SECOND REGULAR SESSION

[PERFECTED]

SENATE SUBSTITUTE NO. 2 FOR

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 649

101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR EIGEL.

4106S.09P

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary

AN ACT

To repeal sections 32.087, 137.115, 143.121, 144.030, 144.190, and 190.800, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof nine new sections relating to taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 32.087, 137.115, 143.121, 144.030,

- 2 144.190, and 190.800, RSMo, are repealed and nine new sections
- 3 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 32.087,
- 4 137.103, 137.115, 143.121, 144.030, 144.059, 144.190, 144.813,
- 5 and 190.800, to read as follows:
 - 32.087. 1. Within ten days after the adoption of any
- 2 ordinance or order in favor of adoption of any local sales
- 3 tax authorized under the local sales tax law by the voters
- 4 of a taxing entity, the governing body or official of such
- 5 taxing entity shall forward to the director of revenue by
- 6 United States registered mail or certified mail a certified
- 7 copy of the ordinance or order. The ordinance or order
- 8 shall reflect the effective date thereof.
- 9 2. Any local sales tax so adopted shall become
- 10 effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter
- 11 after the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of
- 12 the local sales tax, except as provided in subsection 18 of

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

of the sale.

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- this section, and shall be imposed on all transactions on which the Missouri state sales tax is imposed.
- 15 (1) Every retailer within the jurisdiction of one or more taxing entities which has imposed one or more local 16 sales taxes under the local sales tax law shall add all 17 taxes so imposed along with the tax imposed by the sales tax 18 19 law of the state of Missouri to the sale price and, when 20 added, the combined tax shall constitute a part of the price, and shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer 21 22 until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price. The combined rate of the 23 state sales tax and all local sales taxes shall be the sum 24

of the rates, multiplying the combined rate times the amount

- 27 In addition to any local sales tax imposed or 28 authorized under the local sales tax law as of January 1, 29 2023, any taxing jurisdiction may impose one or more sales taxes on all retail sales made in such taxing jurisdiction 30 which are subject to taxation under the provisions of 31 chapter 144 for any purpose designated by the taxing 32 33 jurisdiction in its ballot of submission to its voters; provided, however, that no sales tax shall be effective 34 35 unless the governing body of the taxing jurisdiction submits 36 to the voters of the taxing jurisdiction, at a state general 37 election, a proposal to authorize the taxing jurisdiction to impose a tax under the provisions of this subsection. 38 taxes authorized by this subsection shall be in addition to 39 any and all other sales taxes allowed by law. 40
 - (3) The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:

43	Shall (taxing jurisdiction's name)
44	impose a sales tax at the rate of (insert
45	amount) for the purpose of (insert
46	purpose)?
47	□ YES □ NO
48	If you are in favor of the question, place an
49	"X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are
50	opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box
51	opposite "NO".
52	If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the
53	qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the
54	proposal, then the sales tax shall be in effect. If a
55	majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting
56	are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the
57	taxing jurisdiction shall have no power to impose the sales
58	tax authorized by this subsection unless and until the
59	governing body of the taxing jurisdiction shall again have
60	submitted another proposal to authorize it to impose the
61	sales tax under the provisions of this subsection and such
62	proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters
63	voting thereon.
64	(4) Sales taxes imposed or authorized under the local
65	sales tax law as of January 1, 2023, and under the
66	provisions of this subsection shall not exceed the following
67	amounts:
68	(a) For local sales taxes imposed and retained by a
69	taxing entity that is incorporated as a city, town, or
70	village, the total combined rate shall not exceed four and
71	one-half percent;

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- 72 (b) For local sales taxes imposed and retained by a 73 county, excluding cities not within a county, the total 74 combined rate shall not exceed four and one-half percent;
- 75 (c) For local sales taxes imposed and retained by a 76 city not within a county, the total combined rate shall not 77 exceed nine percent;
- For local sales taxes imposed and retained by all 78 79 taxing jurisdictions other than those described in paragraphs (a) to (c) of this subdivision, the total 80 81 combined rate of sales taxes in any given taxing 82 jurisdiction shall not exceed three percent. purposes of this paragraph, local sales taxes imposed by 83 taxing entities described in paragraphs (a) to (c) of this 84 85 subdivision in a given taxing jurisdiction shall not be included in the calculation of the total combined rate of 86 87 sales taxes under this paragraph.
 - (5) (a) In any election in which more than one sales tax levy is approved by the voters, and the passage of such levies results in a combined rate of sales tax in excess of the limits provided for under subdivision (4) of this subsection, only the sales tax levy receiving the most votes shall become effective, provided such levy does not result in a combined rate of sales tax in excess of the limits provided for under subdivision (4) of this subsection.
 - (b) No taxing jurisdiction with a combined rate of sales tax in excess of the rates provided in subdivision (4) of this subsection as of August 28, 2022, shall be required to reduce or repeal any such sales tax rate.
- 4. The brackets required to be established by the director of revenue under the provisions of section 144.285 shall be based upon the sum of the combined rate of the

Shall the

state sales tax and all local sales taxes imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law.

- 105 The ordinance or order imposing a local sales tax under the local sales tax law shall impose a tax upon 106 107 all transactions upon which the Missouri state sales tax is 108 imposed to the extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525, and the rules and regulations of the 109 110 director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the 111 rate of the tax shall be the sum of the combined rate of the 112 state sales tax or state highway use tax and all local sales 113 taxes imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax 114 law.
- Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the 115 (2) contrary, local taxing jurisdictions, except those in which 116 117 voters have approved a local use tax under section 144.757, 118 shall have placed on the ballot on or after the general 119 election in November 2014, but no later than the general election in November 2022, whether to repeal application of 120 the local sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, 121 trailers, boats, and outboard motors that are subject to 122 state sales tax under section 144.020 and purchased from a 123 source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. The ballot 124 question presented to the local voters shall contain 125 126 substantially the following language:

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128	discontinue applying and collecting the local
129	sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles,
130	trailers, boats, and outboard motors that were
131	purchased from a source other than a licensed
132	Missouri dealer?
133	Approval of this measure will result in a
134	reduction of local revenue to provide for vital
135	services for (local jurisdiction's name)

(local jurisdiction's name)

and it will place Missouri dealers of motor
vehicles, outboard motors, boats, and trailers at
a competitive disadvantage to non-Missouri dealers
of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats, and
trailers.

141 ☐ YES ☐ NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

- 146 If the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection receives a majority of the votes cast 147 in favor of the proposal, or if the local taxing 148 jurisdiction fails to place the ballot question before the 149 voters on or before the general election in November 2022, 150 151 the local taxing jurisdiction shall cease applying the local sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, 152 153 and outboard motors that were purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. 154
- 155 (4)In addition to the requirement that the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection be 156 placed before the voters, the governing body of any local 157 taxing jurisdiction that had previously imposed a local use 158 tax on the use of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and 159 outboard motors may, at any time, place a proposal on the 160 ballot at any election to repeal application of the local 161 162 sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a 163 licensed Missouri dealer. If a majority of the votes cast 164 by the registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the 165 proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to 166 such titling, then the local sales tax shall no longer be 167

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applied to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, such application shall remain in effect.

In addition to the requirement that the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection be placed before the voters on or after the general election in November 2014, and on or before the general election in November 2022, whenever the governing body of any local taxing jurisdiction imposing a local sales tax on the sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors receives a petition, signed by fifteen percent of the registered voters of such jurisdiction voting in the last gubernatorial election, and calling for a proposal to be placed on the ballot at any election to repeal application of the local sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer, the governing body shall submit to the voters of such jurisdiction a proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, then the local sales tax shall no longer be applied to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. If a majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, such application shall remain in effect.

- 200 (6) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to 201 authorize the voters of any jurisdiction to repeal 202 application of any state sales or use tax.
- 203 If any local sales tax on the titling of motor 204 vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased 205 from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer is repealed, such repeal shall take effect on the first day of 206 207 the second calendar quarter after the election. If any 208 local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, 209 boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other 210 than a licensed Missouri dealer is required to cease to be applied or collected due to failure of a local taxing 211 jurisdiction to hold an election pursuant to subdivision (2) 212 213 of this subsection, such cessation shall take effect on March 1, 2023. 214
- 215 Notwithstanding any provision of law to the 216 contrary, if any local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased 217 from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer is 218 repealed after the general election in November 2014, or if 219 220 the taxing jurisdiction failed to present the ballot to the voters at a general election on or before November 2022, 221 222 then the governing body of such taxing jurisdiction may, at 223 any election subsequent to the repeal or after the general election in November 2022, if the jurisdiction failed to 224 present the ballot to the voters, place before the voters 225 the issue of imposing a sales tax on the titling of motor 226 vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that are 227 subject to state sales tax under section 144.020 that were 228 purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri 229 230 dealer. The ballot question presented to the local voters shall contain substantially the following language: 231

Shall the (local jurisdiction's name) apply and collect the local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that are subject to state sales tax under section 144.020 and purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer? Approval of this measure will result in an increase of local revenue to provide for vital services for (local jurisdiction's name), and it will remove a competitive advantage that non-Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats, and trailers have over Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats, and trailers. ☐ YES \square NO If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

- (9) If any local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer is adopted, such tax shall take effect and be imposed on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the election.
- 6. On and after the effective date of any local sales tax imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri all additional local sales taxes authorized under the authority of the local sales tax law. All local sales taxes imposed under the local sales tax law together with all taxes imposed under the sales tax law of the state of

tax law.

- Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
- 7. All applicable provisions contained in sections
 144.010 to 144.525 governing the state sales tax and section
 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply
 to the collection of any local sales tax imposed under the
 local sales tax law except as modified by the local sales
- 275 8. All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons and to the sale of certain articles 276 277 and items of tangible personal property and taxable services under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, as 278 279 these sections now read and as they may hereafter be 280 amended, it being the intent of this general assembly to 281 ensure that the same sales tax exemptions granted from the 282 state sales tax law also be granted under the local sales tax law, are hereby made applicable to the imposition and 283 collection of all local sales taxes imposed under the local 284 sales tax law. 285
- The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate 286 287 and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 288 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state 289 sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of the local sales 290 tax law, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the 291 director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption 292 certificate for an exemption from any local sales tax 293 imposed by the local sales tax law. 294
- 295 10. All discounts allowed the retailer under the 296 provisions of the state sales tax law for the collection of 297 and for payment of taxes under the provisions of the state

sales tax law are hereby allowed and made applicable to any local sales tax collected under the provisions of the local sales tax law.

- 301 11. The penalties provided in section 32.057 and
 302 sections 144.010 to 144.525 for a violation of the
 303 provisions of those sections are hereby made applicable to
 304 violations of the provisions of the local sales tax law.
- 305 12. (1) For the purposes of any local sales tax 306 imposed by an ordinance or order under the local sales tax 307 law, all sales, except the sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors required to be titled under the 308 laws of the state of Missouri, shall be deemed to be 309 consummated at the place of business of the retailer unless 310 the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the 311 312 retailer or his agent to an out-of-state destination. In 313 the event a retailer has more than one place of business in 314 this state which participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the 315 316 retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though the order must be forwarded 317 elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or 318 billing. A sale by a retailer's agent or employee shall be 319 320 deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which 321 he works.
- 322 For the purposes of any local sales tax imposed by an ordinance or order under the local sales tax law, the 323 sales tax upon the titling of all motor vehicles, trailers, 324 boats, and outboard motors shall be imposed at the rate in 325 effect at the location of the residence of the purchaser, 326 327 and remitted to that local taxing entity, and not at the place of business of the retailer, or the place of business 328 from which the retailer's agent or employee works. 329

- 330 (3) For the purposes of any local tax imposed by an ordinance or under the local sales tax law on charges for
- 332 mobile telecommunications services, all taxes of mobile
- 333 telecommunications service shall be imposed as provided in
- 334 the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C.
- 335 Sections 116 through 124, as amended.
- 336 13. Local sales taxes shall not be imposed on the
- 337 seller of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard
- 338 motors required to be titled under the laws of the state of
- 339 Missouri, but shall be collected from the purchaser by the
- 340 director of revenue at the time application is made for a
- 341 certificate of title, if the address of the applicant is
- 342 within a taxing entity imposing a local sales tax under the
- 343 local sales tax law.
- 344 14. The director of revenue and any of his deputies,
- 345 assistants and employees who have any duties or
- 346 responsibilities in connection with the collection, deposit,
- 347 transfer, transmittal, disbursement, safekeeping,
- 348 accounting, or recording of funds which come into the hands
- 349 of the director of revenue under the provisions of the local
- 350 sales tax law shall enter a surety bond or bonds payable to
- 351 any and all taxing entities in whose behalf such funds have
- 352 been collected under the local sales tax law in the amount
- 353 of one hundred thousand dollars for each such tax; but the
- 354 director of revenue may enter into a blanket bond covering
- 355 himself and all such deputies, assistants and employees.
- 356 The cost of any premium for such bonds shall be paid by the
- 357 director of revenue from the share of the collections under
- 358 the sales tax law retained by the director of revenue for
- 359 the benefit of the state.
- 360 15. The director of revenue shall annually report on
- 361 his management of each trust fund which is created under the

362 local sales tax law and administration of each local sales 363 tax imposed under the local sales tax law. He shall provide 364 each taxing entity imposing one or more local sales taxes authorized by the local sales tax law with a detailed 365 366 accounting of the source of all funds received by him for 367 the taxing entity. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the state auditor shall annually audit each trust 368 369 fund. A copy of the director's report and annual audit 370 shall be forwarded to each taxing entity imposing one or 371 more local sales taxes.

- 372 Within the boundaries of any taxing entity where one or more local sales taxes have been imposed, if any 373 person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required 374 375 to be paid by him under the local sales tax law or in the 376 event a determination has been made against him for taxes 377 and penalty under the local sales tax law, the limitation 378 for bringing suit for the collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same as that provided in sections 379 144.010 to 144.525. Where the director of revenue has 380 determined that suit must be filed against any person for 381 382 the collection of delinquent taxes due the state under the 383 state sales tax law, and where such person is also 384 delinquent in payment of taxes under the local sales tax 385 law, the director of revenue shall notify the taxing entity 386 in the event any person fails or refuses to pay the amount 387 of any local sales tax due so that appropriate action may be 388 taken by the taxing entity.
- 17. Where property is seized by the director of revenue under the provisions of any law authorizing seizure of the property of a taxpayer who is delinquent in payment of the tax imposed by the state sales tax law, and where such taxpayer is also delinquent in payment of any tax

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- imposed by the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall permit the taxing entity to join in any sale of property to pay the delinquent taxes and penalties due the state and to the taxing entity under the local sales tax law. The proceeds from such sale shall first be applied to all sums due the state, and the remainder, if any, shall be applied to all sums due such taxing entity.
- 401 If a local sales tax has been in effect for at 402 least one year under the provisions of the local sales tax 403 law and voters approve reimposition of the same local sales 404 tax at the same rate at an election as provided for in the local sales tax law prior to the date such tax is due to 405 406 expire, the tax so reimposed shall become effective the 407 first day of the first calendar quarter after the director receives a certified copy of the ordinance, order or 408 409 resolution accompanied by a map clearly showing the 410 boundaries thereof and the results of such election, provided that such ordinance, order or resolution and all 411 412 necessary accompanying materials are received by the director at least thirty days prior to the expiration of 413 such tax. Any administrative cost or expense incurred by 414 the state as a result of the provisions of this subsection 415 shall be paid by the city or county reimposing such tax. 416

137.103. 1. For the purposes of this section, the following terms shall mean:

- (1) "Eligible credit amount", the difference between an eligible taxpayer's real property tax liability on such taxpayer's homestead for a given tax year, minus the real property tax liability on such homestead in the year that the eligible taxpayer turned sixty-five years of age;
 - (2) "Eligible taxpayer", a Missouri resident who:
- 9 (a) Is at least sixty-five years of age;

- 10 (b) Is an owner of record of a homestead or has a
- 11 legal or equitable interest in such property as evidenced by
- 12 a written instrument; and
- 13 (c) Is liable for the payment of real property taxes
- 14 on such homestead;
- 15 (3) "Homestead", real property actually occupied by an
- 16 eligible taxpayer as a primary residence.
- 2. Pursuant to article X, section 6(a) of the Missouri
- 18 Constitution, any taxing jurisdiction authorized to impose a
- 19 property tax may grant a property tax credit to eligible
- 20 taxpayers residing in such taxing jurisdiction, provided
- 21 that:
- 22 (1) Such taxing jurisdiction adopts an ordinance
- 23 authorizing such credit; or
- 24 (2) (a) A petition in support of a referendum on such
- 25 a credit is signed by at least five percent of the
- 26 registered voters in the taxing jurisdiction and the
- 27 petition is delivered to the governing body of the taxing
- 28 jurisdiction; and
- 29 (b) The taxing jurisdiction subsequently holds a
- 30 referendum on such credit and the credit is approved by a
- 31 majority of the qualified voters voting thereon.
- 32 3. A taxing jurisdiction granting an exemption
- 33 pursuant to this section shall apply such exemption when
- 34 calculating the eligible taxpayer's property tax liability
- 35 for the tax year. The amount of the credit shall be noted
- 36 on the statement of tax due sent to the eligible taxpayer by
- 37 the county collector.
 - 137.115. 1. All other laws to the contrary
- 2 notwithstanding, the assessor or the assessor's deputies in
- 3 all counties of this state including the City of St. Louis
- 4 shall annually make a list of all real and tangible personal

- 5 property taxable in the assessor's city, county, town or
- 6 district. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3 of
- 7 this section and section 137.078, the assessor shall
- 8 annually assess all personal property at thirty-three and
- 9 one-third percent of its true value in money as of January
- 10 first of each calendar year. Beginning January 1, 2023, in
- 11 any county described in subdivision (5) of this subsection,
- 12 all personal property in such county shall be annually
- 13 assessed at a percent of its true value in money as of
- 14 January first of each calendar year as follows:
- 15 (1) A political subdivision shall annually reduce the
- 16 percentage of true value in money at which personal property
- 17 is assessed pursuant to this subsection such that the amount
- 18 by which the revenue generated by taxes levied on such
- 19 personal property is substantially equal to one hundred
- 20 percent of the growth in revenue generated by real property
- 21 assessment growth. Annual reductions shall be made pursuant
- 22 to this subdivision until December 31, 2075. Thereafter,
- 23 the percentage of true value in money at which personal
- 24 property is assessed shall be equal to the percentage in
- 25 effect on December 31, 2075.
- 26 (2) The provisions of subdivision (1) of this
- 27 subsection shall not be construed to relieve a political
- 28 subdivision from adjustments to property tax levies as
- 29 required by section 137.073.
- 30 (3) For the purposes of subdivision (1) of this
- 31 subsection, "real property assessment growth" shall mean the
- 32 growth in revenue from increases in the total assessed
- 33 valuation of all real property in a political subdivision
- 34 over the revenue generated from the assessed valuation of
- 35 such real property from the previous calendar year. Real
- 36 property assessment growth shall not include any revenue in

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- excess of the percent increase in the consumer price index, as described in subsection 2 of section 137.073.
- 39 (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions (1) 40 to (4) of this subsection to the contrary, for the purposes
- of the tax levied pursuant to Article III, Section 38(b) of
- 42 the Missouri Constitution, all personal property shall be
- 43 assessed at thirty-three and one-third percent of its true
- value in money as of January first of each calendar year.
- 45 (5) The provisions of subdivisions (1) to (4) of this 46 subsection shall apply to the following counties:
 - (a) Any county with more than four hundred thousand but fewer than five hundred thousand inhabitants;
- (b) Any county with more than one hundred thousand but fewer than one hundred twenty thousand inhabitants and with a county seat with more than nine thousand but fewer than eleven thousand inhabitants;
 - (c) Any county with more than eleven thousand but fewer than twelve thousand five hundred inhabitants and with a county seat with more than four thousand but fewer than five thousand inhabitants;
 - (d) Any county with more than fifteen thousand seven hundred but fewer than seventeen thousand six hundred inhabitants and with a county seat with more than four thousand two hundred ten but fewer than six thousand inhabitants;
 - (e) Any county with more than nineteen thousand but fewer than twenty-two thousand inhabitants and with a county seat with more than eight thousand five hundred but fewer than ten thousand inhabitants; and
- 66 (f) Any county with more than nineteen thousand but 67 fewer than twenty-two thousand inhabitants and with a county

seat with more than six thousand but fewer than eight thousand five hundred inhabitants.

The assessor shall annually assess all real 70 property, including any new construction and improvements to 71 72 real property, and possessory interests in real property at 73 the percent of its true value in money set in subsection [5] 6 of this section. The true value in money of any 74 75 possessory interest in real property in subclass (3), where 76 such real property is on or lies within the ultimate airport 77 boundary as shown by a federal airport layout plan, as defined by 14 CFR 151.5, of a commercial airport having a 78 FAR Part 139 certification and owned by a political 79 80 subdivision, shall be the otherwise applicable true value in money of any such possessory interest in real property, less 81 the total dollar amount of costs paid by a party, other than 82 the political subdivision, towards any new construction or 83 improvements on such real property completed after January 84 1, 2008, and which are included in the above-mentioned 85 86 possessory interest, regardless of the year in which such costs were incurred or whether such costs were considered in 87 any prior year. The assessor shall annually assess all real 88 property in the following manner: new assessed values shall 89 be determined as of January first of each odd-numbered year 90 91 and shall be entered in the assessor's books; those same 92 assessed values shall apply in the following even-numbered 93 year, except for new construction and property improvements 94 which shall be valued as though they had been completed as 95 of January first of the preceding odd-numbered year, provided that no real residential property shall be assessed 96 at a value that exceeds the previous assessed value for such 97 98 property, exclusive of new construction and improvements, by 99 more than the percentage increase in the consumer price

100 index or ten percent, whichever is greater. The assessor may call at the office, place of doing business, or 101 102 residence of each person required by this chapter to list property, and require the person to make a correct statement 103 104 of all taxable tangible personal property owned by the 105 person or under his or her care, charge or management, taxable in the county. On or before January first of each 106 107 even-numbered year, the assessor shall prepare and submit a 108 two-year assessment maintenance plan to the county governing 109 body and the state tax commission for their respective approval or modification. The county governing body shall 110 approve and forward such plan or its alternative to the plan 111 112 to the state tax commission by February first. If the 113 county governing body fails to forward the plan or its 114 alternative to the plan to the state tax commission by 115 February first, the assessor's plan shall be considered 116 approved by the county governing body. If the state tax commission fails to approve a plan and if the state tax 117 118 commission and the assessor and the governing body of the county involved are unable to resolve the differences, in 119 120 order to receive state cost-share funds outlined in section 137.750, the county or the assessor shall petition the 121 administrative hearing commission, by May first, to decide 122 123 all matters in dispute regarding the assessment maintenance 124 plan. Upon agreement of the parties, the matter may be stayed while the parties proceed with mediation or 125 126 arbitration upon terms agreed to by the parties. The final decision of the administrative hearing commission shall be 127 subject to judicial review in the circuit court of the 128 129 county involved. In the event a valuation of subclass (1) 130 real property within any county with a charter form of government, or within a city not within a county, is made by 131

- a computer, computer-assisted method or a computer program,
- 133 the burden of proof, supported by clear, convincing and
- 134 cogent evidence to sustain such valuation, shall be on the
- assessor at any hearing or appeal. In any such county,
- unless the assessor proves otherwise, there shall be a
- 137 presumption that the assessment was made by a computer,
- 138 computer-assisted method or a computer program. Such
- 139 evidence shall include, but shall not be limited to, the
- 140 following:
- 141 (1) The findings of the assessor based on an appraisal
- of the property by generally accepted appraisal techniques;
- **143** and
- 144 (2) The purchase prices from sales of at least three
- 145 comparable properties and the address or location thereof.
- 146 As used in this subdivision, the word "comparable" means
- 147 that:
- 148 (a) Such sale was closed at a date relevant to the
- 149 property valuation; and
- 150 (b) Such properties are not more than one mile from
- 151 the site of the disputed property, except where no similar
- 152 properties exist within one mile of the disputed property,
- 153 the nearest comparable property shall be used. Such
- 154 property shall be within five hundred square feet in size of
- 155 the disputed property, and resemble the disputed property in
- 156 age, floor plan, number of rooms, and other relevant
- 157 characteristics.
- 158 [2.] 3. Assessors in each county of this state and the
- 159 City of St. Louis may send personal property assessment
- 160 forms through the mail.
- 161 [3.] 4. The following items of personal property shall
- 162 each constitute separate subclasses of tangible personal
- 163 property and shall be assessed and valued for the purposes

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percent;

- of taxation at the following percentages of their true value in money:
- (1) Grain and other agricultural crops in an unmanufactured condition, one-half of one percent;
 - (2) Livestock, twelve percent;
- 169 (3) Farm machinery, twelve percent;
- (4) Motor vehicles which are eligible for registration as and are registered as historic motor vehicles pursuant to section 301.131 and aircraft which are at least twenty-five years old and which are used solely for noncommercial purposes and are operated less than two hundred hours per year or aircraft that are home built from a kit, five
- 177 (5) Poultry, twelve percent; and
- 178 (6) Tools and equipment used for pollution control and
 179 tools and equipment used in retooling for the purpose of
 180 introducing new product lines or used for making
 181 improvements to existing products by any company which is
 182 located in a state enterprise zone and which is identified
 183 by any standard industrial classification number cited in
 184 subdivision (7) of section 135.200, twenty-five percent.
- 185 [4.] 5. The person listing the property shall enter a
 186 true and correct statement of the property, in a printed
 187 blank prepared for that purpose. The statement, after being
 188 filled out, shall be signed and either affirmed or sworn to
 189 as provided in section 137.155. The list shall then be
 190 delivered to the assessor.
- 191 [5.] 6. (1) All subclasses of real property, as such 192 subclasses are established in Section 4(b) of Article X of 193 the Missouri Constitution and defined in section 137.016, 194 shall be assessed at the following percentages of true value:

- 195 (a) For real property in subclass (1), nineteen 196 percent;
- 199 (c) For real property in subclass (3), thirty-two 200 percent.
- 201 A taxpayer may apply to the county assessor, or, (2) 202 if not located within a county, then the assessor of such 203 city, for the reclassification of such taxpayer's real 204 property if the use or purpose of such real property is 205 changed after such property is assessed under the provisions 206 of this chapter. If the assessor determines that such 207 property shall be reclassified, he or she shall determine 208 the assessment under this subsection based on the percentage 209 of the tax year that such property was classified in each 210 subclassification.
- 211 [6.] 7. Manufactured homes, as defined in section 700.010, which are actually used as dwelling units shall be 212 213 assessed at the same percentage of true value as residential real property for the purpose of taxation. The percentage 214 of assessment of true value for such manufactured homes 215 216 shall be the same as for residential real property. If the county collector cannot identify or find the manufactured 217 218 home when attempting to attach the manufactured home for 219 payment of taxes owed by the manufactured home owner, the 220 county collector may request the county commission to have 221 the manufactured home removed from the tax books, and such request shall be granted within thirty days after the 222 request is made; however, the removal from the tax books 223 224 does not remove the tax lien on the manufactured home if it 225 is later identified or found. For purposes of this section, a manufactured home located in a manufactured home rental 226

- 227 park, rental community or on real estate not owned by the
- 228 manufactured home owner shall be considered personal
- 229 property. For purposes of this section, a manufactured home
- 230 located on real estate owned by the manufactured home owner
- 231 may be considered real property.
- [7.] 8. Each manufactured home assessed shall be
- 233 considered a parcel for the purpose of reimbursement
- pursuant to section 137.750, unless the manufactured home is
- 235 deemed to be real estate as defined in subsection 7 of
- 236 section 442.015 and assessed as a realty improvement to the
- 237 existing real estate parcel.
- 238 [8.] 9. Any amount of tax due and owing based on the
- 239 assessment of a manufactured home shall be included on the
- 240 personal property tax statement of the manufactured home
- 241 owner unless the manufactured home is deemed to be real
- 242 estate as defined in subsection 7 of section 442.015, in
- 243 which case the amount of tax due and owing on the assessment
- 244 of the manufactured home as a realty improvement to the
- 245 existing real estate parcel shall be included on the real
- 246 property tax statement of the real estate owner.
- [9.] 10. The assessor of each county and each city not
- 248 within a county shall use the trade-in value published in
- 249 the October issue of the National Automobile Dealers'
- 250 Association Official Used Car Guide, or its successor
- 251 publication, as the recommended guide of information for
- 252 determining the true value of motor vehicles described in
- 253 such publication. The assessor shall not use a value that
- 254 is greater than the average trade-in value in determining
- 255 the true value of the motor vehicle without performing a
- 256 physical inspection of the motor vehicle. For vehicles two
- 257 years old or newer from a vehicle's model year, the assessor
- 258 may use a value other than average without performing a

- 259 physical inspection of the motor vehicle. In the absence of
- 260 a listing for a particular motor vehicle in such
- 261 publication, the assessor shall use such information or
- 262 publications which in the assessor's judgment will fairly
- 263 estimate the true value in money of the motor vehicle.
- [10.] 11. Before the assessor may increase the
- 265 assessed valuation of any parcel of subclass (1) real
- 266 property by more than fifteen percent since the last
- 267 assessment, excluding increases due to new construction or
- 268 improvements, the assessor shall conduct a physical
- 269 inspection of such property.
- 270 [11.] 12. If a physical inspection is required,
- 271 pursuant to subsection [10] 11 of this section, the assessor
- 272 shall notify the property owner of that fact in writing and
- 273 shall provide the owner clear written notice of the owner's
- 274 rights relating to the physical inspection. If a physical
- inspection is required, the property owner may request that
- 276 an interior inspection be performed during the physical
- inspection. The owner shall have no less than thirty days
- 278 to notify the assessor of a request for an interior physical
- inspection.
- 280 [12.] 13. A physical inspection, as required by
- 281 subsection [10] 11 of this section, shall include, but not
- 282 be limited to, an on-site personal observation and review of
- 283 all exterior portions of the land and any buildings and
- 284 improvements to which the inspector has or may reasonably
- 285 and lawfully gain external access, and shall include an
- 286 observation and review of the interior of any buildings or
- 287 improvements on the property upon the timely request of the
- owner pursuant to subsection [11] 12 of this section. Mere
- observation of the property via a drive-by inspection or the

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like shall not be considered sufficient to constitute a physical inspection as required by this section.

[13.] 14. A county or city collector may accept credit cards as proper form of payment of outstanding property tax or license due. No county or city collector may charge surcharge for payment by credit card which exceeds the fee or surcharge charged by the credit card bank, processor, or issuer for its service. A county or city collector may accept payment by electronic transfers of funds in payment of any tax or license and charge the person making such payment a fee equal to the fee charged the county by the bank, processor, or issuer of such electronic payment.

[14.] 15. Any county or city not within a county in this state may, by an affirmative vote of the governing body of such county, opt out of the provisions of this section and sections 137.073, 138.060, and 138.100 as enacted by house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general assembly, second regular session and section 137.073 as modified by house committee substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for senate bill no. 960, ninety-second general assembly, second regular session, for the next year of the general reassessment, prior to January first of any year. No county or city not within a county shall exercise this opt-out provision after implementing the provisions of this section and sections 137.073, 138.060, and 138.100 as enacted by house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general assembly, second regular session and section 137.073 as modified by house committee substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for senate bill no. 960, ninety-second general assembly, second regular session, in a year of general reassessment. For the purposes of applying the provisions of this subsection, a political subdivision

contained within two or more counties where at least one of such counties has opted out and at least one of such counties has not opted out shall calculate a single tax rate as in effect prior to the enactment of house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general assembly, second regular session. A governing body of a city not within a county or a county that has opted out under the provisions of this subsection may choose to implement the provisions of this section and sections 137.073, 138.060, and 138.100 as enacted by house bill no. 1150 of the ninety-first general assembly, second regular session, and section 137.073 as modified by house committee substitute for senate substitute for senate committee substitute for senate bill no. 960, ninety-second general assembly, second regular session, for the next year of general reassessment, by an affirmative vote of the governing body prior to December thirty-first of any year. [15.] 16. The governing body of any city of the third

classification with more than twenty-six thousand three hundred but fewer than twenty-six thousand seven hundred inhabitants located in any county that has exercised its authority to opt out under subsection [14] 15 of this section may levy separate and differing tax rates for real and personal property only if such city bills and collects its own property taxes or satisfies the entire cost of the billing and collection of such separate and differing tax rates. Such separate and differing rates shall not exceed such city's tax rate ceiling.

[16.] 17. Any portion of real property that is available as reserve for strip, surface, or coal mining for minerals for purposes of excavation for future use or sale to others that has not been bonded and permitted under

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354 chapter 444 shall be assessed based upon how the real 355 property is currently being used. Any information provided 356 to a county assessor, state tax commission, state agency, or political subdivision responsible for the administration of 357 358 tax policies shall, in the performance of its duties, make 359 available all books, records, and information requested, except such books, records, and information as are by law 360 361 declared confidential in nature, including individually 362 identifiable information regarding a specific taxpayer or 363 taxpayer's mine property. For purposes of this subsection, "mine property" shall mean all real property that is in use 364 or readily available as a reserve for strip, surface, or 365 coal mining for minerals for purposes of excavation for 366 367 current or future use or sale to others that has been bonded 368 and permitted under chapter 444.

- 143.121. 1. The Missouri adjusted gross income of a resident individual shall be the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income subject to the modifications in this section.
- 2. There shall be added to the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income:
- 6 The amount of any federal income tax refund 7 received for a prior year which resulted in a Missouri 8 income tax benefit. The amount added pursuant to this 9 subdivision shall not include any amount of a federal income 10 tax refund attributable to a tax credit reducing a taxpayer's federal tax liability pursuant to Public Law 116-11 136 or 116-260, enacted by the 116th United States Congress, 12 for the tax year beginning on or after January 1, 2020, and 13
- 14 ending on or before December 31, 2020, and deducted from
- 15 Missouri adjusted gross income pursuant to section 143.171.
- 16 The amount added under this subdivision shall also not
- 17 include any amount of a federal income tax refund

- 18 attributable to a tax credit reducing a taxpayer's federal
- 19 tax liability under any other federal law that provides
- 20 direct economic impact payments to taxpayers to mitigate
- 21 financial challenges related to the COVID-19 pandemic, and
- 22 deducted from Missouri adjusted gross income under section
- 23 143.171;
- 24 (2) Interest on certain governmental obligations
- 25 excluded from federal gross income by 26 U.S.C. Section 103
- of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. The previous
- 27 sentence shall not apply to interest on obligations of the
- 28 state of Missouri or any of its political subdivisions or
- 29 authorities and shall not apply to the interest described in
- 30 subdivision (1) of subsection 3 of this section. The amount
- 31 added pursuant to this subdivision shall be reduced by the
- 32 amounts applicable to such interest that would have been
- 33 deductible in computing the taxable income of the taxpayer
- 34 except only for the application of 26 U.S.C. Section 265 of
- 35 the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. The reduction shall
- 36 only be made if it is at least five hundred dollars;
- 37 (3) The amount of any deduction that is included in
- 38 the computation of federal taxable income pursuant to 26
- 39 U.S.C. Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code as amended
- 40 by the Job Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002 to the
- 41 extent the amount deducted relates to property purchased on
- 42 or after July 1, 2002, but before July 1, 2003, and to the
- 43 extent the amount deducted exceeds the amount that would
- 44 have been deductible pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 168 of
- 45 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as in effect on January 1,
- 46 2002;
- 47 (4) The amount of any deduction that is included in
- 48 the computation of federal taxable income for net operating
- 49 loss allowed by 26 U.S.C. Section 172 of the Internal

- 50 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, other than the deduction
- 51 allowed by 26 U.S.C. Section 172(b)(1)(G) and 26 U.S.C.
- 52 Section 172(i) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
- 53 amended, for a net operating loss the taxpayer claims in the
- 54 tax year in which the net operating loss occurred or carries
- 55 forward for a period of more than twenty years and carries
- 56 backward for more than two years. Any amount of net
- 57 operating loss taken against federal taxable income but
- 58 disallowed for Missouri income tax purposes pursuant to this
- 59 subdivision after June 18, 2002, may be carried forward and
- 60 taken against any income on the Missouri income tax return
- 61 for a period of not more than twenty years from the year of
- 62 the initial loss; and
- 63 (5) For nonresident individuals in all taxable years
- ending on or after December 31, 2006, the amount of any
- 65 property taxes paid to another state or a political
- 66 subdivision of another state for which a deduction was
- 67 allowed on such nonresident's federal return in the taxable
- 68 year unless such state, political subdivision of a state, or
- 69 the District of Columbia allows a subtraction from income
- 70 for property taxes paid to this state for purposes of
- 71 calculating income for the income tax for such state,
- 72 political subdivision of a state, or the District of
- 73 Columbia;
- 74 (6) For all tax years beginning on or after January 1,
- 75 2018, any interest expense paid or accrued in a previous
- 76 taxable year, but allowed as a deduction under 26 U.S.C.
- 77 Section 163, as amended, in the current taxable year by
- 78 reason of the carryforward of disallowed business interest
- 79 provisions of 26 U.S.C. Section 163(j), as amended. For the
- 80 purposes of this subdivision, an interest expense is
- 81 considered paid or accrued only in the first taxable year

- 82 the deduction would have been allowable under 26 U.S.C.
- 83 Section 163, as amended, if the limitation under 26 U.S.C.
- 84 Section 163(j), as amended, did not exist.
- 3. There shall be subtracted from the taxpayer's
- 86 federal adjusted gross income the following amounts to the
- 87 extent included in federal adjusted gross income:
- 88 (1) Interest received on deposits held at a federal
- 89 reserve bank or interest or dividends on obligations of the
- 90 United States and its territories and possessions or of any
- 91 authority, commission or instrumentality of the United
- 92 States to the extent exempt from Missouri income taxes
- 93 pursuant to the laws of the United States. The amount
- 94 subtracted pursuant to this subdivision shall be reduced by
- 95 any interest on indebtedness incurred to carry the described
- 96 obligations or securities and by any expenses incurred in
- 97 the production of interest or dividend income described in
- 98 this subdivision. The reduction in the previous sentence
- 99 shall only apply to the extent that such expenses including
- 100 amortizable bond premiums are deducted in determining the
- 101 taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income or included in the
- 102 taxpayer's Missouri itemized deduction. The reduction shall
- 103 only be made if the expenses total at least five hundred
- 104 dollars;
- 105 (2) The portion of any gain, from the sale or other
- 106 disposition of property having a higher adjusted basis to
- 107 the taxpayer for Missouri income tax purposes than for
- 108 federal income tax purposes on December 31, 1972, that does
- 109 not exceed such difference in basis. If a gain is
- 110 considered a long-term capital gain for federal income tax
- 111 purposes, the modification shall be limited to one-half of
- 112 such portion of the gain;

- 113 (3) The amount necessary to prevent the taxation
- 114 pursuant to this chapter of any annuity or other amount of
- income or gain which was properly included in income or gain
- 116 and was taxed pursuant to the laws of Missouri for a taxable
- 117 year prior to January 1, 1973, to the taxpayer, or to a
- 118 decedent by reason of whose death the taxpayer acquired the
- 119 right to receive the income or gain, or to a trust or estate
- 120 from which the taxpayer received the income or gain;
- 121 (4) Accumulation distributions received by a taxpayer
- as a beneficiary of a trust to the extent that the same are
- included in federal adjusted gross income;
- 124 (5) The amount of any state income tax refund for a
- 125 prior year which was included in the federal adjusted gross
- 126 income;
- 127 (6) The portion of capital gain specified in section
- 128 135.357 that would otherwise be included in federal adjusted
- 129 gross income;
- 130 (7) The amount that would have been deducted in the
- 131 computation of federal taxable income pursuant to 26 U.S.C.
- 132 Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code as in effect on
- 133 January 1, 2002, to the extent that amount relates to
- 134 property purchased on or after July 1, 2002, but before July
- 135 1, 2003, and to the extent that amount exceeds the amount
- actually deducted pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 168 of the
- 137 Internal Revenue Code as amended by the Job Creation and
- 138 Worker Assistance Act of 2002;
- 139 (8) For all tax years beginning on or after January 1,
- 140 2005, the amount of any income received for military service
- 141 while the taxpayer serves in a combat zone which is included
- in federal adjusted gross income and not otherwise excluded
- 143 therefrom. As used in this section, "combat zone" means any
- 144 area which the President of the United States by Executive

- 145 Order designates as an area in which Armed Forces of the
- 146 United States are or have engaged in combat. Service is
- 147 performed in a combat zone only if performed on or after the
- 148 date designated by the President by Executive Order as the
- 149 date of the commencing of combat activities in such zone,
- and on or before the date designated by the President by
- 151 Executive Order as the date of the termination of combatant
- 152 activities in such zone;
- 153 (9) For all tax years ending on or after July 1, 2002,
- 154 with respect to qualified property that is sold or otherwise
- 155 disposed of during a taxable year by a taxpayer and for
- which an additional modification was made under subdivision
- 157 (3) of subsection 2 of this section, the amount by which
- 158 additional modification made under subdivision (3) of
- 159 subsection 2 of this section on qualified property has not
- 160 been recovered through the additional subtractions provided
- in subdivision (7) of this subsection;
- 162 (10) For all tax years beginning on or after January
- 163 1, 2014, the amount of any income received as payment from
- any program which provides compensation to agricultural
- 165 producers who have suffered a loss as the result of a
- 166 disaster or emergency, including the:
- 167 (a) Livestock Forage Disaster Program;
- 169 (c) Emergency Assistance for Livestock, Honeybees, and
- 170 Farm-Raised Fish;
- 171 (d) Emergency Conservation Program;
- 172 (e) Noninsured Crop Disaster Assistance Program;
- 173 (f) Pasture, Rangeland, Forage Pilot Insurance Program;
- 174 (g) Annual Forage Pilot Program;
- 175 (h) Livestock Risk Protection Insurance Plan;
- 176 (i) Livestock Gross Margin Insurance Plan;

- 177 (11) For all tax years beginning on or after January
- 178 1, 2018, any interest expense paid or accrued in the current
- 179 taxable year, but not deducted as a result of the limitation
- imposed under 26 U.S.C. Section 163(j), as amended. For the
- 181 purposes of this subdivision, an interest expense is
- 182 considered paid or accrued only in the first taxable year
- 183 the deduction would have been allowable under 26 U.S.C.
- 184 Section 163, as amended, if the limitation under 26 U.S.C.
- 185 Section 163(j), as amended, did not exist; [and]
- 186 (12) One hundred percent of any retirement benefits
- 187 received by any taxpayer as a result of the taxpayer's
- 188 service in the Armed Forces of the United States, including
- 189 reserve components and the National Guard of this state, as
- 190 defined in 32 U.S.C. Sections 101(3) and 109, and any other
- 191 military force organized under the laws of this state; and
- 192 (13) For taxpayers authorized to do business pursuant
- 193 to article XIV of the Missouri Constitution, the amount
- 194 equal to any expenditure otherwise allowable as a federal
- income tax deduction, but that is disallowed pursuant to 26
- 196 U.S.C. Section 280E, as in effect on January 1, 2022,
- 197 because cannabis is a controlled substance under federal law.
- 198 4. There shall be added to or subtracted from the
- 199 taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income the taxpayer's
- 200 share of the Missouri fiduciary adjustment provided in
- 201 section 143.351.
- 202 5. There shall be added to or subtracted from the
- 203 taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income the modifications
- provided in section 143.411.
- 205 6. In addition to the modifications to a taxpayer's
- 206 federal adjusted gross income in this section, to calculate
- 207 Missouri adjusted gross income there shall be subtracted
- 208 from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income any gain

- 209 recognized pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 1033 of the
- 210 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, arising from
- 211 compulsory or involuntary conversion of property as a result
- of condemnation or the imminence thereof.
- 7. (1) As used in this subsection, "qualified health
- 214 insurance premium" means the amount paid during the tax year
- 215 by such taxpayer for any insurance policy primarily
- 216 providing health care coverage for the taxpayer, the
- 217 taxpayer's spouse, or the taxpayer's dependents.
- 218 (2) In addition to the subtractions in subsection 3 of
- 219 this section, one hundred percent of the amount of qualified
- 220 health insurance premiums shall be subtracted from the
- 221 taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income to the extent the
- 222 amount paid for such premiums is included in federal taxable
- 223 income. The taxpayer shall provide the department of
- revenue with proof of the amount of qualified health
- insurance premiums paid.
- 8. (1) Beginning January 1, 2014, in addition to the
- 227 subtractions provided in this section, one hundred percent
- 228 of the cost incurred by a taxpayer for a home energy audit
- 229 conducted by an entity certified by the department of
- 230 natural resources under section 640.153 or the
- 231 implementation of any energy efficiency recommendations made
- in such an audit shall be subtracted from the taxpayer's
- 233 federal adjusted gross income to the extent the amount paid
- 234 for any such activity is included in federal taxable
- 235 income. The taxpayer shall provide the department of
- 236 revenue with a summary of any recommendations made in a
- 237 qualified home energy audit, the name and certification
- 238 number of the qualified home energy auditor who conducted
- 239 the audit, and proof of the amount paid for any activities
- 240 under this subsection for which a deduction is claimed. The

- taxpayer shall also provide a copy of the summary of any recommendations made in a qualified home energy audit to the department of natural resources.
- 244 (2) At no time shall a deduction claimed under this 245 subsection by an individual taxpayer or taxpayers filing 246 combined returns exceed one thousand dollars per year for 247 individual taxpayers or cumulatively exceed two thousand 248 dollars per year for taxpayers filing combined returns.
- 249 (3) Any deduction claimed under this subsection shall 250 be claimed for the tax year in which the qualified home 251 energy audit was conducted or in which the implementation of 252 the energy efficiency recommendations occurred. implementation of the energy efficiency recommendations 253 254 occurred during more than one year, the deduction may be 255 claimed in more than one year, subject to the limitations provided under subdivision (2) of this subsection. 256
- 257 (4) A deduction shall not be claimed for any otherwise 258 eligible activity under this subsection if such activity 259 qualified for and received any rebate or other incentive 260 through a state-sponsored energy program or through an 261 electric corporation, gas corporation, electric cooperative, 262 or municipally owned utility.
- 9. The provisions of subsection 8 of this section shall expire on December 31, 2020.
 - shall expire on December 31, 2020.

 144.030. 1. There is hereby specifically exempted

 from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and from
 - 3 the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable
 - 4 pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 such retail sales as
 - 5 may be made in commerce between this state and any other
 - 6 state of the United States, or between this state and any
 - 7 foreign country, and any retail sale which the state of
 - 8 Missouri is prohibited from taxing pursuant to the

- 9 Constitution or laws of the United States of America, and 10 such retail sales of tangible personal property which the 11 general assembly of the state of Missouri is prohibited from
- 12 taxing or further taxing by the constitution of this state.
- 13 2. There are also specifically exempted from the
- 14 provisions of the local sales tax law as defined in section
- 15 32.085, section 238.235, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and
- 16 144.600 to 144.761 and from the computation of the tax
- 17 levied, assessed or payable pursuant to the local sales tax
- 18 law as defined in section 32.085, section 238.235, and
- 19 sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.745:
- 20 (1) Motor fuel or special fuel subject to an excise
- 21 tax of this state, unless all or part of such excise tax is
- refunded pursuant to section 142.824; or upon the sale at
- 23 retail of fuel to be consumed in manufacturing or creating
- 24 gas, power, steam, electrical current or in furnishing water
- 25 to be sold ultimately at retail; or feed for livestock or
- 26 poultry; or grain to be converted into foodstuffs which are
- 27 to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; or seed,
- 28 limestone or fertilizer which is to be used for seeding,
- 29 liming or fertilizing crops which when harvested will be
- 30 sold at retail or will be fed to livestock or poultry to be
- 31 sold ultimately in processed form at retail; economic
- 32 poisons registered pursuant to the provisions of the
- 33 Missouri pesticide registration law, sections 281.220 to
- 34 281.310, which are to be used in connection with the growth
- 35 or production of crops, fruit trees or orchards applied
- 36 before, during, or after planting, the crop of which when
- 37 harvested will be sold at retail or will be converted into
- 38 foodstuffs which are to be sold ultimately in processed form
- 39 at retail;

40 (2) Materials, manufactured goods, machinery and parts which when used in manufacturing, processing, compounding, 41 42 mining, producing or fabricating become a component part or ingredient of the new personal property resulting from such 43 manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or 44 45 fabricating and which new personal property is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; and 46 materials, including without limitation, gases and 47 manufactured goods, including without limitation slagging 48 49 materials and firebrick, which are ultimately consumed in the manufacturing process by blending, reacting or 50 interacting with or by becoming, in whole or in part, 51 component parts or ingredients of steel products intended to 52 be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; 53 (3) Materials, replacement parts and equipment 54 55 purchased for use directly upon, and for the repair and maintenance or manufacture of, motor vehicles, watercraft, 56 railroad rolling stock or aircraft engaged as common 57 58 carriers of persons or property; Replacement machinery, equipment, and parts and 59 the materials and supplies solely required for the 60 installation or construction of such replacement machinery, 61 equipment, and parts, used directly in manufacturing, 62 mining, fabricating or producing a product which is intended 63 to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; and 64 machinery and equipment, and the materials and supplies 65 required solely for the operation, installation or 66 construction of such machinery and equipment, purchased and 67 used to establish new, or to replace or expand existing, 68 material recovery processing plants in this state. 69 70 purposes of this subdivision, a "material recovery processing plant" means a facility that has as its primary

- 72 purpose the recovery of materials into a usable product or a
- 73 different form which is used in producing a new product and
- 74 shall include a facility or equipment which are used
- 75 exclusively for the collection of recovered materials for
- 76 delivery to a material recovery processing plant but shall
- 77 not include motor vehicles used on highways. For purposes
- 78 of this section, the terms motor vehicle and highway shall
- 79 have the same meaning pursuant to section 301.010. For the
- 80 purposes of this subdivision, subdivision (5) of this
- 81 subsection, and section 144.054, as well as the definition
- 82 in subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 144.010, the
- 83 term "product" includes telecommunications services and the
- 84 term "manufacturing" shall include the production, or
- 85 production and transmission, of telecommunications
- 86 services. The preceding sentence does not make a
- 87 substantive change in the law and is intended to clarify
- 88 that the term "manufacturing" has included and continues to
- 89 include the production and transmission of
- 90 "telecommunications services", as enacted in this
- 91 subdivision and subdivision (5) of this subsection, as well
- 92 as the definition in subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of
- 93 section 144.010. The preceding two sentences reaffirm
- 94 legislative intent consistent with the interpretation of
- 95 this subdivision and subdivision (5) of this subsection in
- 96 Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d
- 97 763 (Mo. banc 2002) and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v.
- 98 Director of Revenue, 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005), and
- 99 accordingly abrogates the Missouri supreme court's
- 100 interpretation of those exemptions in IBM Corporation v.
- 101 Director of Revenue, 491 S.W.3d 535 (Mo. banc 2016) to the
- 102 extent inconsistent with this section and Southwestern Bell
- 103 Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc

- 104 2002) and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue,
- 105 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005). The construction and
- 106 application of this subdivision as expressed by the Missouri
- 107 supreme court in DST Systems, Inc. v. Director of Revenue,
- 108 43 S.W.3d 799 (Mo. banc 2001); Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v.
- 109 Director of Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc 2002); and
- 110 Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 182
- 111 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005), is hereby affirmed. Material
- 112 recovery is not the reuse of materials within a
- 113 manufacturing process or the use of a product previously
- 114 recovered. The material recovery processing plant shall
- 115 qualify under the provisions of this section regardless of
- 116 ownership of the material being recovered;
- 117 (5) Machinery and equipment, and parts and the
- 118 materials and supplies solely required for the installation
- or construction of such machinery and equipment, purchased
- and used to establish new or to expand existing
- 121 manufacturing, mining or fabricating plants in the state if
- 122 such machinery and equipment is used directly in
- 123 manufacturing, mining or fabricating a product which is
- 124 intended to be sold ultimately for final use or
- 125 consumption. The construction and application of this
- 126 subdivision as expressed by the Missouri supreme court in
- 127 DST Systems, Inc. v. Director of Revenue, 43 S.W.3d 799 (Mo.
- 128 banc 2001); Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of
- 129 Revenue, 78 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc 2002); and Southwestern
- 130 Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo.
- 131 banc 2005), is hereby affirmed;
- 132 (6) Tangible personal property which is used
- 133 exclusively in the manufacturing, processing, modification
- 134 or assembling of products sold to the United States
- 135 government or to any agency of the United States government;

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- 136 (7) Animals or poultry used for breeding or feeding 137 purposes, or captive wildlife;
- 138 (8) Newsprint, ink, computers, photosensitive paper
 139 and film, toner, printing plates and other machinery,
 140 equipment, replacement parts and supplies used in producing
 141 newspapers published for dissemination of news to the
 142 general public;
- 143 (9) The rentals of films, records or any type of sound 144 or picture transcriptions for public commercial display;
 - (10) Pumping machinery and equipment used to propel products delivered by pipelines engaged as common carriers;
- (11) Railroad rolling stock for use in transporting
 persons or property in interstate commerce and motor
 vehicles licensed for a gross weight of twenty-four thousand
 pounds or more or trailers used by common carriers, as
 defined in section 390.020, in the transportation of persons
 or property;
- (12) Electrical energy used in the actual primary 153 154 manufacture, processing, compounding, mining or producing of a product, or electrical energy used in the actual secondary 155 processing or fabricating of the product, or a material 156 157 recovery processing plant as defined in subdivision (4) of this subsection, in facilities owned or leased by the 158 159 taxpayer, if the total cost of electrical energy so used 160 exceeds ten percent of the total cost of production, either 161 primary or secondary, exclusive of the cost of electrical energy so used or if the raw materials used in such 162 processing contain at least twenty-five percent recovered 163 materials as defined in section 260.200. There shall be a 164 165 rebuttable presumption that the raw materials used in the primary manufacture of automobiles contain at least twenty-166 five percent recovered materials. For purposes of this 167

- 168 subdivision, "processing" means any mode of treatment, act
- or series of acts performed upon materials to transform and
- 170 reduce them to a different state or thing, including
- 171 treatment necessary to maintain or preserve such processing
- 172 by the producer at the production facility;
- 173 (13) Anodes which are used or consumed in
- 174 manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or
- 175 fabricating and which have a useful life of less than one
- 176 year;
- 177 (14) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices
- 178 purchased or leased and used solely for the purpose of
- 179 preventing, abating or monitoring air pollution, and
- 180 materials and supplies solely required for the installation,
- 181 construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment,
- 182 appliances and devices;
- 183 (15) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices
- 184 purchased or leased and used solely for the purpose of
- 185 preventing, abating or monitoring water pollution, and
- 186 materials and supplies solely required for the installation,
- 187 construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment,
- 188 appliances and devices;
- 189 (16) Tangible personal property purchased by a rural
- 190 water district;
- 191 (17) All amounts paid or charged for admission or
- 192 participation or other fees paid by or other charges to
- 193 individuals in or for any place of amusement, entertainment
- 194 or recreation, games or athletic events, including museums,
- 195 fairs, zoos and planetariums, owned or operated by a
- 196 municipality or other political subdivision where all the
- 197 proceeds derived therefrom benefit the municipality or other
- 198 political subdivision and do not inure to any private
- 199 person, firm, or corporation, provided, however, that a

200 municipality or other political subdivision may enter into 201 revenue-sharing agreements with private persons, firms, or 202 corporations providing goods or services, including 203 management services, in or for the place of amusement, 204 entertainment or recreation, games or athletic events, and 205 provided further that nothing in this subdivision shall 206 exempt from tax any amounts retained by any private person, 207 firm, or corporation under such revenue-sharing agreement; 208 All sales of insulin, and all sales, rentals, (18)209 repairs, and parts of durable medical equipment, prosthetic 210 devices, and orthopedic devices as defined on January 1, 1980, by the federal Medicare program pursuant to Title 211 XVIII of the Social Security Act of 1965, including the 212 213 items specified in Section 1862(a)(12) of that act, and also 214 specifically including hearing aids and hearing aid supplies 215 and all sales of drugs which may be legally dispensed by a 216 licensed pharmacist only upon a lawful prescription of a practitioner licensed to administer those items, including 217 samples and materials used to manufacture samples which may 218 be dispensed by a practitioner authorized to dispense such 219 220 samples and all sales or rental of medical oxygen, home respiratory equipment and accessories including parts, and 221 222 hospital beds and accessories and ambulatory aids including 223 parts, and all sales or rental of manual and powered 224 wheelchairs including parts, and stairway lifts, Braille 225 writers, electronic Braille equipment and, if purchased or rented by or on behalf of a person with one or more physical 226 or mental disabilities to enable them to function more 227 independently, all sales or rental of scooters including 228 229 parts, and reading machines, electronic print enlargers and 230 magnifiers, electronic alternative and augmentative communication devices, and items used solely to modify motor 231

- vehicles to permit the use of such motor vehicles by
- 233 individuals with disabilities or sales of over-the-counter
- or nonprescription drugs to individuals with disabilities,
- 235 and drugs required by the Food and Drug Administration to
- 236 meet the over-the-counter drug product labeling requirements
- in 21 CFR 201.66, or its successor, as prescribed by a
- 238 health care practitioner licensed to prescribe;
- 239 (19) All sales made by or to religious and charitable
- 240 organizations and institutions in their religious,
- 241 charitable or educational functions and activities and all
- 242 sales made by or to all elementary and secondary schools
- 243 operated at public expense in their educational functions
- 244 and activities;
- 245 (20) All sales of aircraft to common carriers for
- 246 storage or for use in interstate commerce and all sales made
- 247 by or to not-for-profit civic, social, service or fraternal
- 248 organizations, including fraternal organizations which have
- 249 been declared tax-exempt organizations pursuant to Section
- 250 501(c)(8) or (10) of the 1986 Internal Revenue Code, as
- 251 amended, in their civic or charitable functions and
- 252 activities and all sales made to eleemosynary and penal
- 253 institutions and industries of the state, and all sales made
- 254 to any private not-for-profit institution of higher
- 255 education not otherwise excluded pursuant to subdivision
- 256 (19) of this subsection or any institution of higher
- 257 education supported by public funds, and all sales made to a
- 258 state relief agency in the exercise of relief functions and
- 259 activities;
- 260 (21) All ticket sales made by benevolent, scientific
- 261 and educational associations which are formed to foster,
- 262 encourage, and promote progress and improvement in the
- 263 science of agriculture and in the raising and breeding of

264 animals, and by nonprofit summer theater organizations if 265 such organizations are exempt from federal tax pursuant to 266 the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and all admission charges and entry fees to the Missouri state fair 267 268 or any fair conducted by a county agricultural and 269 mechanical society organized and operated pursuant to sections 262.290 to 262.530; 270 271 (22) All sales made to any private not-for-profit 272 elementary or secondary school, all sales of feed additives, 273 medications or vaccines administered to livestock or poultry 274 in the production of food or fiber, all sales of pesticides used in the production of crops, livestock or poultry for 275 276 food or fiber, all sales of bedding used in the production 277 of livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales of 278 propane or natural gas, electricity or diesel fuel used 279 exclusively for drying agricultural crops, natural gas used 280 in the primary manufacture or processing of fuel ethanol as defined in section 142.028, natural gas, propane, and 281 electricity used by an eligible new generation cooperative 282 or an eligible new generation processing entity as defined 283 in section 348.432, and all sales of farm machinery and 284 equipment, other than airplanes, motor vehicles and 285 286 trailers, and any freight charges on any exempt item. 287 used in this subdivision, the term "feed additives" means 288 tangible personal property which, when mixed with feed for livestock or poultry, is to be used in the feeding of 289

290 livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term

291 "pesticides" includes adjuvants such as crop oils,

292 surfactants, wetting agents and other assorted pesticide

293 carriers used to improve or enhance the effect of a

294 pesticide and the foam used to mark the application of

295 pesticides and herbicides for the production of crops,

and];

- livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term
 "farm machinery and equipment" [means] shall mean:
- used farm machinery and equipment, including utility
 vehicles used for any agricultural use, and repair or
 replacement parts thereon and any accessories for and
 upgrades to such farm machinery and equipment[,] and rotary
 mowers used [exclusively] for any agricultural purposes[,
- 305 (b) Supplies and lubricants used exclusively, solely,
 306 and directly for producing crops, raising and feeding
 307 livestock, fish, poultry, pheasants, chukar, quail, or for
 308 producing milk for ultimate sale at retail, including field
 309 drain tile[,]; and
- 310 (c) One-half of each purchaser's purchase of diesel 311 fuel therefor which is:
- 312 [(a)] a. Used exclusively for agricultural purposes;
- 313 [(b)] b. Used on land owned or leased for the purpose of producing farm products; and
- I (c) c. Used directly in producing farm products to be sold ultimately in processed form or otherwise at retail or in producing farm products to be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;
- 319 For the purposes of this subdivision, "utility vehicle"
 320 shall mean any motorized vehicle manufactured and used
 321 exclusively for off-highway use which is more than fifty
 322 inches but no more than eighty inches in width, measured
 323 from outside of tire rim to outside of tire rim, with an
 324 unladen dry weight of three thousand five hundred pounds or
 325 less, traveling on four or six wheels.

for domestic use:

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- 326 (23) Except as otherwise provided in section 144.032, 327 all sales of metered water service, electricity, electrical 328 current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or 329 home heating oil for domestic use and in any city not within 330 a county, all sales of metered or unmetered water service
- "Domestic use" means that portion of metered water 332 333 service, electricity, electrical current, natural, 334 artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home heating oil, 335 and in any city not within a county, metered or unmetered water service, which an individual occupant of a residential 336 premises uses for nonbusiness, noncommercial or 337 338 nonindustrial purposes. Utility service through a single or 339 master meter for residential apartments or condominiums, 340 including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be deemed to be for domestic use. Each seller 341 342 shall establish and maintain a system whereby individual 343 purchases are determined as exempt or nonexempt;
- 344 Regulated utility sellers shall determine whether individual purchases are exempt or nonexempt based upon the 345 seller's utility service rate classifications as contained 346 in tariffs on file with and approved by the Missouri public 347 service commission. Sales and purchases made pursuant to 348 349 the rate classification "residential" and sales to and 350 purchases made by or on behalf of the occupants of 351 residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master meter, including service for common areas and 352 facilities and vacant units, shall be considered as sales 353 made for domestic use and such sales shall be exempt from 354 355 Sellers shall charge sales tax upon the entire 356 amount of purchases classified as nondomestic use. seller's utility service rate classification and the 357

provision of service thereunder shall be conclusive as to whether or not the utility must charge sales tax;

- 360 (c) Each person making domestic use purchases of services or property and who uses any portion of the 361 services or property so purchased for a nondomestic use 362 363 shall, by the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, and without assessment, notice or 364 365 demand, file a return and pay sales tax on that portion of nondomestic purchases. Each person making nondomestic 366 367 purchases of services or property and who uses any portion of the services or property so purchased for domestic use, 368 and each person making domestic purchases on behalf of 369 370 occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through 371 a single or master meter, including service for common areas 372 and facilities and vacant units, under a nonresidential utility service rate classification may, between the first 373 374 day of the first month and the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, apply for credit or 375 refund to the director of revenue and the director shall 376 give credit or make refund for taxes paid on the domestic 377 378 use portion of the purchase. The person making such 379 purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments 380 or condominiums shall have standing to apply to the director 381 of revenue for such credit or refund;
- 382 (24) All sales of handicraft items made by the seller 383 or the seller's spouse if the seller or the seller's spouse 384 is at least sixty-five years of age, and if the total gross 385 proceeds from such sales do not constitute a majority of the 386 annual gross income of the seller;
- 387 (25) Excise taxes, collected on sales at retail, 388 imposed by Sections 4041, 4071, 4081, 4091, 4161, 4181, 389 4251, 4261 and 4271 of Title 26, United States Code. The

director of revenue shall promulgate rules pursuant to
chapter 536 to eliminate all state and local sales taxes on
such excise taxes;

- of ships, barges, or waterborne vessels which are used primarily in or for the transportation of property or cargo, or the conveyance of persons for hire, on navigable rivers bordering on or located in part in this state, if such fuel is delivered by the seller to the purchaser's barge, ship, or waterborne vessel while it is afloat upon such river;
- 400 (27) All sales made to an interstate compact agency 401 created pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.441 or sections 402 238.010 to 238.100 in the exercise of the functions and 403 activities of such agency as provided pursuant to the 404 compact;
- 405 (28) Computers, computer software and computer
 406 security systems purchased for use by architectural or
 407 engineering firms headquartered in this state. For the
 408 purposes of this subdivision, "headquartered in this state"
 409 means the office for the administrative management of at
 410 least four integrated facilities operated by the taxpayer is
 411 located in the state of Missouri;
- 412 (29) All livestock sales when either the seller is
 413 engaged in the growing, producing or feeding of such
 414 livestock, or the seller is engaged in the business of
 415 buying and selling, bartering or leasing of such livestock;
- 416 (30) All sales of barges which are to be used 417 primarily in the transportation of property or cargo on 418 interstate waterways;
- 419 (31) Electrical energy or gas, whether natural, 420 artificial or propane, water, or other utilities which are 421 ultimately consumed in connection with the manufacturing of

- 422 cellular glass products or in any material recovery
- 423 processing plant as defined in subdivision (4) of this
- 424 subsection;
- 425 (32) Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the
- 426 contrary, all sales of pesticides or herbicides used in the
- 427 production of crops, aquaculture, livestock or poultry;
- 428 (33) Tangible personal property and utilities
- 429 purchased for use or consumption directly or exclusively in
- 430 the research and development of agricultural/biotechnology
- 431 and plant genomics products and prescription pharmaceuticals
- 432 consumed by humans or animals;
- 433 (34) All sales of grain bins for storage of grain for
- 434 resale;
- 435 (35) All sales of feed which are developed for and
- 436 used in the feeding of pets owned by a commercial breeder
- 437 when such sales are made to a commercial breeder, as defined
- 438 in section 273.325, and licensed pursuant to sections
- 439 273.325 to 273.357;
- 440 (36) All purchases by a contractor on behalf of an
- 441 entity located in another state, provided that the entity is
- 442 authorized to issue a certificate of exemption for purchases
- 443 to a contractor under the provisions of that state's laws.
- 444 For purposes of this subdivision, the term "certificate of
- 445 exemption" shall mean any document evidencing that the
- 446 entity is exempt from sales and use taxes on purchases
- 447 pursuant to the laws of the state in which the entity is
- 448 located. Any contractor making purchases on behalf of such
- 449 entity shall maintain a copy of the entity's exemption
- 450 certificate as evidence of the exemption. If the exemption
- 451 certificate issued by the exempt entity to the contractor is
- 452 later determined by the director of revenue to be invalid
- 453 for any reason and the contractor has accepted the

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certificate in good faith, neither the contractor or the 454 455 exempt entity shall be liable for the payment of any taxes, 456 interest and penalty due as the result of use of the invalid 457 exemption certificate. Materials shall be exempt from all 458 state and local sales and use taxes when purchased by a 459 contractor for the purpose of fabricating tangible personal property which is used in fulfilling a contract for the 460 461 purpose of constructing, repairing or remodeling facilities 462 for the following:

- (a) An exempt entity located in this state, if the entity is one of those entities able to issue project exemption certificates in accordance with the provisions of section 144.062; or
- 467 (b) An exempt entity located outside the state if the
 468 exempt entity is authorized to issue an exemption
 469 certificate to contractors in accordance with the provisions
 470 of that state's law and the applicable provisions of this
 471 section;
- 472 (37) All sales or other transfers of tangible personal 473 property to a lessor who leases the property under a lease 474 of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of 475 the sale or other transfer to an interstate compact agency 476 created pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.441 or sections 477 238.010 to 238.100;
- 478 (38) Sales of tickets to any collegiate athletic 479 championship event that is held in a facility owned or operated by a governmental authority or commission, a quasi-480 governmental agency, a state university or college or by the 481 state or any political subdivision thereof, including a 482 483 municipality, and that is played on a neutral site and may 484 reasonably be played at a site located outside the state of Missouri. For purposes of this subdivision, "neutral site" 485

means any site that is not located on the campus of a conference member institution participating in the event;

- 488 (39) All purchases by a sports complex authority
 489 created under section 64.920, and all sales of utilities by
 490 such authority at the authority's cost that are consumed in
 491 connection with the operation of a sports complex leased to
 492 a professional sports team;
- 493 (40) All materials, replacement parts, and equipment 494 purchased for use directly upon, and for the modification, 495 replacement, repair, and maintenance of aircraft, aircraft 496 power plants, and aircraft accessories;
- 497 (41) Sales of sporting clays, wobble, skeet, and trap
 498 targets to any shooting range or similar places of business
 499 for use in the normal course of business and money received
 500 by a shooting range or similar places of business from
 501 patrons and held by a shooting range or similar place of
 502 business for redistribution to patrons at the conclusion of
 503 a shooting event;
- 504 (42) All sales of motor fuel, as defined in section 505 142.800, used in any watercraft, as defined in section 506 306.010;
- 507 (43) Any new or used aircraft sold or delivered in 508 this state to a person who is not a resident of this state 509 or a corporation that is not incorporated in this state, and 510 such aircraft is not to be based in this state and shall not 511 remain in this state more than ten business days subsequent 512 to the last to occur of:
- 513 (a) The transfer of title to the aircraft to a person 514 who is not a resident of this state or a corporation that is 515 not incorporated in this state; or
- 516 (b) The date of the return to service of the aircraft 517 in accordance with 14 CFR 91.407 for any maintenance,

- 518 preventive maintenance, rebuilding, alterations, repairs, or
- installations that are completed contemporaneously with the
- 520 transfer of title to the aircraft to a person who is not a
- 521 resident of this state or a corporation that is not
- 522 incorporated in this state;
- 523 (44) Motor vehicles registered in excess of fifty-four
- thousand pounds, and the trailers pulled by such motor
- vehicles, that are actually used in the normal course of
- business to haul property on the public highways of the
- 527 state, and that are capable of hauling loads commensurate
- 528 with the motor vehicle's registered weight; and the
- 529 materials, replacement parts, and equipment purchased for
- 530 use directly upon, and for the repair and maintenance or
- 531 manufacture of such vehicles. For purposes of this
- subdivision, "motor vehicle" and "public highway" shall have
- the meaning as ascribed in section 390.020;
- 534 (45) All internet access or the use of internet access
- regardless of whether the tax is imposed on a provider of
- 536 internet access or a buyer of internet access. For purposes
- of this subdivision, the following terms shall mean:
- 538 (a) "Direct costs", costs incurred by a governmental
- 539 authority solely because of an internet service provider's
- 540 use of the public right-of-way. The term shall not include
- 541 costs that the governmental authority would have incurred if
- the internet service provider did not make such use of the
- 543 public right-of-way. Direct costs shall be determined in a
- 544 manner consistent with generally accepted accounting
- 545 principles;
- 546 (b) "Internet", computer and telecommunications
- 547 facilities, including equipment and operating software, that
- 548 comprises the interconnected worldwide network that employ
- 549 the transmission control protocol or internet protocol, or

550 any predecessor or successor protocols to that protocol, to 551 communicate information of all kinds by wire or radio; 552 (c) "Internet access", a service that enables users to 553 connect to the internet to access content, information, or 554 other services without regard to whether the service is 555 referred to as telecommunications, communications, transmission, or similar services, and without regard to 556 557 whether a provider of the service is subject to regulation by the Federal Communications Commission as a common carrier 558 559 under 47 U.S.C. Section 201, et seq. For purposes of this 560 subdivision, internet access also includes: the purchase, use, or sale of communications services, including 561 telecommunications services as defined in section 144.010, 562 563 to the extent the communications services are purchased, 564 used, or sold to provide the service described in this 565 subdivision or to otherwise enable users to access content, 566 information, or other services offered over the internet; services that are incidental to the provision of a service 567 568 described in this subdivision, when furnished to users as part of such service, including a home page, electronic 569 570 mail, and instant messaging, including voice-capable and video-capable electronic mail and instant messaging, video 571 clips, and personal electronic storage capacity; a home page 572 573 electronic mail and instant messaging, including voice-574 capable and video-capable electronic mail and instant 575 messaging, video clips, and personal electronic storage 576 capacity that are provided independently or that are not packed with internet access. As used in this subdivision, 577 internet access does not include voice, audio, and video 578 579 programming or other products and services, except services 580 described in this paragraph or this subdivision, that use internet protocol or any successor protocol and for which 581

there is a charge, regardless of whether the charge is separately stated or aggregated with the charge for services described in this paragraph or this subdivision;

- "Tax", any charge imposed by the state or a 585 political subdivision of the state for the purpose of 586 587 generating revenues for governmental purposes and that is not a fee imposed for a specific privilege, service, or 588 589 benefit conferred, except as described as otherwise under 590 this subdivision, or any obligation imposed on a seller to 591 collect and to remit to the state or a political subdivision 592 of the state any gross retail tax, sales tax, or use tax 593 imposed on a buyer by such a governmental entity. The term tax shall not include any franchise fee or similar fee 594 imposed or authorized under section 67.1830 or 67.2689; 595 596 Section 622 or 653 of the Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. Section 542 and 47 U.S.C. Section 573; or any other 597 598 fee related to obligations of telecommunications carriers under the Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. Section 151, 599 600 et seq., except to the extent that:
- a. The fee is not imposed for the purpose of
 recovering direct costs incurred by the franchising or other
 governmental authority from providing the specific
 privilege, service, or benefit conferred to the payer of the
 fee; or
- b. The fee is imposed for the use of a public right-ofway based on a percentage of the service revenue, and the
 fee exceeds the incremental direct costs incurred by the
 governmental authority associated with the provision of that
 right-of-way to the provider of internet access service.

- 611 Nothing in this subdivision shall be interpreted as an
- 612 exemption from taxes due on goods or services that were
- 613 subject to tax on January 1, 2016;
- 614 (46) All purchases of solar photovoltaic energy
- 615 distributed generation systems and all purchases of supplies
- used directly to make improvements to such systems, provided
- 617 that such systems:
- 618 (a) Allow for energy storage;
- (b) Include advanced or smart meter inverter capacity;
- 620 or
- 621 (c) Allow for utility scale projects greater than
- 622 twenty megawatts;
- 623 (47) All purchases of electrical energy and gas,
- 624 whether natural, artificial, or propane; water, coal, and
- 625 energy sources; chemicals, machinery, equipment, parts, and
- 626 material used or consumed in connection with or to
- 627 facilitate the generation, transmission, distribution, sale,
- 628 or furnishing of electricity for light, heat, or power; and
- 629 any conduits, ducts, or other devices, materials, apparatus,
- or property for containing, holding, or carrying conductors
- 631 used or to be used for the transmission of electricity for
- 632 light, heat, or power service to consumers.
- 633 3. Any ruling, agreement, or contract, whether written
- 634 or oral, express or implied, between a person and this
- 635 state's executive branch, or any other state agency or
- 636 department, stating, agreeing, or ruling that such person is
- 637 not required to collect sales and use tax in this state
- 638 despite the presence of a warehouse, distribution center, or
- 639 fulfillment center in this state that is owned or operated
- 640 by the person or an affiliated person shall be null and void
- 641 unless it is specifically approved by a majority vote of
- each of the houses of the general assembly. For purposes of

- 643 this subsection, an "affiliated person" means any person
- that is a member of the same controlled group of
- corporations as defined in Section 1563(a) of the Internal
- 646 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as the vendor or any other
- 647 entity that, notwithstanding its form of organization, bears
- 648 the same ownership relationship to the vendor as a
- 649 corporation that is a member of the same controlled group of
- 650 corporations as defined in Section 1563(a) of the Internal
- 651 Revenue Code, as amended.
 - 144.059. In addition to all other exemptions granted
 - 2 under this chapter, there is hereby specifically exempted
 - 3 from the provisions of and the computation of the tax
 - 4 levied, assessed, or payable under this chapter, all sales
 - of diapers. For the purposes of this section, "diapers"
 - 6 means absorbent garments worn by infants or toddlers who are
 - 7 not toilet-trained or by individuals who are incapable of
 - 8 controlling their bladder or bowel movements.
 - 144.190. 1. If a tax has been incorrectly computed by
 - 2 reason of a clerical error or mistake on the part of the
 - 3 director of revenue, such fact shall be set forth in the
 - 4 records of the director of revenue, and the amount of the
 - 5 overpayment shall be credited on any taxes then due from the
 - 6 person legally obligated to remit the tax under chapter 144,
 - 7 and the balance shall be refunded to the person legally
 - 8 obligated to remit the tax, such person's administrators or
 - 9 executors, as provided for in section 144.200.
- 10 2. If any tax, penalty or interest has been paid more
- 11 than once, or has been erroneously or illegally collected,
- or has been erroneously or illegally computed, such sum
- 13 shall be credited on any taxes then due from the person
- 14 legally obligated to remit the tax under chapter 144, and
- 15 the balance, with interest as determined by section 32.065,

- 16 shall be refunded to the person legally obligated to remit
- 17 the tax, but no such credit or refund shall be allowed
- 18 unless duplicate copies of a claim for refund are filed
- 19 within ten years from date of overpayment, except as
- 20 provided in subsection 11 of this section.
- 3. Every claim for refund must be in writing and
- 22 signed by the applicant, and must state the specific grounds
- 23 upon which the claim is founded. Any refund or any portion
- 24 thereof which is erroneously made, and any credit or any
- 25 portion thereof which is erroneously allowed, may be
- 26 recovered in any action brought by the director of revenue
- 27 against the person legally obligated to remit the tax. In
- 28 the event that a tax has been illegally imposed against a
- 29 person legally obligated to remit the tax, the director of
- 30 revenue shall authorize the cancellation of the tax upon the
- 31 director's record.
- 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057, a
- 33 purchaser that originally paid sales or use tax to a vendor
- 34 or seller may submit a refund claim directly to the director
- 35 of revenue for such sales or use taxes paid to such vendor
- 36 or seller and remitted to the director, provided no sum
- 37 shall be refunded more than once, any such claim shall be
- 38 subject to any offset, defense, or other claim the director
- 39 otherwise would have against either the purchaser or vendor
- 40 or seller, and such claim for refund is accompanied by
- 41 either:
- 42 (1) A notarized assignment of rights statement by the
- 43 vendor or seller to the purchaser allowing the purchaser to
- 44 seek the refund on behalf of the vendor or seller. An
- 45 assignment of rights statement shall contain the Missouri
- 46 sales or use tax registration number of the vendor or
- 47 seller, a list of the transactions covered by the

- 48 assignment, the tax periods and location for which the
- 49 original sale was reported to the director of revenue by the
- 50 vendor or seller, and a notarized statement signed by the
- 51 vendor or seller affirming that the vendor or seller has not
- 52 received a refund or credit, will not apply for a refund or
- 53 credit of the tax collected on any transactions covered by
- 54 the assignment, and authorizes the director to amend the
- 55 seller's return to reflect the refund; or
- 56 (2) In the event the vendor or seller fails or refuses
- 57 to provide an assignment of rights statement within sixty
- 58 days from the date of such purchaser's written request to
- 59 the vendor or seller, or the purchaser is not able to locate
- 60 the vendor or seller or the vendor or seller is no longer in
- 61 business, the purchaser may provide the director a notarized
- 62 statement confirming the efforts that have been made to
- 63 obtain an assignment of rights from the vendor or seller.
- 64 Such statement shall contain a list of the transactions
- 65 covered by the assignment, the tax periods and location for
- 66 which the original sale was reported to the director of
- 67 revenue by the vendor or seller.
- 68 The director shall not require such vendor, seller, or
- 69 purchaser to submit amended returns for refund claims
- 70 submitted under the provisions of this subsection.
- 71 Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057, if the
- 72 seller is registered with the director for collection and
- 73 remittance of sales tax, the director shall notify the
- 74 seller at the seller's last known address of the claim for
- 75 refund. If the seller objects to the refund within thirty
- 76 days of the date of the notice, the director shall not pay
- 77 the refund. If the seller agrees that the refund is
- 78 warranted or fails to respond within thirty days, the

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- director may issue the refund and amend the seller's return to reflect the refund. For purposes of section 32.069, the refund claim shall not be considered to have been filed until the seller agrees that the refund is warranted or thirty days after the date the director notified the seller and the seller failed to respond.
- 5. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057, 85 86 when a vendor files a refund claim on behalf of a purchaser and such refund claim is denied by the director, notice of 87 88 such denial and the reason for the denial shall be sent by the director to the vendor and each purchaser whose name and 89 address is submitted with the refund claim form filed by the 90 91 vendor. A purchaser shall be entitled to appeal the denial of the refund claim within sixty days of the date such 92 notice of denial is mailed by the director as provided in 93 94 section 144.261. The provisions of this subsection shall 95 apply to all refund claims filed after August 28, 2012. provisions of this subsection allowing a purchaser to appeal 96 97 the director's decision to deny a refund claim shall also apply to any refund claim denied by the director on or after 98 99 January 1, 2007, if an appeal of the denial of the refund 100 claim is filed by the purchaser no later than September 28, 2012, and if such claim is based solely on the issue of the 101 102 exemption of the electronic transmission or delivery of 103 computer software.
 - 6. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall authorize direct-pay agreements to purchasers which have annual purchases in excess of seven hundred fifty thousand dollars pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the director of revenue. For the purposes of such direct-pay agreements, the taxes authorized under chapters 66, 67, 70, 92, 94, 162, 190, 238, 321, and

- 111 644 shall be remitted based upon the location of the place 112 of business of the purchaser.
- 7. Special rules applicable to error corrections requested by customers of mobile telecommunications service are as follows:
- 116 (1) For purposes of this subsection, the terms

 "customer", "home service provider", "place of primary use",

 "electronic database", and "enhanced zip code" shall have

 the same meanings as defined in the Mobile

 Telecommunications Sourcing Act incorporated by reference in

 section 144.013;
- Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, if 122 a customer of mobile telecommunications services believes 123 that the amount of tax, the assignment of place of primary 124 use or the taxing jurisdiction included on a billing is 125 126 erroneous, the customer shall notify the home service 127 provider, in writing, within three years from the date of the billing statement. The customer shall include in such 128 written notification the street address for the customer's 129 place of primary use, the account name and number for which 130 the customer seeks a correction of the tax assignment, a 131 description of the error asserted by the customer and any 132 other information the home service provider reasonably 133 134 requires to process the request;
- 135 Within sixty days of receiving the customer's 136 notice, the home service provider shall review its records and the electronic database or enhanced zip code to 137 determine the customer's correct taxing jurisdiction. 138 the home service provider determines that the review shows 139 140 that the amount of tax, assignment of place of primary use or taxing jurisdiction is in error, the home service 141 provider shall correct the error and, at its election, 142

- either refund or credit the amount of tax erroneously

 collected to the customer for a period of up to three years

 from the last day of the home service provider's sixty-day

 review period. If the home service provider determines that
- 147 the review shows that the amount of tax, the assignment of
- 148 place of primary use or the taxing jurisdiction is correct,
- 149 the home service provider shall provide a written
- 150 explanation of its determination to the customer.
- 151 8. For all refund claims submitted to the department
- of revenue on or after September 1, 2003, notwithstanding
- any provision of this section to the contrary, if a person
- 154 legally obligated to remit the tax levied under chapter 144
- 155 has received a refund of such taxes for a specific issue and
- 156 submits a subsequent claim for refund of such taxes on the
- 157 same issue for a tax period beginning on or after the date
- 158 the original refund check issued to such person, no refund
- 159 shall be allowed. This subsection shall not apply and a
- 160 refund shall be allowed if the refund claim is filed by a
- 161 purchaser under the provisions of subsection 4 of this
- 162 section, the refund claim is for use tax remitted by the
- 163 purchaser, or an additional refund claim is filed by a
- 164 person legally obligated to remit the tax due to any of the
- 165 following:
- 166 (1) Receipt of additional information or an exemption
- 167 certificate from the purchaser of the item at issue;
- 168 (2) A decision of a court of competent jurisdiction or
- 169 the administrative hearing commission; or
- 170 (3) Changes in regulations or policy by the department
- 171 of revenue.
- 9. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the
- 173 contrary, the director of revenue shall respond to a request
- 174 for a binding letter ruling filed in accordance with section

- 175 536.021 within sixty days of receipt of such request. If
- 176 the director of revenue fails to respond to such letter
- 177 ruling request within sixty days of receipt by the director,
- 178 the director of revenue shall be barred from pursuing
- 179 collection of any assessment of sales or use tax with
- 180 respect to the issue which is the subject of the letter
- 181 ruling request. For purposes of this subsection, the term
- 182 "letter ruling" means a written interpretation of law by the
- 183 director to a specific set of facts provided by a specific
- 184 taxpayer or his or her agent.
- 185 10. If any tax was paid more than once, was
- incorrectly collected, or was incorrectly computed, such sum
- shall be credited on any taxes then due from the person
- 188 legally obligated to remit the tax under chapter 144 against
- 189 any deficiency or tax due discovered through an audit of the
- 190 person by the department of revenue through adjustment
- 191 during the same tax filing period for which the audit
- 192 applied.
- 193 11. (1) The provisions of this subsection are
- 194 intended to reject and abrogate the Missouri supreme court's
- interpretation of the provisions of section 144.020 in
- 196 Michael Jaudes Fitness Edge, Inc. v. Dir. of Revenue, 248
- 197 S.W.3d 606 (Mo. banc 2008) and Wilson's Total Fitness
- 198 Center, Inc. v. Director of Revenue, 38 S.W.3d (Mo. banc
- 199 2001), and the administrative hearing commission's decision
- in Joseph and Brenda Crews v. Dir. of Revenue, 17-0210.
- 201 (2) Any taxpayer that paid sales and use tax
- 202 assessments as a result of an audit by the department of
- 203 revenue and who failed to receive a refund of sales or use
- 204 tax as a result of the decisions described in subdivision
- 205 (1) of this section may apply to the department of revenue
- 206 by no later than July 1, 2026, to receive such refund. The

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207 refund shall be allowed in an amount equal to the amount 208 actually paid on such assessment by the taxpayer, plus interest calculated using the Applicable Federal Rates as 209 210 published by the Internal Revenue Service under 26 U.S.C. The total amount of refund claims paid under 211 Section 274. 212 this subsection shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars and shall be issued on a first-come, first-served 213 214 basis. If the total amount of refund claims exceeds one

hundred thousand dollars, the department shall request an appropriation from the general assembly in later fiscal

217 years to satisfy such unpaid claims.

(3) The provisions of subsection 2 of this section requiring a person legally obligated to remit the tax to file a claim for refund within ten years from date of overpayment shall not apply to the provisions of this subsection.

144.813. In addition to all other exemptions granted 2 under this chapter, there is hereby specifically exempted 3 from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 4 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, and from the 5 6 computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under 7 sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and 8 section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in 9 section 32.085, all sales of class III medical devices as described in 21 U.S.C. 360c(a)(1)(C) that use electric 10 fields for the purposes of the treatment of cancer including 11 components and repair parts and the disposable or single 12

190.800. 1. Each ground ambulance service, except for any ambulance service owned and operated by an entity owned and operated by the state of Missouri, including but not

patient use supplies required for the use of such devices.

- 4 limited to any hospital owned or operated by the board of
- 5 curators, as defined in chapter 172, or any department of
- 6 the state, shall, in addition to all other fees and taxes
- 7 now required or paid, pay an ambulance service reimbursement
- 8 allowance tax for the privilege of engaging in the business
- 9 of providing ambulance services in this state.
- 10 2. For the purpose of this section, the following
- 11 terms shall mean:
- 12 (1) "Ambulance", the same meaning as such term is
- defined in section 190.100;
- 14 (2) "Ambulance service", the same meaning as such term
- is defined in section 190.100;
- 16 (3) "Engaging in the business of providing ambulance
- 17 services in this state", accepting payment for such services;
- 18 (4) "Gross receipts", all amounts received by an
- 19 ambulance service licensed under section 190.109 for its own
- 20 account from the provision of all emergency services, as
- 21 defined in section 190.100, to the public in the state of
- 22 Missouri, but shall not include revenue from taxes collected
- 23 under law, grants, subsidies received from governmental
- 24 agencies, [or] the value of charity care, or revenues
- 25 received from supplemental reimbursement for ground
- 26 emergency medical transportation under section 208.1030.