SECOND REGULAR SESSION

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 84

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR MOSLEY.

5369S.01I KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

JOINT RESOLUTION

Submitting to the qualified voters of Missouri, an amendment repealing section 6 of article X of the Constitution of Missouri, and adopting one new section in lieu thereof relating to a property tax exemption for certain veterans.

Be it resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring therein:

That at the next general election to be held in the

- 2 state of Missouri, on Tuesday next following the first Monday
- 3 in November, 2024, or at a special election to be called by
- 4 the governor for that purpose, there is hereby submitted to
- 5 the qualified voters of this state, for adoption or
- 6 rejection, the following amendment to article X of the
- 7 Constitution of the state of Missouri:

Section A. Section 6, article X, Constitution of Missouri,

- 2 is repealed and one new section adopted in lieu thereof, to be
- 3 known as section 6, to read as follows:

Section 6. 1. All property, real and personal, of the

- 2 state, counties and other political subdivisions, and
- 3 nonprofit cemeteries, and all real property used as a
- 4 homestead as defined by law of any citizen of this state who
- 5 is a former prisoner of war, as defined by law, [and who has
- a total service-connected disability,] shall be exempt from
- 7 taxation; all personal property held as industrial
- 8 inventories, including raw materials, work in progress and
- 9 finished work on hand, by manufacturers and refiners, and
- 10 all personal property held as goods, wares, merchandise,

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

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stock in trade or inventory for resale by distributors, 11 wholesalers, or retail merchants or establishments shall be 12 13 exempt from taxation; and all property, real and personal, not held for private or corporate profit and used 14 exclusively for religious worship, for schools and colleges, 15 for purposes purely charitable, for agricultural and 16 horticultural societies, or for veterans' organizations may 17 be exempted from taxation by general law. In addition to 18 the above, household goods, furniture, wearing apparel and 19 20 articles of personal use and adornment owned and used by a person in his home or dwelling place may be exempt from 21 taxation by general law but any such law may provide for 22 23 approximate restitution to the respective political subdivisions of revenues lost by reason of the exemption. 24 All laws exempting from taxation property other than the 25 property enumerated in this article, shall be void. 26 The 27 provisions of this section exempting certain personal property of manufacturers, refiners, distributors, 28 29 wholesalers, and retail merchants and establishments from taxation shall become effective, unless otherwise provided 30 by law, in each county on January 1 of the year in which 31 that county completes its first general reassessment as 32 defined by law. 33 34 2. All revenues lost because of the exemption of certain personal property of manufacturers, refiners, 35 36 distributors, wholesalers, and retail merchants and 37 establishments shall be replaced to each taxing authority 38 within a county from a countywide tax hereby imposed on all property in subclass 3 of class 1 in each county. For the 39 year in which the exemption becomes effective, the county 40 clerk shall calculate the total revenue lost by all taxing 41 authorities in the county and extend upon all property in 42

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43 subclass 3 of class 1 within the county, a tax at the rate necessary to produce that amount. The rate of tax levied in 44 45 each county according to this subsection shall not be increased above the rate first imposed and will stand levied 46 at that rate unless later reduced according to the 47 provisions of subsection 3. The county collector shall 48 49 disburse the proceeds according to the revenue lost by each 50 taxing authority because of the exemption of such property in that county. Restitution of the revenues lost by any 51 52 taxing district contained in more than one county shall be from the several counties according to the revenue lost 53 because of the exemption of property in each county. Each 54 55 year after the first year the replacement tax is imposed, the amount distributed to each taxing authority in a county 56 shall be increased or decreased by an amount equal to the 57 amount resulting from the change in that district's total 58 59 assessed value of property in subclass 3 of class 1 at the countywide replacement tax rate. In order to implement the 60 61 provisions of this subsection, the limits set in section 11(b) of this article may be exceeded, without voter 62 approval, if necessary to allow each county listed in 63 section 11(b) to comply with this subsection. 64 3. Any increase in the tax rate imposed pursuant to 65 66 subsection 2 of this section shall be decreased if such decrease is approved by a majority of the voters of the 67 68 county voting on such decrease. A decrease in the increased tax rate imposed under subsection 2 of this section may be 69 submitted to the voters of a county by the governing body 70 thereof upon its own order, ordinance, or resolution and 71 72 shall be submitted upon the petition of at least eight percent of the qualified voters who voted in the immediately 73 preceding gubernatorial election. 74

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exemption became effective.

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- 4. As used in this section, the terms "revenues lost" 75 76 and "lost revenues" shall mean that revenue which each 77 taxing authority received from the imposition of a tangible personal property tax on all personal property held as 78 79 industrial inventories, including raw materials, work in 80 progress and finished work on hand, by manufacturers and 81 refiners, and all personal property held as goods, wares, 82 merchandise, stock in trade or inventory for resale by distributors, wholesalers, or retail merchants or 83 84 establishments in the last full tax year immediately preceding the effective date of the exemption from taxation 85 granted for such property under subsection 1 of this 86 87 section, and which was no longer received after such
- 5. (1) As used in this subsection, the following terms mean:
- 91 (a) "Disabled veteran", a Missouri resident who has 92 served as a member of the United States Armed Forces on 93 active duty or state active duty, a member of the Missouri 94 National Guard, or a member of the United States Reserve 95 forces and who has received an honorable discharge and who:
- 96 a. Has a service-connected disability as certified by 97 the United States Department of Veterans Affairs;
- 98 b. Is liable for paying property taxes on a homestead; 99 and
 - c. Is an owner of record of a homestead that is occupied as his or her principal residence and for which he or she is liable for the payment of property taxes;
- 103 (b) "Homestead", real property actually used and
 104 occupied as a primary residence by an individual for at
 105 least one hundred eighty-three days out of a calendar year.

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(2) Effective January 1, 2025, all assessed real property used as a homestead of a disabled veteran who has been assigned a disability rating by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs shall be exempt from taxation, according to the following schedule:

111	Assigned Disability	Dollar Amount (of the
112	Rating	Total Assessed Property
113		Valuation) Exempt from
114		Taxation
115	30% to 49%	\$2,500 beginning January
116		first, four years after
117		the exemption authorized
118		under this subsection
119		became effective.
120	50% to 69%	\$5,000 beginning January
121		first, two years after the
122		exemption authorized under
123		this subsection became
124		effective.
125	70% to 100%	The value of all assessed
126		real property used as a
127		homestead is exempt from
128		taxation.

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