SENATE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

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HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 734

AN ACT

sections 386.370, 393.106, 393.355, repeal 394.120, and 400.9-109, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof eleven new sections relating to utilities.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows: Section A. Sections 386.370, 393.106, 393.355, 394.120, 2 and 400.9-109, RSMo, are repealed and eleven new sections 3 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 67.309, 4 386.370, 386.895, 393.106, 393.355, 393.1620, 393.1700, 5 393.1705, 393.1715, 394.120, and 400.9-109, to read as follows: 67.309. 1. No political subdivision of this state, 2 including any referenced in section 386.020, shall adopt an 3 ordinance, resolution, regulation, code, or policy that prohibits, or has the effect of prohibiting, the connection 4 5 or reconnection of a utility service based upon the type or source of energy to be delivered to an individual customer. 6 Nothing in this section shall limit the ability of a 7 8 political subdivision to choose utility services for 9 properties owned by such political subdivision. 10 2. For purposes of this section, utility services shall include natural gas, propane gas, electricity, and any

- 11 other form of energy provided to an end user customer. 12
 - 386.370. 1. The commission shall, prior to the
- beginning of each fiscal year beginning with the fiscal year 2
- 3 commencing on July 1, 1947, make an estimate of the expenses

- 4 to be incurred by it during such fiscal year reasonably 5 attributable to the regulation of public utilities as
- 6 provided in chapters 386, 392 and 393 and shall also
- 7 separately estimate the amount of such expenses directly
- 8 attributable to such regulation of each of the following
- 9 groups of public utilities: Electrical corporations, gas
- 10 corporations, water corporations, heating companies and
- 11 telephone corporations, telegraph corporations, sewer
- 12 corporations, and any other public utility as defined in
- 13 section 386.020, as well as the amount of such expenses not
- 14 directly attributable to any such group. For purposes of
- 15 this section, water corporations and sewer corporations will
- 16 be combined and considered one group of public utilities.
- 17 2. The commission shall allocate to each such group of
- 18 public utilities the estimated expenses directly
- 19 attributable to the regulation of such group and an amount
- 20 equal to such proportion of the estimated expenses not
- 21 directly attributable to any group as the gross intrastate
- 22 operating revenues of such group during the preceding
- 23 calendar year bears to the total gross intrastate operating
- 24 revenues of all public utilities subject to the jurisdiction
- 25 of the commission, as aforesaid, during such calendar year.
- 26 The commission shall then assess the amount so allocated to
- 27 each group of public utilities, subject to reduction as
- 28 herein provided, to the public utilities in such group in
- 29 proportion to their respective gross intrastate operating
- 30 revenues during the preceding calendar year, except that the
- 31 total amount so assessed to all such public utilities shall
- 32 not exceed [one-fourth] three hundred fifteen thousandths of
- 33 one percent of the total gross intrastate operating revenues
- 34 of all utilities subject to the jurisdiction of the
- 35 commission.

- 36 The commission shall render a statement of such assessment to each such public utility on or before July 37 38 first and the amount so assessed to each such public utility shall be paid by it to the director of revenue in full on or 39 40 before July fifteenth next following the rendition of such 41 statement, except that any such public utility may at its 42 election pay such assessment in four equal installments not 43 later than the following dates next following the rendition of said statement, to wit: July fifteenth, October 44 45 fifteenth, January fifteenth and April fifteenth. The director of revenue shall remit such payments to the state 46 47 treasurer.
- The state treasurer shall credit such payments to a 48 4. special fund, which is hereby created, to be known as "The 49 Public Service Commission Fund", which fund, or its 50 51 successor fund created pursuant to section 33.571, shall be 52 devoted solely to the payment of expenditures actually incurred by the commission and attributable to the 53 54 regulation of such public utilities subject to the jurisdiction of the commission, as aforesaid. Any amount 55 remaining in such special fund or its successor fund at the 56 57 end of any fiscal year shall not revert to the general revenue fund, but shall be applicable by appropriation of 58 59 the general assembly to the payment of such expenditures of 60 the commission in the succeeding fiscal year and shall be 61 applied by the commission to the reduction of the amount to 62 be assessed to such public utilities in such succeeding fiscal year, such reduction to be allocated to each group of 63 64 public utilities in proportion to the respective gross intrastate operating revenues of the respective groups 65 during the preceding calendar year. 66
 - 5. In order to enable the commission to make the allocations and assessments herein provided for, each public

- 69 utility subject to the jurisdiction of the commission as
- 70 aforesaid shall file with the commission, within ten days
- 71 after August 28, 1996, and thereafter on or before March
- 72 thirty-first of each year, a statement under oath showing
- 73 its gross intrastate operating revenues for the preceding
- 74 calendar year, and if any public utility shall fail to file
- 75 such statement within the time aforesaid the commission
- 76 shall estimate such revenue which estimate shall be binding
- 77 on such public utility for the purpose of this section.
 - 386.895. 1. As used in this section, the following
- 2 terms shall mean:
- 3 (1) "Biogas", a mixture of carbon dioxide and
- 4 hydrocarbons, primarily methane gas, released from the
- 5 biological decomposition of organic materials;
- 6 (2) "Biomass", has the meaning given the term
- 7 "qualified biomass" in section 142.028;
- 8 (3) "Gas corporation", the same as defined in section
- 9 386.020;
- 10 (4) "Qualified investment", any capital investment in
- 11 renewable natural gas infrastructure incurred by a gas
- 12 corporation for the purpose of providing natural gas service
- under a renewable natural gas program;
- 14 (5) "Renewable energy sources", hydroelectric,
- 15 geothermal, solar photovoltaic, wind, tidal, wave, biomass,
- or biogas energy sources;
- 17 (6) "Renewable natural gas", any of the following
- 18 products processed to meet pipeline quality standards or
- 19 transportation fuel grade requirements:
- 20 (a) Biogas that is upgraded to meet natural gas
- 21 pipeline quality standards such that it may blend with, or
- 22 substitute for, geologic natural gas;
- 23 (b) Hydrogen gas; or
- 24 (c) Methane gas derived from any combination of:

- 25 a. Biogas;
- b. Hydrogen gas or carbon oxides derived from
- 27 renewable energy sources; or
- c. Waste carbon dioxide;
- 29 (7) "Renewable natural gas infrastructure", all
- 30 equipment and facilities for the production, processing,
- 31 pipeline interconnection, and distribution of renewable
- natural gas to be furnished to Missouri customers.
- 33 2. The commission shall adopt rules for gas
- 34 corporations to offer a voluntary renewable natural gas
- 35 program. Rules adopted by the commission under this section
- 36 shall include:
- 37 (1) Rules for reporting requirements; and
- 38 (2) Rules for establishing a process for gas
- 39 corporations to fully recover incurred costs that are
- 40 prudent, just, and reasonable associated with a renewable
- 41 natural gas program. Such recovery shall not be permitted
- 42 until the project is operational and produces renewable
- 43 natural gas for customer use.
- 44 3. A filing by a gas corporation pursuant to the
- 45 renewable natural gas program created in subsection 2 of
- 46 this section shall include, but is not limited to:
- 47 (1) A proposal to procure a total volume of renewable
- 48 natural gas over a specific period; and
- 49 (2) Identification of the qualified investments that
- 50 the gas corporation may make in renewable natural gas
- 51 infrastructure.
- 4. A gas corporation may from time to time revise the
- 53 filing submitted to the commission under this section no
- 54 more than one time per year.
- 55 5. Any costs incurred by a gas corporation for a
- 56 qualified investment that are prudent, just, and reasonable

- 57 may be recovered by means of an automatic rate adjustment 58 clause.
- 6. When a gas corporation makes a qualified investment in the production of renewable natural gas, the costs
 associated with such qualified investment shall include the cost of capital established by the commission in the gas corporation's most recent general rate case.

- 7. On or before January 1, 2023, the division of energy within the department of natural resources shall provide to the chair of the public service commission, the speaker of the house of representatives, the president protempore of the senate, the chair of the senate committee on commerce, consumer protection, energy, and the environment, and the chair of the house of representatives utility committee, a report on the renewable natural gas program established under this section. Such report shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- (1) The number of projects submitted for the renewable natural gas program and the number of projects approved for the renewable natural gas program;
 - (2) The number of projects that are operational, and the costs, projected and actual, of such projects and other key metrics the division of energy deems important;
- (3) The volume of renewable natural gas produced in the state through projects that were approved by the renewable natural gas program as well as the percentage of renewable natural gas produced in relation to the total volume of natural gas sold in the state;
- (4) The environmental benefits of renewable natural gas, including but not limited to greenhouse gas reduction as a result of the production of renewable natural gas;
- 88 (5) The economic benefits of the renewable natural gas 89 program, including but not limited to local employment,

- 90 value-added production for the agricultural sector, and
- 91 other economic development; and
- 92 (6) Any economic benefits or other costs to ratepayers.
- 8. Rules adopted by the commission under this section
- 94 shall not prohibit an affiliate of a gas corporation from
- 95 making a capital investment in a biogas production project
- 96 if the affiliate is not a public utility as defined in
- 97 section 386.020.
- 98 9. The public service commission may promulgate rules
- 99 to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or
- 100 portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section
- 101 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in
- this section shall become effective only if it complies with
- and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and,
- if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter
- 105 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with
- 106 the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to
- 107 delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule
- 108 are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of
- 109 rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after
- 110 August 28, 2021, shall be invalid and void.
- 111 10. Pursuant to section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset
- 112 act, this section and any rules enacted under this section
- 113 shall expire nine years from the date the renewable natural
- 114 gas program is established, unless reauthorized by the
- 115 general assembly; provided that any rate adjustment
- 116 authorized by this section shall continue so long as the
- 117 renewable natural gas program remains in operation and
- 118 produces renewable natural gas for customer use.
 - 393.106. 1. As used in this section, the following
 - 2 terms mean:
 - 3 (1) "Auxiliary power", the energy used to operate
 - 4 equipment and other load that is directly related to the

- 5 production of energy by an independent power producer or
- 6 electrical corporation, obtained through generation at the
- 7 site or through adjacent transformation and transmission
- 8 interconnect, but does not include energy used for space
- 9 heating, lighting, air conditioning, office needs of
- 10 buildings, and other non-generating uses at the generation
- 11 site;
- 12 (2) "Independent power producer" or "IPP", an entity
- that is also considered a non-utility power producer in the
- 14 United States. IPPs are wholesale electricity producers
- 15 that operate within the franchised service territories of
- 16 host utilities and are usually authorized to sell at market-
- 17 based rates. Unlike traditional electric utilities, IPPs do
- 18 not possess transmission facilities or sell electricity in
- 19 the retail market;
- 20 (3) "Permanent service", electrical service provided
- 21 through facilities which have been permanently installed on
- 22 a structure and which are designed to provide electric
- 23 service for the structure's anticipated needs for the
- 24 indefinite future, as contrasted with facilities installed
- 25 temporarily to provide electrical service during
- 26 construction. Service provided temporarily shall be at the
- 27 risk of the electrical supplier and shall not be
- 28 determinative of the rights of the provider or recipient of
- 29 permanent service;
- 30 [(2)] (4) "Structure" or "structures", an
- 31 agricultural, residential, commercial, industrial or other
- 32 building or a mechanical installation, machinery or
- 33 apparatus at which retail electric energy is being delivered
- 34 through a metering device which is located on or adjacent to
- 35 the structure and connected to the lines of an electrical
- 36 supplier. Such terms shall include any contiquous or
- 37 adjacent additions to or expansions of a particular

- structure. Nothing in this section shall be construed to confer any right on an electric supplier to serve new structures on a particular tract of land because it was serving an existing structure on that tract.
- 42 Once an electrical corporation or joint municipal utility commission, or its predecessor in interest, lawfully 43 44 commences supplying retail electric energy to a structure 45 through permanent service facilities, it shall have the right to continue serving such structure, and other 46 47 suppliers of electrical energy shall not have the right to provide service to the structure except as might be 48 otherwise permitted in the context of municipal annexation, 49 pursuant to section 386.800 and section 394.080, or pursuant 50 to a territorial agreement approved under section 394.312. 51 52 The public service commission, upon application made by an affected party, may order a change of suppliers on the basis 53 54 that it is in the public interest for a reason other than a rate differential. The commission's jurisdiction under this 55 56 section is limited to public interest determinations and excludes questions as to the lawfulness of the provision of 57 service, such questions being reserved to courts of 58 59 competent jurisdiction. Except as provided in this section, nothing contained herein shall affect the rights, privileges 60 61 or duties of existing corporations pursuant to this chapter. Nothing in this section shall be construed to make 62 63 lawful any provision of service which was unlawful prior to July 11, 1991. Nothing in this section shall be construed 64 to make unlawful the continued lawful provision of service 65 to any structure which may have had a different supplier in 66 the past, if such a change in supplier was lawful at the 67 time it occurred. However, those customers who had 68 cancelled service with their previous supplier or had 69 70 requested cancellation by May 1, 1991, shall be eligible to

- 71 change suppliers as per previous procedures. No customer
- 72 shall be allowed to change electric suppliers by
- 73 disconnecting service between May 1, 1991, and July 11, 1991.
- 74 3. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 2 of
- 75 this section or any other provision of chapters 386 or 394
- 76 to the contrary, auxiliary power may be purchased on a
- 77 wholesale basis, under the applicable federal tariffs of a
- 78 regional transmission organization instead of under retail
- 79 service tariffs filed with the public service commission by
- 80 an electrical corporation, for use at an electric generation
- 81 facility located in any county of the first classification
- 82 with more than ninety-two thousand but fewer than one
- 83 hundred one thousand inhabitants which commenced commercial
- 84 operations prior to August 28, 2021, and which is operated
- 85 as an independent power producer.
 - 393.355. 1. As used in this section, the following
- 2 terms shall mean:
- 3 (1) "Electrical corporation", the same meaning given
- 4 to the term in section 386.020, but shall not include an
- 5 electrical corporation as described in subsection 2 of
- 6 section 393.110;
- 7 (2) "Facility", a:
- 8 (a) Facility whose primary industry is the [smelting]
- 9 processing of [aluminum and] primary metals[, Standard
- 10 Industrial Classification Code 3334];
- 11 (b) Facility whose primary industry is the production
- 12 or fabrication of steel, North American Industrial
- 13 Classification System 331110; or
- (c) Facility with a new or incremental increase in
- 15 load equal to or in excess of a monthly demand of fifty
- megawatts.
- 17 2. Notwithstanding section 393.130 or any other
- 18 provision of law to the contrary, the public service

- commission shall have the authority to approve a special rate, outside a general rate proceeding, that is not based on the electrical corporation's cost of service for a facility if:
- The commission determines, but for the authorization of the special rate the facility would not commence operations, the special rate is in the interest of the state of Missouri when considering the interests of the customers of the electrical corporation serving the facility, considering the incremental cost of serving the facility to receive the special rate, and the interests of the citizens of the state generally in promoting economic development, improving the tax base, providing employment opportunities in the state, and promoting such other benefits to the state as the commission may determine are created by approval of the special rate;

- (2) After approval of the special rate, the commission allocates in each general rate proceeding of the electrical corporation serving the facility the reduced revenues from the special rate as compared to the revenues that would have been generated at the rate the facility would have paid without the special rate to the electrical corporation's other customers through a uniform percentage adjustment to all components of the base rates of all customer classes; and
- (3) The commission approves a tracking mechanism meeting the requirements of subsection 3 of this section.
- 3. Any commission order approving a special rate authorized by this section to provide service to a facility in the manner specified under subsection 4 of this section shall establish, as part of the commission's approval of a special rate, a tracking mechanism to track changes in the net margin experienced by the electrical corporation serving the facility with the tracker to apply retroactively to the

- 52 date the electrical corporation's base rates were last set
- in its last general rate proceeding concluded prior to June
- 54 14, 2017. The commission shall ensure that the changes in
- 55 net margin experienced by the electrical corporation between
- 56 the general rate proceedings as a result of serving the
- 57 facility are calculated in such a manner that the electrical
- 58 corporation's net income is neither increased nor
- 59 decreased. The changes in net margin shall be deferred to a
- 60 regulatory liability or regulatory asset, as applicable,
- 61 with the balance of such regulatory asset or liability to be
- 62 included in the revenue requirement of the electrical
- 63 corporation in each of its general rate proceedings through
- an amortization of the balance over a reasonable period
- 65 until fully returned to or collected from the electrical
- 66 corporation's customers.
- 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 393.170,
- 68 an electrical corporation is authorized to provide electric
- 69 service to a facility at a special rate for the new or
- 70 incremental load authorized by the commission:
- 71 (1) Under a rate schedule reflecting the special rate
- 72 approved by the commission; or
- 73 (2) If the facility is located outside the electrical
- 74 corporation's certificated service territory, the facility
- 75 shall be treated as if it is in the electrical corporation's
- 76 certified service territory, subject to a commission-
- 77 approved rate schedule incorporating the special rate under
- 78 the contract.
- 79 5. To receive a special rate, the electrical
- 80 corporation serving the facility, or facility if the
- 81 facility is located outside of the electrical corporation's
- 82 certified service territory, shall file a written
- 83 application with the commission specifying the requested
- 84 special rate and any terms or conditions proposed by the

- 85 facility respecting the requested special rate and provide 86 information regarding how the requested special rate meets the criteria specified in subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of 87 this section. A special rate provided for by this section 88 89 shall be effective for no longer than ten years from the 90 date such special rate is authorized. The commission may impose such conditions, including but not limited to any 91 92 conditions in a memorandum of understanding between the 93 facility and the electrical corporation, on the special rate 94 as it deems appropriate so long as it otherwise complies 95 with the provisions of this section.
- Any entity which has been granted a special rate 96 97 under this section may reapply to the commission for a 98 special rate under this section.

- 393.1620. 1. For the purposes of this section, the following terms shall mean:
- 3 "Average and excess method", a method for (1)allocation of production plant costs using factors that 4 5 consider the classes' average demands and excess demands, 6 determined by subtracting the average demands from the non-7 coincident peak demands, for the four months with the highest system peak loads. The production plant costs are 8 9 allocated using the class average and excess demands 10 proportionally based on the system load factor, where the system load factor determines the percentage of production 11 12 plant costs allocated using the average demands, and the 13 remainder of production plant costs are allocated using the 14 excess demands;
- "Class cost of service study", a study designed to 15 (2) allocate a utility's costs to each customer class on the basis of which customer class causes the costs; 17
- "Commission", the Missouri public service 18 (3) 19 commission;

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20 (4) "Electrical corporation", the same as defined in
21 section 386.020, but shall not include an electrical
22 corporation as described in subsection 2 of section 393.110;
23 (5) "Production plant costs", fixed costs reflected on
24 the electrical corporation's accounting books for the
25 applicable test period, as updated or trued-up, associated
26 with the production or purchase of electricity.
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- 27 2. In determining the allocation of an electrical corporation's total revenue requirement in a general rate 28 29 case, the commission shall only consider class cost of service study results that allocate the electrical 30 31 corporation's production plant costs from nuclear and fossil 32 generating units using the average and excess method or one of the methods of assignment or allocation contained within 33 the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners 34 35 1992 manual or subsequent manual.
- 3. This section shall expire on August 28, 2031.

 393.1700. 1. For purposes of sections 393.1700 to

 393.1715, the following terms shall mean:
- (1) "Ancillary agreement", a bond, insurance policy,
 letter of credit, reserve account, surety bond, interest
 rate lock or swap arrangement, hedging arrangement,
 liquidity or credit support arrangement, or other financial
- 7 arrangement entered into in connection with securitized 8 utility tariff bonds;
- 9 (2) "Assignee", a legally recognized entity to which
 10 an electrical corporation assigns, sells, or transfers,
 11 other than as security, all or a portion of its interest in
 12 or right to securitized utility tariff property. The term
 13 includes a corporation, limited liability company, general
 14 partnership or limited partnership, public authority, trust,
- financing entity, or any entity to which an assignee

- 16 assigns, sells, or transfers, other than as security, its interest in or right to securitized utility tariff property; 17 18 "Bondholder", a person who holds a securitized utility tariff bond; 19 20 "Code", the uniform commercial code, chapter 400; 21 "Commission", the Missouri public service (5) 22 commission; 23 "Electrical corporation", the same as defined in section 386.020, but shall not include an electrical 24 25 corporation as described in subsection 2 of section 393.110; "Energy transition costs", include all of the 26 27 following: 28 (a) Pretax costs with respect to a retired or abandoned or to be retired or abandoned electric generating 29 facility that is the subject of a petition for a financing 30 order filed under this section where such early retirement 31 32 or abandonment is deemed reasonable and prudent by the 33 commission through a final order issued by the commission, 34 include, but are not limited to, the undepreciated investment in the retired or abandoned or to be retired or 35 abandoned electric generating facility and any facilities 36 37 ancillary thereto or used in conjunction therewith, costs of decommissioning and restoring the site of the electric 38 39 generating facility, other applicable capital and operating costs, accrued carrying charges, and deferred expenses, with 40 the foregoing to be reduced by applicable tax benefits of 41 42 accumulated and excess deferred income taxes, insurance, scrap and salvage proceeds, and may include the cost of 43 retiring any existing indebtedness, fees, costs, and 44 expenses to modify existing debt agreements or for waivers 45 or consents related to existing debt agreements; 46 Pretax costs that an electrical corporation has 47
 - previously incurred related to the retirement or abandonment

- of such an electric generating facility occurring before
- 50 August 28, 2021;
- 51 (8) "Financing costs", includes all of the following:
- 52 (a) Interest and acquisition, defeasance, or
- redemption premiums payable on securitized utility tariff
- 54 bonds;
- (b) Any payment required under an ancillary agreement
- and any amount required to fund or replenish a reserve
- 57 <u>account or other accounts established under the terms of any</u>
- 58 indenture, ancillary agreement, or other financing documents
- 59 pertaining to securitized utility tariff bonds;
- 60 (c) Any other cost related to issuing, supporting,
- 61 repaying, refunding, and servicing securitized utility
- 62 tariff bonds, including servicing fees, accounting and
- 63 auditing fees, trustee fees, legal fees, consulting fees,
- 64 structuring adviser fees, administrative fees, placement and
- 65 underwriting fees, independent director and manager fees,
- 66 capitalized interest, rating agency fees, stock exchange
- 67 listing and compliance fees, security registration fees,
- 68 filing fees, information technology programming costs, and
- 69 any other costs necessary to otherwise ensure the timely
- 70 payment of securitized utility tariff bonds or other amounts
- 71 or charges payable in connection with the bonds, including
- 72 costs related to obtaining the financing order;
- 73 (d) Any taxes and license fees or other fees imposed
- on the revenues generated from the collection of the
- 75 securitized utility tariff charge or otherwise resulting
- 76 from the collection of securitized utility tariff charges,
- in any such case whether paid, payable, or accrued;
- 78 (e) Any state and local taxes, franchise, gross
- 79 receipts, and other taxes or similar charges, including
- 80 commission assessment fees, whether paid, payable, or
- 81 accrued;

82 (f) Any costs associated with performance of the 83 commission's responsibilities under this section in connection with approving, approving subject to conditions, 84 or rejecting a petition for a financing order, and in 85 86 performing its duties in connection with the issuance advice 87 letter process, including costs to retain counsel, one or more financial advisors, or other consultants as deemed 88 89 appropriate by the commission and paid pursuant to this 90 section; 91 (9) "Financing order", an order from the commission that authorizes the issuance of securitized utility tariff 92 bonds; the imposition, collection, and periodic adjustments 93 94 of a securitized utility tariff charge; the creation of 95 securitized utility tariff property; and the sale, assignment, or transfer of securitized utility tariff 96 97 property to an assignee; 98 (10) "Financing party", bondholders and trustees, 99 collateral agents, any party under an ancillary agreement, 100 or any other person acting for the benefit of bondholders; "Financing statement", the same as defined in 101 article 9 of the code; 102 103 (12) "Pledgee", a financing party to which an electrical corporation or its successors or assignees 104 105 mortgages, negotiates, pledges, or creates a security 106 interest or lien on all or any portion of its interest in or 107 right to securitized utility tariff property; (13) "Qualified extraordinary costs", costs incurred 108 prudently before, on, or after August 28, 2021, of an 109 extraordinary nature which would cause extreme customer rate 110 111 impacts if reflected in retail customer rates recovered through customary ratemaking, such as but not limited to 112 those related to purchases of fuel or power, inclusive of 113 114 carrying charges, during anomalous weather events;

115 (14) "Rate base cutoff date", the same as defined in 116 subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of section 393.1400 as such 117 term existed on August 28, 2021; (15) "Securitized utility tariff bonds", bonds, 118 119 debentures, notes, certificates of participation, 120 certificates of beneficial interest, certificates of ownership, or other evidences of indebtedness or ownership 121 122 that are issued by an electrical corporation or an assignee 123 pursuant to a financing order, the proceeds of which are 124 used directly or indirectly to recover, finance, or refinance commission-approved securitized utility tariff 125 costs and financing costs, and that are secured by or 126 127 payable from securitized utility tariff property. If 128 certificates of participation or ownership are issued, 129 references in this section to principal, interest, or 130 premium shall be construed to refer to comparable amounts 131 under those certificates; (16) "Securitized utility tariff charge", the amounts 132 133 authorized by the commission to repay, finance, or refinance 134 securitized utility tariff costs and financing costs and that are, except as otherwise provided for in this section, 135 nonbypassable charges imposed on and part of all retail 136 customer bills, collected by an electrical corporation or 137 138 its successors or assignees, or a collection agent, in full, 139 separate and apart from the electrical corporation's base 140 rates, and paid by all existing or future retail customers 141 receiving electrical service from the electrical corporation or its successors or assignees under commission-approved 142 rate schedules, except for customers receiving electrical 143 144 service under special contracts as of August 28, 2021, even if a retail customer elects to purchase electricity from an 145 alternative electricity supplier following a fundamental 146 147 change in regulation of public utilities in this state;

148 (17) "Securitized utility tariff costs", either energy 149 transition costs or qualified extraordinary costs as the 150 case may be; (18) "Securitized utility tariff property", all of the 151 152 following: 153 (a) All rights and interests of an electrical corporation or successor or assignee of the electrical 154 155 corporation under a financing order, including the right to impose, bill, charge, collect, and receive securitized 156 157 utility tariff charges authorized under the financing order 158 and to obtain periodic adjustments to such charges as 159 provided in the financing order; 160 (b) All revenues, collections, claims, rights to payments, payments, money, or proceeds arising from the 161 rights and interests specified in the financing order, 162 163 regardless of whether such revenues, collections, claims, 164 rights to payment, payments, money, or proceeds are imposed, 165 billed, received, collected, or maintained together with or 166 commingled with other revenues, collections, rights to 167 payment, payments, money, or proceeds; "Special contract", electrical service provided 168 (19)under the terms of a special incremental load rate schedule 169 170 at a fixed price rate approved by the commission. 171 2. (1) An electrical corporation may petition the 172 commission for a financing order to finance energy 173 transition costs through an issuance of securitized utility 174 tariff bonds. The petition shall include all of the 175 following: (a) A description of the electric generating facility 176 177 or facilities that the electrical corporation has retired or abandoned, or proposes to retire or abandon, prior to the 178 date that all undepreciated investment relating thereto has 179 180 been recovered through rates and the reasons for undertaking

- 181 <u>such early retirement or abandonment, or if the electrical</u>
- 182 corporation is subject to a separate commission order or
- 183 proceeding relating to such retirement or abandonment as
- 184 contemplated by subdivision (2) of this subsection, and a
- 185 description of the order or other proceeding;
- 186 (b) The energy transition costs;
- 187 (c) An indicator of whether the electrical corporation
- 188 proposes to finance all or a portion of the energy
- transition costs using securitized utility tariff bonds. If
- 190 the electrical corporation proposes to finance a portion of
- 191 the costs, the electrical corporation shall identify the
- 192 specific portion in the petition. By electing not to
- 193 finance all or any portion of such energy transition costs
- 194 using securitized utility tariff bonds, an electrical
- 195 corporation shall not be deemed to waive its right to
- 196 recover such costs pursuant to a separate proceeding with
- 197 the commission;
- (d) An estimate of the financing costs related to the
- 199 securitized utility tariff bonds;
- 200 (e) An estimate of the securitized utility tariff
- 201 charges necessary to recover the securitized utility tariff
- 202 costs and financing costs and the period for recovery of
- 203 such costs;
- (f) A comparison between the net present value of the
- 205 costs to customers that are estimated to result from the
- 206 issuance of securitized utility tariff bonds and the costs
- 207 that would result from the application of the traditional
- 208 method of financing and recovering the undepreciated
- 209 investment of facilities that may become securitized utility
- 210 tariff costs from customers. The comparison should
- 211 demonstrate that the issuance of securitized utility tariff
- 212 bonds and the imposition of securitized utility tariff

- 213 charges are expected to provide quantifiable net present 214 value benefits to customers; 215 (g) A proposed future ratemaking process to reconcile any differences between securitized utility tariff costs 216 217 financed by securitized utility tariff bonds and the final 218 securitized costs incurred by the electrical corporation or assignee provided that any such reconciliation shall not 219 220 affect the amount of securitized utility tariff bonds or the 221 associated securitized utility tariff charges paid by 222 customers; and 223 (h) Direct testimony supporting the petition. 224 (2) An electrical corporation may petition the 225 commission for a financing order to finance qualified extraordinary costs. The petition shall include all of the 226 227 following: (a) A description of the qualified extraordinary 228 229 costs, including their magnitude, the reasons those costs 230 were incurred by the electrical corporation and the retail 231 customer rate impact that would result from customary 232 ratemaking treatment of such costs; 233 (b) An indicator of whether the electrical corporation proposes to finance all or a portion of the qualified 234 extraordinary costs using securitized utility tariff bonds. 235 236 If the electrical corporation proposes to finance a portion 237 of the costs, the electrical corporation shall identify the specific portion in the petition. By electing not to 238 239 finance all or any portion of such qualified extraordinary costs using securitized utility tariff bonds, an electrical 240 corporation shall not be deemed to waive its right to 241 242 reflect such costs in its retail rates pursuant to a separate proceeding with the commission; 243 (c) An estimate of the financing costs related to the 244
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securitized utility tariff bonds;

246	(d) An estimate of the securitized utility tariff
247	charges necessary to recover the qualified extraordinary
248	costs and financing costs and the period for recovery of
249	such costs;
250	(e) A comparison between the net present value of the
251	costs to customers that are estimated to result from the
252	issuance of securitized utility tariff bonds and the costs
253	that would result from the application of the customary
254	method of financing and reflecting the qualified
255	extraordinary costs in retail customer rates. The
256	comparison should demonstrate that the issuance of
257	securitized utility tariff bonds and the imposition of
258	securitized utility tariff charges are expected to provide
259	quantifiable net present value benefits to retail customers;
260	(f) A proposed future ratemaking process to reconcile
261	any differences between securitized utility tariff costs
262	financed by securitized utility tariff bonds and the final
263	securitized costs incurred by the electrical corporation or
264	assignee provided that any such reconciliation shall not
265	affect the amount of securitized utility tariff bonds or the
266	associated securitized utility tariff charges paid by
267	customers; and
268	(g) Direct testimony supporting the petition.
269	(3) (a) Proceedings on a petition submitted pursuant
270	to this subsection begin with the petition by an electrical
271	corporation and shall be disposed of in accordance with the
272	requirements of this section and the rules of the
273	<pre>commission, except as follows:</pre>
274	a. The commission shall establish a procedural
275	schedule that permits a commission decision no later than
276	two hundred fifteen days after the date the petition is
277	filed;

- b. No later than two hundred fifteen days after the
- 279 date the petition is filed, the commission shall issue a
- 280 financing order approving the petition, an order approving
- 281 the petition subject to conditions, or an order rejecting
- the petition; provided, however, that the electrical
- 283 corporation shall provide notice of intent to file a
- 284 petition for a financing order to the commission no less
- than sixty days in advance of such filing;
- 286 <u>c. Judicial review of a financing order may be had</u>
- only in accordance with sections 386.500 and 386.510.
- 288 (b) In performing its responsibilities under this
- 289 section in approving, approving subject to conditions, or
- 290 rejecting a petition for a financing order, the commission
- 291 may retain counsel, one or more financial advisors, or other
- 292 consultants as it deems appropriate. Such outside counsel,
- 293 advisor or advisors, or consultants shall owe a duty of
- 294 loyalty solely to the commission and shall have no interest
- in the proposed securitized utility tariff bonds. The costs
- 296 associated with any such engagements shall be paid by the
- 297 petitioning corporation and shall be included as financed
- 298 costs in the securitized utility tariff charge and shall not
- 299 be an obligation of the state and shall be assigned solely
- 300 to the subject transaction.
- 301 (c) A financing order issued by the commission, after
- 302 a hearing, to an electrical corporation shall include all of
- 303 the following elements:
- a. The amount of securitized utility tariff costs to
- 305 be financed using securitized utility tariff bonds and a
- 306 finding that recovery of such costs is just and reasonable
- 307 and in the public interest. The commission shall describe
- 308 and estimate the amount of financing costs that may be
- 309 recovered through securitized utility tariff charges and

310 specify the period over which securitized utility tariff 311 costs and financing costs may be recovered; 312 b. A finding that the proposed issuance of securitized utility tariff bonds and the imposition and collection of a 313 securitized utility tariff charge are just and reasonable 314 315 and in the public interest and are expected to provide quantifiable net present value benefits to customers as 316 317 compared to recovery of the components of securitized utility tariff costs that would have been incurred absent 318 the issuance of securitized utility tariff bonds. 319 320 Notwithstanding any provisions of this section to the 321 contrary, in considering whether to find the proposed 322 issuance of securitized utility tariff bonds and the 323 imposition and collection of a securitized utility tariff 324 charge are just and reasonable and in the public interest, 325 the commission may consider previous instances where it has 326 issued financing orders to the petitioning electrical 327 corporation and such electrical corporation has previously 328 issued securitized utility tariff bonds; 329 c. A finding that the proposed structuring and pricing 330 of the securitized utility tariff bonds are reasonably expected to result in the lowest securitized utility tariff 331 charges consistent with market conditions at the time the 332 333 securitized utility tariff bonds are priced and the terms of 334 the financing order; d. A requirement that, for so long as the securitized 335 336 utility tariff bonds are outstanding and until all financing costs have been paid in full, the imposition and collection 337 of securitized utility tariff charges authorized under a 338 339 financing order shall be nonbypassable and paid by all 340 existing and future retail customers receiving electrical service from the electrical corporation or its successors or 341

assignees under commission-approved rate schedules except

343 for customers receiving electrical service under special contracts on August 28, 2021, even if a retail customer 344 345 elects to purchase electricity from an alternative electric supplier following a fundamental change in regulation of 346 347 public utilities in this state; 348 e. A formula-based true-up mechanism for making, at least annually, expeditious periodic adjustments in the 349 350 securitized utility tariff charges that customers are 351 required to pay pursuant to the financing order and for 352 making any adjustments that are necessary to correct for any overcollection or undercollection of the charges or to 353 otherwise ensure the timely payment of securitized utility 354 355 tariff bonds and financing costs and other required amounts 356 and charges payable under the securitized utility tariff 357 bonds; 358 f. The securitized utility tariff property that is, or 359 shall be, created in favor of an electrical corporation or 360 its successors or assignees and that shall be used to pay or 361 secure securitized utility tariff bonds and approved 362 financing costs; The degree of flexibility to be afforded to the 363 electrical corporation in establishing the terms and 364 conditions of the securitized utility tariff bonds, 365 366 including, but not limited to, repayment schedules, expected 367 interest rates, and other financing costs; 368 h. How securitized utility tariff charges will be 369 allocated among retail customer classes. The initial allocation shall remain in effect until the electrical 370 corporation completes a general rate proceeding, and once 371 372 the commission's order from that general rate proceeding becomes final, all subsequent applications of an adjustment 373 mechanism regarding securitized utility tariff charges shall

incorporate changes in the allocation of costs to customers

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- 376 as detailed in the commission's order from the electrical
 377 corporation's most recent general rate proceeding;
- i. A requirement that, after the final terms of anissuance of securitized utility tariff bonds have been
- 380 <u>established and before the issuance of securitized utility</u>
- 381 tariff bonds, the electrical corporation determines the
- 382 resulting initial securitized utility tariff charge in
- accordance with the financing order, and that such initial
- securitized utility tariff charge be final and effective
- upon the issuance of such securitized utility tariff bonds
- with such charge to be reflected on a compliance tariff
- 387 sheet bearing such charge;
- j. A method of tracing funds collected as securitized
- 389 utility tariff charges, or other proceeds of securitized
- 390 utility tariff property, determining that such method shall
- 391 be deemed the method of tracing such funds and determining
- 392 the identifiable cash proceeds of any securitized utility
- 393 tariff property subject to a financing order under
- 394 applicable law;
- 395 k. A statement specifying a future ratemaking process
- 396 to reconcile any differences between the actual securitized
- 397 utility tariff costs financed by securitized utility tariff
- 398 bonds and the final securitized utility tariff costs
- incurred by the electrical corporation or assignee provided
- 400 that any such reconciliation shall not affect the amount of
- 401 securitized utility tariff bonds or the associated
- 402 securitized utility tariff charges paid by customers;
- 403 l. A procedure that shall allow the electrical
- 404 corporation to earn a return, at the cost of capital
- 405 authorized from time to time by the commission in the
- 406 electrical corporation's rate proceedings, on any moneys
- 407 advanced by the electrical corporation to fund reserves, if
- 408 any, or capital accounts established under the terms of any

409 indenture, ancillary agreement, or other financing documents pertaining to the securitized utility tariff bonds; 410 411 m. In a financing order granting authorization to securitize energy transition costs or in a financing order 412 granting authorization to securitize qualified extraordinary 413 414 costs that include retired or abandoned facility costs, a procedure for the treatment of accumulated deferred income 415 416 taxes and excess deferred income taxes in connection with the retired or abandoned or to be retired or abandoned 417 electric generating facility, or in connection with retired 418 419 or abandoned facilities included in qualified extraordinary costs. The accumulated deferred income taxes, including 420 421 excess deferred income taxes, shall be excluded from rate 422 base in future general rate cases and the net tax benefits 423 relating to amounts that will be recovered through the 424 issuance of securitized utility tariff bonds shall be 425 credited to retail customers by reducing the amount of such 426 securitized utility tariff bonds that would otherwise be 427 issued. The customer credit shall include the net present 428 value of the tax benefits, calculated using a discount rate 429 equal to the expected interest rate of the securitized 430 utility tariff bonds, for the estimated accumulated and excess deferred income taxes at the time of securitization 431 432 including timing differences created by the issuance of 433 securitized utility tariff bonds amortized over the period 434 of the bonds multiplied by the expected interest rate on 435 such securitized utility tariff bonds; An outside date, which shall not be earlier than 436 one year after the date the financing order is no longer 437 438 subject to appeal, when the authority to issue securitized utility tariff bonds granted in such financing order shall 439 440 expire; and

441 o. Include any other conditions that the commission 442 considers appropriate and that are not inconsistent with this section. 443 (d) A financing order issued to an electrical 444 445 corporation may provide that creation of the electrical 446 corporation's securitized utility tariff property is conditioned upon, and simultaneous with, the sale or other 447 448 transfer of the securitized utility tariff property to an 449 assignee and the pledge of the securitized utility tariff 450 property to secure securitized utility tariff bonds. 451 (e) If the commission issues a financing order, the electrical corporation shall file with the commission at 452 453 least annually a petition or a letter applying the formulabased true-up mechanism and, based on estimates of 454 455 consumption for each rate class and other mathematical 456 factors, requesting administrative approval to make the 457 applicable adjustments. The review of the filing shall be 458 limited to determining whether there are any mathematical or 459 clerical errors in the application of the formula-based true-460 up mechanism relating to the appropriate amount of any overcollection or undercollection of securitized utility 461 462 tariff charges and the amount of an adjustment. The adjustments shall ensure the recovery of revenues sufficient 463 464 to provide for the payment of principal, interest, acquisition, defeasance, financing costs, or redemption 465 premium and other fees, costs, and charges in respect of 466 467 securitized utility tariff bonds approved under the financing order. Within thirty days after receiving an 468 electrical corporation's request pursuant to this paragraph, 469 the commission shall either approve the request or inform 470 471 the electrical corporation of any mathematical or clerical errors in its calculation. If the commission informs the 472

electrical corporation of mathematical or clerical errors in

- its calculation, the electrical corporation shall correct
 its error and refile its request. The time frames
 previously described in this paragraph shall apply to a
- 477 refiled request.

issuance.

- 478 (f) At the time of any transfer of securitized utility 479 tariff property to an assignee or the issuance of securitized utility tariff bonds authorized thereby, 480 481 whichever is earlier, a financing order is irrevocable and, 482 except for changes made pursuant to the formula-based true-483 up mechanism authorized in this section, the commission may 484 not amend, modify, or terminate the financing order by any subsequent action or reduce, impair, postpone, terminate, or 485 486 otherwise adjust securitized utility tariff charges approved in the financing order. After the issuance of a financing 487 488 order, the electrical corporation retains sole discretion regarding whether to assign, sell, or otherwise transfer 489 490 securitized utility tariff property or to cause securitized 491 utility tariff bonds to be issued, including the right to 492 defer or postpone such assignment, sale, transfer, or
- 494 (g) The commission, in a financing order and subject to the issuance advice letter process under paragraph (h) of 495 this subdivision, shall specify the degree of flexibility to 496 497 be afforded the electrical corporation in establishing the 498 terms and conditions for the securitized utility tariff 499 bonds to accommodate changes in market conditions, including repayment schedules, interest rates, financing costs, 500 collateral requirements, required debt service and other 501 reserves and the ability of the electrical corporation, at 502 503 its option, to effect a series of issuances of securitized 504 utility tariff bonds and correlated assignments, sales, pledges, or other transfers of securitized utility tariff 505 506 property. Any changes made under this paragraph to terms

507 and conditions for the securitized utility tariff bonds 508 shall be in conformance with the financing order. 509 (h) As the actual structure and pricing of the 510 securitized utility tariff bonds will be unknown at the time the financing order is issued, prior to the issuance of each 511 series of bonds, an issuance advice letter shall be provided 512 513 to the commission by the electrical corporation following the determination of the final terms of such series of bonds 514 no later than one day after the pricing of the securitized 515 utility tariff bonds. The commission shall have the 516 authority to designate a representative or representatives 517 518 from commission staff, who may be advised by a financial 519 advisor or advisors contracted with the commission, to provide input to the electrical corporation and collaborate 520 with the electrical corporation in all facets of the process 521 522 undertaken by the electrical corporation to place the 523 securitized utility tariff bonds to market so the 524 commission's representative or representatives can provide 525 the commission with an opinion on the reasonableness of the 526 pricing, terms, and conditions of the securitized utility tariff bonds on an expedited basis. Neither the designated 527 representative or representatives from the commission staff 528 nor one or more financial advisors advising commission staff 529 530 shall have authority to direct how the electrical 531 corporation places the bonds to market although they shall 532 be permitted to attend all meetings convened by the 533 electrical corporation to address placement of the bonds to market. The form of such issuance advice letter shall be 534 included in the financing order and shall indicate the final 535 structure of the securitized utility tariff bonds and 536 provide the best available estimate of total ongoing 537 financing costs. The issuance advice letter shall report 538 539 the initial securitized utility tariff charges and other

540 information specific to the securitized utility tariff bonds 541 to be issued, as the commission may require. Unless an 542 earlier date is specified in the financing order, the electrical corporation may proceed with the issuance of the 543 securitized utility tariff bonds unless, prior to noon on 544 the fourth business day after the commission receives the 545 issuance advice letter, the commission issues a disapproval 546 547 letter directing that the bonds as proposed shall not be issued and the basis for that disapproval. The financing 548 order may provide such additional provisions relating to the 549 issuance advice letter process as the commission considers 550 551 appropriate and as are not inconsistent with this section. 552 (4) (a) In performing the responsibilities of this section in connection with the issuance of a financing 553 order, approving the petition, an order approving the 554 555 petition subject to conditions, or an order rejecting the 556 petition, the commission shall undertake due diligence as it 557 deems appropriate prior to the issuance of the order 558 regarding the petition pursuant to which the commission may 559 request additional information from the electrical corporation and may engage one or more financial advisors, 560 one or more consultants, and counsel as the commission deems 561 necessary. Any financial advisor or advisors, counsel, and 562 consultants engaged by the commission shall have a fiduciary 563 564 duty with respect to the proposed issuance of securitized 565 utility bonds solely to the commission. All expenses associated with such services shall be included as part of 566 the financing costs of the securitized utility tariff bonds 567 and shall be included in the securitized utility tariff 568 569 charge. (b) If an electrical corporation's petition for a 570 financing order is denied or withdrawn, or for any reason 571

securitized utility tariff bonds are not issued, any costs

of retaining one or more financial advisors, one or more
consultants, and counsel on behalf of the commission shall
be paid by the petitioning electrical corporation and shall
be eligible for full recovery, including carrying costs, if
approved by the commission in the electrical corporation's
future rates.

- (5) At the request of an electrical corporation, the commission may commence a proceeding and issue a subsequent financing order that provides for refinancing, retiring, or refunding securitized utility tariff bonds issued pursuant to the original financing order if the commission finds that the subsequent financing order satisfies all of the criteria specified in this section for a financing order. Effective upon retirement of the refunded securitized utility tariff bonds and the issuance of new securitized utility tariff bonds, the commission shall adjust the related securitized utility tariff charges accordingly.
- (6) (a) A financing order remains in effect and securitized utility tariff property under the financing order continues to exist until securitized utility tariff bonds issued pursuant to the financing order have been paid in full or defeased and, in each case, all commission-approved financing costs of such securitized utility tariff bonds have been recovered in full.
- (b) A financing order issued to an electrical corporation remains in effect and unabated notwithstanding the reorganization, bankruptcy, or other insolvency proceedings, merger, or sale of the electrical corporation or its successors or assignees.
- 602 3. (1) The commission may not, in exercising its
 603 powers and carrying out its duties regarding any matter
 604 within its authority, consider the securitized utility
 605 tariff bonds issued pursuant to a financing order to be the

606 debt of the electrical corporation other than for federal 607 and state income tax purposes, consider the securitized 608 utility tariff charges paid under the financing order to be the revenue of the electrical corporation for any purpose, 609 610 consider the securitized utility tariff costs or financing costs specified in the financing order to be the costs of 611 the electrical corporation, nor may the commission determine 612 613 any action taken by an electrical corporation which is 614 consistent with the financing order to be unjust or 615 unreasonable, and section 386.300 shall not apply to the issuance of securitized utility tariff bonds. 616 617 Securitized utility tariff charges shall not be 618 utilized or accounted for in determining the electrical corporation's average overall rate, as defined in section 619 620 393.1655 and as used to determine the maximum retail rate 621 impact limitations provided for by subsections 3 and 4 of 622 section 393.1655. 623 No electrical corporation is required to file a 624 petition for a financing order under this section or otherwise utilize this section. An electrical corporation's 625 decision not to file a petition for a financing order under 626 627 this section shall not be admissible in any commission proceeding nor shall it be otherwise utilized or relied on 628 629 by the commission in any proceeding respecting the 630 electrical corporation's rates or its accounting, including, 631 without limitation, any general rate proceeding, fuel adjustment clause docket, or proceedings relating to 632 accounting authority, whether initiated by the electrical 633 corporation or otherwise. The commission may not order or 634 otherwise directly or indirectly require an electrical 635 636 corporation to use securitized utility tariff bonds to

recover securitized utility tariff costs or to finance any

638 project, addition, plant, facility, extension, capital 639 improvement, equipment, or any other expenditure. 640 The commission may not refuse to allow an electrical corporation to recover securitized utility tariff 641 642 costs in an otherwise permissible fashion, or refuse or condition authorization or approval of the issuance and sale 643 by an electrical corporation of securities or the assumption 644 645 by the electrical corporation of liabilities or obligations, because of the potential availability of securitized utility 646 647 tariff bond financing. (5) After the issuance of a financing order with or 648 without conditions, the electrical corporation retains sole 649 650 discretion regarding whether to cause the securitized utility tariff bonds to be issued, including the right to 651 652 defer or postpone such sale, assignment, transfer, or 653 issuance. Nothing shall prevent the electrical corporation 654 from abandoning the issuance of securitized utility tariff 655 bonds under the financing order by filing with the 656 commission a statement of abandonment and the reasons 657 therefor; provided, that the electrical corporation's abandonment decision shall not be deemed imprudent because 658 659 of the potential availability of securitized utility tariff bond financing; and provided further, that an electrical 660 661 corporation's decision to abandon issuance of such bonds may be raised by any party, including the commission, as a 662 663 reason the commission should not authorize, or should 664 modify, the rate-making treatment proposed by the electrical 665 corporation of the costs associated with the electric generating facility that was the subject of a petition under 666 this section that would have been securitized as energy 667 transition costs had such abandonment decision not been 668 made, but only if the electrical corporation requests non-669

- 670 standard plant retirement treatment of such costs for rate671 making purposes.
- (6) The commission may not, directly or indirectly,
- 073 utilize or consider the debt reflected by the securitized
- 674 utility tariff bonds in establishing the electrical
- 675 corporation's capital structure used to determine any
- 676 regulatory matter, including but not limited to the
- 677 electrical corporation's revenue requirement used to set its
- 678 rates.
- (7) The commission may not, directly or indirectly,
- 680 consider the existence of securitized utility tariff bonds
- or the potential use of securitized utility tariff bond
- financing proceeds in determining the electrical
- 683 corporation's authorized rate of return used to determine
- 684 the electrical corporation's revenue requirement used to set
- 685 its rates.
- 4. The electric bills of an electrical corporation
- 687 that has obtained a financing order and caused securitized
- 688 utility tariff bonds to be issued shall comply with the
- 689 provisions of this subsection; however, the failure of an
- 690 electrical corporation to comply with this subsection does
- 691 not invalidate, impair, or affect any financing order,
- 692 securitized utility tariff property, securitized utility
- 693 tariff charge, or securitized utility tariff bonds. The
- 694 electrical corporation shall do the following:
- (1) Explicitly reflect that a portion of the charges
- 696 on such bill represents securitized utility tariff charges
- 697 approved in a financing order issued to the electrical
- 698 corporation and, if the securitized utility tariff property
- 699 has been transferred to an assignee, shall include a
- 700 statement to the effect that the assignee is the owner of
- 701 the rights to securitized utility tariff charges and that
- 702 the electrical corporation or other entity, if applicable,

- 703 is acting as a collection agent or servicer for the
- 704 assignee. The tariff applicable to customers shall indicate
- 705 the securitized utility tariff charge and the ownership of
- 706 the charge;
- 707 (2) Include the securitized utility tariff charge on
- 708 each customer's bill as a separate line item and include
- 709 both the rate and the amount of the charge on each bill.
- 710 <u>5. (1) (a) All securitized utility tariff property</u>
- 711 that is specified in a financing order constitutes an
- 712 existing, present intangible property right or interest
- 713 therein, notwithstanding that the imposition and collection
- 714 of securitized utility tariff charges depends on the
- 715 electrical corporation, to which the financing order is
- 716 issued, performing its servicing functions relating to the
- 717 collection of securitized utility tariff charges and on
- 718 future electricity consumption. The property exists:
- 719 a. Regardless of whether or not the revenues or
- 720 proceeds arising from the property have been billed, have
- 721 accrued, or have been collected; and
- 722 b. Notwithstanding the fact that the value or amount
- 723 of the property is dependent on the future provision of
- 724 service to customers by the electrical corporation or its
- 725 successors or assignees and the future consumption of
- 726 electricity by customers.
- 727 (b) Securitized utility tariff property specified in a
- 728 financing order exists until securitized utility tariff
- 729 bonds issued pursuant to the financing order are paid in
- 730 full and all financing costs and other costs of such
- 731 securitized utility tariff bonds have been recovered in full.
- 732 (c) All or any portion of securitized utility tariff
- 733 property specified in a financing order issued to an
- 734 electrical corporation may be transferred, sold, conveyed,
- 735 or assigned to a successor or assignee that is wholly owned,

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     directly or indirectly, by the electrical corporation and
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     created for the limited purpose of acquiring, owning, or
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     administering securitized utility tariff property or issuing
     securitized utility tariff bonds under the financing order.
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     All or any portion of securitized utility tariff property
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     may be pledged to secure securitized utility tariff bonds
     issued pursuant to the financing order, amounts payable to
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     financing parties and to counterparties under any ancillary
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     agreements, and other financing costs. Any transfer, sale,
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     conveyance, assignment, grant of a security interest in or
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     pledge of securitized utility tariff property by an
     electrical corporation, or an affiliate of the electrical
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     corporation, to an assignee, to the extent previously
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     authorized in a financing order, does not require the prior
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     consent and approval of the commission.
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          (d) If an electrical corporation defaults on any
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     required remittance of securitized utility tariff charges
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     arising from securitized utility tariff property specified
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     in a financing order, a court, upon application by an
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     interested party, and without limiting any other remedies
     available to the applying party, shall order the
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     sequestration and payment of the revenues arising from the
     securitized utility tariff property to the financing parties
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     or their assignees. Any such financing order remains in
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     full force and effect notwithstanding any reorganization,
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     bankruptcy, or other insolvency proceedings with respect to
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     the electrical corporation or its successors or assignees.
               The interest of a transferee, purchaser, acquirer,
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     assignee, or pledgee in securitized utility tariff property
     specified in a financing order issued to an electrical
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     corporation, and in the revenue and collections arising from
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     that property, is not subject to setoff, counterclaim,
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surcharge, or defense by the electrical corporation or any

- other person or in connection with the reorganization,
- 770 bankruptcy, or other insolvency of the electrical
- 771 corporation or any other entity.
- 772 (f) Any successor to an electrical corporation,
- 773 whether pursuant to any reorganization, bankruptcy, or other
- insolvency proceeding or whether pursuant to any merger or
- 775 acquisition, sale, or other business combination, or
- 776 transfer by operation of law, as a result of electrical
- 777 corporation restructuring or otherwise, shall perform and
- 778 satisfy all obligations of, and have the same rights under a
- 779 financing order as, the electrical corporation under the
- 780 financing order in the same manner and to the same extent as
- 781 the electrical corporation, including collecting and paying
- 782 to the person entitled to receive the revenues, collections,
- 783 payments, or proceeds of the securitized utility tariff
- 784 property. Nothing in this section is intended to limit or
- 785 impair any authority of the commission concerning the
- 786 transfer or succession of interests of public utilities.
- 787 (q) Securitized utility tariff bonds shall be
- 788 nonrecourse to the credit or any assets of the electrical
- 789 corporation other than the securitized utility tariff
- 790 property as specified in the financing order and any rights
- 791 under any ancillary agreement.
- 792 (2) (a) The creation, perfection, priority, and
- 793 enforcement of any security interest in securitized utility
- 794 tariff property to secure the repayment of the principal and
- 795 interest and other amounts payable in respect of securitized
- 796 utility tariff bonds, amounts payable under any ancillary
- 797 agreement and other financing costs are governed by this
- 798 section and not by the provisions of the code, except as
- 799 otherwise provided in this section.

800 (b) A security interest in securitized utility tariff 801 property is created, valid, and binding at the later of the 802 time: The financing order is issued; 803 a. 804 A security agreement is executed and delivered by 805 the debtor granting such security interest; The debtor has rights in such securitized utility 806 807 tariff property or the power to transfer rights in such 808 securitized utility tariff property; or 809 d. Value is received for the securitized utility tariff property. 810 811 The description of securitized utility tariff property in a security agreement is sufficient if the description refers 812 813 to this section and the financing order creating the 814 securitized utility tariff property. A security interest shall attach as provided in this paragraph without any 815 816 physical delivery of collateral or other act. (c) Upon the filing of a financing statement with the 817 818 office of the secretary of state as provided in this 819 section, a security interest in securitized utility tariff 820 property shall be perfected against all parties having 821 claims of any kind in tort, contract, or otherwise against 822 the person granting the security interest, and regardless of 823 whether the parties have notice of the security interest. Without limiting the foregoing, upon such filing a security 824 825 interest in securitized utility tariff property shall be 826 perfected against all claims of lien creditors, and shall 827 have priority over all competing security interests and other claims other than any security interest previously 828 perfected in accordance with this section. 829 (d) The priority of a security interest in securitized 830 utility tariff property is not affected by the commingling 831

of securitized utility tariff charges with other amounts.

833 Any pledgee or secured party shall have a perfected security interest in the amount of all securitized utility tariff 834 835 charges that are deposited in any cash or deposit account of the qualifying electrical corporation in which securitized 836 837 utility tariff charges have been commingled with other funds 838 and any other security interest that may apply to those funds shall be terminated when they are transferred to a 839 840 segregated account for the assignee or a financing party. 841 (e) No application of the formula-based true-up

(e) No application of the formula-based true-up mechanism as provided in this section will affect the validity, perfection, or priority of a security interest in or transfer of securitized utility tariff property.

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- If a default occurs under the securitized utility (f) tariff bonds that are secured by a security interest in securitized utility tariff property, the financing parties or their representatives may exercise the rights and remedies available to a secured party under the code, including the rights and remedies available under part 6 of article 9 of the code. The commission may also order amounts arising from securitized utility tariff charges be transferred to a separate account for the financing parties' benefit, to which their lien and security interest shall apply. On application by or on behalf of the financing parties, the circuit court for the county or city in which the electrical corporation's headquarters is located shall order the sequestration and payment to them of revenues arising from the securitized utility tariff charges.
- (3) (a) Any sale, assignment, or other transfer of securitized utility tariff property shall be an absolute transfer and true sale of, and not a pledge of or secured transaction relating to, the seller's right, title, and interest in, to, and under the securitized utility tariff property if the documents governing the transaction

- expressly state that the transaction is a sale or other 866 absolute transfer other than for federal and state income 867 868 tax purposes. For all purposes other than federal and state income tax purposes, the parties' characterization of a 869 870 transaction as a sale of an interest in securitized utility 871 tariff property shall be conclusive that the transaction is a true sale and that ownership has passed to the party 872 characterized as the purchaser, regardless of whether the 873 874 purchaser has possession of any documents evidencing or pertaining to the interest. A sale or similar outright 875 transfer of an interest in securitized utility tariff 876 877 property may occur only when all of the following have 878 occurred: 879 The financing order creating the securitized a. 880 utility tariff property has become effective; 881 The documents evidencing the transfer of b. 882 securitized utility tariff property have been executed by 883 the assignor and delivered to the assignee; and 884 Value is received for the securitized utility tariff property. 885 886 After such a transaction, the securitized utility tariff property is not subject to any claims of the transferor or 887 the transferor's creditors, other than creditors holding a 888 prior security interest in the securitized utility tariff 889 890 property perfected in accordance with this section. 891 (b) The characterization of the sale, assignment, or other transfer as an absolute transfer and true sale and the 892 893 corresponding characterization of the property interest of 894 the purchaser, shall not be affected or impaired by the 895 occurrence of any of the following factors:
- 896 <u>a. Commingling of securitized utility tariff charges</u>
 897 <u>with other amounts;</u>

898 The retention by the seller of (i) a partial or residual interest, including an equity interest, in the 899 900 securitized utility tariff property, whether direct or 901 indirect, or whether subordinate or otherwise, or (ii) the 902 right to recover costs associated with taxes, franchise 903 fees, or license fees imposed on the collection of securitized utility tariff charges; 904 c. Any recourse that the purchaser may have against 905 906 the seller; 907 d. Any indemnification rights, obligations, or 908 repurchase rights made or provided by the seller; 909 The obligation of the seller to collect securitized 910 utility tariff charges on behalf of an assignee; 911 The transferor acting as the servicer of the f. 912 securitized utility tariff charges or the existence of any contract that authorizes or requires the electrical 913 914 corporation, to the extent that any interest in securitized 915 utility tariff property is sold or assigned, to contract 916 with the assignee or any financing party that it will 917 continue to operate its system to provide service to its 918 customers, will collect amounts in respect of the 919 securitized utility tariff charges for the benefit and 920 account of such assignee or financing party, and will 921 account for and remit such amounts to or for the account of 922 such assignee or financing party; 923 The treatment of the sale, conveyance, assignment, or other transfer for tax, financial reporting, or other 924 925 purposes; h. The granting or providing to bondholders a 926 927 preferred right to the securitized utility tariff property or credit enhancement by the electrical corporation or its 928 affiliates with respect to such securitized utility tariff 929

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bonds;

i. Any application of the formula-based true-up 931 mechanism as provided in this section. 932 933 (c) Any right that an electrical corporation has in 934 the securitized utility tariff property before its pledge, 935 sale, or transfer or any other right created under this 936 section or created in the financing order and assignable under this section or assignable pursuant to a financing 937 order is property in the form of a contract right or a chose 938 939 in action. Transfer of an interest in securitized utility 940 tariff property to an assignee is enforceable only upon the 941 later of: a. The issuance of a financing order; 942 The assignor having rights in such securitized 943 944 utility tariff property or the power to transfer rights in 945 such securitized utility tariff property to an assignee; 946 The execution and delivery by the assignor of C. 947 transfer documents in connection with the issuance of securitized utility tariff bonds; and 948 The receipt of value for the securitized utility 949 950 tariff property. 951 An enforceable transfer of an interest in securitized 952 utility tariff property to an assignee is perfected against all third parties, including subsequent judicial or other 953 lien creditors, when a notice of that transfer has been 954 given by the filing of a financing statement in accordance 955 956 with subsection 7 of this section. The transfer is 957 perfected against third parties as of the date of filing. 958 (d) The priority of a transfer perfected under this section is not impaired by any later modification of the 959 financing order or securitized utility tariff property or by 960 the commingling of funds arising from securitized utility 961 tariff property with other funds. Any other security 962 interest that may apply to those funds, other than a 963

- 964 security interest perfected under this section, is
- 965 terminated when they are transferred to a segregated account
- 966 for the assignee or a financing party. If securitized
- 967 utility tariff property has been transferred to an assignee
- or financing party, any proceeds of that property shall be
- 969 held in trust for the assignee or financing party.
- (e) The priority of the conflicting interests of
- 971 assignees in the same interest or rights in any securitized
- 972 utility tariff property is determined as follows:
- 973 a. Conflicting perfected interests or rights of
- 974 assignees rank according to priority in time of perfection.
- 975 Priority dates from the time a filing covering the transfer
- 976 is made in accordance with subsection 7 of this section;
- 977 b. A perfected interest or right of an assignee has
- 978 priority over a conflicting unperfected interest or right of
- 979 an assignee;
- 980 c. A perfected interest or right of an assignee has
- 981 priority over a person who becomes a lien creditor after the
- 982 perfection of such assignee's interest or right.
- 983 6. The description of securitized utility tariff
- 984 property being transferred to an assignee in any sale
- 985 agreement, purchase agreement, or other transfer agreement,
- 986 granted or pledged to a pledgee in any security agreement,
- 987 pledge agreement, or other security document, or indicated
- 988 in any financing statement is only sufficient if such
- 989 description or indication refers to the financing order that
- 990 created the securitized utility tariff property and states
- 991 that the agreement or financing statement covers all or part
- 992 of the property described in the financing order. This
- 993 section applies to all purported transfers of, and all
- 994 purported grants or liens or security interests in,
- 995 securitized utility tariff property, regardless of whether
- 996 the related sale agreement, purchase agreement, other

- 997 transfer agreement, security agreement, pledge agreement, or
 998 other security document was entered into, or any financing
 999 statement was filed.
- 7. The secretary of state shall maintain any financing 1000 1001 statement filed to perfect a sale or other transfer of 1002 securitized utility tariff property and any security 1003 interest in securitized utility tariff property under this 1004 section in the same manner that the secretary of state 1005 maintains financing statements filed under the code to 1006 perfect a security interest in collateral owned by a transmitting utility. Except as otherwise provided in this 1007 1008 section, all financing statements filed pursuant to this 1009 section shall be governed by the provisions regarding 1010 financing statements and the filing thereof under the code, 1011 including part 5 of article 9 of the code. A security 1012 interest in securitized utility tariff property may be 1013 perfected only by the filing of a financing statement in 1014 accordance with this section, and no other method of 1015 perfection shall be effective. Notwithstanding any provision of the code to the contrary, a financing statement 1016 1017 filed pursuant to this section is effective until a termination statement is filed under the code, and no 1018 continuation statement need be filed to maintain its 1019 1020 effectiveness. A financing statement filed pursuant to this 1021 section may indicate that the debtor is a transmitting 1022 utility, and without regard to whether the debtor is an 1023 electrical corporation, an assignee or otherwise qualifies as a transmitting utility under the code, but the failure to 1024 make such indication shall not impair the duration and 1025
- 1027 8. The law governing the validity, enforceability,
 1028 attachment, perfection, priority, and exercise of remedies
 1029 with respect to the transfer of an interest or right or the

effectiveness of the financing statement.

- pledge or creation of a security interest in any securitized
- 1031 utility tariff property shall be the laws of this state.
- 9. Neither the state nor its political subdivisions
- 1033 are liable on any securitized utility tariff bonds, and the
- 1034 bonds are not a debt or a general obligation of the state or
- 1035 any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or
- 1036 instrumentalities, nor are they special obligations or
- indebtedness of the state or any agency or political
- 1038 subdivision. An issue of securitized utility tariff bonds
- 1039 does not, directly, indirectly, or contingently, obligate
- 1040 the state or any agency, political subdivision, or
- 1041 instrumentality of the state to levy any tax or make any
- 1042 appropriation for payment of the securitized utility tariff
- 1043 bonds, other than in their capacity as consumers of
- 1044 electricity. All securitized utility tariff bonds shall
- 1045 contain on the face thereof a statement to the following
- 1046 effect: "Neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing
- 1047 power of the state of Missouri is pledged to the payment of
- 1048 the principal of, or interest on, this bond."
- 10. All of the following entities may legally invest
- 1050 any sinking funds, moneys, or other funds in securitized
- 1051 utility tariff bonds:
- 1052 (1) Subject to applicable statutory restrictions on
- 1053 state or local investment authority, the state, units of
- 1054 local government, political subdivisions, public bodies, and
- 1055 public officers, except for members of the commission, the
- 1056 commission's technical advisory and other staff, or
- 1057 employees of the office of the public counsel;
- 1058 (2) Banks and bankers, savings and loan associations,
- 1059 credit unions, trust companies, savings banks and
- 1060 institutions, investment companies, insurance companies,
- 1061 insurance associations, and other persons carrying on a
- 1062 banking or insurance business;

- 1063 (3) Personal representatives, guardians, trustees, and
 1064 other fiduciaries;
- 1065 (4) All other persons authorized to invest in bonds or 1066 other obligations of a similar nature.
- 1067 11. (1) The state and its agencies, including the 1068 commission, pledge and agree with bondholders, the owners of the securitized utility tariff property, and other financing 1069 1070 parties that the state and its agencies will not take any action listed in this subdivision. This subdivision does 1071 1072 not preclude limitation or alteration if full compensation is made by law for the full protection of the securitized 1073 1074 utility tariff charges collected pursuant to a financing 1075 order and of the bondholders and any assignee or financing 1076 party entering into a contract with the electrical 1077 corporation. The prohibited actions are as follows:

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- (a) Alter the provisions of this section, which authorize the commission to create an irrevocable contract right or chose in action by the issuance of a financing order, to create securitized utility tariff property, and make the securitized utility tariff charges imposed by a financing order irrevocable, binding, or nonbypassable charges for all existing and future retail customers of the electrical corporation except its existing special contract customers;
- (b) Take or permit any action that impairs or would impair the value of securitized utility tariff property or the security for the securitized utility tariff bonds or revises the securitized utility tariff costs for which recovery is authorized;
- 1092 (c) In any way impair the rights and remedies of the
 1093 bondholders, assignees, and other financing parties;
- 1094 (d) Except for changes made pursuant to the formula-1095 based true-up mechanism authorized under this section,

- 1096 reduce, alter, or impair securitized utility tariff charges
- 1097 that are to be imposed, billed, charged, collected, and
- 1098 remitted for the benefit of the bondholders, any assignee,
- 1099 and any other financing parties until any and all principal,
- 1100 interest, premium, financing costs and other fees, expenses,
- 1101 or charges incurred, and any contracts to be performed, in
- 1102 connection with the related securitized utility tariff bonds
- 1103 have been paid and performed in full.
- 1104 (2) Any person or entity that issues securitized
- 1105 utility tariff bonds may include the language specified in
- 1106 this subsection in the securitized utility tariff bonds and
- 1107 related documentation.
- 1108 12. An assignee or financing party is not an
- 1109 electrical corporation or person providing electric service
- 1110 by virtue of engaging in the transactions described in this
- 1111 section.
- 1112 13. If there is a conflict between this section and
- 1113 any other law regarding the attachment, assignment, or
- 1114 perfection, or the effect of perfection, or priority of,
- 1115 assignment or transfer of, or security interest in
- 1116 securitized utility tariff property, this section shall
- **1117** govern.
- 1118 14. If any provision of this section is held invalid
- 1119 or is invalidated, superseded, replaced, repealed, or
- 1120 expires for any reason, that occurrence does not affect the
- 1121 validity of any action allowed under this section which is
- 1122 taken by an electrical corporation, an assignee, a financing
- 1123 party, a collection agent, or a party to an ancillary
- 1124 agreement; and any such action remains in full force and
- 1125 effect with respect to all securitized utility tariff bonds
- 1126 issued or authorized in a financing order issued under this
- 1127 section before the date that such provision is held invalid

- 1128 or is invalidated, superseded, replaced, or repealed, or
- 1129 expires for any reason.
 - 393.1705. 1. For purposes of this section, the term
 - 2 "replacement resources" shall mean:
 - 3 (1) Renewable generation facilities which produce
 - 4 electric energy from wind, solar thermal sources,
 - 5 photovoltaic cells and panels, dedicated crops grown for
 - 6 energy production, cellulosic agricultural residues, plant
 - 7 residues, methane from landfills, from agricultural
 - 8 operations, or from wastewater treatment, thermal
 - 9 depolymerization or pyrolysis for converting waste material
 - 10 to energy, clean and untreated wood such as pallets,
 - 11 hydropower, not including pumped storage, that does not
 - 12 require a new diversion or impoundment of water and that has
 - 13 a nameplate rating of ten megawatts or less, and fuel cells
 - 14 using hydrogen produced by one of the above-named
 - 15 replacement sources;
 - 16 (2) Generation facilities which produce electric
 - 17 energy from natural gas that enable the electrical
 - 18 corporation to:
 - 19 (a) Provide electric energy when renewable generation
 - 20 facilities and energy storage facilities are insufficient to
 - 21 meet the needs of the electrical corporation's system;
 - 22 (b) Meet requirements of the electrical corporation's
 - 23 regional transmission organization; or
 - (c) Serve the objectives of both paragraphs (a) and
 - 25 (b) of this subdivision;
 - 26 (3) Energy storage facilities that enable the
 - 27 electrical corporation to:
 - 28 (a) Provide electric energy when renewable generation
 - 29 facilities are not generating electric energy in sufficient
 - 30 quantities to meet the needs of the electrical corporation's
 - 31 system;

- 32 (b) Meet requirements of the electrical corporation's
- 33 regional transmission organization; or
- (c) Serve the objectives of both paragraphs (a) and
- 35 (b) of this subdivision; and
- 36 (4) Transmission facilities that enable the delivery
- 37 of electric energy from renewable generation facilities or
- 38 energy storage facilities, including but not limited to,
- 39 interconnection, network upgrades, voltage and reactive
- 40 power support, and transmission facilities needed to
- 41 maintain reliability as a result of the retirement of
- 42 generation facilities.
- 43 2. If requested by an electrical corporation in a
- 44 petition filed concurrently with a petition filed under
- 45 subsection 2 of section 393.1700 to recover securitized
- 46 utility tariff costs and notwithstanding any other provision
- 47 of chapter 386 or 393 to the contrary, including section
- 48 393.170 which section shall not apply to the construction of
- 49 replacement resources as defined in subsection 1 of this
- 50 section:
- 51 (1) Except for electric generating facilities retired
- or abandoned prior to August 28, 2021, unless the commission
- issues an order rejecting a petition for a financing order
- filed under the provisions of section 393.1700 that was
- 55 accompanied by a petition for approval of investment in
- 56 replacement resources filed under the provisions of this
- 57 section, the commission shall approve investment in
- 58 replacement resources by the electrical corporation of an
- 59 amount that is approximately equal to the undepreciated
- 60 investment in the electric generating facilities covered by
- 61 such petition to acquire or build an existing or new
- 62 replacement resource to replace the retired or abandoned or
- 63 to be retired or abandoned unit. There is no requirement
- 64 that the replacement resource's capacity or energy

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    production match the energy or capacity production of the
    retired or abandoned unit. Such approval shall constitute
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    an affirmative and binding determination by the commission,
    to be applied in all subsequent proceedings respecting the
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    rates of the electrical corporation, that such investment is
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    prudent and reasonable, that the replacement resource is
    necessary for the electrical corporation's provision of
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    electric service to its customers, and that such investment
    shall be reflected in the revenue requirement used to set
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    the electrical corporation's base rates, subject only to the
    commission's authority to determine that the electrical
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    corporation did not manage or execute the project in a
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    reasonable and prudent manner in some respect and its
    authority to disallow for ratemaking purposes only that
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    portion of the investment that would not have been incurred
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    had the unreasonable or imprudent management or execution of
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    the project not occurred; and
              The commission shall create a deferral mechanism
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         (2)
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    by which the electrical corporation shall defer, to a
    regulatory asset or regulatory liability as appropriate, the
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    changes in the electrical corporation's revenue requirement
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    used to last set its base rates as specified in this
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    subdivision. Such changes shall be deferred during the
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    period starting on the date of retirement or abandonment of
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    the subject unit and ending when the base rates of the
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    electrical corporation that is the subject of the petition
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    are changed as the result of a general rate proceeding where
    the rate base cutoff date in that general rate proceeding
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    occurs on or after the retirement or abandonment. For
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    purposes of this subdivision, the changes in the electrical
    corporation's revenue requirement that shall be deferred
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    shall only consist of:
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- 97 (a) Changes in depreciation expense associated with
 98 the retired or abandoned unit;
 99 (b) Changes in labor and benefit costs for employees
 100 or contractors no longer employed or retained by the
 101 electrical corporation who formerly worked at the retired or
 102 abandoned unit, net of severance and relocation costs of the
- 104 (c) Changes in nonlabor, nonfuel operations, and

 105 maintenance costs caused by the retirement or abandonment of

 106 the unit;

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set its base rates.

electrical corporation paid to such employees or contractors;

- 107 (d) The return on the retired or abandoned unit once
 108 it is removed from plant-in-service on the electrical
 109 corporation's books at the electrical corporation's weighted
 110 average cost of capital, plus applicable federal, state, and
 111 local income or excise taxes, used to establish the
 112 electrical corporation's revenue requirement last used to
 113 set its base rates;
- (e) Depreciation expense on the replacement resources

 starting with the date it is recorded to plant-in-service on

 the electrical corporation's books;
 - (f) Labor and benefits costs for employees or contractors who work at the replacement resources;
- 119 (g) Nonlabor, nonfuel operations, and maintenance

 120 costs of the replacement resources; and
- (h) The return on the replacement resources once they

 are recorded to plant-in-service on the electrical

 corporation's books at the electrical corporation's weighted

 average cost of capital, plus applicable federal, state, and

 local income or excise taxes, used to establish the

 electrical corporation's revenue requirement last used to
- 128 The base against which changes under paragraphs (a), (b),
- and (c) of this subdivision shall be the values of each such

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item used to set the electrical corporation's base electric
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- 131 rates in its last general rate proceeding concluded prior to
- the time the deferrals are made, provided, if the docketed
- 133 record in such general rate proceeding does not specify one
- or more necessary revenue requirement parameters to
- establish the base for paragraphs (a) to (c) of this
- 136 subdivision because of a "black box" settlement or
- otherwise, the commission shall, in the docket created by a
- 138 petition filed under this section and based on the docketed
- 139 record in such prior general rate proceeding, establish the
- 140 missing parameters, which shall then be used to accomplish
- 141 the deferrals. The base with respect to paragraphs (e),
- (f), and (g) of this subdivision shall be zero.
- 143 Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this
- 144 subdivision, deferrals created by this subdivision shall
- 145 cease on the effective date of rates from a base rate case
- that shall be filed no later than one year after the subject
- 147 electric generating unit was retired or abandoned. For
- 148 purposes of this subdivision, the return in paragraphs (d)
- 149 and (h) shall equal the weighted average cost of capital
- 150 used to set the electrical corporation's base electrical
- 151 rates in its last general rate proceeding concluded prior to
- 152 the time the deferrals are made, provided, if the docketed
- 153 record in such general rate proceeding does not specify one
- or more necessary revenue requirement parameters to
- 155 establish the base for an item because of a "black box"
- 156 settlement or otherwise, the commission shall, in the docket
- 157 created by a petition filed under this section and based on
- 158 the docketed record in such general rate proceeding,
- 159 establish the missing parameters, which shall then be used
- to accomplish the deferrals.
- 161 (3) The commission shall also create a deferral
- 162 mechanism by which the electrical corporation shall defer to

163 a regulatory asset the changes in the electrical 164 corporation's revenue requirement last used to set its base 165 rates as specified in this subdivision. Such changes shall be deferred during the period beginning on the date 166 167 deferrals cease under subdivision (2) of this subsection and 168 ending when the electrical corporation's base rates are next changed as a result of a general rate proceeding. For 169 purposes of this subdivision, such changes in the electrical 170 171 corporation's revenue requirement that shall be deferred 172 shall only consist of: 173 (a) Return on the replacement resources once they go 174 into service on the electrical corporation's books at the 175 electrical corporation's weighted average cost of capital, 176 plus applicable federal, state, and local income or excise 177 taxes, used to establish the electrical corporation's 178 revenue requirement last used to set its base rates; 179 (b) Depreciation expense on the replacement resources 180 starting with the date the replacement resource is recorded 181 to plant in-service on the electrical corporation's books; Increase in-labor and benefits costs for employees 182 or contractors who work at the replacement resources; and 183 Increase in nonlabor, nonfuel operations, and 184 maintenance costs of the replacement resources. 185 186 Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this subdivision, deferrals to the regulatory asset created by 187 188 this subdivision shall cease at the earlier of the date the electrical corporation's base rates are first changed after 189 190 the replacement resource is recorded to plant in service on 191 the electrical corporation's books where the rate base 192 cutoff date in that general rate proceeding occurred on or after the retirement or abandonment, or the effective date 193 194 of rates from a base rate case that shall be filed no later than one year after the unit was retired or abandoned. 195 Ιf

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     there is more than one replacement resource for the retired
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     or abandoned plant and if one or more such replacement
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     resource is placed in service prior to the rate base cutoff
     date in the general rate proceeding described in subdivision
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     (2) of this subsection, the deferrals called for under this
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     subdivision shall be reduced as needed to reflect that
     event. The base with respect to paragraphs (b) and (c) of
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     this subdivision shall be zero. For purposes of this
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     subdivision, the return in paragraph (a) shall equal the
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     weighted average cost of capital used to set the electrical
     corporation's base electric rates in its last general rate
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     proceeding concluded prior to the time the deferrals are
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     made, provided, if the docketed record in such general rate
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     proceeding does not specify one or more necessary revenue
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     requirement parameters to establish the base for an item
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     because of a "black box" settlement or otherwise, the
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     commission shall, in the docket created by a petition filed
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     under this section and based on the docketed record in such
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     prior general rate proceeding, establish the missing
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     parameters, which shall then be used to accomplish the
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     deferrals.
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          (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 393.1400
     to the contrary, a replacement resource shall not constitute
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     "qualifying electric plant" for purposes of section
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     393.1400, nor shall it constitute a renewable energy
     resource under section 393.1030, during the period when a
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     deferral is occurring under subdivision (2) or (3) of this
     subsection. In addition, and notwithstanding the provisions
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     of section 393.1400 to the contrary, deferrals required by
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     this section relating to the electrical corporation's
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     undepreciated investment in the retired or abandoned unit
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     shall not constitute a change in accumulated depreciation
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- when determining the return deferred on qualifying electric plant under section 393.1400.
- (5) Parts of regulatory asset or liability balances
- 231 <u>created under this section that are not yet being recovered</u>
- or returned through rates shall include carrying costs at
- the electrical corporation's weighted average cost of
- 234 capital last used to set its base electric service rates or,
- 235 if such cost of capital was not specified for the revenue
- 236 requirement last used to set such electric service rates at
- 237 the weighted average cost of capital determined by the
- 238 commission under subdivision (3) of this subsection, in each
- 239 case plus applicable federal, state, and local income or
- 240 excise taxes. All regulatory asset or liability balances
- 241 from deferrals under this subsection shall be recovered in
- 242 base rates over a period equal to the remaining useful life
- of the replacement resource.
- 244 (6) In each general rate proceeding concluded after a
- 245 deferral commences under subdivision (2) or (3) of this
- 246 subsection, the regulatory asset or liability balances
- 247 arising from such deferrals, as of the rate base cutoff
- 248 date, shall be included in the electrical corporation's rate
- 249 base without any offset, reduction, or adjustment based upon
- 250 consideration of any other factor, other than to reflect any
- 251 prudence disallowances ordered by the commission, with the
- 252 regulatory asset balances arising from such deferrals that
- 253 occur after the rate base cutoff date to be included in rate
- 254 base in the next general rate proceeding. The provisions of
- 255 this section shall not be construed to affect existing law
- 256 respecting burdens of production and persuasion in general
- rate proceedings.
- 258 3. Proceedings on a petition submitted pursuant to
- 259 this section begin with the filing of a petition by an
- 260 electrical corporation under this section that is filed

- 261 concurrently with a petition submitted under section
- 393.1700, and shall be disposed of in accordance with the
- 263 requirements of chapters 386 and 393 and the rules of the
- 264 commission, except as follows:
- 265 (1) The commission shall establish a procedural
- 266 schedule that permits a commission decision no later than
- 267 two hundred fifteen days after the date the petition is
- 268 filed. Such procedural schedule adopted by the commission
- in connection with a petition filed under this section shall
- 270 contain the same milestones and requirements as the
- 271 procedural schedule adopted in a proceeding seeking approval
- of a financing order under section 393.1700 and shall run
- 273 concurrently therewith;
- 274 (2) No later than two hundred fifteen days after the
- 275 date the petition is filed, the commission shall issue an
- 276 order approving the petition or, if it also rejects the
- 277 accompanying petition for a financing order filed under
- 278 section 393.1700, rejecting the petition. Judicial review
- 279 may be had only in accordance with sections 386.500 and
- **280** 386.510.
 - 393.1715. 1. An electrical corporation may petition
 - 2 the commission for a determination of the ratemaking
 - 3 principles and treatment, as proposed by the electrical
 - 4 corporation, that will apply to the reflection in base rates
 - 5 of the electrical corporation's capital and noncapital costs
 - 6 associated with the proposed retirement of one or more of
 - 7 the electrical corporation's generating facilities. Without
 - 8 limiting the foregoing, such principles and treatment may
 - 9 also establish the retirement date and useful life
- 10 parameters used to set depreciation rates for such
- 11 facilities. Except as provided for in subsection 4 of this
- 12 section, the ratemaking principles and treatment approved by
- 13 the commission under this section for such facilities shall

- 14 apply to the determination of the revenue requirement in
- 15 each of the electrical corporation's post-determination
- 16 general rate proceedings until such time as such facility is
- 17 fully depreciated on the electrical corporation's books.
- 18 2. If the commission fails to issue a determination
- 19 within two hundred fifteen days that a petition for
- 20 determination of ratemaking principles and treatment is
- 21 filed, the ratemaking principles and treatment proposed by
- 22 the petitioning electrical corporation shall be deemed to
- 23 have been approved by the commission.
- 3. Subject to the provisions of subsection 4 of this
- 25 section, ratemaking principles and treatment approved by the
- 26 commission, or deemed to have been approved under subsection
- 27 2 of this section, shall be binding for ratemaking purposes.
- 28 4. (1) An electrical corporation with ratemaking
- 29 principles and treatment approved by the commission, or
- 30 deemed to have been approved under subsection 2 of this
- 31 section, shall monitor the major factors and circumstances
- 32 relating to the facility to which such principles and
- 33 treatment apply. Such factors and circumstances include,
- 34 but are not limited to:
- 35 (a) Terrorist activity or an act of God;
- 36 (b) A significant change in federal or state tax laws;
- 37 (c) A significant change in federal utility laws or
- 38 regulations or a significant change in generally accepted
- 39 accounting principles;
- 40 (d) An unexpected, extended outage or shutdown of a
- 41 major generating unit, other than any major generating unit
- 42 shut down due to an extended outage at the time of the
- 43 approval of the ratemaking principles and treatment;
- (e) A significant change in the cost or reliability of
- 45 power generation technologies;

46 (f) A significant change in fuel prices and wholesale 47 electric market conditions; 48 (g) A significant change in the cost or effectiveness of emission control technologies; 49 50 (h) A significant change in the price of emission allowances; 51 (i) A significant change in the electrical 52 53 corporation's load forecast; 54 (j) A significant change in capital market conditions; 55 (k) A significant change in the scope or effective dates of environmental regulations; or 56 57 (1) A significant change in federal or state 58 environmental laws. 59 (2) If the electrical corporation determines that one or more major factor or circumstance has changed in a manner 60 61 that warrants a change in the approved ratemaking principles 62 and treatment, then it shall file a notice in the docket in 63 which the approved ratemaking principles and treatment were 64 established within forty-five days of any such 65 determination. In its notification, the electrical corporation shall: 66 67 (a) Explain and specify the changes it contends are appropriate to the ratemaking principles and treatment and 68 69 the reasons for the proposed changes; 70 (b) Provide a description of the alternatives that it 71 evaluated and the process that it went through in developing 72 its proposed changes; and (c) Provide detailed workpapers that support the 73 evaluation and the process whereby proposed changes were 74 75 developed. (3) If a party has concerns regarding the proposed 76 changes, that party shall file a notice of its concerns 77

within thirty days of the electrical corporation's filing.

- 79 If the parties agree on a resolution of the concerns, the
- 80 agreement shall be submitted to the commission for approval.
- 81 If the parties do not reach agreement on changes to the
- 82 ratemaking principles and treatment within ninety days of
- 83 the date the electrical corporation filed its notice,
- 84 whether the previously approved ratemaking and treatment
- 85 will be changed shall be determined by the commission. If a
- 86 party to the docket in which the approved ratemaking
- 87 principles and treatment were approved believes that one or
- 88 more major factor or circumstance has changed in a manner
- 89 that warrants a change in the approved ratemaking principles
- 90 and treatment and if the electrical corporation does not
- 91 agree the principles and treatment should be changed, such
- 92 party shall file a notice in the docket in which the
- 93 approved ratemaking principles and treatment were
- 94 established within forty-five days of any such
- 95 determination. In its notification, such party shall:
- 96 (a) Explain and specify the changes it contends are
- 97 appropriate to the ratemaking principles and treatment and
- 98 the reasons for the proposed changes;
- (b) Provide a description of the alternatives that it
- 100 evaluated and the process that it went through in developing
- 101 its proposed changes; and
- 102 (c) Provide detailed workpapers that support the
- evaluation and the process whereby proposed changes were
- developed.
- 105 (4) If a party, including the electrical corporation,
- 106 has concerns regarding the proposed changes, that party
- 107 shall file a notice of its concerns within thirty days of
- 108 the other party's filing. If the parties do not reach
- 109 agreement on changes to the ratemaking principles and
- 110 treatment within ninety days of the date the notice was
- 111 filed, whether the previously approved ratemaking and

- treatment will be changed shall be determined by the commission.
- 5. A determination of ratemaking principles and
- treatment under this section does not preclude an electrical
- 116 corporation from also petitioning the commission under
- either or both of sections 393.1700 and 393.1705, provided
- that any costs to which such ratemaking principles and
- treatment would have applied in the electrical corporation's
- 120 general rate proceedings which become funded by securitized
- 121 utility tariff bond proceeds from a securitized utility
- tariff bond issued under section 393.1700 shall not
- thereafter be reflected in the electrical corporation's base
- <u>rates.</u>
- 125 6. If determined by the commission to be just,
- reasonable, and necessary for the provision of safe and
- 127 adequate service, the electrical corporation may be
- 128 permitted to retain coal-fired generating assets in rate
- 129 base and recover costs associated with operating the coal-
- 130 fired assets that remain in service to provide greater
- 131 certainty that generating capacity will be available to
- 132 provide essential service to customers, including during
- 133 extreme weather events, and the commission shall not
- 134 disallow any portion of such cost recovery on the basis that
- 135 such coal-fired generating assets operate at a low capacity
- 136 factor, or are off-line and providing capacity only, during
- normal operating conditions.
- 138 7. The commission may promulgate rules necessary to
- implement the provisions of sections 393.1700 to 393.1715.
- 140 Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in
- 141 section 536.010, that is created under the authority
- 142 delegated in this section shall become effective only if it
- 143 complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of
- chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This

- section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the
- 146 powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter
- 147 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove
- 148 and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional,
- 149 then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed
- or adopted after August 28, 2021, shall be invalid and void.
 - 394.120. 1. No person shall become a member of a
 - 2 cooperative unless such person shall agree to use electric
 - 3 energy furnished by the cooperative when such electric
 - 4 energy shall be available through its facilities. The
 - 5 bylaws of a cooperative may provide that any person,
 - 6 including an incorporator, shall cease to be a member
 - 7 thereof if he or she shall fail or refuse to use electric
 - 8 energy made available by the cooperative or if electric
 - 9 energy shall not be made available to such person by the
- 10 cooperative within a specified time after such person shall
- 11 have become a member thereof. Membership in the cooperative
- 12 shall not be transferable, except as provided in the bylaws.
- 13 The bylaws may prescribe additional qualifications and
- 14 limitations in respect of membership.
- 15 2. An annual meeting of the members shall be held at
- 16 such time as shall be provided in the bylaws.
- 3. Special meetings of the members may be called by
- 18 the board of directors, by any three directors, by not less
- 19 than ten percent of the members, or by the president.
- 4. Meetings of members shall be held at such place as
- 21 may be provided in the bylaws. In the absence of any such
- 22 provisions, all meetings shall be held in the city or town
- 23 in which the principal office of the cooperative is located.
- 5. Except as herein otherwise provided, written or
- 25 printed notice stating the time and place of each meeting of
- 26 members and, in the case of a special meeting, the purpose
- 27 or purposes for which the meeting is called, shall be given

- 28 to each member, either personally or by mail, not less than
 29 ten nor more than twenty-five days before the date of the
- 30 meeting.
- 31 6. Two percent of the first two thousand members and
- 32 one percent of the remaining members, present in person, or
- 33 if the bylaws so provide, participating electronically or by
- 34 mail, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of
- 35 business at all meetings of the members, unless the bylaws
- 36 prescribe the presence of a greater percentage of the
- 37 members for a quorum. If less than a quorum is present at
- 38 any meeting, a majority of those present in person may
- 39 adjourn the meeting from time to time without further notice.
- 40 7. Each member shall be entitled to one vote on each
- 41 matter submitted to a vote at a meeting. Voting shall be in
- 42 person, but, if the bylaws so provide, may also be by proxy,
- 43 by electronic means, by mail, or any combination thereof.
- 44 If the bylaws provide for voting by proxy, by electronic
- 45 means, or by mail, they shall also prescribe the conditions
- 46 under which proxy, electronic, or mail voting shall be
- 47 exercised. In any event, no person shall vote as proxy for
- 48 more than two members at any meeting of the members.
- 49 8. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections 2 and
- 50 7 of this section, the board of directors shall have the
- 51 power to set the time and place of the annual meeting and
- 52 also to provide for voting by proxy, electronic means, by
- 53 mail, or any combination thereof, and to prescribe the
- 54 conditions under which such voting shall be exercised. The
- 55 meeting requirement provided in this section may be
- 56 satisfied through virtual means. The provisions of this
- 57 subsection shall expire on August 28, 2022.
 - 400.9-109. (a) Except as otherwise provided in
- 2 subsections (c) and (d), this article applies to:

- 3 (1) A transaction, regardless of its form, that
- 4 creates a security interest in personal property or fixtures
- 5 by contract;
- 6 (2) An agricultural lien;
- 7 (3) A sale of accounts, chattel paper, payment
- 8 intangibles, or promissory notes;
- 9 (4) A consignment;
- 10 (5) A security interest arising under section 400.2-
- 11 401, 400.2-505, 400.2-711(3) or 400.2A-508(5), as provided
- 12 in section 400.9-110; and
- 13 (6) A security interest arising under section 400.4-
- 14 210 or 400.5-118.
- 15 (b) The application of this article to a security
- 16 interest in a secured obligation is not affected by the fact
- 17 that the obligation is itself secured by a transaction or
- 18 interest to which this article does not apply.
- 19 (c) This article does not apply to the extent that:
- 20 (1) A statute, regulation, or treaty of the United
- 21 States preempts this article;
- 22 (2) Another statute of this state expressly governs
- 23 the creation, perfection, priority, or enforcement of a
- 24 security interest created by this state or a governmental
- 25 unit of this state;
- 26 (3) A statute of another state, a foreign country, or
- 27 a governmental unit of another state or a foreign country,
- 28 other than a statute generally applicable to security
- 29 interests, expressly governs creation, perfection, priority,
- 30 or enforcement of a security interest created by the state,
- 31 country, or governmental unit; or
- 32 (4) The rights of a transferee beneficiary or
- 33 nominated person under a letter of credit are independent
- and superior under section 400.5-114.
- 35 (d) This article does not apply to:

- 36 (1) A landlord's lien, other than an agricultural lien;
- 37 (2) A lien, other than an agricultural lien, given by
- 38 statute or other rule of law for services or materials, but
- 39 section 400.9-333 applies with respect to priority of the
- 40 lien;
- 41 (3) An assignment of a claim for wages, salary, or
- 42 other compensation of an employee;
- 43 (4) A sale of accounts, chattel paper, payment
- 44 intangibles, or promissory notes as part of a sale of the
- 45 business out of which they arose;
- 46 (5) An assignment of accounts, chattel paper, payment
- 47 intangibles, or promissory notes which is for the purpose of
- 48 collection only;
- 49 (6) An assignment of a right to payment under a
- 50 contract to an assignee that is also obligated to perform
- 51 under the contract;
- 52 (7) An assignment of a single account, payment
- intangible, or promissory note to an assignee in full or
- 54 partial satisfaction of a preexisting indebtedness;
- 55 (8) A transfer of an interest in or an assignment of a
- 56 claim under a policy of insurance, other than an assignment
- 57 by or to a health-care provider of a health-care-insurance
- 58 receivable and any subsequent assignment of the right to
- 59 payment, but sections 400.9-315 and 400.9-322 apply with
- 60 respect to proceeds and priorities in proceeds;
- 61 (9) An assignment of a right represented by a
- 62 judgment, other than a judgment taken on a right to payment
- 63 that was collateral;
- 64 (10) A right of recoupment or set-off, but:
- (A) Section 400.9-340 applies with respect to the
- 66 effectiveness of rights of recoupment or set-off against
- 67 deposit accounts; and

- 68 (B) Section 400.9-404 applies with respect to defenses
- 69 or claims of an account debtor;
- 70 (11) The creation or transfer of an interest in or
- 71 lien on real property, including a lease or rents
- 72 thereunder, except to the extent that provision is made for:
- 73 (A) Liens on real property in sections 400.9-203 and
- 74 400.9-308;
- 75 (B) Fixtures in section 400.9-334;
- 76 (C) Fixture filings in sections 400.9-501, 400.9-502,
- 77 400.9-512, 400.9-516 and 400.9-519; and
- 78 (D) Security agreements covering personal and real
- 79 property in section 400.9-604;
- 80 (12) An assignment of a claim arising in tort, other
- 81 than a commercial tort claim, but sections 400.9-315 and
- 82 400.9-322 apply with respect to proceeds and priorities in
- 83 proceeds; [or]
- 84 (13) An assignment of a deposit account in a consumer
- 85 transaction, but sections 400.9-315 and 400.9-322 apply with
- 86 respect to proceeds and priorities in proceeds; [or]
- 87 (14) An assignment of a claim or right to receive
- 88 compensation for injuries or sickness as described in 26
- 89 U.S.C. Section 104(a)(1) or (2), as amended from time to
- 90 time; [or]
- 91 (15) An assignment of a claim or right to receive
- 92 benefits under a special needs trust as described in 42
- 93 U.S.C. Section 1396p(d)(4), as amended from time to time;
- 94 [or]
- 95 (16) A transfer by a government or governmental
- 96 subdivision or agency; or
- 97 (17) The creation, attachment, perfection, priority,
- 98 or enforcement of any security interest in, or the sale,
- 99 assignment, or other transfer of, any securitized utility
- 100 tariff property as defined in section 393.1700, or any

- interest therein or any portion thereof, in each case except
- as otherwise expressly provided in section 393.1700.