SECOND REGULAR SESSION

# **SENATE BILL NO. 1166**

**102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY** 

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR SCHROER.

KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

### AN ACT

To repeal sections 70.441, 571.107, 577.703, and 577.712, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof four new sections relating to firearms on public transportation systems, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 70.441, 571.107, 577.703, and 577.712, RSMo, are repealed and four new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 70.441, 571.107, 577.703, and 577.712, to read as follows:

70.441. 1. As used in this section, the following2 terms have the following meanings:

3 (1) "Agency", the bi-state development agency created
4 by compact under section 70.370;

5 (2) "Conveyance" includes bus, paratransit vehicle,
6 rapid transit car or train, locomotive, or other vehicle
7 used or held for use by the agency as a means of
8 transportation of passengers;

9 (3) "Facilities" includes all property and equipment,
10 including, without limitation, rights-of-way and related
11 trackage, rails, signals, power, fuel, communication and
12 ventilation systems, power plants, stations, terminals,
13 signage, storage yards, depots, repair and maintenance
14 shops, yards, offices, parking lots and other real estate or
15 personal property used or held for or incidental to the

## **EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.**

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16 operation, rehabilitation or improvement of any public mass 17 transportation system of the agency;

18 (4) "Person", any individual, firm, copartnership,19 corporation, association or company; and

(5) "Sound production device" includes, but is not
limited to, any radio receiver, phonograph, television
receiver, musical instrument, tape recorder, cassette
player, speaker device and any sound amplifier.

24 2. In interpreting or applying this section, the25 following provisions shall apply:

(1) Any act otherwise prohibited by this section is
lawful if specifically authorized by agreement, permit,
license or other writing duly signed by an authorized
officer of the agency or if performed by an officer,
employee or designated agent of the agency acting within the
scope of his or her employment or agency;

32 (2) Rules shall apply with equal force to any person
33 assisting, aiding or abetting another, including a minor, in
34 any of the acts prohibited by the rules or assisting, aiding
35 or abetting another in the avoidance of any of the
36 requirements of the rules; and

37 (3) The singular shall mean and include the plural;
38 the masculine gender shall mean the feminine and the neuter
39 genders; and vice versa.

3. (1) No person shall use or enter upon the light
rail conveyances of the agency without payment of the fare
or other lawful charges established by the agency. Any
person on any such conveyance must have properly validated
fare media in his possession. This ticket must be valid to
or from the station the passenger is using, and must have
been used for entry for the trip then being taken;

47 (2) No person shall use any token, pass, badge,
48 ticket, document, transfer, card or fare media to gain entry
49 to the facilities or conveyances of, or make use of the
50 services of, the agency, except as provided, authorized or
51 sold by the agency and in accordance with any restriction on
52 the use thereof imposed by the agency;

(3) No person shall enter upon parking lots designated
by the agency as requiring payment to enter, either by
electronic gate or parking meters, where the cost of such
parking fee is visibly displayed at each location, without
payment of such fees or other lawful charges established by
the agency;

(4) Except for employees of the agency acting within 59 the scope of their employment, no person shall sell, 60 provide, copy, reproduce or produce, or create any version 61 of any token, pass, badge, ticket, document, transfer, card 62 or any other fare media or otherwise authorize access to or 63 use of the facilities, conveyances or services of the agency 64 without the written permission of an authorized 65 66 representative of the agency;

No person shall put or attempt to put any paper, 67 (5) article, instrument or item, other than a token, ticket, 68 badge, coin, fare card, pass, transfer or other access 69 70 authorization or other fare media issued by the agency and 71 valid for the place, time and manner in which used, into any 72 fare box, pass reader, ticket vending machine, parking meter, parking gate or other fare collection instrument, 73 receptacle, device, machine or location; 74

75 (6) Tokens, tickets, fare cards, badges, passes,
76 transfers or other fare media that have been forged,
77 counterfeited, imitated, altered or improperly transferred

78 or that have been used in a manner inconsistent with this 79 section shall be confiscated;

80 (7) No person may perform any act which would
81 interfere with the provision of transit service or obstruct
82 the flow of traffic on facilities or conveyances or which
83 would in any way interfere or tend to interfere with the
84 safe and efficient operation of the facilities or
85 conveyances of the agency;

86 (8) All persons on or in any facility or conveyance of87 the agency shall:

88 (a) Comply with all lawful orders and directives of
89 any agency employee acting within the scope of his
90 employment;

91 (b) Obey any instructions on notices or signs duly92 posted on any agency facility or conveyance; and

93 (c) Provide accurate, complete and true information or 94 documents requested by agency personnel acting within the 95 scope of their employment and otherwise in accordance with 96 law;

97 (9) No person shall falsely represent himself or 98 herself as an agent, employee or representative of the 99 agency;

100 (10) No person on or in any facility or conveyance 101 shall:

102 (a) Litter, dump garbage, liquids or other matter, or
103 create a nuisance, hazard or [unsanitary] insanitary
104 condition, including, but not limited to, spitting and
105 urinating, except in facilities provided;

(b) Drink any alcoholic beverage or possess any opened
or unsealed container of alcoholic beverage, except on
premises duly licensed for the sale of alcoholic beverages,
such as bars and restaurants;

110 (C) Enter or remain in any facility or conveyance 111 while his ability to function safely in the environment of 112 the agency transit system is impaired by the consumption of alcohol or by the taking of any drug; 113

Loiter or stay on any facility of the agency; 114 (d) 115 Consume foods or liquids of any kind, except in (e) 116 those areas specifically authorized by the agency;

117 (f) Smoke or carry an open flame or lighted match, cigar, cigarette, pipe or torch, except in those areas or 118 119 locations specifically authorized by the agency; or

120 Throw or cause to be propelled any stone, (a) projectile or other article at, from, upon or in a facility 121 122 or conveyance;

(11) Except as otherwise provided under section 123 124 571.107, no weapon or other instrument intended for use as a weapon may be carried in or on any facility or conveyance, 125 126 except for law enforcement personnel. For the purposes hereof, a weapon shall include, but not be limited to, a 127 128 firearm, switchblade knife, sword, or any instrument of any kind known as blackjack, billy club, club, sandbag, metal 129 130 knuckles, leather bands studded with metal, wood impregnated with metal filings or razor blades; except that this 131 subdivision shall not apply to a rifle or shotgun which is 132 133 unloaded and carried in any enclosed case, box or other container which completely conceals the item from view and 134 135 identification as a weapon;

No explosives, flammable liquids, acids, 136 (12)fireworks or other highly combustible materials or 137 radioactive materials may be carried on or in any facility 138 139 or conveyance, except as authorized by the agency;

140 (13) No person, except as specifically authorized by the agency, shall enter or attempt to enter into any area 141

not open to the public, including, but not limited to, motorman's cabs, conductor's cabs, bus operator's seat location, closed-off areas, mechanical or equipment rooms, concession stands, storage areas, interior rooms, tracks, roadbeds, tunnels, plants, shops, barns, train yards, garages, depots or any area marked with a sign restricting access or indicating a dangerous environment;

(14) No person may ride on the roof, the platform between rapid transit cars, or on any other area outside any rapid transit car or bus or other conveyance operated by the agency;

(15) No person shall extend his hand, arm, leg, head or other part of his or her person or extend any item, article or other substance outside of the window or door of a moving rapid transit car, bus or other conveyance operated by the agency;

(16) No person shall enter or leave a rapid transit
car, bus or other conveyance operated by the agency except
through the entrances and exits provided for that purpose;

161 (17) No animals may be taken on or into any conveyance 162 or facility except the following:

(a) An animal enclosed in a container, accompanied by
the passenger and carried in a manner which does not annoy
other passengers; and

(b) Working dogs for law enforcement agencies, agency
dogs on duty, dogs properly harnessed and accompanying blind
or hearing-impaired persons to aid such persons, or dogs
accompanying trainers carrying a certificate of
identification issued by a dog school;

(18) No vehicle shall be operated carelessly, or
negligently, or in disregard of the rights or safety of
others or without due caution and circumspection, or at a

174 speed in such a manner as to be likely to endanger persons 175 or property on facilities of the agency. The speed limit on 176 parking lots and access roads shall be posted as fifteen 177 miles per hour unless otherwise designated.

178 4. (1) Unless a greater penalty is otherwise provided 179 by the laws of the state, any violation of this section shall constitute a misdemeanor, and any person committing a 180 181 violation thereof shall be subject to arrest and, upon 182 conviction in a court of competent jurisdiction, shall pay a 183 fine in an amount not less than twenty-five dollars and no greater than two hundred fifty dollars per violation, in 184 addition to court costs. Any default in the payment of a 185 186 fine imposed pursuant to this section without good cause 187 shall result in imprisonment for not more than thirty days;

188 (2) Unless a greater penalty is provided by the laws
189 of the state, any person convicted a second or subsequent
190 time for the same offense under this section shall be guilty
191 of a misdemeanor and sentenced to pay a fine of not less
192 than fifty dollars nor more than five hundred dollars in
193 addition to court costs, or to undergo imprisonment for up
194 to sixty days, or both such fine and imprisonment;

(3) Any person failing to pay the proper fare, fee or other charge for use of the facilities and conveyances of the agency shall be subject to payment of such charge as part of the judgment against the violator. All proceeds from judgments for unpaid fares or charges shall be directed to the appropriate agency official;

(4) All juvenile offenders violating the provisions of
this section shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the
juvenile court as provided in chapter 211;

204 (5) As used in this section, the term "conviction"205 shall include all pleas of guilty and findings of guilt.

206 5. Any person who is convicted, pleads guilty, or 207 pleads nolo contendere for failing to pay the proper fare, 208 fee, or other charge for the use of the facilities and conveyances of the bi-state development agency, as described 209 210 in subdivision (3) of subsection 4 of this section, may, in 211 addition to the unpaid fares or charges and any fines, 212 penalties, or sentences imposed by law, be required to 213 reimburse the reasonable costs attributable to the 214 enforcement, investigation, and prosecution of such offense 215 by the bi-state development agency. The court shall direct 216 the reimbursement proceeds to the appropriate agency 217 official.

218 6. (1) Stalled or disabled vehicles may be removed 219 from the roadways of the agency property by the agency and 220 parked or stored elsewhere at the risk and expense of the 221 owner;

(2) Motor vehicles which are left unattended or
abandoned on the property of the agency for a period of over
seventy-two hours may be removed as provided for in section
304.155, except that the removal may be authorized by
personnel designated by the agency under section 70.378.

571.107. 1. A concealed carry permit issued pursuant 2 to sections 571.101 to 571.121, a valid concealed carry 3 endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, or a concealed carry endorsement or permit issued by another state or 4 5 political subdivision of another state shall authorize the person in whose name the permit or endorsement is issued to 6 carry concealed firearms on or about his or her person or 7 8 vehicle throughout the state. No concealed carry permit 9 issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, 10 or a concealed carry endorsement or permit issued by another 11

12 state or political subdivision of another state shall 13 authorize any person to carry concealed firearms into:

(1) Any police, sheriff, or highway patrol office or
station without the consent of the chief law enforcement
officer in charge of that office or station. Possession of
a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the office or
station shall not be a criminal offense so long as the
firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while
the vehicle is on the premises;

(2) Within twenty-five feet of any polling place on
any election day. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on
the premises of the polling place shall not be a criminal
offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the
vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

(3) The facility of any adult or juvenile detention or
correctional institution, prison or jail. Possession of a
firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any adult, juvenile
detention, or correctional institution, prison or jail shall
not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not
removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is
on the premises;

(4) Any courthouse solely occupied by the circuit, 33 appellate or supreme court, or any courtrooms, 34 administrative offices, libraries or other rooms of any such 35 court whether or not such court solely occupies the building 36 37 in question. This subdivision shall also include, but not be limited to, any juvenile, family, drug, or other court 38 offices, any room or office wherein any of the courts or 39 40 offices listed in this subdivision are temporarily conducting any business within the jurisdiction of such 41 courts or offices, and such other locations in such manner 42 as may be specified by supreme court rule pursuant to 43

44 subdivision (6) of this subsection. Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude those persons listed in 45 46 subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of section 571.030 while within their jurisdiction and on duty, those persons listed 47 in subdivisions (2), (4), and (10) of subsection 2 of 48 49 section 571.030, or such other persons who serve in a law 50 enforcement capacity for a court as may be specified by 51 supreme court rule pursuant to subdivision (6) of this subsection from carrying a concealed firearm within any of 52 53 the areas described in this subdivision. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any of the areas 54 listed in this subdivision shall not be a criminal offense 55 56 so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises; 57

(5) Any meeting of the governing body of a unit of 58 59 local government; or any meeting of the general assembly or 60 a committee of the general assembly, except that nothing in this subdivision shall preclude a member of the body holding 61 62 a valid concealed carry permit or endorsement from carrying a concealed firearm at a meeting of the body which he or she 63 is a member. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the 64 premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the 65 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while 66 the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing in this subdivision 67 shall preclude a member of the general assembly, a full-time 68 69 employee of the general assembly employed under Section 17, Article III, Constitution of Missouri, legislative employees 70 of the general assembly as determined under section 21.155, 71 or statewide elected officials and their employees, holding 72 a valid concealed carry permit or endorsement, from carrying 73 a concealed firearm in the state capitol building or at a 74 meeting whether of the full body of a house of the general 75

76 assembly or a committee thereof, that is held in the state 77 capitol building;

78 (6) The general assembly, supreme court, county or municipality may by rule, administrative regulation, or 79 80 ordinance prohibit or limit the carrying of concealed 81 firearms by permit or endorsement holders in that portion of 82 a building owned, leased or controlled by that unit of 83 government. Any portion of a building in which the carrying of concealed firearms is prohibited or limited shall be 84 85 clearly identified by signs posted at the entrance to the restricted area. The statute, rule or ordinance shall 86 exempt any building used for public housing by private 87 persons, highways or rest areas, firing ranges, and private 88 dwellings owned, leased, or controlled by that unit of 89 government from any restriction on the carrying or 90 91 possession of a firearm. The statute, rule or ordinance 92 shall not specify any criminal penalty for its violation but may specify that persons violating the statute, rule or 93 94 ordinance may be denied entrance to the building, ordered to leave the building and if employees of the unit of 95 government, be subjected to disciplinary measures for 96 97 violation of the provisions of the statute, rule or ordinance. The provisions of this subdivision shall not 98 99 apply to any other unit of government;

100 Any establishment licensed to dispense (7)101 intoxicating liquor for consumption on the premises, which portion is primarily devoted to that purpose, without the 102 consent of the owner or manager. The provisions of this 103 subdivision shall not apply to the licensee of said 104 105 establishment. The provisions of this subdivision shall not 106 apply to any bona fide restaurant open to the general public having dining facilities for not less than fifty persons and 107

108 that receives at least fifty-one percent of its gross annual 109 income from the dining facilities by the sale of food. This 110 subdivision does not prohibit the possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the establishment and shall not 111 112 be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed 113 from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing in this subdivision authorizes any 114 115 individual who has been issued a concealed carry permit or endorsement to possess any firearm while intoxicated; 116

(8) Any area of an airport to which access is controlled by the inspection of persons and property. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the airport shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

123 (9) Any place where the carrying of a firearm is124 prohibited by federal law;

Any higher education institution or elementary or 125 (10)126 secondary school facility without the consent of the governing body of the higher education institution or a 127 school official or the district school board, unless the 128 129 person with the concealed carry endorsement or permit is a 130 teacher or administrator of an elementary or secondary 131 school who has been designated by his or her school district 132 as a school protection officer and is carrying a firearm in a school within that district, in which case no consent is 133 required. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the 134 premises of any higher education institution or elementary 135 or secondary school facility shall not be a criminal offense 136 137 so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises; 138

(11) Any portion of a building used as a child care facility without the consent of the manager. Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the operator of a child care facility in a family home from owning or possessing a firearm or a concealed carry permit or endorsement;

144 (12) Any riverboat gambling operation accessible by
145 the public without the consent of the owner or manager
146 pursuant to rules promulgated by the gaming commission.
147 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of a
148 riverboat gambling operation shall not be a criminal offense
149 so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or
150 brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

(13) Any gated area of an amusement park. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the amusement park shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

(14) Any church or other place of religious worship 156 157 without the consent of the minister or person or persons representing the religious organization that exercises 158 control over the place of religious worship. Possession of 159 a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a 160 criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from 161 162 the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the 163 premises;

164 (15)Any private property whose owner has posted the premises as being off-limits to concealed firearms by means 165 of one or more signs displayed in a conspicuous place of a 166 minimum size of eleven inches by fourteen inches with the 167 168 writing thereon in letters of not less than one inch. The owner, business or commercial lessee, manager of a private 169 business enterprise, or any other organization, entity, or 170

171 person may prohibit persons holding a concealed carry permit 172 or endorsement from carrying concealed firearms on the 173 premises and may prohibit employees, not authorized by the 174 employer, holding a concealed carry permit or endorsement 175 from carrying concealed firearms on the property of the 176 employer. If the building or the premises are open to the public, the employer of the business enterprise shall post 177 178 signs on or about the premises if carrying a concealed 179 firearm is prohibited. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle 180 on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as 181 the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished 182 while the vehicle is on the premises. An employer may 183 prohibit employees or other persons holding a concealed 184 carry permit or endorsement from carrying a concealed 185 firearm in vehicles owned by the employer;

186 (16) Any sports arena or stadium with a seating
187 capacity of five thousand or more. Possession of a firearm
188 in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense
189 so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or
190 brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

(17) Any hospital accessible by the public.
Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of a
hospital shall not be a criminal offense so long as the
firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while
the vehicle is on the premises.

196 2. Carrying of a concealed firearm in a location 197 specified in subdivisions (1) to (17) of subsection 1 of 198 this section by any individual who holds a concealed carry 199 permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, or a 200 concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, 201 shall not be a criminal act but may subject the person to 202 denial to the premises or removal from the premises. If

203 such person refuses to leave the premises and a peace 204 officer is summoned, such person may be issued a citation 205 for an amount not to exceed one hundred dollars for the first offense. If a second citation for a similar violation 206 207 occurs within a six-month period, such person shall be fined 208 an amount not to exceed two hundred dollars and his or her permit, and, if applicable, endorsement to carry concealed 209 210 firearms shall be suspended for a period of one year. If a third citation for a similar violation is issued within one 211 212 year of the first citation, such person shall be fined an amount not to exceed five hundred dollars and shall have his 213 or her concealed carry permit, and, if applicable, 214 215 endorsement revoked and such person shall not be eligible for a concealed carry permit for a period of three years. 216 217 Upon conviction of charges arising from a citation issued 218 pursuant to this subsection, the court shall notify the 219 sheriff of the county which issued the concealed carry permit, or, if the person is a holder of a concealed carry 220 221 endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, the court shall notify the sheriff of the county which issued the 222 certificate of qualification for a concealed carry 223 endorsement and the department of revenue. The sheriff 224 shall suspend or revoke the concealed carry permit or, if 225 226 applicable, the certificate of qualification for a concealed 227 carry endorsement. If the person holds an endorsement, the 228 department of revenue shall issue a notice of such 229 suspension or revocation of the concealed carry endorsement and take action to remove the concealed carry endorsement 230 from the individual's driving record. 231 The director of 232 revenue shall notify the licensee that he or she must apply for a new license pursuant to chapter 302 which does not 233 contain such endorsement. The notice issued by the 234

235 department of revenue shall be mailed to the last known 236 address shown on the individual's driving record. The 237 notice is deemed received three days after mailing.

238 3. Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter or chapter 70, 577, or 578 to the contrary, a person carrying a 239 240 firearm concealed on or about his or her person who is lawfully in possession of a valid concealed carry permit or 241 242 endorsement shall not be prohibited or impeded from 243 accessing or using any publicly funded transportation system 244 and shall not be harassed or detained for carrying a 245 concealed firearm on the property, vehicles, or conveyances owned, contracted, or leased by such systems that are 246 accessible to the public. For purposes of this subsection, 247 248 "publicly funded transportation system" means the property, 249 equipment, rights-of-way, or buildings, whether publicly or 250 privately owned and operated, of an entity that receives 251 public funds and holds itself out to the general public for 252 the transportation of persons. This includes portions of a public transportation system provided through a contract 253 254 with a private entity but excludes any corporation that 255 provides intercity passenger train service on railroads 256 throughout the United States or any private partnership in 257 which the corporation engages.

577.703. 1. A person commits the offense of bus hijacking if he or she seizes or exercises control, by force or violence or threat of force or violence, of any bus. The offense of bus hijacking is a class B felony.

5 2. The offense of "assault with the intent to commit
6 bus hijacking" is defined as an intimidation, threat,
7 assault or battery toward any driver, attendant or guard of
8 a bus so as to interfere with the performance of duties by

9 such person. Assault to commit bus hijacking is a class D10 felony.

Any person, who, in the commission of such
 intimidation, threat, assault or battery with the intent to
 commit bus hijacking, employs a dangerous or deadly weapon
 or other means capable of inflicting serious bodily injury
 shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a class A felony.

16 4. Except as otherwise provided under section 571.107, any passenger who boards a bus with a dangerous or deadly 17 18 weapon or other means capable of inflicting serious bodily injury concealed upon his or her person or effects is quilty 19 of the felony of "possession and concealment of a dangerous 20 or deadly weapon" upon a bus. Possession and concealment of 21 a dangerous and deadly weapon by a passenger upon a bus is a 22 class D felony. The provisions of this subsection shall not 23 24 apply to:

(1) Duly elected or appointed law enforcement officers
or commercial security personnel who are in possession of
weapons used within the course and scope of their
employment; [nor shall the provisions of this subsection
apply to]

30 (2) Persons who are in possession of weapons or other
31 means of inflicting serious bodily injury with the consent
32 of the owner of such bus, his or her agent, or the lessee or
33 bailee of such bus; or

(3) Persons carrying a concealed firearm who lawfully
 possess a valid concealed carry permit or endorsement in
 accordance with section 571.107.

577.712. 1. In order to provide for the safety,
comfort, and well-being of passengers and others having a
bona fide business interest in any terminal, a bus
transportation company may refuse admission to terminals to

5 any person not having bona fide business within the 6 terminal. Any such refusal shall not be inconsistent or 7 contrary to state or federal laws, regulations pursuant thereto, or to any ordinance of the political subdivision in 8 9 which such terminal is located. A duly authorized company 10 representative may ask any person in a terminal or on the premises of a terminal to identify himself or herself and 11 12 state his or her business. Failure to comply with such request or failure to state an acceptable business purpose 13 14 shall be grounds for the company representative to request that such person leave the terminal. Refusal to comply with 15 such request shall constitute disorderly conduct. 16 Disorderly conduct shall be a class C misdemeanor. 17

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18 2. Except as otherwise provided by section 571.107, it is unlawful for any person to carry a deadly or dangerous 19 20 weapon or any explosives or hazardous material into a 21 terminal or aboard a bus. Possession of a deadly or dangerous weapon, explosive or hazardous material shall be a 22 23 class D felony. Upon the discovery of any such item or material, the company may obtain possession and retain 24 custody of such item or material until it is transferred to 25 26 the custody of law enforcement officers.

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