## SECOND REGULAR SESSION

## SENATE BILL NO. 820

## 100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR BURLISON.

Pre-filed January 6, 2020, and ordered printed.

4760S.01I

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

## AN ACT

To repeal section 301.193, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to the titling of abandoned property.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 301.193, RSMo, is repealed and one new section 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 301.193, to read as follows:

301.193. 1. Any person who purchases or is the owner of real property on which vehicles, as defined in section 301.010, vessels or watercraft, as defined in section 306.010, or outboard motors, as that term is used in section 306.530, have been abandoned, without the consent of said purchaser or owner of the real property, may apply to the department of revenue for a certificate of title. Any insurer which purchases a vehicle through the claims adjustment process for which the insurer is unable to obtain a negotiable title may make an application to the department of revenue for a salvage certificate of title pursuant to this section. Prior to making application for a certificate of title on a vehicle under this section, the insurer or owner of the real estate shall have the vehicle 11 inspected by law enforcement pursuant to subsection 9 of section 301.190, and shall have law enforcement perform a check in the national crime information 12 center and any appropriate statewide law enforcement computer to determine if 13 the vehicle has been reported stolen and the name and address of the person to 14 whom the vehicle was last titled and any lienholders of record. The insurer or 15 owner or purchaser of the real estate shall, thirty days prior to making 16 application for title, notify any owners or lienholders of record for the vehicle by 17 certified mail that the owner intends to apply for a certificate of title from the 18

director for the abandoned vehicle. The application for title shall be accompanied

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- 21 (1) A statement explaining the circumstances by which the property came 22 into the insurer, owner or purchaser's possession; a description of the property 23 including the year, make, model, vehicle identification number and any decal or 24 license plate that may be affixed to the vehicle; the current location of the 25 property; and the retail value of the property;
- 26 (2) An inspection report of the property, if it is a vehicle, by a law 27 enforcement agency pursuant to subsection 9 of section 301.190; and
  - (3) A copy of the thirty-day notice and certified mail receipt mailed to any owner and any person holding a valid security interest of record.
  - 2. Upon receipt of the application and supporting documents, the director shall search the records of the department of revenue, or initiate an inquiry with another state, if the evidence presented indicated the property described in the application was registered or titled in another state, to verify the name and address of any owners and any lienholders. If the latest owner or lienholder was not notified the director shall inform the insurer, owner, or purchaser of the real estate of the latest owner and lienholder information so that notice may be given as required by subsection 1 of this section. Any owner or lienholder receiving notification may protest the issuance of title by, within the thirty-day notice period [and may file], filing a petition to recover the vehicle, naming the insurer described in subsection 1, 3, or 6 of this section, as applicable, a salvage pool described in subsection 4 of this section, or owner of the real estate described in subsection 1 of this section, and serving a copy of the petition on the director of revenue. The director shall not be a party to such petition but shall, upon receipt of the petition, suspend the processing of any further certificate of title until the rights of all parties to the vehicle are determined by the court. Once all requirements are satisfied the director shall issue one of the following:
  - (1) An original certificate of title if the vehicle examination certificate, as provided in section 301.190, indicates that the vehicle was not previously in a salvaged condition or rebuilt;
- 51 (2) An original certificate of title designated as prior salvage if the vehicle 52 examination certificate as provided in section 301.190 indicates the vehicle was 53 previously in a salvaged condition or rebuilt;
- 54 (3) A salvage certificate of title designated with the words 55 "salvage/abandoned property" or junking certificate based on the condition of the

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90 91 property as stated in the inspection report. An insurer purchasing a vehicle through the claims adjustment process under this section shall only be eligible to obtain a salvage certificate of title or junking certificate. A salvage pool described in subsection 4 of this section or a used motor vehicle dealer described in subsection 5 of this section shall only be eligible to receive a salvage certificate of title or a junking certificate.

- 3. Any insurer which purchases a vehicle that is currently titled in Missouri through the claims adjustment process for which the insurer is unable to obtain a negotiable title may make application to the department of revenue for a salvage certificate of title or junking certificate. Such application may be made by the insurer or its designated salvage pool on a form provided by the department and signed under penalty of perjury. The application shall include a declaration that the insurer has made at least two written attempts to obtain the certificate of title, transfer documents, or other acceptable evidence of title, and be accompanied by proof of claims payment from the insurer, evidence that letters were sent to the vehicle owner, a statement explaining the circumstances by which the property came into the insurer's possession, a description of the property including the year, make, model, vehicle identification number, and current location of the property, and the fee prescribed in subsection 5 of section 301.190. The insurer shall, thirty days prior to making application for title, notify any owners or lienholders of record for the vehicle that the insurer intends to apply for a certificate of title from the director for the vehicle. Upon receipt of the application and supporting documents, the director shall search the records of the department of revenue to verify the name and address of any owners and any lienholders. If the director identifies any additional owner or lienholder who has not been notified by the insurer, the director shall inform the insurer of such additional owner or lienholder and the insurer shall notify the additional owner or lienholder of the insurer's intent to obtain title as prescribed in this section. If no valid lienholders have notified the department of the existence of a lien, the department shall issue a salvage certificate of title or junking certificate for the vehicle in the name of the insurer.
  - 4. Any salvage pool that takes possession of a vehicle at the request of an insurer, where the insurer does not purchase the vehicle through the claims adjustment process, may apply to the department of revenue for a salvage certificate of title or junking certificate in the name of the salvage pool, provided that the vehicle has remained

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92unclaimed on the salvage pool's premises for more than thirty days. The salvage pool shall, thirty days prior to making application 94 for title, notify any owners or lienholders of record for the vehicle that the salvage pool intends to apply for a certificate of title from the director of revenue. The application for title shall be on a form 96 provided by the department, signed under penalty of perjury, and shall 97 be accompanied by: 98

- (1) A statement explaining the circumstances by which the vehicle came into the salvage pool's possession, a description of the vehicle including the year, make, model, and vehicle identification number, the current location of the property, and the fee prescribed in subsection 5 of section 301.190;
- 104 (2) A copy of the thirty-day notice and certified mail receipt mailed to any owner and any person holding a valid security interest 105 of record; and 106
- 107 (3) If the vehicle is not currently titled in the state, an inspection 108 report of the vehicle by a law enforcement agency pursuant to subsection 9 of section 301.190. 109
- Upon receipt of the application and supporting documents, the director 110 shall search the records of the department of revenue, or initiate an 111 inquiry with another state if the evidence presented indicates the 112property described in the application was registered or titled in 114 another state, to verify the name and address of any owners and any 115lienholders. If the director identifies any additional owner or 116 lienholder who has not been notified by the salvage pool, the director 117shall inform the salvage pool of such additional owner or lienholder and the salvage pool shall notify the additional owner or lienholder of 118 the salvage pool's intent to obtain title as prescribed in this subsection. 119 If no valid lienholders have notified the department of the existence of 120 a lien, the department shall issue a salvage certificate of title or junking certificate for the vehicle in the name of the salvage pool. 122
  - 5. Any used motor vehicle dealer that takes possession of a vehicle at the request of an organization exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, where the organization does not provide the used motor vehicle dealer with negotiable title, may apply to the department of revenue for a salvage certificate of title or junking certificate in the name of the used motor

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vehicle dealer, provided that the vehicle has remained unclaimed on the used motor vehicle dealer's premises for more than thirty days. The application for title shall be on a form provided by the department, signed under penalty of perjury, and shall be accompanied by:

- (1) A statement explaining the circumstances by which the vehicle came into the used motor vehicle dealer's possession, a description of the vehicle including the year, make, model, and vehicle identification number, the current location of the property, and the fee prescribed in subsection 5 of section 301.190;
- 139 **(2)** A copy of the thirty-day notice and certified mail receipt 140 mailed to any owner and any person holding a valid security interest 141 of record; and
  - (3) If the vehicle is not currently titled in the state, an inspection report of the vehicle by a law enforcement agency pursuant to subsection 9 of section 301.190.
- 144 145 Upon receipt of the application and supporting documents, the director shall search the records of the department of revenue, or initiate an 146 inquiry with another state if the evidence presented indicates the 147 property described in the application was registered or titled in 148 another state, to verify the name and address of any owners and any 149 150 lienholders. If the director identifies any additional owner or 151 lienholder who has not been notified by the used motor vehicle dealer, 152 the director shall inform the used motor vehicle dealer of such additional owner or lienholder and the used motor vehicle dealer shall 153 154 notify the additional owner or lienholder of the used motor vehicle dealer's intent to obtain title as prescribed in this subsection. If no 155 valid lienholders have notified the department of the existence of a 156 lien, the department shall issue a salvage certificate of title or junking 157 158 certificate for the vehicle in the name of the used motor vehicle dealer.
  - 6. Any insurer that purchases a vessel or watercraft that is currently titled in Missouri through the claims adjustment process for which the insurer is unable to obtain a negotiable title may make application to the department of revenue for a certificate of title. Such application shall be made by the insurer or its designated salvage pool on a form provided by the department and signed under penalty of perjury. The application shall include a declaration that the insurer

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has made at least two written attempts to obtain a certificate of title, transfer documents, or other acceptable evidence of title, and be accompanied by proof of claims payment from the insurer, evidence that letters were sent to the vessel or watercraft owner, a statement explaining the circumstances by which the property came into the insurer's possession, a description of the property including the year, make, hull identification number, and current location of the property, and the fee prescribed in subsection 3 of section 306.015. The insurer shall, thirty days prior to making application for title, notify any owners or lienholders of record for the vessel or watercraft that the insurer intends to apply for a certificate of title from the director for the vessel or watercraft. Upon receipt of the application and supporting documents, the director shall search the records of the department of revenue to verify the name and address of any owners and any lienholders. If the director identifies any additional owner or lienholder who has not been notified by the insurer, the director shall notify the insurer of such additional owner or lienholder and the insurer shall notify the additional owner or lienholder of the insurer's intent to obtain title as prescribed in this subsection. If no valid lienholders have notified the department of the existence of a lien, the department shall issue a certificate of title for the vessel or watercraft in the name of the insurer.



