SECOND REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 693

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR WALLINGFORD.

Pre-filed December 1, 2019, and ordered printed.

4056S.01I

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 287.220, 287.280, and 287.480, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof three new sections relating to workers' compensation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 287.220, 287.280, and 287.480, RSMo, are repealed

- 2 and three new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 287.220,
- 3 287.280, and 287.480, to read as follows:

287.220. 1. There is hereby created in the state treasury a special fund

- 2 to be known as the "Second Injury Fund" created exclusively for the purposes as
- 3 in this section provided and for special weekly benefits in rehabilitation cases as
- 4 provided in section 287.141. Maintenance of the second injury fund shall be as
- 5 provided by section 287.710. The state treasurer shall be the custodian of the
- 6 second injury fund which shall be deposited the same as are state funds and any
- 7 interest accruing thereon shall be added thereto. The fund shall be subject to
- 8 audit the same as state funds and accounts and shall be protected by the general
- 9 bond given by the state treasurer. Upon the requisition of the director of the
- 10 division of workers' compensation, warrants on the state treasurer for the
- 11 payment of all amounts payable for compensation and benefits out of the second
- 12 injury fund shall be issued.
- 13 2. All cases of permanent disability where there has been previous
- 14 disability due to injuries occurring prior to January 1, 2014, shall be compensated
- 15 as provided in this subsection. Compensation shall be computed on the basis of
- 16 the average earnings at the time of the last injury. If any employee who has a
- 17 preexisting permanent partial disability whether from compensable injury or
- 18 otherwise, of such seriousness as to constitute a hindrance or obstacle to

19 employment or to obtaining reemployment if the employee becomes unemployed, 20 and the preexisting permanent partial disability, if a body as a whole injury, equals a minimum of fifty weeks of compensation or, if a major extremity injury 21 22 only, equals a minimum of fifteen percent permanent partial disability, according 23 to the medical standards that are used in determining such compensation, receives a subsequent compensable injury resulting in additional permanent 2425 partial disability so that the degree or percentage of disability, in an amount equal to a minimum of fifty weeks compensation, if a body as a whole injury or, 26 if a major extremity injury only, equals a minimum of fifteen percent permanent 27 partial disability, caused by the combined disabilities is substantially greater 28 29 than that which would have resulted from the last injury, considered alone and 30 of itself, and if the employee is entitled to receive compensation on the basis of 31 the combined disabilities, the employer at the time of the last injury shall be 32 liable only for the degree or percentage of disability which would have resulted 33 from the last injury had there been no preexisting disability. After the compensation liability of the employer for the last injury, considered alone, has 34 35 been determined by an administrative law judge or the commission, the degree or percentage of employee's disability that is attributable to all injuries or 36 conditions existing at the time the last injury was sustained shall then be 37 38 determined by that administrative law judge or by the commission and the degree 39 or percentage of disability which existed prior to the last injury plus the disability resulting from the last injury, if any, considered alone, shall be deducted from the 40 41 combined disability, and compensation for the balance, if any, shall be paid out 42 of a special fund known as the second injury fund, hereinafter provided for. If the previous disability or disabilities, whether from compensable injury or otherwise, 43 and the last injury together result in total and permanent disability, the 44 minimum standards under this subsection for a body as a whole injury or a major 45 extremity injury shall not apply and the employer at the time of the last injury 46 47 shall be liable only for the disability resulting from the last injury considered 48 alone and of itself; except that if the compensation for which the employer at the time of the last injury is liable is less than the compensation provided in this 49 chapter for permanent total disability, then in addition to the compensation for 50 51 which the employer is liable and after the completion of payment of the 52compensation by the employer, the employee shall be paid the remainder of the 53 compensation that would be due for permanent total disability under section 287.200 out of the second injury fund. 54

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3. (1) All claims against the second injury fund for injuries occurring after January 1, 2014, and all claims against the second injury fund involving a subsequent compensable injury which is an occupational disease filed after January 1, 2014, shall be compensated as provided in this subsection.

- 59 (2) No claims for permanent partial disability occurring after January 1, 60 2014, shall be filed against the second injury fund. Claims for permanent total 61 disability under section 287.200 against the second injury fund shall be 62 compensable only when the following conditions are met:
 - (a) a. An employee has a medically documented preexisting disability equaling a minimum of fifty weeks of permanent partial disability compensation according to the medical standards that are used in determining such compensation which is:
- 67 (i) A direct result of active military duty in any branch of the United 68 States Armed Forces; or
- 69 (ii) A direct result of a compensable injury as defined in section 287.020; 70 or
- (iii) Not a compensable injury, but such preexisting disability directly and significantly aggravates or accelerates the subsequent work-related injury and shall not include unrelated preexisting injuries or conditions that do not aggravate or accelerate the subsequent work-related injury; or
- (iv) A preexisting permanent partial disability of an extremity, loss of eyesight in one eye, or loss of hearing in one ear, when there is a subsequent compensable work-related injury as set forth in subparagraph b of the opposite extremity, loss of eyesight in the other eye, or loss of hearing in the other ear; and
- b. Such employee thereafter sustains a subsequent compensable work-related injury that, when combined with the preexisting disability, as set forth in items (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) of subparagraph a. of this paragraph, results in a permanent total disability as defined under this chapter; or
- (b) An employee is employed in a sheltered workshop as established in sections 205.968 to 205.972 or sections 178.900 to 178.960 and such employee thereafter sustains a compensable work-related injury that, when combined with the preexisting disability, results in a permanent total disability as defined under this chapter.
- 89 (3) When an employee is entitled to compensation as provided in this 90 subsection, the employer at the time of the last work-related injury shall only be

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91 liable for the disability resulting from the subsequent work-related injury 92 considered alone and of itself.

- (4) Compensation for benefits payable under this subsection shall be 93 based on the employee's compensation rate calculated under section 287.250. 94
- 95 4. (1) In all cases in which a recovery against the second injury fund is sought for permanent partial disability, permanent total disability, or death, the 96 state treasurer as custodian thereof shall be named as a party, and shall be 97 98 entitled to defend against the claim.
- 99 (2) The state treasurer, with the advice and consent of the attorney 100 general of Missouri, may enter into compromise settlements as contemplated by 101 section 287.390, or agreed statements of fact that would affect the second injury 102 fund. All awards for permanent partial disability, permanent total disability, or 103 death affecting the second injury fund shall be subject to the provisions of this 104 chapter governing review and appeal.
- 105 (3) For all claims filed against the second injury fund on or after July 1, 1994, the attorney general shall use assistant attorneys general except in 106 107 circumstances where an actual or potential conflict of interest exists, to provide 108 legal services as may be required in all claims made for recovery against the 109 fund. Any legal expenses incurred by the attorney general's office in the handling 110 of such claims, including, but not limited to, medical examination fees incurred 111 under sections 287.210 and the expenses provided for under section 287.140, expert witness fees, court reporter expenses, travel costs, and related legal 112 113 expenses shall be paid by the fund. Effective July 1, 1993, the payment of such 114 legal expenses shall be contingent upon annual appropriations made by the 115 general assembly, from the fund, to the attorney general's office for this specific 116 purpose.
 - 5. If more than one injury in the same employment causes concurrent temporary disabilities, compensation shall be payable only for the longest and largest paying disability.
- 120 6. If more than one injury in the same employment causes concurrent and 121 consecutive permanent partial disability, compensation payments for each 122 subsequent disability shall not begin until the end of the compensation period of 123 the prior disability.
- 7. If an employer fails to insure or self-insure as required in section 287.280, funds from the second injury fund may be withdrawn to cover the fair, 126 reasonable, and necessary expenses incurred relating to claims for injuries

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127 occurring prior to January 1, 2014, to cure and relieve the effects of the injury or 128 disability of an injured employee in the employ of an uninsured employer consistent with subsection 3 of section 287.140, or in the case of death of an 129 130 employee in the employ of an uninsured employer, funds from the second injury 131 fund may be withdrawn to cover fair, reasonable, and necessary expenses 132 incurred relating to a death occurring prior to January 1, 2014, in the manner 133 required in sections 287.240 and 287.241. In defense of claims arising under this subsection, the treasurer of the state of Missouri, as custodian of the second 134 135 injury fund, shall have the same defenses to such claims as would the uninsured 136 employer. Any funds received by the employee or the employee's dependents, 137 through civil or other action, must go towards reimbursement of the second injury 138 fund, for all payments made to the employee, the employee's dependents, or paid 139 on the employee's behalf, from the second injury fund pursuant to this 140 subsection. The office of the attorney general of the state of Missouri shall bring 141 suit in the circuit court of the county in which the accident occurred against any 142 employer not covered by this chapter as required in section 287.280.

- 8. Every year the second injury fund shall have an actuarial study made to determine the solvency of the fund taking into consideration any existing balance carried forward from a previous year, appropriate funding level of the fund, and forecasted expenditures from the fund. The first actuarial study shall be completed prior to July 1, 2014. The expenses of such actuarial studies shall be paid out of the fund for the support of the division of workers' compensation.
- 9. The director of the division of workers' compensation shall maintain the financial data and records concerning the fund for the support of the division of workers' compensation and the second injury fund. The division shall also compile and report data on claims made pursuant to subsection 11 of this section. The attorney general shall provide all necessary information to the division for this purpose.
- 155 10. All claims for fees and expenses filed against the second injury fund 156 and all records pertaining thereto shall be open to the public.
 - 11. Any employee who at the time a compensable work-related injury is sustained prior to January 1, 2014, is employed by more than one employer, the employer for whom the employee was working when the injury was sustained shall be responsible for wage loss benefits applicable only to the earnings in that employer's employment and the injured employee shall be entitled to file a claim against the second injury fund for any additional wage loss benefits attributed to

163 loss of earnings from the employment or employments where the injury did not occur, up to the maximum weekly benefit less those benefits paid by the employer in whose employment the employee sustained the injury. The employee shall be 165 entitled to a total benefit based on the total average weekly wage of such 166 employee computed according to subsection 8 of section 287.250. The employee 167 shall not be entitled to a greater rate of compensation than allowed by law on the 168 date of the injury. The employer for whom the employee was working where the 169 170 injury was sustained shall be responsible for all medical costs incurred in regard to that injury. 171

- 172 12. No compensation shall be payable from the second injury fund if the 173 employee files a claim for compensation under the workers' compensation law of 174 another state with jurisdiction over the employee's injury or accident or 175 occupational disease.
- 13. Notwithstanding the requirements of section 287.470, the life payments to an injured employee made from the fund shall be suspended when the employee is able to obtain suitable gainful employment or be self-employed in view of the nature and severity of the injury. The division shall promulgate rules setting forth a reasonable standard means test to determine if such employment warrants the suspension of benefits.
- 182 14. All awards issued under this chapter affecting the second injury fund 183 shall be subject to the provisions of this chapter governing review and appeal.
- 184 15. The division shall pay any liabilities of the fund in the following 185 priority:
- 186 (1) Expenses related to the legal defense of the fund under subsection 4 187 of this section;
- 188 (2) Permanent total disability awards in the order in which claims are 189 settled or finally adjudicated;
- 190 (3) Permanent partial disability awards in the order in which such claims 191 are settled or finally adjudicated;
- 192 (4) Medical expenses incurred prior to July 1, 2012, under subsection 7 193 of this section; and
- 194 (5) Interest on unpaid awards.
- Such liabilities shall be paid to the extent the fund has a positive balance. Any unpaid amounts shall remain an ongoing liability of the fund until satisfied.
- 16. Post-award interest for the purpose of second injury fund claims shall be set at the adjusted rate of interest established by the director of revenue

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199 pursuant to section 32.065 or five percent, whichever is greater.

- 17. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 15 of this section to the contrary, the division may pay from the second injury fund any of the following second injury fund liabilities prior to those liabilities listed under subsection 15 of this section:
- (1) All death benefits incurred under subsection 7 of this section relating to claims for deaths occurring prior to January 1, 2014, consistent with a temporary or final award; and
- (2) Ongoing medical expenses, but not past medical expenses, under subsection 7 of this section relating to claims for injuries occurring prior to January 1, 2014, consistent with a temporary or final award that includes future medical benefits.

287.280. 1. Every employer subject to the provisions of this chapter shall, on either an individual or group basis, insure their entire liability under the workers' compensation law; and may insure in whole or in part their employer liability, under a policy of insurance or a self-insurance plan, except as hereafter provided, with some insurance carrier authorized to insure such liability in this state, except that an employer or group of employers may themselves carry the whole or any part of the liability without insurance upon satisfying the division 7 of their ability to do so. If an employer or group of employers have qualified to self-insure their liability under this chapter, the division of workers' 10 compensation may, if it finds after a hearing that the employer or group of employers are willfully and intentionally violating the provisions of this chapter 11 12with intent to defraud their employees of their right to compensation, suspend or revoke the right of the employer or group of employers to self-insure their 13 liability. If the employer or group of employers fail to comply with this section, 14 an injured employee or his or her dependents may elect after the injury either to 15 16 bring an action against such employer or group of employers to recover damages 17 for personal injury or death and it shall not be a defense that the injury or death was caused by the negligence of a fellow servant, or that the employee had 18 assumed the risk of the injury or death, or that the injury or death was caused 19 to any degree by the negligence of the employee; or to recover under this chapter 20 21with the compensation payments commuted and immediately payable; or, if the 22 employee elects to do so, he or she may file a request with the division for 23 payment to be made for medical expenses out of the second injury fund as provided in subsection 7 of section 287.220. If the employer or group of employers

are carrying their own insurance, on the application of any person entitled to compensation and on proof of default in the payment of any installment, the division shall require the employer or group of employers to furnish security for the payment of the compensation, and if not given, all other compensation shall be commuted and become immediately payable; provided, that employers engaged in the mining business shall be required to insure only their liability hereunder to the extent of the equivalent of the maximum liability under this chapter for ten deaths in any one accident, but the employer or group of employers may carry their own risk for any excess liability. When a group of employers enter into an agreement to pool their liabilities under this chapter, individual members will not be required to qualify as individual self-insurers.

- 2. Groups of employers qualified to insure their liability pursuant to chapter 537 or this chapter shall utilize a uniform experience rating plan promulgated by an approved advisory organization. Such groups shall develop experience ratings for their members based on the plan. Nothing in this section shall relieve an employer from remitting, without any charge to the employer, the employer's claims history to an approved advisory organization.
- 3. For every entity qualified to group self-insure their liability pursuant to this chapter or chapter 537, each entity shall not authorize total discounts for any individual member exceeding twenty-five percent beginning January 1, 1999. All discounts shall be based on objective quantitative factors and applied uniformly to all trust members.
- 4. Any group of employers that have qualified to self-insure their liability pursuant to this chapter shall file with the division premium rates, based on pure premium rate data, adjusted for loss development and loss trending as filed by the advisory organization with the department of commerce and insurance pursuant to section 287.975, plus any estimated expenses and other factors or based on average rate classifications calculated by the department of commerce and insurance as taken from the premium rates filed by the twenty insurance companies providing the greatest volume of workers' compensation insurance coverage in this state. The rate is inadequate if funds equal to the full ultimate cost of anticipated losses and loss adjustment expenses are not produced when the prospective loss costs are applied to anticipated payrolls. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to those political subdivisions of this state that have qualified to self-insure their liability pursuant to this chapter as authorized by section 537.620 on an assessment plan. Any such group may file with the

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- 61 division a composite rate for all coverages provided under that section.
- 5. When considering applications for new trust self-insurers, as described under 8 CSR 50- 3.010, the division shall require proof of payment by each member of not less than twenty-five percent of the estimated annual premium; except that, for new members who wish to join an existing trust self-insurer during the policy year rather than at the beginning of the policy year, the division shall require proof of payment of the lesser of the estimated premium of three months or the estimated premium for the balance of the policy year.
- 6. Self-insured trusts, as described under 8 CSR 50- 3.010, may invest surplus moneys from a prior trust year not needed for current obligations. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, upon approval by the division, a self-insured trust may invest up to one hundred percent of surplus moneys in securities designated by the state treasurer as acceptable collateral to secure state deposits under section 30.270.
 - 7. Any finding or determination made by the division under this section may be reviewed as provided in sections 287.470 and 287.480.
- 77 8. If a group of employers who have been granted self-insurance authority under this chapter or chapter 537 or a public sector 78 individual employer granted self-insurance authority under this 79 chapter is deemed insolvent, determined to be insolvent, or files for 80 bankruptcy, and fails to pay any of its obligations that are owed to an injured employee or such employee's dependents under this chapter, whether based upon a compromise settlement approved under section 83 287.390 or based upon an award issued under this chapter, the division 84 shall call upon the entire security posted by the group of employers or 85 86 public sector individual employer. The division may refer all known 87 losses or cases of the group of employers or public sector individual 88 employer to a third-party administrator or any such entity authorized 89 in the state of Missouri to administer the workers' compensation 90 cases. The third-party administrator or entity to which the losses are 91 transferred shall have the authority to receive the security proceeds from the division and use the proceeds, after deducting reasonable 92 administrative expenses, to pay the compensation benefits owed under 93 this chapter. The security proceeds shall not be considered state 94 property and shall not be subject to appropriation by the general 95 assembly. Any unused portion of the security proceeds shall be 96

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97 returned to the division. The group of employers or public sector 98 individual employer may apply to the division for release of the unused 99 portion of the security proceeds as set forth in the rules promulgated 100 by the division pursuant to this section. Neither the division nor any 101 third-party administrator shall be obligated or required to pay any 102 obligations or moneys in an amount in excess of the security proceeds, 103 and neither the division nor any third-party administrator shall be liable for any interest or penalties. The joint and several liability of 104 105 the members of a group that is deemed insolvent, determined to be 106 insolvent, or that files for bankruptcy shall continue and shall not be 107 terminated by payment of benefits under this subsection.

- **9.** No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section 536.024.
- [9.] 10. Any records submitted pursuant to this section, and pursuant to any rule promulgated by the division pursuant to this section, shall be considered confidential and not subject to chapter 610. Any party to a workers' compensation case involving the party that submitted the records shall be able to subpoena the records for use in a workers' compensation case, if the information is otherwise relevant.

287.480. 1. If an application for review is made to the commission within twenty days from the date of the award, the full commission, if the first hearing was not held before the full commission, shall review the evidence, or, if considered advisable, as soon as practicable hear the parties at issue, their representatives and witnesses and shall make an award and file it in like manner as specified in section 287.470. Any notice of appeal, application or other paper required under this law to be filed with the division or the commission shall, when mailed to or transmitted by electronic facsimile meeting the requirements 9 of the division and received by the division or the commission, be deemed to be 10 filed as of the date endorsed by the United States post office on the envelope or container in which such paper is received, or the date received if filed by 11 facsimile. In instances where the last day for the filing of any such paper falls on a Sunday or legal holiday, the filing shall be deemed timely if accomplished 13 on the next day subsequent which is neither a Sunday or a legal holiday. When 14 15 filing by electronic facsimile meeting the requirements of the division, the parties shall, on the same date as the facsimile transmission, mail by the United States

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mail the original and the requisite number of copies to the commission. In addition, the commission may allow filing of applications for review, briefs, motions, and other requests for relief with the commission by electronic means, in such manner as the commission may, by rule, prescribe.

2. An employer who has been determined by the division to be an employer subject to and operating pursuant to this chapter and has also been determined to be uninsured may file an application for review but such application for review shall be accompanied with and attached to the application for review a bond which shall be conditioned for the satisfaction of the award in full, and if for any reason the appeal is dismissed or if the award is affirmed or modified, to satisfy in full such modification of the award as the commission may award. The surety on such bond shall be a bank, savings and loan institution or an insurance company licensed to do business in the state of Missouri. No appeal to the commission shall be considered filed unless accompanied by such bond and such bond shall also be a prerequisite for appeal as provided in section 287.495 and such appeal pursuant to section 287.495 shall not be considered filed unless accompanied by such bond. If any other employer pursuant to section 287.040 would be liable, the employee shall be paid benefits from the bond until the bond is exhausted before the section 287.040 employer is required to pay.



