SECOND REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 999

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR HUDSON.

5530S.01I

KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

ANACT

To repeal section 188.035, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to abortion, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 188.035, RSMo, is repealed and one new

- 2 section enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 188.035,
- 3 to read as follows:
 - 188.035. [Whoever, with intent to do so, shall take
- 2 the life of a child aborted alive, shall be guilty of murder
- 3 of the second degree.] 1. This section shall be known and
- 4 may be cited as the "Born-Alive Abortion Survivors
- 5 Protection Act".
- 6 2. A child born alive during or after an abortion or
- 7 an attempted abortion shall have all the rights, privileges,
- 8 and immunities available to other persons, citizens, and
- 9 residents of this state, including any other liveborn child.
- 3. Any health care provider licensed, registered, or
- 11 certified in this state who is present at the time a child
- 12 is born alive during or after an abortion or attempted
- 13 abortion shall:
- 14 (1) Exercise the same degree of professional skill,
- 15 care, and diligence to preserve the life and health of the
- 16 child as a reasonably diligent and conscientious health care

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

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provider would render to any other child born alive at the same gestational age; and

- 19 (2) Ensure that the child born alive is immediately
 20 transported and admitted to a hospital following the
 21 exercise of skill, care, and diligence required under
 22 subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- 23 (1) A health care provider or employee of a 24 hospital, a physician's office, or an abortion clinic who 25 has knowledge of a violation of subsection 3 of this section 26 shall immediately report such violation to an appropriate 27 state or federal law enforcement agency. Any such person 28 who fails to report a violation shall, upon conviction, be 29 punished by imprisonment of not more than five years or by 30 fine of not less than two thousand five hundred dollars but 31 not more than ten thousand dollars or by both such 32 imprisonment and fine.
 - (2) Any person who knowingly performs or attempts to perform an overt act that kills a child born alive described under subsection 3 of this section shall be guilty of first degree murder under section 565.020.
- 5. In addition to any criminal or administrative liability which may be incurred, a person shall be civilly liable when he or she:
- 40 (1) Knowingly, recklessly, or negligently causes the 41 death of a child who is born alive during or after an 42 abortion or an attempted abortion;
- 43 (2) Knowingly fails to comply with any of the 44 provisions of subsection 3 of this section if the person is 45 a health care provider subject to such provisions;
- 46 (3) Knowingly performs or induces, or attempts to 47 perform or induce, an unlawful abortion upon another person;

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abortion; or

48 (4) Knowingly, recklessly, or negligently supplies or 49 makes available any instrument, device, medicine, drug, or 50 any other means or substance for another person to undergo a 51 self-induced abortion or attempted self-induced abortion or 52 to procure an unlawful abortion or attempted unlawful

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- 54 (5) Knowingly incites, solicits, or otherwise uses 55 speech or writing as an integral part of conduct in 56 violation of a valid criminal statute to influence another 57 person to undergo a self-induced abortion or attempted self-58 induced abortion or to procure an unlawful abortion or 59 attempted unlawful abortion.
 - 6. If injury or death arises out of or results from any circumstance under subsection 5 of this section to any of the following persons, including:
- 63 (1) A person upon whom the unlawful abortion or 64 attempted unlawful abortion was performed or induced;
 - (2) A person who underwent a self-induced abortion or attempted self-induced abortion or who procured an unlawful abortion or attempted unlawful abortion;
- 68 (3) A child who was born alive during or after an 69 abortion or attempted abortion; or
- 70 (4) An unborn child;
- 71 then a cause of action for personal injury, bodily injury,
- or wrongful death may be brought. In a cause of action for
- 73 wrongful death, the spouse, partner, parents, siblings, and
- 74 children of the deceased person shall be entitled to bring
- 75 the action. Damages for injury or death may be recovered
- 76 for, including, but not limited to, any damages described in
- 77 chapters 537 and 538 that are applicable; loss of future
- 78 fertility; loss of love and companionship of the spouse,

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partner, parent, child, unborn child, or sibling; and for 79 80 injury to or destruction of the spouse, partner, parent, 81 child, unborn child, or sibling relationship in such amount 82 as, under all the circumstances of the case, may be just. 83 The court shall also award a prevailing plaintiff reasonable 84 attorney's fees and litigation costs, including, but not 85 limited to, expert witness fees and expenses as part of the 86 costs. A defendant shall not be permitted to plead or prove 87 as a defense that the plaintiff or deceased person assumed 88 the risk of undergoing, or consented to undergo, a self-89 induced abortion or attempted self-induced abortion or that 90 the plaintiff or deceased person assumed the risk of procuring, or consented to procure, an unlawful abortion or 91 attempted unlawful abortion. The fact that a plaintiff or 92 93 deceased person consented to undergo a self-induced abortion or attempted self-induced abortion or to procure an unlawful 94 95 abortion or attempted unlawful abortion shall not, in and of 96 itself, be considered evidence of contributory or 97 comparative negligence. Any exculpatory agreement between 98 or among parties that is related to undergoing a self-99 induced abortion or attempted self-induced abortion or to 100 procuring an unlawful abortion or attempted unlawful 101 abortion shall be against public policy and shall be void. 102 The natural and spontaneous loss of an unborn child 103 before fetal viability shall not be construed to be an 104

abortion, as such term is defined in section 188.015.