SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 996

AN ACT

To repeal section 161.670, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to the virtual school program.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI, AS FOLLOWS:

Section A. Section 161.670, RSMo, is repealed and one new section enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 161.670, to read as follows:

161.670. 1. Notwithstanding any other law, prior to July 1, 2007, the state board of education shall establish the "Missouri Course Access and Virtual School Program" to serve school-age students residing in the state. The Missouri course access and virtual school program shall offer instruction in a virtual setting using technology, intranet, and/or internet methods of communication. Any student under the age of twenty-one in grades kindergarten through twelve who resides in this state shall be eligible to enroll in the Missouri course access and virtual school program pursuant to subsection 3 of this section.

2. For purposes of calculation and distribution of state school aid, students enrolled in the Missouri course access and virtual school program <u>who are not full-time equivalent students</u> shall be included in the student enrollment of the school

district in which the student physically is enrolled under subsection 3 of this section. The Missouri course access and virtual school program shall report to the district of residence the following information about each student served by the Missouri course access and virtual school program: name, address, eligibility for free or reduced-price lunch, limited English proficiency status, special education needs, and the number of courses in which the student is enrolled. The Missouri course access and virtual school program shall promptly notify the resident district when a student discontinues enrollment. A "full-time equivalent student" is a student who successfully has completed the instructional equivalent of six credits per regular Each Missouri course access and virtual school program term. course shall count as one class and shall generate that portion of a full-time equivalent that a comparable course offered by the school district would generate. Full-time equivalent students shall not be included in the student enrollment of the school district in which such student resides. In no case shall more than the full-time equivalency of a regular term of attendance for a single student be used to claim state aid. Full-time equivalent student credit completed shall be reported to the department of elementary and secondary education in the manner prescribed by the department. The department shall pay any Missouri course access and virtual school program provider an amount equal to the average daily attendance for the student's district of residence for each full-time equivalent student. Nothing in this section shall prohibit students from enrolling in additional courses under a separate agreement that includes terms

for paying tuition or course fees. <u>A virtual school program</u> provider serving full-time equivalent students shall be considered an attendance center as defined in section 167.895.

3. (1) A school district or charter school shall allow any eligible student who resides in such district to enroll in Missouri course access and virtual school program courses of his or her choice as a part of the student's annual course load each school year or a full-time virtual school option, with any costs associated with such course or courses to be paid by the school district or charter school if[:

(a)] the student is enrolled full-time in and has attended, for at least one semester immediately prior to enrolling in the Missouri course access and virtual school program, a public school, including any charter school; except that, no student seeking to enroll in Missouri course access and virtual school program courses under this subdivision shall be required to have attended a public school during the previous semester if the student has a documented medical or psychological diagnosis or condition that prevented the student from attending a school in the community during the previous semester[; and

(b) Prior to enrolling in any Missouri course access and virtual school program course, a student has received approval from his or her school district or charter school through the procedure described under subdivision (2) of this subsection].

(2) [Each school district or charter school] <u>The department</u> shall adopt a policy that delineates the process by which a student may enroll in courses provided by the Missouri course access and virtual school program that is substantially similar

to the typical process by which a district student would enroll in courses offered by the school district and a charter school student would enroll in courses offered by the charter school. The policy may include consultation with the school's counselor and may include parental notification or authorization. [School counselors shall not be required to approve or disapprove a student's enrollment in the Missouri course access and virtual school program.] If the school district or charter school [disapproves] believes a student's request to enroll in a course or courses provided by the Missouri course access and virtual school program, including full-time enrollment in courses provided by the Missouri course access and virtual school program, is not in the best educational interest of the student, the reason shall be provided in writing [and it shall be for good cause. Good cause justification to disapprove a student's request for enrollment in a course shall be a determination that doing so is not in the best educational interest of the student. In cases of denial by the school district or charter school, local education agencies shall inform the student and the student's family of their right to appeal any enrollment denial in the Missouri course access and virtual school program to the local school district board or charter school governing body where the family shall be given an opportunity to present their reasons for their child or children to enroll in the Missouri course access and virtual school program in an official school board meeting. In addition, the school district or charter school administration shall provide its good cause justification for denial at a school board meeting or governing body meeting.

Both the family and school administration shall also provide their reasons in writing to the members of the school board or governing body and the documents shall be entered into the official board minutes. The members of the board or governing body shall issue their decision in writing within thirty calendar days, and then an appeal may be made to the department of elementary and secondary education, which shall provide a final enrollment decision within seven calendar days] to the student's parent or guardian who shall have final decision-making authority.

(3) For students enrolled in any Missouri course access and virtual school program course in which costs associated with such course are to be paid [by the school district or charter school] as described under subdivision (1) of this subsection, the school district [or], charter school, or the department shall pay the content provider directly on a pro rata [monthly] basis once per semester based on a student's completion of assignments and assessments. If a student discontinues enrollment, the district [or], charter school, or the department may stop making [monthly] payments to the content provider. No school district or charter school shall pay, for any one course for a student, more than the market necessary costs but in no case shall pay more than fourteen percent of the state adequacy target, as defined under section 163.011, as calculated at the end of the most recent school year for any single, year-long course and no more than seven percent of the state adequacy target as described above for any single semester equivalent course. [Payment for a full-time virtual school student shall not exceed the state adequacy

target, unless the student receives additional federal or state aid]. Nothing in this subdivision shall prohibit a school district [or], charter school, or the department from negotiating lower costs directly with course or full-time virtual school providers, particularly in cases where several students enroll in a single course or full-time virtual school.

(4) In the case of a student who is a candidate for A+ tuition reimbursement and taking a virtual course under this section, the school shall attribute no less than ninety-five percent attendance to any such student who has completed such virtual course.

(5) The Missouri course access and virtual school program shall ensure that individual learning plans designed by certified teachers and professional staff are developed for all students enrolled in more than two full-time course access program courses or a full-time virtual school.

(6) The department shall monitor student success and engagement of students enrolled in their program and report the information to the [school district or charter school] <u>parent or</u> <u>guardian of the student</u>. Providers and the department may make recommendations to the [school district or charter school] <u>parent</u> <u>or guardian</u> regarding the student's continued enrollment in the program. The [school district or charter school shall] <u>parent or</u> <u>guardian may</u> consider the recommendations and evaluate the progress and success of enrolled students that are enrolled in any course [or full-time virtual school] offered under this section and may [terminate or alter the course offering] <u>withdraw</u> the student if it is found the course [or full-time virtual

school] is not meeting the educational needs of the [students] <u>student</u> enrolled in the course.

(7) [School districts and charter schools] <u>Virtual school</u> <u>providers</u> shall monitor student progress and success, and [course or full-time virtual school quality, and annually provide feedback to the department of elementary and secondary education regarding course quality] <u>may remove a student if the provider</u> <u>believes it to be in the best educational interest of the</u> <u>student</u>.

(8) Pursuant to rules to be promulgated by the department of elementary and secondary education, when a student transfers into a school district or charter school, credits previously gained through successful passage of approved courses under the Missouri course access and virtual school program shall be accepted by the school district or charter school.

(9) Pursuant to rules to be promulgated by the department of elementary and secondary education, if a student transfers into a school district or charter school while enrolled in a Missouri course access and virtual school program course [or full-time virtual school], the student shall continue to be enrolled in such course or school.

(10) Nothing in this section shall prohibit home school students, private school students, or students wishing to take additional courses beyond their regular course load from enrolling in Missouri course access and virtual school program courses under an agreement that includes terms for paying tuition or course fees.

(11) Nothing in this subsection shall require any school

district, charter school, or the state to provide computers, equipment, or internet access to any student unless required by an eligible student with a disability to comply with federal law.

(12) The authorization process shall provide for continuous monitoring of approved providers and courses. The department shall revoke or suspend or take other corrective action regarding the authorization of any course or provider no longer meeting the requirements of the program. Unless immediate action is necessary, prior to revocation or suspension, the department shall notify the provider and give the provider a reasonable time period to take corrective action to avoid revocation or suspension. The process shall provide for periodic renewal of authorization no less frequently than once every three years.

(13) Courses approved as of August 28, 2018, by the department to participate in the Missouri virtual instruction program shall be automatically approved to participate in the Missouri course access and virtual school program, but shall be subject to periodic renewal.

(14) Any online course or virtual program offered by a school district or charter school, including those offered prior to August 28, 2018, which meets the requirements of section 162.1250 shall be automatically approved to participate in the Missouri course access and virtual school program. Such course or program shall be subject to periodic renewal. A school district or charter school offering such a course or virtual school program shall be deemed an approved provider.

4. (1) For purposes of this subsection, the term "instructional activities" shall mean the following classroom-

based or non-classroom-based activities that a student shall be expected to complete, participate in, or attend during any given school day:

(a) Online logins to curriculum or programs;

(b) Offline activities;

(c) Completed assignments within a particular program, curriculum, or class;

(d) Testing;

(e) Face-to-face communications or meetings with school
staff;

(f) Telephone or video conferences with school staff;

(g) School-sanctioned field trips; or

(h) Orientation.

(2) A full-time virtual school shall submit a notification to the parent or guardian or any student who is not consistently engaged in instructional activities.

(3) Each full-time virtual school shall develop, adopt, and post on the school's website a policy setting forth the consequences for a student who fails to attend school and complete the required instructional activities. Such policy shall state, at a minimum, that if a student fails to complete the instructional activities after receiving a notification pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection, and after reasonable intervention strategies have been implemented, that the student shall be subject to certain consequences, which may include disenrollment from the school.

(4) If a full-time virtual school disenrolls a student pursuant to subdivision (3) of this subsection, the school shall immediately provide written notification to such student's district of resident. The student's district of residence shall then provide to the parents or guardian of the student a written list of available educational options. Any student disenrolled from a full-time virtual school shall be prohibited from reenrolling in the same virtual school for the remainder of the school year.

5. School districts or charter schools shall inform parents of their child's right to participate in the program. Availability of the program shall be made clear in the parent handbook, registration documents, and featured on the home page of the school district or charter school's website. <u>Any school</u> <u>district or charter school that fails to notify parents of his or</u> <u>her child's right to participate in the program shall be subject</u> <u>to civil penalties in an amount equal to one hundred dollars for</u> <u>each day the school district or charter school is not in</u> <u>compliance with this subsection, including reasonable attorney's</u> <u>fees.</u>

[5.] <u>6.</u> The department shall:

(1) Establish an authorization process for course or full-time virtual school providers that includes multiple opportunities for submission each year;

(2) Pursuant to the time line established by the department, authorize course or full-time virtual school providers that:

(a) Submit all necessary information pursuant to the requirements of the process; and

(b) Meet the criteria described in subdivision (3) of this

subsection;

(3) Review, pursuant to the authorization process, proposals from providers to provide a comprehensive, full-time equivalent course of study for students through the Missouri course access and virtual school program. The department shall ensure that these comprehensive courses of study align to state academic standards and that there is consistency and compatibility in the curriculum used by all providers from one grade level to the next grade level;

(4) Within thirty days of any denial, provide a written explanation to any course or full-time virtual school providers that are denied authorization.

[6.] <u>7.</u> If a course or full-time virtual school provider is denied authorization, the course provider may reapply at any point in the future.

[7.] <u>8.</u> The department shall publish the process established under this section, including any deadlines and any guidelines applicable to the submission and authorization process for course or full-time virtual school providers on its website.

[8.] 9. If the department determines that there are insufficient funds available for evaluating and authorizing course or full-time virtual school providers, the department may charge applicant course or full-time virtual school providers a fee up to, but no greater than, the amount of the costs in order to ensure that evaluation occurs. The department shall establish and publish a fee schedule for purposes of this subsection.

[9.] <u>10.</u> Except as specified in this section and as may be specified by rule of the state board of education, the Missouri

course access and virtual school program shall comply with all state laws and regulations applicable to school districts, including but not limited to the Missouri school improvement program (MSIP), annual performance report (APR), teacher certification, and curriculum standards.

[10.] <u>11.</u> The department shall submit and publicly publish an annual report on the Missouri course access and virtual school program and the participation of entities to the governor, the chair and ranking member of the senate education committee, and the chair and ranking member of the house of representatives elementary and secondary education committee. The report shall at a minimum include the following information:

(1) The annual number of unique students participating in courses authorized under this section and the total number of courses in which students are enrolled in;

(2) The number of authorized providers;

(3) The number of authorized courses and the number of students enrolled in each course;

(4) The number of courses available by subject and gradelevel;

(5) The number of students enrolled in courses broken down by subject and grade level;

(6) Student outcome data, including completion rates, student learning gains, student performance on state or nationally accepted assessments, by subject and grade level per provider. This outcome data shall be published in a manner that protects student privacy;

(7) The costs per course;

(8) Evaluation of in-school course availability compared to course access availability to ensure gaps in course access are being addressed statewide.

[11.] <u>12.</u> The department shall be responsible for creating the Missouri course access and virtual school program catalog providing a listing of all courses authorized and available to students in the state, detailed information, including costs per course, about the courses to inform student enrollment decisions, and the ability for students to submit their course enrollments.

[12.] <u>13.</u> The state board of education through the rulemaking process and the department of elementary and secondary education in its policies and procedures shall ensure that multiple content providers and learning management systems are allowed, ensure digital content conforms to accessibility requirements, provide an easily accessible link for providers to submit courses or full-time virtual schools on the Missouri course access and virtual school program website, and allow any person, organization, or entity to submit courses or full-time virtual schools for approval. No content provider shall be allowed that is unwilling to accept payments in the amount and manner as described under subdivision (3) of subsection 3 of this section or does not meet performance or quality standards adopted by the state board of education.

[13.] <u>14.</u> Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and

chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2006, shall be invalid and void.