## SENATE SUBSTITUTE

## FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 778

## AN ACT

To repeal sections 332.211 and 332.281, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof three new sections relating to licensure of dentists and dental hygienists.

Be	it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:
	Section A. Sections 332.211 and 332.281, RSMo, are
2	repealed and three new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be
3	known as sections 332.211, 332.281, and 332.700, to read as
4	follows:
	332.211. [The board shall grant without examination a
2	certificate of registration and a license to a dentist who
3	has been licensed in another state for at least five
4	consecutive years immediately preceding his applying, if the
5	board is satisfied by proof adduced by the applicant that
6	his qualifications are at least equivalent to the
7	requirements for initial registration as a dentist in
8	Missouri under the provisions of this chapter, that he is at
9	least twenty-one years of age and is of good moral character
10	and reputation; provided that the board may by rule require
11	an applicant under this section to take any examination over
12	Missouri laws given to dentists initially seeking licensure
13	under section 332.151 and to take a practical examination if
14	his licensure in any state was ever denied, revoked or
15	suspended for incompetency or inability to practice in a
16	safe manner, or if he has failed any practical examination
17	given as a prerequisite to licensure as a dentist in any
18	state. Any such dentist applying to be so registered and
19	licensed shall accompany his application with a fee not
20	greater than the dental examination and license fees and if

21 registered and licensed shall renew his license as provided in section 332.181.] 1. As used in this section, the 22 23 following terms mean: "License", a license, certificate, registration, 24 (1)25 permit, accreditation, or military occupational specialty that enables a person to legally practice an occupation or 26 profession in a particular jurisdiction; 27 28 "Military", the Armed Forces of the United States, (2) including the National Guard, all reserve components, and 29 any other military branch that is designated by the United 30 31 States Congress as part of the Armed Forces of the United States. The term "military" shall include the military 32 33 reserves and militia of any territory or state of the United 34 States; "Nonresident military spouse", a nonresident 35 (3) spouse of an active duty member of the Armed Forces of the 36 United States who has been transferred or is scheduled to be 37 38 transferred to this state, or who has been transferred or is 39 scheduled to be transferred to an adjacent state and is or 40 will be domiciled in this state, or has moved to this state on a permanent change-of-station basis; 41 42 "Resident military spouse", a spouse of an active (4) duty member of the Armed Forces of the United States who has 43 44 been transferred or is scheduled to be transferred to this state or an adjacent state and who is a permanent resident 45 46 of this state, who is domiciled in this state, or who has 47 this state as his or her home of record. 2. Any person who holds a valid current dentist or 48 dental specialist license issued by another state, a branch 49 or unit of the military, a territory of the United States, 50 or the District of Columbia, and who has been licensed for 51 at least one year in such other jurisdiction, may submit an 52 53 application for a dentist or dental specialist license in

54	this state along with proof of current licensure and proof
55	of licensure for at least one year in the other
56	jurisdiction, to the board.
57	3. The board shall:
58	(1) Within six months of receiving an application
59	described in subsection 2 of this section, waive any
60	examination, educational, or experience requirements for
61	licensure in this state for the applicant if it determines
62	that there were minimum education requirements and, if
63	applicable, work experience and clinical supervision
64	requirements in effect and the other state verifies that the
65	person met those requirements in order to be licensed or
66	certified in that state. The board may require an applicant
67	to take and pass an examination specific to the laws of this
68	state; or
69	(2) Within thirty days of receiving an application
70	described in subsection 2 of this section from a nonresident
71	military spouse or a resident military spouse, waive any
72	examination, educational, or experience requirements for
73	licensure in this state for the applicant and issue such
74	applicant a license under this section if such applicant
75	otherwise meets the requirements of this section.
76	4. (1) The board shall not waive any examination,
77	educational, or experience requirements for any applicant
78	who has had his or her license revoked by a board of
79	dentistry outside the state; who is currently under
80	investigation, who has a complaint pending, or who is
81	currently under disciplinary action, except as provided in
82	subdivision (2) of this subsection, with a board of
83	dentistry outside the state; who does not hold a license in
84	good standing with a board of dentistry outside the state;
85	who has a criminal record that would disqualify him or her
86	for licensure in this state; or who does not hold a valid

87 current license in the other jurisdiction on the date the 88 board receives his or her application under this section. (2) 89 If another jurisdiction has taken disciplinary action against an applicant, the board shall determine if 90 the cause for the action was corrected and the matter 91 92 resolved. If the matter has not been resolved by that jurisdiction, the board may deny a license applied for under 93 this section until the matter is resolved. 94 95 5. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the board 96 from denying a license to an applicant under this section 97 for any reason described in section 337.525. 98 6. Any person who is licensed under the provisions of 99 this section shall be subject to the board's jurisdiction 100 and all rules and regulations pertaining to the practice as 101 a licensed dentist or dental specialist in this state. 102 This section shall not be construed to waive any 7. 103 requirement for an applicant to pay any fees. 332.281. [The board shall grant without examination a 2 certificate of registration and license to a dental hygienist who has been licensed in another state for at 3 least two consecutive years immediately preceding his 4 5 application to practice in Missouri if the board is 6 satisfied by proof adduced by the applicant that his 7 qualifications are at least equivalent to the requirements 8 for initial registration as a dental hygienist in Missouri 9 under the provisions of this chapter; provided that the 10 board may by rule require an applicant under this section to take any examination over Missouri laws given to dental 11 hygienist initially seeking licensure under section 332.251 12 13 and to take a practical examination if his licensure in any state was ever denied, revoked or suspended for incompetency 14 or inability to practice in a safe manner, or if he has 15 16 failed any practical examination given as a prerequisite to

17 licensure as a dental hygienist in any state. Any such dental hygienist applying to be so registered and licensed 18 19 shall accompany his application with a fee not greater than the dental hygienist examination and license fees and if 20 21 registered and licensed shall renew his license as provided 22 in section 332.261.] 1. As used in this section, the 23 following terms mean: 24 "License", a license, certificate, registration, (1)permit, accreditation, or military occupational specialty 25 26 that enables a person to legally practice an occupation or profession in a particular jurisdiction; 27 "Military", the Armed Forces of the United States, 28 (2) 29 including the National Guard, all reserve components, and any other military branch that is designated by the United 30 States Congress as part of the Armed Forces of the United 31 States. The term "military" shall include the military 32 reserves and militia of any territory or state of the United 33 34 States; 35 (3) "Nonresident military spouse", a nonresident spouse of an active duty member of the Armed Forces of the 36 United States who has been transferred or is scheduled to be 37 transferred to this state, or who has been transferred or is 38 scheduled to be transferred to an adjacent state and is or 39 40 will be domiciled in this state, or has moved to this state on a permanent change-of-station basis; 41 42 (4) "Resident military spouse", a spouse of an active 43 duty member of the Armed Forces of the United States who has been transferred or is scheduled to be transferred to this 44 45 state or an adjacent state and who is a permanent resident of this state, who is domiciled in this state, or who has 46 this state as his or her home of record. 47 2. Any person who holds a valid current dental 48 49 hygienist license issued by another state, a branch or unit

50	of the military, a territory of the United States, or the
51	District of Columbia, and who has been licensed for at least
52	one year in such other jurisdiction, may submit an
53	application for a dental hygienist license in this state
54	along with proof of current licensure and proof of licensure
55	for at least one year in the other jurisdiction, to the
56	board.
57	3. The board shall:
58	(1) Within six months of receiving an application
59	described in subsection 2 of this section, waive any
60	examination, educational, or experience requirements for
61	licensure in this state for the applicant if it determines
62	that there were minimum education requirements and, if
63	applicable, work experience and clinical supervision
64	requirements in effect and the other state verifies that the
65	person met those requirements in order to be licensed or
66	certified in that state. The board may require an applicant
67	to take and pass an examination specific to the laws of this
68	state; or
69	(2) Within thirty days of receiving an application
70	described in subsection 2 of this section from a nonresident
71	military spouse or a resident military spouse, waive any
72	examination, educational, or experience requirements for
73	licensure in this state for the applicant and issue such
74	applicant a license under this section if such applicant
75	otherwise meets the requirements of this section.
76	4. (1) The board shall not waive any examination,
77	educational, or experience requirements for any applicant
78	who has had his or her license revoked by a board of
79	dentistry outside the state; who is currently under
80	investigation, who has a complaint pending, or who is
81	currently under disciplinary action, except as provided in
82	paragraph (b) of this subsection, with a board of dentistry

83 outside the state; who does not hold a license in good 84 standing with a board of dentistry outside the state; who 85 has a criminal record that would disqualify him or her for licensure in this state; or who does not hold a valid 86 current license in the other jurisdiction on the date the 87 board receives his or her application under this section. 88 If another jurisdiction has taken disciplinary 89 (2) 90 action against an applicant, the board shall determine if 91 the cause for the action was corrected and the matter 92 resolved. If the matter has not been resolved by that jurisdiction, the board may deny a license applied for under 93 94 this section until the matter is resolved. 95 5. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the board from denying a license to an applicant under this section 96 97 for any reason described in section 337.525. 98 6. Any person who is licensed under the provisions of 99 this section shall be subject to the board's jurisdiction 100 and all rules and regulations pertaining to the practice as 101 a licensed dental hygienist in this state. 102 7. This section shall not be construed to waive any 103 requirement for an applicant to pay any fees. 332.700. SECTION 1. TITLE AND PURPOSE 2 This statute shall be known and cited as the Dentist 3 and Dental Hygienist Compact. The purposes of this Compact are to facilitate the interstate practice of dentistry and 4 5 dental hygiene and improve public access to dentistry and 6 dental hygiene services by providing Dentists and Dental Hygienists licensed in a Participating State the ability to 7 practice in Participating States in which they are not 8 9 licensed. The Compact does this by establishing a pathway for Dentists and Dental Hygienists licensed in a 10 Participating State to obtain a Compact Privilege that 11 12 authorizes them to practice in another Participating State

13	in which they are not licensed. The Compact enables
14	Participating States to protect the public health and safety
15	with respect to the practice of such Dentists and Dental
16	Hygienists, through the State's authority to regulate the
17	practice of dentistry and dental hygiene in the State. The
18	Compact:
19	A. Enables Dentists and Dental Hygienists who qualify
20	for a Compact Privilege to practice in other Participating
21	States without satisfying burdensome and duplicative
22	requirements associated with securing a License to practice
23	in those States;
24	B. Promotes mobility and addresses workforce shortages
25	through each Participating State's acceptance of a Compact
26	Privilege to practice in that State;
27	C. Increases public access to qualified, licensed
28	Dentists and Dental Hygienists by creating a responsible,
29	streamlined pathway for Licensees to practice in
30	Participating States.
31	D. Enhances the ability of Participating States to
32	protect the public's health and safety;
33	E. Does not interfere with licensure requirements
34	established by a Participating State;
35	F. Facilitates the sharing of licensure and
36	disciplinary information among Participating States;
37	G. Requires Dentists and Dental Hygienists who
38	practice in a Participating State pursuant to a Compact
39	Privilege to practice within the Scope of Practice
40	authorized in that State;
41	H. Extends the authority of a Participating State to
42	regulate the practice of dentistry and dental hygiene within
43	its borders to Dentists and Dental Hygienists who practice
44	in the State through a Compact Privilege;

45	I. Promotes the cooperation of Participating States in
46	regulating the practice of dentistry and dental hygiene
47	within those States;
48	J. Facilitates the relocation of military members and
49	their spouses who are licensed to practice dentistry or
50	dental hygiene;
51	SECTION 2. DEFINITIONS
52	As used in this Compact, unless the context requires
53	otherwise, the following definitions shall apply:
54	A. "Active Military Member" means any person with full-
55	time duty status in the armed forces of the United States,
56	including members of the National Guard and Reserve.
57	B. "Adverse Action" means disciplinary action or
58	encumbrance imposed on a License or Compact Privilege by a
59	State Licensing Authority.
60	C. "Alternative Program" means a non-disciplinary
61	monitoring or practice remediation process applicable to a
62	Dentist or Dental Hygienist approved by a State Licensing
63	Authority of a Participating State in which the Dentist or
64	Dental Hygienist is licensed. This includes, but is not
65	limited to, programs to which Licensees with substance abuse
66	or addiction issues are referred in lieu of Adverse Action.
67	D. "Clinical Assessment" means examination or process,
68	required for licensure as a Dentist or Dental Hygienist as
69	applicable, that provides evidence of clinical competence in
70	dentistry or dental hygiene.
71	E. "Commissioner" means the individual appointed by a
72	Participating State to serve as the member of the Commission
73	for that Participating State.
74	F. "Compact" means this Dentist and Dental Hygienist
75	Compact.
76	G. "Compact Privilege" means the authorization granted
77	by a Remote State to allow a Licensee from a Participating

78	State to practice as a Dentist or Dental Hygienist in a
79	Remote State.
80	H. "Continuing Professional Development" means a
81	requirement, as a condition of License renewal to provide
82	evidence of successful participation in educational or
83	professional activities relevant to practice or area of work.
84	I. "Criminal Background Check" means the submission of
85	fingerprints or other biometric-based information for a
86	License applicant for the purpose of obtaining that
87	applicant's criminal history record information, as defined
88	in 28 C.F.R. § 20.3(d) from the Federal Bureau of
89	Investigation and the State's criminal history record
90	repository as defined in 28 C.F.R. § 20.3(f).
91	J. "Data System" means the Commission's repository of
92	information about Licensees, including but not limited to
93	examination, licensure, investigative, Compact Privilege,
94	Adverse Action, and Alternative Program.
95	K. "Dental Hygienist" means an individual who is
96	licensed by a State Licensing Authority to practice dental
97	hygiene.
98	L. "Dentist" means an individual who is licensed by a
99	State Licensing Authority to practice dentistry.
100	M. "Dentist and Dental Hygienist Compact Commission"
101	or "Commission" means a joint government agency established
102	by this Compact comprised of each State that has enacted the
103	Compact and a national administrative body comprised of a
104	Commissioner from each State that has enacted the Compact.
105	N. "Encumbered License" means a License that a State
106	Licensing Authority has limited in any way other than
107	through an Alternative Program.
108	O. "Executive Board" means the Chair, Vice Chair,
109	Secretary and Treasurer and any other Commissioners as may
110	be determined by Commission Rule or bylaw.

111	P. "Jurisprudence Requirement" means the assessment of
112	an individual's knowledge of the laws and Rules governing
113	the practice of dentistry or dental hygiene, as applicable,
114	in a State.
115	Q. "License" means current authorization by a State,
116	other than authorization pursuant to a Compact Privilege, or
117	other privilege, for an individual to practice as a Dentist
118	or Dental Hygienist in that State.
119	R. "Licensee" means an individual who holds an
120	unrestricted License from a Participating State to practice
121	as a Dentist or Dental Hygienist in that State.
122	S. "Model Compact" the model for the Dentist and
123	Dental Hygienist Compact on file with the Council of State
124	Governments or other entity as designated by the Commission.
125	T. "Participating State" means a State that has
126	enacted the Compact and been admitted to the Commission in
127	accordance with the provisions herein and Commission Rules.
128	U. "Qualifying License" means a License that is not an
129	Encumbered License issued by a Participating State to
130	practice dentistry or dental hygiene.
131	V. "Remote State" means a Participating State where a
132	Licensee who is not licensed as a Dentist or Dental
133	Hygienist is exercising or seeking to exercise the Compact
134	Privilege.
135	W. "Rule" means a regulation promulgated by an entity
136	that has the force of law.
137	X. "Scope of Practice" means the procedures, actions,
138	and processes a Dentist or Dental Hygienist licensed in a
139	State is permitted to undertake in that State and the
140	circumstances under which the Licensee is permitted to
141	undertake those procedures, actions and processes. Such
142	procedures, actions and processes and the circumstances
143	under which they may be undertaken may be established

144	through means, including, but not limited to, statute,
145	regulations, case law, and other processes available to the
146	State Licensing Authority or other government agency.
147	Y. "Significant Investigative Information" means
148	information, records, and documents received or generated by
149	a State Licensing Authority pursuant to an investigation for
150	which a determination has been made that there is probable
151	cause to believe that the Licensee has violated a statute or
152	regulation that is considered more than a minor infraction
153	for which the State Licensing Authority could pursue Adverse
154	Action against the Licensee.
155	Z. "State" means any state, commonwealth, district, or
156	territory of the United States of America that regulates the
157	practices of dentistry and dental hygiene.
158	AA. "State Licensing Authority" means an agency or
159	other entity of a State that is responsible for the
160	licensing and regulation of Dentists or Dental Hygienists.
161	SECTION 3. STATE PARTICIPATION IN THE COMPACT
162	A. In order to join the Compact and thereafter
163	continue as a Participating State, a State must:
164	1. Enact a compact that is not materially different
165	from the Model Compact as determined in accordance with
166	Commission Rules;
167	2. Participate fully in the Commission's Data System;
168	3. Have a mechanism in place for receiving and
169	investigating complaints about its Licensees and License
170	applicants;
171	4. Notify the Commission, in compliance with the terms
172	of the Compact and Commission Rules, of any Adverse Action
173	or the availability of Significant Investigative Information
174	regarding a Licensee and License applicant;
175	5. Fully implement a Criminal Background Check
176	requirement, within a time frame established by Commission

177	Rule, by receiving the results of a qualifying Criminal
178	Background Check;
179	6. Comply with the Commission Rules applicable to a
180	Participating State;
181	7. Accept the National Board Examinations of the Joint
182	Commission on National Dental Examinations or another
183	examination accepted by Commission Rule as a licensure
184	examination;
185	8. Accept for licensure that applicants for a Dentist
186	License graduate from a predoctoral dental education program
187	accredited by the Commission on Dental Accreditation, or
188	another accrediting agency recognized by the United States
189	Department of Education for the accreditation of dentistry
190	and dental hygiene education programs, leading to the Doctor
191	of Dental Surgery (D.D.S.) or Doctor of Dental Medicine
192	(D.M.D.) degree;
193	9. Accept for licensure that applicants for a Dental
194	Hygienist License graduate from a dental hygiene education
195	program accredited by the Commission on Dental Accreditation
196	or another accrediting agency recognized by the United
197	States Department of Education for the accreditation of
198	dentistry and dental hygiene education programs;
199	10. Require for licensure that applicants successfully
200	complete a Clinical Assessment;
201	11. Have Continuing Professional Development
202	requirements as a condition for License renewal; and
203	12. Pay a participation fee to the Commission as
204	established by Commission Rule.
205	B. Providing alternative pathways for an individual to
206	obtain an unrestricted License does not disqualify a State
207	from participating in the Compact.
208	C. When conducting a Criminal Background Check the
209	State Licensing Authority shall:

210	1. Consider that information in making a licensure
211	decision;
212	2. Maintain documentation of completion of the
213	Criminal Background Check and background check information
214	to the extent allowed by State and federal law; and
215	3. Report to the Commission whether it has completed
216	the Criminal Background Check and whether the individual was
217	granted or denied a License.
218	D. A Licensee of a Participating State who has a
219	Qualifying License in that State and does not hold an
220	Encumbered License in any other Participating State, shall
221	be issued a Compact Privilege in a Remote State in
222	accordance with the terms of the Compact and Commission
223	Rules. If a Remote State has a Jurisprudence Requirement a
224	Compact Privilege will not be issued to the Licensee unless
225	the Licensee has satisfied the Jurisprudence Requirement.
226	SECTION 4. COMPACT PRIVILEGE
227	A. To obtain and exercise the Compact Privilege under
228	the terms and provisions of the Compact, the Licensee shall:
229	1. Have a Qualifying License as a Dentist or Dental
230	Hygienist in a Participating State;
231	2. Be eligible for a Compact Privilege in any Remote
232	State in accordance with D, G and H of this section;
233	3. Submit to an application process whenever the
234	Licensee is seeking a Compact Privilege;
235	4. Pay any applicable Commission and Remote State fees
236	for a Compact Privilege in the Remote State;
237	5. Meet any Jurisprudence Requirement established by a
238	Remote State in which the Licensee is seeking a Compact
239	Privilege;
240	6. Have passed a National Board Examination of the
241	Joint Commission on National Dental Examinations or another
242	examination accepted by Commission Rule;

243	7. For a Dentist, have graduated from a predoctoral
244	dental education program accredited by the Commission on
245	Dental Accreditation, or another accrediting agency
246	recognized by the United States Department of Education for
247	the accreditation of dentistry and dental hygiene education
248	programs, leading to the Doctor of Dental Surgery (D.D.S.)
249	or Doctor of Dental Medicine (D.M.D.) degree;
250	8. For a Dental Hygienist, have graduated from a
251	dental hygiene education program accredited by the
252	Commission on Dental Accreditation or another accrediting
253	agency recognized by the United States Department of
254	Education for the accreditation of dentistry and dental
255	hygiene education programs;
256	9. Have successfully completed a Clinical Assessment
257	for licensure;
258	10. Report to the Commission Adverse Action taken by
259	any non-Participating State when applying for a Compact
260	Privilege and, otherwise, within thirty (30) days from the
261	date the Adverse Action is taken;
262	11. Report to the Commission when applying for a
263	Compact Privilege the address of the Licensee's primary
264	residence and thereafter immediately report to the
265	Commission any change in the address of the Licensee's
266	primary residence; and
267	12. Consent to accept service of process by mail at
268	the Licensee's primary residence on record with the
269	Commission with respect to any action brought against the
270	Licensee by the Commission or a Participating State, and
271	consent to accept service of a subpoena by mail at the
272	
212	Licensee's primary residence on record with the Commission
272	Licensee's primary residence on record with the Commission with respect to any action brought or investigation

275	B. The Licensee must comply with the requirements of
276	subsection A of this section to maintain the Compact
277	Privilege in the Remote State. If those requirements are
278	met, the Compact Privilege will continue as long as the
279	Licensee maintains a Qualifying License in the State through
280	which the Licensee applied for the Compact Privilege and
281	pays any applicable Compact Privilege renewal fees.
282	C. A Licensee providing dentistry or dental hygiene in
283	a Remote State under the Compact Privilege shall function
284	within the Scope of Practice authorized by the Remote State
285	for a Dentist or Dental Hygienist licensed in that State.
286	D. A Licensee providing dentistry or dental hygiene
287	pursuant to a Compact Privilege in a Remote State is subject
288	to that State's regulatory authority. A Remote State may,
289	in accordance with due process and that State's laws, by
290	Adverse Action revoke or remove a Licensee's Compact
291	Privilege in the Remote State for a specific period of time
292	and impose fines or take any other necessary actions to
293	protect the health and safety of its citizens. If a Remote
294	State imposes an Adverse Action against a Compact Privilege
295	that limits the Compact Privilege, that Adverse Action
296	applies to all Compact Privileges in all Remote States. A
297	Licensee whose Compact Privilege in a Remote State is
298	removed for a specified period of time is not eligible for a
299	Compact Privilege in any other Remote State until the
300	specific time for removal of the Compact Privilege has
301	passed and all encumbrance requirements are satisfied.
302	E. If a License in a Participating State is an
303	Encumbered License, the Licensee shall lose the Compact
304	Privilege in a Remote State and shall not be eligible for a
305	Compact Privilege in any Remote State until the License is
306	no longer encumbered.

307	F. Once an Encumbered License in a Participating State
308	is restored to good standing, the Licensee must meet the
309	requirements of subsection A of this section to obtain a
310	Compact Privilege in a Remote State.
311	G. If a Licensee's Compact Privilege in a Remote State
312	is removed by the Remote State, the individual shall lose or
313	be ineligible for the Compact Privilege in any Remote State
314	until the following occur:
315	1. The specific period of time for which the Compact
316	Privilege was removed has ended; and
317	2. All conditions for removal of the Compact Privilege
318	have been satisfied.
319	H. Once the requirements of subsection G of this
320	section have been met, the Licensee must meet the
321	requirements in subsection A of this section to obtain a
322	Compact Privilege in a Remote State.
323	SECTION 5. ACTIVE MILITARY MEMBER OR THEIR SPOUSES
324	An Active Military Member and their spouse shall not be
325	required to pay to the Commission for a Compact Privilege
326	the fee otherwise charged by the Commission. If a Remote
327	State chooses to charge a fee for a Compact Privilege, it
328	may choose to charge a reduced fee or no fee to an Active
329	Military Member and their spouse for a Compact Privilege.
330	SECTION 6. ADVERSE ACTIONS
331	A. A Participating State in which a Licensee is
332	licensed shall have exclusive authority to impose Adverse
333	Action against the Qualifying License issued by that
334	Participating State.
335	B. A Participating State may take Adverse Action based
336	on the Significant Investigative Information of a Remote
337	State, so long as the Participating State follows its own
338	procedures for imposing Adverse Action.

339	C. Nothing in this Compact shall override a
340	Participating State's decision that participation in an
341	Alternative Program may be used in lieu of Adverse Action
342	and that such participation shall remain non-public if
343	required by the Participating State's laws. Participating
344	States must require Licensees who enter any Alternative
345	Program in lieu of discipline to agree not to practice
346	pursuant to a Compact Privilege in any other Participating
347	State during the term of the Alternative Program without
348	prior authorization from such other Participating State.
349	D. Any Participating State in which a Licensee is
350	applying to practice or is practicing pursuant to a Compact
351	Privilege may investigate actual or alleged violations of
352	the statutes and regulations authorizing the practice of
353	dentistry or dental hygiene in any other Participating State
354	in which the Dentist or Dental Hygienist holds a License or
355	Compact Privilege.
355 356	<u>Compact Privilege.</u> <u>E. A Remote State shall have the authority to:</u>
356	E. A Remote State shall have the authority to:
356 357	E. A Remote State shall have the authority to: 1. Take Adverse Actions as set forth in Section 4.D
356 357 358	E. A Remote State shall have the authority to: 1. Take Adverse Actions as set forth in Section 4.D against a Licensee's Compact Privilege in the State;
356 357 358 359	E. A Remote State shall have the authority to: 1. Take Adverse Actions as set forth in Section 4.D against a Licensee's Compact Privilege in the State; 2. In furtherance of its rights and responsibilities
356 357 358 359 360	E. A Remote State shall have the authority to: 1. Take Adverse Actions as set forth in Section 4.D against a Licensee's Compact Privilege in the State; 2. In furtherance of its rights and responsibilities under the Compact and the Commission's Rules issue subpoenas
356 357 358 359 360 361	E. A Remote State shall have the authority to: 1. Take Adverse Actions as set forth in Section 4.D against a Licensee's Compact Privilege in the State; 2. In furtherance of its rights and responsibilities under the Compact and the Commission's Rules issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations that require the
356 357 358 359 360 361 362	E. A Remote State shall have the authority to: 1. Take Adverse Actions as set forth in Section 4.D against a Licensee's Compact Privilege in the State; 2. In furtherance of its rights and responsibilities under the Compact and the Commission's Rules issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations that require the attendance and testimony of witnesses, and the production of
356 357 358 359 360 361 362 363	E. A Remote State shall have the authority to: 1. Take Adverse Actions as set forth in Section 4.D against a Licensee's Compact Privilege in the State; 2. In furtherance of its rights and responsibilities under the Compact and the Commission's Rules issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations that require the attendance and testimony of witnesses, and the production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by a State Licensing Authority in
356 357 358 359 360 361 362 363 364	<ul> <li>E. A Remote State shall have the authority to: <ol> <li>Take Adverse Actions as set forth in Section 4.D</li> </ol> </li> <li>against a Licensee's Compact Privilege in the State; <ol> <li>In furtherance of its rights and responsibilities</li> </ol> </li> <li>under the Compact and the Commission's Rules issue subpoenas</li> <li>for both hearings and investigations that require the</li> <li>attendance and testimony of witnesses, and the production of</li> <li>evidence. Subpoenas issued by a State Licensing Authority in</li> <li>a Participating State for the attendance and testimony of</li> </ul>
356 357 358 359 360 361 362 363 364 365	E. A Remote State shall have the authority to: 1. Take Adverse Actions as set forth in Section 4.D against a Licensee's Compact Privilege in the State; 2. In furtherance of its rights and responsibilities under the Compact and the Commission's Rules issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations that require the attendance and testimony of witnesses, and the production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by a State Licensing Authority in a Participating State for the attendance and testimony of witnesses, or the production of evidence from another
<ul> <li>356</li> <li>357</li> <li>358</li> <li>359</li> <li>360</li> <li>361</li> <li>362</li> <li>363</li> <li>364</li> <li>365</li> <li>366</li> </ul>	E. A Remote State shall have the authority to: <u>1. Take Adverse Actions as set forth in Section 4.D</u> against a Licensee's Compact Privilege in the State; <u>2. In furtherance of its rights and responsibilities</u> under the Compact and the Commission's Rules issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations that require the attendance and testimony of witnesses, and the production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by a State Licensing Authority in a Participating State for the attendance and testimony of witnesses, or the production of evidence from another Participating State, shall be enforced in the latter State
<ul> <li>356</li> <li>357</li> <li>358</li> <li>359</li> <li>360</li> <li>361</li> <li>362</li> <li>363</li> <li>364</li> <li>365</li> <li>366</li> <li>367</li> </ul>	E. A Remote State shall have the authority to: 1. Take Adverse Actions as set forth in Section 4.D against a Licensee's Compact Privilege in the State; 2. In furtherance of its rights and responsibilities under the Compact and the Commission's Rules issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations that require the attendance and testimony of witnesses, and the production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by a State Licensing Authority in a Participating State for the attendance and testimony of witnesses, or the production of evidence from another Participating State, shall be enforced in the latter State by any court of competent jurisdiction, according to the

1 mileage, and other fees required by the service statutes of	)f
2 the State where the witnesses or evidence are located; and	L
3 <u>3. If otherwise permitted by State law, recover from</u>	<u> </u>
4 the Licensee the costs of investigations and disposition c	)f
5 <u>cases resulting from any Adverse Action taken against that</u>	<u>.                                    </u>
6 Licensee.	
7 F. Joint Investigations	
1. In addition to the authority granted to a	
Participating State by its Dentist or Dental Hygienist	
licensure act or other applicable State law, a Participati	.ng
State may jointly investigate Licensees with other	
Participating States.	
2. Participating States shall share any Significant	_
Investigative Information, litigation, or compliance	
materials in furtherance of any joint or individual	
investigation initiated under the Compact.	
G. Authority to Continue Investigation	
1. After a Licensee's Compact Privilege in a Remote	_
State is terminated, the Remote State may continue an	
investigation of the Licensee that began when the Licensee	<u>;</u>
had a Compact Privilege in that Remote State.	
2. If the investigation yields what would be	
Significant Investigative Information had the Licensee	
continued to have a Compact Privilege in that Remote State	·,
the Remote State shall report the presence of such	
information to the Data System as required by Section 8.B.	6
as if it was Significant Investigative Information.	
SECTION 7. ESTABLISHMENT AND OPERATION OF THE	
COMMISSION.	
A. The Compact Participating States hereby create an	ıd
establish a joint government agency whose membership	
consists of all Participating States that have enacted the	ž
Compact. The Commission is an instrumentality of the	

404	Participating States acting jointly and not an
405	instrumentality of any one State. The Commission shall come
406	into existence on or after the effective date of the Compact
407	as set forth in Section 11A.
408	B. Participation, Voting, and Meetings
409	1. Each Participating State shall have and be limited
410	to one (1) Commissioner selected by that Participating
411	State's State Licensing Authority or, if the State has more
412	than one State Licensing Authority, selected collectively by
413	the State Licensing Authorities.
414	2. The Commissioner shall be a member or designee of
415	such Authority or Authorities.
416	3. The Commission may by Rule or bylaw establish a
417	term of office for Commissioners and may by Rule or bylaw
418	establish term limits.
419	4. The Commission may recommend to a State Licensing
420	Authority or Authorities, as applicable, removal or
421	suspension of an individual as the State's Commissioner.
422	5. A Participating State's State Licensing Authority,
423	or Authorities, as applicable, shall fill any vacancy of its
424	Commissioner on the Commission within sixty (60) days of the
425	vacancy.
426	6. Each Commissioner shall be entitled to one vote on
427	all matters that are voted upon by the Commission.
428	7. The Commission shall meet at least once during each
429	calendar year. Additional meetings may be held as set forth
430	in the bylaws. The Commission may meet by telecommunication,
431	video conference or other similar electronic means.
432	C. The Commission shall have the following powers:
433	1. Establish the fiscal year of the Commission;
434	2. Establish a code of conduct and conflict of
435	interest policies;
436	3. Adopt Rules and bylaws;

437	4. Maintain its financial records in accordance with
438	the bylaws;
439	5. Meet and take such actions as are consistent with
440	the provisions of this Compact, the Commission's Rules, and
441	the bylaws;
442	6. Initiate and conclude legal proceedings or actions
443	in the name of the Commission, provided that the standing of
444	any State Licensing Authority to sue or be sued under
445	applicable law shall not be affected;
446	7. Maintain and certify records and information
447	provided to a Participating State as the authenticated
448	business records of the Commission, and designate a person
449	to do so on the Commission's behalf;
450	8. Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;
451	9. Borrow, accept, or contract for services of
452	personnel, including, but not limited to, employees of a
453	Participating State;
454	10. Conduct an annual financial review;
455	11. Hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix
456	compensation, define duties, grant such individuals
457	appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of the
458	Compact, and establish the Commission's personnel policies
459	and programs relating to conflicts of interest,
460	qualifications of personnel, and other related personnel
461	matters;
462	12. As set forth in the Commission Rules, charge a fee
463	to a Licensee for the grant of a Compact Privilege in a
464	Remote State and thereafter, as may be established by
465	Commission Rule, charge the Licensee a Compact Privilege
466	renewal fee for each renewal period in which that Licensee
467	exercises or intends to exercise the Compact Privilege in
468	that Remote State. Nothing herein shall be construed to
469	prevent a Remote State from charging a Licensee a fee for a

70 Compact Privilege or renewals of a Compact Privilege, or a	
fee for the Jurisprudence Requirement if the Remote State	
imposes such a requirement for the grant of a Compact	
73 Privilege;	
13. Accept any and all appropriate gifts, donations,	-
5 grants of money, other sources of revenue, equipment,	
supplies, materials, and services, and receive, utilize, an	d
dispose of the same; provided that at all times the	
Commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety and/or	
conflict of interest;	
14. Lease, purchase, retain, own, hold, improve, or	
use any property, real, personal, or mixed, or any undivide	d
interest therein;	
15. Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange,	-
abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property real,	
personal, or mixed;	
16. Establish a budget and make expenditures;	
17. Borrow money;	
18. Appoint committees, including standing committees	,
which may be composed of members, State regulators, State	
legislators or their representatives, and consumer	
representatives, and such other interested persons as may b	е
designated in this Compact and the bylaws;	
19. Provide and receive information from, and	
cooperate with, law enforcement agencies;	
20. Elect a Chair, Vice Chair, Secretary and Treasure	r
and such other officers of the Commission as provided in th	е
Commission's bylaws;	
21. Establish and elect an Executive Board;	
22. Adopt and provide to the Participating States an	-
annual report;	
23. Determine whether a State's enacted compact is	
materially different from the Model Compact language such	

503 that the State would not qualify for participation in the 504 Compact; and 505 24. Perform such other functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this Compact. 506 Meetings of the Commission 507 D. 508 All meetings of the Commission that are not closed 1. pursuant to this subsection shall be open to the public. 509 510 Notice of public meetings shall be posted on the 511 Commission's website at least thirty (30) days prior to the public meeting. 512 513 2. Notwithstanding subsection D.1 of this section, the Commission may convene an emergency public meeting by 514 515 providing at least twenty-four (24) hours prior notice on the Commission's website, and any other means as provided in 516 517 the Commission's Rules, for any of the reasons it may dispense with notice of proposed rulemaking under Section 518 519 9.L. The Commission's legal counsel shall certify that one 520 of the reasons justifying an emergency public meeting has 521 been met. 3. Notice of all Commission meetings shall provide the 522 time, date, and location of the meeting, and if the meeting 523 524 is to be held or accessible via telecommunication, video conference, or other electronic means, the notice shall 525 526 include the mechanism for access to the meeting through such 527 means. 528 4. The Commission may convene in a closed, non-public 529 meeting for the Commission to receive legal advice or to 530 discuss: a. Non-compliance of a Participating State with its 531 532 obligations under the Compact; The employment, compensation, discipline or other 533 b. matters, practices or procedures related to specific 534

535	employees or other matters related to the Commission's
536	internal personnel practices and procedures;
537	c. Current or threatened discipline of a Licensee or
538	Compact Privilege holder by the Commission or by a
539	Participating State's Licensing Authority;
540	d. Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated
541	litigation;
542	e. Negotiation of contracts for the purchase, lease,
543	or sale of goods, services, or real estate;
544	f. Accusing any person of a crime or formally
545	censuring any person;
546	g. Trade secrets or commercial or financial
547	information that is privileged or confidential;
548	h. Information of a personal nature where disclosure
549	would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal
550	privacy;
551	i. Investigative records compiled for law enforcement
552	purposes;
553	j. Information related to any investigative reports
554	prepared by or on behalf of or for use of the Commission or
555	other committee charged with responsibility of investigation
556	or determination of compliance issues pursuant to the
557	Compact;
558	k. Legal advice;
559	1. Matters specifically exempted from disclosure to
560	the public by federal or Participating State law; and
561	m. Other matters as promulgated by the Commission by
562	Rule.
563	5. If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed,
564	the presiding officer shall state that the meeting will be
565	closed and reference each relevant exempting provision, and
566	such reference shall be recorded in the minutes.

567	6. The Commission shall keep minutes that fully and
568	clearly describe all matters discussed in a meeting and
569	shall provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken,
570	and the reasons therefore, including a description of the
571	views expressed. All documents considered in connection
572	with an action shall be identified in such minutes. All
573	minutes and documents of a closed meeting shall remain under
574	seal, subject to release only by a majority vote of the
575	Commission or order of a court of competent jurisdiction.
576	E. Financing of the Commission
577	1. The Commission shall pay, or provide for the
578	payment of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment,
579	organization, and ongoing activities.
580	2. The Commission may accept any and all appropriate
581	sources of revenue, donations, and grants of money,
582	equipment, supplies, materials, and services.
583	3. The Commission may levy on and collect an annual
584	assessment from each Participating State and impose fees on
585	Licensees of Participating States when a Compact Privilege
586	is granted, to cover the cost of the operations and
587	activities of the Commission and its staff, which must be in
588	a total amount sufficient to cover its annual budget as
589	approved each fiscal year for which sufficient revenue is
590	
	not provided by other sources. The aggregate annual
591	not provided by other sources. The aggregate annual assessment amount for Participating States shall be
591 592	
	assessment amount for Participating States shall be
592	assessment amount for Participating States shall be allocated based upon a formula that the Commission shall
592 593	assessment amount for Participating States shall be allocated based upon a formula that the Commission shall promulgate by Rule.
592 593 594	assessment amount for Participating States shall be allocated based upon a formula that the Commission shall promulgate by Rule. <u>4. The Commission shall not incur obligations of any</u>
592 593 594 595	assessment amount for Participating States shall be allocated based upon a formula that the Commission shall promulgate by Rule. 4. The Commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the same;

599	5. The Commission shall keep accurate accounts of all
600	receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements
601	of the Commission shall be subject to the financial review
602	and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. All
603	receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the
604	Commission shall be subject to an annual financial review by
605	a certified or licensed public accountant, and the report of
606	the financial review shall be included in and become part of
607	the annual report of the Commission.
608	F. The Executive Board
609	1. The Executive Board shall have the power to act on
610	behalf of the Commission according to the terms of this
611	Compact. The powers, duties, and responsibilities of the
612	Executive Board shall include:
613	a. Overseeing the day-to-day activities of the
614	administration of the Compact including compliance with the
615	provisions of the Compact and the Commission's Rules and
616	bylaws;
617	b. Recommending to the Commission changes to the Rules
618	or bylaws, changes to this Compact legislation, fees charged
619	to Compact Participating States, fees charged to Licensees,
620	and other fees;
621	c. Ensuring Compact administration services are
622	appropriately provided, including by contract;
623	d. Preparing and recommending the budget;
624	e. Maintaining financial records on behalf of the
625	Commission;
626	f. Monitoring Compact compliance of Participating
627	States and providing compliance reports to the Commission;
628	g. Establishing additional committees as necessary;
629	h. Exercising the powers and duties of the Commission
630	during the interim between Commission meetings, except for
631	adopting or amending Rules, adopting or amending bylaws, and

632	exercising any other powers and duties expressly reserved to
633	the Commission by Rule or bylaw; and
634	i. Other duties as provided in the Rules or bylaws of
635	the Commission.
636	2. The Executive Board shall be composed of up to
637	seven (7) members:
638	a. The Chair, Vice Chair, Secretary and Treasurer of
639	the commission and any other members of the Commission who
640	serve on the Executive Board shall be voting members of the
641	Executive Board; and
642	b. Other than the Chair, Vice Chair, Secretary, and
643	Treasurer, the Commission may elect up to three (3) voting
644	members from the current membership of the Commission.
645	3. The Commission may remove any member of the
646	Executive Board as provided in the Commission's bylaws.
647	4. The Executive Board shall meet at least annually.
648	a. An Executive Board meeting at which it takes or
649	intends to take formal action on a matter shall be open to
650	the public, except that the Executive Board may meet in a
651	closed, non-public session of a public meeting when dealing
652	with any of the matters covered under subsection D.4.
653	b. The Executive Board shall give five (5) business
654	days' notice of its public meetings, posted on its website
655	and as it may otherwise determine to provide notice to
656	persons with an interest in the public matters the Executive
657	Board intends to address at those meetings.
658	5. The Executive Board may hold an emergency meeting
659	when acting for the Commission to:
660	a. Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety,
661	or welfare;
662	b. Prevent a loss of Commission or Participating State
663	<u>funds; or</u>
664	c. Protect public health and safety.

665	G. Qualified Immunity, Defense, and Indemnification.
666	1. The members, officers, executive director,
667	employees and representatives of the Commission shall be
668	immune from suit and liability, both personally and in their
669	official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of
670	property or personal injury or other civil liability caused
671	by or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or
672	omission that occurred, or that the person against whom the
673	claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred
674	within the scope of Commission employment, duties or
675	responsibilities; provided that nothing in this paragraph
676	shall be construed to protect any such person from suit or
677	liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused
678	by the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that
679	person. The procurement of insurance of any type by the
680	Commission shall not in any way compromise or limit the
681	immunity granted hereunder.
682	2. The Commission shall defend any member, officer,
683	executive director, employee, and representative of the
684	Commission in any civil action seeking to impose liability
685	arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission
686	that occurred within the scope of Commission employment,
687	duties, or responsibilities, or as determined by the
688	Commission that the person against whom the claim is made
689	had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the
690	scope of Commission employment, duties, or responsibilities;
691	provided that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit
692	that person from retaining their own counsel at their own
693	expense; and provided further, that the actual or alleged
694	act, error, or omission did not result from that person's
695	intentional or willful or wanton misconduct.
696	3. Notwithstanding subsection G.1 of this section,
697	should any member, officer, executive director, employee, or

698 representative of the Commission be held liable for the amount of any settlement or judgment arising out of any 699 700 actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of that individual's employment, duties, or 701 702 responsibilities for the Commission, or that the person to 703 whom that individual is liable had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of the individual's 704 705 employment, duties, or responsibilities for the Commission, 706 the Commission shall indemnify and hold harmless such individual, provided that the actual or alleged act, error, 707 or omission did not result from the intentional or willful 708 709 or wanton misconduct of the individual. 710 4. Nothing herein shall be construed as a limitation on the liability of any Licensee for professional 711 712 malpractice or misconduct, which shall be governed solely by 713 any other applicable State laws. 5. Nothing in this Compact shall be interpreted to 714 715 waive or otherwise abrogate a Participating State's state 716 action immunity or state action affirmative defense with respect to antitrust claims under the Sherman Act, Clayton 717 Act, or any other State or federal antitrust or 718 719 anticompetitive law or regulation. 720 6. Nothing in this Compact shall be construed to be a 721 waiver of sovereign immunity by the Participating States or 722 by the Commission. 723 SECTION 8. DATA SYSTEM The Commission shall provide for the development, 724 Α. maintenance, operation, and utilization of a coordinated 725 database and reporting system containing licensure, Adverse 726 727 Action, and the presence of Significant Investigative Information on all Licensees and applicants for a License in 728 729 Participating States.

730	B. Notwithstanding any other provision of State law to
731	the contrary, a Participating State shall submit a uniform
732	data set to the Data System on all individuals to whom this
733	Compact is applicable as required by the Rules of the
734	Commission, including:
735	1. Identifying information;
736	2. Licensure data;
737	3. Adverse Actions against a Licensee, License
738	applicant or Compact Privilege and information related
739	thereto;
740	4. Non-confidential information related to Alternative
741	Program participation, the beginning and ending dates of
742	such participation, and other information related to such
743	participation;
744	5. Any denial of an application for licensure, and the
745	reason(s) for such denial, (excluding the reporting of any
746	criminal history record information where prohibited by law);
747	6. The presence of Significant Investigative
748	Information; and
749	7. Other information that may facilitate the
750	administration of this Compact or the protection of the
751	public, as determined by the Rules of the Commission.
752	C. The records and information provided to a
753	Participating State pursuant to this Compact or through the
754	Data System, when certified by the Commission or an agent
755	thereof, shall constitute the authenticated business records
756	of the Commission, and shall be entitled to any associated
757	hearsay exception in any relevant judicial, quasi-judicial
758	or administrative proceedings in a Participating State.
759	D. Significant Investigative Information pertaining to
760	a Licensee in any Participating State will only be available
761	to other Participating States.

762	E. It is the responsibility of the Participating
763	States to monitor the database to determine whether Adverse
764	Action has been taken against a Licensee or License
765	applicant. Adverse Action information pertaining to a
766	Licensee or License applicant in any Participating State
767	will be available to any other Participating State.
768	F. Participating States contributing information to
769	the Data System may designate information that may not be
770	shared with the public without the express permission of the
771	contributing State.
772	G. Any information submitted to the Data System that
773	is subsequently expunged pursuant to federal law or the laws
774	of the Participating State contributing the information
775	shall be removed from the Data System.
776	SECTION 9. RULEMAKING
777	A. The Commission shall promulgate reasonable Rules in
778	order to effectively and efficiently implement and
779	administer the purposes and provisions of the Compact. A
780	Commission Rule shall be invalid and have no force or effect
781	only if a court of competent jurisdiction holds that the
782	Rule is invalid because the Commission exercised its
783	rulemaking authority in a manner that is beyond the scope
784	and purposes of the Compact, or the powers granted
785	hereunder, or based upon another applicable standard of
786	review.
787	B. The Rules of the Commission shall have the force of
788	law in each Participating State, provided however that where
789	the Rules of the Commission conflict with the laws of the
790	Participating State that establish the Participating State's
791	Scope of Practice as held by a court of competent
792	jurisdiction, the Rules of the Commission shall be
793	ineffective in that State to the extent of the conflict.

794	C. The Commission shall exercise its Rulemaking powers
795	pursuant to the criteria set forth in this section and the
796	Rules adopted thereunder. Rules shall become binding as of
797	the date specified by the Commission for each Rule.
798	D. If a majority of the legislatures of the
799	Participating States rejects a Commission Rule or portion of
800	a Commission Rule, by enactment of a statute or resolution
801	in the same manner used to adopt the Compact, within four
802	(4) years of the date of adoption of the Rule, then such
803	Rule shall have no further force and effect in any
804	Participating State or to any State applying to participate
805	in the Compact.
806	E. Rules shall be adopted at a regular or special
807	meeting of the Commission.
808	F. Prior to adoption of a proposed Rule, the
809	Commission shall hold a public hearing and allow persons to
810	provide oral and written comments, data, facts, opinions,
811	and arguments.
812	G. Prior to adoption of a proposed Rule by the
813	Commission, and at least thirty (30) days in advance of the
814	meeting at which the Commission will hold a public hearing
815	on the proposed Rule, the Commission shall provide a Notice
816	of Proposed Rulemaking:
817	1. On the website of the Commission or other publicly
818	accessible platform;
819	2. To persons who have requested notice of the
820	Commission's notices of proposed rulemaking, and
821	3. In such other way(s) as the Commission may by Rule
822	specify.
823	H. The Notice of Proposed Rulemaking shall include:
824	1. The time, date, and location of the public hearing
825	at which the Commission will hear public comments on the
826	proposed Rule and, if different, the time, date, and

827	location of the meeting where the Commission will consider
828	and vote on the proposed Rule;
829	2. If the hearing is held via telecommunication, video
830	conference, or other electronic means, the Commission shall
831	include the mechanism for access to the hearing in the
832	Notice of Proposed Rulemaking;
833	3. The text of the proposed Rule and the reason
834	therefor;
835	4. A request for comments on the proposed Rule from
836	any interested person; and
837	5. The manner in which interested persons may submit
838	written comments.
839	I. All hearings will be recorded. A copy of the
840	recording and all written comments and documents received by
841	the Commission in response to the proposed Rule shall be
842	available to the public.
843	J. Nothing in this section shall be construed as
844	requiring a separate hearing on each Commission Rule. Rules
845	may be grouped for the convenience of the Commission at
846	hearings required by this section.
847	K. The Commission shall, by majority vote of all
848	Commissioners, take final action on the proposed Rule based
849	on the rulemaking record.
850	1. The Commission may adopt changes to the proposed
851	Rule provided the changes do not enlarge the original
852	purpose of the proposed Rule.
853	2. The Commission shall provide an explanation of the
854	reasons for substantive changes made to the proposed Rule as
855	well as reasons for substantive changes not made that were
856	recommended by commenters.
857	3. The Commission shall determine a reasonable
858	effective date for the Rule. Except for an emergency as
859	provided in subsection L, the effective date of the Rule

860	shall be no sooner than thirty (30) days after the
861	Commission issuing the notice that it adopted or amended the
862	Rule.
863	L. Upon determination that an emergency exists, the
864	Commission may consider and adopt an emergency Rule with 24
865	hours' notice, with opportunity to comment, provided that
866	the usual rulemaking procedures provided in the Compact and
867	in this section shall be retroactively applied to the Rule
868	as soon as reasonably possible, in no event later than
869	ninety (90) days after the effective date of the Rule. For
870	the purposes of this provision, an emergency Rule is one
871	that must be adopted immediately in order to:
872	1. Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety,
873	or welfare;
874	2. Prevent a loss of Commission or Participating State
875	funds;
876	3. Meet a deadline for the promulgation of a Rule that
877	is established by federal law or rule; or
878	4. Protect public health and safety.
879	M. The Commission or an authorized committee of the
880	Commission may direct revisions to a previously adopted Rule
881	for purposes of correcting typographical errors, errors in
882	format, errors in consistency, or grammatical errors.
883	Public notice of any revisions shall be posted on the
884	website of the Commission. The revision shall be subject to
885	challenge by any person for a period of thirty (30) days
886	after posting. The revision may be challenged only on
887	grounds that the revision results in a material change to a
888	Rule. A challenge shall be made in writing and delivered to
889	the Commission prior to the end of the notice period. If no
890	challenge is made, the revision will take effect without
891	further action. If the revision is challenged, the revision
892	may not take effect without the approval of the Commission.

893	N. No Participating State's rulemaking requirements
894	shall apply under this Compact.
895	SECTION 10. OVERSIGHT, DISPUTE RESOLUTION, AND
896	ENFORCEMENT
897	A. Oversight
898	1. The executive and judicial branches of State
899	government in each Participating State shall enforce this
900	Compact and take all actions necessary and appropriate to
901	implement the Compact.
902	2. Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or
903	against the Commission shall be brought solely and
904	exclusively in a court of competent jurisdiction where the
905	principal office of the Commission is located. The
906	Commission may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses to
907	the extent it adopts or consents to participate in
908	alternative dispute resolution proceedings. Nothing herein
909	shall affect or limit the selection or propriety of venue in
910	any action against a Licensee for professional malpractice,
911	misconduct or any such similar matter.
912	3. The Commission shall be entitled to receive service
913	of process in any proceeding regarding the enforcement or
914	interpretation of the Compact or Commission Rule and shall
915	have standing to intervene in such a proceeding for all
916	purposes. Failure to provide the Commission service of
917	process shall render a judgment or order void as to the
918	Commission, this Compact, or promulgated Rules.
919	B. Default, Technical Assistance, and Termination
920	1. If the Commission determines that a Participating
921	State has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or
922	responsibilities under this Compact or the promulgated
923	Rules, the Commission shall provide written notice to the
924	defaulting State. The notice of default shall describe the
925	default, the proposed means of curing the default, and any

926	other action that the Commission may take, and shall offer
927	training and specific technical assistance regarding the
928	default.
929	2. The Commission shall provide a copy of the notice
930	of default to the other Participating States.
931	C. If a State in default fails to cure the default,
932	the defaulting State may be terminated from the Compact upon
933	an affirmative vote of a majority of the Commissioners, and
934	all rights, privileges and benefits conferred on that State
935	by this Compact may be terminated on the effective date of
936	termination. A cure of the default does not relieve the
937	offending State of obligations or liabilities incurred
938	during the period of default.
939	D. Termination of participation in the Compact shall
940	be imposed only after all other means of securing compliance
941	have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or
942	terminate shall be given by the Commission to the governor,
943	the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting State's
944	legislature, the defaulting State's State Licensing
945	Authority or Authorities, as applicable, and each of the
946	Participating States' State Licensing Authority or
947	Authorities, as applicable.
948	E. A State that has been terminated is responsible for
949	all assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred
950	through the effective date of termination, including
951	obligations that extend beyond the effective date of
952	termination.
953	F. Upon the termination of a State's participation in
954	this Compact, that State shall immediately provide notice to
955	all Licensees of the State, including Licensees of other
956	Participating States issued a Compact Privilege to practice
957	within that State, of such termination. The terminated
958	State shall continue to recognize all Compact Privileges

959	then in effect in that State for a minimum of one hundred
960	eighty (180) days after the date of said notice of
961	termination.
962	G. The Commission shall not bear any costs related to
963	a State that is found to be in default or that has been
964	terminated from the Compact, unless agreed upon in writing
965	between the Commission and the defaulting State.
966	H. The defaulting State may appeal the action of the
967	Commission by petitioning the U.S. District Court for the
968	District of Columbia or the federal district where the
969	Commission has its principal offices. The prevailing party
970	shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including
971	reasonable attorney's fees.
972	I. Dispute Resolution
973	1. Upon request by a Participating State, the
974	Commission shall attempt to resolve disputes related to the
975	Compact that arise among Participating States and between
976	Participating States and non-Participating States.
977	2. The Commission shall promulgate a Rule providing
978	for both mediation and binding dispute resolution for
979	disputes as appropriate.
980	J. Enforcement
981	1. The Commission, in the reasonable exercise of its
982	discretion, shall enforce the provisions of this Compact and
983	the Commission's Rules.
984	2. By majority vote, the Commission may initiate legal
985	action against a Participating State in default in the
986	United States District Court for the District of Columbia or
987	the federal district where the Commission has its principal
988	offices to enforce compliance with the provisions of the
989	Compact and its promulgated Rules. The relief sought may
990	include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event
991	judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party

992 shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees. The remedies herein shall not 993 994 be the exclusive remedies of the Commission. The Commission may pursue any other remedies available under federal or the 995 996 defaulting Participating State's law. 997 3. A Participating State may initiate legal action against the Commission in the U.S. District Court for the 998 999 District of Columbia or the federal district where the 1000 Commission has its principal offices to enforce compliance with the provisions of the Compact and its promulgated 1001 The relief sought may include both injunctive relief 1002 Rules. 1003 and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is 1004 necessary, the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs 1005 of such litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees. 1006 4. No individual or entity other than a Participating 1007 State may enforce this Compact against the Commission. 1008 SECTION 11. EFFECTIVE DATE, WITHDRAWAL, AND AMENDMENT 1009 Α. The Compact shall come into effect on the date on 1010 which the Compact statute is enacted into law in the seventh 1011 Participating State. 1012 1. On or after the effective date of the Compact, the Commission shall convene and review the enactment of each of 1013 the States that enacted the Compact prior to the Commission 1014 1015 convening ("Charter Participating States") to determine if 1016 the statute enacted by each such Charter Participating State 1017 is materially different than the Model Compact. 1018 a. A Charter Participating State whose enactment is found to be materially different from the Model Compact 1019 shall be entitled to the default process set forth in 1020 1021 Section 10. 1022 b. If any Participating State is later found to be in default, or is terminated or withdraws from the Compact, the 1023 1024 Commission shall remain in existence and the Compact shall

r	emain in effect even if the number of Participating States
S	hould be less than seven (7).
	2. Participating States enacting the Compact
S	ubsequent to the Charter Participating States shall be
5	subject to the process set forth in Section 7.C.23 to
0	letermine if their enactments are materially different from
t	he Model Compact and whether they qualify for participation
i	n the Compact.
	3. All actions taken for the benefit of the Commission
2	or in furtherance of the purposes of the administration of
t	he Compact prior to the effective date of the Compact or
t	he Commission coming into existence shall be considered to
b	e actions of the Commission unless specifically repudiated
b	by the Commission.
	4. Any State that joins the Compact subsequent to the
C	commission's initial adoption of the Rules and bylaws shall
2	e subject to the Commission's Rules and bylaws as they
9	exist on the date on which the Compact becomes law in that
S	tate. Any Rule that has been previously adopted by the
2	commission shall have the full force and effect of law on
t	he day the Compact becomes law in that State.
	B. Any Participating State may withdraw from this
2	compact by enacting a statute repealing that State's
e	enactment of the Compact.
	1. A Participating State's withdrawal shall not take
e	ffect until one hundred eighty (180) days after enactment
2	of the repealing statute.
	2. Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing
r	equirement of the withdrawing State's Licensing Authority
С	r Authorities to comply with the investigative and Adverse
A	ction reporting requirements of this Compact prior to the
e	effective date of withdrawal.

1057	3. Upon the enactment of a statute withdrawing from
1058	this Compact, the State shall immediately provide notice of
1059	such withdrawal to all Licensees within that State.
1060	Notwithstanding any subsequent statutory enactment to the
1061	contrary, such withdrawing State shall continue to recognize
1062	all Compact Privileges to practice within that State granted
1063	pursuant to this Compact for a minimum of one hundred eighty
1064	(180) days after the date of such notice of withdrawal.
1065	C. Nothing contained in this Compact shall be
1066	construed to invalidate or prevent any licensure agreement
1067	or other cooperative arrangement between a Participating
1068	State and a non-Participating State that does not conflict
1069	with the provisions of this Compact.
1070	D. This Compact may be amended by the Participating
1071	States. No amendment to this Compact shall become effective
1072	and binding upon any Participating State until it is enacted
1073	into the laws of all Participating States.
1074	SECTION 12. CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY
1075	A. This Compact and the Commission's rulemaking
1076	authority shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate
1077	the purposes, and the implementation and administration of
1078	the Compact. Provisions of the Compact expressly
1079	authorizing or requiring the promulgation of Rules shall not
1080	be construed to limit the Commission's rulemaking authority
1081	solely for those purposes.
1082	B. The provisions of this Compact shall be severable
1083	and if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision of this
1084	Compact is held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be
1085	contrary to the constitution of any Participating State, a
1086	State seeking participation in the Compact, or of the United
1087	States, or the applicability thereof to any government,
1088	agency, person or circumstance is held to be
1089	unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, the

1090	validity of the remainder of this Compact and the
1091	applicability thereof to any other government, agency,
1092	person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby.
1093	C. Notwithstanding subsection B of this section, the
1094	Commission may deny a State's participation in the Compact
1095	or, in accordance with the requirements of Section 10.B,
1096	terminate a Participating State's participation in the
1097	Compact, if it determines that a constitutional requirement
1098	of a Participating State is a material departure from the
1099	Compact. Otherwise, if this Compact shall be held to be
1100	contrary to the constitution of any Participating State, the
1101	Compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the
1102	remaining Participating States and in full force and effect
1103	as to the Participating State affected as to all severable
1104	matters.
1105	SECTION 13. CONSISTENT EFFECT AND CONFLICT WITH OTHER
1106	STATE LAWS
1107	A. Nothing herein shall prevent or inhibit the
1108	enforcement of any other law of a Participating State that
1109	is not inconsistent with the Compact.
1110	B. Any laws, statutes, regulations, or other legal
1111	requirements in a Participating State in conflict with the
1112	Compact are superseded to the extent of the conflict.
1113	C. All permissible agreements between the Commission
1114	and the Participating States are binding in accordance with
1115	

1115 their terms.