SECOND REGULAR SESSION

[PERFECTED]

SENATE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 835

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR CRAWFORD.

3810S.05P

KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

AN ACT

To repeal sections 30.753, 95.280, 95.285, 95.355, 143.121, 408.010, 408.035, 408.140, and 442.210, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof ten new sections relating to financial transactions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 30.753, 95.280, 95.285, 95.355,

- 2 143.121, 408.010, 408.035, 408.140, and 442.210, RSMo, are
- 3 repealed and ten new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be
- 4 known as sections 30.753, 34.700, 34.710, 110.075, 143.121,
- 5 408.010, 408.035, 408.140, 427.300, and 442.210, to read as
- 6 follows:
 - 30.753. 1. The state treasurer may invest in linked
- 2 deposits; however, the total amount so deposited at any one
- 3 time shall not exceed, in the aggregate, [eight hundred
- 4 million] one billion two hundred million dollars. [No more
- 5 than three hundred thirty million dollars of the aggregate
- 6 deposit] Such deposits shall be used for linked deposits to
- 7 eligible farming operations, eligible locally owned
- 8 businesses, eliqible agribusinesses, eliqible beginning
- 9 farmers, eligible livestock operations, [and] eligible
- 10 facility borrowers, [no more than one hundred ninety

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

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recipient firm.

- 11 million of the aggregate deposit shall be used for linked 12 deposits to] and eligible small businesses[,]. No more than 13 [twenty million dollars] five percent of the aggregate deposit shall be used for linked deposits to eliqible 14 multitenant development enterprises, and no more than 15 16 [twenty million dollars] five percent of the aggregate deposit shall be used for linked deposits to eligible 17 18 residential property developers and eligible residential 19 property owners, no more than [two hundred twenty million 20 dollars] twenty percent of the aggregate deposit shall be used for linked deposits to eligible job enhancement 21 businesses, and no more than [twenty million dollars] five 22 percent of the aggregate deposit shall be used for linked 23 deposit loans to eligible water systems. Linked deposit 24 loans may be made to eliqible student borrowers, eliqible 25 26 alternative energy operations, eligible alternative energy 27 consumers, and eligible governmental entities from the aggregate [deposit] deposits. If demand for a particular 28 29 type of linked deposit exceeds the initial allocation, and funds initially allocated to another type are available and 30 not in demand, the state treasurer may commingle allocations 31 among the types of linked deposits. 32 The minimum deposit to be made by the state 33 34 treasurer to an eligible lending institution for eligible job enhancement business loans shall be ninety thousand 35 36 dollars. Linked deposit loans for eligible job enhancement 37 businesses may be made for the purposes of assisting with relocation expenses, working capital, interim construction, 38 inventory, site development, machinery and equipment, or 39
 - 34.700. 1. A public entity shall not:

other expenses necessary to create or retain jobs in the

- 2 (1) Accept a payment using central bank digital
- 3 currency; or
- 4 (2) Participate in any test of central bank digital
- 5 currency by any Federal Reserve branch.
- 6 2. For purposes of this section, the following terms
- 7 mean:
- 8 (1) "Central bank digital currency", a digital
- 9 currency, a digital medium of exchange, or a digital
- 10 monetary unit of account issued by the United States Federal
- 11 Reserve System, a federal agency, a foreign government, a
- 12 foreign central bank, or a foreign reserve system, that is
- 13 made directly available to a consumer by such entities. The
- 14 term includes a digital currency, a digital medium of
- 15 exchange, or a digital monetary unit of account issued by
- 16 the United States Federal Reserve System, a federal agency,
- 17 a foreign government, a foreign central bank, or a foreign
- 18 reserve system, that is processed or validated directly by
- 19 such entities;
- 20 (2) "Public entity", the state of Missouri or any
- 21 political subdivision thereof, including all boards,
- 22 commissions, agencies, institutions, authorities, and bodies
- 23 politic and corporate of the state created by or in
- 24 accordance with state law or regulations.
 - 34.710. 1. The state, any agency of the state, any
- 2 political subdivision of the state, or any instrumentality
- 3 thereof, when engaged in procuring or letting contracts for
- 4 any purpose shall ensure that bidders, offerors, or vendors
- 5 are not discriminated against or given preferential
- 6 treatment based on an environmental, social, and governance
- 7 score.
- For purposes of this section, the term
- 9 "environmental, social, and governance score" means an

- 10 evaluation conducted by an entity that takes into
- 11 consideration one or more of the following:
- 12 (1) The use of energy and raw materials by the bidder,
- 13 offeror, or vendor;
- 14 (2) Whether the bidder, offeror, or vendor spends
- 15 funds on social welfare or makes charitable donations; and
- 16 (3) The environmental policies of the bidder, offeror,
- 17 or vendor.
 - 110.075. 1. As used in this section, the following
- 2 terms shall mean:
- 3 (1) "Depository", a banking institution headquartered
- 4 in or maintaining a full-service branch in this state which
- 5 is selected by a municipality to hold and manage public
- 6 funds;
- 7 (2) "Governing body", any city council, board of
- 8 aldermen, or board of trustees;
- 9 (3) "Municipal depositories", any state-chartered or
- 10 federally chartered banking institution as defined in
- 11 Article IV, Section 15 of the Constitution of Missouri;
- 12 (4) "Municipality", any city or village in this state;
- 13 (5) "Public funds", funds owned or controlled by a
- 14 municipality, including tax revenues, fees, grants, and
- 15 other sources of income.
- 16 2. All municipalities shall select depositories
- 17 through a competitive process in accordance with the
- 18 provisions in this section. The governing body of each
- 19 municipality shall develop and publish a request for
- 20 proposals which shall outline the requirements for selecting
- 21 one or more municipal depositories. Such requirements shall
- 22 address or include the following matters:
- 23 (1) The municipality shall use due diligence for
- 24 determining the financial stability and soundness of the

- depository based on publicly available financial reports and other public sources;
- 27 (2) Safe custody and liquidity of public funds,
- 28 including deposit insurance coverage and pledge of
- 29 collateral or investment in appropriate government
- 30 securities as authorized for public funds;
- 31 (3) Interest rates and fees offered;
- 32 (4) Services offered, including online banking, cash
- 33 management, deposit sweep and repurchase accounts,
- 34 investment in a common trust fund in eligible securities for
- 35 municipalities and political subdivisions, and other banking
- 36 service options;
- 37 (5) Compliance with all applicable state and federal
- 38 banking regulations;
- 39 (6) Convenient and efficient treasury functions,
- 40 including if the location of the depository institution
- 41 shall be required to be located within the municipality or
- 42 in the same county as the municipality.
- 43 3. Banking institutions interested in becoming the
- 44 municipal depository shall respond to the municipality's
- 45 request for proposals within the time frame specified by the
- 46 municipality in the request.
- 4. The governing body shall evaluate the proposals
- 48 based on the criteria outlined in the request for proposals
- 49 and select a banking institution that best meets the
- 50 municipality's needs and objectives.
- 51 5. The selected banking institution shall enter into a
- 52 contract with the municipality outlining the terms and
- 53 conditions of the depository relationship, including, but
- on the interest rates, fees, and services to be
- 55 provided.

- 6. Municipalities shall maintain records of the selection process, including all proposals received by the municipality for a period of two years.
- 143.121. 1. The Missouri adjusted gross income of a resident individual shall be the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income subject to the modifications in this section.
- 4 2. There shall be added to the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income:
- 6 (1) The amount of any federal income tax refund 7 received for a prior year which resulted in a Missouri 8 income tax benefit. The amount added pursuant to this
- 9 subdivision shall not include any amount of a federal income
- 10 tax refund attributable to a tax credit reducing a
- 11 taxpayer's federal tax liability pursuant to Public Law 116-
- 13 or 116-260, enacted by the 116th United States Congress,
- 13 for the tax year beginning on or after January 1, 2020, and
- 14 ending on or before December 31, 2020, and deducted from
- 15 Missouri adjusted gross income pursuant to section 143.171.
- 16 The amount added under this subdivision shall also not
- 17 include any amount of a federal income tax refund
- 18 attributable to a tax credit reducing a taxpayer's federal
- 19 tax liability under any other federal law that provides
- 20 direct economic impact payments to taxpayers to mitigate
- 21 financial challenges related to the COVID-19 pandemic, and
- 22 deducted from Missouri adjusted gross income under section
- 23 143.171;
- 24 (2) Interest on certain governmental obligations
- 25 excluded from federal gross income by 26 U.S.C. Section 103
- 26 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. The previous
- 27 sentence shall not apply to interest on obligations of the
- 28 state of Missouri or any of its political subdivisions or
- 29 authorities and shall not apply to the interest described in

- 30 subdivision (1) of subsection 3 of this section. The amount
- 31 added pursuant to this subdivision shall be reduced by the
- 32 amounts applicable to such interest that would have been
- 33 deductible in computing the taxable income of the taxpayer
- 34 except only for the application of 26 U.S.C. Section 265 of
- 35 the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. The reduction shall
- 36 only be made if it is at least five hundred dollars;
- 37 (3) The amount of any deduction that is included in
- 38 the computation of federal taxable income pursuant to 26
- 39 U.S.C. Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code as amended
- 40 by the Job Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002 to the
- 41 extent the amount deducted relates to property purchased on
- 42 or after July 1, 2002, but before July 1, 2003, and to the
- 43 extent the amount deducted exceeds the amount that would
- 44 have been deductible pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 168 of
- 45 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as in effect on January 1,
- 46 2002;
- 47 (4) The amount of any deduction that is included in
- 48 the computation of federal taxable income for net operating
- 49 loss allowed by 26 U.S.C. Section 172 of the Internal
- 50 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, other than the deduction
- 51 allowed by 26 U.S.C. Section 172(b)(1)(G) and 26 U.S.C.
- 52 Section 172(i) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
- 53 amended, for a net operating loss the taxpayer claims in the
- 54 tax year in which the net operating loss occurred or carries
- 55 forward for a period of more than twenty years and carries
- 56 backward for more than two years. Any amount of net
- 57 operating loss taken against federal taxable income but
- 58 disallowed for Missouri income tax purposes pursuant to this
- 59 subdivision after June 18, 2002, may be carried forward and
- 60 taken against any income on the Missouri income tax return

- for a period of not more than twenty years from the year of the initial loss; and
- (5) For nonresident individuals in all taxable years
 ending on or after December 31, 2006, the amount of any
 property taxes paid to another state or a political
 subdivision of another state for which a deduction was
- 67 allowed on such nonresident's federal return in the taxable
- 68 year unless such state, political subdivision of a state, or
- $\,$ 69 the District of Columbia allows a subtraction from income
- 70 for property taxes paid to this state for purposes of
- 71 calculating income for the income tax for such state,
- 72 political subdivision of a state, or the District of
- 73 Columbia;
- 74 (6) For all tax years beginning on or after January 1,
- 75 2018, any interest expense paid or accrued in a previous
- 76 taxable year, but allowed as a deduction under 26 U.S.C.
- 77 Section 163, as amended, in the current taxable year by
- 78 reason of the carryforward of disallowed business interest
- 79 provisions of 26 U.S.C. Section 163(j), as amended. For the
- 80 purposes of this subdivision, an interest expense is
- 81 considered paid or accrued only in the first taxable year
- 82 the deduction would have been allowable under 26 U.S.C.
- 83 Section 163, as amended, if the limitation under 26 U.S.C.
- 84 Section 163(j), as amended, did not exist.
- 3. There shall be subtracted from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income the following amounts to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income:
- 88 (1) Interest received on deposits held at a federal 89 reserve bank or interest or dividends on obligations of the 90 United States and its territories and possessions or of any 91 authority, commission or instrumentality of the United 92 States to the extent exempt from Missouri income taxes

pursuant to the laws of the United States. The amount subtracted pursuant to this subdivision shall be reduced by any interest on indebtedness incurred to carry the described obligations or securities and by any expenses incurred in the production of interest or dividend income described in this subdivision. The reduction in the previous sentence shall only apply to the extent that such expenses including amortizable bond premiums are deducted in determining the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income or included in the taxpayer's Missouri itemized deduction. The reduction shall only be made if the expenses total at least five hundred dollars;

- (2) The portion of any gain, from the sale or other disposition of property having a higher adjusted basis to the taxpayer for Missouri income tax purposes than for federal income tax purposes on December 31, 1972, that does not exceed such difference in basis. If a gain is considered a long-term capital gain for federal income tax purposes, the modification shall be limited to one-half of such portion of the gain;
- (3) The amount necessary to prevent the taxation pursuant to this chapter of any annuity or other amount of income or gain which was properly included in income or gain and was taxed pursuant to the laws of Missouri for a taxable year prior to January 1, 1973, to the taxpayer, or to a decedent by reason of whose death the taxpayer acquired the right to receive the income or gain, or to a trust or estate from which the taxpayer received the income or gain;
- 121 (4) Accumulation distributions received by a taxpayer 122 as a beneficiary of a trust to the extent that the same are 123 included in federal adjusted gross income;

- 124 (5) The amount of any state income tax refund for a

 125 prior year which was included in the federal adjusted gross

 126 income;
- 127 (6) The portion of capital gain specified in section 128 135.357 that would otherwise be included in federal adjusted 129 gross income;
- (7) The amount that would have been deducted in the 130 131 computation of federal taxable income pursuant to 26 U.S.C. 132 Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code as in effect on 133 January 1, 2002, to the extent that amount relates to property purchased on or after July 1, 2002, but before July 134 1, 2003, and to the extent that amount exceeds the amount 135 actually deducted pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 168 of the 136 137 Internal Revenue Code as amended by the Job Creation and
- Worker Assistance Act of 2002;

 (8) For all tax years beginning on or after January 1,
- 140 2005, the amount of any income received for military service while the taxpayer serves in a combat zone which is included 141 in federal adjusted gross income and not otherwise excluded 142 therefrom. As used in this section, "combat zone" means any 143 area which the President of the United States by Executive 144 Order designates as an area in which Armed Forces of the 145 United States are or have engaged in combat. Service is 146 147 performed in a combat zone only if performed on or after the 148 date designated by the President by Executive Order as the 149 date of the commencing of combat activities in such zone, and on or before the date designated by the President by 150 Executive Order as the date of the termination of combatant 151 activities in such zone; 152
- 153 (9) For all tax years ending on or after July 1, 2002, 154 with respect to qualified property that is sold or otherwise 155 disposed of during a taxable year by a taxpayer and for

- 156 which an additional modification was made under subdivision
- 157 (3) of subsection 2 of this section, the amount by which
- 158 additional modification made under subdivision (3) of
- 159 subsection 2 of this section on qualified property has not
- 160 been recovered through the additional subtractions provided
- in subdivision (7) of this subsection;
- 162 (10) For all tax years beginning on or after January
- 163 1, 2014, the amount of any income received as payment from
- any program which provides compensation to agricultural
- 165 producers who have suffered a loss as the result of a
- 166 disaster or emergency, including the:
- 167 (a) Livestock Forage Disaster Program;
- 168 (b) Livestock Indemnity Program;
- 169 (c) Emergency Assistance for Livestock, Honeybees, and
- 170 Farm-Raised Fish;
- 171 (d) Emergency Conservation Program;
- 172 (e) Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program;
- 173 (f) Pasture, Rangeland, Forage Pilot Insurance Program;
- 174 (q) Annual Forage Pilot Program;
- 175 (h) Livestock Risk Protection Insurance Plan;
- 176 (i) Livestock Gross Margin Insurance Plan;
- 177 (11) For all tax years beginning on or after January
- 178 1, 2018, any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
- 179 taxable year, but not deducted as a result of the limitation
- imposed under 26 U.S.C. Section 163(j), as amended. For the
- 181 purposes of this subdivision, an interest expense is
- 182 considered paid or accrued only in the first taxable year
- 183 the deduction would have been allowable under 26 U.S.C.
- 184 Section 163, as amended, if the limitation under 26 U.S.C.
- 185 Section 163(j), as amended, did not exist;
- 186 (12) One hundred percent of any retirement benefits
- 187 received by any taxpayer as a result of the taxpayer's

- service in the Armed Forces of the United States, including reserve components and the National Guard of this state, as
- defined in 32 U.S.C. Sections 101(3) and 109, and any other
- 191 military force organized under the laws of this state; [and]
- 192 (13) One hundred percent of any federal grant moneys
- 193 received for the purpose of providing or expanding access to
- 194 broadband internet to areas of the state deemed to be
- 195 lacking such access; and
- 196 (14) For all tax years beginning on or after January
- 197 1, 2025, the portion of capital gain on the sale or exchange
- 198 of specie, as that term is defined in section 408.010, that
- 199 are otherwise included in the taxpayer's federal adjusted
- 200 gross income.
- 4. There shall be added to or subtracted from the
- 202 taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income the taxpayer's
- 203 share of the Missouri fiduciary adjustment provided in
- 204 section 143.351.
- 205 5. There shall be added to or subtracted from the
- 206 taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income the modifications
- provided in section 143.411.
- 208 6. In addition to the modifications to a taxpayer's
- 209 federal adjusted gross income in this section, to calculate
- 210 Missouri adjusted gross income there shall be subtracted
- 211 from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income any gain
- 212 recognized pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 1033 of the
- 213 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, arising from
- 214 compulsory or involuntary conversion of property as a result
- of condemnation or the imminence thereof.
- 7. (1) As used in this subsection, "qualified health
- 217 insurance premium" means the amount paid during the tax year
- 218 by such taxpayer for any insurance policy primarily

- providing health care coverage for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, or the taxpayer's dependents.
- (2) In addition to the subtractions in subsection 3 of
- this section, one hundred percent of the amount of qualified
- 223 health insurance premiums shall be subtracted from the
- 224 taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income to the extent the
- 225 amount paid for such premiums is included in federal taxable
- 226 income. The taxpayer shall provide the department of
- revenue with proof of the amount of qualified health
- 228 insurance premiums paid.
- 8. (1) Beginning January 1, 2014, in addition to the
- 230 subtractions provided in this section, one hundred percent
- 231 of the cost incurred by a taxpayer for a home energy audit
- 232 conducted by an entity certified by the department of
- 233 natural resources under section 640.153 or the
- 234 implementation of any energy efficiency recommendations made
- in such an audit shall be subtracted from the taxpayer's
- 236 federal adjusted gross income to the extent the amount paid
- 237 for any such activity is included in federal taxable
- 238 income. The taxpayer shall provide the department of
- 239 revenue with a summary of any recommendations made in a
- 240 qualified home energy audit, the name and certification
- 241 number of the qualified home energy auditor who conducted
- 242 the audit, and proof of the amount paid for any activities
- 243 under this subsection for which a deduction is claimed. The
- 244 taxpayer shall also provide a copy of the summary of any
- 245 recommendations made in a qualified home energy audit to the
- 246 department of natural resources.
- 247 (2) At no time shall a deduction claimed under this
- 248 subsection by an individual taxpayer or taxpayers filing
- 249 combined returns exceed one thousand dollars per year for

- individual taxpayers or cumulatively exceed two thousand dollars per year for taxpayers filing combined returns.
- 252 (3) Any deduction claimed under this subsection shall
- 253 be claimed for the tax year in which the qualified home
- 254 energy audit was conducted or in which the implementation of
- 255 the energy efficiency recommendations occurred. If
- 256 implementation of the energy efficiency recommendations
- 257 occurred during more than one year, the deduction may be
- 258 claimed in more than one year, subject to the limitations
- 259 provided under subdivision (2) of this subsection.
- 260 (4) A deduction shall not be claimed for any otherwise
- 261 eligible activity under this subsection if such activity
- 262 qualified for and received any rebate or other incentive
- 263 through a state-sponsored energy program or through an
- 264 electric corporation, gas corporation, electric cooperative,
- or municipally owned utility.
- 266 9. The provisions of subsection 8 of this section
- shall expire on December 31, 2020.
- 268 10. (1) As used in this subsection, the following
- 269 terms mean:
- 270 (a) "Beginning farmer", a taxpayer who:
- 271 a. Has filed at least one but not more than ten
- 272 Internal Revenue Service Schedule F (Form 1040) Profit or
- 273 Loss From Farming forms since turning eighteen years of age;
- b. Is approved for a beginning farmer loan through the
- 275 USDA Farm Service Agency Beginning Farmer direct or
- 276 guaranteed loan program;
- c. Has a farming operation that is determined by the
- 278 department of agriculture to be new production agriculture
- 279 but is the principal operator of a farm and has substantial
- 280 farming knowledge; or

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- d. Has been determined by the department of agriculture to be a qualified family member;
- 283 (b) "Farm owner", an individual who owns farmland and 284 disposes of or relinquishes use of all or some portion of 285 such farmland as follows:
- a. A sale to a beginning farmer;
- 287 b. A lease or rental agreement not exceeding ten years 288 with a beginning farmer; or
- 289 c. A crop-share arrangement not exceeding ten years 290 with a beginning farmer;
- 291 (c) "Qualified family member", an individual who is 292 related to a farm owner within the fourth degree by blood, 293 marriage, or adoption and who is purchasing or leasing or is 294 in a crop-share arrangement for land from all or a portion 295 of such farm owner's farming operation.
- 296 (2) (a) In addition to all other subtractions
 297 authorized in this section, a taxpayer who is a farm owner
 298 who sells all or a portion of such farmland to a beginning
 299 farmer may subtract from such taxpayer's Missouri adjusted
 300 gross income an amount to the extent included in federal
 301 adjusted gross income as provided in this subdivision.
- 302 (b) Subject to the limitations in paragraph (c) of
 303 this subdivision, the amount that may be subtracted shall be
 304 equal to the portion of capital gains received from the sale
 305 of such farmland that such taxpayer receives in the tax year
 306 for which such taxpayer subtracts such capital gain.
 - (c) A taxpayer may subtract the following amounts and percentages per tax year in total capital gains received from the sale of such farmland under this subdivision:
- a. For the first two million dollars received, onehundred percent;

- b. For the next one million dollars received, eightypercent;
- 314 c. For the next one million dollars received, sixty
- 315 percent;
- d. For the next one million dollars received, forty
- 317 percent; and
- e. For the next one million dollars received, twenty
- 319 percent.
- 320 (d) The department of revenue shall prepare an annual
- 321 report reviewing the costs and benefits and containing
- 322 statistical information regarding the subtraction of capital
- 323 gains authorized under this subdivision for the previous tax
- 324 year including, but not limited to, the total amount of all
- 325 capital gains subtracted and the number of taxpayers
- 326 subtracting such capital gains. Such report shall be
- 327 submitted before February first of each year to the
- 328 committee on agriculture policy of the Missouri house of
- 329 representatives and the committee on agriculture, food
- 330 production and outdoor resources of the Missouri senate, or
- 331 the successor committees.
- 332 (3) (a) In addition to all other subtractions
- authorized in this section, a taxpayer who is a farm owner
- 334 who enters a lease or rental agreement for all or a portion
- of such farmland with a beginning farmer may subtract from
- 336 such taxpayer's Missouri adjusted gross income an amount to
- 337 the extent included in federal adjusted gross income as
- 338 provided in this subdivision.
- 339 (b) Subject to the limitation in paragraph (c) of this
- 340 subdivision, the amount that may be subtracted shall be
- 341 equal to the portion of cash rent income received from the
- 342 lease or rental of such farmland that such taxpayer receives

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- in the tax year for which such taxpayer subtracts such income.
- 345 (c) No taxpayer shall subtract more than twenty-five 346 thousand dollars per tax year in total cash rent income 347 received from the lease or rental of such farmland under 348 this subdivision.
- 349 (4) (a) In addition to all other subtractions
 350 authorized in this section, a taxpayer who is a farm owner
 351 who enters a crop-share arrangement on all or a portion of
 352 such farmland with a beginning farmer may subtract from such
 353 taxpayer's Missouri adjusted gross income an amount to the
 354 extent included in federal adjusted gross income as provided
 355 in this subdivision.
 - (b) Subject to the limitation in paragraph (c) of this subdivision, the amount that may be subtracted shall be equal to the portion of income received from the crop-share arrangement on such farmland that such taxpayer receives in the tax year for which such taxpayer subtracts such income.
 - (c) No taxpayer shall subtract more than twenty-five thousand dollars per tax year in total income received from the lease or rental of such farmland under this subdivision.
- 364 (5) The department of agriculture shall, by rule,
 365 establish a process to verify that a taxpayer is a beginning
 366 farmer for purposes of this section and shall provide
 367 verification to the beginning farmer and farm seller of such
 368 farmer's and seller's certification and qualification for
 369 the exemption provided in this subsection.
 - 408.010. [The silver coins of the United States are
 - 2 hereby declared a] 1. This section shall be known and may
 - 3 be cited as the "Constitutional Money Act".
 - 4 2. Specie legal tender and electronic currency shall
 - 5 be accepted as legal tender[, at their par value, fixed by

- 6 the laws of the United States, and shall be receivable in]
- 7 for payment of all public debts[, public or private,]
- 8 hereafter contracted in the state of Missouri[; provided,
- 9 however, that no person shall have the right to pay, upon
- any one debt, dimes and half dimes to an amount exceeding
- 11 ten dollars, or of twenty and twenty-five cent pieces
- 12 exceeding twenty dollars] and may be accepted as payment for
- 13 all private debts hereafter contracted in the state of
- 14 Missouri, in the discretion of the receiving entity.
- 3. The state of Missouri shall accept specie legal
- 16 tender and electronic currency as payment for any debt, tax,
- 17 fee, or obligation owed. Costs incurred in the course of
- 18 verification of the weight and purity of any specie legal
- 19 tender or electronic currency during any such transaction
- 20 shall be borne by the receiving entity.
- 4. Except as expressly provided by contract, no person
- or entity shall be required to use specie legal tender or
- 23 electronic currency in the payment of any debt and nothing
- 24 in this section shall prohibit the use of federal reserve
- 25 notes in the payment of any debt.
- 26 5. Under no circumstance shall the state of Missouri
- 27 or any department, agency, court, political subdivision, or
- 28 instrumentality thereof:
- 29 (1) Seize from any person any specie legal tender or
- 30 electronic currency that is owned by such person, except as
- 31 otherwise provided in section 513.607. Any person whose
- 32 specie legal tender or electronic currency is seized in
- 33 violation of this subdivision shall have a cause of action
- 34 in a court of competent jurisdiction, with any successful
- 35 such action resulting in the award of attorney's fees;
- 36 (2) Enforce or attempt to enforce any federal acts,
- 37 laws, executive orders, administrative orders, rules,

- 38 regulations, statutes, or ordinances infringing on the right
- 39 of a person to keep and use specie legal tender and
- 40 electronic currency as provided in this section;
- 41 (3) Restrict in any way the ability of a person or
- 42 financial institution to acquire specie legal tender or
- 43 electronic currency or use specie legal tender or electronic
- 44 currency in transactions; or
- 45 (4) Enact any law discriminating or favoring one means
- 46 of legal tender in the course of a transaction over another
- 47 means of legal tender.
- 48 6. For purposes of this section, the following terms
- 49 mean:
- 50 (1) "Bullion", refined precious metal, limited to gold
- 51 and silver only, in any shape or form, with uniform content
- 52 and purity, including, but not limited to, coins, rounds,
- 53 bars, ingots, and any other products, that are:
- 54 (a) Stamped or imprinted with the weight and purity of
- 55 the precious metal that it contains; and
- 56 (b) Valued primarily based on its metal content and
- 57 not on its form and function;
- 58 (2) "Electronic currency", a representation of actual
- 59 gold and silver, specie, and bullion held in a depository
- 60 account, which may be transferred by electronic
- 61 instruction. Such representation shall reflect the exact
- 62 unit of physical specie or gold and silver bullion in the
- 63 depository account in its fractional troy ounce measurement
- 64 as provided in this section;
- 65 (3) "Legal tender", a recognized medium of exchange
- 66 for the payment of debts, public charges, taxes, or dues
- 67 that is:
- 68 (a) Authorized by the United States Congress pursuant
- 69 to Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution; or

- 70 (b) Authorized by Missouri law pursuant to Article I,
 71 Section 10 of the United States Constitution;
- 72 (4) "Precious metal", gold or silver;
- 73 (5) "Specie", bullion fabricated into products of 74 uniform shape, size, design, content, weight, and purity
- vniform shape, size, design, content, weight, and purity
- 76 medium of exchange, or as the medium for purchase, sale,
- 77 storage, transfer, or delivery of precious metals in retail

that are suitable for or customarily used as currency, as a

- 78 or wholesale transactions;
- 79 (6) "Specie legal tender", includes any of the
- 80 following:

- 81 (a) Specie coin issued by the federal government at
- 82 any time; and
- 83 (b) Any other specie.
 - 408.035. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other
- 2 law to the contrary, it is lawful for the parties to agree
- 3 in writing to any rate of interest, fees, and other terms
- 4 and conditions in connection with any:
- 5 (1) Loan to a corporation, general partnership,
- 6 limited partnership or limited liability company;
- 7 (2) Extension of credit primarily for agricultural,
- 8 business, or commercial purposes;
- 9 (3) Real estate loan, other than residential real
- 10 estate loans [and loans of less than five thousand dollars
- 11 secured by real estate used for an agricultural activity]; or
- 12 (4) Loan of five thousand dollars or more secured
- 13 solely by certificates of stock, bonds, bills of exchange,
- 14 certificates of deposit, warehouse receipts, or bills of
- 15 lading pledged as collateral for the repayment of such loans.
 - 408.140. 1. No further or other charge or amount
- 2 whatsoever shall be directly or indirectly charged,
- 3 contracted for or received for interest, service charges or

- 4 other fees as an incident to any such extension of credit
- 5 except as provided and regulated by sections 367.100 to
- 6 367.200 and except:
- 7 (1) On loans for thirty days or longer which are other
- 8 than "open-end credit" as such term is defined in the
- 9 federal Consumer Credit Protection Act and regulations
- 10 thereunder, a fee, not to exceed ten percent of the
- 11 principal amount loaned not to exceed one hundred dollars
- 12 may be charged by the lender; however, no such fee shall be
- 13 permitted on any extension, refinance, restructure or
- 14 renewal of any such loan, unless any investigation is made
- on the application to extend, refinance, restructure or
- 16 renew the loan;
- 17 (2) The lawful fees actually and necessarily paid out
- 18 by the lender to any public officer for filing, recording,
- 19 or releasing in any public office any instrument securing
- 20 the loan, and reasonable and bona fide third-party fees
- 21 incurred for remote or electronic filing, which fees may be
- 22 collected when the loan is made or at any time thereafter;
- 23 however, premiums for insurance in lieu of perfecting a
- 24 security interest required by the lender may be charged if
- 25 the premium does not exceed the fees which would otherwise
- 26 be payable;
- 27 (3) If the contract so provides, a charge for late
- 28 payment on each installment or minimum payment in default
- 29 for a period of not less than fifteen days in an amount not
- 30 to exceed five percent of each installment due or the
- 31 minimum payment due or fifteen dollars, whichever is
- 32 greater, not to exceed fifty dollars. If the contract so
- 33 provides, a charge for late payment on each twenty-five
- 34 dollars or less installment in default for a period of not
- 35 less than fifteen days shall not exceed five dollars;

36 (4) If the contract so provides, a charge for late 37 payment for a single payment note in default for a period of 38 not less than fifteen days in an amount not to exceed five 39 percent of the payment due; provided that, the late charge

for a single payment note shall not exceed fifty dollars;

- (5) Charges or premiums for insurance written in connection with any loan against loss of or damage to property or against liability arising out of ownership or use of property as provided in section 367.170; however, notwithstanding any other provision of law, with the consent of the borrower, such insurance may cover property all or part of which is pledged as security for the loan, and charges or premiums for insurance providing life, health, accident, or involuntary unemployment coverage;
- (6) Reasonable towing costs and expenses of retaking, holding, preparing for sale, and selling any personal property in accordance with the uniform commercial code secured transactions, sections 400.9-101 to 400.9-809;
- (7) A reasonable service fee not to exceed the amount permitted under subdivision (2) of subsection 6 of section 570.120 for any check, draft, order, or like instrument that is returned unpaid by a financial institution, plus an amount equal to the actual fees charged by the financial institution for each check, draft, order, or like instrument returned unpaid;
- 61 (8) If the contract or promissory note, signed by the
 62 borrower, provides for attorney fees, and if it is necessary
 63 to bring suit, such attorney fees may not exceed fifteen
 64 percent of the amount due and payable under such contract or
 65 promissory note, together with any court costs assessed.
 66 The attorney fees shall only be applicable where the
- 67 contract or promissory note is referred for collection to an

- attorney, and is not handled by a salaried employee of the holder of the contract;
- 70 (9) If the open-end credit contract is tied to a 71 transaction account in a depository institution, such
- 72 account is in the institution's assets and such contract
- 73 provides for loans of thirty-one days or longer which are
- 74 "open-end credit", as such term is defined in the federal
- 75 Consumer Credit Protection Act and regulations thereunder,
- 76 the creditor may charge a credit advance fee of up to the
- 77 lesser of seventy-five dollars or ten percent of the credit
- 78 advanced from time to time from the line of credit; such
- 79 credit advance fee may be added to the open-end credit
- 80 outstanding along with any interest, and shall not be
- 81 considered the unlawful compounding of interest as specified
- **82** under section 408.120;
- 83 (10) A deficiency waiver addendum, guaranteed asset
- 84 protection, or a similar product purchased as part of a loan
- 85 transaction with collateral and at the borrower's consent,
- 86 provided the cost of the product is disclosed in the loan
- 87 contract, is reasonable, and the requirements of section
- **88** 408.380 are met;
- 89 (11) A convenience fee for payments using an
- 90 alternative payment channel that accepts a debit or credit
- 91 card not present transaction, nonface-to-face payment,
- 92 provided that:
- 93 (a) The person making the payment is notified of the
- 94 convenience fee; and
- 95 (b) The fee is fixed or flat, except that the fee may
- 96 vary based upon method of payment used;
- 97 (12) A charge equal to the cost of the credit report.
- 98 2. Other provisions of law to the contrary
- 99 notwithstanding, an open-end credit contract under which a

- 100 credit card is issued by a company, financial institution,
- 101 savings and loan or other credit issuing company whose
- 102 credit card operations are located in Missouri may charge an
- 103 annual fee, provided that no finance charge shall be
- 104 assessed on new purchases other than cash advances if such
- 105 purchases are paid for within twenty-five days of the date
- 106 of the periodic statement therefor.
- 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
- 108 contrary, in addition to charges allowed pursuant to section
- 109 408.100, an open-end credit contract provided by a company,
- 110 financial institution, savings and loan or other credit
- issuing company which is regulated pursuant to this chapter
- 112 may charge an annual fee not to exceed fifty dollars.
 - 427.300. 1. This section shall be known, and may be
 - 2 cited as, the "Commercial Financing Disclosure Law".
 - 3 2. For purposes of this section, the following terms
 - 4 mean:
 - 5 (1) "Account",
 - 6 (a) Includes:
 - 7 a. A right to payment of a monetary obligation,
 - 8 whether or not earned by performance, for one of the
 - 9 **following**:
- 10 (i) Property that has been or is to be sold, leased,
- 11 licensed, assigned, or otherwise disposed of;
- 12 (ii) Services rendered or to be rendered;
- (iii) A policy of insurance issued or to be issued;
- 14 (iv) A secondary obligation incurred or to be incurred;
- 15 (v) Energy provided or to be provided;
- 16 (vi) The use or hire of a vessel under a charter or
- 17 other contract;
- (vii) Arising out of the use of a credit or charge
- 19 card or information contained on or for use with the card; or

- 20 (viii) As winnings in a lottery or other game of
- 21 chance operated or sponsored by a state, governmental unit
- of a state, or person licensed or authorized to operate the
- 23 game by a state or governmental unit of a state; and
- b. Health care-insurance receivables.
- 25 (b) "Account" does not include:
- a. Rights to payment evidenced by chattel paper or an instrument;
- 28 b. Commercial tort claims;
- 29 c. Deposit accounts;
- 30 d. Investment property;
- e. Letter-of-credit rights or letters of credit; or
- f. Rights to payment for money or funds advanced or
- 33 sold, other than rights arising out of the use of a credit
- or charge card or information contained on or for use with
- 35 the card.
- 36 (2) "Accounts receivable purchase transaction", any
- 37 transaction in which the business forwards or otherwise
- 38 sells to the provider all or a portion of the business's
- 39 accounts or payment intangibles at a discount to their
- 40 expected value. The provider's characterization of an
- 41 accounts receivable purchase transaction as a purchase is
- 42 conclusive that the accounts receivable purchase transaction
- 43 is not a loan or a transaction for the use, forbearance, or
- 44 detention of money;
- 45 (3) "Broker", any person who, for compensation or the
- 46 expectation of compensation, obtains a commercial financing
- 47 transaction or an offer for a commercial financing
- 48 transaction from a third party that would, if executed, be
- 49 binding upon that third party and communicates that offer to
- 50 a business located in this state. The term "broker"
- 51 excludes a "provider", or any individual or entity whose

- 52 compensation is not based on or dependent upon the terms of 53 the specific commercial financing transaction obtained or
- 54 **offered**;
- 55 (4) "Business", an individual or group of individuals,
- sole proprietorship, corporation, limited liability company,
- 57 trust, estate, cooperative, association, or limited or
- 58 general partnership engaged in a business activity;
- 59 (5) "Business purpose transaction", any transaction
- 60 where the proceeds are provided to a business or are
- 61 intended to be used to carry on a business and not for
- 62 personal, family, or household purposes. For purposes of
- 63 determining whether a transaction is a business purpose
- 64 transaction, the provider may rely on any written statement
- of intended purpose signed by the business. The statement
- 66 may be a separate statement or may be contained in an
- 67 application, agreement, or other document signed by the
- 68 business or the business owner or owners;
- 69 (6) "Commercial financing facility", a provider's plan
- 70 for purchasing multiple accounts receivable from the
- 71 recipient over a period of time pursuant to an agreement
- 72 that sets forth the terms and conditions governing the use
- 73 of the facility;
- 74 (7) "Commercial financing transaction", any commercial
- 75 loan, accounts receivable purchase transaction, commercial
- open-end credit plan or each to the extent the transaction
- 77 is a business purpose transaction;
- 78 (8) "Commercial loan", a loan to a business, whether
- 79 secured or unsecured;
- 80 (9) "Commercial open-end credit plan", commercial
- 81 financing extended by any provider under a plan in which:
- 82 (a) The provider reasonably contemplates repeat
- 83 transactions; and

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- 84 (b) The amount of financing that may be extended to 85 the business during the term of the plan, up to any limit set by the provider, is generally made available to the 86 extent that any outstanding balance is repaid; 87
 - "Depository institution", any of the following: (10)
- 89 A bank, trust company, or industrial loan company doing business under the authority of, or in accordance 90 91 with, a license, certificate, or charter issued by the 92 United States, this state, or any other state, district, 93 territory, or commonwealth of the United States that is 94 authorized to transact business in this state;
 - A federally chartered savings and loan association, federal savings bank, or federal credit union that is authorized to transact business in this state; and
 - A savings and loan association, savings bank, or credit union organized under the laws of this or any other state that is authorized to transact business in this state;
- "General intangible", any personal property, including things in action, other than accounts, chattel 102 103 paper, commercial tort claims, deposit accounts, documents, goods, instruments, investment property, letter-of-credit 104 rights, letters of credit, money, and oil, gas, or other 106 minerals before extraction. "General intangible" also 107 includes payment intangibles and software;
- 108 "Payment intangible", a general intangible under which the account debtor's principal obligation is a 109 110 monetary obligation;
- "Provider", a person who consummates more than 111 (13)five commercial financing transactions to a business located 112 113 in this state in any calendar year. "Provider" also 114 includes a person that enters into a written agreement with a depository institution to arrange for the extension of a 115

- 116 commercial financing transaction by the depository
- institution to a business via an online lending platform
- 118 administered by the person. The fact that a provider
- 119 extends a specific offer for a commercial financing
- 120 transaction on behalf of a depository institution shall not
- 121 be construed to mean that the provider engaged in lending or
- 122 financing or originated that loan or financing.
- 3. (1) A provider that consummates a commercial
- 124 financing transaction shall disclose the terms of the
- commercial financing transaction as required by this
- 126 section. The disclosures shall be provided at or before
- 127 consummation of the transaction. Only one disclosure is
- 128 required for each commercial financing transaction, and a
- 129 disclosure is not required as a result of the modification,
- 130 forbearance, or change to a consummated commercial financing
- 131 transaction.
- 132 (2) A provider shall disclose the following in
- 133 connection with each commercial financing transaction:
- 134 (a) The total amount of funds provided to the business
- under the terms of the commercial financing transaction.
- 136 This disclosure shall be labeled "Total Amount of Funds
- 137 Provided";
- 138 (b) The total amount of funds disbursed to the
- 139 business under the terms of the commercial financing
- 140 transaction, if less than the total amount of funds
- 141 provided, as a result of any fees deducted or withheld at
- 142 disbursement and any amount paid to a third party on behalf
- of the business. This disclosure shall be labeled "Total
- 144 Amount of Funds Disbursed";
- 145 (c) The total amount to be paid to the provider
- 146 pursuant to the commercial financing transaction agreement.
- 147 This disclosure shall be labeled "Total of Payments";

- The total dollar cost of the commercial financing (d) transaction under the terms of the agreement, derived by subtracting the total amount of funds provided from the total of payments. This calculation shall include any fees or charges deducted by the provider from the "Total Amount of Funds Provided". This disclosure shall be labeled "Total Dollar Cost of Financing";
 - (e) The manner, frequency, and amount of each payment. This disclosure shall be labeled "Payments". If the payments may vary, the provider shall instead disclose the manner, frequency, and the estimated amount of the initial payment labeled "Estimated Payments" and the commercial financing transaction agreement shall include a description of the methodology for calculating any variable payment and the circumstances when payments may vary; and
 - (f) A statement of whether there are any costs or discounts associated with prepayment of the commercial financing transaction including a reference to the paragraph in the agreement that creates the contractual rights of the parties related to prepayment. This disclosure shall be labeled "Prepayment".
 - (3) A provider that consummates a commercial financing facility may provide disclosures required by subdivision (2) of this subsection that are based on an example of a transaction that could occur under the agreement. The example shall be based on an account receivable total face amount owed of ten thousand dollars. Only one disclosure is required for each commercial financing facility, and a disclosure is not required as result of a modification, forbearance, or change to the facility. A new disclosure is not required each time accounts receivable are purchased under the facility.

- 180 4. This section shall not apply to the following:
- 181 (1) A provider that is a depository institution or a 182 subsidiary or service corporation that is:
- 183 (a) Owned and controlled by a depository institution;
- 184 **and**

- (b) Regulated by a federal banking agency;
- 186 (2) A provider that is a lender regulated under the 187 federal Farm Credit Act, 12 U.S.C. Section 2001, et seq.;
 - (3) A commercial financing transaction that is:
- 189 (a) Secured by real property;
- 190 (b) A lease; or
- 191 (c) A purchase money obligation that is incurred as
 192 all or part of the price of the collateral or for value
 193 given to enable the business to acquire rights in or the use
 194 of the collateral if the value is in fact so used;
- 195 (4) A commercial financing transaction in which the 196 recipient is a motor vehicle dealer or an affiliate of such 197 a dealer, or a vehicle rental company or an affiliate of such a company, pursuant to a commercial loan or commercial 198 199 open-end credit plan of at least fifty thousand dollars or a 200 commercial financing transaction offered by a person in 201 connection with the sale or lease of products or services 202 that such person manufactures, licenses, or distributes, or 203 whose parent company or any of its directly or indirectly owned and controlled subsidiaries manufacturers, licenses, 204 205 or distributes;
- 206 (5) A commercial financing transaction that is a
 207 factoring transaction, purchase, sale, advance, or similar
 208 of accounts receivables owed to a health care provider
 209 because of a patient's personal injury treated by the health
 210 care provider;

- 211 (6) A provider that is licensed as a money transmitter
 212 in accordance with a license, certificate, or charter issued
 213 by this state or any other state, district, territory, or
 214 commonwealth of the United States;
- 215 (7) A provider that consummates no more than five 216 commercial financing transactions in this state in a twelve-217 month period;
- 218 (8) A commercial financing transaction of more than 219 five hundred thousand dollars; or
- 220 (9) A commercial financing transaction that is a 221 premium finance agreement as defined in subdivision (3) of 222 section 364.100 offered or entered into by a provider that 223 is a registered premium finance company.
- 224 5. (1) No person shall engage in business as a broker 225 for commercial financing within this state for compensation, unless prior to conducting such business, the person has 226 227 filed a registration with the division of finance within the 228 department of commerce and insurance and has on file a good and sufficient bond as specified in this subsection. 229 230 registration shall be effective upon receipt by the division 231 of finance of a completed registration form and the required registration fee, and shall remain effective until the time 232 233 of renewal.
- 234 (2) After filing an initial registration form, a 235 broker shall file, on or before January thirty-first of each 236 year, a renewal registration form along with the required 237 renewal registration fee.
- 238 (3) The broker shall pay a one hundred dollar
 239 registration fee upon the filing of an initial registration
 240 and a fifty dollar renewal registration fee upon the filing
 241 of a renewal registration.

- 242 (4) The registration form required by this subsection 243 shall include the following:
- 244 (a) The name of the broker;
- 245 (b) The name in which the broker is transacted if 246 different from that stated in paragraph (a) of this 247 subdivision;
- (c) The address of the broker's principal office, which may be outside this state;
- 250 (d) Whether any officer, director, manager, operator, 251 or principal of the broker has been convicted of a felony 252 involving an act of fraud, dishonesty, breach of trust, or 253 money laundering; and
- 254 (e) The name and address in this state of a designated 255 agent upon whom service of process may be made.
- 256 (5) If information in a registration form changes or 257 otherwise becomes inaccurate after filing, the broker shall 258 not be required to file a further registration form prior to 259 the time of renewal.
- Every broker shall obtain a surety bond issued by 260 261 a surety company authorized to do business in this state. The amount of the bond shall be ten thousand dollars. 262 263 bond shall be in favor of the state of Missouri. Any person 264 damaged by the broker's breach of contract or of any 265 obligation arising therefrom, or by any violation of this 266 section, may bring an action against the bond to recover damages suffered. The aggregate liability of the surety 267 shall be only for actual damages and in no event shall 268 269 exceed the amount of the bond.
- 270 (7) Employees regularly employed by a broker who has 271 complied with this subsection shall not be required to file 272 a registration or obtain a surety bond when acting within 273 the scope of their employment for the broker.

- 274 6. (1) Any person who violates any provision of this 275 section shall be punished by a fine of five hundred dollars 276 per incident, not to exceed twenty thousand dollars for all aggregated violations arising from the use of the 277 transaction documentation or materials found to be in 278 279 violation of this section. Any person who violates any provision of this section after receiving written notice of 280 281 a prior violation from the attorney general shall be 282 punished by a fine of one thousand dollars per incident, not 283 to exceed fifty thousand dollars for all aggregated violations arising from the use of the transaction 284 documentation or materials found to be in violation of this 285 section. 286
- 287 (2) Violation of any provision of this section shall
 288 not affect the enforceability or validity of the underlying
 289 agreement.
- 290 (3) This section shall not create a private right of 291 action against any person or other entity based upon 292 compliance or noncompliance with its provisions.
- 293 (4) Authority to enforce compliance with this section 294 is vested exclusively in the attorney general of this state.
- 7. The requirements of subsections 3 and 5 of this section shall take effect upon either:
- 297 (1) Six months after the division of finance finalizes 298 promulgating rules, if the division intends to promulgate 299 rules; or
- 300 (2) February 28, 2025, if the division does not intend 301 to promulgate rules.
- 302 8. The division of finance may promulgate rules 303 implementing this section. If the division of finance 304 intends to promulgate rules, it shall declare its intent to 305 do so no later than February 28, 2025. Any rule or portion

of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that 306 is created under the authority delegated in this section 307 308 shall become effective only if it complies with and is 309 subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 310 311 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay 312 313 the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of 314 315 rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2024, shall be invalid and void. 316

442.210. 1. The certificate of acknowledgment shall 2 state the act of acknowledgment, and that the person making the same was personally known to at least one judge of the 3 court, or to the officer granting the certificate, to be the 4 5 person whose name is subscribed to the instrument as a party 6 thereto, or was proved to be such by at least two witnesses, whose names and places of residence shall be inserted in the 7 8 certificate; and the following forms of acknowledgment may be used in the case of conveyances or other written 9 instruments affecting real estate; and any acknowledgment so 10 taken and certificate shall be sufficient to satisfy all 11 requirements of law relating to the execution or recording 12 of such instruments (begin in all cases by a caption, 13 specifying the state and place where the acknowledgment is 14 15 taken): 16 In case of natural persons acting in their own 17 right On this day of , 20 , 18 19 before me personally appeared A B (or A B and C 20 D), to me known to be the person (or persons)

described in and who executed the foregoing

22 instrument, and acknowledged that he (or they) 23 executed the same as his (or their) free act and 24 deed. (2) In the case of natural persons acting by attorney 25 On this _____, 20_____, 26 27 before me personally appeared A B, to me known 28 to be the person who executed the foregoing instrument in behalf of C D, and acknowledged 29 30 that he executed the same as the free act and 31 deed of C D. In the case of corporations or joint stock 32 associations 33 On this _____, 20____, 34 before me appeared A B, to me personally known, 35 who, being by me duly sworn (or affirmed) did 36 say that he is the president (or other officer 37 or agent of the corporation or association), of 38 39 (describing the corporation or association), and 40 that the seal affixed to foregoing instrument is the corporate seal of said corporation (or 41 association), and that said instrument was 42 signed and sealed in behalf of said corporation 43 (or association) by authority of its board of 44 directors (or trustees), and said A B 45 acknowledged said instrument to be the free act 46 47 and deed of said corporation (or association). 48 In case the corporation or association has no corporate seal, omit the words "the seal affixed to said 49 50 instrument is the corporate seal of said corporation (or association), and that", and add at the end of the affidavit 51 clause the words "and that said corporation (or association) 52

has no corporate seal".

- 3. (In all cases add signature and title of theofficer taking the acknowledgment.)
- [4. When a married woman unites with her husband in
- 57 the execution of any such instrument, and acknowledges the
- 58 same in one of the forms above sanctioned, she shall be
- 59 described in the acknowledgment as his wife, but in all
- other respects her acknowledgment shall be taken and
- 61 certified as if she were sole; and no separate examination
- of a married woman in respect to the execution of any
- release or dower, or other instrument affecting real estate,
- shall be required.]

depositary.

[95.280. 1. Subject to the provisions of section 110.030, the city council, at its 2 regular meetings in July of each year, may 3 receive sealed proposals for the deposit of the 4 5 city funds from banking institutions doing business within the city that desire to be 6 selected as the depositary of the funds of the 7 8 city. Notice that bids will be received shall be published by the city clerk not less than one 9 nor more than four weeks before the meeting, in 10 some newspaper published in the city. Any 11 12 banking institution doing business in the city, desiring to bid, shall deliver to the city 13 clerk, on or before the day of the meeting, a 14 sealed proposal stating the rate percent upon 15 daily balances that the banking institution 16 offers to pay to the city for the privilege of 17 being the depositary of the funds of the city 18 19 for the year next ensuing the date of the meeting; or, in the event that the selection is 20 made for a less term than one year, as herein 21 22 provided, then for the time between the date of 23 the bid and the next regular time for the selection of a depositary. It is a misdemeanor 24 25 for the city clerk or other person to disclose 26 directly or indirectly the amount of any bid to 27 any person before the selection of the

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Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section to the contrary, the city council of any third class city with a population of more than fifteen thousand and less than nineteen thousand that is located in any county of the fourth classification with a population of more than forty thousand and less than forty-eight thousand three hundred, or of any city of the third classification with more than ten thousand five hundred but less than ten thousand six hundred inhabitants may receive sealed proposals for the deposit of city funds from banking institutions doing business within the city at any of the regular meetings of such city. The city shall send notice of bids to each banking institution in the city by regular mail at the time the notice is published in the newspaper in subsection 1 of this section. banking institution selected as the depositary shall be offered a depositary contract for a maximum of two years. Any such city shall follow the bid procedure established in subsection 1 of this section, except as otherwise provided in this subsection.]

[95.285. 1. Except as provided in subsection 2 of this section, upon the opening of the sealed proposals submitted, the city council shall select as the depositary of the funds of the city the banking institution offering to pay to the city the largest amount for the privilege; except that the council may reject any or all bids. Within five days after the selection of the depositary, the banking institution selected shall deposit the securities as required by sections 110.010 and 110.020. The rights and duties of the parties to the depositary contract are as provided in section 110.010.

2. Notwithstanding any provision of section 95.280 or this section to the contrary, the contract term for any city of the third classification with more than ten thousand five hundred but less than ten thousand six hundred

20 inhabitants shall begin on the first day of August following the receipt of the bid 21 22 proposals.] [95.355. Boards of aldermen in cities of the fourth class, at their first regular 2 meetings in the months of January, April, July 3 4 and October of each year, may select a 5 depositary for the funds of their respective 6 cities, for the length of time and under the 7 rules and regulations that are provided and prescribed by ordinance therefor. 8 9 and duties of the parties to the depositary contract are as provided in section 110.010. 10 The deposits shall be secured by deposit of 11 securities as required by sections 110.010 and 12 110.020. The depositary shall be a banking 13 institution doing business within the city. If 14 15 such depositary cannot be selected, or such satisfactory arrangements made, the boards of 16 aldermen may invest the moneys upon the terms 17 and under the conditions provided by law for the 18 19 loaning of county and school moneys.] Section B. If any provision of Section A or the 2 application thereof to anyone or to any circumstance is held 3 invalid, the remainder of those sections and the application 4 of such provisions to others or other circumstances shall 5 not be affected thereby.