vehicle is transporting hazardous materials as defined by Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations. The director of the department of public safety is hereby authorized to further regulate the safety of commercial motor vehicles and trailers as he deems necessary to govern and control their operation on the public highways of this state by promulgating and publishing rules and regulations consistent with this chapter. Any such rules shall, in addition to any other provisions deemed necessary by the director, require:
- (1) Every commercial motor vehicle and trailer and all parts thereof to be maintained in a safe condition at all times;
- (2) Accidents arising from or in connection with the operation of commercial motor vehicles and trailers to be reported to the department of public safety in such detail and in such manner as the director may require.

Except for the provisions of subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, the provisions of this section shall not apply to any commercial motor vehicle operated in intrastate commerce and licensed for a gross weight of sixty thousand pounds or less when used exclusively for the transportation of solid waste or forty-two thousand pounds or less when the license plate has been designated for farm use by the letter "F" as authorized by the Revised Statutes of Missouri, unless such vehicle is transporting hazardous materials as defined in Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations.

2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section to the contrary, Part 391, Subpart E, Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, relating to the physical requirements of drivers

shall not be applicable to drivers in intrastate commerce, provided such drivers were licensed by this state as chauffeurs to operate commercial motor vehicles on May 13, 1988. Persons who are otherwise qualified and licensed to operate a commercial motor vehicle in this state may operate such vehicle intrastate at the age of eighteen years or older, except that any person transporting hazardous material must be at least twenty-one years of age.

- 3. Commercial motor vehicles and drivers of such vehicles may be placed out of service if the vehicles are not equipped and operated according to the requirements of this section. Criteria used for placing vehicles and drivers out of service are the North American Uniform Out-of-Service Criteria adopted by the Commercial Vehicle Safety Alliance and the United States Department of Transportation, as such criteria have been and may periodically be amended.
- 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section to the contrary, Part 395, Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, relating to the hours of drivers, shall not apply to any vehicle owned or operated by any public utility, rural electric cooperative or other public service organization, or to the driver of such vehicle, while providing restoration of essential utility services during emergencies and operating intrastate. For the purposes of this subsection, the term "essential utility services" means electric, gas, water, telephone and sewer services.
- 5. Part 395, Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, relating to the hours of drivers, shall not apply to drivers transporting agricultural commodities or farm supplies for agricultural purposes in this state if such transportation:
- (1) Is limited to an area within a one hundred air mile radius from the source of the commodities or the distribution point for the farm supplies; and
- (2) Is conducted during the planting and harvesting season within this state, as defined by the department of public safety by regulation.
- 6. The provisions of Part 395.8, Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, relating to recording of a driver's duty status, shall not apply to drivers engaged in agricultural operations referred to in subsection 5 of this section, if the motor carrier who employs the driver maintains and retains for a period of six months accurate and true records showing:
 - (1) The total number of hours the driver is on duty each day; and
 - (2) The time at which the driver reports for, and is released from, duty each day.
- **7.** Violation of any provision of this section or any rule promulgated as authorized therein is a class B misdemeanor.
- [6.] **8.** No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the authority of this chapter shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section 536.024, RSMo.
- 374.070. 1. The office shall be a public office and the records shall be public records and shall at all times be open to the inspection of the public subject to such rules as the director shall

make for their safekeeping; provided, however, that the work product of the director, [his] **the director's** employees and agents, including but not limited to work papers of examinations of companies, work papers of investigations of companies, agents, brokers and insurance agencies and confidential communications to the department of insurance, shall not be considered public records except as the director may decide otherwise[, or until the matter to which the work papers are related becomes final].

- 2. When requested, the director shall furnish certified copies of any paper, report, or documents on file in [his] **the director's** office to any person requesting them, upon payment of the fees allowed by law.
- 3. Five years after the conclusion of the transactions to which they relate, the director is authorized to destroy or otherwise dispose of all correspondence, complaints, claim files, working papers of examinations of companies, examination reports of companies made by the insurance supervisory officials of states other than Missouri, rating files, void or obsolete or superseded rate filings and schedules, individual company rating experience data, applications, requisitions, and requests for licenses, all license cards and records, all expired bonds, all records of hearings, and all similar records, papers, documents, and memoranda now or hereafter in the possession of the director.
- 4. Ten years after the conclusion of the transactions to which they relate, the director is authorized to destroy or otherwise dispose of all foreign companies' and alien companies' annual statements, valuation reports, tax reports, and all similar records, papers, documents and memoranda now or hereafter in the possession of the director.
- 5. Disposal and destruction of records shall be in accordance with sections 109.200 to 109.310, RSMo.
- 374.205. 1. (1) The director or any of the director's examiners may conduct an examination pursuant to sections 374.202 to 374.207 of any company as often as the director in his or her sole discretion deems appropriate, but shall, at a minimum, conduct a financial examination of every insurer licensed in this state at least once every five years. In scheduling and determining the nature, scope and frequency of examinations, the director may consider such matters as the results of financial statement analyses and ratios, changes in management or ownership, actuarial opinions, reports of independent certified public accountants, consumer complaints, and other criteria as set forth in the Examiners' Handbook adopted by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and in effect when the director exercises discretion pursuant to this section.
- (2) For purposes of completing an examination of any company pursuant to sections 374.202 to 374.207, the director may examine or investigate any person, or the business of any person, insofar as such examination or investigation is, in the sole discretion of the director, necessary or material to the examination of the company.

- (3) In lieu of a financial examination pursuant to section 374.207 of any foreign or alien insurer licensed in this state, the director may accept a financial examination report on the company as prepared by the insurance department or other appropriate agency for the company's state of domicile or port-of-entry state until January 1, 1994. [Thereafter] **After January 1, 1994**, such reports may only be accepted if such insurance department or other appropriate agency was at the time of the examination accredited [under] **pursuant to** the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' Financial Regulation Standards and Accreditation Program or the examination is performed under the supervision of an accredited insurance department or other appropriate agency or with the participation of one or more examiners who are employed by such an accredited state insurance department or other appropriate agency and who, after a review of the examination workpapers and report, state under oath that the examination was performed in a manner consistent with the standards and procedures required by their insurance department or other appropriate agency.
- 2. (1) Upon determining that an examination should be conducted, the director or the director's designee shall issue an examination warrant appointing one or more examiners to perform the examination and instructing them as to the scope of the examination. In conducting the examination, the examiner shall observe those guidelines and procedures set forth in the Examiners' Handbook adopted by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners. The director may also employ such other guidelines or procedures as the director may deem appropriate.
- (2) Every company or person from whom information is sought, its officers, directors and agents shall provide to the examiners appointed pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection timely, convenient and free access at all reasonable hours at its offices to all books, records, accounts, papers, documents and any or all computer or other recordings relating to the property, assets, business and affairs of the company being examined. The company or person being examined shall provide within ten calendar days any record requested by an examiner during a market conduct examination, unless such company or person demonstrates to the satisfaction of the director that the requested record cannot be provided within ten calendar days of the request. All policy records for each policy issued shall be maintained for the duration of the current policy term plus two calendar years and all claim files shall be maintained for the calendar year in which the claim is closed plus three calendar years. The officers, directors, employees and agents of the company or person shall facilitate the examination and aid in the examination so far as it is in their power to do so. The refusal of any company, by its officers, directors, employees or agents, to submit to examination or to comply with any reasonable written request of the examiners shall be grounds for suspension or refusal of, or nonrenewal of, any license or authority held by the company to engage in an insurance or other business subject to the director's jurisdiction. Any such proceeding for suspension, revocation or refusal of any license or authority

shall be conducted pursuant to section 374.046.

- (3) The director or any of the director's examiners may issue subpoenas to administer oaths and to examine under oath any person as to any matter pertinent to the examination. Upon the failure or refusal of any person to obey a subpoena, the director may petition a court of competent jurisdiction, and upon proper showing, the court may enter an order compelling the witness to appear and testify or produce documentary evidence. Failure to obey the court order shall be punishable as contempt of court. Such subpoenas may also be enforced pursuant to the provisions of sections 375.881 and 375.1162, RSMo.
- (4) When making an examination pursuant to sections 374.202 to 374.207, the director may retain attorneys, appraisers, independent actuaries, independent certified public accountants or other professionals and specialists as examiners, the cost of which shall be borne directly by the company which is the subject of the examination.
- (5) The provisions of sections 374.202 to 374.207 shall not be construed to limit the director's authority to terminate or suspend any examination in order to pursue other legal or regulatory action pursuant to the insurance laws of this state. Findings of fact and conclusions made pursuant to any examination shall be prima facie evidence in any legal or regulatory action.
- (6) Nothing contained in sections 374.202 to 374.207 shall be construed to limit the director's authority to use and, if appropriate, to make public any final or preliminary examination report, any examiner or company workpapers or other documents, or any other information discovered or developed during the course of any examination in the furtherance of any legal or regulatory action which the director may, in his or her sole discretion, deem appropriate.
- 3. (1) All examination reports shall be comprised of only facts appearing upon the books, records, or other documents of the company, its agents or other persons examined, or as ascertained from the testimony of its officers or agents or other persons examined concerning its affairs, and such conclusions and recommendations as the examiners find reasonably warranted from the facts.
- (2) No later than sixty days following completion of the examination, the examiner in charge shall file with the department a verified written report of examination under oath. Upon receipt of the verified report, the department shall transmit the report to the company examined, together with a notice which shall afford the company examined a reasonable opportunity of not more than thirty days to make a written submission or rebuttal with respect to any matters contained in the examination report.
- (3) Within thirty days of the end of the period allowed for the receipt of written submissions or rebuttals, the director shall fully consider and review the report, together with any written submissions or rebuttals and any relevant portions of the examiner's workpapers and either initiate legal action or enter an order:
 - (a) Adopting the examination report as filed or with modification or corrections. If the

examination report reveals that the company is operating in violation of any law, regulation or prior order of the director, the director may order the company to take any action the director considers necessary and appropriate to cure such violation;

- (b) Rejecting the examination report with directions to the examiners to reopen the examination for purposes of obtaining additional data, documentation or information, and refiling pursuant to subsection 1 of this section;
- (c) Calling for an investigatory hearing with no less than twenty days' notice to the company for purposes of obtaining additional documentation, data, information and testimony; or
- (d) Calling for such regulatory action as the director deems appropriate, provided that this order shall be a confidential internal order directing the department to take certain action.
- (4) All orders entered pursuant to paragraph (a) of subdivision (3) of this subsection shall be accompanied by findings and conclusions resulting from the director's consideration and review of the examination report, relevant examiner workpapers and any written submissions or rebuttals. Any such order shall be considered a final administrative decision and may be appealed pursuant to section 536.150, RSMo, and shall be served upon the company by certified mail, together with a copy of the adopted examination report. Within thirty days of the issuance of the adopted report, the company shall file affidavits executed by each of its directors stating under oath that they have received a copy of the adopted report and related orders. Any hearing conducted pursuant to paragraph (c) of subdivision (3) of this subsection by the director or authorized representative shall be conducted as a nonadversarial confidential investigatory proceeding as necessary for the resolution of any inconsistencies, discrepancies or disputed issues apparent upon the face of the filed examination report or raised by or as a result of the director's review of relevant workpapers or by the written submission or rebuttal of the company. Within twenty days of the conclusion of any such hearing, the director shall enter an order pursuant to paragraph (a) of subdivision (3) of this subsection. In conducting a hearing pursuant to paragraph (c) of subdivision (3) of this subsection:
- (a) The director shall not appoint an examiner as an authorized representative to conduct the hearing. The hearing shall proceed expeditiously with discovery by the company limited to the examiner's workpapers which tend to substantiate any assertions set forth in any written submission or rebuttal. The director or his or her representative may issue subpoenas for the attendance of any witnesses or the production of any documents deemed relevant to the investigation whether under the control of the department, the company or other persons. The documents produced shall be included in the record, and testimony taken by the director or his or her representative shall be under oath and preserved for the record. The provisions of this section shall not require the department to disclose any information or records which would indicate or show the existence of any investigation or activity of a criminal justice agency; and
 - (b) The hearing shall proceed with the director or his or her representative posing

questions to the persons subpoenaed. Thereafter, the company and the department may present testimony relevant to the investigation. Cross-examination shall be conducted only by the director or the director's representative. The company and the department shall be permitted to make closing statements and may be represented by counsel of their choice.

- (5) Upon the adoption of the examination report pursuant to paragraph (a) of subdivision (3) of this subsection, the director shall continue to hold the content of the examination report as private and confidential information for a period of ten days except to the extent provided in this subdivision. Thereafter, the director may open the [record] report for public inspection so long as no court of competent jurisdiction has stayed its publication. Nothing contained in the insurance laws of this state shall prevent or be construed as prohibiting the director from disclosing the content of an examination report, preliminary examination report or results, or any matter relating thereto, to the insurance department of this or any other state or country, or to law enforcement officials of this or any other state or agency of the federal government at any time, so long as such agency or office receiving the report or matters relating thereto agrees in writing to hold it confidential and in a manner consistent with this section. In the event the director determines that legal or regulatory action is appropriate as a result of any examination, he or she may initiate any proceedings or actions as provided by law.
- 4. All working papers, recorded information, documents and copies thereof produced by, obtained by or disclosed to the director or any person in the course of an examination made pursuant to this section shall be given confidential treatment and are not subject to subpoena and may not be made public by the director or any other person, except to the extent provided in subdivision (5) of subsection 3 of this section. Access may also be granted to the National Association of Insurance Commissioners. Such parties shall agree in writing prior to receiving the information to provide to it the same confidential treatment as required by this section, unless the prior written consent of the company to which it pertains has been obtained.
- 379.204. Any underinsured motor vehicle coverage with limits of liability less than two times the limits for bodily injury or death pursuant to section 303.020, RSMo, shall be construed to provide coverage in excess of the liability coverage of any underinsured motor vehicle involved in the accident.
- 643.310. 1. The commission may, by rule, establish a motor vehicle emissions inspection program [under] **pursuant to** sections 643.300 to 643.355 for any portion of a nonattainment area located within the area described in subsection 1 of section 643.305, except for any portion of the nonattainment area which is located in a county of the first classification without a charter form of government with a population of less than one hundred thousand inhabitants according to the most recent decennial census, **except that the commission may establish a motor vehicle emissions inspection program pursuant to sections 643.300 to 643.355 in such county only for motor vehicles owned by residents of such county who have chosen to have a**

biennial motor vehicle registration pursuant to section 301.147, RSMo, if the commission determines that such motor vehicle emissions inspection program is necessary in that area to comply with the requirements of subsection 1 of section 643.305. The commission shall ensure that, for each nonattainment area, the state implementation plan established [under] pursuant to subsection 1 of section 643.305 incorporates and receives all applicable credits allowed by the United States Environmental Protection Agency for emission reduction programs in other nonattainment areas of like designation in other states. The commission shall ensure that emission reduction amounts established [under] pursuant to subsection 2 of section 643.305 shall be consistent with and not exceed the emissions reduction amounts required by the United States Environmental Protection Agency for other nonattainment areas of like designation in other states. No motor vehicle emissions inspection program shall be required to comply with subsection 1 of section 643.305 unless the plan established thereunder takes full advantage of any changes in requirements or any agreements made or entered into by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and any entity or entities on behalf of a nonattainment area concerning compliance with National Ambient Air Quality Standards of the federal Clean Air Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq., and the regulations promulgated thereunder. The air conservation commission shall request and it shall be the duty of the attorney general to bring, in a court of competent jurisdiction, an action challenging the authority of the United States Environmental Protection Agency to impose sanctions for failure to attain National Ambient Air Quality Standards and failure to provide for required emission reductions under the federal Clean Air Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 7401, et seq. The action shall seek to define the required emission reductions and the credits allowed for current and planned emission reductions measures. The air conservation commission shall request and it shall be the duty of the attorney general to bring an action to obtain injunctive relief to enjoin and restrain the imposition of sanctions on the state of Missouri under the federal Clean Air Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 7401, et seq., until all actions initiated [under] pursuant to this section have been decided. Provisions of section 307.366, RSMo, to the contrary notwithstanding, the requirements of sections 643.300 to 643.355 shall apply to those areas designated by the commission funder pursuant to this section in lieu of the provisions of section 307.366, RSMo.

- 2. No later than the effective date of this section, the department of natural resources and the Missouri highway patrol shall enter into an interagency agreement covering all aspects of the administration and enforcement of section 307.366, RSMo, and sections 643.300 to 643.355.
- [2.] **3. (1)** The department [shall contract with one or more persons to provide any motor vehicle emissions inspection program established under sections 643.300 to 643.355.
- 3. The department may purchase the motor vehicle emissions inspection facilities pursuant to appropriations specifically provided for that purpose. The department may lease, sublease or

license the facilities to the contractor or contractors for the purpose of fulfilling the obligations of the contract for the motor vehicle emissions inspection program.], with the cooperation and approval of the commissioner of administration, shall select a person or persons to operate an inspection facility or inspection program pursuant to sections 643.300 to 643.355, under a bid procedure or under a negotiated process or a combination thereof based on criteria and expectations established by the department. This process may use either a licensing arrangement or contractual arrangement with the selected party or parties. The selection of persons to operate inspection facilities or inspection programs shall be exempt from the provisions of all site procurement laws. The number of locations shall be no less than the number needed to provide adequate service to customers and establish an emissions inspection program which satisfies the requirements of this section. Each person who is authorized to operate a station pursuant to this section shall be capable of providing adequate and cost-effective service to customers.

- (2) Service management, coordination and data processing may be provided by the department or by another person, including a contractor or licensee, based upon the most cost-effective proposal for service.
- (3) A license or contract shall be for a period of up to seven years, consistent with the provisions of article IV, section 28 of the Missouri Constitution, and licenses or contracts shall be annually reviewed. A license or contract may be suspended or revoked if the licensee or contractor is not meeting the conditions of sections 643.300 to 643.355, all applicable rules, the license agreement or contract as determined by the department. A licensee or contractor found to have violated sections 643.300 to 643.355, applicable rules or the conditions of the license agreement or contract shall be in violation of section 643.151 and subject to the penalties provided thereunder.
 - 4. The inspection program shall satisfy the following criteria:
- (1) There shall be an adequate number of stations to ensure that no more than twenty percent of all persons residing in an affected nonattainment area reside farther than five miles from the nearest inspection station, and consideration shall be given to employment, locations and commuting patterns when selecting the locations of the stations;
- (2) There shall be an adequate number of inspection lanes at each facility so that no more than five percent of all persons having an inspection are required to wait more than fifteen minutes before the inspection begins;
- (3) The days and daily hours of operation shall include at least those hours specified by the department, which shall include, at a minimum, twelve continuous hours of operation on all weekdays excepting federal holidays, and six continuous hours of operation on all Saturdays excepting federal holidays;
 - (4) The emissions inspection program shall include a simulated on-road emissions

inspection component, including pressure and purge tests, which satisfies the requirements established by regulation of the United States Environmental Protection Agency and may include a visual inspection component;

- (5) The inspection stations shall be test-only stations and shall not offer motor vehicle emissions repairs, parts or services of any kind;
- (6) No person operating or employed by an emissions inspection station shall repair or maintain motor vehicle emission systems or pollution control devices for compensation of any kind.
- 5. The commission, the department of economic development and the office of administration shall, in cooperation with the minority business advocacy commission, select the contractor or contractors to provide an inspection program which satisfies the minimum requirements of this section in accordance with the requirements of section 33.752, RSMo, and chapter 34, RSMo. The commission, the office of administration and the department of economic development, in cooperation with the minority business advocacy commission shall ensure adequate minority business participation in the selection of the contractor or contractors to provide an inspection program [under] pursuant to this section. The commission, the office of administration and the department of economic development shall ensure adequate participation of Missouri businesses in the selection of the contractor or contractors to provide an inspection program [under] pursuant to this section.
- 6. With approval of the commission and [under] pursuant to rules adopted by the commission, an organization whose members are motor vehicle dealers or leasing companies may establish one or more additional emissions inspection facilities, which may be either mobile or stationary, to be used solely to inspect motor vehicles owned and held for sale or lease by the members of the organization. With approval of the commission and [under] pursuant to rules adopted by the commission, any person operating a fleet of five hundred or more motor vehicles may establish one or more additional emissions inspection facilities, which may be either mobile or stationary, to be used solely to inspect motor vehicles owned or leased and operated by the person establishing the facility. The inspections performed in facilities established [under] pursuant to this subsection shall be performed by a contractor selected by the commission [under] pursuant to this section and the contractor performing such inspections shall be responsible solely to the department and shall satisfy all applicable requirements of sections 643.300 to 643.355.
- 7. Any person who owns Missouri analyzer system emission inspection equipment as defined by rule, used to provide emissions inspections [under] **pursuant to** section 307.366, RSMo, at a facility located in an area in which an emissions inspection program has been established [under] **pursuant to** sections 643.300 to 643.355 may, within twelve months of the implementation of an emissions inspection program [under] **pursuant to** sections 643.300 to 643.355, sell such equipment, to the department of natural resources at current market value as

established by an independent appraisal provided that the equipment is fully functional and has been maintained according to all applicable manufacturer's specifications and procedures. The department shall purchase such equipment using funds appropriated for that purpose from the Missouri air emission reduction fund. Any person who, prior to January 1, 1992, contracted to lease or lease purchase, or purchased by borrowing a portion of the funds secured by a chattel mortgage, Missouri analyzer system emission inspection equipment used to provide emissions inspections [under] pursuant to section 307.366, RSMo, at a facility located in an area in which an emissions inspection program has been established [under] pursuant to sections 643.300 to 643.355, and has made all payments required under the contract, may, within twelve months of the implementation of an emissions inspection program [under] **pursuant to** sections 643.300 to 643.355, request the department of natural resources to take possession of such equipment and assume all payment obligations owed on such equipment which obligations are not in excess of one hundred and twenty-five percent of the current market value as established by an independent appraisal, provided that the equipment is fully functional and has been maintained according to all applicable manufacturer's specifications and procedures. The department shall take possession of such equipment and pay such obligations using funds appropriated for that purpose from the Missouri air emission reduction fund.

- 8. If the governor applies to the administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to require federal reformulated gasoline in nonattainment areas, nothing in sections 643.300 to 643.355 shall prevent the storage of conventional gasoline in nonattainment areas which is intended for sale to agricultural, commercial or retail customers outside said nonattainment areas subject to reformulated gasoline.
- 9. The governor, the department of natural resources, and the commission shall work to ensure an orderly transition period in the nonattainment area for the introduction of reformulated gasoline. Priority shall be given to ensure the petroleum refiners ample time to organize, structure, and implement both the production and the delivery of reformulated gasoline to the nonattainment area, so that consumers will see an orderly, seamless market substitution.
- 643.315. 1. Except as provided in sections 643.300 to 643.355, all motor vehicles which are domiciled, registered or primarily operated in an area for which the commission has established a motor vehicle emissions inspection program [under] pursuant to sections 643.300 to 643.355, which may include all motor vehicles owned by residents of a county of the first classification without a charter form of government with a population of less than one hundred thousand inhabitants according to the most recent decennial census who have chosen to have a biennial motor vehicle registration pursuant to section 301.147, RSMo, shall be inspected and approved prior to sale or transfer. In addition, any such vehicle manufactured as an even-numbered model year vehicle shall be inspected and approved under the emissions inspection program established [under] pursuant to sections 643.300 to 643.355 in each

even-numbered calendar year and any such vehicle manufactured as an odd-numbered model year vehicle shall be inspected and approved under the emissions inspection program established [under] **pursuant to** sections 643.300 to 643.355 in each odd-numbered calendar year. All motor vehicles subject to the inspection requirements of sections 643.300 to 643.355 shall display a valid emissions inspection sticker, and when applicable, a valid emissions inspection certificate shall be presented at the time of registration or registration renewal of such motor vehicle.

- 2. No emission standard established by the commission for a given make and model year shall exceed the lesser of the following:
- (1) The emission standard for that vehicle model year as established by the United States Environmental Protection Agency; or
- (2) The emission standard for that vehicle make and model year as established by the vehicle manufacturer.
- 3. The inspection requirement of subsection 1 of this section shall apply to all motor vehicles except:
- (1) Motor vehicles with a manufacturer's gross vehicle weight rating in excess of eight thousand five hundred pounds;
- (2) Motorcycles and motortricycles if such vehicles are exempted from the motor vehicle emissions inspection under federal regulation and approved by the commission by rule;
 - (3) Model year vehicles prior to 1971;
- (4) Vehicles which are powered exclusively by electric or hydrogen power or by fuels other than gasoline which are exempted from the motor vehicle emissions inspection under federal regulation and approved by the commission by rule;
- (5) Motor vehicles registered in an area subject to the inspection requirements of sections 643.300 to 643.355 which are domiciled and operated exclusively in an area of the state not subject to the inspection requirements of sections 643.300 to 643.355, but only if the owner of such vehicle presents to the department an affidavit that the vehicle will be operated exclusively in an area of the state not subject to the inspection requirements of sections 643.300 to 643.355 for the next twenty-four months, and the owner applies for and receives a waiver which shall be presented at the time of registration or registration renewal; and
- (6) New and unused motor vehicles, of model years of the current calendar year and of any calendar year within two years of such calendar year, which have an odometer reading of less than six thousand miles at the time of original sale by a motor vehicle manufacturer or licensed motor vehicle dealer to the first user.
- 4. The commission may, by rule, allow inspection reciprocity with other states having equivalent or more stringent testing and waiver requirements than those established [under] **pursuant to** sections 643.300 to 643.355.
 - 5. (1) At the time of sale, a licensed motor vehicle dealer, as defined in section [301.250]

- **301.550**, RSMo, may choose to sell a motor vehicle subject to the inspection requirements of sections 643.300 to 643.355 either:
 - (a) With prior inspection and approval as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection; or
- (b) Without prior inspection and approval as provided in subdivision (3) of this subsection[;].
- (2) If the dealer chooses to sell the vehicle with prior inspection and approval, the dealer shall disclose, in writing, prior to sale, whether the vehicle obtained approval by meeting the emissions standards established [under] pursuant to sections 643.300 to 643.355 or by obtaining a waiver [under] pursuant to section 643.335. A vehicle sold pursuant to this subdivision by a licensed motor vehicle dealer shall be inspected and approved within the one hundred twenty days immediately preceding the date of sale, and, for the purpose of registration of such vehicle, such inspection shall be considered timely.
- (3) If the dealer chooses to sell the vehicle without prior inspection and approval, the purchaser may return the vehicle within [fourteen] ten days of the date of purchase, provided that the vehicle has no more than one thousand additional miles since the time of sale, if the vehicle fails, upon inspection, to meet the emissions standards specified by the commission and the dealer shall have the vehicle inspected and approved without the option for a waiver of the emissions standard and return the vehicle to the purchaser with a valid emissions certificate and sticker within five working days[, or the dealer shall either provide a full refund of the vehicle purchase price or provide a comparable vehicle until the original vehicle is returned to the purchaser with a valid emissions certificate and sticker. If the dealer cannot return the vehicle with a valid emissions certificate and sticker within fifteen additional working days, then, at the purchaser's option, the purchaser may return the vehicle to the dealer for a full refund of the vehicle purchase price, which may include a vehicle taken on trade or the amount allowed for a vehicle taken on trade] or the purchaser and dealer may enter into any other mutually acceptable agreement. If the dealer chooses to sell the vehicle without prior inspection and approval, the dealer shall disclose conspicuously on the sales contract and bill of sale that the purchaser has the option to return the vehicle within [fourteen] ten days, provided that the vehicle has no more than one thousand additional miles since the time of sale, to have the dealer repair the vehicle and provide an emissions certificate and sticker within five working days if the vehicle fails, upon inspection, to meet the emissions standards established by the commission, for the dealer shall either provide a full refund of the vehicle purchase price or provide a comparable vehicle until the original vehicle is returned to the purchaser with a valid emissions certificate and sticker or, if the vehicle cannot be inspected and approved within fifteen additional working days, then the purchaser may choose to return the vehicle for a full refund, which may include a vehicle taken on trade or the amount allowed for a vehicle taken on trade,] or enter into any mutually acceptable agreement with the dealer. A violation of this subdivision shall be an unlawful practice as defined in section

407.020, RSMo. No emissions inspection shall be required [under] **pursuant to** sections 643.300 to 643.360 for the sale of any motor vehicle which may be sold without a certificate of inspection and approval, as provided [under] **pursuant to** subsection 2 of section 307.380, RSMo.

- 643.335. 1. The commission shall establish, by rule, a waiver amount which may be lower for older model vehicles and which, prior to January 1, 2001, shall be no greater than seventy-five dollars for model year vehicles prior to 1981, no greater than two hundred dollars for model year vehicles of 1981 to 1996 and no greater than four hundred and fifty dollars for model year vehicles of 1997 and all subsequent model years. On and after January 1, 2001, the commission may, by rule, set the waiver amount, except that the waiver amount shall not exceed the waiver amount provided in the federal Clean Air Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq., and the regulations promulgated thereunder for the enhanced motor vehicle emissions inspection.
- 2. The commission shall establish, by rule, a form and a procedure for verifying that repair and adjustment was performed on a failing vehicle prior to the granting of a waiver and approval.
- 3. The waiver form established [under] **pursuant to** subsection 2 of this section shall be an affidavit requiring:
- (1) A statement signed by the repairer that the specified work was done and stating the itemized charges for the work; and
- (2) A statement signed by the emissions inspection contractor that an inspection of the vehicle verified, to the extent practical, that the specified work was done.
- 4. A vehicle which fails upon reinspection to meet the emissions standards specified by the commission shall have the emissions standards waived and receive approval only if the owner furnishes a complete, signed affidavit satisfying the requirements of subsection 3 of this section and the cost of the [repair] parts, repairs and adjustment work performed is equal to or greater than the waiver amount established by the commission. Costs for repair work may only be included toward reaching the waiver amount if the repairs are performed by a recognized repair technician as defined by rule.
- 5. No cost for parts, repairs or adjustments shall be included toward reaching the waiver amount if such costs are covered by an emission control performance warranty provided by the manufacturer at no additional cost to the vehicle owner unless the vehicle owner provides, with the affidavit, a written denial of warranty remedy from the motor vehicle manufacturer, dealer or other person providing the warranty.
- 6. No cost for parts, repairs or adjustments shall be included toward reaching the waiver amount if such costs are required to correct the effects of tampering with emissions systems or air pollution control devices.
- 643.350. 1. A fee, not to exceed twenty-four dollars, may be charged for an emissions inspection conducted under the emissions inspection program established pursuant to sections 643.300 to 643.355, except that on days of operation, other than the last three days of operation

in each calendar month, the fee shall be reduced by:

- (1) [Five dollars for any person who is required to wait more than fifteen minutes before the inspection begins;
- (2)] Ten dollars for any person who is required to wait more than thirty minutes before the inspection begins; and
- [(3)] **(2**) Twenty dollars for any person who is required to wait more than sixty minutes before the inspection begins.

The waiting time shall begin at the time when the customer's vehicle is on the premises of the inspection station and available for inspection.

- 2. The commission shall establish, by rule, a time-stamping system to ensure that the time of arrival and the time inspection begins is accurately recorded for each vehicle at each emissions inspection facility.
- 3. The fee shall be conspicuously posted on the premises of each emissions inspection station.
- 4. The commission shall establish, by rule, the portion of the fee amount to be remitted by the contractor to the director of revenue and the number of days allowed for remitting fees.
- 5. The contractor shall remit the portion of fees collected, as established by the commission [under] **pursuant to** this section, to the director of revenue within the time period established by the commission. The director of revenue shall deposit the fees received in the state treasury to the credit of the "Missouri Air Emission Reduction Fund", which is hereby created. Moneys in the fund shall, subject to appropriation, be expended for the administration and enforcement of sections 643.300 to 643.355 **by the department of natural resources, the Missouri highway patrol, and other appropriate agencies**. Any balance in the fund at the end of the biennium shall remain in the fund and shall not be subject to the provisions of section 33.080, RSMo. All interest earned by moneys in the fund shall accrue to the fund.
- 6. In addition to funds from the Missouri air emission reduction fund, costs of capital or operations may be supplemented, upon appropriation, from the general revenue fund, the state highway department fund, federal funds or other funds available for that purpose.
- 643.355. 1. Any person who knowingly misrepresents himself **or herself** as an official emissions inspection station [shall be] **or an inspector or a recognized repair technician is** guilty of a class C misdemeanor for the first offense and a class B misdemeanor for any subsequent offense. Any person who is found guilty or who has pleaded guilty to a violation of this subsection shall be considered to have committed an offense for the purposes of this subsection.
- 2. Any person who knowingly manufactures, conveys or possesses any counterfeit or illegally obtained emissions inspection certificate or a counterfeit or illegally obtained emissions inspection sticker [shall be] is guilty of a class C misdemeanor for the first offense and a class B misdemeanor for any subsequent offense. Any person who is found guilty or who has pleaded

guilty to a violation of this subsection shall be considered to have committed an offense for the purposes of this subsection.

- 3. Any person who knowingly displays or permits to be displayed, on any motor vehicle owned by such person, any counterfeit or illegally obtained emissions inspection sticker [shall be] is guilty of an infraction.
- 4. Any person who knowingly uses any counterfeit or illegally obtained emissions inspection certificate for the purpose of obtaining any motor vehicle registration [shall be] is guilty of an infraction for the first offense, a class C misdemeanor for the second offense and a class B misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.
- 5. Any person who knowingly operates a motor vehicle required to be inspected and approved [under] **pursuant to** sections 643.300 to 643.355 without displaying a valid emissions inspection sticker as required [under] **pursuant to** section 643.315 [shall be] **is** guilty of an infraction for the first offense, a class C misdemeanor for the second offense and a class B misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.
- 6. Except as otherwise provided in this section, any person who violates a requirement of sections 643.300 to 643.355 or a rule promulgated to enforce sections 643.300 to 643.355 [shall be] is guilty of an infraction.
- 7. The superintendent of the highway patrol may seize documents which the superintendent suspects are counterfeit or illegally obtained in violation of this section for the purpose of enforcing this section. Any person who violates any procedural requirement of sections 643.300 to 643.355 [shall be] is subject to a fine, and such fine shall be not less than five times the amount of the fee charged pursuant to section 643.350 or one hundred dollars, whichever is greater, if the violation is intentional or one involving gross negligence.

700.010. As used in sections 700.010 to 700.500, for the purpose of sections 700.010 to 700.500, the following terms mean:

- (1) "Authorized representative", any person, firm or corporation, or employee thereof, approved or hired by the commission to perform inspection services;
- (2) "Code", the standards relating to manufactured homes, [recreational vehicles,] or modular units as adopted by the commission. The commission, in its discretion, may incorporate, in whole or in part, the standards codes promulgated by the American National Standards Institute, the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development or other recognized agencies or organizations;
 - (3) "Commission", the public service commission;
- (4) "Dealer", any person, other than a manufacturer, who sells or offers for sale four or more manufactured homes, [recreational vehicles,] or modular units in any consecutive twelve-month period;
 - (5) "Manufactured home", a factory-built structure or structures which, in the traveling

mode, is eight body feet or more in width or forty body feet or more in length, or, when erected on site, contains three hundred twenty or more square feet, equipped with the necessary service connections and made so as to be readily movable as a unit or units on its or their own running gear and designed to be used as a dwelling unit or units with or without a permanent foundation. The phrase "without a permanent foundation" indicates that the support system is constructed with the intent that the manufactured home placed thereon may be moved from time to time at the convenience of the owner;

- (6) "Manufacturer", any person who manufactures manufactured homes, [recreational vehicles,] or modular units, including persons who engage in importing manufactured homes, [recreational vehicles,] or modular units for resale;
- (7) "Modular unit", a transportable building unit designed to be used by itself or to be incorporated with similar units at a point-of-use into a modular structure to be used for residential, commercial, educational or industrial purposes. This definition shall not apply to structures under six hundred fifty square feet used temporarily and exclusively for construction site office purposes;
- (8) "New", being sold or offered for sale to the first purchaser for purposes other than resale;
- (9) ["Park trailer", a modular type unit built on a single chassis mounted on wheels, designed primarily as temporary living quarters for seasonal or destination camping, and having a gross trailer area not exceeding four hundred square feet and not less than two hundred forty square feet in the setup mode;
 - (10)] "Person", an individual, partnership, corporation or other legal entity;
- [(11)] (10) "Premises", a lot, plot, or parcel of land including the buildings, structures, and manufactured homes thereon;
- (11) "Recreational park trailer", a recreational park trailer as defined in the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) A119.5 Standard on Recreational Park Trailers. A recreational park trailer is not a recreational vehicle;
- (12) "Recreational vehicle", [a vehicular-type unit primarily designed to provide temporary living quarters for recreational, camping or travel, use that either has its own motive power, or is mounted on or towed by another vehicle] a recreational vehicle as defined in the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) A119.2 Standard on Recreational Vehicles;
- (13) "Seal", a device, label or insignia issued by the public service commission, U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, or its agent, to be displayed on the exterior of the manufactured home, [recreational vehicle,] or modular unit to evidence compliance with the code;
 - (14) "Setup", the operations performed at the occupancy site which renders a

manufactured home or modular unit fit for habitation, which operations include, but are not limited to, moving, blocking, leveling, supporting, and assembling multiple or expandable units.

- 700.015. 1. No person shall rent, lease, sell or offer for sale any manufactured home manufactured after January 1, 1974, [or any new recreational vehicle within this state,] unless such manufactured home [or new recreational vehicle] complies with the code and bears the proper seal.
- 2. No person shall manufacture in this state any manufactured home, [recreational vehicle,] or modular unit for rent, lease or sale within the state which does not bear a seal evidencing compliance with the code.
- 3. Unless otherwise required by federal law or regulations, nothing in sections 700.010 to 700.115 shall apply to a manufactured home, [recreational vehicle,] or modular unit being built expressly for export and sold for use solely outside this state.
- 4. No person shall offer for rent, lease or sale a modular unit manufactured after January 1, 1974, unless such modular unit complies with the code and bears a seal issued by the commission evidencing compliance with the code.
 - 5. No manufacturer shall sell or offer for sale within this state:
- (1) Any new recreational vehicle that is not manufactured in compliance with the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) A119.2 Standard on Recreational Vehicles; or
- (2) Any new recreational park trailer that is not manufactured in compliance with the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) A119.5 Standard on Recreational Park Trailers.

700.021. Seals may be issued by the commission when applied for with an affidavit certifying that the person applying will not attach a seal to any manufactured home, [recreational vehicle,] or modular unit that does not meet or exceed the code. Any registered dealer who has acquired a preowned manufactured home or modular unit without a seal may apply for a seal with an affidavit certifying that the preowned manufactured home or modular unit was brought up to or otherwise meets the requirements of the code. No person may manufacture in this state any manufactured home or modular unit unless it bears a seal and certification certifying that the manufactured home or modular unit meets or exceeds the code. The certificate as to each manufactured home or modular unit shall be displayed in a manner to be prescribed by the commission.

700.025. No person shall alter or cause to be altered any manufactured home, [recreational vehicle,] or modular unit to which a seal has been affixed, if such alteration or conversion causes the manufactured home, [recreational vehicle,] or modular unit to be in violation of the code.

700.030. Upon showing by a registered manufacturer or dealer that another state provides for the sealing of manufactured homes, [recreational vehicles,] or modular units in compliance

with standards which are at least equal to those provided in the code and upon determination by the commission that such standards are being adequately enforced, the commission shall provide that a seal affixed under the authority of such state shall have the same effect as a seal affixed under authority of this state. The commission may make any such approval contingent upon such other state granting reciprocal effect to seals affixed under authority of this state and shall maintain a list of such states which shall be available on request.

700.035. **1.** If a manufactured home, [recreational vehicle] or modular unit carries a seal as provided in sections 700.010 to 700.115, no agency of this state, nor any municipality or other local governmental body shall require such manufactured home, [recreational vehicle,] or modular unit to comply with any other building, plumbing, heating or electrical code other than the code established by sections 700.010 to 700.115.

2. No agency of this state, nor any municipality or other local governmental body shall:

- (1) Require a recreational vehicle or recreational park trailer to comply with any building, plumbing, heating or electrical code other than those established by the respective American National Standard Institute (ANSI) A119.2 standard or A119.5 standard; or
- (2) Institute any recreational vehicle or recreational park trailer inspection program to determine such vehicles' compliance with the applicable ANSI A119.2 or A119.5 standard.
- 700.040. 1. The commission shall, through its own inspection service or through a public or private inspection service acting as its authorized representative, perform sufficient inspections of manufacturing and dealer premises and manufactured homes, [recreational vehicles,] and modular units to ensure that the provisions of the code are being observed. The commission shall approve any designation of a public or private inspection service as an authorized representative. The commission shall establish a comprehensive inspection system, including a determination of the extent to which its own inspectors or authorized representatives are used. The inspections may include examination of all books, records, performance and technical data of a manufacturer related to the subject matter of sections 700.010 to 700.115.
- 2. The commission shall establish reasonable fees for seals or inspection, or both, which are sufficient to cover all costs incurred in the administration of sections 700.010 to 700.115. Fees for inspections made by private inspection services may be paid directly to the inspection service. The commission, upon issuing seals, registration certificates, and plan approvals, and conducting inspections provided for in sections 700.010 to 700.115, shall notify the director of revenue, who shall receive the fees and immediately deposit the same in the state treasury to the credit of a fund to be known as the "Manufactured Housing Fund". All salaries and expenses for the implementation of sections 700.010 to 700.115 shall be appropriated and paid from such fund.

- 3. The provisions of section 33.080, RSMo, to the contrary notwithstanding, money in this fund shall not be transferred and placed to the credit of general revenue until the amount in the fund at the end of the biennium exceeds two times the amount of the appropriation from the fund for the preceding fiscal year. The amount, if any, in the fund which shall lapse is that amount in the fund which exceeds the appropriate multiple of the appropriations from the fund for the preceding year.
- 4. The commission may appoint such employees within its department as it may deem necessary for the administration of the provisions of sections 700.010 to 700.115.
- 5. The commission may issue and promulgate such rules and regulations as necessary to make effective the code and the provisions of sections 700.010 to 700.115. [No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the authority of sections 700.010 to 700.115 shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section 536.024, RSMo.] Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is promulgated under the authority delegated in sections 700.010 to 700.115 shall become effective only if they have been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo. All rulemaking authority delegated prior to the effective date of this section is of no force and effect; however, nothing in this section shall be interpreted to repeal or affect the validity of any rule filed or adopted prior to the effective date of this section if it fully complied with the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after the effective date of this section shall be invalid and void.
- 6. The commission may remove seals from any manufactured home, [recreational vehicle] or modular unit made by any manufacturer in violation of the provisions of section 700.045.
- 7. Notwithstanding any other provisions of sections 700.010 to 700.115, the commission shall have the authority to enter into any contract or agreement necessary to comply with the statutes and regulations enforced by and under the authority of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development relating to manufactured homes, [recreational vehicles] and modular housing.
- 8. The commission may require manufacturers and dealers to file reports with the Secretary of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development as may be required under the provisions of the National Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5401, et seq.).

700.045. It shall be a misdemeanor:

(1) For a manufacturer or dealer to manufacture, rent, lease, sell or offer to sell any

manufactured home, [recreational vehicle] or modular unit after January 1, 1977, unless there is in effect a registration with the commission;

- (2) To rent, lease, sell or offer to sell any manufactured home or modular unit manufactured after January 1, 1974, [or any new recreational vehicle] which does not bear a seal as required by sections 700.010 to 700.115;
- (3) To affix a seal or cause a seal to be affixed to any manufactured home, [recreational vehicle,] or modular unit which does not comply with the code;
- (4) To alter a manufactured home, [recreational vehicle,] or modular unit in a manner prohibited by the provisions of sections 700.010 to 700.115;
- (5) To fail to correct a code violation in a manufactured home, [recreational vehicle,] or modular unit owned, manufactured or sold within a reasonable time not to exceed ninety days after being ordered to do so in writing by an authorized representative of the commission, if the same is manufactured after January 1, 1974; or
- (6) To interfere with, obstruct, or hinder any authorized representative of the commission in the performance of his duties.

700.050. The issuance of seals to any manufacturer in violation of the provisions of sections 700.010 to 700.115 may be suspended by the commission and no further seals shall be issued to any such manufacturer except upon proof satisfactory to the commission that the conditions which brought about the violation have been remedied. Seals remain the property of the state and may be removed by the commission from any manufactured home, [recreational vehicle,] or modular unit which is in violation of the code.

700.060. As used in sections 700.060 to 700.115, the term "manufactured home" shall also include units defined in section 700.010 if such units are in two or more separately towable components designed to be joined into one integral unit capable of being again separated into the components for repeated towing and includes two manufactured home units joined into a single residential or business unit which are kept on separate chassis for repeated towing. For the purposes of sections 700.060 to 700.115, a "manufactured home" shall not include a recreational vehicle **or a recreational park trailer**.

- 700.090. 1. Every manufacturer or dealer of manufactured homes who sells or offers for sale, on consignment or otherwise, a manufactured home, [recreational vehicle,] or modular unit from or in the state of Missouri shall register with the commission.
 - 2. The commission shall issue a certificate of registration to a manufacturer who:
- (1) Completes and files with the commission an application for registration which contains the following information:
 - (a) The name of the manufacturer;
- (b) The address of the manufacturer and addresses of each factory owned or operated by the manufacturer, if different from the address of the manufacturer;

- (c) If a corporation, the state of original incorporation, a list of the names and addresses of all officers and directors of the corporation, and proof of the filing of all franchise and sales tax forms required by Missouri law;
- (d) If not a corporation, the name and address of the managing person or persons responsible for overall operation of the manufacturer;
- (2) Files with the commission an initial registration fee of two hundred fifty dollars in the form of a cashier's check or money order made payable to the state of Missouri.
 - 3. The commission shall issue a certificate of registration to a dealer who:
- $(1) \ \ Completes \ and \ files \ with \ the \ commission \ an \ application \ for \ registration \ which \ contains$ the following information:
 - (a) The name of the dealer;
- (b) The business address of the dealer and addresses of each separate facility owned and operated by the dealer from which manufactured homes, [recreational vehicles,] or modular units are offered for sale if different from the business address of the dealer;
- (c) If a corporation, the state of original incorporation, a list of the names and addresses of all officers and directors of the corporation, proof of the filing of all franchise and sales tax forms required by Missouri law;
- (d) If not a corporation, the name and address of the managing person or persons responsible for the overall operations of the manufacturer;
- (2) Files with the commission an initial registration fee of fifty dollars in the form of a cashier's check or money order made payable to the state of Missouri;
- (3) Files with the commission proof of compliance with the provisions of section 301.250, RSMo, and section 301.280, RSMo.
- 4. The registration of any manufacturer or dealer shall be effective for a period of one year and shall be renewed by the commission upon receipt by it from the registered dealer of a renewal fee of two hundred fifty dollars for manufacturers and fifty dollars for dealers and a form provided by the commission upon which shall be placed any changes from the information requested on the initial registration form.
- 5. The commission may stagger the renewal of certificates of registration to provide for more equal distribution over the twelve months **of** the number of registration renewals.
- 700.100. 1. The commission may refuse to register or refuse to renew the registration of any person who fails to comply with the provisions of section 700.090 or this section. Notification of unfavorable action by the commission on any application for registration or renewal of registration must be delivered to the applicant within thirty days from date it is received by the commission. Notification of unfavorable action by the commission on any application for registration or renewal of registration must be accompanied by a notice informing the recipient that the decision of the commission may be appealed as provided in chapter 386, RSMo.

- 2. The commission may consider a complaint filed with it charging a registered manufacturer or dealer with a violation of the provisions of this section, which charges, if proven, shall constitute grounds for revocation or suspension of his registration, or the placing of the registered manufacturer or dealer on probation.
- 3. The following specifications shall constitute grounds for the suspension, revocation or placing on probation of a manufacturer's or dealer's registration:
- (1) If required, failure to comply with the provisions of section 301.250, RSMo, or section 301.280, RSMo:
 - (2) Failing to be in compliance with the provisions of section 700.090;
 - (3) If a corporation, failing to file all franchise or sales tax forms required by Missouri law;
- (4) Engaging in any conduct which constitutes a violation of the provisions of section 407.020, RSMo;
- (5) Failing to comply with the provisions of sections 2301-2312 of Title 15 of the United States Code (Magnuson-Moss Warranty Act);
- (6) As a dealer, failing to arrange for the proper initial setup of any new or used manufactured home or modular unit sold from or in the state of Missouri, unless the dealer receives a written waiver of that service from the purchaser or his authorized agent and an amount equal to the actual cost of the setup is deducted from the total cost of the manufactured home or modular unit;
- (7) Requiring any person to purchase any type of insurance from that manufacturer or dealer as a condition to his being sold any manufactured home, [recreational vehicle,] or modular unit;
- (8) Requiring any person to arrange financing or utilize the services of any particular financing service as a condition to his being sold any manufactured home, [recreational vehicle,] or modular unit; provided, however, the registered manufacturer or dealer may reserve the right to establish reasonable conditions for the approval of any financing source;
 - (9) Engaging in conduct in violation of section 700.045;
 - (10) Failing to comply with the provisions of section 301.210. RSMo.

Section 1. The provisions of sections 1 to 6 of this act shall be known as the "Motorist Insurance Identification Database Act".

Section 2. As used in sections 1 to 6 of this act, the following terms mean:

- (1) "Database", the motorist insurance identification database;
- (2) "Department", the department of revenue;
- (3) "Designated agent", the party with which the department contracts to implement the motorist insurance identification database;
 - (4) "Program", the motorist insurance identification database program.

- Section 3. 1. The "Motorist Insurance Identification Database" is hereby created for the purpose of establishing a database to use to verify compliance with the motor vehicle financial responsibility requirements of chapter 303, RSMo. The program shall be administered by the department.
- 2. To implement the program, the department may by January 1, 2001, contract with a designated agent which shall monitor compliance with the motor vehicle financial responsibility requirements of chapter 303, RSMo, except that the program shall not be implemented to notify owners of registered motor vehicles until the department certifies that the accuracy rate of the program exceeds ninety-five percent in correctly identifying owners of registered motor vehicles as having maintained or failed to maintain financial responsibility. After the department has entered into a contract with a designated agent, the department shall convene a working group for the purpose of facilitating the implementation of the program.
- 3. The designated agent, using its own computer network, shall, no later than July 1, 2001, develop and maintain a computer database with information provided by:
- (1) Insurers, pursuant to sections 1 to 6 of this act; except that, any person who qualifies as self-insured pursuant to chapter 303, RSMo, or provides proof of insurance to the director pursuant to the provisions of section 303.160, RSMo, shall not be required to provide information to the designated agent; and
- (2) The department, which shall provide the designated agent with the name, date of birth and address of all persons in its computer database, and the make, year and vehicle identification number of all registered motor vehicles.
- 4. The department shall establish guidelines for the designated agent's development of the computer database so the database can be easily accessed by state and local law enforcement agencies within procedures already established, and shall not require additional computer keystrokes or other additional procedures by dispatch or law enforcement personnel. Once the database is operational, the designated agent shall, at least monthly, update the database with information provided by insurers and the department, and compare then-current motor vehicle registrations against the database.
- 5. Information provided to the designated agent by insurers and the department for inclusion in the database established pursuant to this section is the property of the insurer of the department, as the case may be, and is not subject to disclosure pursuant to chapter 610, RSMo. Such information may not be disclosed except as follows:
- (1) The designated agent shall verify a person's insurance coverage upon request by any state or local government agency investigating, litigating or enforcing such person's compliance with the motor vehicle financial responsibility requirements of chapter 303, RSMo;

- (2) The department shall disclose whether an individual is maintaining the required insurance coverage upon request of the following individuals and agencies only:
 - (a) The individual;
- (b) The parent or legal guardian of an individual if the individual is an unemancipated minor;
 - (c) The legal guardian of the individual if the individual is legally incapacitated;
 - (d) Any person who has power of attorney from the individual;
- (e) Any person who submits a notarized release from the individual that is dated no more than ninety days before the request is made;
- (f) Any person claiming loss or injury in a motor vehicle accident in which the individual is involved;
- (g) The office of the state auditor, for the purpose of conducting any audit authorized by law.
- 6. Any person or agency who knowingly discloses information from the database for any purpose, or to a person, other than those authorized in this section is guilty of a class A misdemeanor. The state shall not be liable to any person for gathering, managing or using information in the database pursuant to this section. The designated agent shall not be liable to any person for performing its duties pursuant to this section unless and to the extent such agent commits a willful and wanton act or omission. The designated agent shall be liable to any insurer damaged by the designated agent's negligent failure to protect the confidentiality of the information and data disclosed by the insurer to the designated agent. The designated agent shall provide to this state an errors and omissions insurance policy covering such agent in an appropriate amount. No insurer shall be liable to any person for performing its duties pursuant to this section unless and to the extent the insurer commits a willful and wanton act of omission.
- 7. The department shall review the operation and performance of the motorist insurance identification database program to determine whether the number of uninsured motorists have declined during the first three years following implementation and shall submit a report of its findings to the general assembly no later than December thirty-first of the year following the third complete year of implementation. The department shall make copies of its report available to each member of the general assembly. This subsection shall expire after the report provided for in this subsection has been made available.
- 8. This section shall not supersede other actions or penalties that may be taken or imposed for violation of the motor vehicle financial responsibility requirements of chapter 303, RSMo.

- 9. The working group as provided for in subsection 2 of this section shall consist of representatives from the insurance industry, department of insurance, department of public safety and the department of revenue. The director of revenue, after consultation with the working group, shall promulgate any rules and regulations necessary to administer and enforce this section. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo.
- 10. Unless the review conducted by the department and reported to the general assembly as provided in this section indicates a decline in the number of uninsured motorist claims reported, this section is subject to repeal by the general assembly.
- Section 4. 1. If the motorist insurance identification database indicates the owner of a registered motor vehicle has, regardless of the owner's operation of such motor vehicle, failed to maintain the financial responsibility required in section 303.025, RSMo, for two consecutive months, the designated agent shall on behalf of the director inform the owner that the director will suspend the owner's vehicle registration if the owner does not present proof of insurance as prescribed by the director within thirty days from the date of mailing. The notice issued to the vehicle owner by the designated agent shall be sent to the last known address shown on the department's records. The notice is deemed received three days after mailing. The notice of suspension shall clearly specify the reason and statutory grounds for the suspension and the effective date of the suspension, the right of the person to request a hearing, the procedure for requesting a hearing and the date by which that request for a hearing must be made. The suspension shall become effective thirty days after the subject person is deemed to have received the notice of suspension by certified mail as provided in section 303.041, RSMo. If the request for a hearing is received prior to the effective date of the suspension, the effective date of the suspension will be stayed until a final order is issued following the hearing; however, any delay in the hearing which is caused or requested by the subject person or counsel representing that person without good cause shown shall not result in a stay of the suspension during the period of delay.
- 2. Neither the fact that, subsequent to the date of verification, the owner acquired the required liability insurance policy nor the fact that the owner terminated ownership of the motor vehicle shall have any bearing upon the director's decision to suspend. The suspension shall remain in force until termination despite the renewal of registration or acquisition of a new registration for the motor vehicle. The suspension shall also apply to any motor vehicle to which the owner transfers the registration.
 - 3. Upon receipt of notification from the designated agent, the director shall

suspend the owner's vehicle registration effective immediately. The suspension period shall be as follows:

- (1) If the person's record shows no prior violation, the director shall terminate the suspension upon payment of a reinstatement fee of twenty dollars and submission of proof of insurance, as prescribed by the director;
- (2) If the person's record shows one prior violation for failure to maintain financial responsibility within the immediately preceding two years, the director shall terminate the suspension ninety days after its effective date upon payment of a reinstatement fee of two hundred dollars and submission of proof of insurance, as prescribed by the director;
- (3) If the person's record shows two or more prior violations for failure to maintain financial responsibility, the period of suspension shall terminate one year after its effective date upon payment of a reinstatement fee of four hundred dollars and submission of proof of insurance, as prescribed by the director.
- 4. In the event that proof of insurance as prescribed by the director has not been filed with the department of revenue in accordance with this chapter prior to the end of the period of suspension provided in this section, such period of suspension shall be extended until such proof of insurance has been filed. In no event shall filing proof of insurance reduce any period of suspension. If proof of insurance is not maintained during the three-year period following the reinstatement or termination of the suspension, the director shall again suspend the license and motor vehicle registration until proof of insurance is filed or the three-year period has elapsed. In no event shall filing proof of insurance reduce any period of suspension.
- Section 5. 1. By March 1, 2001, all licensed insurance companies in this state shall provide to the designated agent a record of all policies in effect on the date the information is provided. Before the seventh working date of each calendar month, each insurer that issues a policy pursuant to chapter 303, RSMo, shall provide to the designated agent a record of each policy issued, canceled, terminated, suspended or revoked during the immediately preceding month. This subsection shall not prohibit more frequent reporting.
 - 2. The record pursuant to subsection 1 of this section shall include the following:
- (1) The name, date of birth, driver's license number and address of each insured owner and operator;
- (2) The make, year and vehicle identification number of each insured motor vehicle:
 - (3) The policy number, effective date and expiration date of the policy.
- 3. The department of revenue shall notify the department of insurance of any insurer who violates any provisions of this act. The department of insurance may,

against any insurer who fails to comply with this section, assess a fine not greater than one thousand dollars per day of noncompliance. The department of revenue may assess a fine not greater than one thousand dollars per day against the designated agent for failure to complete the project by the dates designated in sections 1 to 6 of this act. The department of insurance shall excuse the fine if an assessed insurer provides acceptable proof that such insurer's noncompliance was inadvertent, accidental or the result of excusable neglect.

Section 6. Sections 1 to 6 of this act shall become effective on January 1, 2001, and shall expire on January 1, 2004.

Section 7. Other provisions of law to the contrary notwithstanding, any city may by ordinance include as a charge on bills issued for personal property taxes any outstanding parking violations issued on any vehicle for which personal property tax is to be paid and, if required by ordinance, such charge shall be collected with and in the same payment as personal property taxes are collected by the collector of revenue of such city. No personal property tax bill shall be considered paid unless all charges for parking violations are also paid in full and the collector of revenue shall not issue a paid personal property receipt until all such charges are paid.

- Section 8. 1. Any vehicle owner who has obtained an annual emblem-use authorization statement from the Lions Club may, subject to the registration fees provided in section 301.055, RSMo, apply for Lions Club license plates for any motor vehicle such person owns, other than a commercial motor vehicle licensed for a gross weight in excess of twelve thousand pounds. The Lions Club hereby authorizes the use of its official emblem to be affixed on multiyear license plates as provided in this section. Any vehicle owner may annually apply for the use of the emblem.
- 2. Upon annual application and payment of a twenty-five dollar emblem-use contribution to the Lions Club, the Lions Club shall issue to the vehicle owner, without further charge, an emblem-use authorization statement, which shall be presented by the vehicle owner to the department of revenue at the time of registration of a motor vehicle.
- 3. Upon presentation of the annual statement and payment of a fifteen-dollar fee in addition to the regular registration fees and presentation of other documents which may be required by law, the department of revenue shall issue a license plate to the vehicle owner, which shall bear the emblem of the Lions Club in a form prescribed by the director, shall bear six letters or numbers and shall bear the words "LIONS CLUB" in place of the words "SHOW-ME STATE". Such license plates shall be made with fully reflective material with a common color scheme and design, shall be clearly visible at night, and shall be aesthetically attractive, as prescribed by section 301.130, RSMo. A fee for the issuance of personalized license plates pursuant to section 301.144, RSMo,

shall not be required for plates issued pursuant to this section.

- 4. A vehicle owner, who was previously issued a plate with the Lions Club emblem authorized by this section but who does not provide an emblem-use authorization statement at a subsequent time of registration, shall be issued a new plate which does not bear the Lions Club emblem, as otherwise provided by law.
- 5. The director of revenue may promulgate rules and regulations for the administration of this section. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo.

Section 9. 1. Any motor vehicle owner may receive special license plates for any vehicle the person owns, either solely or jointly, other than an apportioned motor vehicle or a commercial motor vehicle licensed in excess of eighteen thousand pounds gross weight as prescribed in this section after an annual payment of an emblem-use authorization fee to a professional sports team which has made an agreement pursuant to subsection 5 of this section. For the purposes of this section a "professional sports team" shall mean an organization located in this state franchised by the National Professional Soccer League, the National Football League, the National Basketball Association, the National Hockey League, the International Hockey League, or the American League or the National League of Major League Baseball or a team playing in Major League Soccer.

- 2. The professional sports team which has made an agreement pursuant to subsection 5 of this section and which receives the emblem-use authorization fee hereby authorizes the use of its official emblem to be affixed on multiyear personalized license plates as provided in this section. Any vehicle owner may annually apply for the use of the emblem. The director of revenue shall not authorize the manufacturer of the material to produce such license plates with the individual seal, logo, or emblem until the department of revenue receives a minimum of one hundred applications for each specific professional sports team.
- 3. Upon annual application and payment of a thirty-five dollar emblem-use contribution to the professional sports team such team shall issue to the vehicle owner, without further charge, an emblem-use authorization statement, which shall be presented by the owner to the director of the department of revenue at the time of registration of a motor vehicle. Upon presentation of the annual statement and payment of a fifteen dollar fee in addition to the regular registration fees, and presentation of other documents which may be required by law, the director shall issue a personalized license plate, which shall bear the official emblem of the professional sports team in a manner determined by the director. Such license plates shall be made with fully reflective material with a common color scheme and design, shall be clearly

visible at night, and shall be aesthetically attractive, as prescribed by section 301.130, RSMo. A fee for the issuance of personalized license plates issued pursuant to section 301.144, RSMo, shall not be required for plates issued pursuant to this section.

- 4. A vehicle owner, who was previously issued a plate with a professional sports team emblem authorized by this section but who does not provide an emblem-use authorization statement at a subsequent time of registration, shall be issued a new plate which does not bear the professional sports team emblem, as otherwise provided by law.
- 5. The director of the department of revenue is authorized to make agreements with professional sports teams on behalf of the state which allows the use of any such team's official emblem pursuant to the provisions of this section as consideration for receiving a thirty-five dollar emblem-use contribution.
- 6. A professional sports team receiving a thirty-five dollar contribution shall forward such contribution, less an amount not in excess of five percent of the contribution for the costs of administration, to the Jackson County Sports Authority or the St. Louis Regional Convention and Visitors Commission. The moneys shall be administered as follows:
- (1) The sports authority may retain not in excess of five percent of all funds forwarded to it pursuant to this section for the costs of administration and shall expend the remaining balance of such funds, after consultation with a professional sports team within the authority's area, on marketing and promoting such team. The amount of money expended from the funds obtained pursuant to this section by the authority per professional sports team shall be in the same proportion to the total funds available to be expended on such team as the proportion of contributions forwarded by the team to the authority is to the total contributions received by the authority;
- (2) The regional convention and visitors commission shall hold the revenues received from the professional sports teams in the St. Louis area in separate accounts for each team. Each team may submit an annual marketing plan to the commission. Expenses of a team which are in accordance with the marketing plan shall be reimbursed by the commission as long as moneys are available in the account. The commission may retain not in excess of five percent for the costs of administration. If no marketing plan is submitted by a team, the commission shall market and promote the team.
- 7. The director of the department of revenue shall promulgate rules and regulations for the administration of this section. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo.
 - Section 10. 1. Beginning September 1, 1999, for the purpose of providing

additional support for the premise that .08 BAC laws help reduce alcohol-related fatalities, an advisory working group is hereby established. The working group is to review the fatal crash experience of all states that have lowered their BAC limits to 0.08 and to determine the impact of this legislation on alcohol-related fatalities. The advisory working group shall consist of the following:

- (1) The director of the department of revenue or the director's designee;
- (2) The director of the department of public safety or the director's designee;
- (3) The director of the department of health or the director's designee;
- (4) The superintendent of the state highway patrol or the superintendent's designee;
 - (5) The director of the Missouri safety council or the director's designee;
 - (6) The director of the Mothers Against Drunk Drivers or the director's designee;
- (7) Two members of the Missouri senate appointed by the president pro tem of the senate with no more than one from any political party; and
- (8) Two members of the Missouri house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house with no more than one member from any political party.
- 2. The advisory working group shall submit a report of its findings to each member of the general assembly no later than March 1, 2000.
- Section 11. 1. Any person may receive license plates as prescribed in this section, for issuance either to passenger motor vehicles subject to the registration fees provided in section 301.055, RSMo, or for a local or nonlocal property-carrying commercial motor vehicle licensed for a gross weight not in excess of twelve thousand pounds as provided in section 301.057 or 301.058, RSMo, after an annual payment of an emblem-use authorization fee to Ducks Unlimited. Ducks Unlimited hereby authorizes the use of its official emblem to be affixed on multiyear personalized license plates as provided in this section. Any contribution to Ducks Unlimited derived from this section, except reasonable administrative costs, shall be used solely for the purposes of Ducks Unlimited. Any member of Ducks Unlimited may annually apply for the use of the emblem.
- 2. Upon annual application and payment of a twenty-five-dollar emblem-use contribution to Ducks Unlimited, Ducks Unlimited shall issue to the vehicle owner, without further charge, an emblem-use authorization statement, which shall be presented by the owner to the department of revenue at the time of registration of a motor vehicle. Upon presentation of the annual statement, payment of a fifteen-dollar fee in addition to the registration fees and documents which may be required by law, the department of revenue shall issue to the vehicle owner a personalized license plate which shall bear the emblem of Ducks Unlimited. Such license plates shall be made with fully reflective material with a common color scheme and design, shall be clearly

visible at night, and shall be aesthetically attractive, as prescribed by section 301.130, RSMo.

3. A vehicle owner, who was previously issued a plate with the Ducks Unlimited emblem authorized by this section but who does not provide an emblem-use authorization statement at a subsequent time of registration, shall be issued a new plate which does not bear the Ducks Unlimited emblem, as otherwise provided by law. The director of revenue shall make necessary rules and regulations for the administration of this section, and shall design all necessary forms required by this section. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo.

Section 12. 1. The highway patrol and any local law enforcement agency may collect, correlate and maintain the following information regarding traffic law enforcement:

- (1) The number of drivers stopped for routine traffic enforcement and whether or not a citation or warning was issued;
- (2) Identifying characteristics of the drivers stopped, including race, ethnicity, age and gender;
 - (3) The alleged violation that led to the stop;
 - (4) Whether a search was instituted as a result of the stop;
- (5) Whether the vehicle, personal effects, driver or passengers were searched, and the race, ethnicity, age and gender of any person searched;
- (6) Whether the search was conducted pursuant to consent, probable cause or reasonable suspicion to suspect a crime, including the basis for the request for consent, or the circumstances establishing probable cause or reasonable suspicion;
- (7) Whether any contraband was found and the type and amount of any contraband;
 - (8) Whether an arrest was made;
 - (9) Whether any property was seized and a description of such property:
- (10) Whether the officers making the stop encountered any physical resistance from the driver or passengers;
- (11) Whether the officers making the stop engaged in the use of force against the driver or any passengers;
- (12) Whether the circumstances surrounding the stop were the subject of any investigation, and the results of such investigation.
- 2. The information to be collected pursuant to subsection 1 of this section need not be collected in connection with roadblocks, vehicle checks or checkpoints, except when such stops result in an warning, search, seizure or arrest.

3. The highway patrol shall conduct analyses of the information collected pursuant to this section to determine whether law enforcement officers are using profiles in law enforcement activities.

Section 13. 1. Any paramedic or emergency medical technician may, after an annual payment of an emblem-use authorization fee to the Missouri Emergency Medical Services Association as provided in subsection 2 of this section, apply for emergency medical services license plates for any motor vehicle such person owns, either solely or jointly, for issuance either for a passenger motor vehicle subject to the registration fees as provided in section 301.055, or for a local or nonlocal property-carrying commercial motor vehicle licensed for a gross weight not in excess of twelve thousand pounds as provided in section 301.057 or 301.058. The Missouri Emergency Medical Services Association hereby authorizes the use of its official emblem to be affixed on multiyear personalized license plates as provided in this section.

- 2. Upon annual application and payment of a fifteen dollar emblem-use contribution to the Missouri Emergency Medical Services Association, the Missouri Emergency Medical Services Association shall issue to the person, without further charge, an emblem-use authorization statement which shall be presented by the member to the department of revenue at the time of registration of a motor vehicle. Upon presentation of the annual statement and payment of the fee required for personalized license plates in section 301.144, and other fees and documents which may be required by law, the department of revenue shall issue a personalized license plate, which shall bear the emblem of the Missouri Emergency Medical Services Association and the words "PARAMEDIC" or the words "EMERGENCY MEDICAL TECHNICIAN" in place of the words "SHOW-ME-STATE" to the person. The emblem, seal or logo shall be reproduced on the license plate in as a clear and defined manner as possible. If the emblem, seal or logo is unacceptable to the Missouri Emergency Medical Services Association, it shall be the Missouri Emergency Medical Services Associations responsibility to furnish the artwork in a digitalized format. Such license plates shall be made with fully reflective material with a common color scheme and design, shall be clearly visible at night, and shall be aesthetically attractive, as prescribed by section 301.130.
- 3. The director shall issue no more than one set of such license plates to a qualified applicant. License plates issued pursuant to the provisions of this section shall not be transferable to any other person, except that any registered co-owner of the motor vehicle shall be entitled to operate the motor vehicle with such plates for the duration of the year licensed in the event of the death of the qualified person.

Section 14. 1. The director of the department of revenue shall, upon the request of any person who is issued special license plates or a removable windshield placard

pursuant to section 301.142, RSMo, and who uses a wheelchair or transports a person who uses a wheelchair, allow the person to obtain a parking cone bearing the international symbol of accessibility and the words "wheelchair parking space". Parking cones obtained pursuant to this section shall be predominantly orange, fluorescent red-orange, or fluorescent yellow-orange, not less than eighteen inches in height and shall be made of a material that can be struck without damaging vehicles on impact. Parking cones shall be purchased by any person wishing to use such cone.

2. The director of the department of revenue shall promulgate rules and regulations to administer the provisions of this section. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo.

Section B. The repeal and reenactment of sections 302.302, 303.024, 303.025, 303.026, 303.041 and 303.042, the repeal of section 303.043 and the enactment of sections 302.303, 303.175, 303.178 and 303.179 shall become effective on January 1, 2000.

Section C. The repeal and reenactment of sections 32.080, 136.055, 301.025, 301.140, 302.173, 302.177, 302.181, 302.735, 307.350, 307.353, 307.355, 307.360, 307.365, 307.366, 307.375, 643.310 and 643.315 and the enactment of section 301.147 shall become effective on July 1, 2000.

Section D. The enactment of sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 shall become effective July 1, 2001.

Section E. The repeal and reenactment of sections 302.130 and 302.171 and the enactment of section 302.178 shall become effective on January 1, 2001.

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