#### SECOND REGULAR SESSION

# **SENATE BILL NO. 772**

### **100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR ROMINE.

Pre-filed December 4, 2019, and ordered printed.

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

#### 4096S.01I

## AN ACT

To repeal section 452.335, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to maintenance orders.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 452.335, RSMo, is repealed and one new section 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 452.335, to read as follows:

452.335. 1. In a proceeding for nonretroactive invalidity, dissolution of marriage or legal separation, or a proceeding for maintenance following dissolution of the marriage by a court which lacked personal jurisdiction over the absent spouse, the court may grant a maintenance order to either spouse, which **may be bridge-the-gap, rehabilitative, or durational,** but only if it finds that the spouse seeking maintenance:

7 (1) Lacks sufficient property, including marital property apportioned to 8 him **or her**, to provide for his **or her** reasonable needs; and

9 (2) Is unable to support himself **or herself** through appropriate 10 employment or is the custodian of a child whose condition or circumstances make 11 it appropriate that the custodian not be required to seek employment outside the 12 home.

2. The maintenance order shall be in such amounts and for such periods
of time as the court deems just, and after considering all relevant factors
including:

(1) The financial resources of the party seeking maintenance, including
marital property apportioned to him or her, and his or her ability to meet his
or her needs independently, including the extent to which a provision for support
of a child living with the party includes a sum for that party as custodian;

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(2) The time necessary to acquire sufficient education or training to

21 enable the party seeking maintenance to find appropriate employment;

22 (3) The comparative earning capacity of each spouse;

23 (4) The standard of living established during the marriage;

(5) The obligations and assets, including the marital property apportioned
to him or her and the separate property of each party;

26 (6) The duration of the marriage;

27 (7) The age, and the physical and emotional condition of the spouse 28 seeking maintenance;

(8) The ability of the spouse from whom maintenance is sought to meet
his or her needs while meeting those of the spouse seeking maintenance;

31 (9) The conduct of the parties during the marriage; and

32 (10) Any other relevant factors.

33 3. The maintenance order shall state if it is bridge-the-gap, rehabilitative, or durational and whether the order is modifiable or 34 nonmodifiable. The court may order maintenance which includes a termination 35date in accordance with the provisions of this section. Unless the 36 37maintenance order which includes a termination date is nonmodifiable, the court may order the maintenance decreased, increased, terminated, extended, or 3839 otherwise modified based upon a substantial and continuing change of circumstances which occurred prior to the termination date of the original order; 40 41 provided that, no maintenance order shall be modified to extend its 42duration in excess of the limits established in this section.

43 4. For purposes of determining maintenance only, a short-term marriage is a marriage having a duration of less than seven years; a 44 moderate-term marriage is a marriage having a duration of seven years 4546 or more but less than seventeen years; and a long-term marriage is a 47marriage having a duration of seventeen years or more. The duration of a marriage is the period of time from the first day of the marriage 48 49 until the date of the most recent filing of an action of dissolution of marriage or legal separation. 50

51 5. Bridge-the-gap maintenance may be awarded to assist a party 52 leaving a short-term marriage by providing support to allow the party 53 to make a transition from being married to being single. Bridge-the-54 gap maintenance shall be designed to assist a party with legitimate, 55 identifiable short-term needs. The length of the maintenance shall not 56 exceed two years. An award of bridge-the-gap maintenance shall not be 57 modifiable in amount or duration.

58 6. (1) Rehabilitative maintenance may be awarded to assist a 59 party leaving a short-term, moderate-term, or long-term marriage in 60 establishing the capacity for self-support through either:

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(a) The redevelopment of previous skills or credentials; or

(b) The acquisition of education, training, or work experience
necessary to develop appropriate employment skills or credentials and
the development and implementation of a career plan and career goals.

65 (2) In order to award rehabilitative maintenance, there shall be 66 a specific and defined rehabilitative plan, which shall be included as 67 part of any order awarding rehabilitative maintenance. The length of 68 the maintenance shall not exceed five years.

69 (3) An award of rehabilitative maintenance may be modified or 70 terminated based upon a substantial change in circumstances, upon 71 noncompliance with the rehabilitative plan, or upon completion of the 72 rehabilitative plan; provided that, the length of the maintenance shall 73 not be modified to exceed the limits set forth in this subsection.

74 7. Durational maintenance may be awarded to provide for the 75 reasonable needs as they were established during a short-term, 76 moderate-term, or long-term marriage. An award of durational 77 maintenance may be modified in accordance with the provisions of 78 subsection 3 of this section; provided that, the length of the 79 maintenance shall not be modified to exceed the limits set forth in this 80 section.

81 8. Absent exigent circumstances, a court shall not order 82 durational maintenance that remains in effect for more than:

83 (1) Three years if the duration of the marriage was less than
84 seven years;

85 (2) Five years if the duration of the marriage was seven years or
86 more but less than ten years;

87 (3) Seven years if the duration of the marriage was ten years or
88 more but less than seventeen years;

89 (4) Ten years if the duration of the marriage was seventeen years
90 or more but less than twenty-five years; or

91 (5) Fifteen years if the duration of the marriage was twenty-five92 years or more.

93 For purposes of this subsection, "exigent circumstances" shall mean a

94 medically-determinable physical or mental impairment or other compelling substantial impediment that prevents such spouse from 9596 earning sufficient income to provide for the spouse's reasonable needs. In reaching its determination, the court may consider whether a 97 physical or mental impairment is the result of domestic violence or 98 other substantial abuse by the spouse paying the maintenance. If the 99 spouse seeking maintenance in a marriage of twenty-five years or more 100duration lacks sufficient property, including marital property 101 apportioned to him or her, to provide for his or her reasonable needs, 102and has not been meaningfully engaged in the workforce, and if such 103 spouse cannot reasonably reenter the workforce even if reasonable 104retraining or other rehabilitative efforts were undertaken, then the 105106 court may consider such spouse's lack of marketable skills an exigent circumstance. The court shall consider that the lifestyle of both 107spouses may reasonably decline following a dissolution of marriage or 108 109 legal separation.

9. An award of bridge-the-gap, rehabilitative, or durational maintenance shall terminate upon a valid written agreement between the parties submitted to the court, the death of either party, or the remarriage of the party receiving maintenance.

114 10. For purposes of modification of prior orders establishing
115 maintenance, the standards set forth in this section shall be applicable
116 to all initial actions and modifications decided after August 28, 2020.

117 11. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit parties 118 from reaching an agreement, submitted in writing to the court, 119 regarding the type or duration of modifiable or nonmodifiable 120 maintenance, even if the duration of maintenance in such agreements 121 exceeds the limits described in this section.

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