

# SENATE BILL NO. 751

102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR BROWN (16).

4271S.01H

KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

## AN ACT

To amend chapter 376, RSMo, by adding thereto three new sections relating to insurance coverage of pharmacy services.

*Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:*

Section A. Chapter 376, RSMo, is amended by adding thereto  
2 three new sections, to be known as sections 376.411, 376.414,  
3 and 376.415, to read as follows:

**376.411. 1. For purposes of this section, the  
2 following terms mean:**

3 (1) "Clinician-administered drug", any legend drug, as  
4 defined in section 338.330, that is administered by a health  
5 care provider who is authorized to administer the drug;

6 (2) "Health carrier", the same meaning given to the  
7 term in section 376.1350;

8 (3) "Participating provider", the same meaning given  
9 to the term in section 376.1350;

10 (4) "Pharmacy benefits manager", the same meaning  
11 given to the term in section 376.388.

12 2. A health carrier, a pharmacy benefits manager, or  
13 an agent or affiliate of such health carrier or pharmacy  
14 benefits manager shall not:

15 (1) Impose any penalty, impediment, differentiation,  
16 or limitation on a participating provider for providing  
17 medically necessary clinician-administered drugs regardless  
18 of whether the participating provider obtains such drugs

19 from a provider that is in the network including, but not  
20 limited to, refusing to approve or pay or reimbursing less  
21 than the contracted payment amount;

22 (2) Impose any penalty, impediment, differentiation,  
23 or limitation on a covered person who is administered  
24 medically necessary clinician-administered drugs regardless  
25 of whether the participating provider obtains such drugs  
26 from a provider that is in the network including, but not  
27 limited to, limiting coverage or benefits; requiring an  
28 additional fee, higher co-payment, or higher coinsurance  
29 amount; or interfering with a patient's ability to obtain a  
30 clinician-administered drug from the patient's provider or  
31 pharmacy of choice by any means including, but not limited  
32 to, inducing, steering, or offering financial or other  
33 incentives; or

34 (3) Impose any penalty, impediment, differentiation,  
35 or limitation on any pharmacy, including any class B  
36 hospital pharmacy as defined in section 338.220, that is  
37 dispensing medically necessary clinician-administered drugs  
38 regardless of whether the participating provider obtains  
39 such drugs from a provider that is in the network including,  
40 but not limited to, requiring a pharmacy to dispense such  
41 drugs to a patient with the intention that the patient will  
42 transport the medication to a health care provider for  
43 administration.

44 3. The provisions of this section shall not apply if  
45 the clinician-administered drug is not otherwise covered by  
46 the health carrier or pharmacy benefits manager.

376.414. 1. For purposes of this section, the  
2 following terms mean:

3 (1) "340B drug", a drug that is:

4 (a) A covered outpatient drug as defined in Section  
5 340B of the Public Health Service Act, 42 U.S.C. Section  
6 256b, enacted by Section 602 of the Veterans Health Care Act  
7 of 1992, Pub. L. 102-585; and

8 (b) Purchased under an agreement entered into under 42  
9 U.S.C. Section 256b;

10 (2) "Covered entity", the same meaning given to the  
11 term in Section 340B(a)(4) of the Public Health Service Act,  
12 42 U.S.C. Section 256b(a)(4);

13 (3) "Health carrier", the same meaning given to the  
14 term in section 376.1350;

15 (4) "Pharmacy", an entity licensed under chapter 338;

16 (5) "Pharmacy benefits manager", the same meaning  
17 given to the term in section 376.388;

18 2. A health carrier, a pharmacy benefits manager, or  
19 an agent or affiliate of such health carrier or pharmacy  
20 benefits manager shall not discriminate against a covered  
21 entity or a pharmacy including, but not limited to, by doing  
22 any of the following:

23 (1) Reimbursing a covered entity or pharmacy for a  
24 quantity of a 340B drug in an amount less than it would pay  
25 to any other similarly situated pharmacy that is not a  
26 covered entity or a pharmacy for such quantity of such drug  
27 on the basis that the entity or pharmacy is a covered entity  
28 or pharmacy or that the entity or pharmacy dispenses 340B  
29 drugs;

30 (2) Imposing any terms or conditions on covered  
31 entities or pharmacies that differ from such terms or  
32 conditions applied to other similarly situated pharmacies or  
33 entities that are not covered entities on the basis that the  
34 entity or pharmacy is a covered entity or pharmacy or that  
35 the entity or pharmacy dispenses 340B drugs including, but

36 not limited to, terms or conditions with respect to any of  
37 the following:

38 (a) Fees, chargebacks, clawbacks, adjustments, or  
39 other assessments;

40 (b) Professional dispensing fees;

41 (c) Restrictions or requirements regarding  
42 participation in standard or preferred pharmacy networks;

43 (d) Requirements relating to the frequency or scope of  
44 audits or to inventory management systems using generally  
45 accepted accounting principles; and

46 (e) Any other restrictions, conditions, practices, or  
47 policies that, as specified by the director of the  
48 department of commerce and insurance, interfere with the  
49 ability of a covered entity to maximize the value of  
50 discounts provided under 42 U.S.C. Section 256b;

51 (3) Interfering with an individual's choice to receive  
52 a 340B drug from a covered entity or pharmacy, whether in  
53 person or via direct delivery, mail, or other form of  
54 shipment, by any means including, but not limited to,  
55 modifying a patient's payment limitations or cost-sharing  
56 obligations on the basis of participation, in whole or in  
57 part, in the 340B drug pricing program;

58 (4) Discriminating in reimbursement to a covered  
59 entity or pharmacy based on the determination or indication  
60 a drug is a 340B drug;

61 (5) Requiring a covered entity or pharmacy to  
62 identify, either directly or through a third party, a 340B  
63 drug sooner than forty-five days after the point of sale of  
64 the 340B drug;

65 (6) Refusing to contract with a covered entity or  
66 pharmacy for reasons other than those that apply equally to

67 entities that are not covered entities or similarly situated  
68 pharmacies, or on the basis that:

69 (a) The entity is a covered entity; or

70 (b) The entity or pharmacy is described in any of  
71 subparagraphs (A) to (O) of 42 U.S.C. Section 235b(a) (4);

72 (7) Denying the covered entity the ability to purchase  
73 drugs at 340B program pricing by substituting a rebate  
74 discount;

75 (8) Refusing to cover drugs purchased under the 340B  
76 drug pricing program; or

77 (9) Requiring a covered entity or pharmacy to reverse,  
78 resubmit, or clarify a 340B drug pricing claim after the  
79 initial adjudication unless these actions are in the normal  
80 course of pharmacy business and not related to 340B drug  
81 pricing, except as required by federal law.

82 3. A pharmaceutical manufacturer or an agent or  
83 affiliate of such manufacturer shall not deny, restrict,  
84 prohibit, or otherwise discriminate against, either directly  
85 or indirectly, the acquisition by or delivery of a 340B drug  
86 to a pharmacy that is under contract with a covered entity  
87 to receive and dispense 340B drugs on behalf of the covered  
88 entity. Any violation of this subsection shall be an  
89 unlawful practice within the meaning of section 407.020, and  
90 any action authorized in sections 407.010 to 407.130 may be  
91 taken.

92 4. The director of the department of commerce and  
93 insurance shall impose a civil penalty on any health  
94 carrier, pharmacy benefits manager, or agent or affiliate of  
95 such health carrier or pharmacy benefits manager that  
96 violates the requirements of this section. Such penalty  
97 shall not exceed five thousand dollars per violation per day.

98           5. The director of the department of commerce and  
99 insurance shall promulgate rules to implement the provisions  
100 of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that  
101 term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under  
102 the authority delegated in this section shall become  
103 effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of  
104 the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section  
105 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and  
106 if any of the powers vested with the general assembly  
107 pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective  
108 date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently  
109 held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking  
110 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28,  
111 2024, shall be invalid and void.

          376.415. 1. For purposes of this section, the  
2 following terms mean:

3           (1) "Biological product", the same meaning given to  
4 the term in 42 U.S.C. Section 262(i);

5           (2) "Biosimilar", the same meaning given to the term  
6 in 42 U.S.C. Section 262(i);

7           (3) "Health carrier", the same meaning given to the  
8 term in section 376.1350;

9           (4) "Pharmacy benefits manager", the same meaning  
10 given to the term in section 376.388;

11           (5) "Reference product", the same meaning given to the  
12 term in 42 U.S.C. Section 262(i).

13           2. A health carrier, a pharmacy benefits manager, or  
14 an agent or affiliate of such health carrier or pharmacy  
15 benefits manager that provides coverage for a reference  
16 product or a biological product that is biosimilar to the  
17 reference product shall provide coverage for the reference  
18 product and all biological products that have been deemed

19 biosimilar to the reference product. The scope, extent, and  
20 amount of such required coverage shall be the same  
21 including, but not limited to, any payment limitations or  
22 cost-sharing obligations.

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