SECOND REGULAR SESSION

## **SENATE BILL NO. 870**

**102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY** 

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR MOON.

KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

## AN ACT

To amend chapter 1, RSMo, by adding thereto one new section relating to nullification of federal actions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

	Section A. Chapter 1, RSMo, is amended by adding thereto
2	one new section, to be known as section 1.045, to read as
3	follows:
	1.045. 1. This section is known and may be cited as
2	the "Restoring State Sovereignty Through Nullification Act".
3	2. As used in this section the following terms mean:
4	(1) "Federal action", includes federal law; a federal
5	agency rule, policy, or standard; an executive order of the
6	President of the United States; an order or decision of a
7	federal court; and the making or enforcing of a treaty;
8	(2) "Unconstitutional federal action", a federal
9	action enacted, adopted, or implemented without authority
10	specifically delegated to the federal government by the
11	people and the states through the United States Constitution.
12	3. This section contemplates the review of any federal
13	action to determine whether the action is an
14	unconstitutional federal action. When evaluating a federal
15	action, the general assembly shall consider the plain
16	reading and reasoning of the text of the United States
17	Constitution and the understood definitions at the time of
18	the framing and construction of the Constitution by the

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19 framers before making a final declaration of

20 constitutionality, as demonstrated by:

(1) The ratifying debates in the several states;

(2) The understanding of the leading participants at
 the constitutional convention;

(3) The understanding of the doctrine in question by
the constitutions of the several states in existence at the
time the United States Constitution was adopted;

27 (4) The understanding of the United States
28 Constitution by the first United States Congress;

(5) The opinions of the first chief justice of the
United States Supreme Court;

31 (6) The background understanding of the doctrine in
 32 question under the English Constitution of the time; and

33 (7) The statements of support for natural law and
34 natural rights by the framers and the philosophers admired
35 by the framers.

4. It is declared that federal laws, federal executive 36 37 actions, and federal court opinions shall comply with the jurisdictional limitations of the United States 38 39 Constitution. It is further declared that any federal action outside the enumerated powers set forth in the United 40 States Constitution are in violation of the peace and safety 41 42 of the people of this state, and therefore, said acts are 43 declared void and must be resisted.

5. The proper manner of resistance is a state action
of nullification of the federal action.

46 6. (1) Nullification is the process whereby this
47 state makes an official declaration that:

48 (a) A specific federal action has exceeded the
 49 prescribed authority under the United States Constitution;

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50 (b) That said action, as being ultra vires, will not 51 be recognized as valid within the bounds of this state;

52 (c) That said action, as being ultra vires, is null 53 and void in this state;

(d) That an officeholder, agency, or public employee,
whether state or a political subdivision serving under the
authority of the Constitution of Missouri shall not assist
in any attempted enforcement of said federal action; and

(e) That state or local funds shall not be used to
 assist in any attempted enforcement of said federal action.

60 (2) The general assembly has sole authority to
61 prescribe the crimes, penalties, fines, or other
62 consequences of the violation of a bill of nullification by
63 any person found within the boundary of this state. Such
64 consequences must be specified in the bill of nullification
65 before a final vote is taken on its passage.

66 7. State nullification of federal action may be
 67 accomplished in any of the following ways:

(1) Any member of the general assembly may introduce a
bill of nullification in the general assembly. Such bill
shall be acted upon in the same manner as any other
legislative bill;

(2) Any court of competent jurisdiction may render a finding or a holding of nullification in any case of which it otherwise has proper venue and jurisdiction, wherein the parties to said case will, upon final judgment, be bound thereby in the same manner as in other cases.

8. Regarding the same federal action, a bill of nullification shall not be considered by the general assembly more than once each year. If said bill fails, then it may be considered again in any succeeding year, but not more than once per year. If said bill passes, then the

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82 provisions of subsection 6 of this section shall become

83 effective with regard to such federal action.

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