FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 432

101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR CIERPIOT.

1972S.01I

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary

AN ACT

To repeal section 575.150, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to the offense of resisting or interfering with arrest, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

- Section A. Section 575.150, RSMo, is repealed and one new
- 2 section enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 575.150,
- 3 to read as follows:
 - 575.150. 1. A person commits the offense of resisting
- 2 or interfering with arrest, detention, or stop if he or she
- 3 knows or reasonably should know that a law enforcement
- 4 officer is making an arrest or attempting to lawfully detain
- 5 or stop an individual or vehicle, and for the purpose of
- 6 preventing the officer from effecting the arrest, stop or
- 7 detention, he or she:
- 8 (1) Resists the arrest, stop or detention of such
- 9 person by using or threatening the use of violence or
- 10 physical force or by fleeing from such officer; or
- 11 (2) Interferes with the arrest, stop or detention of
- 12 another person by using or threatening the use of violence,
- 13 physical force or physical interference.
- 14 2. This section applies to:
- 15 (1) Arrests, stops, or detentions, with or without
- 16 warrants;
- 17 (2) Arrests, stops, or detentions, for any offense,
- 18 infraction, or ordinance violation; and

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

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(3) Arrests for warrants issued by a court or aprobation and parole officer.

- 3. A person commits the offense of resisting arrest by fleeing in a motor vehicle if he or she resists an arrest, a stop, or a detention by fleeing in a motor vehicle from a law enforcement officer and, during the course of fleeing, drives at a speed or in a manner that demonstrates a disregard for the safety of any person or property, including that of the pursuing officer or other occupants of the fleeing vehicle.
- 4. A person commits the offense of aggravated resisting arrest by fleeing in a motor vehicle if he or she resists an arrest, a stop, or a detention by fleeing in a motor vehicle from a law enforcement officer and, during the course of fleeing, drives at a speed or in a manner that demonstrates a disregard for the safety of any person or property, including that of the pursuing officer or other occupants of the fleeing vehicle, and that results in serious bodily injury or death to another person, including any officer.
- 5. A person is presumed to be fleeing a vehicle stop if he or she continues to operate a motor vehicle after he or she has seen or should have seen clearly visible emergency lights or has heard or should have heard an audible signal emanating from the law enforcement vehicle pursuing him or her.
- 45 [4.] 6. It is no defense to a prosecution pursuant to 46 subsection 1, 3, or 4 of this section that the law 47 enforcement officer was acting unlawfully in making the 48 arrest. However, nothing in this section shall be construed 49 to bar civil suits for unlawful arrest.

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- 7. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require the state to prove in a prosecution against a defendant that the defendant knew why he or she was being stopped, detained, or arrested.
- [5.] 8. The offense of resisting or interfering withan arrest is a class E felony for an arrest for a:
- 56 (1) Felony;
- 57 (2) Warrant issued for failure to appear on a felony 58 case; or
- (3) Warrant issued for a probation violation on afelony case.
- 61 The offense of resisting an arrest, detention or stop in
- 62 violation of subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection 1 of this
- 63 section is a class A misdemeanor[, unless the person fleeing
- 64 creates a substantial risk of serious physical injury or
- 65 death to any person, in which case it is a class E felony].
- 66 The offense of resisting arrest by fleeing in a motor
- of vehicle is a class E felony, unless the person has been
- 68 previously convicted under subsection 3 of this section, in
- 69 which case it is a class D felony. The offense of
- 70 aggravated resisting arrest by fleeing in a motor vehicle is
- 71 a class D felony, unless the person has been previously
- 72 convicted under subsection 4 of this section, in which case
- 73 it is a class C felony.

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