## SECOND REGULAR SESSION

## SENATE BILL NO. 655

## 100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR CIERPIOT.

Pre-filed December 1, 2019, and ordered printed.

3156S.01I

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

## AN ACT

To repeal section 138.060, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to property tax assessment appeals.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 138.060, RSMo, is repealed and one new section 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 138.060, to read as follows:

138.060. 1. The county board of equalization shall, in a summary way, determine all appeals from the valuation of property made by the assessor, and shall correct and adjust the assessment accordingly. There shall be no presumption that the assessor's valuation is correct[. In any county with a charter form of government with a population greater than two hundred eighty thousand inhabitants but less than two hundred eighty-five thousand inhabitants, and in any county with a charter form of government with greater than one million inhabitants, and in any city not within a county], and the assessor shall have the burden to prove that the assessor's valuation does not exceed the true 10 market value of the subject property. [In such county or city,] In the event a 11 physical inspection of the subject property is required by subsection 10 of section 137.115, the assessor shall have the burden to establish the manner in which the 12 physical inspection was performed and shall have the burden to prove that the 13 physical inspection was performed in accordance with section 137.115. [In such 14 county or city, In the event the assessor fails to provide sufficient evidence to 15 establish that the physical inspection was performed in accordance with section 16 137.115, the property owner shall prevail on the appeal as a matter of law. At 17any hearing before the state tax commission or a court of competent jurisdiction 18

of an appeal of assessment [from a first class charter county or a city not within

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a county], the assessor shall not advocate nor present evidence advocating a valuation higher than that value finally determined by the assessor or the value determined by the board of equalization, whichever is higher, for that assessment period.

2. The county clerk shall keep an accurate record of the proceedings and orders of the board, and the assessor shall correct all erroneous assessments, and the clerk shall adjust the tax book according to the orders of such board and the orders of the state tax commission, except that in adding or deducting such percent to each tract or parcel of real estate as required by such board or state tax commission, he shall add or deduct in each case any fractional sum of less than fifty cents, so that the value of any separate tract shall contain no fractions of a dollar.

Bill

