SECOND REGULAR SESSION

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 1683

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Seniors, Families and Children, April 30, 2020, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

4370S.04C

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 192.2000, 192.2305, 193.265, 208.151, 209.150, 209.200, 209.204, 210.109, 210.112, 210.135, 210.145, 210.150, 210.160, 210.566, 210.790, 211.171, 431.056, 453.121, 595.220, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof twenty-five new sections relating to the protection of vulnerable persons, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 192.2000, 192.2305, 193.265, 208.151, 209.150,

- 2 209.200, 209.204, 210.109, 210.112, 210.135, 210.145, 210.150, 210.160, 210.566,
- 3 210.790, 211.171, 431.056, 453.121, 595.220, RSMo, are repealed and twenty-five
- 4 new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 191.116, 192.2000,
- 5 192.2305, 192.2520, 193.265, 197.135, 208.151, 209.150, 209.200, 209.204,
- 6 210.109, 210.112, 210.123, 210.135, 210.145, 210.150, 210.160, 210.566, 211.135,
- 7 211.171, 431.056, 453.121, 595.201, 595.202, and 595.220, to read as follows:
 - 191.116. 1. There is hereby established in the department of
- 2 health and senior services the "Alzheimer's State Plan Task Force". The
- 3 task force shall consist of twenty-one members, as follows:
- 4 (1) The lieutenant governor, or his or her designee, who shall
- 5 serve as chair of the task force;
- 6 (2) The directors of the departments of health and senior
- 7 services, social services, and mental health, or their designees;
- 8 (3) One member of the house of representatives to be appointed
- 9 by the speaker of the house of representatives;
- 10 (4) One member of the senate to be appointed by the president
- 11 pro tempore of the senate;

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- 12 (5) One member who has early-stage Alzheimer's disease or a 13 related dementia;
- 14 (6) One member who is a family caregiver of a person with 15 Alzheimer's disease or a related dementia:
- 16 (7) One member who is a licensed physician with experience in 17 the diagnosis, treatment, and research of Alzheimer's disease;
- 18 (8) One member from the office of state ombudsman for long-19 term care facility residents;
- 20 (9) One member representing residential long-term care;
- 21 (10) One member representing the home care profession;
- 22 (11) One member representing the adult day services profession;
- 23 (12) One member representing the area agencies on aging;
- 24 (13) One member with expertise in minority health;
- 25 (14) One member representing the law enforcement community;
- 26 (15) One member from the department of higher education and 27 workforce development with knowledge of workforce training;
- (16) Two members representing voluntary health organizations in Alzheimer's disease care, support, and research, which may include the Greater Missouri Chapter of the Alzheimer's Association and the Heart of America Chapter of the Alzheimer's Association;
- 32 (17) One member representing licensed skilled nursing facilities; 33 and
- 34 (18) One member representing Missouri veterans' homes.
- 2. The members of the task force, other than the lieutenant governor, members from the general assembly, and department and division directors, shall be appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate. Members shall serve on the task force without compensation.
- 3. The task force shall assess all state programs that address Alzheimer's disease and update and maintain an integrated state plan to overcome the challenges caused by Alzheimer's disease. The state plan shall include implementation steps and recommendations for priority actions based on this assessment. The task force's actions shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following:
- 46 (1) Assess the current and future impact of Alzheimer's disease 47 on residents of the state of Missouri;
- 48 (2) Examine the existing services and resources addressing the

- 49 needs of persons with Alzheimer's disease and their families and 50 caregivers;
- 51 (3) Develop recommendations to respond to the escalating public 52 health crisis regarding Alzheimer's disease;
- 53 (4) Ensure the inclusion of ethnic and racial populations that 54 have a higher risk for Alzheimer's disease or are least likely to receive 55 care in clinical, research, and service efforts, with the purpose of 56 decreasing health disparities in Alzheimer's disease treatment;
- 57 (5) Identify opportunities for the state of Missouri to coordinate 58 with federal government entities to integrate and inform the fight 59 against Alzheimer's disease;
 - (6) Provide information and coordination of Alzheimer's disease research and services across all state agencies;
- 62 (7) Examine dementia-specific training requirements across 63 health care, adult protective services workers, law enforcement, and all 64 other areas in which staff are involved with the delivery of care to 65 those with Alzheimer's disease and other dementias; and
- 66 (8) Develop strategies to increase the diagnostic rate of 67 Alzheimer's disease in Missouri.
- 4. The task force shall deliver a report of recommendations to the governor and members of the general assembly no later than June 70 1, 2021.
- 5. The task force shall continue to meet at the request of the chair and at a minimum of one time annually for the purpose of evaluating the implementation and impact of the task force recommendations and shall provide annual supplemental report updates on the findings to the governor and the general assembly.
- 6. The provisions of this section shall expire on December 31, 2026.
- 192.2000. 1. The "Division of Aging" is hereby transferred from the department of social services to the department of health and senior services by a type I transfer as defined in the Omnibus State Reorganization Act of 1974. The department shall aid and assist the elderly and low-income disabled adults living in the state of Missouri to secure and maintain maximum economic and personal independence and dignity. The department shall regulate adult long-term care facilities pursuant to the laws of this state and rules and regulations of federal and state agencies, to safeguard the lives and rights of

- 9 residents in these facilities.
- 2. In addition to its duties and responsibilities enumerated pursuant to other provisions of law, the department shall:
- 12 (1) Serve as advocate for the elderly by promoting a comprehensive, 13 coordinated service program through administration of Older Americans Act 14 (OAA) programs (Title III) P.L. 89-73, (42 U.S.C. Section 3001, et seq.), as
- 15 amended;
- 16 (2) Assure that an information and referral system is developed and operated for the elderly, including information on home and community based services;
- 19 (3) Provide technical assistance, planning and training to local area 20 agencies on aging;
- 21 (4) Contract with the federal government to conduct surveys of long-term 22 care facilities certified for participation in the Title XVIII program;
- 23 (5) Conduct medical review (inspections of care) activities such as 24 utilization reviews, independent professional reviews, and periodic medical 25 reviews to determine medical and social needs for the purpose of eligibility for 26 Title XIX, and for level of care determination;
- 27 (6) Certify long-term care facilities for participation in the Title XIX 28 program;
- 29 (7) Conduct a survey and review of compliance with P.L. 96-566 Sec. 30 505(d) for Supplemental Security Income recipients in long-term care facilities 31 and serve as the liaison between the Social Security Administration and the 32 department of health and senior services concerning Supplemental Security 33 Income beneficiaries;
- 34 (8) Review plans of proposed long-term care facilities before they are 35 constructed to determine if they meet applicable state and federal construction 36 standards;
- 37 (9) Provide consultation to long-term care facilities in all areas governed 38 by state and federal regulations;
- 39 (10) Serve as the central state agency with primary responsibility for the 40 planning, coordination, development, and evaluation of policy, programs, and 41 services for elderly persons in Missouri consistent with the provisions of 42 subsection 1 of this section and serve as the designated state unit on aging, as 43 defined in the Older Americans Act of 1965;
- 44 (11) Develop long-range state plans for programs, services, and activities

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for elderly and handicapped persons. State plans should be revised annually and should be based on area agency on aging plans, statewide priorities, and state and federal requirements;

- 48 (12) Receive and disburse all federal and state funds allocated to the 49 division and solicit, accept, and administer grants, including federal grants, or 50 gifts made to the division or to the state for the benefit of elderly persons in this 51 state;
- 52 (13) Serve, within government and in the state at large, as an advocate 53 for elderly persons by holding hearings and conducting studies or investigations 54 concerning matters affecting the health, safety, and welfare of elderly persons and 55 by assisting elderly persons to assure their rights to apply for and receive 56 services and to be given fair hearings when such services are denied;
 - (14) Conduct research and other appropriate activities to determine the needs of elderly persons in this state, including, but not limited to, their needs for social and health services, and to determine what existing services and facilities, private and public, are available to elderly persons to meet those needs;
 - (15) Maintain and serve as a clearinghouse for up-to-date information and technical assistance related to the needs and interests of elderly persons and persons with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias, including information on the home and community based services program, dementia-specific training materials and dementia-specific trainers. Such dementia-specific information and technical assistance shall be maintained and provided in consultation with agencies, organizations and/or institutions of higher learning with expertise in dementia care;
 - (16) Provide information and support to persons with Alzheimer's disease and related dementias by establishing a family support group in every county;
- 72 (17) Provide area agencies on aging with assistance in applying for 73 federal, state, and private grants and identifying new funding sources;
- 74 **[**(17)**] (18)** Determine area agencies on aging annual allocations for Title 75 XX and Title III of the Older Americans Act expenditures;
- [(18)] (19) Provide transportation services, home-delivered and congregate meals, in-home services, counseling and other services to the elderly and low-income handicapped adults as designated in the Social Services Block Grant Report, through contract with other agencies, and shall monitor such agencies to ensure that services contracted for are delivered and meet standards of quality

81 set by the division;

- [(19)] (20) Monitor the process pursuant to the federal Patient Self-determination Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a (w), in long-term care facilities by which information is provided to patients concerning durable powers of attorney and living wills.
- 3. The department may withdraw designation of an area agency on aging only when it can be shown the federal or state laws or rules have not been complied with, state or federal funds are not being expended for the purposes for which they were intended, or the elderly are not receiving appropriate services within available resources, and after consultation with the director of the area agency on aging and the area agency board. Withdrawal of any particular program of services may be appealed to the director of the department of health and senior services and the governor. In the event that the division withdraws the area agency on aging designation in accordance with the Older Americans Act, the department shall administer the services to clients previously performed by the area agency on aging until a new area agency on aging is designated.
- 4. Any person hired by the department of health and senior services after August 13, 1988, to conduct or supervise inspections, surveys or investigations pursuant to chapter 198 shall complete at least one hundred hours of basic orientation regarding the inspection process and applicable rules and statutes during the first six months of employment. Any such person shall annually, on the anniversary date of employment, present to the department evidence of having completed at least twenty hours of continuing education in at least two of the following categories: communication techniques, skills development, resident care, or policy update. The department of health and senior services shall by rule describe the curriculum and structure of such continuing education.
- 5. The department may issue and promulgate rules to enforce, implement and effectuate the powers and duties established in this section and sections 198.070 and 198.090 and sections 192.2400 and 192.2475 to 192.2500. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and

any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2001, shall be invalid and void.

- 6. Home and community based services is a program, operated and coordinated by the department of health and senior services, which informs individuals of the variety of care options available to them when they may need long-term care.
- 122 7. The division shall maintain minimum dementia-specific training 123 requirements for employees involved in the delivery of care to persons with 124 Alzheimer's disease or related dementias who are employed by skilled nursing facilities, intermediate care facilities, residential care facilities, agencies 125 providing in-home care services authorized by the division of aging, adult day-126 127 care programs, independent contractors providing direct care to persons with 128 Alzheimer's disease or related dementias and the division of aging. Such training 129 shall be incorporated into new employee orientation and ongoing in-service 130 curricula for all employees involved in the care of persons with dementia. The 131 department of health and senior services shall maintain minimum dementiaspecific training requirements for employees involved in the delivery of care to 132 133 persons with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias who are employed by home 134 health and hospice agencies licensed by chapter 197. Such training shall be 135 incorporated into the home health and hospice agency's new employee orientation and ongoing in-service curricula for all employees involved in the care of persons 136 137 with dementia. The dementia training need not require additional hours of orientation or ongoing in-service. Training shall include at a minimum, the 138 139 following:
- (1) For employees providing direct care to persons with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias, the training shall include an overview of Alzheimer's disease and related dementias, communicating with persons with dementia, behavior management, promoting independence in activities of daily living, and understanding and dealing with family issues;
- 145 (2) For other employees who do not provide direct care for, but may have 146 daily contact with, persons with Alzheimer's disease or related dementias, the 147 training shall include an overview of dementias and communicating with persons 148 with dementia.
- As used in this subsection, the term "employee" includes persons hired as independent contractors. The training requirements of this subsection shall not be construed as superceding any other laws or rules regarding dementia-specific training.

- 192.2305. 1. There is hereby established within the department of health and senior services the "Office of State Ombudsman for Long-Term Care Facility Residents", for the purpose of helping to assure the adequacy of care received by residents of long-term care facilities and Missouri veterans' homes, as defined in section 42.002, and to improve the quality of life experienced by them, in accordance with the federal Older Americans Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 3001, et seq.
- 8 2. The office shall be administered by the state ombudsman, who shall 9 devote his or her entire time to the duties of his or her position.
- 3. The office shall establish and implement procedures for receiving, processing, responding to, and resolving complaints made by or on behalf of residents of long-term care facilities **and Missouri veterans' homes** relating to action, inaction, or decisions of providers, or their representatives, of long-term care services, of public agencies or of social service agencies, which may adversely affect the health, safety, welfare or rights of such residents.
- 4. The department shall establish and implement procedures for resolution of complaints. The ombudsman or representatives of the office shall have the authority to:
- 19 (1) Enter any long-term care facility **or Missouri veterans' homes** and 20 have access to residents of the facility at a reasonable time and in a reasonable 21 manner. The ombudsman shall have access to review resident records, if given 22 permission by the resident or the resident's legal guardian. Residents of the 23 facility shall have the right to request, deny, or terminate visits with an 24 ombudsman;
- 25 (2) Make the necessary inquiries and review such information and records 26 as the ombudsman or representative of the office deems necessary to accomplish 27 the objective of verifying these complaints.
- 5. The office shall acknowledge complaints, report its findings, make recommendations, gather and disseminate information and other material, and publicize its existence.
- 6. The ombudsman may recommend to the relevant governmental agency changes in the rules and regulations adopted or proposed by such governmental agency which do or may adversely affect the health, safety, welfare, or civil or human rights of any resident in a facility. The office shall analyze and monitor the development and implementation of federal, state and local laws, regulations and policies with respect to long-term care facilities and services and Missouri

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- veterans' homes in the state and shall recommend to the department changesin such laws, regulations and policies deemed by the office to be appropriate.
- 7. The office shall promote community contact and involvement with residents of facilities through the use of volunteers and volunteer programs directed by the regional ombudsman coordinators.
- 8. The office shall develop and establish by regulation of the department statewide policies and standards for implementing the activities of the ombudsman program, including the qualifications and the training of regional ombudsman coordinators and ombudsman volunteers.
- 9. The office shall develop and propose programs for use, training and coordination of volunteers in conjunction with the regional ombudsman coordinators and may:
 - (1) Establish and conduct recruitment programs for volunteers;
- 50 (2) Establish and conduct training seminars, meetings and other programs 51 for volunteers; and
- 52 (3) Supply personnel, written materials and such other reasonable 53 assistance, including publicizing their activities, as may be deemed necessary.
 - 10. The regional ombudsman coordinators and ombudsman volunteers shall have the authority to report instances of abuse and neglect to the ombudsman hotline operated by the department.
- 11. If the regional ombudsman coordinator or volunteer finds that a nursing home administrator is not willing to work with the ombudsman program to resolve complaints, the state ombudsman shall be notified. The department shall establish procedures by rule in accordance with chapter 536 for implementation of this subsection.
- 12. The office shall prepare and distribute to each facility written notices which set forth the address and telephone number of the office, a brief explanation of the function of the office, the procedure to follow in filing a complaint and other pertinent information.
- 13. The administrator of each facility shall ensure that such written notice is given to every resident or the resident's guardian upon admission to the facility and to every person already in residence, or to his or her guardian. The administrator shall also post such written notice in a conspicuous, public place in the facility in the number and manner set forth in the regulations adopted by the department.
 - 14. The office shall inform residents, their guardians or their families of

- 73 their rights and entitlements under state and federal laws and rules and
- 74 regulations by means of the distribution of educational materials and group
- 75 meetings.

192.2520. 1. Sections 192.2520 and 197.135 shall be known and may be cited as the "Justice for Survivors Act".

- 2. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:
- 4 (1) "Appropriate medical provider", the same meaning as used in 5 section 595.220;
 - (2) "Department", the department of health and senior services;
- 7 (3) "Evidentiary collection kit", the same meaning as used in 8 section 595.220;
- 9 (4) "Forensic examination", the same meaning as used in section 10 595.220;
- 11 (5) "Telehealth", the same meaning as used in section 191.1145.
- 3. No later than July 1, 2022, there shall be established within the department a statewide telehealth network for forensic
- 14 examinations of victims of sexual offenses in order to provide access to
- 15 sexual assault nurse examiners (SANE) or other similarly trained
- 16 appropriate medical providers. A statewide coordinator for the
- 17 telehealth network shall be selected by the director of the department
- 18 of health and senior services and shall have oversight responsibilities
- 19 and provide support for the training programs offered by the network,
- 20 as well as the implementation and operation of the network.
- 4. The network shall provide mentoring and educational training services, including:
- 23 (1) Conducting a forensic examination of a victim of a sexual 24 offense, in accordance with best practices, while utilizing an 25 evidentiary collection kit;
- 26 (2) Proper documentation, transmission, and storage of the 27 examination evidence;
- 28 (3) Utilizing trauma-informed care to address the needs of 29 victims;
- 30 (4) Utilizing telehealth technology while conducting a live 31 examination; and
- 32 (5) Providing ongoing case consultation and serving as an expert 33 witness in event of a trial.
- The network shall, in the mentoring and educational training services

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provided, emphasize the importance of obtaining a victim's informed consent to evidence collection, including issues involving minor consent, and the scope and limitations of confidentiality regarding information gathered during the forensic examination.

- 5. The training offered may be made available both online or in person, including the use of video conferencing technology to connect trained interdisciplinary experts with providers in a case-based learning environment.
- 6. The network shall, through telehealth services available twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week, by a SANE or another similarly trained appropriate medical provider, provide mentoring, consultation services, guidance, and technical assistance to appropriate medical providers during and outside of a forensic examination of a victim of a sexual offense. The network shall ensure that the system through which the network provides telehealth services meets national standards for interoperability to connect to telehealth systems.
- 7. The department may consult and enter into any necessary contracts with any other local, state, or federal agency, institution of higher education, or private entity to carry out the provisions of this section, including, but not limited to, a contract to:
 - (1) Develop, implement, maintain, or operate the network;
 - (2) Train and provide technical assistance to appropriate medical providers on conducting forensic examinations of victims of sexual offenses and the use of telehealth services; and
- 59 (3) Provide consultation, guidance, or technical assistance to 60 appropriate medical providers using telehealth services during a 61 forensic examination of a victim of a sexual offense.
 - 8. Beginning October 1, 2021, and each year thereafter, all hospitals licensed under chapter 197 shall report to the department the following information for the previous year:
- 65 (1) The number of forensic examinations of victims of a sexual 66 offense performed at the hospital;
- (2) The number of forensic examinations of victims of a sexual offense requested to be performed by a victim of a sexual offense that the hospital did not perform and the reason why the examination was not performed;
 - (3) The number of evidentiary collection kits submitted to a law

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enforcement agency for testing; and

- 73 (4) After July 1, 2022, the number of appropriate medical providers employed at or contracted with the hospital who utilized the 74training and telehealth services provided by the network.
- The information reported under this subsection and subsection 9 of this 76 section shall not include any personally identifiable information of any 77 victim of a sexual offense or any appropriate medical provider 78 performing a forensic examination of such victim. 79
 - 9. Beginning January 1, 2022, and each year thereafter, the department shall make publicly available a report that shall include the information submitted under subsection 8 of this section. The report shall also include, in collaboration with the department of public safety, information about the number of evidentiary collection kits submitted by a person or entity outside of a hospital setting, as well as the number of appropriate medical providers utilizing the training and telehealth services provided by the network outside of a hospital setting.
 - 10. (1) The funding for the network shall be subject to appropriations. In addition to appropriations from the general assembly, the department shall apply for available grants and shall be able to accept other gifts, grants, bequests, and donations to develop and maintain the network and the training offered by the network.
- (2) There is hereby created in the state treasury the "Justice for Survivors Telehealth Network Fund", which shall consist of any gifts, grants, bequests, and donations accepted under this subsection. The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer may approve disbursements. The fund shall be a dedicated fund and money in the fund shall be used solely by the department for the purpose of developing and maintaining the network and the training offered by the network. The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the 102same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.
- 105 11. The department shall promulgate rules and regulations in order to implement the provisions of this section, including, but not 106 107 limited to, the following:
 - (1) The operation of a statewide telehealth network for forensic

109 examinations of victims of sexual offenses;

- 110 (2) The development of training for appropriate medical 111 providers conducting a forensic examination of a victim of a sexual 112 offense; and
- 113 (3) Maintenance of records and data privacy and security of 114 patient information.

Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, 115 that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall 116 become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the 117 provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This 118 section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers 119 120 vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are 121 122 subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking 123 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2020, shall be invalid and void. 124

193,265. 1. For the issuance of a certification or copy of a death record, the applicant shall pay a fee of thirteen dollars for the first certification or copy and a fee of ten dollars for each additional copy ordered at that time. For the 3 issuance of a certification or copy of a birth, marriage, divorce, or fetal death record, the applicant shall pay a fee of fifteen dollars. No fee shall be required or collected for a certification of birth, death, or marriage if the request for certification is made by the children's division, the division of youth services, a guardian ad litem, or a juvenile officer on behalf of a child or person under twenty-one years of age who has come under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court under section 211.031. All fees shall be deposited to the state department of 10 revenue. Beginning August 28, 2004, for each vital records fee collected, the 11 director of revenue shall credit four dollars to the general revenue fund, five 12 dollars to the children's trust fund, one dollar shall be credited to the endowed 13 care cemetery audit fund, and three dollars for the first copy of death records and 14 15 five dollars for birth, marriage, divorce, and fetal death records shall be credited to the Missouri public services health fund established in section 192.900. Money 16 in the endowed care cemetery audit fund shall be available by appropriation to 17the division of professional registration to pay its expenses in administering 18 sections 214.270 to 214.410. All interest earned on money deposited in the 19 endowed care cemetery audit fund shall be credited to the endowed care cemetery

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21 fund. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, money 22 placed in the endowed care cemetery audit fund shall not be transferred and placed to the credit of general revenue until the amount in the fund at the end 23 24 of the biennium exceeds three times the amount of the appropriation from the 25 endowed care cemetery audit fund for the preceding fiscal year. The money deposited in the public health services fund under this section shall be deposited 26in a separate account in the fund, and moneys in such account, upon 27 28 appropriation, shall be used to automate and improve the state vital records 29 system, and develop and maintain an electronic birth and death registration system. For any search of the files and records, when no record is found, the 30 31 state shall be entitled to a fee equal to the amount for a certification of a vital 32 record for a five-year search to be paid by the applicant. For the processing of 33 each legitimation, adoption, court order or recording after the registrant's twelfth birthday, the state shall be entitled to a fee equal to the amount for a certification 34 35 of a vital record. Except whenever a certified copy or copies of a vital record is required to perfect any claim of any person on relief, or any dependent of any 36 37 person who was on relief for any claim upon the government of the state or United States, the state registrar shall, upon request, furnish a certified copy or 38 so many certified copies as are necessary, without any fee or compensation 39 therefor. 40

2. For the issuance of a certification of a death record by the local registrar, the applicant shall pay a fee of thirteen dollars for the first certification or copy and a fee of ten dollars for each additional copy ordered at that time. For the issuance of a certification or copy of a birth, marriage, divorce, or fetal death record, the applicant shall pay a fee of fifteen dollars; except that, in any county with a charter form of government and with more than six hundred thousand but fewer than seven hundred thousand inhabitants, a donation of one dollar may be collected by the local registrar over and above any fees required by law when a certification or copy of any marriage license or birth certificate is provided, with such donations collected to be forwarded monthly by the local registrar to the county treasurer of such county and the donations so forwarded to be deposited by the county treasurer into the housing resource commission fund to assist homeless families and provide financial assistance to organizations addressing homelessness in such county. The local registrar shall include a check-off box on the application form for such copies. All fees, other than the donations collected in any county with a charter form of government and with more than six hundred

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thousand but fewer than seven hundred thousand inhabitants for marriage licenses and birth certificates, shall be deposited to the official city or county health agency. A certified copy of a death record by the local registrar can only be issued within twenty-four hours of receipt of the record by the local registrar. Computer-generated certifications of death records may be issued by the local registrar after twenty-four hours of receipt of the records. The fees paid to the official county health agency shall be retained by the local agency for local public health purposes.

3. No fee under this section shall be required or collected from a parent or guardian of a homeless child or homeless youth, as defined in subsection 1 of section 167.020, or an unaccompanied youth, as defined in 42 U.S.C. Section 11434a(6), for the issuance of a certification, or copy of such certification, of birth of such child or youth. An unaccompanied youth shall be eligible to receive a certification or copy of his or her own birth record without the consent or signature of his or her parent or guardian.

197.135. 1. Beginning January 1, 2023, any hospital licensed under this chapter shall perform a forensic examination using an evidentiary collection kit upon the request and consent of the victim of a sexual offense, or the victim's guardian, when the victim is at least fourteen years of age. In the case of minor consent, the provisions of subsection 2 of section 595.220 shall apply. Victims under fourteen years of age shall be referred to a SAFE CARE provider, as such term is defined in section 334.950, for medical or forensic evaluation and case review. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to preclude a hospital from performing a forensic examination for a victim under fourteen years of age upon the request and consent of the victim or 11 victim's guardian, subject to the provisions of section 595.220 and the 12 rules promulgated by the department of public safety. 13

2. An appropriate medical provider, as such term is defined in section 595.220, shall perform the forensic examination of a victim of a sexual offense. The hospital shall ensure that any provider performing the examination has received training conducting such examinations that is, at a minimum, equivalent to the training offered by the statewide telehealth network under subsection 4 of section 192.2520. If the provider is not a sexual assault nurse examiner (SANE), or another similarly trained physician or nurse, then the hospital shall

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utilize telehealth services during the examination, such as those 23provided by the statewide telehealth network, to provide guidance and 24support through a SANE, or other similarly trained physician or nurse, who may observe the live forensic examination and who shall 25communicate with and support the onsite provider with the 26examination, forensic evidence collection, and proper transmission and 27 storage of the examination evidence. 28

- 3. The department of health and senior services may issue a waiver of the telehealth requirements of subsection 2 of this section if the hospital demonstrates to the department, in writing, a technological hardship in accessing telehealth services or a lack of access to adequate broadband services sufficient to access telehealth services. Such waivers shall be granted sparingly and for no more than 34a year in length at a time, with the opportunity for renewal at the department's discretion.
- 37 4. The department shall waive the requirements of this section if the statewide telehealth network established under section 192.2520 38 ceases operation, the director of the department of health and senior 39 services has provided written notice to hospitals licensed under this 40 chapter that the network has ceased operation, and the hospital cannot, in good faith, comply with the requirements of this section without assistance or resources of the statewide telehealth network. Such 44 waiver shall remain in effect until such time as the statewide telehealth 45 network resumes operation or until the hospital is able to demonstrate 46 compliance with the provisions of this section without the assistance 47 or resources of the statewide telehealth network.
 - 5. The provisions of section 595.220 shall apply to the reimbursement of the reasonable costs of the examinations and the provision of the evidentiary collection kits.

208.151. 1. Medical assistance on behalf of needy persons shall be known as "MO HealthNet". For the purpose of paying MO HealthNet benefits and to comply with Title XIX, Public Law 89-97, 1965 amendments to the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. Section 301, et seq.) as amended, the following needy persons shall be eligible to receive MO HealthNet benefits to the extent and in 6 the manner hereinafter provided:

(1) All participants receiving state supplemental payments for the aged, 7 blind and disabled;

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- 9 (2) All participants receiving aid to families with dependent children 10 benefits, including all persons under nineteen years of age who would be classified as dependent children except for the requirements of subdivision (1) of 11 subsection 1 of section 208.040. Participants eligible under this subdivision who 12 are participating in treatment court, as defined in section 478.001, shall have 13 their eligibility automatically extended sixty days from the time their dependent 14 child is removed from the custody of the participant, subject to approval of the 15 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services; 16
 - (3) All participants receiving blind pension benefits;
 - (4) All persons who would be determined to be eligible for old age assistance benefits, permanent and total disability benefits, or aid to the blind benefits under the eligibility standards in effect December 31, 1973, or less restrictive standards as established by rule of the family support division, who are sixty-five years of age or over and are patients in state institutions for mental diseases or tuberculosis;
 - (5) All persons under the age of twenty-one years who would be eligible for aid to families with dependent children except for the requirements of subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of section 208.040, and who are residing in an intermediate care facility, or receiving active treatment as inpatients in psychiatric facilities or programs, as defined in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396d, as amended;
- 30 (6) All persons under the age of twenty-one years who would be eligible 31 for aid to families with dependent children benefits except for the requirement of 32 deprivation of parental support as provided for in subdivision (2) of subsection 1 33 of section 208.040;
 - (7) All persons eligible to receive nursing care benefits;
- 35 (8) All participants receiving family foster home or nonprofit private 36 child-care institution care, subsidized adoption benefits and parental school care 37 wherein state funds are used as partial or full payment for such care;
- 38 (9) All persons who were participants receiving old age assistance 39 benefits, aid to the permanently and totally disabled, or aid to the blind benefits 40 on December 31, 1973, and who continue to meet the eligibility requirements, 41 except income, for these assistance categories, but who are no longer receiving 42 such benefits because of the implementation of Title XVI of the federal Social 43 Security Act, as amended;
 - (10) Pregnant women who meet the requirements for aid to families with

- 45 dependent children, except for the existence of a dependent child in the home;
- 46 (11) Pregnant women who meet the requirements for aid to families with 47 dependent children, except for the existence of a dependent child who is deprived
- 48 of parental support as provided for in subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of section
- 49 208.040;
- 50 (12) Pregnant women or infants under one year of age, or both, whose
- 51 family income does not exceed an income eligibility standard equal to one
- 52 hundred eighty-five percent of the federal poverty level as established and
- 53 amended by the federal Department of Health and Human Services, or its
- 54 successor agency;
- 55 (13) Children who have attained one year of age but have not attained six
- 56 years of age who are eligible for medical assistance under 6401 of P.L. 101-239
- 57 (Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1989). The family support division shall
- 58 use an income eligibility standard equal to one hundred thirty-three percent of
- 59 the federal poverty level established by the Department of Health and Human
- 60 Services, or its successor agency;
- 61 (14) Children who have attained six years of age but have not attained
- 62 nineteen years of age. For children who have attained six years of age but have
- 63 not attained nineteen years of age, the family support division shall use an
- 64 income assessment methodology which provides for eligibility when family income
- 65 is equal to or less than equal to one hundred percent of the federal poverty level
- 66 established by the Department of Health and Human Services, or its successor
- 67 agency. As necessary to provide MO HealthNet coverage under this subdivision,
- 68 the department of social services may revise the state MO HealthNet plan to
- 69 extend coverage under 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a(a)(10)(A)(i)(III) to children who
- 70 have attained six years of age but have not attained nineteen years of age as
- 71 permitted by paragraph (2) of subsection (n) of 42 U.S.C. Section 1396d using a
- 72 more liberal income assessment methodology as authorized by paragraph (2) of
- 73 subsection (r) of 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a;
- 74 (15) The family support division shall not establish a resource eligibility
- 75 standard in assessing eligibility for persons under subdivision (12), (13) or (14)
- 76 of this subsection. The MO HealthNet division shall define the amount and scope
- 77 of benefits which are available to individuals eligible under each of the
- 78 subdivisions (12), (13), and (14) of this subsection, in accordance with the
- 79 requirements of federal law and regulations promulgated thereunder;
- 80 (16) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary,

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ambulatory prenatal care shall be made available to pregnant women during a period of presumptive eligibility pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-1, as amended;

- (17) A child born to a woman eligible for and receiving MO HealthNet benefits under this section on the date of the child's birth shall be deemed to have applied for MO HealthNet benefits and to have been found eligible for such assistance under such plan on the date of such birth and to remain eligible for such assistance for a period of time determined in accordance with applicable federal and state law and regulations so long as the child is a member of the woman's household and either the woman remains eligible for such assistance or for children born on or after January 1, 1991, the woman would remain eligible for such assistance if she were still pregnant. Upon notification of such child's birth, the family support division shall assign a MO HealthNet eligibility identification number to the child so that claims may be submitted and paid under such child's identification number;
- (18) Pregnant women and children eligible for MO HealthNet benefits 96 97 pursuant to subdivision (12), (13) or (14) of this subsection shall not as a condition of eligibility for MO HealthNet benefits be required to apply for aid to 98 99 families with dependent children. The family support division shall utilize an 100 application for eligibility for such persons which eliminates information 101 requirements other than those necessary to apply for MO HealthNet benefits. The division shall provide such application forms to applicants whose 102 103 preliminary income information indicates that they are ineligible for aid to 104 families with dependent children. Applicants for MO HealthNet benefits under subdivision (12), (13) or (14) of this subsection shall be informed of the aid to 105 106 families with dependent children program and that they are entitled to apply for such benefits. Any forms utilized by the family support division for assessing 107 eligibility under this chapter shall be as simple as practicable; 108
- 109 (19) Subject to appropriations necessary to recruit and train such staff, 110 the family support division shall provide one or more full-time, permanent 111 eligibility specialists to process applications for MO HealthNet benefits at the site 112 of a health care provider, if the health care provider requests the placement of 113 such eligibility specialists and reimburses the division for the expenses including 114 but not limited to salaries, benefits, travel, training, telephone, supplies, and 115 equipment of such eligibility specialists. The division may provide a health care provider with a part-time or temporary eligibility specialist at the site of a health 116

care provider if the health care provider requests the placement of such an eligibility specialist and reimburses the division for the expenses, including but not limited to the salary, benefits, travel, training, telephone, supplies, and equipment, of such an eligibility specialist. The division may seek to employ such eligibility specialists who are otherwise qualified for such positions and who are current or former welfare participants. The division may consider training such current or former welfare participants as eligibility specialists for this program;

(20) Pregnant women who are eligible for, have applied for and have received MO HealthNet benefits under subdivision (2), (10), (11) or (12) of this subsection shall continue to be considered eligible for all pregnancy-related and postpartum MO HealthNet benefits provided under section 208.152 until the end of the sixty-day period beginning on the last day of their pregnancy. Pregnant women receiving substance abuse treatment within sixty days of giving birth shall, subject to appropriations and any necessary federal approval, be eligible for MO HealthNet benefits for substance abuse treatment and mental health services for the treatment of substance abuse for no more than twelve additional months, as long as the woman remains adherent with treatment. The department of mental health and the department of social services shall seek any necessary waivers or state plan amendments from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services and shall develop rules relating to treatment plan adherence. No later than fifteen months after receiving any necessary waiver, the department of mental health and the department of social services shall report to the house of representatives budget committee and the senate appropriations committee on the compliance with federal cost neutrality requirements;

at risk shall be a covered service. To the greatest extent possible, and in compliance with federal law and regulations, the department of health and senior services shall provide case management services to pregnant women by contract or agreement with the department of social services through local health departments organized under the provisions of chapter 192 or chapter 205 or a city health department operated under a city charter or a combined city-county health department or other department of health and senior services designees. To the greatest extent possible the department of social services and the department of health and senior services shall mutually coordinate all services for pregnant women and children with the crippled children's program, the prevention of intellectual disability and developmental disability program and the

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153 prenatal care program administered by the department of health and senior 154 services. The department of social services shall by regulation establish the 155 methodology for reimbursement for case management services provided by the department of health and senior services. For purposes of this section, the term 156 157 "case management" shall mean those activities of local public health personnel 158 to identify prospective MO HealthNet-eligible high-risk mothers and enroll them 159 in the state's MO HealthNet program, refer them to local physicians or local 160 health departments who provide prenatal care under physician protocol and who 161 participate in the MO HealthNet program for prenatal care and to ensure that 162 said high-risk mothers receive support from all private and public programs for 163 which they are eligible and shall not include involvement in any MO HealthNet 164 prepaid, case-managed programs;

- (22) By January 1, 1988, the department of social services and the department of health and senior services shall study all significant aspects of presumptive eligibility for pregnant women and submit a joint report on the subject, including projected costs and the time needed for implementation, to the general assembly. The department of social services, at the direction of the general assembly, may implement presumptive eligibility by regulation promulgated pursuant to chapter 207;
- 172 (23) All participants who would be eligible for aid to families with 173 dependent children benefits except for the requirements of paragraph (d) of 174 subdivision (1) of section 208.150;
 - (24) (a) All persons who would be determined to be eligible for old age assistance benefits under the eligibility standards in effect December 31, 1973, as authorized by 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a(f), or less restrictive methodologies as contained in the MO HealthNet state plan as of January 1, 2005; except that, on or after July 1, 2005, less restrictive income methodologies, as authorized in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a(r)(2), may be used to change the income limit if authorized by annual appropriation;
- (b) All persons who would be determined to be eligible for aid to the blind benefits under the eligibility standards in effect December 31, 1973, as authorized by 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a(f), or less restrictive methodologies as contained in the MO HealthNet state plan as of January 1, 2005, except that less restrictive income methodologies, as authorized in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a(r)(2), shall be used to raise the income limit to one hundred percent of the federal poverty level;
 - (c) All persons who would be determined to be eligible for permanent and

- 189 total disability benefits under the eligibility standards in effect December 31,
- 190 1973, as authorized by 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a(f); or less restrictive
- 191 methodologies as contained in the MO HealthNet state plan as of January 1,
- 192 2005; except that, on or after July 1, 2005, less restrictive income methodologies,
- 193 as authorized in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a(r)(2), may be used to change the income
- 194 limit if authorized by annual appropriations. Eligibility standards for permanent
- and total disability benefits shall not be limited by age;
- 196 (25) Persons who have been diagnosed with breast or cervical cancer and
- 197 who are eligible for coverage pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Section
- 198 1396a(a)(10)(A)(ii)(XVIII). Such persons shall be eligible during a period of
- 199 presumptive eligibility in accordance with 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-1;
- 200 (26) Persons who are in foster care under the responsibility of the state
- 201 of Missouri on the date such persons attained the age of eighteen years, or at any
- 202 time during the thirty-day period preceding their eighteenth birthday, or persons
- 203 who received foster care for at least six months in another state, are residing in
- 204 Missouri, and are at least eighteen years of age, without regard to income or
- 205 assets, if such persons:
- 206 (a) Are under twenty-six years of age;
- 207 (b) Are not eligible for coverage under another mandatory coverage group;
- 208 and
- 209 (c) Were covered by Medicaid while they were in foster care;
- 210 (27) Any homeless child or homeless youth, as those terms are
- 211 defined in section 167.020, subject to approval of a state plan
- 212 amendment by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.
- 213 2. Rules and regulations to implement this section shall be promulgated
- 214 in accordance with chapter 536. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is
- 215 defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this
- 216 section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the
- 217 provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and
- 218 chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general
- 219 assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date or to
- 220 disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the
- 221 grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28,
- 222 2002, shall be invalid and void.
- 3. After December 31, 1973, and before April 1, 1990, any family eligible
- 224 for assistance pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Section 601, et seq., as amended, in at least

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225 three of the last six months immediately preceding the month in which such 226 family became ineligible for such assistance because of increased income from 227 employment shall, while a member of such family is employed, remain eligible for 228 MO HealthNet benefits for four calendar months following the month in which 229 such family would otherwise be determined to be ineligible for such assistance 230 because of income and resource limitation. After April 1, 1990, any family 231 receiving aid pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Section 601, et seq., as amended, in at least 232 three of the six months immediately preceding the month in which such family 233 becomes ineligible for such aid, because of hours of employment or income from employment of the caretaker relative, shall remain eligible for MO HealthNet 234 235 benefits for six calendar months following the month of such ineligibility as long 236 as such family includes a child as provided in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-6. Each 237 family which has received such medical assistance during the entire six-month 238 period described in this section and which meets reporting requirements and income tests established by the division and continues to include a child as 239 provided in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-6 shall receive MO HealthNet benefits 240 241 without fee for an additional six months. The MO HealthNet division may 242 provide by rule and as authorized by annual appropriation the scope of MO 243 HealthNet coverage to be granted to such families.

- 4. When any individual has been determined to be eligible for MO HealthNet benefits, such medical assistance will be made available to him or her for care and services furnished in or after the third month before the month in which he made application for such assistance if such individual was, or upon application would have been, eligible for such assistance at the time such care and services were furnished; provided, further, that such medical expenses remain unpaid.
- 251 5. The department of social services may apply to the federal Department of Health and Human Services for a MO HealthNet waiver amendment to the 252 253 Section 1115 demonstration waiver or for any additional MO HealthNet waivers 254 necessary not to exceed one million dollars in additional costs to the state, unless subject to appropriation or directed by statute, but in no event shall such waiver 255 256 applications or amendments seek to waive the services of a rural health clinic or 257 a federally qualified health center as defined in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396d(l)(1) and 258 (2) or the payment requirements for such clinics and centers as provided in 42 259 U.S.C. Section 1396a(a)(15) and 1396a(bb) unless such waiver application is 260 approved by the oversight committee created in section 208.955. A request for

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such a waiver so submitted shall only become effective by executive order not sooner than ninety days after the final adjournment of the session of the general assembly to which it is submitted, unless it is disapproved within sixty days of its submission to a regular session by a senate or house resolution adopted by a majority vote of the respective elected members thereof, unless the request for such a waiver is made subject to appropriation or directed by statute.

6. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, in any given fiscal year, any persons made eligible for MO HealthNet benefits under subdivisions (1) to (22) of subsection 1 of this section shall only be eligible if annual appropriations are made for such eligibility. This subsection shall not apply to classes of individuals listed in 42 U.S.C. Section [1396a(a)(10)(A)(I)] 1396a(a)(10)(A)(i).

209.150. 1. Every person with a [visual, aural, or other] disability, 2 [including diabetes,] as defined in section 213.010, shall have the same rights afforded to a person with no such disability to the full and free use of the streets, 4 highways, sidewalks, walkways, public buildings, public facilities, and other 5 public places.

- 2. Every person with a [visual, aural, or other] disability, [including diabetes,] as defined in section 213.010, is entitled to full and equal accommodations, advantages, facilities, and privileges of all common carriers, airplanes, motor vehicles, railroad trains, motor buses, taxis, streetcars, boats or any other public conveyances or modes of transportation, hotels, lodging places, places of public accommodation, amusement or resort, and other places to which the general public is invited, subject only to the conditions and limitations established by law and applicable alike to all persons.
- 3. Every person with a [visual, aural, or other] disability, [including 14 diabetes, as defined in section 213.010, shall have the right to be accompanied 15 by a [guide dog, hearing dog, or] service dog or dogs, as defined in section 16 209.200, which is especially trained for the purpose, in any of the places listed 17 in subsection 2 of this section without being required to pay an extra charge for 18 19 the [guide dog, hearing dog, or] service dog or dogs, as defined in section 20 209.200; provided that such person shall be liable for any damage done to the 21 premises or facilities by such dog.
- 4. As used in sections 209.150 to 209.190, the term "service dog" [means any dog specifically trained to assist a person with a physical or mental disability by performing necessary tasks or doing work which the person cannot

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perform. Such tasks shall include, but not be limited to, pulling a wheelchair, 25

26 retrieving items, carrying supplies, and search and rescue of an individual with

a disability] shall have the same definition as in section 209.200. 27

209.200. As used in sections [209.200] **209.150** to 209.204, not to exceed the provisions of the Americans With Disabilities Act, the following terms shall 23 mean:

- (1) "Disability", as defined in section 213.010 including diabetes;
- 5 (2) "Service dog", a dog that is being or has been [specially] individually trained to do work or perform tasks [which] for the benefit [a particular person] 6 7 of an individual with a disability, including a physical, sensory, psychiatric, intellectual, or other mental disability. Service dog includes 9 but is not limited to:
- 10 (a) "Guide dog", a dog that is being or has been specially trained to assist a particular blind or visually impaired person; 11
- 12 (b) "Hearing dog", a dog that is being or has been specially trained to 13 assist a particular deaf or hearing-impaired person;
- 14 (c) "Medical alert or [respond] response dog", a dog that is being or has been trained to alert a person with a disability that a particular medical event 15 is about to occur or to respond to a medical event that has occurred; 16
- 17 (d) "Mental health service dog" or "psychiatric service dog", a dog 18 individually trained for its owner who is diagnosed with a psychiatric disability, medical condition, or developmental disability recognized in 19 20 the most recently published Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM) to perform tasks that mitigate or assist with 22 difficulties directly related to the owner's psychiatric disability, 23 medical condition, or developmental disability;
 - (e) "Mobility dog", a dog that is being or has been specially trained to assist a person with a disability caused by physical impairments;
- [(e)] (f) "Professional therapy dog", a dog which is selected, trained, and 26 27tested to provide specific physical therapeutic functions, under the direction and control of a qualified handler who works with the dog as a team as a part of the 28 handler's occupation or profession. Such dogs, with their handlers, perform such 29 functions in institutional settings, community-based group settings, or when 30 providing services to specific persons who have disabilities. Professional therapy 31 dogs do not include dogs, certified or not, which are used by volunteers in 32 33 visitation therapy;

- [(f)] (g) "Search and rescue dog", a dog that is being or has been trained to search for or prevent a person with a mental disability, including but not limited to verbal and nonverbal autism, from becoming lost;
- 37 (3) "Service dog team", a team consisting of a trained service dog, a 38 disabled person or child, and a person who is an adult and who has been trained 39 to handle the service dog.
- 209.204. 1. Any person who knowingly impersonates a person with a disability for the purpose of receiving the accommodations regarding service dogs under the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 12101, et seq., is guilty of a class C misdemeanor and shall also be civilly liable for the amount of any actual damages resulting from such impersonation. Any second or subsequent violation of this section is a class B misdemeanor. For purposes of this section, "impersonates a person with a disability" means a representation by word or action as a person with a disability [or a representation of a dog by word or action as a service dog].
- 2. No person shall knowingly misrepresent a dog as a service dog for the purpose of receiving the accommodations regarding service dogs under the Americans with Disabilities Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 12101, et seq. For purposes of this section, "misrepresent a dog as a service dog" means a representation by word or action that a dog has been trained as a service dog, as defined in section 209.200. Misrepresentation of a service dog shall include, but shall not be limited to:
- 17 (1) Knowingly creating documents that falsely represent that a 18 dog is a service dog;
- 19 (2) Knowingly providing to another person documents falsely 20 stating that a dog is a service dog;
- 21 (3) Knowingly fitting a dog, if the dog is not a service dog, with 22 a harness, collar, vest, or sign of the type commonly used by a person 23 with a disability to indicate a dog is a service dog; or
- 24 (4) Knowingly representing that a dog is a service dog if the dog 25 has not completed training to perform disability-related tasks or do 26 disability-related work for a person with a disability.
- A person who violates this subsection is guilty of a class C misdemeanor and shall also be civilly liable for any actual damages resulting from such misrepresentation. Any second or subsequent violation of this subsection is a class B misdemeanor.

- 31 3. No person shall knowingly misrepresent any animal as an assistance animal for the purpose of receiving the accommodations 32regarding assistance animals under the Fair Housing Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 3601, et seq., or the Rehabilitation Act, 29 U.S.C. Section 701, et seq. For the purposes of this section an "assistance animal" is an 35 36 animal that works, provides assistance, or performs tasks, or is being trained to work, provide assistance, or perform tasks, for the benefit of 37 a person with a disability, or that provides emotional support that 38 39 alleviates one or more identified effects of a person's disability. While 40 dogs are the most common type of assistance animal, other animals may also be assistance animals. Misrepresentation of an assistance animal 41 shall include, but shall not be limited to: 42
 - (1) Knowingly creating documents that falsely represent that an animal is an assistance animal;
- 45 (2) Knowingly providing to another person documents falsely 46 stating that an animal is an assistance animal;
- 47 (3) Knowingly fitting an animal, if the animal is not an assistance animal, with a harness, collar, vest, or sign of the type commonly used 48 by a person with a disability to indicate an animal is an assistance 49 50 animal; or
- (4) Knowingly and intentionally misrepresenting a material fact 51 to a health care provider for the purpose of obtaining documentation 53 from the health care provider necessary to designate an animal as an 54assistance animal. All documentation for an assistance animal shall be from a qualified professional as permitted under the Fair Housing Act, 55 42 U.S.C. Section 3601, et seq., or the Rehabilitation Act, 29 U.S.C. 56
- Section 701, et seq.
- A person who violates this subsection is guilty of a class C misdemeanor and shall also be civilly liable for any actual damages 59 resulting from such misrepresentation. Any second or subsequent 60 violation of this subsection is a class B misdemeanor. 61
- 62 4. The governor's council on disability shall prepare and make available online a placard suitable for posting in a front window or 63 64 door, stating that service dogs are welcome and that misrepresentation of a service dog is a violation of Missouri law, and a brochure detailing 65 permissible questions, as allowed by the Americans with Disabilities 66 Act, a business owner may ask in order to determine whether a dog is

68 a service dog and guidelines defining unacceptable behavior.

- 5. The governor's council on disability shall prepare and make available online a brochure for landlords and tenants regarding laws relating to service dogs, assistance animals, and housing under federal and Missouri law.
- 210.109. 1. The children's division shall establish a child protection 2 system for the entire state.
- 2. The child protection system shall promote the safety of children and the integrity and preservation of their families by conducting investigations or family assessments and providing services in response to reports of child abuse or neglect. The system shall coordinate community resources and provide assistance or services to children and families identified to be at risk, and to prevent and remedy child abuse and neglect.
- 9 3. In addition to any duties specified in section 210.145, in implementing 10 the child protection system, the division shall:
 - (1) Maintain a central registry;
- 12 (2) Receive reports and establish and maintain an information system 13 operating at all times, capable of receiving and maintaining reports;
- 14 (3) Attempt to obtain the name and address of any person making a report in all cases, after obtaining relevant information regarding the alleged abuse or 15 neglect, although reports may be made anonymously; except that, reports by mandatory reporters under section 210.115, including employees of the children's 17division, juvenile officers, and school personnel shall not be made anonymously, 18 provided that the reporter shall be informed, at the time of the report, that the 19 20reporter's name and any other personally identifiable information shall be held 21 as confidential and shall not be made public as provided under this section and 22 section 211.319;
- 23 (4) Upon receipt of a report, check with the information system to 24 determine whether previous reports have been made regarding actual or 25 suspected abuse or neglect of the subject child, of any siblings, and the 26 perpetrator, and relevant dispositional information regarding such previous 27 reports;
- 28 (5) Provide protective or preventive services to the family and child and 29 to others in the home to prevent abuse or neglect, to safeguard their health and 30 welfare, and to help preserve and stabilize the family whenever possible. The 31 juvenile court shall cooperate with the division in providing such services;

- 32 (6) Collaborate with the community to identify comprehensive local 33 services and assure access to those services for children and families where there 34 is risk of abuse or neglect;
- 35 (7) Maintain a record which contains the facts ascertained which support 36 the determination as well as the facts that do not support the determination;
- 37 (8) Whenever available and appropriate, contract for the provision of children's services through children's services providers and agencies in the 38 community; except that the state shall be the sole provider of child abuse and 39 neglect hotline services, the initial child abuse and neglect investigation, and the 40 41 initial family assessment. The division shall attempt to seek input from child 42 welfare service providers in completing the initial family assessment. In all legal 43 proceedings involving children in the custody of the division, the division shall be represented in court by either division personnel or persons with whom the 44 division contracts with for such legal representation. All children's services 45 providers and agencies shall be subject to criminal background checks pursuant 46 47 to chapter 43 and shall submit names of all employees to the family care safety 48 registry; and
- (9) Upon receipt of a report, attempt to ascertain whether the suspected perpetrator or any person responsible for the care, custody, and control of the subject child is a member of the Armed Forces, as defined in section 41.030.
- As used in this subsection, "report" includes any telephone call made pursuant to section 210.145.
- 210.112. 1. It is the policy of this state and its agencies to implement a foster care and child protection and welfare system focused on providing the highest quality of services and outcomes for children and their families. The department of social services shall implement such system subject to the following principles:
 - (1) The safety and welfare of children is paramount;
- 7 (2) All providers of direct services to children and their families will be 8 evaluated in a uniform, **transparent**, **objective**, and consistent basis **based on** 9 **an evaluation tool established in subsection 2 of this section**;
- 10 (3) Services to children and their families shall be provided in a timely
 11 manner to maximize the opportunity for successful outcomes, and such services
 12 shall be tracked and routinely evaluated through a quality assurance
 13 program; [and]

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- (4) Any provider of direct services to children and families shall have the appropriate and relevant training, education, and expertise to provide the highest 16 quality of services possible which shall be consistent with [the] federal and state standards[, but not less than the standards and policies used by the children's 17 division as of January 1, 2004]; 18
- (5) Resources and efforts shall be committed to pursue the best 19 20 possible opportunity for a successful outcome for each child. Successful outcomes may include preparing youth for a productive and successful 21 22 life as an adult outside the foster care system, such as independent living. For those providers that work with children requiring intensive 23 twenty-four-hour treatment services, successful outcomes shall be based 2425 on the least restrictive alternative possible based on the child's needs as 26 well as the quality of care received; and
 - (6) All service providers shall prioritize methods of reducing or eliminating a child's need for residential treatment through community-based services and supports.
 - 2. (1) In conjunction with the response and evaluation team established under subsection 3 of this section, as well as other individuals the division deems appropriate, the division shall establish an evaluation tool that complies with state and federal guidelines.
 - (2) The evaluation tool shall include metrics supporting best practices for case management and service provision including, but not limited to, the frequency of face-to-face visits with the child.
 - (3) There shall be a mechanism whereby providers may propose different evaluation metrics on a case-by-case basis if such case may have circumstances far beyond those that would be expected. Such cases shall be evaluated by the response and evaluation team under subsection 3 of this section.
 - (4) Data regarding all evaluation metrics shall be collected by the division on a monthly basis, and the division shall issue a quarterly report regarding the evaluation data for each provider, both public and private, by county. The response and evaluation team shall determine how to aggregate cases for the division and large contractors so that performance and outcomes may be compared effectively while also protecting confidentiality. Such reports shall be made public and shall include information by county.
 - (5) The standards and metrics developed through this evaluation

51 tool shall be used to evaluate competitive bids for future contracts 52 established under subsection 4 of this section.

- 53 3. The division shall create a response and evaluation team. Membership of the team shall be composed of five staff members 54 from the division with experience in foster care appointed by the 55 56 director of the division; five representatives, one from each contract region for foster care case management contracts under subsection 4 57of this section, who shall be annually rotated among contractors in 58 each region, which shall appoint the agency; two experts working in either research or higher education on issues relating to child welfare and foster care appointed by the director of the division and who shall be actively working for either an academic institution or policy 62 foundation; one juvenile officer or a Missouri juvenile justice director 63 to be appointed by the Missouri juvenile justice association; and one 64 juvenile or family court judge appointed by the supreme court. The division shall provide the necessary staffing for the team's operations. All members shall be appointed, and the team shall meet for the first 67 time before January 1, 2021. The team shall: 68
- (1) Review the evaluation tool and metrics set forth in subsection 2 of this section on a semiannual basis to determine any adjustments needed or issues that could affect the quality of such tools and approve or deny on a case-by-case basis:
- (a) Cases that a provider feels are anomalous and should not be part of developing the case management tool under subsection 2 of this section;
- (b) Alternative evaluation metrics recommended by providers based on the best interests of the child under subsections 2 and 5 of this section; or
- 79 (c) Review and recommend any structure for incentives or other 80 reimbursement strategies under subsection 6 of this section;
- (2) Develop and execute periodic provider evaluations of cases managed by the division and children service providers contracted with the state to provide foster care case management services in the field under the evaluation tool created under subsection 2 of this section to ensure basic requirements of the program are met, which shall include, but are not limited to, random file review to ensure documentation shows required visits and case management plan notes;

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- (3) Develop a system for reviewing and working with providers identified under subdivision (2) of this subsection or providers who request such assistance from the division, who show signs of performance weakness to ensure technical assistance and other services are offered to assist the providers in achieving successful outcomes for their cases.
- 95 4. [On or before July 1, 2005, and subject to appropriations,] The 96 children's division and any other state agency deemed necessary by the division shall, in consultation with [the community and] service providers [of services] 97 98 and other relevant parties, enter into and implement contracts with qualified 99 children's services providers and agencies to provide a comprehensive and 100 deliberate system of service delivery for children and their families. Contracts 101 shall be awarded through a competitive process and provided by [children's 102 services providers and agencies currently contracting with the state to provide 103 such services and by qualified public and private not-for-profit or limited 104 liability corporations owned exclusively by not-for-profit corporations children's services providers and agencies which have: 105
 - (1) A proven record of providing child welfare services within the state of Missouri which shall be consistent with the federal standards, but not less than the standards and policies used by the children's division as of January 1, 2004; and
- 110 (2) The ability to provide a range of child welfare services[, which may 111 include] including, but not limited to, case management services, family-112 centered services, foster and adoptive parent recruitment and retention, 113 residential care, in-home services, foster care services, adoption services, relative 114 care case management, planned permanent living services, and family 115 reunification services.
 - No contracts **under this section** shall be issued for services related to the child abuse and neglect hotline, investigations of alleged abuse and neglect, and initial family assessments. Any contracts entered into by the division shall be in accordance with all federal laws and regulations, and shall [not result in the loss of] **seek to maximize** federal funding. [Such] Children's services providers and agencies under contract with the division shall be subject to all federal, state, and local laws and regulations relating to the provision of such services, and shall be subject to oversight and inspection by appropriate state agencies to assure

compliance with standards which shall be consistent with the federal standards [, but not less than the standards and policies used by the children's division as of January 1, 2004.

- 3. In entering into and implementing contracts under subsection 2 of this section, the division shall consider and direct their efforts towards geographic areas of the state, including Greene County, where eligible direct children's services providers and agencies are currently available and capable of providing a broad range of services, including case management services, family-centered services, foster and adoptive parent recruitment and retention, residential care, family preservation services, foster care services, adoption services, relative care case management, other planned living arrangements, and family reunification services consistent with federal guidelines. Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit the division from contracting on an as-needed basis for any individual child welfare service listed above.
 - 4. The contracts entered into under this section shall assure that:
- (1) Child welfare services shall be delivered to a child and the child's family by professionals who have substantial and relevant training, education, or competencies otherwise demonstrated in the area of children and family services;
- (2) Children's services providers and agencies shall be evaluated by the division based on objective, consistent, and performance-based criteria;
- (3) Any case management services provided shall be subject to a case management plan established under subsection 5 of this section which is consistent with all relevant federal guidelines. The case management plan shall focus on attaining permanency in children's living conditions to the greatest extent possible and shall include concurrent planning and independent living where appropriate in accordance with the best interests of each child served and considering relevant factors applicable to each individual case as provided by law, including:
- (a) The interaction and interrelationship of a child with the child's foster parents, biological or adoptive parents, siblings, and any other person who may significantly affect the child's best interests;
 - (b) A child's adjustment to his or her foster home, school, and community;
- (c) The mental and physical health of all individuals involved, including any history of abuse of or by any individuals involved;
- 158 (d) The needs of the child for a continuing relationship with the child's 159 biological or adoptive parents and the ability and willingness of the child's

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- biological or adoptive parents to actively perform their functions as parents with
 regard to the needs of the child; and
- (e) For any child, treatment services may be available as defined in section 210.110. Assessments, as defined in section 210.110, may occur to determine which treatment services best meet the child's psychological and social needs. When the assessment indicates that a child's needs can be best resolved by intensive twenty-four-hour treatment services, the division will locate, contract, and place the child with the appropriate organizations. This placement will be viewed as the least restrictive for the child based on the assessment;
 - (4) The delivery system shall have sufficient flexibility to take into account children and families on a case-by-case basis;
 - (5) The delivery system shall provide a mechanism for the assessment of strategies to work with children and families immediately upon entry into the system to maximize permanency and successful outcome in the shortest time possible and shall include concurrent planning. Outcome measures for private and public agencies shall be equal for each program; and
 - (6) Payment to the children's services providers and agencies shall be made based on the reasonable costs of services, including responsibilities necessary to execute the contract. Contracts shall provide incentives in addition to the costs of services provided in recognition of accomplishment of the case goals and the corresponding cost savings to the state. The division shall promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this subdivision.
 - 5. Contracts entered into under this section shall require that a case management plan consistent with all relevant federal guidelines shall be developed for each child at the earliest time after the initial investigation, but in no event longer than thirty days after the initial investigation or referral to the contractor by the division. Such case management plan shall be presented to the court and be the foundation of service delivery to the child and family. The case management plan shall, at a minimum, include:
- 189 (1) An outcome target based on the child and family situation achieving 190 permanency or independent living, where appropriate;
- 191 (2) Services authorized and necessary to facilitate the outcome target;
 - (3) Time frames in which services will be delivered; and
- 193 (4) Necessary evaluations and reporting.
- 194 In addition to any visits and assessments required under case management, 195 services to be provided by a public or private children's services provider under

- the specific case management plan may include family-centered services, foster and adoptive parent recruitment and retention, residential care, in-home services, foster care services, adoption services, relative care case services, planned permanent living services, and family reunification services. In all cases, an appropriate level of services shall be provided to the child and family after permanency is achieved to assure a continued successful outcome.
- 202 6. By December 1, 2018, the division shall convene a task force to review 203 the recruitment, licensing and retention of foster and adoptive parents statewide. 204 In addition to representatives of the division and department, the task force shall 205 include representatives of the private sector and faith-based community which 206 provide recruitment and licensure services. The purpose of the task force shall 207 and will be to study the extent to which changes in the system of recruiting, 208 licensing, and retaining foster and adoptive parents would enhance the effectiveness of the system statewide. The task force shall develop a report of its 209 210 findings with recommendations by December 1, 2019, and provide copies of the 211 report to the general assembly, to the joint committee on child abuse and neglect 212 under section 21.771, and to the governor.
- 7. On or before July 15, 2006, and each July fifteenth thereafter that the project is in operation, the division shall submit a report to the general assembly which shall include:
- 216 (1) Details about the specifics of the contracts, including the number of 217 children and families served, the cost to the state for contracting such services, 218 the current status of the children and families served, an assessment of the 219 quality of services provided and outcomes achieved, and an overall evaluation of 220 the project; and
 - (2) Any recommendations regarding the continuation or possible statewide implementation of such project; and
- 223 (3) Any information or recommendations directly related to the provision 224 of direct services for children and their families that any of the contracting 225 children's services providers "and agencies request to have included in the 226 report].
- [8.] 5. The division shall accept as prima facie evidence of completion of the requirements for licensure under sections 210.481 to 210.511 proof that an agency is accredited by any of the following nationally recognized bodies: the Council on Accreditation of Services, Children and Families, Inc.; the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals; or the Commission on Accreditation

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232 of Rehabilitation Facilities. [The division shall not require any further evidence 233 of qualification for licensure if such proof of voluntary accreditation is submitted.]

- 6. Payment to the children's services providers and agencies 235shall be made based on the reasonable costs of services, including responsibilities necessary to execute the contract. Any reimbursement increases made through enhanced appropriations for services shall be allocated to providers regardless of whether the provider is public or 238 239 private. Such increases shall be considered additive to the existing contracts. In addition to payments reflecting the cost of services, 240 contracts shall include incentives provided in recognition of performance based on the evaluation tool created under subsection 2 242of this section and the corresponding savings for the state. The 243response and evaluation team under subsection 3 of this section shall review a formula to distribute such payments, as recommended by the division.
 - 7. The division shall consider immediate actions that are in the best interests of the children served including, but not limited to, placing the agency on a corrective plan, halting new referrals, transferring cases to other performing providers, or terminating the provider's contract. The division shall take steps necessary to evaluate the nature of the issue and act accordingly in the most timely fashion possible.
 - [9.] 8. By [February 1, 2005] July 1, 2021, the children's division shall promulgate and have in effect rules to implement the provisions of this section and, pursuant to this section, shall define implementation plans and dates. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2004, shall be invalid and void.
 - 210.123. 1. As used in this section, the following terms and 2phrases mean:
 - 3 (1) "Relative", as that term is defined in section 210.565. Such

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4 relative shall be an adult;

- 5 (2) "Temporary alternative placement agreement", a voluntary agreement between the division, a relative of the child, and the parent 7 or guardian of the child to provide a temporary, out of home placement for a child if the parent or guardian is temporarily unable to provide care or support for the child and the child is not in imminent danger of death or serious bodily injury, or being sexually abused such that the 10 division determines that a referral to the juvenile office with a 11 recommendation to file a petition or to remove the child is not appropriate. The agreement shall be reduced to writing within three business days. The written agreement shall be signed by the parent or guardian, the relative, and the authorized representative of the 15 division. A temporary alternative placement agreement shall be valid 16 for no more than ninety days. If the agreement shall be extended 17beyond ninety days, then, before the expiration of the ninety-day 19 period, the division shall send a referral to the juvenile officer to make a determination whether to file a petition, to set the matter for a 20 preliminary child welfare hearing, or to take other appropriate action 21 as the juvenile officer deems necessary. The temporary alternative 22 23 placement agreement shall include:
 - (a) A plan for return of the child to the child's parent or legal guardian within the time specified under the agreement, or diligent implementation of an alternative, legal arrangement for the safe care, custody, and control of the child including, but not limited to, execution of a power of attorney under section 475.602, an affidavit for relative caretaker under section 431.058, legal guardianship, the entry of an order of child protection, or entry of temporary or permanent legal custody arrangements by a court of competent jurisdiction;
 - (b) A requirement that the parties cooperate with the division and participate in all services offered by the division;
- 34 (c) A notice to all parties that the division will notify the 35 juvenile officer that a temporary alternative placement agreement has 36 been implemented, that a copy of the agreement will be provided to the 37 juvenile officer, that the temporary alternative placement agreement 38 is not binding on the juvenile officer, and the division retains the 39 authority to refer the case to the juvenile officer with a 40 recommendation for further action at any time;

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- 41 (d) Identifying the behaviorally specific changes that the parent or guardian of the child shall make to ensure that the child's safety and 42 43 welfare can be assured before the child is returned to the home;
- (e) Identifying the services that the division shall offer the 44 parents and the child to address the reasons the child is being placed 45 46 out of the home;
 - (f) Requiring that the child reside in the state of Missouri for the duration of the agreement; and
- 49 (g) That the agreement is voluntary and that the parent or guardian may withdraw from the agreement upon five days' written 50 51 notice.
- 2. As provided in this section, the division may enter into a temporary alternative placement agreement with parents and legal guardians of a minor child who cannot safely remain in the child's home on a temporary basis. The purpose of such agreement is to mitigate trauma to the child and to enable the division to make reasonable efforts to assure the safety of a child in a placement familiar to the child, and to give the child and the child's family an opportunity to develop and implement a plan to assure the stability and well-being of the child in the short term. The child shall reside in the state of 60 Missouri for the duration of the temporary alternative placement agreement unless the child requires medical treatment in another state that is not reasonably available within the state of Missouri.
 - 3. (1) The division shall conduct a walk-through of the relative's home where the child will be staying and conduct a background check of the relative and any adult household member before determining whether the relative is suitable.
 - (2) The background check shall include a check of the central registry, the sexual offender registry, the department of social services's family care safety registry, and the records of the division to determine if circumstances exist that indicate the child shall not be safe if placed in the home. The division may, in its discretion, follow up with a fingerprint-based criminal background check.
- (3) The suitable relative shall be a resident of the state of 74Missouri and shall remain a resident of the state of Missouri for the 75 duration of the agreement. 76
 - 4. (1) The division may only enter into a temporary alternative

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78 placement agreement if:

- 79 (a) The child cannot remain safely in the home of the child's 80 parent or legal guardian;
- (b) It is not apparent that the child is otherwise in imminent danger of death, serious physical injury, or being sexually abused such that an immediate referral to the juvenile officer with a recommendation to remove the child and initiate juvenile court proceedings is appropriate;
- 86 (c) There is a relative who is ready, willing, and able to provide 87 safe care for the child on a temporary basis;
- 88 (d) The division has reasonably available services for the child 89 and family to support and supervise the implementation of the 90 agreement;
- 91 (e) The child's parent or legal guardian voluntarily enters into 92 the agreement; and
- 93 (f) The child's parent or legal guardian executes all necessary 94 documents and consents to implement the agreement.
- 95 (2) The fact that the parent or legal guardian has been advised 96 that the division or juvenile officer may take additional action within 97 his or her authority under law shall not constitute a basis for claiming 98 that the parent or legal guardian's agreement is not voluntary or was 99 coerced.
 - (3) The parent or guardian shall give at least five days' written notice of intent to terminate the agreement to the division and the relative placement provider. The agreement shall remain in effect until the termination of the agreement is effective.
- 5. (1) The relative shall have the authority to make the day-today decisions for the care of the child during the agreement, as provided in the agreement, and shall further have the authority to make educational and medical decisions for the child as provided in this section.
- 109 (2) The relative shall not have the authority to authorize end-of-110 life care, authorize the child to have an abortion, or initiate treatment 111 for gender dysphoria.
- 112 (3) The relative shall consult with the child's parents, legal 113 guardian, and the division before making decisions pertaining to the 114 child other than routine, day-to-day decisions necessary to care for the

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- 116 (4) The division shall provide a notice to the relative on a form 117 promulgated by the division for use in notifying schools, medical care 118 providers, and others that the suitable relative or adult has the 119 temporary authority to make these decisions. Individuals and 120 institutions, including schools and medical care providers, acting upon 121 the authority of such notice shall be immune from liability for acting 122 upon the authority as set forth in the letter.
- 6. (1) The division shall closely monitor, track, and document the implementation of the provisions of the temporary alternative placement agreement for the duration of the agreement.
 - (2) The division shall have personal contact with the child as may be appropriate to ensure that the temporary alternative placement agreement is being safely implemented, but in no event less than two times each month. At least one personal contact with the child shall be in the child's alternative placement.
 - (3) The division shall schedule a team decision making meeting within ten days of the execution of a temporary alternative placement agreement and at least once every month thereafter for the duration of the agreement.
 - (4) Within ten days of the execution of a temporary alternative placement agreement, the division shall open a family centered services case and keep the case open for the duration of the agreement.
- 138 (5) No later than ten days before the termination of the 139 temporary alternative placement agreement, the division shall submit 140 a written report to the juvenile office. The division shall provide a copy of the report to the placement provider and the child's parent or 141142 guardian. The report shall include a copy of the agreement, a specific 143 description of the steps taken to complete the agreement, and a recommendation to the juvenile officer about whether further action 144 145 may be necessary.
 - 7. If the parent or guardian does not agree to the temporary alternative placement agreement, the division shall refer the matter to the juvenile officer for appropriate action as determined by the juvenile officer.
- 8. All parties to the temporary alternative care agreement shall exercise diligent efforts to implement the agreement. The suitable

adult or suitable relative and the parents or guardians shall fully cooperate with the division.

- 9. If the division determines that the goals of the temporary alternative placement agreement are not accomplished within the time period specified in the agreement and the safety or wellbeing of the child cannot be assured if the child were to return home, the division shall refer the case to the juvenile officer.
- 159 10. A temporary alternative placement agreement may be 160 executed in conjunction with the informal adjustment process through 161 the juvenile officer.
- 11. The juvenile officer shall not be bound by the terms of a temporary alternative placement agreement, unless the juvenile officer is a signatory to the agreement, and the juvenile officer may exercise discretion to take appropriate action within the juvenile officer's authority under law. However, the juvenile officer shall take into consideration the provisions of and the implementation of the agreement when taking action under such authority.
- 12. The division shall promulgate regulations to implement the provisions of this section. This section shall not be effective until the regulations are promulgated.

210.135. 1. Any person, official, or institution complying with the provisions of sections 210.110 to 210.165 in the making of a report, the taking of 3 color photographs, or the making of radiologic examinations pursuant to sections 210.110 to 210.165, or both such taking of color photographs and making of radiologic examinations, or the removal or retaining a child pursuant to sections 210.110 to 210.165, or in cooperating with the division, or any other law enforcement agency, juvenile office, court, or child-protective service agency of this or any other state, in any of the activities pursuant to sections 210.110 to 210.165, or any other allegation of child abuse, neglect or assault, pursuant to sections 568.045 to 568.060, shall have immunity from any liability, civil or criminal, that otherwise might result by reason of such actions. Provided, 11 however, any person, official or institution intentionally filing a false report, 12 13 acting in bad faith, or with ill intent, shall not have immunity from any liability, 14 civil or criminal. Any such person, official, or institution shall have the same immunity with respect to participation in any judicial proceeding resulting from 15 the report. 16

- 2. An employee, including a contracted employee, of a statefunded child assessment center, as provided for in subsection 2 of section 210.001, shall be immune from any civil liability that arises from the employee's participation in the investigation process and services by the child assessment center, unless such person acted in bad faith. This subsection shall not displace or limit any other immunity provided by law.
- 24 3. Any person, who is not a school district employee, who makes a report to any employee of the school district of child abuse by a school employee shall 25have immunity from any liability, civil or criminal, that otherwise might result 26 27 because of such report. Provided, however, that any such person who makes a 28 false report, knowing that the report is false, or who acts in bad faith or with ill 29 intent in making such report shall not have immunity from any liability, civil or 30 criminal. Any such person shall have the same immunity with respect to participation in any judicial proceeding resulting from the report. 31
- [3.] 4. In a case involving the death or serious injury of a child after a report has been made under sections 210.109 to 210.165, the division shall conduct a preliminary evaluation in order to determine whether a review of the ability of the circuit manager or case worker or workers to perform their duties competently is necessary. The preliminary evaluation shall examine:
- 37 (1) The hotline worker or workers who took any reports related to such 38 case;
- 39 (2) The division case worker or workers assigned to the investigation of 40 such report; and
- 41 (3) The circuit manager assigned to the county where the report was 42 investigated.
- 43 Any preliminary evaluation shall be completed no later than three days after the
- 44 child's death. If the division determines a review and assessment is necessary,
- 45 it shall be completed no later than three days after the child's death.
 - 210.145. 1. The division shall develop protocols which give priority to:
- 2 (1) Ensuring the well-being and safety of the child in instances where 3 child abuse or neglect has been alleged;
- 4 (2) Promoting the preservation and reunification of children and families 5 consistent with state and federal law;
 - (3) Providing due process for those accused of child abuse or neglect; and
- 7 (4) Maintaining an information system operating at all times, capable of

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- 8 receiving and maintaining reports. This information system shall have the ability 9 to receive reports over a single, statewide toll-free number. Such information 10 system shall maintain the results of all investigations, family assessments and 11 services, and other relevant information.
- 12 2. (1) The division shall utilize structured decision-making protocols, including a standard risk assessment that shall be completed within 13 seventy-two hours of the report of abuse or neglect, for classification 14 purposes of all child abuse and neglect reports. The protocols developed by the 15 division shall give priority to ensuring the well-being and safety of the child. All 16 child abuse and neglect reports shall be initiated within twenty-four hours and 17 shall be classified based upon the reported risk and injury to the child. The 18 19 division shall promulgate rules regarding the structured decision-making 20 protocols to be utilized for all child abuse and neglect reports.
 - (2) The director of the division and the office of state courts administrator shall develop a joint safety assessment tool before December 31, 2020, and such tool shall be implemented before January 1, 2022. The safety assessment tool shall replace the standard risk assessment required under subdivision (1) of this subsection.
- 26 3. Upon receipt of a report, the division shall determine if the report merits investigation, including reports which if true would constitute a suspected 27 violation of any of the following: section 565.020, 565.021, 565.023, 565.024, or 28 565.050 if the victim is a child less than eighteen years of age, section 566.030 or 29 566.060 if the victim is a child less than eighteen years of age, or other crimes 30 under chapter 566 if the victim is a child less than eighteen years of age and the 31 32 perpetrator is twenty-one years of age or older, section 567.050 if the victim is a 33 child less than eighteen years of age, section 568.020, 568.030, 568.045, 568.050, 568.060, 573.200, or 573.205, section 573.025, 573.035, 573.037, or 573.040, or an 34 attempt to commit any such crimes. The division shall immediately communicate 35 all reports that merit investigation to its appropriate local office and any relevant 36 37 information as may be contained in the information system. The local division staff shall determine, through the use of protocols developed by the division, 38 whether an investigation or the family assessment and services approach should 39 be used to respond to the allegation. The protocols developed by the division 40 shall give priority to ensuring the well-being and safety of the child. 41
 - 4. The division may accept a report for investigation or family assessment if either the child or alleged perpetrator resides in Missouri, may be found in

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- 44 Missouri, or if the incident occurred in Missouri.
- 5. If the division receives a report in which neither the child nor the alleged perpetrator resides in Missouri or may be found in Missouri and the incident did not occur in Missouri, the division shall document the report and communicate it to the appropriate agency or agencies in the state where the child is believed to be located, along with any relevant information or records as may be contained in the division's information system.
 - 6. When the child abuse and neglect hotline receives three or more calls, within a seventy-two hour period, from one or more individuals concerning the same child, the division shall conduct a review to determine whether the calls meet the criteria and statutory definition for a child abuse and neglect report to be accepted. In conducting the review, the division shall contact the hotline caller or callers in order to collect information to determine whether the calls meet the criteria for harassment.
 - 7. The local office shall contact the appropriate law enforcement agency immediately upon receipt of a report which division personnel determine merits an investigation and provide such agency with a detailed description of the report received. In such cases the local division office shall request the assistance of the local law enforcement agency in all aspects of the investigation of the complaint. The appropriate law enforcement agency shall either assist the division in the investigation or provide the division, within twenty-four hours, an explanation in writing detailing the reasons why it is unable to assist.
- 66 8. The local office of the division shall cause an investigation or family assessment and services approach to be initiated in accordance with the protocols 67 established in subsection 2 of this section, except in cases where the sole basis for 68 the report is educational neglect. If the report indicates that educational neglect 69 is the only complaint and there is no suspicion of other neglect or abuse, the 70 investigation shall be initiated within seventy-two hours of receipt of the report. 71If the report indicates the child is in danger of serious physical harm or threat 72to life, an investigation shall include direct observation of the subject child within 73 twenty-four hours of the receipt of the report. Local law enforcement shall take 74 all necessary steps to facilitate such direct observation. Callers to the child abuse 7576 and neglect hotline shall be instructed by the division's hotline to call 911 in instances where the child may be in immediate danger. If the parents of the 78 child are not the alleged perpetrators, a parent of the child must be notified prior 79 to the child being interviewed by the division. No person responding to or

- 80 investigating a child abuse and neglect report shall call prior to a home visit or 81 leave any documentation of any attempted visit, such as business cards, 82 pamphlets, or other similar identifying information if he or she has a reasonable 83 basis to believe the following factors are present:
 - (1) (a) No person is present in the home at the time of the home visit; and
- 85 (b) The alleged perpetrator resides in the home or the physical safety of 86 the child may be compromised if the alleged perpetrator becomes aware of the 87 attempted visit;
- 88 (2) The alleged perpetrator will be alerted regarding the attempted visit; 89 or
- 90 (3) The family has a history of domestic violence or fleeing the community. 91 If the alleged perpetrator is present during a visit by the person responding to or 92 investigating the report, such person shall provide written material to the alleged perpetrator informing him or her of his or her rights regarding such visit, 93 94 including but not limited to the right to contact an attorney. The alleged perpetrator shall be given a reasonable amount of time to read such written 95 96 material or have such material read to him or her by the case worker before the visit commences, but in no event shall such time exceed five minutes; except that, 97 98 such requirement to provide written material and reasonable time to read such material shall not apply in cases where the child faces an immediate threat or 99 100 danger, or the person responding to or investigating the report is or feels threatened or in danger of physical harm. If the abuse is alleged to have occurred 101 102 in a school or child care facility the division shall not meet with the child in any 103 school building or child-care facility building where abuse of such child is alleged 104 to have occurred. When the child is reported absent from the residence, the 105 location and the well-being of the child shall be verified. For purposes of this subsection, "child care facility" shall have the same meaning as such term is 106 defined in section 210.201. 107
- 108 9. The director of the division shall name at least one chief investigator 109 for each local division office, who shall direct the division response on any case involving a second or subsequent incident regarding the same subject child or 110 111 perpetrator. The duties of a chief investigator shall include verification of direct 112 observation of the subject child by the division and shall ensure information 113 regarding the status of an investigation is provided to the public school district 114 liaison. The public school district liaison shall develop protocol in conjunction 115 with the chief investigator to ensure information regarding an investigation is

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- shared with appropriate school personnel. The superintendent of each school 116 district shall designate a specific person or persons to act as the public school 117 district liaison. Should the subject child attend a nonpublic school the chief 118 investigator shall notify the school principal of the investigation. Upon 119 120 notification of an investigation, all information received by the public school 121 district liaison or the school shall be subject to the provisions of the federal 122 Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), 20 U.S.C. Section 1232g, and federal rule 34 C.F.R. Part 99. 123
 - 10. The investigation shall include but not be limited to the nature, extent, and cause of the abuse or neglect; the identity and age of the person responsible for the abuse or neglect; the names and conditions of other children in the home, if any; the home environment and the relationship of the subject child to the parents or other persons responsible for the child's care; any indication of incidents of physical violence against any other household or family member; and other pertinent data.
- 11. When a report has been made by a person required to report under 131 132 section 210.115, the division shall contact the person who made such report 133 within forty-eight hours of the receipt of the report in order to ensure that full 134 information has been received and to obtain any additional information or 135 medical records, or both, that may be pertinent.
 - 12. Upon completion of the investigation, if the division suspects that the report was made maliciously or for the purpose of harassment, the division shall refer the report and any evidence of malice or harassment to the local prosecuting or circuit attorney.
- 13. Multidisciplinary teams shall be used whenever conducting the 140 investigation as determined by the division in conjunction with local law 141 enforcement. Multidisciplinary teams shall be used in providing protective or 142 preventive social services, including the services of law enforcement, a liaison of 143 the local public school, the juvenile officer, the juvenile court, and other agencies, 144 145 both public and private.
- 14. For all family support team meetings involving an alleged victim of child abuse or neglect, the parents, legal counsel for the parents, foster parents, 147 148 the legal guardian or custodian of the child, the guardian ad litem for the child, 149 and the volunteer advocate for the child shall be provided notice and be permitted 150 to attend all such meetings. Family members, other than alleged perpetrators, or other community informal or formal service providers that provide significant

support to the child and other individuals may also be invited at the discretion of the parents of the child. In addition, the parents, the legal counsel for the parents, the legal guardian or custodian and the foster parents may request that other individuals, other than alleged perpetrators, be permitted to attend such team meetings. Once a person is provided notice of or attends such team meetings, the division or the convenor of the meeting shall provide such persons with notice of all such subsequent meetings involving the child. Families may determine whether individuals invited at their discretion shall continue to be invited.

- 15. If the appropriate local division personnel determine after an investigation has begun that completing an investigation is not appropriate, the division shall conduct a family assessment and services approach. The division shall provide written notification to local law enforcement prior to terminating any investigative process. The reason for the termination of the investigative process shall be documented in the record of the division and the written notification submitted to local law enforcement. Such notification shall not preclude nor prevent any investigation by law enforcement.
- 16. If the appropriate local division personnel determines to use a family assessment and services approach, the division shall:
- 171 (1) Assess any service needs of the family. The assessment of risk and 172 service needs shall be based on information gathered from the family and other 173 sources;
 - (2) Provide services which are voluntary and time-limited unless it is determined by the division based on the assessment of risk that there will be a high risk of abuse or neglect if the family refuses to accept the services. The division shall identify services for families where it is determined that the child is at high risk of future abuse or neglect. The division shall thoroughly document in the record its attempt to provide voluntary services and the reasons these services are important to reduce the risk of future abuse or neglect to the child. If the family continues to refuse voluntary services or the child needs to be protected, the division may commence an investigation;
 - (3) Commence an immediate investigation if at any time during the family assessment and services approach the division determines that an investigation, as delineated in sections 210.109 to 210.183, is required. The division staff who have conducted the assessment may remain involved in the provision of services to the child and family;

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- 188 (4) Document at the time the case is closed, the outcome of the family 189 assessment and services approach, any service provided and the removal of risk 190 to the child, if it existed.
- 191 17. (1) Within forty-five days of an oral report of abuse or neglect, the 192 local office shall update the information in the information system. The information system shall contain, at a minimum, the determination made by the 193 division as a result of the investigation, identifying information on the subjects 194 195 of the report, those responsible for the care of the subject child and other relevant dispositional information. The division shall complete all investigations within 196 forty-five days, unless good cause for the failure to complete the investigation is 197 198 specifically documented in the information system. Good cause for failure to 199 complete an investigation shall include, but not be limited to:
 - (a) The necessity to obtain relevant reports of medical providers, medical examiners, psychological testing, law enforcement agencies, forensic testing, and analysis of relevant evidence by third parties which has not been completed and provided to the division;
 - (b) The attorney general or the prosecuting or circuit attorney of the city or county in which a criminal investigation is pending certifies in writing to the division that there is a pending criminal investigation of the incident under investigation by the division and the issuing of a decision by the division will adversely impact the progress of the investigation; or
- 209 (c) The child victim, the subject of the investigation or another witness 210 with information relevant to the investigation is unable or temporarily unwilling 211 to provide complete information within the specified time frames due to illness, 212 injury, unavailability, mental capacity, age, developmental disability, or other 213 cause.
- 214 The division shall document any such reasons for failure to complete the 215 investigation.
- 216 (2) If a child fatality or near-fatality is involved in a report of abuse or 217 neglect, the investigation shall remain open until the division's investigation 218 surrounding such death or near-fatal injury is completed.
- 219 (3) If the investigation is not completed within forty-five days, the 220 information system shall be updated at regular intervals and upon the completion 221 of the investigation, which shall be completed no later than ninety days after 222 receipt of a report of abuse or neglect, or one hundred twenty days after receipt 223 of a report of abuse or neglect involving sexual abuse, or until the division's

investigation is complete in cases involving a child fatality or near-fatality. The information in the information system shall be updated to reflect any subsequent findings, including any changes to the findings based on an administrative or judicial hearing on the matter.

- 228 18. A person required to report under section 210.115 to the division and 229 any person making a report of child abuse or neglect made to the division which 230 is not made anonymously shall be informed by the division of his or her right to 231 obtain information concerning the disposition of his or her report. Such person 232 shall receive, from the local office, if requested, information on the general disposition of his or her report. Such person may receive, if requested, findings 233 and information concerning the case. Such release of information shall be at the 234 235 discretion of the director based upon a review of the reporter's ability to assist in 236 protecting the child or the potential harm to the child or other children within the 237 family. The local office shall respond to the request within forty-five days. The 238 findings shall be made available to the reporter within five days of the outcome 239 of the investigation. If the report is determined to be unsubstantiated, the 240 reporter may request that the report be referred by the division to the office of 241 child advocate for children's protection and services established in sections 37.700 242 to 37.730. Upon request by a reporter under this subsection, the division shall 243 refer an unsubstantiated report of child abuse or neglect to the office of child 244 advocate for children's protection and services.
- 19. The division shall provide to any individual who is not satisfied with the results of an investigation information about the office of child advocate and the services it may provide under sections 37.700 to 37.730.
- 248 20. In any judicial proceeding involving the custody of a child the fact that 249 a report may have been made pursuant to sections 210.109 to 210.183 shall not 250 be admissible. However:
- 251 (1) Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit the introduction of evidence 252 from independent sources to support the allegations that may have caused a 253 report to have been made; and
- 254 (2) The court may on its own motion, or shall if requested by a party to 255 the proceeding, make an inquiry not on the record with the children's division to 256 determine if such a report has been made.
- 257 If a report has been made, the court may stay the custody proceeding until the children's division completes its investigation.
- 259 21. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit the children's

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division from coinvestigating a report of child abuse or neglect or sharing records and information with child welfare, law enforcement, or judicial officers of another state, territory, or nation if the children's division determines it is appropriate to do so under the standard set forth in subsection 4 of section 264 210.150 and if such receiving agency is exercising its authority under the law.

- 22. In any judicial proceeding involving the custody of a child where the court determines that the child is in need of services under paragraph (d) of subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of section 211.031 and has taken jurisdiction, the child's parent, guardian or custodian shall not be entered into the registry.
- 23. The children's division is hereby granted the authority to promulgate rules and regulations pursuant to the provisions of section 207.021 and chapter 536 to carry out the provisions of sections 210.109 to 210.183.
- 24. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2000, shall be invalid and void.

210.150. 1. The children's division shall ensure the confidentiality of all reports and records made pursuant to sections 210.109 to 210.183 and maintained by the division, its local offices, the central registry, and other appropriate persons, officials, and institutions pursuant to sections 210.109 to 210.183. To protect the rights of the family and the child named in the report as a victim, the children's division shall establish guidelines which will ensure that any disclosure of information concerning the abuse and neglect involving that child is made only to persons or agencies that have a right to such information. The division may require persons to make written requests for access to records maintained by the 9 division. The division shall only release information to persons who have a right 10 to such information. The division shall notify persons receiving information 11 12 pursuant to subdivisions (2), (7), (8) and (9) of subsection 2 of this section of the 13 purpose for which the information is released and of the penalties for 14 unauthorized dissemination of information. Such information shall be used only for the purpose for which the information is released. 15

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- 16 2. Only the following persons shall have access to investigation records 17 contained in the central registry:
- (1) Appropriate federal, state or local criminal justice agency personnel, 18 or any agent of such entity, with a need for such information under the law to 19 20 protect children from abuse or neglect;
- 21 (2) A physician or a designated agent who reasonably believes that the 22 child being examined may be abused or neglected;
 - (3) Appropriate staff of the division and of its local offices, including interdisciplinary teams which are formed to assist the division in investigation, evaluation and treatment of child abuse and neglect cases or a multidisciplinary provider of professional treatment services for a child referred to the provider;
- 27 (4) Any child named in the report as a victim, or a legal representative, 28 or the parent, if not the alleged perpetrator, or guardian of such person when 29 such person is a minor, or is mentally ill or otherwise incompetent, but the names 30 of reporters shall not be furnished to persons in this category. Prior to the release of any identifying information, the division shall determine if the release 32 of such identifying information may place a person's life or safety in danger. If the division makes the determination that a person's life or safety may be in 33 danger, the identifying information shall not be released. The division shall 34 provide a method for confirming or certifying that a designee is acting on behalf 35 36 of a subject;
 - (5) Any alleged perpetrator named in the report, but the names of reporters shall not be furnished to persons in this category. Prior to the release of any identifying information, the division shall determine if the release of such identifying information may place a person's life or safety in danger. If the division makes the determination that a person's life or safety may be in danger, the identifying information shall not be released. However, the investigation reports will not be released to any alleged perpetrator with pending criminal charges arising out of the facts and circumstances named in the investigation records until an indictment is returned or an information filed;
- (6) A grand jury, juvenile officer, prosecuting attorney, law enforcement 46 officer involved in the investigation of child abuse or neglect, juvenile court or 47 48 other court conducting abuse or neglect or child protective proceedings or child 49 custody proceedings, and other federal, state and local government entities, or any agent of such entity, with a need for such information in order to carry out 50 its responsibilities under the law to protect children from abuse or neglect; 51

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- (7) Any person engaged in a bona fide research purpose, with the permission of the director; provided, however, that no information identifying the child named in the report as a victim or the reporters shall be made available to the researcher, unless the identifying information is essential to the research or evaluation and the child named in the report as a victim or, if the child is less than eighteen years of age, through the child's parent, or guardian provides written permission;
- (8) Any child-care facility; child-placing agency; residential-care facility, including group homes; juvenile courts; public or private elementary schools; public or private secondary schools; or any other public or private agency exercising temporary supervision over a child or providing or having care or custody of a child who may request an examination of the central registry from the division for all employees and volunteers or prospective employees and volunteers, who do or will provide services or care to children. Any agency or business recognized by the division or business which provides training and places or recommends people for employment or for volunteers in positions where they will provide services or care to children may request the division to provide an examination of the central registry. Such agency or business shall provide verification of its status as a recognized agency. Requests for examinations shall be made to the division director or the director's designee in writing by the chief administrative officer of the above homes, centers, public and private elementary schools, public and private secondary schools, agencies, or courts. The division shall respond in writing to that officer. The response shall include information pertaining to the nature and disposition of any report or reports of abuse or neglect revealed by the examination of the central registry. This response shall not include any identifying information regarding any person other than the alleged perpetrator of the abuse or neglect;
- (9) Any parent or legal guardian who inquires about a child abuse or neglect report involving a specific person or child-care facility who does or may provide services or care to a child of the person requesting the information. Request for examinations shall be made to the division director or the director's designee, in writing, by the parent or legal guardian of the child and shall be accompanied with a signed and notarized release form from the person who does or may provide care or services to the child. The notarized release form shall include the full name, date of birth and Social Security number of the person who does or may provide care or services to a child. The response

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shall include information pertaining to the nature and disposition of any report or reports of abuse or neglect revealed by the examination of the central registry. This response shall not include any identifying information regarding any person other than the alleged perpetrator of the abuse or neglect. The response shall be given within ten working days of the time it was received by the division;

- (10) Any person who inquires about a child abuse or neglect report involving a specific child-care facility, child-placing agency, residential-care facility, public and private elementary schools, public and private secondary schools, juvenile court or other state agency. The information available to these persons is limited to the nature and disposition of any report contained in the central registry and shall not include any identifying information pertaining to any person mentioned in the report;
- (11) Any state agency acting pursuant to statutes regarding a license of any person, institution, or agency which provides care for or services to children;
- 103 (12) Any child fatality review panel established pursuant to section 104 210.192 or any state child fatality review panel established pursuant to section 105 210.195;
 - (13) Any person who is a tenure-track or full-time research faculty member at an accredited institution of higher education engaged in scholarly research, with the permission of the director. Prior to the release of any identifying information, the director shall require the researcher to present a plan for maintaining the confidentiality of the identifying information. The researcher shall be prohibited from releasing the identifying information of individual cases; and
 - (14) Appropriate staff of the United States Department of Defense including, but not limited to, authorized family advocacy program staff or any other staff authorized to receive and respond to reports requested under 10 U.S.C. Section 1787, in cases where a report has been made and the suspected perpetrator or any person responsible for the care, custody, and control of the subject child is a member of the Armed Forces, as defined in section 41.030.
- 3. Only the following persons shall have access to records maintained by the division pursuant to section 210.152 for which the division has received a report of child abuse and neglect and which the division has determined that there is insufficient evidence or in which the division proceeded with the family

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- 124 assessment and services approach:
 - (1) Appropriate staff of the division;
- 126 (2) Any child named in the report as a victim, or a legal representative, or the parent or guardian of such person when such person is a minor, or is 127128 mentally ill or otherwise incompetent. The names or other identifying 129 information of reporters shall not be furnished to persons in this category. Prior to the release of any identifying information, the division shall determine if the 130 131 release of such identifying information may place a person's life or safety in 132 danger. If the division makes the determination that a person's life or safety may 133 be in danger, the identifying information shall not be released. The division shall 134 provide for a method for confirming or certifying that a designee is acting on 135 behalf of a subject;
 - (3) Any alleged perpetrator named in the report, but the names of reporters shall not be furnished to persons in this category. Prior to the release of any identifying information, the division shall determine if the release of such identifying information may place a person's life or safety in danger. If the division makes the determination that a person's life or safety may be in danger, the identifying information shall not be released. However, the investigation reports will not be released to any alleged perpetrator with pending criminal charges arising out of the facts and circumstances named in the investigation records until an indictment is returned or an information filed;
 - (4) Any child fatality review panel established pursuant to section 210.192 or any state child fatality review panel established pursuant to section 210.195;
 - (5) Appropriate criminal justice agency personnel or juvenile officer;
 - (6) Multidisciplinary agency or individual including a physician or physician's designee who is providing services to the child or family, with the consent of the parent or guardian of the child or legal representative of the child;
 - (7) Any person engaged in bona fide research purpose, with the permission of the director; provided, however, that no information identifying the subjects of the reports or the reporters shall be made available to the researcher, unless the identifying information is essential to the research or evaluation and the subject, or if a child, through the child's parent or guardian, provides written permission; and
- 157 (8) Appropriate staff of the United States Department of Defense 158 including, but not limited to, authorized family advocacy program staff 159 or any other staff authorized to receive and respond to reports

- 160 requested under 10 U.S.C. Section 1787, in cases where a report has
- 161 been made and the suspected perpetrator or any person responsible for
- 162 the care, custody, and control of the subject child is a member of the
- 163 Armed Forces, as defined in section 41.030.
- 4. Any person who knowingly violates the provisions of this section, or
- 165 who permits or encourages the unauthorized dissemination of information
- 166 contained in the information system or the central registry and in reports and
- 167 records made pursuant to sections 210.109 to 210.183, shall be guilty of a class
- 168 A misdemeanor.
- 5. Nothing in this section shall preclude the release of findings or
- 170 information about cases which resulted in a child fatality or near fatality. Such
- 171 release is at the sole discretion of the director of the department of social services,
- 172 based upon a review of the potential harm to other children within the immediate
- 173 family.
- 6. Notwithstanding any provisions of this section or chapter to
- 175 the contrary, if the division receives a report and ascertains that a
- 176 suspected perpetrator or any person responsible for the care, custody,
- 177 and control of the subject child is a member of the Armed Forces, as
- 178 defined in section 41.030, the division shall report its findings to the
- 179 most relevant family advocacy program authorized by the United States
- 180 Department of Defense or any other relevant person authorized by the
- 181 United States Department of Defense to receive reports under 10 U.S.C.
- 182 Section 1787.
 - 210.160. 1. In every case involving an abused or neglected child which
 - 2 results in a judicial proceeding, the judge shall appoint a guardian ad litem to
 - 3 appear for and represent:
 - 4 (1) A child who is the subject of proceedings pursuant to sections 210.110
 - 5 to 210.165 except proceedings under subsection 6 of section 210.152, sections
 - 6 210.700 to 210.760, sections 211.442 to 211.487, or sections 453.005 to 453.170,
 - 7 or proceedings to determine custody or visitation rights under sections 452.375
 - 8 to 452.410; or
 - 9 (2) A parent who is a minor, or who is a mentally ill person or otherwise
- 10 incompetent, and whose child is the subject of proceedings under sections 210.110
- 11 to 210.165, sections 210.700 to 210.760, sections 211.442 to 211.487, or sections
- 12 453.005 to 453.170.
- 13 2. The judge, either sua sponte or upon motion of a party, may appoint a

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guardian ad litem to appear for and represent an abused or neglected child involved in proceedings arising under subsection 6 of section 210.152.

- 3. The guardian ad litem shall establish a relationship with the child and shall meet face-to-face with the child in a private setting at a time and place that allows the guardian ad litem to observe the child and ascertain the child's wishes, safety and placement needs, and the need for further meetings and investigation. Such initial interview shall take place within seven business days following the receipt of notification of the appointment by the guardian ad litem and receipt of information pertaining to the custody and location of the child. The time during which the initial interview shall occur may be extended or waived in its entirety, by leave of the court, or may be shortened by the court sua sponte, if doing so would be in the best interests of the child when considering the child's age, maturity, and other compelling circumstances. The child's current placement or legal custodian shall cooperate with the guardian ad litem to schedule the initial meeting and take all steps necessary to effectuate the meeting. The guardian ad litem shall continue to maintain contact with the child for the duration of the appointment.
- 4. The guardian ad litem shall be provided with all reports relevant to the case made to or by any agency or person, shall have access to all records of such agencies or persons relating to the child or such child's family members or placements of the child[,] and, upon appointment by the court to a case, shall be informed of [and], have the right to attend, and shall attend, as appropriate and necessary, any and all family support team meetings involving the child. Employees of the division, officers of the court, and employees of any agency involved shall fully inform the guardian ad litem of all aspects of the case of which they have knowledge or belief.
- [4.] 5. The appointing judge shall require the guardian ad litem to faithfully discharge such guardian ad litem's duties, and upon failure to do so shall discharge such guardian ad litem and appoint another. The appointing judge shall have the authority to examine the general and criminal background of persons appointed as guardians ad litem, including utilization of the family care safety registry and access line pursuant to sections 210.900 to 210.937, to ensure the safety and welfare of the children such persons are appointed to represent. The judge in making appointments pursuant to this section shall give

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50 preference to persons who served as guardian ad litem for the child in the earlier 51 proceeding, unless there is a reason on the record for not giving such preference.

- [5.] 6. The guardian ad litem may be awarded a reasonable fee for such services to be set by the court. The court, in its discretion, may award such fees as a judgment to be paid by any party to the proceedings or from public funds. However, no fees as a judgment shall be taxed against a party or parties who have not been found to have abused or neglected a child or children. Such an award of guardian fees shall constitute a final judgment in favor of the guardian ad litem. Such final judgment shall be enforceable against the parties in accordance with chapter 513.
- 60 [6.] 7. The court may designate volunteer advocates, who may or may not 61 be attorneys licensed to practice law, to assist in the performance of the guardian 62 ad litem duties for the court. Nonattorney volunteer advocates shall not provide 63 legal representation. The court shall have the authority to examine the general 64 and criminal background of persons designated as volunteer advocates, including utilization of the family care safety registry and access line pursuant to sections 65 66 210.900 to 210.937, to ensure the safety and welfare of the children such persons are designated to represent. The volunteer advocate shall be provided with all 67 68 reports relevant to the case made to or by any agency or person, shall have access to all records of such agencies or persons relating to the child or such child's 69 70 family members or placements of the child, and upon designation by the court to a case, shall be informed of and have the right to attend any and all family 71support team meetings involving the child. Any such designated person shall 7273 receive no compensation from public funds. This shall not preclude 74 reimbursement for reasonable expenses.
 - [7.] 8. Any person appointed to perform guardian ad litem duties shall have completed a training program in permanency planning and shall advocate for timely court hearings whenever possible to attain permanency for a child as expeditiously as possible to reduce the effects that prolonged foster care may have on a child. A nonattorney volunteer advocate shall have access to a court appointed attorney guardian ad litem should the circumstances of the particular case so require.

210.566. 1. (1) The children's division and its contractors, recognizing that foster parents are not clients but rather are colleagues in the child welfare team, shall treat foster parents in a manner consistent with the National Association of Social Workers' ethical standards of conduct as described in its

- Social Workers' Ethical Responsibilities to Colleagues. Foster parents shall treat the children in their care, the child's birth family and members of the child
- welfare team in a manner consistent with their ethical responsibilities as
- professional team members. 8
- 9 (2) The children's division and its contractors shall provide written notification of the rights enumerated in this section at the time [of] a child is 10 placed with the prospective foster parent, at initial licensure, and at the 11 12 time of each licensure renewal following the initial licensure period.
- 13 2. (1) The children's division and its contractors shall provide foster parents with regularly scheduled opportunities for preservice training, and regularly scheduled opportunities for pertinent inservice training, as determined 16 by the Missouri State Foster Care and Adoption Advisory Board.
- 17 (2) The children's division and its contractors shall provide to foster parents and potential adoptive parents, prior to placement, all pertinent 18 19 information, including but not limited to full disclosure of all medical, psychological, and psychiatric conditions of the child, as well as information from 20 21 previous placements that would indicate that the child or children may have a 22 propensity to cause violence to any member of the foster family home. The foster 23 parents shall be provided with any information regarding the child or the child's 24family, including but not limited to the case plan, any family history of mental 25or physical illness, sexual abuse of the child or sexual abuse perpetrated by the child, criminal background of the child or the child's family, fire-setting or other 26 27 destructive behavior by the child, substance abuse by the child or child's family, 28 or any other information which is pertinent to the care and needs of the child and to protect the foster or adoptive family. The children's division and its 29 30 contractors shall provide full access to the child's medical, psychological, and psychiatric records in its possession at the time of 31 32 placement, including records prior to the child coming into care, at the time the child is placed with a foster parent. After initial placement, 33 34 the children's division and its contractors shall have a continuing duty and obligation to provide access to such records that come into its 35 possession or of which the division or its contractors become 36 aware. Access shall include providing information and authorization 37 for foster parents to review or to obtain the records directly from the 38 medical, psychological, or psychiatric services provider. A foster 39 parent may decline access to any or all of the child's records. Knowingly

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- providing false or misleading information to foster parents in order to secure placement shall be denoted in the caseworker's personnel file and shall be kept on record by the division.
- 44 (3) The children's division and its contractors shall arrange preplacement 45 visits, except in emergencies.
- 46 (4) The foster parents may ask questions about the child's case plan, 47 encourage a placement or refuse a placement without reprisal from the 48 caseworker or agency. After a placement, the children's division and its 49 contractors shall update the foster parents as new information about the child is 50 gathered.
 - (5) Foster parents shall be informed in a timely manner by the children's division and its contractors of all team meetings and staffings concerning their licensure status or children placed in their homes, and shall be allowed to participate, consistent with section 210.761.
 - (6) The children's division and its contractors shall establish reasonably accessible respite care for children in foster care for short periods of time, jointly determined by foster parents and the child's caseworker pursuant to section 210.545. Foster parents shall follow all procedures established by the children's division and its contractors for requesting and using respite care.
- 60 (7) Foster parents shall treat all information received from the children's 61 division and its contractors about the child and the child's family as 62 confidential. Information necessary for the medical or psychiatric care of the 63 child may be provided to the appropriate practitioners. Foster parents may share information necessary with school personnel in order to secure a safe and 64 65 appropriate education for the child. Additionally, foster parents shall share information they may learn about the child and the child's family, and concerns 66 that arise in the care of the child, with the caseworker and other members of the 67 child welfare team. Recognizing that placement changes are difficult for children, 68 foster parents shall seek all necessary information, and participate in 69 preplacement visits whenever possible, before deciding whether to accept a child 70 71 for placement.
- 3. (1) Foster parents shall make decisions about the daily living concerns of the child, and shall be permitted to continue the practice of their own family values and routines while respecting the child's cultural heritage. All discipline shall be consistent with state laws and regulations. The children's division shall allow foster parents to help plan visitation between the child and the child's

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siblings or biological family. Visitations should be scheduled at a time that meets the needs of the child, the biological family members, and the foster family whenever possible. Recognizing that visitation with family members is an 79 important right of children in foster care, foster parents shall be flexible and 80 cooperative with regard to family visits. The children's division shall not 81 require foster parents to conduct supervised visits or be present during 82 83 any supervised visits between the child and the child's siblings or biological family. 84

- (2) Foster parents shall provide care that is respectful of the child's cultural identity and needs. Recognizing that cultural competence can be learned, the children's division and their contractors shall provide foster parents with training that specifically addresses cultural needs of children, including but not limited to, information on skin and hair care, information on any specific religious or cultural practices of the child's biological family, and referrals to community resources for ongoing education and support.
- (3) Foster parents shall recognize that the purpose of discipline is to teach and direct the behavior of the child, and ensure that it is administered in a 93 humane and sensitive manner. Foster parents shall use discipline methods which are consistent with children's division policy.
 - 4. (1) Consistent with state laws and regulations, the children's division and its contractors shall provide, upon request by the foster parents, information about a child's progress after the child leaves foster care.
 - (2) Except in emergencies, foster parents shall be given two weeks advance notice and a written statement of the reasons before a child is removed from their care. When requesting removal of a child from their home, foster parents shall give two weeks advance notice, consistent with division policy, to the child's caseworker, except in emergency situations.
 - (3) Recognizing the critical nature of attachment for children, if a child reenters the foster care system and is not placed in a relative home, the child's former foster parents shall be given first consideration for placement of the child.
 - (4) If a child becomes free for adoption while in foster care, the child's foster family shall be given preferential consideration as adoptive parents consistent with section 453.070.
- 110 (5) If a foster child becomes free for adoption and the foster parents desire 111 to adopt the child, they shall inform the caseworker within sixty days of the caseworker's initial query. If they do not choose to pursue adoption, foster 112

- 113 parents shall make every effort to support and encourage the child's placement
- in a permanent home, including but not limited to providing information on the
- 115 history and care needs of the child and accommodating transitional visitation.
- 5. Foster parents shall be informed by the court no later than two weeks
- 117 prior to all court hearings pertaining to a child in their care, and informed of
- their right to attend and participate, consistent with section 211.464.
- 6. The children's division and their contractors shall provide access to a
- 120 fair and impartial grievance process to address licensure, case management
- 121 decisions, and delivery of service issues. Foster parents shall have timely access
- 122 to the child placement agency's appeals process, and shall be free from acts of
- 123 retaliation when exercising the right to appeal.
- 7. The children's division and their contractors shall provide training to
- 125 foster parents on the policies and procedures governing the licensure of foster
- 126 homes, the provision of foster care, and the adoption process. Foster parents
- shall, upon request, be provided with written documentation of the policies of the
- 128 children's division and their contractors. Per licensure requirements, foster
- 129 parents shall comply with the policies of the child placement agency.
- 8. For purposes of this section, "foster parent" means a resource family
- 131 providing care of children in state custody.
 - 211.135. The court, after considering all information provided by
 - the children's division and input from the family support team, shall
 - 3 order the child to appear in court only:
 - (1) If necessary to make a decision; and
 - 5 (2) After considering:

- 6 (a) The appropriateness of the courtroom environment for the
- 7 child based on the level of trauma to the child either in the past or to
- 8 be caused by the experience in the courtroom; and
- 9 (b) The hardship to be endured by the child and current
- 10 guardians in regards to the disruption in regular activities, including
- 11 school and work, and the needs of any other children in the home,
- 12 so long as the court is in compliance with all federal guidelines.
- 211.171. 1. The procedure to be followed at the hearing shall be
- 2 determined by the juvenile court judge and may be as formal or informal as he
- 3 or she considers desirable, consistent with constitutional and statutory
- 4 requirements. The judge may take testimony and inquire into the habits,
- 5 surroundings, conditions and tendencies of the child and the family to enable the

- court to render such order or judgment as will best promote the welfare of the child and carry out the objectives of this chapter.
- 8 2. The hearing may, in the discretion of the court, proceed in the absence of the child and may be adjourned from time to time. 9
- 10 3. The current foster [parents] parent of a child, or any preadoptive parent or relative currently providing care for the child, shall be provided with 11 notice of, and an opportunity to be heard in, any hearing to be held with respect to [the child, and a foster parent shall have standing] a child in his or her 13 care to participate in all court hearings pertaining to a child in their care. If a 14 foster parent alleges the court failed to allow the foster parent to be 15 heard orally or by submission of correspondence at any hearing regarding a child in their care, the foster parent may seek remedial writ relief pursuant to Missouri supreme court rules 84, 94, and 97. No 19 docket fee shall be required to be paid by the foster parent. The 20 children's division shall not remove a child from placement with a foster parent based solely upon the foster parent's filing of a petition 21for a remedial writ or while a writ is pending, unless removal is 22necessary to ensure the health and safety of the child. 23
- 24 4. The court shall ensure a child's foster parent has received full access to the child's medical, psychological, and psychiatric records, including prior records, from the children's division and its contractors 26under section 210.566, by inquiring at the first hearing at which the 28 foster parent is present.
- 29 5. All cases of children shall be heard separately from the trial of cases 30 against adults.
- 31 [5.] 6. Stenographic notes or an authorized recording of the hearing shall be required if the court so orders or, if requested by any party interested in the 32 33 proceeding.
- 34 [6.] 7. The general public shall be excluded and only such persons 35 admitted as have a direct interest in the case or in the work of the court except in cases where the child is accused of conduct which, if committed by an adult, 36 would be considered a class A or B felony; or for conduct which would be 37 considered a class C felony, if the child has previously been formally adjudicated 38 for the commission of two or more unrelated acts which would have been class A, 39 B or C felonies, if committed by an adult. 40
- [7.] 8. The practice and procedure customary in proceedings in equity 41

- 42 shall govern all proceedings in the juvenile court; except that, the court shall not grant a continuance in such proceedings absent compelling extenuating 43 circumstances, and in such cases, the court shall make written findings on the 44 record detailing the specific reasons for granting a continuance. 45
- 46 [8.] 9. The court shall allow the victim of any offense to submit a written statement to the court. The court shall allow the victim to appear before the 47 court personally or by counsel for the purpose of making a statement, unless the 48 court finds that the presence of the victim would not serve justice. The statement 49 shall relate solely to the facts of the case and any personal injuries or financial 50 loss incurred by the victim. A member of the immediate family of the victim may 51 52 appear personally or by counsel to make a statement if the victim has died or is 53 otherwise unable to appear as a result of the offense committed by the child.
 - 431.056. 1. A minor shall be qualified and competent to contract for housing, employment, purchase of an automobile, receipt of a student loan, admission to high school or postsecondary school, obtaining medical and mental 3 health care, establishing a bank account, admission to a shelter for victims of domestic violence, as that phrase is used in sections 455.200 to 455.220, a rape crisis center, as defined in section 455.003, or a homeless shelter, and receipt of services as a victim of domestic violence or sexual assault, as such terms are defined in section 455.010, including, but not limited to, counseling, court advocacy, financial assistance, and other advocacy services, if:
 - (1) The minor is sixteen or seventeen years of age; and
- (2) The minor is homeless, as defined in subsection 1 of section 167.020, 12 or a victim of domestic violence, as defined in section 455.010, unless the child is under the supervision of the children's division or the jurisdiction of the juvenile 13 14 court; and
- (3) The minor is self-supporting, such that the minor is without the 15 physical or financial support of a parent or legal guardian; and 16
- 17 (4) The minor's parent or legal guardian has consented to the minor living independent of the parents' or guardians' control. Consent may be expressed or 18 19 implied, such that:
- 20 (a) Expressed consent is any verbal or written statement made by the 21 parents or guardian of the minor displaying approval or agreement that the 22minor may live independently of the parent's or guardian's control;
- 23 (b) a. Implied consent is any action made by the parent or guardian of 24 the minor that indicates the parent or guardian is unwilling or unable to

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- 25 adequately care for the minor. Such actions may include, but are not limited to:
- 26 [a.] (i) Barring the minor from the home or otherwise indicating that the 27 minor is not welcome to stay;
 - [b.] (ii) Refusing to provide any or all financial support for the minor; or
- 29 [c.] (iii) Abusing or neglecting the minor, as defined in section 210.110, or committing an act or acts of domestic violence against the minor, as defined 30 in section 455.010. 31
 - b. Implied consent, in addition to the actions described in subparagraph a of this paragraph, may also be demonstrated by a letter signed by the following persons verifying that the minor is an unaccompanied youth, as defined in 42 U.S.C. Section 11434a(6):
 - (i) A director or designee of a governmental or nonprofit agency that receives public or private funding to provide services to homeless persons;
- 39 (ii) A local education agency liaison for homeless children and 40 youth designated under 42 U.S.C. Section 11432(g)(1)(J)(ii), or a school social worker or counselor; or 41
- 42 (iii) A licensed attorney representing the minor in any legal matter. 43
 - 2. A minor who is sixteen years of age or older and who is in the legal custody of the children's division pursuant to an order of a court of competent jurisdiction shall be qualified and competent to contract for the purchase of automobile insurance with the consent of the children's division or the juvenile court. The minor shall be responsible for paying the costs of the insurance premiums and shall be liable for damages caused by his or her negligent operation of a motor vehicle. No state department, foster parent, or entity providing case management of children on behalf of a department shall be responsible for paying any insurance premiums nor liable for any damages of any kind as a result of the operation of a motor vehicle by the minor.
- 3. A minor who is sixteen years of age or older and who is in the legal custody of the children's division pursuant to an order of a court of competent jurisdiction shall be qualified and competent to contract for the opening of a checking or savings bank account with the consent of the children's division or 57the juvenile court. The minor shall be responsible for paying all banking-related 58 costs associated with the checking or savings account and shall be liable for any 59 and all penalties should he or she violate a banking agreement. No state

- department, foster parent, or entity providing case management of children on behalf of a department shall be responsible for paying any bank fees nor liable
- 63 for any and all penalties related to violation of a banking agreement.
- 64 4. Any legally-constituted entity or licensed provider who contracts with a minor under subsection 1 of this section shall be 65 immune from any civil or criminal liability based on the entity's or 66 provider's determination to contract with the minor; provided that, if 67 an entity's or provider's determination of compliance with subsection 68 1 of this section, or conduct in contracting with the minor, is the result 69 of the entity's or provider's gross negligence or willful or wanton acts or omissions, then the entity or provider may be held liable for their gross negligence or willful or wanton acts or omissions. Consent given 72under this section shall not be subject to later disaffirmance by reason of the minor's age.
 - 453.121. 1. As used in this section, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following terms mean:
- 3 (1) "Adopted adult", any adopted person who is eighteen years of age or 4 over;
- 5 (2) "Adopted child", any adopted person who is less than eighteen years 6 of age;
- 7 (3) "Adult sibling", any brother or sister of the whole or half blood who is 8 eighteen years of age or over;
- 9 (4) "Biological parent", the natural and biological mother or father of the 10 adopted child;
- 11 (5) "Identifying information", individually identifying information 12 [which includes the name, date of birth, place of birth and last known address of 13 the biological parent] for or about a unique individual, including 14 information likely to disclose the contact information, location, or 15 identity of such individual;
- 16 (6) "Lineal descendant", [a legal descendant of a person] as defined in section 472.010;
- 18 (7) "Nonidentifying information", information [concerning the physical description, nationality, religious background and medical history of the biological parent or sibling] that is not identifying information.
- 2. All papers, records, and information pertaining to an adoption whether 22 part of any permanent record or file may be disclosed only in accordance with this

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- 3. Nonidentifying information, if known, concerning undisclosed biological parents or siblings shall be furnished by the child-placing agency or the juvenile court to the adoptive parents, legal guardians, adopted adult or the adopted adult's lineal descendants if the adopted adult is deceased, upon written request therefor.
- 4. An adopted adult, or the adopted adult's lineal descendants if the adopted adult is deceased, may make a written request to the circuit court having original jurisdiction of such adoption to secure and disclose information identifying the adopted adult's biological parents. If the biological parents have consented to the release of identifying information under subsection 8 of this section, the court shall disclose such identifying information to the adopted adult or the adopted adult's lineal descendants if the adopted adult is deceased. If the biological parents have not consented to the release of identifying information under subsection 8 of this section, the court shall, within ten days of receipt of the request, notify in writing the child-placing agency or juvenile court personnel having access to the information requested of the request by the adopted adult or the adopted adult's lineal descendants.
- 41 5. Within three months after receiving notice of the request of the adopted 42 adult, or the adopted adult's lineal descendants, the child-placing agency or the juvenile court personnel shall make reasonable efforts to notify the biological 43 parents of the request of the adopted adult or the adopted adult's lineal 44 descendants. The child-placing agency or juvenile court personnel may charge 45 actual costs to the adopted adult or the adopted adult's lineal descendants for the 46 cost of making such search. All communications under this subsection are 47 confidential. For purposes of this subsection, "notify" means a personal and 48 confidential contact with the biological parent of the adopted adult, which initial 49 contact shall be made by an employee of the child-placing agency which processed 50 the adoption, juvenile court personnel or some other licensed child-placing agency 51 52 designated by the child-placing agency or juvenile court. Nothing in this section shall be construed to permit the disclosure of communications privileged pursuant 53 to section 491.060. At the end of three months, the child-placing agency or 54 juvenile court personnel shall file a report with the court stating that each 56 biological parent that was located was given the following information:
- 57 (1) The nature of the identifying information to which the agency has 58 access;

- 59 (2) The nature of any nonidentifying information requested;
- 60 (3) The date of the request of the adopted adult or the adopted adult's 61 lineal descendants;
- 62 (4) The right of the biological parent to file an affidavit with the court 63 stating that the identifying information should be disclosed;
- 64 (5) The effect of a failure of the biological parent to file an affidavit 65 stating that the identifying information should be disclosed.
- 66 6. If the child-placing agency or juvenile court personnel reports to the court that it has been unable to notify the biological parent within three months, the identifying information shall not be disclosed to the adopted adult or the adopted adult's lineal descendants. Additional requests for the same or substantially the same information may not be made to the court within one year from the end of the three-month period during which the attempted notification was made, unless good cause is shown and leave of court is granted.
- 7. If, within three months, the child-placing agency or juvenile court 73 personnel reports to the court that it has notified the biological parent pursuant 74 75 to subsection 5 of this section, the court shall receive the identifying information from the child-placing agency. If an affidavit duly executed by a biological parent 76 77 authorizing the release of information is filed with the court or if a biological parent is found to be deceased, the court shall disclose the identifying information 79 as to that biological parent to the adopted adult or the adopted adult's lineal descendants if the adopted adult is deceased, provided that the other biological 80 parent either: 81
 - (1) Is unknown;

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- 83 (2) Is known but cannot be found and notified pursuant to subsection 5 84 of this section;
 - (3) Is deceased; or
- 86 (4) Has filed with the court an affidavit authorizing release of identifying 87 information.
- If the biological parent fails or refuses to file an affidavit with the court authorizing the release of identifying information, then the identifying information shall not be released to the adopted adult. No additional request for the same or substantially the same information may be made within three years of the time the biological parent fails or refuses to file an affidavit authorizing the
- 93 release of identifying information.
 - 8. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, all

- 95 information, including identifying information, shall be released to an 96 adopted adult if the adopted adult's biological parent lost his or her 97 parental rights through a nonconsensual termination of parental rights 98 proceeding.
- 99 9. Any adopted adult whose adoption was finalized in this state or whose biological parents had their parental rights terminated in this state may request the court to secure and disclose identifying information concerning an adult sibling. Identifying information pertaining exclusively to the adult sibling, whether part of the permanent record of a file in the court or in an agency, shall be released only upon consent of that adult sibling.
- 105 [9.] 10. The central office of the children's division within the department 106 of social services shall maintain a registry by which biological parents, adult 107 siblings, and adoptive adults may indicate their desire to be contacted by each 108 other. The division may request such identification for the registry as a party 109 may possess to assure positive identifications. At the time of registry, a biological parent or adult sibling may consent in writing to the release of identifying 110 information to an adopted adult. If such a consent has not been executed and the 111 division believes that a match has occurred on the registry between biological 112 parents or adult siblings and an adopted adult, an employee of the division shall 113 make the confidential contact provided in subsection 5 of this section with the 114 115 biological parents or adult siblings and with the adopted adult. If the division 116 believes that a match has occurred on the registry between one biological parent or adult sibling and an adopted adult, an employee of the division shall make the 117 confidential contact provided by subsection 5 of this section with the biological 118 119 parent or adult sibling. The division shall then attempt to make such 120 confidential contact with the other biological parent, and shall proceed thereafter to make such confidential contact with the adopted adult only if the division 121 122 determines that the other biological parent meets one of the conditions specified in subsection 7 of this section. The biological parent, adult sibling, or adopted 123 124 adult may refuse to go forward with any further contact between the parties when 125 contacted by the division.
 - [10.] 11. The provisions of this section, except as provided in subsection 5 of this section governing the release of identifying and nonidentifying adoptive information apply to adoptions completed before and after August 13, 1986.
- 129 [11.] **12.** All papers, records, and information known to or in the 130 possession of an adoptive parent or adoptive child that pertain to an adoption,

131 regardless of whether part of any permanent record or file, may be disclosed by

132 the adoptive parent or adoptive child. The provisions of this subsection shall not

133 be construed to create a right to have access to information not otherwise allowed

134 under this section.

595.201. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Sexual Assault Survivors' Bill of Rights".

- 2. The rights provided to survivors in this section attach whenever a survivor is subject to a forensic examination, as provided in section 595.220; and whenever a survivor is subject to an interview by a law enforcement official, prosecuting attorney, or defense attorney. A survivor retains all the rights of this section at all times regardless of whether the survivor agrees to participate in the criminal justice system or in family court; and regardless of whether the survivor consents to a forensic examination to collect sexual assault forensic evidence. The following rights shall be afforded to sexual assault survivors:
- 13 (1) A survivor has the right to consult, subject to the 14 confidentiality requirements of section 455.003, with an employee or volunteer of a rape crisis center during any forensic examination, as 15 16 well as the right to have a support person of the survivor's choosing 17 present, subject to hospital licensing requirements under chapter 197 and regulations promulgated thereunder; and during any interview by 18 a law enforcement official, prosecuting attorney, or defense attorney. 19 A survivor retains this right even if the survivor has waived the right 20 in a previous examination or interview; 21
- 22 (2) Reasonable costs incurred by a medical provider for the 23 forensic examination portion of the examination of a survivor shall be paid by the department of public safety, out of appropriations made for 24that purpose, as provided under section 595.220. Evidentiary collection 25 kits shall be developed and made available, subject to appropriations, 26 to appropriate medical providers by the highway patrol or its designees 27and eligible crime laboratories. All appropriate medical provider 28 charges for eligible forensic examinations shall be billed to and paid by 29 30 the department of public safety;
- 31 (3) Before a medical provider commences a forensic examination 32 of a survivor, the medical provider shall provide the survivor with a 33 document to be developed by the department of public safety that

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- 34 explains the rights of survivors, pursuant to this section, in clear 35 language that is comprehensible to a person proficient in English at the 36 fifth grade level, accessible to persons with visual disabilities, and available in all major languages of the state. This document shall 37include, but is not limited to: 38
- 39 (a) The survivor's rights pursuant to this section and other rules and regulations by the department of public safety and the department 40 of health and senior services;
- (b) The survivor's right to consult with an employee or volunteer 42 of a rape crisis center, to be summoned by the medical provider before the commencement of the forensic examination, unless no employee or 44 volunteer of a rape crisis center can be summoned in a reasonably 45timely manner, and to have present at least one support person of the 46 victim's choosing; 47
 - (c) If an employee or volunteer of a rape crisis center or a support person cannot be summoned in a timely manner, the ramifications of delaying the forensic examination; and
- 51 (d) After the forensic examination, the survivor's right to shower at no cost, unless showering facilities are not reasonably available; 52
 - (4) Before commencing an interview of a survivor, a law enforcement officer, prosecuting attorney, or defense attorney shall inform the survivor of the following:
 - (a) The survivor's rights pursuant to this section and other rules and regulations by the department of public safety and the department of health and senior services, which shall be signed by the survivor of sexual assault to confirm receipt;
 - (b) The survivor's right to consult with an employee or volunteer of a rape crisis center during any interview by a law enforcement official, prosecuting attorney, or defense attorney, to be summoned by the interviewer before the commencement of the interview, unless no employee or volunteer of a rape crisis center can be summoned in a reasonably timely manner;
- 66 (c) The survivor's right to have a support person of the survivor's choosing present during any interview by a law enforcement 67 officer, prosecuting attorney, or defense attorney, unless the law enforcement officer, prosecuting attorney, or defense attorney determines in his or her good faith professional judgment that the

71 presence of that individual would be detrimental to the purpose of the 72 interview; and

- (d) For interviews by a law enforcement officer, the survivor's right to be interviewed by a law enforcement official of the gender of the survivor's choosing. If no law enforcement official of that gender is reasonably available, the survivor shall be interviewed by an available law enforcement official only upon the survivor's consent;
- (5) The right to counsel during an interview by a law enforcement officer or during any interaction with the legal or criminal justice systems within the state;
- (6) A law enforcement official, prosecuting attorney, or defense attorney shall not, for any reason, discourage a survivor from receiving a forensic examination;
- (7) A survivor has the right to prompt analysis of sexual assault forensic evidence, as provided under section 595.220;
- (8) A survivor has the right to be informed, upon the survivor's request, of the results of the analysis of the survivor's sexual assault forensic evidence, whether the analysis yielded a DNA profile, and whether the analysis yielded a DNA match, either to the named perpetrator or to a suspect already in CODIS. The survivor has the right to receive this information through a secure and confidential message in writing from the crime laboratory so that the survivor can call regarding the results;
- (9) A defendant or person accused or convicted of a crime against a survivor shall have no standing to object to any failure to comply with this section, and the failure to provide a right or notice to a survivor under this section may not be used by a defendant to seek to have the conviction or sentence set aside;
- (10) The failure of a law enforcement agency to take possession of any sexual assault forensic evidence or to submit that evidence for analysis within the time prescribed under section 595.220 does not alter the authority of a law enforcement agency to take possession of that evidence or to submit that evidence to the crime laboratory, and does not alter the authority of the crime laboratory to accept and analyze the evidence or to upload the DNA profile obtained from that evidence into CODIS. The failure to comply with the requirements of this section does not constitute grounds in any criminal or civil proceeding

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- for challenging the validity of a database match or of any database information, and any evidence of that DNA record shall not be excluded by a court on those grounds;
- (11) No sexual assault forensic evidence shall be used to 111 prosecute a survivor for any misdemeanor crimes or any misdemeanor 112 crime pursuant to sections 579.015 to 579.185; or as a basis to search for 113 further evidence of any unrelated misdemeanor crimes or any 114 misdemeanor crime pursuant to sections 579.015 to 579.185, that shall 115 116 have been committed by the survivor, except that sexual assault forensic evidence shall be admissible as evidence in any criminal or 117 118 civil proceeding against the defendant or person accused;
 - (12) Upon initial interaction with a survivor, a law enforcement officer shall provide the survivor with a document to be developed by the department of public safety that explains the rights of survivors, pursuant to this section, in clear language that is comprehensible to a person proficient in English at the fifth grade level, accessible to persons with visual disabilities, and available in all major languages of the state. This document shall include, but is not limited to:
- 126 (a) A clear statement that a survivor is not required to 127 participate in the criminal justice system or to receive a forensic 128 examination in order to retain the rights provided by this section and 129 other relevant law;
 - (b) Telephone and internet means of contacting nearby rape crisis centers and employees or volunteers of a rape crisis center;
- 132 (c) Forms of law enforcement protection available to the 133 survivor, including temporary protection orders, and the process to 134 obtain such protection;
 - (d) Instructions for requesting the results of the analysis of the survivor's sexual assault forensic evidence; and
 - (e) State and federal compensation funds for medical and other costs associated with the sexual assault and any municipal, state, or federal right to restitution for survivors in the event of a criminal trial;
- 140 (13) A law enforcement official shall, upon written request by a 141 survivor, furnish within fourteen days of receiving such request a free, 142 complete, and unaltered copy of all law enforcement reports concerning 143 the sexual assault, regardless of whether the report has been closed by 144 the law enforcement agency;

- 145 (14) A prosecuting attorney shall, upon written request by a 146 survivor, provide:
- 147 (a) Timely notice of any pretrial disposition of the case;
- 148 (b) Timely notice of the final disposition of the case, including 149 the conviction, sentence, and place and time of incarceration;
- (c) Timely notice of a convicted defendant's location, including whenever the defendant receives a temporary, provisional, or final release from custody, escapes from custody, is moved from a secure facility to a less secure facility, or re-enters custody; and
- 154 (d) A convicted defendant's information on a sex offender 155 registry, if any;
- 156 (15) In either a civil or criminal case relating to the sexual 157 assault, a survivor has the right to be reasonably protected from the 158 defendant and persons acting on behalf of the defendant, as provided 159 under section 595.209 and Article I, Section 32 of the Missouri 160 Constitution;
- 161 (16) A survivor has the right to be free from intimidation, 162 harassment, and abuse, as provided under section 595.209 and Article 163 I, Section 32 of the Missouri Constitution;
- 164 (17) A survivor shall not be required to submit to a polygraph 165 examination as a prerequisite to filing an accusatory pleading, as 166 provided under section 595.223, or to participating in any part of the 167 criminal justice system;
- (18) A survivor has the right to be heard through a survivor impact statement at any proceeding involving a post-arrest release decision, plea, sentencing, post-conviction release decision, or any other proceeding where a right of the survivor is at issue, as provided under section 595.229 and Article I, Section 32 of the Missouri Constitution.
- 3. For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:
- 175 (1) "CODIS", the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Combined DNA
 176 Index System that allows the storage and exchange of DNA records
 177 submitted by federal, state, and local DNA crime laboratories. The term
 178 "CODIS" includes the National DNA Index System administered and
 179 operated by the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
- 180 (2) "Crime", an act committed in this state which, regardless of 181 whether it is adjudicated, involves the application of force or violence

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182 or the threat of force or violence by the offender upon the victim and shall include the crime of driving while intoxicated, vehicular 183 manslaughter and hit and run; and provided, further, that no act 184involving the operation of a motor vehicle, except driving while intoxicated, vehicular manslaughter and hit and run, which results in 186injury to another shall constitute a crime for the purpose of this 187 section, unless such injury was intentionally inflicted through the use 188 189 of a motor vehicle. A crime shall also include an act of terrorism, as defined in 18 U.S.C. Section 2331, which has been committed outside of 190 the United States against a resident of Missouri; 191

- (3) "Crime laboratory", a laboratory operated or supported financially by the state, or any unit of city, county, or other local Missouri government that employs at least one scientist who examines physical evidence in criminal matters and provides expert or opinion testimony with respect to such physical evidence in a state court of law:
- 198 (4) "Disposition", the sentencing or determination of a penalty or punishment to be imposed upon a person convicted of a crime or found 199 200 delinquent or against who a finding of sufficient facts for conviction or finding of delinquency is made;
- (5) "Law enforcement official", a sheriff and his regular deputies, 203 municipal police officer, or member of the Missouri state highway patrol and such other persons as may be designated by law as peace officers:
- 206 (6) "Medical provider", any qualified health care professional, 207 hospital, other emergency medical facility, or other facility conducting a forensic examination of the survivor; 208
- (7) "Rape crisis center", any public or private agency that offers assistance to victims of sexual assault, as the term sexual assault is 210 defined in section 455.010, who are adults, as defined by section 455.010, or qualified minors, as defined by section 431.056; 212
 - (8) "Restitution", money or services which a court orders a defendant to pay or render to a survivor as part of the disposition;
- 215 (9) "Sexual assault survivor", any person who is a victim of an alleged sexual offense under sections 566.010 to 566.223 and, if the 216 survivor is incompetent, deceased, or a minor who is unable to consent 217 218 to counseling services, the parent, guardian, spouse, or any other

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- 219 lawful representative of the survivor, unless such person is the alleged 220 assailant;
- 221 (10) "Sexual assault forensic evidence", any human biological 222 specimen collected by a medical provider during a forensic medical 223 examination from an alleged survivor, as provided for in section 224 595.220, including, but not limited to, a toxicology kit;
- 225 (11) "Survivor", a natural person who suffers direct or threatened 226 physical, emotional, or financial harm as the result of the commission 227 or attempted commission of a crime. The term "victim" also includes 228 the family members of a minor, incompetent, or homicide victim.
 - 595.202. 1. There is hereby created the "Missouri Rights of 2 Victims of Sexual Assault Task Force" to consist of the following 3 members:
 - (1) The following four members of the general assembly:
 - 5 (a) Two members of the senate, with no more than one member 6 from the same political party and each member to be appointed by the 7 president pro tempore of the senate; and
 - 8 (b) Two members of the house of representatives, with no more
 9 than one member from the same political party and each member to be
 0 appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives;
- 11 (2) The director of the department of health and senior services 12 or his or her designee;
 - (3) A private citizen appointed by the governor;
- 14 (4) A representative of a statewide coalition against domestic 15 and sexual violence appointed by the governor;
- 16 (5) A representative of rape crisis centers appointed by the 17 governor;
- 18 **(6)** The superintendent of the Missouri highway patrol or his or 19 her designee;
 - (7) A law enforcement officer appointed by the governor;
- 21 (8) The director of the Missouri highway patrol crime lab or his 22 or her designee;
 - (9) An attorney appointed by the governor; and
- 24 (10) A representative of the Missouri Hospital Association.
- 25 2. The task force shall study nationally recognized best practices 26 and make recommendations regarding:
- 27 (1) The development and implementation of an effective

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- mechanism for submitting, tracking, and investigating complaints regarding the handling of, or response to, a sexual assault report or investigation by any agency or organization involved in the response;
- 31 (2) The development of documentation for medical providers and 32 law enforcement officers, in conjunction with the department of public 33 safety, to provide to survivors informing them of their rights pursuant 34 to section 595.201;
 - (3) Whether a need exists for additional employees or volunteers of a rape crisis center for victims of sexual assault, and if such a need does exist, the task force shall:
 - (a) Create a plan for how the state can provide, in conjunction with rape crisis centers, victims' advocates organizations, and the department of health and senior services, additional employees or volunteers of a rape crisis center to meet the needs identified; and
 - (b) Determine the cost of funding such a plan;
- 43 (4) Whether a need exists to expand the right to an employee or 44 volunteer of a rape crisis center beyond the medical examination and 45 law enforcement interview settings, and if such a need does exist, the 46 task force shall:
 - (a) Identify the scope and nature of the need; and
- 48 (b) Make recommendations on how best to fill that need, whether 49 legislatively or otherwise;
- 50 (5) Whether a need exists to provide for ongoing evaluation of 51 the implementation of these rights, and if such a need does exist, the 52 task force shall:
 - (a) Identify the scope and nature of the need; and
- 54 (b) Make recommendations on how best to fill that need, whether 55 legislatively or otherwise.
 - 3. The task force shall:
 - (1) Collect data regarding sexual assault reporting, arrests, prosecution rates, access to sexual assault victims services, and any other data important for its deliberations and recommendations; and
- 60 (2) Collect feedback from stakeholders, practitioners, and 61 leadership throughout the state and local law enforcement, victim 62 services, forensic science practitioners, and health care communities 63 to inform development of future best practices or clinical guidelines 64 regarding the care and treatment of survivors.

- 4. The department of public safety shall provide administrative support to the task force.
- 5. On or before December 31, 2021, the task force shall submit a report on its findings to the governor and general assembly. The report shall include any dissenting opinions in addition to any majority opinions.
- 71 6. The task force shall expire on December 31, 2021.
- 595.220. 1. The department of public safety shall make payments to appropriate medical providers, out of appropriations made for that purpose, to cover the reasonable charges of the forensic examination of persons who may be a victim of a sexual offense if:
- 5 (1) The victim or the victim's guardian consents in writing to the 6 examination; and
- 7 (2) The report of the examination is made on a form approved by the 8 attorney general with the advice of the department of public safety.
- 9 The department shall establish maximum reimbursement rates for charges submitted under this section, which shall reflect the reasonable cost of providing the forensic exam.
- 2. A minor may consent to examination under this section. Such consent is not subject to disaffirmance because of minority, and consent of parent or guardian of the minor is not required for such examination. The appropriate medical provider making the examination shall give written notice to the parent or guardian of a minor that such an examination has taken place.
- 17 3. The department of public safety, with the advice of the attorney 18 general, shall develop the forms and procedures for gathering, transmitting, and 19 storing evidence during and after the forensic examination under the provisions 20 of this section. The department of health and senior services shall develop a checklist, protocols, and procedures for appropriate medical providers to refer to 21 while providing medical treatment to victims of a sexual offense, including those 22specific to victims who are minors. The procedures for transmitting and storing 23examination evidence shall include the following requirements: 24
- 25 (1) An appropriate medical provider shall provide electronic notification 26 to the appropriate law enforcement agency when the provider has a reported or 27 anonymous evidentiary collection kit;
- 28 (2) Within fourteen days of notification from the appropriate medical 29 provider, the law enforcement agency shall take possession of the evidentiary

30 collection kit;

- 31 (3) Within fourteen days of taking possession, the law enforcement agency 32 shall provide the evidentiary collection kit to a laboratory;
- 33 (4) A law enforcement agency shall secure an evidentiary collection kit for 34 a period of thirty years if the offense has not been adjudicated.
 - 4. Evidentiary collection kits shall be developed and made available, subject to appropriation, to appropriate medical providers by the highway patrol or its designees and eligible crime laboratories. Such kits shall be distributed with the forms and procedures for gathering evidence during forensic examinations of victims of a sexual offense to appropriate medical providers upon request of the provider, in the amount requested, and at no charge to the medical provider. All appropriate medical providers shall, with the written consent of the victim, perform a forensic examination using the evidentiary collection kit, or other collection procedures developed for victims who are minors, and forms and procedures for gathering evidence following the checklist for any person presenting as a victim of a sexual offense.
 - 5. In reviewing claims submitted under this section, the department shall first determine if the claim was submitted within ninety days of the examination. If the claim is submitted within ninety days, the department shall, at a minimum, use the following criteria in reviewing the claim: examination charges submitted shall be itemized and fall within the definition of forensic examination as defined in subdivision (6) of subsection 8 of this section.
 - 6. All appropriate medical provider charges for eligible forensic examinations shall be billed to and paid by the department of public safety. No appropriate medical provider conducting forensic examinations and providing medical treatment to victims of sexual offenses shall charge the victim for the forensic examination. For appropriate medical provider charges related to the medical treatment of victims of sexual offenses, if the victim is an eligible claimant under the crime victims' compensation fund, the victim shall seek compensation under sections 595.010 to 595.075.
 - 7. The department of public safety shall establish rules regarding the reimbursement of the costs of forensic examinations for children under fourteen years of age, including establishing conditions and definitions for emergency and nonemergency forensic examinations and may by rule establish additional qualifications for appropriate medical providers performing nonemergency forensic examinations for children under fourteen years of age. The department

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- shall provide reimbursement regardless of whether or not the findings indicate that the child was abused.
 - 8. For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:
- (1) "Anonymous evidentiary collection kit", an evidentiary collection kit
 collected from a victim[, or his or her designee,] who wishes to remain
 anonymous, but who has consented, or his or her designee has consented
 on his or her behalf, to the collection of the evidentiary collection kit[,] and to
 participate in the criminal justice process[, but who wishes to remain
 anonymous];
- 75 (2) "Appropriate medical provider":
 - (a) Any licensed nurse, physician, or physician assistant, and any institution employing licensed nurses, physicians, or physician assistants, provided that such licensed professionals are the only persons at such institution to perform tasks under the provisions of this section; or
 - (b) For the purposes of any nonemergency forensic examination of a child under fourteen years of age, the department of public safety may establish additional qualifications for any provider listed in paragraph (a) of this subdivision under rules authorized under subsection 7 of this section;
 - (3) "Component", any piece of evidence that contains, or may contain, DNA related to the sexual offense for which the forensic examination was performed and that is not stored or maintained within the evidentiary collection kit;
 - (4) "Consent", the electronically documented authorization by the victim, or his or her designee, to allow the evidentiary collection kit to be analyzed;
- [(4)] (5) "Emergency forensic examination", an examination of a person under fourteen years of age that occurs within five days of the alleged sexual offense. The department of public safety may further define the term emergency forensic examination by rule;
- [(5)] (6) "Evidentiary collection kit", a kit used during a forensic examination that includes materials necessary for appropriate medical providers to gather evidence in accordance with the forms and procedures developed by the department of public safety for forensic examinations;
- [(6)] (7) "Forensic examination", an examination performed by an appropriate medical provider on a victim of an alleged sexual offense to gather evidence for the evidentiary collection kit or using other collection procedures developed for victims who are minors;

- [(7)] (8) "Medical treatment", the treatment of all injuries and health concerns resulting directly from a patient's sexual assault or victimization;
- [(8)] (9) "Nonemergency forensic examination", an examination of a person under fourteen years of age that occurs more than five days after the alleged sexual offense. The department of public safety may further define the term nonemergency forensic examination by rule;
- [(9)] (10) "Reported evidentiary collection kit", an evidentiary collection kit collected from a victim, or his or her designee, who has consented to the collection of the evidentiary collection kit and has consented to participate in the criminal justice process;
- [(10)] (11) "Unreported evidentiary collection kit", an evidentiary collection kit collected from a victim, or his or her designee, who has consented to the collection of the evidentiary collection kit but has not consented to participate in the criminal justice process.
- 9. The attorney general shall establish protocols and an electronic platform to implement an electronic evidence tracking system that:
- 118 (1) Identifies, documents, records, and tracks evidentiary collection kits 119 and their components, including individual specimen containers, through their 120 existence from forensic examination, to possession by a law enforcement agency, 121 to testing, to use as evidence in criminal proceedings, and until disposition of 122 such proceedings;
- 123 (2) Assigns a unique alphanumeric identifier to each respective 124 evidentiary collection kit, and all its respective components, and to each 125 respective person, or his or her designees, who may handle an evidentiary test 126 kit;
- 127 (3) Links the identifiers of an evidentiary collection kit and its 128 components, which shall be machine-readable indicia;
- (4) Allows each person, or his or her designees, who is properly credentialed to handle an evidentiary test kit to check the status of an evidentiary test kit or its components and to save a portfolio of identifiers so that the person, or his or her designees, may track, obtain reports, and receive updates [of] on the status of evidentiary collection kits or their components; and
- 134 (5) Allows sexual assault victims, or their designees, [access in order to 135 monitor the current status of their evidentiary test kit] to track and obtain 136 reports on the status and location of their evidentiary collection 137 kits. This shall be a secured web-based or similar electronic-based

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communications system that shall require sexual assault victims, or their designees, to register to access tracking and reports of their evidentiary collection kits.

- 10. Appropriate medical providers, law enforcement agencies, laboratories, court personnel, persons or entities involved in the final disposition or destruction of evidentiary collection kits, and all other entities which and persons who have custody of evidentiary collection kits shall participate in the electronic evidence tracking system.
- 146 11. The department of public safety, with the advice of the attorney general and the assistance of the department of health and 147 senior services, shall develop and retain within the state a central 148 149 repository for unreported evidentiary collection kits, where such kits can be kept in a temperature-controlled environment that preserves the 150 151 integrity of the evidence and diminishes degradation. Unreported 152 evidentiary collection kits shall be retained for a period of five years. 153 In the case of a minor under the age of eighteen when the unreported kit was collected, the unreported evidentiary kit shall be retained for 154 a period of five years after the victim attains the age of eighteen. 155
 - 12. Records entered into the electronic evidence tracking system shall be confidential and shall not be subject to disclosure under chapter 610.
- 159 13. The department shall have authority to promulgate rules and 160 regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under 161 the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies 162 163 with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, 164 section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to 165 166 delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held 167 unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed 168 or adopted after August 28, 2009, shall be invalid and void.

[210.790. A foster parent shall have standing to participate in all court hearings pertaining to a child in their care.]

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