## SECOND REGULAR SESSION

## SENATE BILL NO. 1086

## 102ND GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR BRATTIN.

4441S.01I KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

## **AN ACT**

To repeal section 137.115, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to property taxes.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 137.115, RSMo, is repealed and one new

- 2 section enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 137.115,
- 3 to read as follows:
  - 137.115. 1. All other laws to the contrary
- 2 notwithstanding, the assessor or the assessor's deputies in
- 3 all counties of this state including the City of St. Louis
- 4 shall annually make a list of all real and tangible personal
- 5 property taxable in the assessor's city, county, town or
- 6 district. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3 of
- 7 this section and section 137.078, the assessor shall
- 8 annually assess all personal property at thirty-three and
- 9 one-third percent of its true value in money as of January
- 10 first of each calendar year. Beginning January 1, 2025, all
- 11 personal property shall be annually assessed at a percent of
- 12 its true value in money as of January first of each calendar
- 13 year as follows:
- 14 (1) A political subdivision shall annually reduce the
- 15 percentage of true value in money at which personal property
- 16 is assessed pursuant to this subsection such that the amount
- 17 by which the revenue generated by taxes levied on such
- 18 personal property is substantially equal to one hundred

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

19 percent of the growth in revenue generated by real property

- 20 assessment growth. Annual reductions shall be made pursuant
- 21 to this subdivision until December 31, 2073. Thereafter,
- 22 the percentage of true value in money at which personal
- 23 property is assessed shall be equal to the percentage in
- 24 effect on December 31, 2073;
- 25 (2) The provisions of subdivision (1) of this
- 26 subsection shall not be construed to relieve a political
- 27 subdivision from adjustments to property tax levies as
- 28 required by section 137.073;
- 29 (3) For the purposes of subdivision (1) of this
- 30 subsection, "real property assessment growth" shall mean the
- 31 growth in revenue from increases in the total assessed
- 32 valuation of all real property in a political subdivision
- 33 over the revenue generated from the assessed valuation of
- 34 such real property from the previous calendar year. Real
- 35 property assessment growth shall not include any revenue in
- 36 excess of the percent increase in the consumer price index,
- 37 as described in subsection 2 of section 137.073;
- 38 (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions (1)
- 39 to (3) of this subsection to the contrary, for the purposes
- 40 of the tax levied pursuant to Article III, Section 38(b) of
- 41 the Missouri Constitution, all personal property shall be
- 42 assessed at thirty-three and one-third percent of its true
- 43 value in money as of January first of each calendar year;
- 44 (5) Subject to appropriations, a political subdivision
- 45 that receives total real and personal property tax revenues
- 46 below the allowable amount for such political subdivision in
- 47 such calendar year due to the provisions of subdivisions (1)
- 48 to (4) of this subsection shall receive reimbursement from
- 49 the state in an amount equal to the amount that such
- 50 revenues are below the total allowable amount of property

51 tax revenues for such political subdivision in such calendar 52 year.

The assessor shall annually assess all real 53 2. property, including any new construction and improvements to 54 55 real property, and possessory interests in real property at 56 the percent of its true value in money set in subsection [5] 6 of this section. The true value in money of any 57 possessory interest in real property in subclass (3), where 58 59 such real property is on or lies within the ultimate airport 60 boundary as shown by a federal airport layout plan, as defined by 14 CFR 151.5, of a commercial airport having a 61 FAR Part 139 certification and owned by a political 62 63 subdivision, shall be the otherwise applicable true value in money of any such possessory interest in real property, less 64 the total dollar amount of costs paid by a party, other than 65 the political subdivision, towards any new construction or 66 improvements on such real property completed after January 67 1, 2008, and which are included in the above-mentioned 68 69 possessory interest, regardless of the year in which such costs were incurred or whether such costs were considered in 70 any prior year. The assessor shall annually assess all real 71 72 property in the following manner: new assessed values shall be determined as of January first of each odd-numbered year 73 74 and shall be entered in the assessor's books; those same assessed values shall apply in the following even-numbered 75 76 year, except for new construction and property improvements which shall be valued as though they had been completed as 77 of January first of the preceding odd-numbered year. 78 assessor may call at the office, place of doing business, or 79 80 residence of each person required by this chapter to list property, and require the person to make a correct statement 81 of all taxable tangible personal property owned by the 82

83 person or under his or her care, charge or management, 84 taxable in the county. On or before January first of each 85 even-numbered year, the assessor shall prepare and submit a two-year assessment maintenance plan to the county governing 86 body and the state tax commission for their respective 87 approval or modification. The county governing body shall 88 approve and forward such plan or its alternative to the plan 89 90 to the state tax commission by February first. If the 91 county governing body fails to forward the plan or its 92 alternative to the plan to the state tax commission by February first, the assessor's plan shall be considered 93 approved by the county governing body. If the state tax 94 95 commission fails to approve a plan and if the state tax commission and the assessor and the governing body of the 96 97 county involved are unable to resolve the differences, in 98 order to receive state cost-share funds outlined in section 99 137.750, the county or the assessor shall petition the administrative hearing commission, by May first, to decide 100 101 all matters in dispute regarding the assessment maintenance plan. Upon agreement of the parties, the matter may be 102 103 stayed while the parties proceed with mediation or arbitration upon terms agreed to by the parties. The final 104 105 decision of the administrative hearing commission shall be 106 subject to judicial review in the circuit court of the 107 county involved. In the event a valuation of subclass (1) 108 real property within any county with a charter form of 109 government, or within a city not within a county, is made by 110 a computer, computer-assisted method or a computer program, the burden of proof, supported by clear, convincing and 111 112 cogent evidence to sustain such valuation, shall be on the assessor at any hearing or appeal. In any such county, 113 unless the assessor proves otherwise, there shall be a 114

- 115 presumption that the assessment was made by a computer,
- 116 computer-assisted method or a computer program. Such
- 117 evidence shall include, but shall not be limited to, the
- 118 following:
- 119 (1) The findings of the assessor based on an appraisal
- of the property by generally accepted appraisal techniques;
- **121** and
- 122 (2) The purchase prices from sales of at least three
- 123 comparable properties and the address or location thereof.
- 124 As used in this subdivision, the word "comparable" means
- 125 that:
- 126 (a) Such sale was closed at a date relevant to the
- 127 property valuation; and
- 128 (b) Such properties are not more than one mile from
- the site of the disputed property, except where no similar
- 130 properties exist within one mile of the disputed property,
- 131 the nearest comparable property shall be used. Such
- 132 property shall be within five hundred square feet in size of
- 133 the disputed property, and resemble the disputed property in
- 134 age, floor plan, number of rooms, and other relevant
- 135 characteristics.
- 136 [2.] 3. Assessors in each county of this state and the
- 137 City of St. Louis may send personal property assessment
- 138 forms through the mail.
- 139 [3.] 4. The following items of personal property shall
- 140 each constitute separate subclasses of tangible personal
- 141 property and shall be assessed and valued for the purposes
- 142 of taxation at the following percentages of their true value
- in money:
- 144 (1) Grain and other agricultural crops in an
- 145 unmanufactured condition, one-half of one percent;
- 146 (2) Livestock, twelve percent;

- 147 (3) Farm machinery, twelve percent;
- 148 (4) Motor vehicles which are eligible for registration
- 149 as and are registered as historic motor vehicles pursuant to
- 150 section 301.131 and aircraft which are at least twenty-five
- 151 years old and which are used solely for noncommercial
- 152 purposes and are operated less than two hundred hours per
- 153 year or aircraft that are home built from a kit, five
- 154 percent;
- 155 (5) Poultry, twelve percent; and
- 156 (6) Tools and equipment used for pollution control and
- 157 tools and equipment used in retooling for the purpose of
- 158 introducing new product lines or used for making
- improvements to existing products by any company which is
- 160 located in a state enterprise zone and which is identified
- 161 by any standard industrial classification number cited in
- subdivision (7) of section 135.200, twenty-five percent.
- 163 [4.] 5. The person listing the property shall enter a
- 164 true and correct statement of the property, in a printed
- 165 blank prepared for that purpose. The statement, after being
- 166 filled out, shall be signed and either affirmed or sworn to
- as provided in section 137.155. The list shall then be
- 168 delivered to the assessor.
- [5.] 6. (1) All subclasses of real property, as such
- 170 subclasses are established in Section 4(b) of Article X of
- the Missouri Constitution and defined in section 137.016,
- 172 shall be assessed at the following percentages of true value:
- 173 (a) For real property in subclass (1), nineteen
- 174 percent;
- 175 (b) For real property in subclass (2), twelve percent;
- **176** and
- 177 (c) For real property in subclass (3), thirty-two
- 178 percent.

179 A taxpayer may apply to the county assessor, or, 180 if not located within a county, then the assessor of such 181 city, for the reclassification of such taxpayer's real property if the use or purpose of such real property is 182 183 changed after such property is assessed under the provisions 184 of this chapter. If the assessor determines that such property shall be reclassified, he or she shall determine 185 186 the assessment under this subsection based on the percentage 187 of the tax year that such property was classified in each 188 subclassification.

[6.] 7. Manufactured homes, as defined in section 189 190 700.010, which are actually used as dwelling units shall be 191 assessed at the same percentage of true value as residential 192 real property for the purpose of taxation. The percentage 193 of assessment of true value for such manufactured homes 194 shall be the same as for residential real property. If the 195 county collector cannot identify or find the manufactured home when attempting to attach the manufactured home for 196 197 payment of taxes owed by the manufactured home owner, the county collector may request the county commission to have 198 199 the manufactured home removed from the tax books, and such 200 request shall be granted within thirty days after the request is made; however, the removal from the tax books 201 202 does not remove the tax lien on the manufactured home if it 203 is later identified or found. For purposes of this section, a manufactured home located in a manufactured home rental 204 park, rental community or on real estate not owned by the 205 manufactured home owner shall be considered personal 206 property. For purposes of this section, a manufactured home 207 208 located on real estate owned by the manufactured home owner 209 may be considered real property.

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- [7.] 8. Each manufactured home assessed shall be considered a parcel for the purpose of reimbursement pursuant to section 137.750, unless the manufactured home is deemed to be real estate as defined in subsection 7 of section 442.015 and assessed as a realty improvement to the existing real estate parcel.
  - [8.] 9. Any amount of tax due and owing based on the assessment of a manufactured home shall be included on the personal property tax statement of the manufactured home owner unless the manufactured home is deemed to be real estate as defined in subsection 7 of section 442.015, in which case the amount of tax due and owing on the assessment of the manufactured home as a realty improvement to the existing real estate parcel shall be included on the real property tax statement of the real estate owner.
- 225 [9.] 10. The assessor of each county and each city not 226 within a county shall use the trade-in value published in the October issue of the National Automobile Dealers! 227 228 Association Official Used Car Guide, or its successor publication, as the recommended guide of information for 229 230 determining the true value of motor vehicles described in such publication. The assessor shall not use a value that 231 232 is greater than the average trade-in value in determining 233 the true value of the motor vehicle without performing a 234 physical inspection of the motor vehicle. For vehicles two 235 years old or newer from a vehicle's model year, the assessor may use a value other than average without performing a 236 physical inspection of the motor vehicle. In the absence of 237 238 a listing for a particular motor vehicle in such 239 publication, the assessor shall use such information or 240 publications which in the assessor's judgment will fairly estimate the true value in money of the motor vehicle. 241

- 242 [10.] 11. Before the assessor may increase the
  243 assessed valuation of any parcel of subclass (1) real
  244 property by more than fifteen percent since the last
  245 assessment, excluding increases due to new construction or
  246 improvements, the assessor shall conduct a physical
  247 inspection of such property.
- If a physical inspection is required, 248 [11.] 12. 249 pursuant to subsection [10] 11 of this section, the assessor 250 shall notify the property owner of that fact in writing and 251 shall provide the owner clear written notice of the owner's 252 rights relating to the physical inspection. If a physical 253 inspection is required, the property owner may request that 254 an interior inspection be performed during the physical 255 inspection. The owner shall have no less than thirty days 256 to notify the assessor of a request for an interior physical 257 inspection.
- 258 [12.] 13. A physical inspection, as required by 259 subsection [10] 11 of this section, shall include, but not 260 be limited to, an on-site personal observation and review of all exterior portions of the land and any buildings and 261 262 improvements to which the inspector has or may reasonably and lawfully gain external access, and shall include an 263 264 observation and review of the interior of any buildings or 265 improvements on the property upon the timely request of the owner pursuant to subsection [11] 12 of this section. 266 observation of the property via a drive-by inspection or the 267 like shall not be considered sufficient to constitute a 268 physical inspection as required by this section. 269
- [13.] 14. A county or city collector may accept credit cards as proper form of payment of outstanding property tax or license due. No county or city collector may charge surcharge for payment by credit card which exceeds the fee

274 or surcharge charged by the credit card bank, processor, or 275 issuer for its service. A county or city collector may 276 accept payment by electronic transfers of funds in payment 277 of any tax or license and charge the person making such 278 payment a fee equal to the fee charged the county by the 279 bank, processor, or issuer of such electronic payment. [14.] 15. Any county or city not within a county in 280 281 this state may, by an affirmative vote of the governing body 282 of such county, opt out of the provisions of this section 283 and sections 137.073, 138.060, and 138.100 as enacted by 284 house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general assembly, second regular session and section 137.073 as modified by 285 house committee substitute for senate substitute for senate 286 287 committee substitute for senate bill no. 960, ninety-second 288 general assembly, second regular session, for the next year 289 of the general reassessment, prior to January first of any 290 year. No county or city not within a county shall exercise this opt-out provision after implementing the provisions of 291 this section and sections 137.073, 138.060, and 138.100 as 292 293 enacted by house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general 294 assembly, second regular session and section 137.073 as 295 modified by house committee substitute for senate substitute 296 for senate committee substitute for senate bill no. 960, 297 ninety-second general assembly, second regular session, in a 298 year of general reassessment. For the purposes of applying the provisions of this subsection, a political subdivision 299 300 contained within two or more counties where at least one of such counties has opted out and at least one of such 301 302 counties has not opted out shall calculate a single tax rate 303 as in effect prior to the enactment of house bill no. 1150 304 of the ninety-first general assembly, second regular session. A governing body of a city not within a county or 305

a county that has opted out under the provisions of this subsection may choose to implement the provisions of this section and sections 137.073, 138.060, and 138.100 as enacted by house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general assembly, second regular session, and section 137.073 as modified by house committee substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for senate bill no. 960, ninety-second general assembly, second regular session, for the next year of general reassessment, by an affirmative vote of the governing body prior to December thirty-first of any year. 

[15.] 16. The governing body of any city of the third classification with more than twenty-six thousand three hundred but fewer than twenty-six thousand seven hundred inhabitants located in any county that has exercised its authority to opt out under subsection [14] 15 of this section may levy separate and differing tax rates for real and personal property only if such city bills and collects its own property taxes or satisfies the entire cost of the billing and collection of such separate and differing tax rates. Such separate and differing rates shall not exceed such city's tax rate ceiling.

[16.] 17. Any portion of real property that is available as reserve for strip, surface, or coal mining for minerals for purposes of excavation for future use or sale to others that has not been bonded and permitted under chapter 444 shall be assessed based upon how the real property is currently being used. Any information provided to a county assessor, state tax commission, state agency, or political subdivision responsible for the administration of tax policies shall, in the performance of its duties, make available all books, records, and information requested,

except such books, records, and information as are by law 338 339 declared confidential in nature, including individually identifiable information regarding a specific taxpayer or 340 taxpayer's mine property. For purposes of this subsection, 341 "mine property" shall mean all real property that is in use 342 343 or readily available as a reserve for strip, surface, or coal mining for minerals for purposes of excavation for 344 current or future use or sale to others that has been bonded 345 346 and permitted under chapter 444.

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