## SECOND REGULAR SESSION

## SENATE BILL NO. 1185

## 102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR BRATTIN.

3261S.01I KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

## **AN ACT**

To repeal section 191.1720, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to gender transition.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

- Section A. Section 191.1720, RSMo, is repealed and one
- 2 new section enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section
- 3 191.1720, to read as follows:
  - 191.1720. 1. This section shall be known and may be
- 2 cited as the "Missouri Save Adolescents from Experimentation
- 3 (SAFE) Act".
- 4 2. For purposes of this section, the following terms
- 5 mean:
- 6 (1) "Biological sex", the biological indication of
- 7 male or female in the context of reproductive potential or
- 8 capacity, such as sex chromosomes, naturally occurring sex
- 9 hormones, gonads, and nonambiguous internal and external
- 10 genitalia present at birth, without regard to an
- 11 individual's psychological, chosen, or subjective experience
- 12 of gender;
- 13 (2) "Cross-sex hormones", testosterone, estrogen, or
- 14 other androgens given to an individual in amounts that are
- 15 greater or more potent than would normally occur naturally
- in a healthy individual of the same age and sex;
- 17 (3) "Gender", the psychological, behavioral, social,
- 18 and cultural aspects of being male or female;

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

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- 19 (4) "Gender transition", the process in which an
  20 individual transitions from identifying with and living as a
  21 gender that corresponds to his or her biological sex to
  22 identifying with and living as a gender different from his
  23 or her biological sex, and may involve social, legal, or
  24 physical changes;
- 25 (5) "Gender transition surgery", a surgical procedure 26 performed for the purpose of assisting an individual with a 27 gender transition, including, but not limited to:
- 28 (a) Surgical procedures that sterilize, including, but 29 not limited to, castration, vasectomy, hysterectomy, 30 oophorectomy, orchiectomy, or penectomy;
- 31 (b) Surgical procedures that artificially construct
  32 tissue with the appearance of genitalia that differs from
  33 the individual's biological sex, including, but not limited
  34 to, metoidioplasty, phalloplasty, or vaginoplasty; or
- 35 (c) Augmentation mammoplasty or subcutaneous
  36 mastectomy;
- 37 (6) "Health care provider", an individual who is 38 licensed, certified, or otherwise authorized by the laws of 39 this state to administer health care in the ordinary course 40 of the practice of his or her profession;
- 41 (7) "Puberty-blocking drugs", gonadotropin-releasing
  42 hormone analogues or other synthetic drugs used to stop
  43 luteinizing hormone secretion and follicle stimulating
  44 hormone secretion, synthetic antiandrogen drugs to block the
  45 androgen receptor, or any other drug used to delay or
  46 suppress pubertal development in children for the purpose of
  47 assisting an individual with a gender transition.
- 3. A health care provider shall not knowingly perform a gender transition surgery on any individual under eighteen years of age.

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- 4. (1) A health care provider shall not knowingly prescribe or administer cross-sex hormones or puberty-blocking drugs for the purpose of a gender transition for any individual under eighteen years of age.
- 55 (2) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply 56 to the prescription or administration of cross-sex hormones 57 or puberty-blocking drugs for any individual under eighteen 58 years of age who was prescribed or administered such 59 hormones or drugs prior to August 28, 2023, for the purpose 60 of assisting the individual with a gender transition.
  - [(3) The provisions of this subsection shall expire on August 28, 2027.]
  - 5. The performance of a gender transition surgery or the prescription or administration of cross-sex hormones or puberty-blocking drugs to an individual under eighteen years of age in violation of this section shall be considered unprofessional conduct and any health care provider doing so shall have his or her license to practice revoked by the appropriate licensing entity or disciplinary review board with competent jurisdiction in this state.
- 71 6. (1) The prescription or administration of cross72 sex hormones or puberty-blocking drugs to an individual
  73 under eighteen years of age for the purpose of a gender
  74 transition shall be considered grounds for a cause of action
  75 against the health care provider. The provisions of chapter
  76 538 shall not apply to any action brought under this
  77 subsection.
- 78 (2) An action brought pursuant to this subsection 79 shall be brought within fifteen years of the individual 80 injured attaining the age of twenty-one or of the date the 81 treatment of the injury at issue in the action by the 82 defendant has ceased, whichever is later.

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- 83 (3) An individual bringing an action under this 84 subsection shall be entitled to a rebuttable presumption that the individual was harmed if the individual is 85 infertile following the prescription or administration of 86 cross-sex hormones or puberty-blocking drugs and that the 87 88 harm was a direct result of the hormones or drugs prescribed or administered by the health care provider. 89 90 presumption may be rebutted only by clear and convincing 91 evidence.
- 92 (4)In any action brought pursuant to this subsection, a plaintiff may recover economic and noneconomic damages and 93 punitive damages, without limitation to the amount and no 94 95 less than five hundred thousand dollars in the aggregate. The judgment against a defendant in an action brought 96 97 pursuant to this subsection shall be in an amount of three 98 times the amount of any economic and noneconomic damages or 99 punitive damages assessed. Any award of damages in an 100 action brought pursuant to this subsection to a prevailing 101 plaintiff shall include attorney's fees and court costs.
- 102 (5) An action brought pursuant to this subsection may 103 be brought in any circuit court of this state.
  - (6) No health care provider shall require a waiver of the right to bring an action pursuant to this subsection as a condition of services. The right to bring an action by or through an individual under the age of eighteen shall not be waived by a parent or legal guardian.
- (7) A plaintiff to an action brought under this
  subsection may enter into a voluntary agreement of
  settlement or compromise of the action, but no agreement
  shall be valid until approved by the court. No agreement
  allowed by the court shall include a provision regarding the
  nondisclosure or confidentiality of the terms of such

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agreement unless such provision was specifically requested and agreed to by the plaintiff.

- 117 (8) If requested by the plaintiff, any pleadings,
  118 attachments, or exhibits filed with the court in any action
  119 brought pursuant to this subsection, as well as any
  120 judgments issued by the court in such actions, shall not
- include the personal identifying information of the
- 122 plaintiff. Such information shall be provided in a
- 123 confidential information filing sheet contemporaneously
- filed with the court or entered by the court, which shall
- not be subject to public inspection or availability.
- 7. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any speech protected by the First Amendment of the United States Constitution.
- 129 8. The provisions of this section shall not apply to the following:
- 131 (1) Services to individuals born with a medically132 verifiable disorder of sex development, including, but not
  133 limited to, an individual with external biological sex
  134 characteristics that are irresolvably ambiguous, such as
  135 those born with 46,XX chromosomes with virilization, 46,XY
  136 chromosomes with undervirilization, or having both ovarian
  137 and testicular tissue;
  - (2) Services provided when a physician has otherwise diagnosed an individual with a disorder of sex development and determined through genetic or biochemical testing that the individual does not have normal sex chromosome structure, sex steroid hormone production, or sex steroid hormone action;
- 144 (3) The treatment of any infection, injury, disease,
  145 or disorder that has been caused by or exacerbated by the
  146 performance of gender transition surgery or the prescription

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147	or administration of cross-sex hormones or puberty-blocking
148	drugs regardless of whether the surgery was performed or the
149	hormones or drugs were prescribed or administered in
150	accordance with state and federal law; or
151	(4) Any procedure undertaken because the individual
152	suffers from a physical disorder, physical injury, or
153	physical illness that would, as certified by a physician,
154	place the individual in imminent danger of death or
155	impairment of a major bodily function unless surgery is
156	performed.

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