#### SECOND REGULAR SESSION

## SENATE BILL NO. 1052

#### 100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR EIGEL.

Read 1st time February 26, 2020, and ordered printed.

5623S.01I

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

### AN ACT

To repeal section 287.140, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to workers' compensation, with existing penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 287.140, RSMo, is repealed and one new section enacted 2 in lieu thereof, to be known as section 287.140, to read as follows:

287.140. 1. In addition to all other compensation paid to the employee 2 under this section, the employee shall receive and the employer shall provide such 3 medical, surgical, chiropractic, and hospital treatment, including nursing, 4 custodial, ambulance and medicines, as may reasonably be required after the 5 injury or disability, to cure and relieve from the effects of the injury. If the 6 employee desires, he shall have the right to select his own physician, surgeon, or 7 other such requirement at his own expense. Where the requirements are furnished by a public hospital or other institution, payment therefor shall be made 9 to the proper authorities. Regardless of whether the health care provider is 10 selected by the employer or is selected by the employee at the employee's expense, 11 the health care provider shall have the affirmative duty to communicate fully with 12 the employee regarding the nature of the employee's injury and recommended 13 treatment exclusive of any evaluation for a permanent disability rating. Failure 14 to perform such duty to communicate shall constitute a disciplinary violation by 15 the provider subject to the provisions of chapter 620. When an employee is 16 required to submit to medical examinations or necessary medical treatment at a place outside of the local or metropolitan area from the employee's principal place 18 of employment, the employer or its insurer shall advance or reimburse the 19 employee for all necessary and reasonable expenses; except that an injured

20 employee who resides outside the state of Missouri and who is employed by an

SB 1052

employer located in Missouri shall have the option of selecting the location of services provided in this section either at a location within one hundred miles of the injured employee's residence, place of injury or place of hire by the employer. The choice of provider within the location selected shall continue to be made by the employer. In case of a medical examination if a dispute arises as to what expenses shall be paid by the employer, the matter shall be presented to the legal advisor, the administrative law judge or the commission, who shall set the sum to be paid and same shall be paid by the employer prior to the medical examination. In no event, however, shall the employer or its insurer be required to pay transportation costs for a greater distance than two hundred fifty miles each way from place of treatment.

- 2. If it be shown to the division or the commission that the requirements are being furnished in such manner that there is reasonable ground for believing that the life, health, or recovery of the employee is endangered thereby, the division or the commission may order a change in the physician, surgeon, hospital or other requirement.
- 3. All fees and charges under this chapter shall be fair and reasonable, shall be subject to regulation by the division or the commission, or the board of rehabilitation in rehabilitation cases. A health care provider shall not charge a fee for treatment and care which is governed by the provisions of this chapter greater than the usual and customary fee the provider receives for the same treatment or service when the payor for such treatment or service is a private individual or a private health insurance carrier. The division or the commission, or the board of rehabilitation in rehabilitation cases, shall also have jurisdiction to hear and determine all disputes as to such charges. A health care provider is bound by the determination upon the reasonableness of health care bills.
- 47 4. The division shall, by regulation, establish methods to resolve disputes 48 concerning the reasonableness of medical charges, services, or aids. This 49 regulation shall govern resolution of disputes between employers and medical 50 providers over fees charged, whether or not paid, and shall be in lieu of any other 51 administrative procedure under this chapter. The employee shall not be a party 52 to a dispute over medical charges, nor shall the employee's recovery in any way 53 be jeopardized because of such dispute. Any application for payment of additional 54 reimbursement, as such term is used in 8 CSR 50- 2.030, as amended, shall be 55 filed not later than:
  - (1) Two years from the date the first notice of dispute of the medical

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SB 1052

57 charge was received by the health care provider if such services were rendered 58 before July 1, 2013; and

- 59 (2) One year from the date the first notice of dispute of the medical charge 60 was received by the health care provider if such services were rendered after July 61 1, 2013.
- 62 Notice shall be presumed to occur no later than five business days after 63 transmission by certified United States mail.
- 5. No compensation shall be payable for the death or disability of an employee, if and insofar as the death or disability may be caused, continued or aggravated by any unreasonable refusal to submit to any medical or surgical treatment or operation, the risk of which is, in the opinion of the division or the commission, inconsiderable in view of the seriousness of the injury. If the employee dies as a result of an operation made necessary by the injury, the death shall be deemed to be caused by the injury.
- 6. The testimony of any physician or chiropractic physician who treated the employee shall be admissible in evidence in any proceedings for compensation under this chapter, subject to all of the provisions of section 287.210.
- 7. Every hospital or other person furnishing the employee with medical aid 75 shall permit its record to be copied by and shall furnish full information to the 76 division or the commission, the employer, the employee or his dependents and any 77 other party to any proceedings for compensation under this chapter, and certified 78 copies of the records shall be admissible in evidence in any such proceedings.
- 8. The employer may be required by the division or the commission to furnish an injured employee with artificial legs, arms, hands, surgical orthopedic joints, or eyes, or braces, as needed, for life whenever the division or the commission shall find that the injured employee may be partially or wholly relieved of the effects of a permanent injury by the use thereof. The director of the division shall establish a procedure whereby a claim for compensation may be reactivated after settlement of such claim is completed. The claim shall be reactivated only after the claimant can show good cause for the reactivation of this claim and the claim shall be made only for the payment of medical procedures involving life-threatening surgical procedures or if the claimant requires the use of a new, or the modification, alteration or exchange of an existing, prosthetic device. For the purpose of this subsection, "life threatening" shall mean a situation or condition which, if not treated immediately, will likely result in the death of the injured worker.

SB 1052 4

93 9. Nothing in this chapter shall prevent an employee being provided 94 treatment for his injuries by prayer or spiritual means if the employer does not 95 object to the treatment.

- 96 10. The employer shall have the right to select the licensed treating physician, surgeon, chiropractic physician, or other health care provider; provided, 98 however, that such physicians, surgeons or other health care providers shall offer 99 only those services authorized within the scope of their licenses. Health carriers 100 shall include in workers' compensation networks those treating 101 physicians, surgeons, chiropractic physicians, or other health care 102 providers who offer services authorized pursuant to this section. For the 103 purpose of this subsection, subsection 2 of section 287.030 shall not apply.
- 10. Any physician or other health care provider who orders, directs or 105 refers a patient for treatment, testing, therapy or rehabilitation at any institution 106 or facility shall, at or prior to the time of the referral, disclose in writing if such 107 health care provider, any of his partners or his employer has a financial interest 108 in the institution or facility to which the patient is being referred, to the following:
- 109 (1) The patient;
- 110 (2) The employer of the patient with workers' compensation liability for the 111 injury or disease being treated;
- 112 (3) The workers' compensation insurer of such employer; and
- 113 (4) The workers' compensation adjusting company for such insurer.
- 114 12. Violation of subsection 11 of this section is a class A misdemeanor.
- 13. (1) No hospital, physician or other health care provider, other than a hospital, physician or health care provider selected by the employee at his own expense pursuant to subsection 1 of this section, shall bill or attempt to collect any fee or any portion of a fee for services rendered to an employee due to a work-related injury or report to any credit reporting agency any failure of the employee to make such payment, when an injury covered by this chapter has occurred and such hospital, physician or health care provider has received actual notice given in writing by the employee, the employer or the employer's insurer. Actual notice shall be deemed received by the hospital, physician or health care provider five days after mailing by certified mail by the employer or insurer to the hospital, physician or health care provider.
- 126 (2) The notice shall include:
- 127 (a) The name of the employer;
- 128 (b) The name of the insurer, if known;

SB 1052 5

decision is rendered by that commission.

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- 129 (c) The name of the employee receiving the services;
- 130 (d) The general nature of the injury, if known; and
- (e) Where a claim has been filed, the claim number, if known. 131
- 132 (3) When an injury is found to be noncompensable under this chapter, the 133 hospital, physician or other health care provider shall be entitled to pursue the employee for any unpaid portion of the fee or other charges for authorized services provided to the employee. Any applicable statute of limitations for an action for 136 such fees or other charges shall be tolled from the time notice is given to the division by a hospital, physician or other health care provider pursuant to 137 subdivision (6) of this subsection, until a determination of noncompensability in 138 regard to the injury which is the basis of such services is made, or in the event there is an appeal to the labor and industrial relations commission, until a
- (4) If a hospital, physician or other health care provider or a debt collector 143 on behalf of such hospital, physician or other health care provider pursues any action to collect from an employee after such notice is properly given, the employee shall have a cause of action against the hospital, physician or other health care provider for actual damages sustained plus up to one thousand dollars in 147 additional damages, costs and reasonable attorney's fees.
- (5) If an employer or insurer fails to make payment for authorized services provided to the employee by a hospital, physician or other health care provider pursuant to this chapter, the hospital, physician or other health care provider may proceed pursuant to subsection 4 of this section with a dispute against the 152 employer or insurer for any fees or other charges for services provided.
- 153 (6) A hospital, physician or other health care provider whose services have been authorized in advance by the employer or insurer may give notice to the 154 division of any claim for fees or other charges for services provided for a 155 work-related injury that is covered by this chapter, with copies of the notice to the 156 employee, employer and the employer's insurer. Where such notice has been filed, 157 158 the administrative law judge may order direct payment from the proceeds of any 159 settlement or award to the hospital, physician or other health care provider for such fees as are determined by the division. The notice shall be on a form prescribed by the division.
- 162 14. The employer may allow or require an employee to use any of the 163 employee's accumulated paid leave, personal leave, or medical or sick leave to 164 attend to medical treatment, physical rehabilitation, or medical evaluations during

SB 1052 6

work time. The intent of this subsection is to specifically supercede and abrogate any case law that contradicts the express language of this section.

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