## SECOND REGULAR SESSION

## SENATE BILL NO. 940

## 103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR BROWN (16).

4550S.01I

KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

## **AN ACT**

To repeal sections 190.245 and 537.035, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to peer review committees.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 190.245 and 537.035, RSMo, are

- 2 repealed and two new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be
- 3 known as sections 190.245 and 537.035, to read as follows:

190.245. 1. Failure of a hospital to provide all

- 2 medical records and quality improvement documentation
- 3 necessary for the department to implement provisions of
- 4 sections 190.241 to 190.245 shall result in the revocation
- 5 of the hospital's designation as a trauma center, STEMI
- 6 center, or stroke center. Any medical records obtained by
- 7 the department shall be used only for purposes of
- 8 implementing the provisions of sections 190.241 to 190.245
- 9 and the names of hospitals, physicians and patients shall
- 10 not be released by the department or members of review teams.
- 11 2. Any person licensed under sections 190.001 to
- 12 190.245 shall be considered a health care professional for
- 13 purposes of section 537.035, and any quality improvement or
- 14 quality assurance activity required under sections 190.001
- 15 to 190.245 shall be considered an activity of a peer review
- 16 committee for purposes of section 537.035.

20

21

22

23

24

537.035. 1. As used in this section, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following words and terms shall have the meanings indicated:

- 4 "Health care professional", a physician or surgeon 5 licensed under the provisions of chapter 334, or a dentist 6 licensed under the provisions of chapter 332, or a 7 podiatrist licensed under the provisions of chapter 330, or 8 an optometrist licensed under the provisions of chapter 336, 9 or a pharmacist licensed under the provisions of chapter 10 338, or a chiropractor licensed under the provisions of chapter 331, or a psychologist licensed under the provisions 11 12 of chapter 337, or a nurse licensed under the provisions of 13 chapter 335, or a physician assistant licensed under the provisions of chapter 334, or a person licensed under the 14 15 provisions of sections 190.001 to 190.245, or a social 16 worker licensed under the provisions of chapter 337, or a 17 professional counselor licensed under the provisions of 18 chapter 337, or a mental health professional as defined in 19 section 632.005, while acting within their scope of practice;
  - (2) "Peer review committee", a committee of health care professionals with the responsibility to evaluate, maintain, or monitor the quality and utilization of health care services or to exercise any combination of such responsibilities.
- 252. A peer review committee may be constituted as26 follows:
- (1) Comprised of, and appointed by, a state, county orlocal society of health care professionals;
- (2) Comprised of, and appointed by, the partners,
  shareholders, or employed health care professionals of a
  partnership or professional corporation of health care
  professionals, or employed health care professionals of a

47

48

49

university or an entity affiliated with a university operating under chapter 172, 174, 352, or 355;

- (3) Appointed by the board of trustees, chief 35 executive officer, or the organized medical staff of a 36 37 licensed hospital, or other health facility operating under 38 constitutional or statutory authority, including long-term 39 care facilities licensed under chapter 198, or an 40 administrative entity of the department of mental health 41 recognized pursuant to the provisions of subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of section 630.407; 42
- 43 (4) Any other organization formed pursuant to state or 44 federal law authorized to exercise the responsibilities of a 45 peer review committee and acting within the scope of such 46 authorization;
  - (5) Appointed by the board of directors, chief executive officer or the medical director of the licensed health maintenance organization.
- 50 3. Each member of a peer review committee and each 51 person, hospital governing board, health maintenance organization board of directors, and chief executive officer 52 53 of a licensed hospital or other hospital operating under 54 constitutional or statutory authority, chief executive 55 officer or medical director of a licensed health maintenance 56 organization who testifies before, or provides information 57 to, acts upon the recommendation of, or otherwise participates in the operation of, such a committee shall be 58 59 immune from civil liability for such acts so long as the 60 acts are performed in good faith, without malice and are 61 reasonably related to the scope of inquiry of the peer 62 review committee.
- 4. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the interviews, memoranda, proceedings, findings, deliberations,

65 reports, and minutes of peer review committees, or the 66 existence of the same, concerning the health care provided any patient are privileged and shall not be subject to 67 discovery, subpoena, or other means of legal compulsion for 68 69 their release to any person or entity or be admissible into 70 evidence in any judicial or administrative action for 71 failure to provide appropriate care. Except as otherwise provided in this section, no person who was in attendance at 72 73 any peer review committee proceeding shall be permitted or required to disclose any information acquired in connection 74 with or in the course of such proceeding, or to disclose any 75 76 opinion, recommendation, or evaluation of the committee or 77 board, or any member thereof; provided, however, that 78 information otherwise discoverable or admissible from 79 original sources is not to be construed as immune from 80 discovery or use in any proceeding merely because it was 81 presented during proceedings before a peer review committee 82 nor is a member, employee, or agent of such committee, or 83 other person appearing before it, to be prevented from testifying as to matters within his personal knowledge and 84 in accordance with the other provisions of this section, but 85 86 such witness cannot be questioned about testimony or other 87 proceedings before any health care review committee or board 88 or about opinions formed as a result of such committee hearings. The disclosure of any interview, memoranda, 89 90 proceedings, findings, deliberations, reports, or minutes to 91 any person or entity, including but not limited to 92 governmental agencies, professional accrediting agencies, or 93 other health care providers, whether proper or improper, 94 shall not waive or have any effect upon its confidentiality, 95 nondiscoverability, or nonadmissibility.

- 96 The provisions of subsection 4 of this section 97 limiting discovery and admissibility of testimony as well as 98 the proceedings, findings, records, and minutes of peer 99 review committees do not apply in any judicial or 100 administrative action brought by a peer review committee or 101 the legal entity which formed or within which such committee 102 operates to deny, restrict, or revoke the hospital staff 103 privileges or license to practice of a physician or other 104 health care providers; or when a member, employee, or agent of the peer review committee or the legal entity which 105 106 formed such committee or within which such committee 107 operates is sued for actions taken by such committee which 108 operate to deny, restrict or revoke the hospital staff 109 privileges or license to practice of a physician or other 110 health care provider.
- otherwise provided by law of a health care licensing board of the state of Missouri to obtain information by subpoena or other authorized process from peer review committees or to require disclosure of otherwise confidential information relating to matters and investigations within the jurisdiction of such health care licensing boards.

✓