SENATE BILL NO. 783

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR LEWIS.

3083S.01I KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

AN ACT

To repeal section 196.990, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to allergies in child care facilities.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 196.990, RSMo, is repealed and two new

- 2 sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections
- 3 196.990 and 210.225, to read as follows:

196.990. 1. As used in this section, the following

- 2 terms shall mean:
- 3 (1) "Administer", the direct application of an
- 4 epinephrine auto-injector to the body of an individual;
- 5 (2) "Authorized entity", any entity or organization at
- 6 or in connection with which allergens capable of causing
- 7 anaphylaxis may be present including, but not limited to,
- 8 qualified first responders, as such term is defined in
- 9 section 321.621, restaurants, recreation camps, youth sports
- 10 leagues, child care facilities, amusement parks, and sports
- 11 arenas. "Authorized entity" shall not include any public
- 12 school or public charter school;
- 13 (3) "Epinephrine auto-injector", a single-use device
- 14 used for the automatic injection of a premeasured dose of
- 15 epinephrine into the human body;
- 16 (4) "Physician", a physician licensed in this state
- under chapter 334;

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18 (5) "Provide", the supply of one or more epinephrine 19 auto-injectors to an individual;

- 20 (6) "Self-administration", a person's discretionary 21 use of an epinephrine auto-injector.
- 22. A physician may prescribe epinephrine auto23 injectors in the name of an authorized entity for use in
 24 accordance with this section, and pharmacists, physicians,
 25 and other persons authorized to dispense prescription
 26 medications may dispense epinephrine auto-injectors under a
 27 prescription issued in the name of an authorized entity.
- 28 An authorized entity may acquire and stock a supply of epinephrine auto-injectors under a prescription issued in 29 accordance with this section. Such epinephrine auto-30 injectors shall be stored in a location readily accessible 31 in an emergency and in accordance with the epinephrine auto-32 injector's instructions for use and any additional 33 34 requirements established by the department of health and senior services by rule. An authorized entity shall 35 36 designate employees or agents who have completed the training required under this section to be responsible for 37
- 4. An authorized entity that acquires a supply of
 41 epinephrine auto-injectors under a prescription issued in
 42 accordance with this section shall ensure that:

epinephrine auto-injectors acquired by the authorized entity.

the storage, maintenance, and general oversight of

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(1) Expected epinephrine auto-injector users receive training in recognizing symptoms of severe allergic reactions including anaphylaxis and the use of epinephrine auto-injectors from a nationally recognized organization experienced in training laypersons in emergency health treatment or another entity or person approved by the department of health and senior services;

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- 50 (2) All epinephrine auto-injectors are maintained and 51 stored according to the epinephrine auto-injector's 52 instructions for use;
- 53 (3) Any person who provides or administers an 54 epinephrine auto-injector to an individual who the person 55 believes in good faith is experiencing anaphylaxis activates 56 the emergency medical services system as soon as possible; 57 and
- 58 (4) A proper review of all situations in which an 59 epinephrine auto-injector is used to render emergency care 60 is conducted.
- 5. Any authorized entity that acquires a supply of epinephrine auto-injectors under a prescription issued in accordance with this section shall notify the emergency communications district or the ambulance dispatch center of the primary provider of emergency medical services where the epinephrine auto-injectors are to be located within the entity's facility.
- 68 6. No person shall provide or administer an epinephrine auto-injector to any individual who is under 69 eighteen years of age without the verbal consent of a parent 70 71 or quardian who is present at the time when provision or 72 administration of the epinephrine auto-injector is needed. 73 Provided, however, that a person may provide or administer 74 an epinephrine auto-injector to such an individual without 75 the consent of a parent or guardian if the parent or 76 quardian is not physically present and the person reasonably believes the individual shall be in imminent danger without 77 the provision or administration of the epinephrine auto-78 79 injector.
- 7. The following persons and entities shall not be liable for any injuries or related damages that result from

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liable for such failure.

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the administration or self-administration of an epinephrine 82 83 auto-injector in accordance with this section that may constitute ordinary negligence:

- An authorized entity that possesses and makes 85 available epinephrine auto-injectors and its employees, 86 agents, and other trained persons; 87
- Any person who uses an epinephrine auto-injector 88 89 made available under this section;
- 90 A physician that prescribes epinephrine auto-91 injectors to an authorized entity; or
- 92 Any person or entity that conducts the training described in this section. 93

Such immunity does not apply to acts or omissions 94 95 constituting a reckless disregard for the safety of others or willful or wanton conduct. The administration of an 96 epinephrine auto-injector in accordance with this section 97 98 shall not be considered the practice of medicine. immunity from liability provided under this subsection is in 99 100 addition to and not in lieu of that provided under section 537.037. An authorized entity located in this state shall 101 102 not be liable for any injuries or related damages that 103 result from the provision or administration of an epinephrine auto-injector by its employees or agents outside 104 105 of this state if the entity or its employee or agent is not liable for such injuries or related damages under the laws 106 107 of the state in which such provision or administration 108 occurred. No trained person who is in compliance with this 109 section and who in good faith and exercising reasonable care fails to administer an epinephrine auto-injector shall be 110

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112 8. All basic life support ambulances and stretcher

113 vans operated in the state shall be equipped with

114 epinephrine auto-injectors and be staffed by at least one

115 individual trained in the use of epinephrine auto-injectors.

- 9. The provisions of this section shall apply in all counties within the state and any city not within a county.
- 118 10. Nothing in this section shall be construed as superseding the provisions of section 167.630.
 - 210.225. 1. (1) Before July 1, 2027, each licensed child care provider shall adopt a policy on allergy prevention and response with priority given to addressing potentially deadly food-borne allergies. Such policy shall contain, but shall not be limited to, the following elements:
 - 6 (a) Distinguishing between building-wide, room-level,
 7 and individual approaches to allergy prevention and
 8 management;
 - (b) Providing an age-appropriate response to buildinglevel and room-level allergy education and prevention;
 - (c) Describing the role of child care facility staff in determining how to manage an allergy problem, whether through a plan prepared for a child under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, for a child with an allergy that has been determined to be a disability, an individualized health plan for a child who has an allergy that is not disabling, or another allergy management plan;
 - (d) Describing the role of other children and parents in cooperating to prevent and mitigate allergies;
 - (e) Addressing confidentiality issues involved with sharing medical information, including specifying when parental permission is required to make medical information available; and

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- 24 (f) Coordinating with the department of elementary and 25 secondary education, local health authorities, and other 26 appropriate entities to ensure efficient promulgation of 27 accurate information and to ensure that existing child care 28 facility safety and environmental policies do not conflict.
- 29 (2) Such policies may contain information from or 30 links to child care facility allergy prevention information 31 furnished by the Food Allergy & Anaphylaxis Network or 32 equivalent organization with a medical advisory board that 33 has allergy specialists.
 - 2. The department of elementary and secondary education shall, in cooperation with any appropriate professional association, develop a model policy or policies before July 1, 2026.

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