SECOND REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 822

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR MCCREERY.

3458S.02I KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

AN ACT

To repeal sections 135.010, 135.025, and 135.030, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof three new sections relating to a tax credit for the property tax liabilities of certain vulnerable persons.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 135.010, 135.025, and 135.030, RSMo,

- 2 are repealed and three new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to
- 3 be known as sections 135.010, 135.025, and 135.030, to read as
- 4 follows:

135.010. As used in sections 135.010 to 135.030 the

- 2 following words and terms mean:
- 3 (1) "Claimant", a person or persons claiming a credit
- 4 under sections 135.010 to 135.030. If the persons are
- 5 eligible to file a joint federal income tax return and
- 6 reside at the same address at any time during the taxable
- 7 year, then the credit may only be allowed if claimed on a
- 8 combined Missouri income tax return or a combined claim
- 9 return reporting their combined incomes and property taxes.
- 10 A claimant shall not be allowed a property tax credit unless
- 11 the claimant or spouse has attained the age of sixty-five on
- 12 or before the last day of the calendar year and the claimant
- 13 or spouse was a resident of Missouri for the entire year, or
- 14 the claimant or spouse is a veteran of any branch of the
- 15 Armed Forces of the United States or this state who became
- one hundred percent disabled as a result of such service, or

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

17 the claimant or spouse is disabled as defined in subdivision (2) of this section, and such claimant or spouse provides 18 19 proof of such disability in such form and manner, and at such times, as the director of revenue may require, or if 20 21 the claimant has reached the age of sixty on or before the 22 last day of the calendar year and such claimant received 23 surviving spouse Social Security benefits during the calendar year and the claimant provides proof, as required 24 by the director of revenue, that the claimant received 25 26 surviving spouse Social Security benefits during the calendar year for which the credit will be claimed. A 27 claimant shall not be allowed a property tax credit if the 28 claimant filed a valid claim for a credit under section 29 137.106 in the year following the year for which the 30 property tax credit is claimed. The residency requirement 31 shall be deemed to have been fulfilled for the purpose of 32 determining the eligibility of a surviving spouse for a 33 34 property tax credit if a person of the age of sixty-five 35 years or older who would have otherwise met the requirements for a property tax credit dies before the last day of the 36 calendar year. The residency requirement shall also be 37 deemed to have been fulfilled for the purpose of determining 38 the eligibility of a claimant who would have otherwise met 39 40 the requirements for a property tax credit but who dies before the last day of the calendar year; 41 42 "Disabled", the inability to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically 43 determinable physical or mental impairment which can be 44 45 expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 46 47 twelve months. A claimant shall not be required to be

48 gainfully employed prior to such disability to qualify for a
49 property tax credit;

- 50 (3) "Gross rent", amount paid by a claimant to a landlord for the rental, at arm's length, of a homestead 51 52 during the calendar year, exclusive of charges for health and personal care services and food furnished as part of the 53 54 rental agreement, whether or not expressly set out in the 55 rental agreement. If the director of revenue determines that the landlord and tenant have not dealt at arm's length, 56 57 and that the gross rent is excessive, then he shall determine the gross rent based upon a reasonable amount of 58 rent. Gross rent shall be deemed to be paid only if 59 60 actually paid prior to the date a return is filed. The director of revenue may prescribe regulations requiring a 61 return of information by a landlord receiving rent, 62 certifying for a calendar year the amount of gross rent 63 received from a tenant claiming a property tax credit and 64 shall, by regulation, provide a method for certification by 65 66 the claimant of the amount of gross rent paid for any calendar year for which a claim is made. The regulations 67 authorized by this subdivision may require a landlord or a 68 tenant or both to provide data relating to health and 69 70 personal care services and to food. Neither a landlord nor 71 a tenant may be required to provide data relating to 72 utilities, furniture, home furnishings or appliances; 73
- 73 (4) "Homestead", the dwelling in Missouri owned or 74 rented by the claimant and not to exceed five acres of land 75 surrounding it as is reasonably necessary for use of the 76 dwelling as a home. It may consist of part of a 77 multidwelling or multipurpose building and part of the land 78 upon which it is built. "Owned" includes a vendee in 79 possession under a land contract and one or more tenants by

80 the entireties, joint tenants, or tenants in common and

- 81 includes a claimant actually in possession if he was the
- 82 immediate former owner of record, if a lineal descendant is
- 83 presently the owner of record, and if the claimant actually
- 84 pays all taxes upon the property. It may include a mobile
- 85 home;
- 86 (5) "Income", Missouri adjusted gross income as
- 87 defined in section 143.121 less two thousand dollars for all
- 88 calendar years ending on or before December 31, 2024, or in
- 89 the case of a homestead owned and occupied, for the entire
- 90 year, by the claimant, less four thousand dollars as an
- 91 exemption for the claimant's spouse residing at the same
- 92 address[,] for all calendar years ending on or before
- 93 December 31, 2024, or for all calendar years beginning on or
- 94 after January 1, 2025, less two thousand eight hundred
- 95 dollars, or in the case of a homestead owned and occupied,
- 96 for the entire year, by the claimant, less five thousand
- 97 eight hundred dollars, as an exemption for the claimant's
- 98 spouse residing at the same address; and increased, where
- 99 necessary, to reflect the following:
- 100 (a) Social Security, railroad retirement, and veterans
- 101 payments and benefits unless the claimant is a one hundred
- 102 percent service-connected, disabled veteran or a spouse of a
- 103 one hundred percent service-connected, disabled veteran.
- 104 The one hundred percent service-connected disabled veteran
- 105 shall not be required to list veterans payments and benefits;
- 106 (b) The total amount of all other public and private
- 107 pensions and annuities;
- 108 (c) Public relief, public assistance, and unemployment
- 109 benefits received in cash, other than benefits received
- 110 under this chapter;

111 (d) No deduction being allowed for losses not incurred 112 in a trade or business;

- 113 (e) Interest on the obligations of the United States,
- any state, or any of their subdivisions and 114
- 115 instrumentalities;

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116 "Property taxes accrued", property taxes paid, exclusive of special assessments, penalties, interest, and 117 118 charges for service levied on a claimant's homestead in any 119 calendar year. Property taxes shall qualify for the credit 120 only if actually paid prior to the date a return is filed. 121 The director of revenue shall require a tax receipt or other proof of property tax payment. If a homestead is owned only 122 123 partially by claimant, then "property taxes accrued" is that 124 part of property taxes levied on the homestead which was 125 actually paid by the claimant. For purposes of this subdivision, property taxes are "levied" when the tax roll 126 127 is delivered to the director of revenue for collection. 128 a claimant owns a homestead part of the preceding calendar 129 year and rents it or a different homestead for part of the same year, "property taxes accrued" means only taxes levied 130 on the homestead both owned and occupied by the claimant, 131 multiplied by the percentage of twelve months that such 132 property was owned and occupied as the homestead of the 133 134 claimant during the year. When a claimant owns and occupies 135 two or more different homesteads in the same calendar year, 136 property taxes accrued shall be the sum of taxes allocable to those several properties occupied by the claimant as a 137 homestead for the year. If a homestead is an integral part 138 of a larger unit such as a farm, or multipurpose or 139 140 multidwelling building, property taxes accrued shall be that percentage of the total property taxes accrued as the value

of the homestead is of the total value. For purposes of

143 this subdivision "unit" refers to the parcel of property

144 covered by a single tax statement of which the homestead is

- 145 a part;
- 146 (7) "Rent constituting property taxes accrued", twenty
- 147 percent of the gross rent paid by a claimant and spouse in
- 148 the calendar year.
 - 135.025. The property taxes accrued and rent
 - 2 constituting property taxes accrued on each return shall be
 - 3 totaled. This total, up to seven hundred fifty dollars in
 - 4 rent constituting property taxes actually paid or eleven
 - 5 hundred dollars in actual property tax paid, shall be used
 - 6 in determining the property tax credit for all calendar
 - years ending on or before December 31, 2024. For all
 - 8 calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 2025, this
 - 9 total, up to one thousand fifty-five dollars in rent
 - 10 constituting property taxes actually paid or one thousand
- 11 five hundred fifty dollars in actual property tax paid,
- 12 shall be used in determining the property tax credit.
- 13 Beginning January 1, 2026, the property tax credit totals
- 14 under this section shall be adjusted annually for inflation
- 15 based on the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers
- 16 for the Midwest Region, as defined and officially recorded
- 17 by the United States Department of Labor or its successor.
- 18 The director of revenue shall prescribe regulations
- 19 providing for allocations where part of a claimant's
- 20 homestead is rented to another or used for nondwelling
- 21 purposes or where a homestead is owned or rented or used as
- 22 a dwelling for part of a year.
 - 135.030. 1. As used in this section:
- 2 (1) The term "maximum upper limit" shall, for each
- 3 calendar year after December 31, 1997, but before calendar
- 4 year 2008, be the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars. For

- 5 all calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 2008,
- 6 but ending on or before December 31, 2024, the maximum upper
- 7 limit shall be the sum of twenty-seven thousand five hundred
- 8 dollars. In the case of a homestead owned and occupied for
- 9 the entire year by the claimant, for all calendar years
- 10 ending on or before December 31, 2024, the maximum upper
- 11 limit shall be the sum of thirty thousand dollars. For all
- 12 calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 2025, the
- 13 maximum upper limit shall be the sum of:
- 14 (a) Thirty-eight thousand two hundred dollars for
- 15 claimants with a filing status of single;
- 16 (b) Forty-two thousand two hundred dollars for
- 17 claimants with a filing status of single and who owned and
- 18 occupied a homestead for the entire year;
- (c) Forty-one thousand dollars for claimants with a
- 20 filing status of married filing combined; and
- 21 (d) Forty-eight thousand dollars for claimants with a
- 22 filing status of married filing combined and who owned and
- 23 occupied a homestead for the entire year.
- 24 Beginning January 1, 2026, such amounts shall be adjusted
- 25 annually for inflation based on the Consumer Price Index for
- 26 All Urban Consumers, as defined and officially recorded by
- 27 the United States Department of Labor or its successor;
- 28 (2) The term "minimum base" shall, for each calendar
- 29 year after December 31, 1997, but before calendar year 2008,
- 30 be the sum of thirteen thousand dollars. For all calendar
- 31 years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, the minimum
- 32 base shall be the sum of fourteen thousand three hundred
- 33 dollars.
- 2. (1) If the income on a return is equal to or less
- 35 than the maximum upper limit for the calendar year for which

36 the return is filed, the property tax credit shall be

- 37 determined from a table of credits based upon the amount by
- 38 which the total property tax described in section 135.025
- 39 exceeds the percent of income in the following list:
- 40 If the income on the return The percent is:
- 41 is:
- 42 Not over the minimum base 0 percent with credit not to
- exceed \$1,100 in actual
- 44 property tax or rent
- equivalent paid up to \$750
- 46 Over the minimum base but not 1/16 percent accumulative per
- 47 over the maximum upper limit \$300 from 0 percent to 4
- 48 percent.
- 49 (2) The director of revenue shall prescribe a table
- 50 based upon [the preceding sentences] subdivision (1) of this
- 51 subsection. The property tax shall be in increments of
- 52 twenty-five dollars and the income in increments of three
- 53 hundred dollars. The credit shall be the amount rounded to
- 54 the nearest whole dollar computed on the basis of the
- 55 property tax and income at the midpoints of each increment.
- 56 As used in this subsection, the term "accumulative" means an
- 57 increase by continuous or repeated application of the
- 58 percent to the income increment at each three hundred dollar
- 59 level.
- 60 3. (1) For all calendar years beginning on or after
- 61 January 1, 2025, if the income on a return is equal to or
- 62 less than the maximum upper limit for the calendar year for
- 63 which the return is filed, the property tax credit shall be
- 64 determined from a table of credits based upon the amount by
- 65 which the total property tax described in section 135.025
- 66 exceeds the percent of income in the following list:

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If the income on the return The percent is: 67 68 is: Not over the minimum base 69 0 percent with credit not to exceed \$1,550 in actual 70 71 property tax or rent 72 equivalent paid up to \$1,055, 73 as adjusted for inflation. Over the minimum base but not 1/16 percent accumulative per 74 over the maximum upper limit \$495, as adjusted for 75 inflation, from 0 percent to 76 77 2 percent.

- The director of revenue shall prescribe a table (2) based upon subdivision (1) of this subsection. The property tax shall be in increments of twenty-five dollars and the income in increments of four hundred ninety-five dollars, with such amount adjusted annually for inflation based on the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, as defined and officially recorded by the United States Department of Labor or its successor. The credit shall be the amount rounded to the nearest whole dollar computed on the basis of the property tax and income at the midpoints of each increment. As used in this subsection, the term "accumulative" means an increase by continuous or repeated application of the percent to the income increment at each four hundred ninety-five dollar level, as adjusted pursuant to this subdivision.
- 4. Notwithstanding subsection 4 of section 32.057, the department of revenue or any duly authorized employee or agent shall determine whether any taxpayer filing a report or return with the department of revenue who has not applied for the credit allowed pursuant to section 135.020 may qualify for the credit, and shall notify any qualified

99 claimant of the claimant's potential eligibility, where the 100 department determines such potential eligibility exists.

