

SENATE AMENDMENT NO. _____

Offered by _____ of _____

Amend SS/House Bill No. 661, Page 8, Section 42.253, Line 16,

2 by inserting after all of said line the following:

3 "70.441. 1. As used in this section, the following
4 terms have the following meanings:

5 (1) "Agency", the bi-state development agency created
6 by compact under section 70.370;

7 (2) "Conveyance" includes bus, paratransit vehicle,
8 rapid transit car or train, locomotive, or other vehicle
9 used or held for use by the agency as a means of
10 transportation of passengers;

11 (3) "Facilities" includes all property and equipment,
12 including, without limitation, rights-of-way and related
13 trackage, rails, signals, power, fuel, communication and
14 ventilation systems, power plants, stations, terminals,
15 signage, storage yards, depots, repair and maintenance
16 shops, yards, offices, parking lots and other real estate or
17 personal property used or held for or incidental to the
18 operation, rehabilitation or improvement of any public mass
19 transportation system of the agency;

20 (4) "Person", any individual, firm, copartnership,
21 corporation, association or company; and

22 (5) "Sound production device" includes, but is not
23 limited to, any radio receiver, phonograph, television
24 receiver, musical instrument, tape recorder, cassette
25 player, speaker device and any sound amplifier.

26 2. In interpreting or applying this section, the
27 following provisions shall apply:

28 (1) Any act otherwise prohibited by this section is
29 lawful if specifically authorized by agreement, permit,
30 license or other writing duly signed by an authorized
31 officer of the agency or if performed by an officer,
32 employee or designated agent of the agency acting within the
33 scope of his or her employment or agency;

34 (2) Rules shall apply with equal force to any person
35 assisting, aiding or abetting another, including a minor, in
36 any of the acts prohibited by the rules or assisting, aiding
37 or abetting another in the avoidance of any of the
38 requirements of the rules; and

39 (3) The singular shall mean and include the plural;
40 the masculine gender shall mean the feminine and the neuter
41 genders; and vice versa.

42 3. (1) No person shall use or enter upon the light
43 rail conveyances of the agency without payment of the fare
44 or other lawful charges established by the agency. Any
45 person on any such conveyance must have properly validated
46 fare media in his possession. This ticket must be valid to
47 or from the station the passenger is using, and must have
48 been used for entry for the trip then being taken;

49 (2) No person shall use any token, pass, badge,
50 ticket, document, transfer, card or fare media to gain entry
51 to the facilities or conveyances of, or make use of the
52 services of, the agency, except as provided, authorized or
53 sold by the agency and in accordance with any restriction on
54 the use thereof imposed by the agency;

55 (3) No person shall enter upon parking lots designated
56 by the agency as requiring payment to enter, either by
57 electronic gate or parking meters, where the cost of such
58 parking fee is visibly displayed at each location, without

59 payment of such fees or other lawful charges established by
60 the agency;

61 (4) Except for employees of the agency acting within
62 the scope of their employment, no person shall sell,
63 provide, copy, reproduce or produce, or create any version
64 of any token, pass, badge, ticket, document, transfer, card
65 or any other fare media or otherwise authorize access to or
66 use of the facilities, conveyances or services of the agency
67 without the written permission of an authorized
68 representative of the agency;

69 (5) No person shall put or attempt to put any paper,
70 article, instrument or item, other than a token, ticket,
71 badge, coin, fare card, pass, transfer or other access
72 authorization or other fare media issued by the agency and
73 valid for the place, time and manner in which used, into any
74 fare box, pass reader, ticket vending machine, parking
75 meter, parking gate or other fare collection instrument,
76 receptacle, device, machine or location;

77 (6) Tokens, tickets, fare cards, badges, passes,
78 transfers or other fare media that have been forged,
79 counterfeited, imitated, altered or improperly transferred
80 or that have been used in a manner inconsistent with this
81 section shall be confiscated;

82 (7) No person may perform any act which would
83 interfere with the provision of transit service or obstruct
84 the flow of traffic on facilities or conveyances or which
85 would in any way interfere or tend to interfere with the
86 safe and efficient operation of the facilities or
87 conveyances of the agency;

88 (8) All persons on or in any facility or conveyance of
89 the agency shall:

90 (a) Comply with all lawful orders and directives of
91 any agency employee acting within the scope of his
92 employment;

93 (b) Obey any instructions on notices or signs duly
94 posted on any agency facility or conveyance; and

95 (c) Provide accurate, complete and true information or
96 documents requested by agency personnel acting within the
97 scope of their employment and otherwise in accordance with
98 law;

99 (9) No person shall falsely represent himself or
100 herself as an agent, employee or representative of the
101 agency;

102 (10) No person on or in any facility or conveyance
103 shall:

104 (a) Litter, dump garbage, liquids or other matter, or
105 create a nuisance, hazard or unsanitary condition,
106 including, but not limited to, spitting and urinating,
107 except in facilities provided;

108 (b) Drink any alcoholic beverage or possess any opened
109 or unsealed container of alcoholic beverage, except on
110 premises duly licensed for the sale of alcoholic beverages,
111 such as bars and restaurants;

112 (c) Enter or remain in any facility or conveyance
113 while his ability to function safely in the environment of
114 the agency transit system is impaired by the consumption of
115 alcohol or by the taking of any drug;

116 (d) Loiter or stay on any facility of the agency;

117 (e) Consume foods or liquids of any kind, except in
118 those areas specifically authorized by the agency;

119 (f) Smoke or carry an open flame or lighted match,
120 cigar, cigarette, pipe or torch, except in those areas or
121 locations specifically authorized by the agency; or

122 (g) Throw or cause to be propelled any stone,
123 projectile or other article at, from, upon or in a facility
124 or conveyance;

125 (11) Except as otherwise provided under section
126 571.107, no weapon or other instrument intended for use as a
127 weapon may be carried in or on any facility or conveyance,
128 except for law enforcement personnel and employees of the
129 agency acting within the scope of their employment. For the
130 purposes hereof, a weapon shall include, but not be limited
131 to, a firearm, switchblade knife, sword, or any instrument
132 of any kind known as blackjack, billy club, club, sandbag,
133 metal knuckles, leather bands studded with metal, wood
134 impregnated with metal filings or razor blades; except that
135 this subdivision shall not apply to a rifle or shotgun which
136 is unloaded and carried in any enclosed case, box or other
137 container which completely conceals the item from view and
138 identification as a weapon;

139 (12) No explosives, flammable liquids, acids,
140 fireworks or other highly combustible materials or
141 radioactive materials may be carried on or in any facility
142 or conveyance, except as authorized by the agency;

143 (13) No person, except as specifically authorized by
144 the agency, shall enter or attempt to enter into any area
145 not open to the public, including, but not limited to,
146 motorman's cabs, conductor's cabs, bus operator's seat
147 location, closed-off areas, mechanical or equipment rooms,
148 concession stands, storage areas, interior rooms, tracks,
149 roadbeds, tunnels, plants, shops, barns, train yards,
150 garages, depots or any area marked with a sign restricting
151 access or indicating a dangerous environment;

152 (14) No person may ride on the roof, the platform
153 between rapid transit cars, or on any other area outside any

154 rapid transit car or bus or other conveyance operated by the
155 agency;

156 (15) No person shall extend his hand, arm, leg, head
157 or other part of his or her person or extend any item,
158 article or other substance outside of the window or door of
159 a moving rapid transit car, bus or other conveyance operated
160 by the agency;

161 (16) No person shall enter or leave a rapid transit
162 car, bus or other conveyance operated by the agency except
163 through the entrances and exits provided for that purpose;

164 (17) No animals may be taken on or into any conveyance
165 or facility except the following:

166 (a) An animal enclosed in a container, accompanied by
167 the passenger and carried in a manner which does not annoy
168 other passengers; and

169 (b) Working dogs for law enforcement agencies, agency
170 dogs on duty, dogs properly harnessed and accompanying blind
171 or hearing-impaired persons to aid such persons, or dogs
172 accompanying trainers carrying a certificate of
173 identification issued by a dog school;

174 (18) No vehicle shall be operated carelessly, or
175 negligently, or in disregard of the rights or safety of
176 others or without due caution and circumspection, or at a
177 speed in such a manner as to be likely to endanger persons
178 or property on facilities of the agency. The speed limit on
179 parking lots and access roads shall be posted as fifteen
180 miles per hour unless otherwise designated.

181 4. (1) Unless a greater penalty is otherwise provided
182 by the laws of the state, any violation of this section
183 shall constitute a misdemeanor, and any person committing a
184 violation thereof shall be subject to arrest and, upon
185 conviction in a court of competent jurisdiction, shall pay a
186 fine in an amount not less than twenty-five dollars and no

187 greater than two hundred fifty dollars per violation, in
188 addition to court costs. Any default in the payment of a
189 fine imposed pursuant to this section without good cause
190 shall result in imprisonment for not more than thirty days;

191 (2) Unless a greater penalty is provided by the laws
192 of the state, any person convicted a second or subsequent
193 time for the same offense under this section shall be guilty
194 of a misdemeanor and sentenced to pay a fine of not less
195 than fifty dollars nor more than five hundred dollars in
196 addition to court costs, or to undergo imprisonment for up
197 to sixty days, or both such fine and imprisonment;

198 (3) Any person failing to pay the proper fare, fee or
199 other charge for use of the facilities and conveyances of
200 the agency shall be subject to payment of such charge as
201 part of the judgment against the violator. All proceeds
202 from judgments for unpaid fares or charges shall be directed
203 to the appropriate agency official;

204 (4) All juvenile offenders violating the provisions of
205 this section shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the
206 juvenile court as provided in chapter 211;

207 (5) As used in this section, the term "conviction"
208 shall include all pleas of guilty and findings of guilt.

209 5. Any person who is convicted, pleads guilty, or
210 pleads nolo contendere for failing to pay the proper fare,
211 fee, or other charge for the use of the facilities and
212 conveyances of the bi-state development agency, as described
213 in subdivision (3) of subsection 4 of this section, may, in
214 addition to the unpaid fares or charges and any fines,
215 penalties, or sentences imposed by law, be required to
216 reimburse the reasonable costs attributable to the
217 enforcement, investigation, and prosecution of such offense
218 by the bi-state development agency. The court shall direct

219 the reimbursement proceeds to the appropriate agency
220 official.

221 6. (1) Stalled or disabled vehicles may be removed
222 from the roadways of the agency property by the agency and
223 parked or stored elsewhere at the risk and expense of the
224 owner;

225 (2) Motor vehicles which are left unattended or
226 abandoned on the property of the agency for a period of over
227 seventy-two hours may be removed as provided for in section
228 304.155, except that the removal may be authorized by
229 personnel designated by the agency under section 70.378.";
230 and

231 Further amend said bill, page 110, section 570.030,
232 line 125 by inserting after all of said line the following:

233 "571.107. 1. A concealed carry permit issued pursuant
234 to sections 571.101 to 571.121, a valid concealed carry
235 endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, or a concealed
236 carry endorsement or permit issued by another state or
237 political subdivision of another state shall authorize the
238 person in whose name the permit or endorsement is issued to
239 carry concealed firearms on or about his or her person or
240 vehicle throughout the state. No concealed carry permit
241 issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, valid
242 concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013,
243 or a concealed carry endorsement or permit issued by another
244 state or political subdivision of another state shall
245 authorize any person to carry concealed firearms into:

246 (1) Any police, sheriff, or highway patrol office or
247 station without the consent of the chief law enforcement
248 officer in charge of that office or station. Possession of
249 a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the office or
250 station shall not be a criminal offense so long as the

251 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while
252 the vehicle is on the premises;

253 (2) Within twenty-five feet of any polling place on
254 any election day. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on
255 the premises of the polling place shall not be a criminal
256 offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the
257 vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

258 (3) The facility of any adult or juvenile detention or
259 correctional institution, prison or jail. Possession of a
260 firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any adult, juvenile
261 detention, or correctional institution, prison or jail shall
262 not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not
263 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is
264 on the premises;

265 (4) Any courthouse solely occupied by the circuit,
266 appellate or supreme court, or any courtrooms,
267 administrative offices, libraries or other rooms of any such
268 court whether or not such court solely occupies the building
269 in question. This subdivision shall also include, but not
270 be limited to, any juvenile, family, drug, or other court
271 offices, any room or office wherein any of the courts or
272 offices listed in this subdivision are temporarily
273 conducting any business within the jurisdiction of such
274 courts or offices, and such other locations in such manner
275 as may be specified by supreme court rule pursuant to
276 subdivision (6) of this subsection. Nothing in this
277 subdivision shall preclude those persons listed in
278 subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of section 571.030 while
279 within their jurisdiction and on duty, those persons listed
280 in subdivisions (2), (4), and (10) of subsection 2 of
281 section 571.030, or such other persons who serve in a law
282 enforcement capacity for a court as may be specified by
283 supreme court rule pursuant to subdivision (6) of this

284 subsection from carrying a concealed firearm within any of
285 the areas described in this subdivision. Possession of a
286 firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any of the areas
287 listed in this subdivision shall not be a criminal offense
288 so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or
289 brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

290 (5) Any meeting of the governing body of a unit of
291 local government; or any meeting of the general assembly or
292 a committee of the general assembly, except that nothing in
293 this subdivision shall preclude a member of the body holding
294 a valid concealed carry permit or endorsement from carrying
295 a concealed firearm at a meeting of the body which he or she
296 is a member. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the
297 premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the
298 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while
299 the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing in this subdivision
300 shall preclude a member of the general assembly, a full-time
301 employee of the general assembly employed under Section 17,
302 Article III, Constitution of Missouri, legislative employees
303 of the general assembly as determined under section 21.155,
304 or statewide elected officials and their employees, holding
305 a valid concealed carry permit or endorsement, from carrying
306 a concealed firearm in the state capitol building or at a
307 meeting whether of the full body of a house of the general
308 assembly or a committee thereof, that is held in the state
309 capitol building;

310 (6) The general assembly, supreme court, county or
311 municipality may by rule, administrative regulation, or
312 ordinance prohibit or limit the carrying of concealed
313 firearms by permit or endorsement holders in that portion of
314 a building owned, leased or controlled by that unit of
315 government. Any portion of a building in which the carrying
316 of concealed firearms is prohibited or limited shall be

317 clearly identified by signs posted at the entrance to the
318 restricted area. The statute, rule or ordinance shall
319 exempt any building used for public housing by private
320 persons, highways or rest areas, firing ranges, and private
321 dwellings owned, leased, or controlled by that unit of
322 government from any restriction on the carrying or
323 possession of a firearm. The statute, rule or ordinance
324 shall not specify any criminal penalty for its violation but
325 may specify that persons violating the statute, rule or
326 ordinance may be denied entrance to the building, ordered to
327 leave the building and if employees of the unit of
328 government, be subjected to disciplinary measures for
329 violation of the provisions of the statute, rule or
330 ordinance. The provisions of this subdivision shall not
331 apply to any other unit of government;

332 (7) Any establishment licensed to dispense
333 intoxicating liquor for consumption on the premises, which
334 portion is primarily devoted to that purpose, without the
335 consent of the owner or manager. The provisions of this
336 subdivision shall not apply to the licensee of said
337 establishment. The provisions of this subdivision shall not
338 apply to any bona fide restaurant open to the general public
339 having dining facilities for not less than fifty persons and
340 that receives at least fifty-one percent of its gross annual
341 income from the dining facilities by the sale of food. This
342 subdivision does not prohibit the possession of a firearm in
343 a vehicle on the premises of the establishment and shall not
344 be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed
345 from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the
346 premises. Nothing in this subdivision authorizes any
347 individual who has been issued a concealed carry permit or
348 endorsement to possess any firearm while intoxicated;

349 (8) Any area of an airport to which access is
350 controlled by the inspection of persons and property.
351 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the
352 airport shall not be a criminal offense so long as the
353 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while
354 the vehicle is on the premises;

355 (9) Any place where the carrying of a firearm is
356 prohibited by federal law;

357 (10) Any higher education institution or elementary or
358 secondary school facility without the consent of the
359 governing body of the higher education institution or a
360 school official or the district school board, unless the
361 person with the concealed carry endorsement or permit is a
362 teacher or administrator of an elementary or secondary
363 school who has been designated by his or her school district
364 as a school protection officer and is carrying a firearm in
365 a school within that district, in which case no consent is
366 required. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the
367 premises of any higher education institution or elementary
368 or secondary school facility shall not be a criminal offense
369 so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or
370 brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

371 (11) Any portion of a building used as a child care
372 facility without the consent of the manager. Nothing in
373 this subdivision shall prevent the operator of a child care
374 facility in a family home from owning or possessing a
375 firearm or a concealed carry permit or endorsement;

376 (12) Any riverboat gambling operation accessible by
377 the public without the consent of the owner or manager
378 pursuant to rules promulgated by the gaming commission.
379 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of a
380 riverboat gambling operation shall not be a criminal offense

381 so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or
382 brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

383 (13) Any gated area of an amusement park. Possession
384 of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the amusement
385 park shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm
386 is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the
387 vehicle is on the premises;

388 (14) Any church or other place of religious worship
389 without the consent of the minister or person or persons
390 representing the religious organization that exercises
391 control over the place of religious worship. Possession of
392 a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a
393 criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from
394 the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the
395 premises;

396 (15) Any private property whose owner has posted the
397 premises as being off-limits to concealed firearms by means
398 of one or more signs displayed in a conspicuous place of a
399 minimum size of eleven inches by fourteen inches with the
400 writing thereon in letters of not less than one inch. The
401 owner, business or commercial lessee, manager of a private
402 business enterprise, or any other organization, entity, or
403 person may prohibit persons holding a concealed carry permit
404 or endorsement from carrying concealed firearms on the
405 premises and may prohibit employees, not authorized by the
406 employer, holding a concealed carry permit or endorsement
407 from carrying concealed firearms on the property of the
408 employer. If the building or the premises are open to the
409 public, the employer of the business enterprise shall post
410 signs on or about the premises if carrying a concealed
411 firearm is prohibited. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle
412 on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as
413 the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished

414 while the vehicle is on the premises. An employer may
415 prohibit employees or other persons holding a concealed
416 carry permit or endorsement from carrying a concealed
417 firearm in vehicles owned by the employer;

418 (16) Any sports arena or stadium with a seating
419 capacity of five thousand or more. Possession of a firearm
420 in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense
421 so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or
422 brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

423 (17) Any hospital accessible by the public.
424 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of a
425 hospital shall not be a criminal offense so long as the
426 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while
427 the vehicle is on the premises.

428 2. Carrying of a concealed firearm in a location
429 specified in subdivisions (1) to (17) of subsection 1 of
430 this section by any individual who holds a concealed carry
431 permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, or a
432 concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013,
433 shall not be a criminal act but may subject the person to
434 denial to the premises or removal from the premises. If
435 such person refuses to leave the premises and a peace
436 officer is summoned, such person may be issued a citation
437 for an amount not to exceed one hundred dollars for the
438 first offense. If a second citation for a similar violation
439 occurs within a six-month period, such person shall be fined
440 an amount not to exceed two hundred dollars and his or her
441 permit, and, if applicable, endorsement to carry concealed
442 firearms shall be suspended for a period of one year. If a
443 third citation for a similar violation is issued within one
444 year of the first citation, such person shall be fined an
445 amount not to exceed five hundred dollars and shall have his
446 or her concealed carry permit, and, if applicable,

447 endorsement revoked and such person shall not be eligible
448 for a concealed carry permit for a period of three years.
449 Upon conviction of charges arising from a citation issued
450 pursuant to this subsection, the court shall notify the
451 sheriff of the county which issued the concealed carry
452 permit, or, if the person is a holder of a concealed carry
453 endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, the court shall
454 notify the sheriff of the county which issued the
455 certificate of qualification for a concealed carry
456 endorsement and the department of revenue. The sheriff
457 shall suspend or revoke the concealed carry permit or, if
458 applicable, the certificate of qualification for a concealed
459 carry endorsement. If the person holds an endorsement, the
460 department of revenue shall issue a notice of such
461 suspension or revocation of the concealed carry endorsement
462 and take action to remove the concealed carry endorsement
463 from the individual's driving record. The director of
464 revenue shall notify the licensee that he or she must apply
465 for a new license pursuant to chapter 302 which does not
466 contain such endorsement. The notice issued by the
467 department of revenue shall be mailed to the last known
468 address shown on the individual's driving record. The
469 notice is deemed received three days after mailing.

470 3. Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter,
471 chapters 70, 577, or 578 to the contrary, a person carrying
472 a firearm concealed on or about his or her person who is
473 lawfully in possession of a valid concealed carry permit or
474 endorsement shall not be prohibited or impeded from
475 accessing or using any publicly funded transportation
476 system, nor shall such person be harassed or detained for
477 carrying a concealed firearm on the property, vehicles, or
478 conveyances owned, contracted, or leased by such systems
479 that are accessible to the public. For purposes of this

480 section, "public transportation system" means the property,
481 equipment, rights-of-way, or buildings, either publicly or
482 privately owned and operated, of an entity that receives
483 public funds and holds itself out to the general public for
484 the transportation of persons. This includes portions of a
485 public transportation system provided through a contract
486 with a private entity, but excludes any corporation that
487 provides intercity passenger train service on railroads
488 throughout the United States or any private partnership in
489 which the corporation engages.

490 577.703. 1. A person commits the offense of bus
491 hijacking if he or she seizes or exercises control, by force
492 or violence or threat of force or violence, of any bus. The
493 offense of bus hijacking is a class B felony.

494 2. The offense of "assault with the intent to commit
495 bus hijacking" is defined as an intimidation, threat,
496 assault or battery toward any driver, attendant or guard of
497 a bus so as to interfere with the performance of duties by
498 such person. Assault to commit bus hijacking is a class D
499 felony.

500 3. Any person, who, in the commission of such
501 intimidation, threat, assault or battery with the intent to
502 commit bus hijacking, employs a dangerous or deadly weapon
503 or other means capable of inflicting serious bodily injury
504 shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a class A felony.

505 4. Except as otherwise provided under section 571.107,
506 any passenger who boards a bus with a dangerous or deadly
507 weapon or other means capable of inflicting serious bodily
508 injury concealed upon his or her person or effects is guilty
509 of the felony of "possession and concealment of a dangerous
510 or deadly weapon" upon a bus. Possession and concealment of
511 a dangerous and deadly weapon by a passenger upon a bus is a

512 class D felony. The provisions of this subsection shall not
513 apply to:

514 (1) Duly elected or appointed law enforcement officers
515 or commercial security personnel who are in possession of
516 weapons used within the course and scope of their
517 employment; [nor shall the provisions of this subsection
518 apply to];

519 (2) Persons who are in possession of weapons or other
520 means of inflicting serious bodily injury with the consent
521 of the owner of such bus, his or her agent, or the lessee or
522 bailee of such bus;

523 (3) Persons carrying concealed firearms who lawfully
524 possess a valid concealed carry permit or endorsement in
525 accordance with section 571.107; or

526 (4) Persons transporting a firearm in a nonfunctioning
527 state or in an unloaded state when ammunition is not readily
528 accessible.

529 577.712. 1. In order to provide for the safety,
530 comfort, and well-being of passengers and others having a
531 bona fide business interest in any terminal, a bus
532 transportation company may refuse admission to terminals to
533 any person not having bona fide business within the
534 terminal. Any such refusal shall not be inconsistent or
535 contrary to state or federal laws, regulations pursuant
536 thereto, or to any ordinance of the political subdivision in
537 which such terminal is located. A duly authorized company
538 representative may ask any person in a terminal or on the
539 premises of a terminal to identify himself or herself and
540 state his or her business. Failure to comply with such
541 request or failure to state an acceptable business purpose
542 shall be grounds for the company representative to request
543 that such person leave the terminal. Refusal to comply with

544 such request shall constitute disorderly conduct.

545 Disorderly conduct shall be a class C misdemeanor.

546 2. Except as otherwise provided under section 571.107,
 547 it is unlawful for any person to carry a deadly or dangerous
 548 weapon or any explosives or hazardous material into a
 549 terminal or aboard a bus. Possession of a deadly or
 550 dangerous weapon, explosive or hazardous material shall be a
 551 class D felony. Upon the discovery of any such item or
 552 material, the company may obtain possession and retain
 553 custody of such item or material until it is transferred to
 554 the custody of law enforcement officers. The provisions of
 555 this section shall not apply to persons transporting a
 556 firearm in a nonfunctioning state or in an unloaded state
 557 when ammunition is not readily accessible."; and

558 Further amend said bill, page 116, section 1, line 9 by
 559 inserting after all of said line the following:

560 "70.385. 1. Two of the five appointments
 561 made by the governor pursuant to the provisions
 562 of section 70.380 shall be selected from a panel
 563 of three nominees submitted by the mayor of St.
 564 Louis City. Two of the five appointments made
 565 by the governor pursuant to the provisions of
 566 section 70.380 shall be selected from a panel of
 567 three nominees submitted by the county executive
 568 of St. Louis County.

569 2. The fifth appointment made by the
 570 governor pursuant to section 70.380 shall be
 571 selected from a panel of three nominees
 572 submitted alternately by the mayor of St. Louis
 573 City and the county executive of St. Louis
 574 County. The next appointment following August
 575 28, 1997, shall be to fill the commissioner
 576 position described in this subsection and shall
 577 be made from three nominees submitted by the
 578 county executive of St. Louis County. The next
 579 appointment for the commissioner position
 580 described in this subsection shall be made from
 581 three nominees submitted by the mayor of St.
 582 Louis City whereupon the order of nomination and
 583 appointment for this position will repeat itself.

584 3. The order of the appointments made
 585 pursuant to subsection 1 of this section shall
 586 be as follows:

587 (1) One from the panel of nominees
 588 submitted by the mayor of St. Louis city;

589 (2) One from the panel of nominees
590 submitted by the county executive of St. Louis
591 County whereupon the order of such appointments
592 shall repeat itself.

593 4. Whenever the mayor or the county
594 executive submits a panel of three nominees,
595 they shall adhere to the intent set forth in the
596 provisions of subsection 2 of section
597 213.020.]"; and

598 Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.