4441S.10F

SENATE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 1700

AN ACT

To repeal sections 32.310, 67.730, 67.1360, 67.2677, 67.2689, 94.838, 94.900, 94.902, 143.011, 144.011, 144.020, 144.049, 144.054, 144.060, 144.080, 144.140, 144.526, 144.605, 144.710, 144.757, 144.759, and 321.552, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof thirty-two new sections relating to taxation, with an existing penalty provision, an emergency clause for a certain section, and an effective date for certain sections.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI, AS FOLLOWS:

- 1 Section A. Sections 32.310, 67.730, 67.1360, 67.2677,
- 2 67.2689, 94.838, 94.900, 94.902, 143.011, 144.011, 144.020,
- 3 144.049, 144.054, 144.060, 144.080, 144.140, 144.526, 144.605,
- 4 144.710, 144.757, 144.759, and 321.552, RSMo, are repealed and
- 5 thirty-two new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as
- 6 sections, 32.310, 33.575, 67.730, 67.1011, 67.1360, 67.1790,
- 7 67.2677, 67.2689, 67.2720, 94.838, 94.842, 94.900, 94.902,
- 8 94.1014, 143.011, 144.011, 144.020, 144.049, 144.054, 144.060,
- 9 144.080, 144.140, 144.526, 144.605, 144.608, 144.637, 144.638,
- 10 144.710, 144.752, 144.757, 144.759, and 321.552, to read as
- 11 follows:
- 12 32.310. 1. The department of revenue shall create and
- 13 maintain a mapping feature on its official public website that

- displays sales and use tax information of political subdivisions
- of this state that have taxing authority, including the current
- 3 tax rate for each sales and use tax imposed and collected. Such
- 4 display shall have the option to showcase the borders and
- 5 jurisdiction of the following political subdivisions on a map of
- 6 the state to the extent that such political subdivisions collect
- 7 sales and use tax:

- 8 (1) Ambulance districts;
 - (2) Community improvement districts;
 - (3) Fire protection districts;
- 11 (4) Levee districts;
- 12 (5) Library districts;
- 13 (6) Neighborhood improvement districts;
- 14 (7) Port authority districts;
- 15 (8) Tax increment financing districts;
- 16 (9) Transportation development districts;
- 17 (10) School districts; or
- 18 (11) Any other political subdivision that imposes a sales
- or use tax within its borders and jurisdiction.
- 20 2. The mapping feature shall also have the option to
- 21 superimpose state house of representative districts and state
- 22 senate districts over the political subdivisions.
- 3. A political subdivision collecting sales or use tax
- 24 listed in subsection 1 of this section shall provide to the
- department of revenue mapping and geographic data pertaining to
- the political subdivision's borders and jurisdictions. The
- 27 political subdivision shall certify the accuracy of the data by
- affidavit and shall provide the data in a format specified by the

- department of revenue. Such data relating to sales taxes shall
- 2 be sent to the department of revenue by April 1, 2019, and shall
- 3 be updated and sent to the department if a change in the
- 4 political subdivision's borders or jurisdiction occurs
- 5 thereafter. Such data relating to use taxes shall be sent to the
- 6 department of revenue by January 1, 2021. If a political
- 7 subdivision fails to provide the information required under this
- 8 <u>subsection</u>, the department of revenue shall use the last known
- 9 sales or use tax rate for such political subdivision.
 - 4. The department of revenue may contract with another entity to build and maintain the mapping feature.
- 5. By July 1, 2019, the department shall implement the mapping feature using the sales tax data provided to it under
- subsection 3 of this section. By August 28, 2021, the department
- shall implement the mapping feature using use tax data provided
- 16 to it under subsection 3 of this section.

- 17 <u>6. If the boundaries of a political subdivision listed in</u>
- subsection 1 of this section in which a sales or use tax has been
- imposed shall thereafter be changed or altered, the political
- 20 subdivision shall forward to the director of revenue by United
- 21 <u>States registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of the</u>
- 22 ordinance adding or detaching territory from the political
- 23 subdivision within ten days of adoption of the ordinance. The
- 24 ordinance shall reflect the effective date of the ordinance and
- 25 shall be accompanied by a map in a form to be determined by the
- director of revenue. Upon receipt of the ordinance and map, the
- 27 sales or use tax imposed shall be effective in the added
- 28 territory or abolished in the detached territory on the first day

- of a calendar quarter after one hundred twenty days' notice to sellers.
- 3 33.575. 1. There is hereby created in the state treasury
- 4 the "Cash Operating Expense Fund", which shall consist of money
- 5 <u>as provided under this section.</u> The state treasurer shall be
- 6 custodian of the fund. In accordance with sections 30.170 and
- 7 30.180, the state treasurer may approve disbursements.
- 8 Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary,
- 9 any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall
- 10 not revert to the credit of the general revenue fund. The state
- 11 <u>treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as</u>
- other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such
- investments shall be credited to the fund.
- 14 2. (1) The state general revenue portion from remittances
- made pursuant to section 144.752 and paragraph (e) of subdivision
- 16 (3) of section 144.605, with the exception of revenues collected
- pursuant to section 144.701 and Article IV, Sections 43(a) and
- 18 47(a) of the Missouri Constitution, shall be deposited into the
- 19 cash operating expense fund.
- 20 (2) Subject to appropriation, the following moneys may be
- 21 <u>transferred into the cash operating expense fund:</u>
- 22 (a) Any funds appropriated to the office of the governor
- for expenses related to emergency duties performed by the
- 24 national guard when ordered out by the governor, for matching
- funds for federal grants and for emergency assistance as provided
- in section 44.032, and for expenses of any state agency
- 27 responding during a declared emergency at the direction of the
- 28 governor, provided the services furnish immediate aid and relief,

- that were unexpended at the end of the fiscal year; and
- 2 (b) Any funds appropriated to the cash operating expense 3 fund by the general assembly or otherwise credited to the fund.
- 3. In any fiscal year in which actual revenues are less
 than the revenue estimates upon which appropriations were based
 or in which there is a budget need due to a natural disaster, as
 proclaimed by the governor to be an emergency, the governor may,
 subject to appropriation, transfer from the fund to the general
 revenue fund such moneys as are necessary to make up all or part
- of the deficit between the actual revenues and the revenue
- 11 <u>estimates or to meet the needs of the emergency caused by the</u>
- 12 <u>natural disaster, as the case may be.</u>

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- 4. When the balance in the fund at the close of any fiscal
 year exceeds two and one-half percent of net general revenue

 collections for the previous fiscal year, the excess balance
 shall be transferred to the general revenue fund.
 - 5. For the purposes of this section, "net general revenue collections" means all revenue deposited into the general revenue fund less refunds and revenues originally deposited into the general revenue fund but designated by law for a specific distribution or transfer to another state fund.
 - or any county having a charter form of government, and containing [the major] a portion of a city with a population of over three hundred fifty thousand may, upon the vote of a majority of the qualified voters of the county voting thereon, issue and sell its negotiable interest-bearing revenue bonds for the purpose of paying all or part of the cost of any capital improvements

- project or projects designated by the governing body of the county. The bonds shall be retired from the proceeds of a countywide sales tax on all retail sales made in such county which are subject to taxation under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525. The sales tax to retire the revenue bonds shall be approved as a part of the proposal to issue the bonds submitted to the qualified voters of the county and may be imposed in addition to or in lieu of all and any other sales tax authorized by law to be imposed by the county.
 - 2. The proposal to issue negotiable interest-bearing revenue bonds for the purpose of capital improvement projects and the imposition of a sales tax to pay the principal and interest on such bonds may be submitted by the governing body of the county to the voters of the county at a county or state general, primary, or special election. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:

Shall the county of _____ issue its negotiable interest-bearing revenue bonds in the total face amount of \$____ payable in ____ years for the purpose of funding capital improvement projects in the county and impose a countywide sales tax at the rate of ____ to pay the principal and interest on such bonds?

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

3. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the

- qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the bonds may be issued by the county from time to time and in such amounts as may be necessary to carry out the county's program of capital improvements, but not to exceed the total amount of bonds authorized by the vote of the qualified voters. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal, then the county shall have no power to issue the revenue bonds or impose the sales tax authorized by sections 67.730 to 67.739 unless and until the governing body of the county shall again have submitted the proposal and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon.
- 4. The governing body of any county authorized to levy a

 sales tax pursuant to this section, but which was not authorized

 to levy such sales tax prior to August 28, 2020, shall:

- (1) Submit the question of the imposition of the sales tax to the voters on a general election day not earlier than the 2022 general election; and
 - (2) Include information on the county website on the tax rate and the purposes for which the tax is levied.
 - 67.1011. 1. The governing body of any city of the third classification with more than four thousand but fewer than four thousand five hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the third classification with a township form of government and with more than sixteen thousand but fewer than eighteen thousand inhabitants may impose a tax as provided in this section.
 - 2. The governing body of any city described under subsection 1 of this section may impose a tax on the charges for

1	all sleeping rooms paid by the transient guests of hotels or
2	motels situated in the city, which shall be no more than six
3	percent per occupied room per night. The tax shall not become
4	effective unless the governing body of the city submits to the
5	voters of the city on a general election day not earlier than the
6	2022 general election a question to authorize the governing body
7	of the city to impose the tax. The tax shall be in addition to
8	the charge for the sleeping room and shall be in addition to any
9	and all other taxes. The tax shall be stated separately from all
10	other charges and taxes.
11	3. The question for the tax shall be in substantially the
12	<pre>following form:</pre>
13	Shall (city name) impose a tax on the
14	charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient
15	guests of hotels and motels situated in
16	<pre>(city name) at a rate of percent?</pre>
17	□ YES □ NO
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19	If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified
20	voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, the tax shall
21	become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter
22	following the calendar quarter in which the election was held.
23	If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified
24	voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, the tax shall
25	not become effective unless and until the question is resubmitted
26	under this section to the qualified voters and such question is

4. The governing body of any city authorized to levy a

approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon.

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- 1 <u>sales tax pursuant to this section shall include information on</u>
- 2 the city's website on the tax rate and the purposes for which the
- 3 tax is levied.
- 4 <u>5. As used in this section, "transient guests" means a</u>
- 5 person or persons who occupy a room or rooms in a hotel or motel
- 6 for thirty-one days or less during any calendar quarter.
- 7 67.1360. 1. The governing body of the following cities and
- 8 counties may impose a tax as provided in this section:
- 9 (1) A city with a population of more than seven thousand
- 10 and less than seven thousand five hundred;
- 11 (2) A county with a population of over nine thousand six
- 12 hundred and less than twelve thousand which has a total assessed
- valuation of at least sixty-three million dollars, if the county
- submits the issue to the voters of such county prior to January
- 15 1, 2003;
- 16 (3) A third class city which is the county seat of a county
- of the third classification without a township form of government
- 18 with a population of at least twenty-five thousand but not more
- 19 than thirty thousand inhabitants;
- 20 (4) Any fourth class city having, according to the last
- 21 federal decennial census, a population of more than one thousand
- 22 eight hundred fifty inhabitants but less than one thousand nine
- 23 hundred fifty inhabitants in a county of the first classification
- 24 with a charter form of government and having a population of
- greater than six hundred thousand but less than nine hundred
- 26 thousand inhabitants;
- 27 (5) Any city having a population of more than three
- thousand but less than eight thousand inhabitants in a county of

the fourth classification having a population of greater than
forty-eight thousand inhabitants;

- 3 (6) Any city having a population of less than two hundred 4 fifty inhabitants in a county of the fourth classification having 5 a population of greater than forty-eight thousand inhabitants;
 - (7) Any fourth class city having a population of more than two thousand five hundred but less than three thousand inhabitants in a county of the third classification having a population of more than twenty-five thousand but less than twenty-seven thousand inhabitants;
 - (8) Any third class city with a population of more than three thousand two hundred but less than three thousand three hundred located in a county of the third classification having a population of more than thirty-five thousand but less than thirty-six thousand;
 - (9) Any county of the second classification without a township form of government and a population of less than thirty thousand;
 - (10) Any city of the fourth class in a county of the second classification without a township form of government and a population of less than thirty thousand;
- 22 (11) Any county of the third classification with a township 23 form of government and a population of at least twenty-eight 24 thousand but not more than thirty thousand;
 - (12) Any city of the fourth class with a population of more than one thousand eight hundred but less than two thousand in a county of the third classification with a township form of government and a population of at least twenty-eight thousand but

- 1 not more than thirty thousand;
- 2 (13) Any city of the third class with a population of more
- 3 than seven thousand two hundred but less than seven thousand five
- 4 hundred within a county of the third classification with a
- 5 population of more than twenty-one thousand but less than
- 6 twenty-three thousand;
- 7 (14) Any fourth class city having a population of more than
- 8 two thousand eight hundred but less than three thousand one
- 9 hundred inhabitants in a county of the third classification with
- 10 a township form of government having a population of more than
- 11 eight thousand four hundred but less than nine thousand
- 12 inhabitants;
- 13 (15) Any fourth class city with a population of more than
- four hundred seventy but less than five hundred twenty
- inhabitants located in a county of the third classification with
- 16 a population of more than fifteen thousand nine hundred but less
- 17 than sixteen thousand inhabitants:
- 18 (16) Any third class city with a population of more than
- 19 three thousand eight hundred but less than four thousand
- 20 inhabitants located in a county of the third classification with
- 21 a population of more than fifteen thousand nine hundred but less
- than sixteen thousand inhabitants;
- 23 (17) Any fourth class city with a population of more than
- 24 four thousand three hundred but less than four thousand five
- 25 hundred inhabitants located in a county of the third
- 26 classification without a township form of government with a
- 27 population greater than sixteen thousand but less than sixteen
- 28 thousand two hundred inhabitants;

1 (18) Any fourth class city with a population of more than
2 two thousand four hundred but less than two thousand six hundred
3 inhabitants located in a county of the first classification
4 without a charter form of government with a population of more
5 than fifty-five thousand but less than sixty thousand
6 inhabitants:

- (19) Any fourth class city with a population of more than two thousand five hundred but less than two thousand six hundred inhabitants located in a county of the third classification with a population of more than nineteen thousand one hundred but less than nineteen thousand two hundred inhabitants;
- (20) Any county of the third classification without a township form of government with a population greater than sixteen thousand but less than sixteen thousand two hundred inhabitants;
- (21) Any county of the second classification with a population of more than forty-four thousand but less than fifty thousand inhabitants:
- (22) Any third class city with a population of more than nine thousand five hundred but less than nine thousand seven hundred inhabitants located in a county of the first classification without a charter form of government and with a population of more than one hundred ninety-eight thousand but less than one hundred ninety-eight thousand two hundred inhabitants;
- (23) Any city of the fourth classification with more than five thousand two hundred but less than five thousand three hundred inhabitants located in a county of the third

classification without a township form of government and with more than twenty-four thousand five hundred but less than twenty-four thousand six hundred inhabitants;

- (24) Any third class city with a population of more than nineteen thousand nine hundred but less than twenty thousand in a county of the first classification without a charter form of government and with a population of more than one hundred ninety-eight thousand but less than one hundred ninety-eight thousand two hundred inhabitants;
- (25) Any city of the fourth classification with more than two thousand six hundred but less than two thousand seven hundred inhabitants located in any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than fifteen thousand three hundred but less than fifteen thousand four hundred inhabitants;
- (26) Any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than fourteen thousand nine hundred but less than fifteen thousand inhabitants;
- (27) Any city of the fourth classification with more than five thousand four hundred but fewer than five thousand five hundred inhabitants and located in more than one county;
- (28) Any city of the fourth classification with more than six thousand three hundred but fewer than six thousand five hundred inhabitants and located in more than one county through the creation of a tourism district which may include, in addition to the geographic area of such city, the area encompassed by the portion of the school district, located within a county of the first classification with more than ninety-three thousand eight

- 1 hundred but fewer than ninety-three thousand nine hundred
- 2 inhabitants, having an average daily attendance for school year
- 3 2005-06 between one thousand eight hundred and one thousand nine
- 4 hundred;
- 5 (29) Any city of the fourth classification with more than
- 6 seven thousand seven hundred but less than seven thousand eight
- 7 hundred inhabitants located in a county of the first
- 8 classification with more than ninety-three thousand eight hundred
- 9 but less than ninety-three thousand nine hundred inhabitants;
- 10 (30) Any city of the fourth classification with more than
- 11 two thousand nine hundred but less than three thousand
- 12 inhabitants located in a county of the first classification with
- more than seventy-three thousand seven hundred but less than
- seventy-three thousand eight hundred inhabitants;
- 15 (31) Any city of the third classification with more than
- 16 nine thousand three hundred but less than nine thousand four
- 17 hundred inhabitants;
- 18 (32) Any city of the fourth classification with more than
- 19 three thousand eight hundred but fewer than three thousand nine
- 20 hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the first
- 21 classification with more than thirty-nine thousand seven hundred
- 22 but fewer than thirty-nine thousand eight hundred inhabitants;
- 23 (33) Any city of the fourth classification with more than
- 24 one thousand eight hundred but fewer than one thousand nine
- 25 hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the first
- 26 classification with more than one hundred thirty-five thousand
- 27 four hundred but fewer than one hundred thirty-five thousand five
- 28 hundred inhabitants;

1 (34) Any county of the third classification without a 2 township form of government and with more than twelve thousand 3 one hundred but fewer than twelve thousand two hundred 4 inhabitants;

- (35) Any city of the fourth classification with more than three thousand eight hundred but fewer than four thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county; provided, however, that motels owned by not-for-profit organizations are exempt;
- (36) Any city of the fourth classification with more than five thousand but fewer than five thousand five hundred inhabitants and located in any county with a charter form of government and with more than two hundred thousand but fewer than three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants; [or]
- (37) Any city with more than four thousand but fewer than five thousand five hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the fourth classification with more than thirty thousand but fewer than forty-two thousand inhabitants; or
- (38) Any city of the third classification with more than nine thousand but fewer than ten thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county.
- 2. The governing body of any city or county listed in subsection 1 of this section may impose a tax on the charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient guests of hotels, motels, bed and breakfast inns, and campgrounds and any docking facility that rents slips to recreational boats that are used by transients for sleeping, which shall be at least two percent but not more than five percent per occupied room per night, except

- 1 that such tax shall not become effective unless the governing
- 2 body of the city or county submits to the voters of the city or
- 3 county at a state general, primary, or special election, a
- 4 proposal to authorize the governing body of the city or county to
- 5 impose a tax pursuant to the provisions of this section and
- 6 section 67.1362. The tax authorized by this section and section
- 7 67.1362 shall be in addition to any charge paid to the owner or
- 8 operator and shall be in addition to any and all taxes imposed by
- 9 law and the proceeds of such tax shall be used by the city or
- 10 county solely for funding the promotion of tourism. Such tax
- shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes.
- 12 3. The governing body of any city or county authorized to
- levy a sales tax pursuant to this section, but which was not
- authorized to levy such sales tax prior to August 28, 2020,
- 15 shall:
- 16 <u>(1) Submit the question of the imposition of the sales tax</u>
- to the voters on a general election day not earlier than the 2022
- 18 general election; and
- 19 <u>(2) Include information on the city or county website on</u>
- 20 the tax rate and the purposes for which the tax is levied.
- 21 67.1790. 1. The governing body of any county of the first
- 22 classification with more than two hundred sixty thousand but
- fewer than three hundred thousand inhabitants, or any city within
- such county, may impose by order or ordinance a sales tax on all
- 25 retail sales made within the county or city that are subject to
- 26 sales tax under chapter 144 for the purpose of funding early
- 27 childhood education programs in the county or city. The tax
- 28 shall not exceed one-quarter of one percent and shall be imposed

1 solely for the purpose of funding early childhood education programs in the county or city. The tax authorized in this 2 3 section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by 4 law and shall be stated separately from all other charges and 5 taxes. The order or ordinance imposing a sales tax under this 6 section shall not become effective unless the governing body of 7 the county or city submits to the voters residing within the 8 county or city, on a general election day not earlier than the 9 2022 general election, a proposal to authorize the governing body 10 of the county or city to impose a tax under this section. 2. The question of whether the tax authorized by this 11 12 section shall be imposed shall be submitted in substantially the 13 following form: 14 Shall (name of county/city) impose a 15 (countywide/citywide) sales tax at a rate of 16 (insert percentage) percent for the purpose of funding 17 early childhood education in the (county/city)? 18 ☐ YES 19 20 If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified 21 voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, the order or 22 ordinance shall become effective on the first day of the second 23 calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of 24 adoption of the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the 25 question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to 26 the question, the county or city shall not impose the sales tax 27 authorized under this section unless and until the question is

resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such

question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

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3. On or after the effective date of any tax authorized under this section, the county or city that imposed the tax shall enter into an agreement with the director of revenue for the purpose of collecting the tax authorized in this section. On or after the effective date of the tax, the director of revenue shall be responsible for the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and sections 32.085 and 32.087 shall apply. All revenue collected under this section by the director of revenue on behalf of any county or city, less one percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created and shall be known as the "Early Childhood Education Sales Tax Trust Fund" and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. Moneys in the fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The director may make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to the county or city for erroneous payments and overpayments made and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such county or city. Any funds in the special trust fund that are not needed for current expenditures shall be invested in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund. 4. In order to permit sellers required to collect and

report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be

reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of

reporting or remitting the tax, or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the governing body of the county or city may authorize the use of a bracket system similar to that authorized under section 144.285, and, notwithstanding the provisions of that section, this new bracket system shall be used where this tax is imposed and shall apply to all taxable transactions. Beginning with the effective date of the tax, every retailer in the county or city shall add the sales tax to the sale price, and this tax shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid and shall be recoverable at

law in the same manner as the purchase price. For purposes of

at the place of business of the retailer.

this section, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated

5. All applicable provisions in sections 144.010 to 144.527 governing the state sales tax and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax, and all exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, and persons under sections 144.010 to 144.527 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate, and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.527 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit, exemption certificate, or retail certificate shall be required, except that the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax. All discounts allowed the retailer under the state sales tax for the collection of and for payment of taxes are hereby allowed and

1	made applicable to the tax. The penalties for violations
2	provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.527 are
3	hereby made applicable to violations of this section. If any
4	person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be
5	paid under this section, or in the event a determination has been
6	made against the person for taxes and penalties under this
7	section, the limitation for bringing suit for the collection of
8	the delinquent tax and penalties shall be the same as that
9	provided in sections 144.010 to 144.527.
10	6. The governing body of any county or city that has
11	adopted the sales tax authorized in this section may submit the
12	question of repeal of the tax to the voters at a general
13	election. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the
14	following form:
15	Shall (name of county/city) repeal the sales
16	<pre>tax imposed at a rate of (insert percentage)</pre>
17	percent for the purpose of funding early childhood
18	education in the (county/city)?
19	□ YES □ NO
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21	If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified
22	voters voting thereon are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall
23	become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in
24	which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast
25	on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are
26	opposed to the repeal, the sales tax authorized in this section
27	shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under
28	this section to the qualified voters and is approved by a

majority of the qualified voters voting thereon.

- 7. If the governing body of any county or city that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition signed by at least ten percent of the registered voters of the county or city voting in the last gubernatorial election calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters of the county or city a proposal to repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, the repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.
 - 8. If the tax is repealed or terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes; the county or city shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least thirty days before the effective date of the repeal; and the director may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed from the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county or city, the director shall

- 1 remit the balance in the account to the county or city and close
- 2 the account of that county or city. The director shall notify
- 3 each county or city of each instance of any amount refunded or
- 4 any check redeemed from receipts due the county or city.
- 5 9. The governing body of each county or city imposing the
- 6 tax authorized under this section shall select an existing
- 7 community task force to administer the revenue from the tax
- 8 received by the county or city. Such revenue shall be expended
- 9 only upon approval of an existing community task force selected
- 10 by the governing body of the county or city to administer the
- funds and only in accordance with a budget approved by the county
- or city governing body.
- 13 <u>10.</u> The governing body of any city or county authorized to
- 14 levy a sales tax pursuant to this section shall include
- information on the city's or county's website on the tax rate and
- 16 the purposes for which the tax is levied.
- 17 67.2677. For purposes of sections 67.2675 to 67.2714, the
- 18 following terms mean:
- 19 (1) "Cable operator", as defined in 47 U.S.C. Section
- 20 522(5);
- 21 (2) "Cable system", as defined in 47 U.S.C. Section 522(7);
- 22 (3) "Franchise", an initial authorization, or renewal of an
- authorization, issued by a franchising entity, regardless of
- 24 whether the authorization is designated as a franchise, permit,
- license, resolution, contract, certificate, agreement, or
- otherwise, that authorizes the provision of video service and any
- 27 affiliated or subsidiary agreements related to such
- 28 authorization;

- 1 (4) "Franchise area", the total geographic area authorized
- 2 to be served by an incumbent cable operator in a political
- 3 subdivision as of August 28, 2007, or, in the case of an
- 4 incumbent local exchange carrier, as such term is defined in 47
- 5 U.S.C. Section 251(h), or affiliate thereof, the area within such
- 6 political subdivision in which such carrier provides telephone
- 7 exchange service;
- 8 (5) "Franchise entity", a political subdivision that was
- 9 entitled to require franchises and impose fees on cable operators
- on the day before the effective date of sections 67.2675 to
- 11 67.2714, provided that only one political subdivision may be a
- franchise entity with regard to a geographic area;
- 13 (6) (a) "Gross revenues", limited to amounts billed to
- video service subscribers [or received from advertisers] for the
- 15 following:
- a. Recurring charges for video service; and
- b. Event-based charges for video service, including but not
- 18 limited to pay-per-view and video-on-demand charges;
- 19 [c. Rental of set top boxes and other video service
- 20 equipment;
- 21 d. Service charges related to the provision of video
- 22 service, including but not limited to activation, installation,
- 23 repair, and maintenance charges;
- e. Administrative charges related to the provision of video
- 25 service, including but not limited to service order and service
- 26 termination charges; and
- 27 f. A pro rata portion of all revenue derived, less refunds,
- 28 rebates, or discounts, by a video service provider for

- 1 advertising over the video service network to subscribers within
- 2 the franchise area where the numerator is the number of
- 3 subscribers within the franchise area, and the denominator is the
- 4 total number of subscribers reached by such advertising;]
- 5 (b) "Gross revenues" do not include:
- 6 a. Discounts, refunds, and other price adjustments that
 7 reduce the amount of compensation received by an entity holding a
- 8 video service authorization;
- 9 b. Uncollectibles;
- 10 c. Late payment fees;
- d. Amounts billed to video service subscribers to recover
- 12 taxes, fees, or surcharges imposed on video service subscribers
- or video service providers in connection with the provision of
- 14 video services, including the video service provider fee
- 15 authorized by this section;
- e. Fees or other contributions for PEG or I-Net support;
- 17 [or]
- 18 f. Charges for services other than video service that are
- 19 aggregated or bundled with amounts billed to video service
- 20 subscribers, if the entity holding a video service authorization
- 21 reasonably can identify such charges on books and records kept in
- 22 the regular course of business or by other reasonable means;
- 23 g. Rental of set top boxes, modems, or other equipment used
- 24 to provide or facilitate the provision of video service;
- 25 <u>h. Service charges related to the provision of video</u>
- service, including but not limited to activation, installation,
- 27 repair, and maintenance charges;
- 28 i. Administrative charges related to the provision of video

1 <u>service</u>, including but not limited to service order and service

2 termination charges; or

j. A pro rata portion of all revenue derived from advertising, less refunds, rebates, or discounts;

- (c) Except with respect to the exclusion of the video service provider fee, gross revenues shall be computed in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (7) "Household", an apartment, a house, a mobile home, or any other structure or part of a structure intended for residential occupancy as separate living quarters;
- (8) "Incumbent cable operator", the cable service provider serving cable subscribers in a particular franchise area on September 1, 2007;
- (9) "Low-income household", a household with an average annual household income of less than thirty-five thousand dollars;
 - (10) "Person", an individual, partnership, association, organization, corporation, trust, or government entity;
- 19 (11) "Political subdivision", a city, town, village, 20 county;
 - (12) "Public right-of-way", the area of real property in which a political subdivision has a dedicated or acquired right-of-way interest in the real property, including the area on, below, or above the present and future streets, alleys, avenues, roads, highways, parkways, or boulevards dedicated or acquired as right-of-way and utility easements dedicated for compatible uses. The term does not include the airwaves above a right-of-way with regard to wireless telecommunications or other

- nonwire telecommunications or broadcast service;
- 2 (13) "Video programming", programming provided by, or
- 3 generally considered comparable to programming provided by, a
- 4 television broadcast station, as set forth in 47 U.S.C. Section
- 5 522(20);
- 6 (14) "Video service", the provision of video programming
- 7 provided through wireline facilities located at least in part in
- 8 the public right-of-way without regard to delivery technology,
- 9 including internet protocol technology whether provided as part
- of a tier, on demand, or a per-channel basis. This definition
- includes cable service as defined by 47 U.S.C. Section 522(6),
- but does not include any video programming provided by a
- 13 commercial mobile service provider defined in 47 U.S.C. Section
- 332(d), or any video programming provided solely as part of and
- via a service that enables users to access content, information,
- 16 electronic mail, or other services offered over the public
- 17 internet;
- 18 (15) "Video service authorization", the right of a video
- 19 service provider or an incumbent cable operator that secures
- 20 permission from the public service commission pursuant to
- sections 67.2675 to 67.2714, to offer video service to
- 22 subscribers in a political subdivision;
- 23 (16) "Video service network", wireline facilities, or any
- 24 component thereof, located at least in part in the public
- 25 right-of-way that deliver video service, without regard to
- delivery technology, including internet protocol technology or
- 27 any successor technology. The term video service network shall
- include cable systems;

- 1 (17) "Video service provider", any person that distributes 2 video service through a video service network pursuant to a video 3 service authorization;
- 4 (18) "Video service provider fee", the fee imposed under section 67.2689.

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- 67.2689. 1. A franchise entity may collect a video service provider fee equal to not more than five percent of the gross revenues [from each] charged to each customer of a video service provider that is providing video service in the geographic area of such franchise entity. The video service provider fee shall apply equally to all video service providers within the geographic area of a franchise entity.
- Beginning August 28, 2020, franchise entities are prohibited from collecting a video service provider fee in excess of five percent of the gross revenues specified in subsection 1 of this section. Beginning August 28, 2021, franchise entities are prohibited from collecting a video service provider fee in excess of four percent of such gross revenues. Beginning August 28, 2022, franchise entities are prohibited from collecting a video service provider fee in excess of three percent of such gross revenues. Beginning August 28, 2023, franchise entities are prohibited from collecting a video service provider fee in excess of two percent of such gross revenues. Beginning August 28, 2024, franchise entities are prohibited from collecting a video service provider fee in excess of one percent of such gross revenues. Beginning August 28, 2025, and continuing thereafter, franchise entities are prohibited from collecting a video service provider fee.

3. Except as otherwise expressly provided in sections
67.2675 to 67.2714, neither a franchise entity nor any other
political subdivision shall demand any additional fees, licenses,
gross receipt taxes, or charges on the provision of video
services by a video service provider and shall not demand the use
of any other calculation method.

- [3. All video service providers providing service in the geographic area of a franchise entity shall pay the video service provider fee at the same percent of gross revenues as had been assessed on the incumbent cable operator by the franchise entity immediately prior to the date of enactment of sections 67.2675 to 67.2714, and such percentage shall continue to apply until the date that the incumbent cable operator's franchise existing at that time expires or would have expired if it had not been terminated pursuant to sections 67.2675 to 67.2714. The franchise entity shall notify the applicant for a video service authorization of the applicable gross revenue fee percentage within thirty days of the date notice of the applicant is provided.]
 - 4. Not more than once per calendar year after the date that the incumbent cable operator's franchise existing on August 28, 2007, expires or would have expired if it had not been terminated pursuant to sections 67.2675 to 67.2714, or in any political subdivision where no franchise applied on the date of enactment of sections 67.2675 to 67.2714, no more than once per calendar year after the video service provider fee was initially imposed, a franchise entity, may, upon ninety days notice to all video service providers, elect to adjust the amount of the video

service provider fee subject to state and federal law, but in no
event shall such fee exceed [five percent of a video service

provider's gross revenue] the calculation defined in subsection 1
and 2 of this section.

- 5. The video service provider fee shall be paid to each franchise entity requiring such fee on or before the last day of the month following the end of each calendar quarter [and shall be calculated as a percentage of gross revenues, as defined under section 67.2677]. Any payment made pursuant to subsection 8 of section 67.2703 shall be made at the same time as the payment of the video service provider fee.
- 6. Any video service provider may identify and collect the amount of the video service provider fee and collect any support under subsection 8 of section 67.2703 as separate line items on subscriber bills.
- 16 <u>67.2720. 1. There is hereby established the "Task Force on</u>
 17 <u>the Future of Right-Of-Way Management and Taxation", which shall</u>
 18 be composed of the following members:
- 19 <u>(1) Two members of the senate to be appointed by the</u> 20 president pro tempore of the senate;
 - (2) One member of the senate to be appointed by the minority floor leader of the senate;
 - (3) Two members of the house of representatives to be appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives;
- 25 <u>(4) One member of the house of representatives to be</u>
 26 <u>appointed by the minority floor leader of the house of</u>
 27 <u>representatives;</u>
 - (5) Four members that are municipal officials or other

- 1 political subdivision officials, two to be appointed by the
- 2 president pro tempore of the senate and two to be appointed by
- 3 the speaker of the house of representatives; and
- 4 (6) Four experts in the telecommunications industry, two to
 5 be appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate and two
- to be appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives.
- 7 <u>2. A majority of the members of the task force shall</u>
- 8 constitute a quorum, but the concurrence of a majority of the
- 9 members shall be required for the determination of any matter
- 10 within the task force's duties.
- 11 <u>3. The task force shall meet within thirty days after its</u>
- 12 <u>creation and organize by selecting a chairperson and a vice</u>
- chairperson, one of whom shall be a member of the senate and the
- other a member of the house of representatives.
- 15 <u>4. The task force shall study best methods for right-of-way</u>
- 16 management, taxation of video services, the future revenue needs
- of municipalities and political subdivisions as such revenue
- 18 relates to video services.
- 19 5. The task force shall compile a full report of its
- 20 activities for submission to the general assembly. The report
- 21 shall be submitted not later than December 31, 2022, and shall
- 22 include any recommendations which the task force may have for
- 23 legislative action.
- 24 6. The task force shall be staffed by legislative personnel
- as is deemed necessary to assist the task force in the
- 26 performance of its duties.
- 7. The members of the task force shall serve without
- compensation, but any actual and necessary expenses incurred in

- 1 the performance of the task force's official duties by the task
- 2 force, its members, and any staff assigned to the task force
- 3 shall be paid from the joint contingent fund.
- 4 8. This section shall expire on December 31, 2022.
- 5 94.838. 1. As used in this section, the following terms
- 6 mean:
- 7 (1) "Food", all articles commonly used for food or drink,
- 8 including alcoholic beverages, the provisions of chapter 311
- 9 notwithstanding;
- 10 (2) "Food establishment", any café, cafeteria, lunchroom,
- or restaurant which sells food at retail;
- 12 (3) "Municipality", any village or fourth class city with
- 13 more than two hundred but less than three hundred inhabitants and
- located in any county of the third classification with a township
- form of government and with more than twelve thousand five
- hundred but less than twelve thousand six hundred inhabitants;
- 17 (4) "Transient guest", a person or persons who occupy a
- 18 room or rooms in a hotel or motel for thirty-one days or less
- 19 during any calendar quarter.
- 20 2. The governing body of any municipality may impose, by
- 21 order or ordinance:
- 22 (1) A tax, not to exceed six percent per room per night, on
- 23 the charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient quests
- of hotels or motels situated in the municipality or a portion
- 25 thereof; and
- 26 (2) A tax, not to exceed [two] <u>six</u> percent, on the gross
- 27 receipts derived from the retail sales of food by every person
- operating a food establishment in the municipality.

Τ	The takes shall be imposed solely for the pulpose of funding the
2	construction, maintenance, and operation of capital improvements]
3	general revenue purposes. The order or ordinance shall not
4	become effective unless the governing body of the municipality
5	submits to the voters of the municipality at a state general or
6	primary election a proposal to authorize the governing body of
7	the municipality to impose taxes under this section. The taxes
8	authorized in this section shall be in addition to the charge for
9	the sleeping room, the retail sales of food at a food
10	establishment, and all other taxes imposed by law, and shall be
11	stated separately from all other charges and taxes.
12	3. The ballot of submission for the taxes authorized in
13	this section shall be in substantially the following form:
14	Shall (insert the name of the municipality)
15	impose a tax on the charges for all retail sales of
16	food at a food establishment situated in (name
17	of municipality) at a rate of (insert rate of
18	percent) percent, and for all sleeping rooms paid by
19	the transient guests of hotels and motels situated in
20	(name of municipality) at a rate of
21	(insert rate of percent) percent, solely for the
22	purpose of [funding the construction, maintenance, and
23	operation of capital improvements] increasing general
24	revenue funds?
25	□ YES □ NO
26	

If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, then the

taxes shall become effective on the first day of the second

calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of

the adoption of the taxes. If a majority of the votes cast on

the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed

to the question, then the taxes shall not become effective unless

and until the question is resubmitted under this section to the

qualified voters and such question is approved by a majority of

the qualified voters voting on the question.

- 4. Any tax on the retail sales of food imposed under this section shall be administered, collected, enforced, and operated as required in section 32.087, and any transient guest tax imposed under this section shall be administered, collected, enforced, and operated by the municipality imposing the tax. All revenue generated by the tax shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. If the tax is repealed, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.
 - 5. Once the initial bonds, if any, have been satisfied, then the governing body of any municipality that has adopted the taxes authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the taxes to the voters on any date available for elections for the municipality. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:
- Shall ____ (insert the name of the municipality)

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters, and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

6. Once the initial bonds, if any, have been satisfied, then, whenever the governing body of any municipality that has adopted the taxes authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters of the municipality voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the taxes imposed under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters of the municipality a proposal to repeal the taxes. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by

- 1 the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal,
- 2 then the tax shall remain effective until the question is
- 3 resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the
- 4 repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting
- 5 on the question.

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- 7. The governing body of any municipality authorized to levy a sales tax pursuant to this section shall:
- 8 <u>(1) Submit the question of an increase in the rate of the</u>
 9 <u>sales tax to the voters on a general election day not earlier</u>
 10 than the 2022 general election; and
- 11 (2) Include information on the municipality's website on 12 the tax rate and the purposes for which the tax is levied.
 - 94.842. 1. The governing body of any home rule city with more than one hundred fifty-five thousand but fewer than two hundred thousand inhabitants may impose a tax on the charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient guests of hotels or motels situated in the city, which shall not be more than seven and one-half percent per occupied room per night, except that such tax shall not become effective unless the governing body of the city submits to the voters of the city on a general election day not earlier than the 2022 general election, a proposal to authorize the governing body of the city to impose a tax under the provisions of this section. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to the charge for the sleeping room and shall be in addition to any and all taxes imposed by law, and the proceeds of such tax shall be used solely for capital investments that can be demonstrated to increase the number of overnight visitors. Such tax shall be stated separately from all

Τ	other charges and taxes.
2	2. The question shall be submitted in substantially the
3	following form:
4	Shall the (city) levy a tax of percent on
5	each sleeping room occupied and rented by transient
6	guests of hotels and motels located in the city, where
7	the proceeds of which shall be expended for capital
8	investments to increase tourism?
9	□ YES □ NO
10	
11	If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified
12	voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax
13	shall become effective on the first day of the calendar quarter
14	following the calendar quarter in which the election was held.
15	If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified
16	voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the
17	governing body for the city shall have no power to impose the tax
18	authorized by this section unless and until the governing body of
19	the city again submits the question to the qualified voters of
20	the city and such question is approved by a majority of the
21	qualified voters voting on the question.
22	3. On and after the effective date of any tax authorized
23	under the provisions of this section, the city which levied the
24	tax may adopt one of the two following provisions for the
25	collection and administration of the tax:
26	(1) The city which levied the tax may adopt rules and
27	regulations for the internal collection of such tax by the city
28	officers usually responsible for collection and administration of

1 city taxes; or

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- 2 (2) The city may enter into an agreement with the director 3 of revenue of the state of Missouri for the purpose of collecting the tax authorized in this <u>section</u>. In the event any city enters 4 5 into an agreement with the director of revenue of the state of 6 Missouri for the collection of the tax authorized in this 7 section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and 8 9 operation of such tax, and the director of revenue shall collect 10 the additional tax authorized under the provisions of this section. The tax authorized under the provisions of this section 11 12 shall be collected and reported upon such forms and under such 13 administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue, and the director of revenue shall retain not 14 15 more than one percent for cost of collection.
 - 4. The governing body of any city authorized to levy a sales tax pursuant to this section shall include information on the city's website on the tax rate and the purposes for which the tax is levied.
 - 5. As used in this section, "transient guests" means a person or persons who occupy a room or rooms in a hotel, motel, or tourist court consecutively for thirty-one days or less.
 - 94.900. 1. (1) The governing body of the following cities may impose a tax as provided in this section:
 - (a) Any city of the third classification with more than ten thousand eight hundred but less than ten thousand nine hundred inhabitants located at least partly within a county of the first classification with more than one hundred eighty-four thousand

- 1 but less than one hundred eighty-eight thousand inhabitants;
- 2 (b) Any city of the fourth classification with more than
- 3 four thousand five hundred but fewer than five thousand
- 4 inhabitants;
- 5 (c) Any city of the fourth classification with more than
- 6 eight thousand nine hundred but fewer than nine thousand
- 7 inhabitants;
- 8 (d) Any home rule city with more than forty-eight thousand
- 9 but fewer than forty-nine thousand inhabitants;
- 10 (e) Any home rule city with more than seventy-three
- 11 thousand but fewer than seventy-five thousand inhabitants;
- 12 (f) Any city of the fourth classification with more than
- 13 thirteen thousand five hundred but fewer than sixteen thousand
- 14 inhabitants;
- 15 (g) Any city of the fourth classification with more than
- seven thousand but fewer than eight thousand inhabitants;
- 17 (h) Any city of the fourth classification with more than
- 18 four thousand but fewer than four thousand five hundred
- inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification
- 20 with more than one hundred fifty thousand but fewer than two
- 21 hundred thousand inhabitants;
- 22 (i) Any city of the third classification with more than
- thirteen thousand but fewer than fifteen thousand inhabitants and
- 24 located in any county of the third classification without a
- township form of government and with more than thirty-three
- thousand but fewer than thirty-seven thousand inhabitants; [or]
- 27 (j) Any city of the fourth classification with more than
- three thousand but fewer than three thousand three hundred

inhabitants and located in any county of the third classification
without a township form of government and with more than eighteen
thousand but fewer than twenty thousand inhabitants and that is
not the county seat of such county;

- (k) Any city of the fourth classification with more than one thousand three hundred fifty but fewer than one thousand five hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more than one hundred fifty thousand but fewer than two hundred thousand inhabitants;
- (1) Any city of the fourth classification with more than eight thousand but fewer than twelve thousand inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more than two hundred thousand but fewer than two hundred sixty thousand inhabitants; or
- (m) Any city of the fourth classification with more than four hundred fifty but fewer than five hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than twenty-nine thousand but fewer than thirty-three thousand inhabitants and with a city of the fourth classification with more than four hundred but fewer than four hundred fifty inhabitants as the county seat.
- (2) The governing body of any city listed in subdivision (1) of this subsection is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount of up to one-half of one percent on all retail sales made in such city which are subject to taxation under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the purpose of improving the public safety for such

- city[,] including, but not limited to, expenditures on equipment, city employee salaries and benefits, and facilities for police, fire and emergency medical providers. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the city submits to the voters of the city, at a county or state general, primary, or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing body of the city to impose a tax.
 - 2. If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax authorized by this section, the ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:

Shall the city of _____ (city's name) impose a

citywide sales tax of _____ (insert amount) for the

purpose of improving the public safety of the city?

☐ YES

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

□ NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal submitted pursuant to this subsection, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notification of adoption of the local sales tax. If a proposal

- receives less than the required majority, then the governing body of the city shall have no power to impose the sales tax herein authorized unless and until the governing body of the city shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing body of the city to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal pursuant to this section.
 - 3. All revenue received by a city from the tax authorized under the provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for improving the public safety for such city for so long as the tax shall remain in effect.

- 4. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or is terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be used solely for improving the public safety for the city. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other city funds.
- 5. All sales taxes collected by the director of [the department of] revenue under this section on behalf of any city, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the

"City Public Safety Sales Tax Trust Fund". The moneys in the trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary notwithstanding, money in this fund shall not be transferred and placed to the credit of the general revenue fund. The director of [the department of] revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust and which was collected in each city imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the city and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of [the department of] revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the city which levied the tax; such funds shall be deposited with the city treasurer of each such city, and all expenditures of funds arising from the trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such city. Expenditures may be made from the fund for any functions authorized in the ordinance or order adopted by the governing body submitting the tax to the voters.

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6. The director of [the department of] revenue may make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any city for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such cities. If any city abolishes the tax, the city shall notify the director of [the department of] revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of [the department of] revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the

- amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such city, the director of [the department of] revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the city and close the account of that city. The director of [the department of] revenue shall notify each city of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city.
 - 7. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.

- 8. The governing body of any city authorized to levy a sales tax pursuant to this section, but which was not authorized to levy such sales tax prior to August 28, 2020, shall:
- (1) Submit the question of the imposition of the sales tax to the voters on a general election day not earlier than the 2022 general election; and
- (2) Include information on the city's website on the tax rate and the purposes for which the tax is levied.
- 94.902. 1. The governing bodies of the following cities <u>or</u>
 villages may impose a tax as provided in this section:
 - (1) Any city of the third classification with more than twenty-six thousand three hundred but less than twenty-six thousand seven hundred inhabitants;
 - (2) Any city of the fourth classification with more than thirty thousand three hundred but fewer than thirty thousand seven hundred inhabitants;

- 1 (3) Any city of the fourth classification with more than 2 twenty-four thousand eight hundred but fewer than twenty-five 3 thousand inhabitants;
 - (4) Any special charter city with more than twenty-nine thousand but fewer than thirty-two thousand inhabitants;

- (5) Any city of the third classification with more than four thousand but fewer than four thousand five hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more than two hundred thousand but fewer than two hundred sixty thousand inhabitants;
- (6) Any city of the fourth classification with more than nine thousand five hundred but fewer than ten thousand eight hundred inhabitants;
- (7) Any city of the fourth classification with more than five hundred eighty but fewer than six hundred fifty inhabitants;
- (8) Any city of the fourth classification with more than two thousand seven hundred but fewer than three thousand inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more than eighty-three thousand but fewer than ninety-two thousand inhabitants; [or]
- (9) Any city of the fourth classification with more than two thousand four hundred but fewer than two thousand seven hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than ten thousand but fewer than twelve thousand inhabitants;
- (10) Any city of the third classification with more than nine thousand but fewer than ten thousand inhabitants and located

in any county of the third classification with a township form of
government and with more than twenty thousand but fewer than
twenty-three thousand inhabitants;

- one thousand fifty but fewer than one thousand two hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than eighteen thousand but fewer than twenty thousand inhabitants and with a city of the fourth classification with more than two thousand one hundred but fewer than two thousand four hundred inhabitants as the county seat; or
 - (12) Any village with more than one thousand three hundred fifty but fewer than one thousand five hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more than two hundred thousand but fewer than two hundred sixty thousand inhabitants.
 - 2. The governing body of any city or village listed in subsection 1 of this section may impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made in the city or village which are subject to taxation under chapter 144. The tax authorized in this section may be imposed in an amount of up to one-half of one percent, [and] except that a city listed under subdivision (10) or (11) of subsection 1 of this section may impose a tax of one-fourth, one-half, three-fourths, or one percent. The tax shall be imposed solely for the purpose of improving the public safety for such city[,] or village including, but not limited to, expenditures on equipment, city or village employee salaries and benefits, and facilities for police, fire, and emergency medical

- providers. The tax authorized in this section shall be in 1 2 addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes. The order or 3 4 ordinance imposing a sales tax under this section shall not 5 become effective unless the governing body of the city or village 6 submits to the voters residing within the city or village, at a 7 county or state general, primary, or special election, a proposal 8 to authorize the governing body of the city or village to impose
- 10 3. The ballot of submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be in substantially the following form:

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a tax under this section.

☐ YES

Shall the [city] (city/village) of ____ [(city's name)]

(insert name) impose a [citywide] (citywide/villagewide) sales

tax at a rate of ____ [(insert rate of percent)] (insert

percentage) percent for the purpose of improving the public

safety of the [city] (city/village)?

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

□ NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments to the order or ordinance shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of the adoption of the sales tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed

to the proposal, then the tax shall not become effective unless the proposal is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the proposal. However, in no event shall a proposal under this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal under this section.

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Any sales tax imposed under this section shall be administered, collected, enforced, and operated as required in section 32.087. All sales taxes collected by the director of the department of revenue under this section on behalf of any city or village, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created in the state treasury, to be known as the "City Public Safety Sales Tax Trust Fund". The moneys in the trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the The provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary notwithstanding, money in this fund shall not be transferred and placed to the credit of the general revenue fund. The director shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund and which was collected in each city or village imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the city or village and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the city or village which levied the tax.

Such funds shall be deposited with the city or village treasurer of each such city or village, and all expenditures of funds arising from the trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such city or village. Expenditures may be made from the fund for any functions authorized in the ordinance or order adopted by the governing body submitting the tax to the voters. If the tax is repealed, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures shall be invested in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.

authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any city or village for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such cities or villages. If any city or village abolishes the tax, the city or village shall notify the director of the action at least ninety days before the effective date of the repeal, and the director may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such city or village, the director shall remit the balance in the account to the city and close the

- account of that city <u>or village</u>. The director shall notify each city <u>or village</u> of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city or village.
 - 6. The governing body of any city <u>or village</u> that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date available for elections for the city <u>or village</u>. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

9 Shall the city of ____ [(insert the name of the city)] repeal the sales tax imposed at a rate of _____

10 [(insert rate of percent)] percent for the purpose of improving the public safety of the [city]

(city/village)?

14 □ YES □ NO

- If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters, and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.
- 7. Whenever the governing body of any city <u>or village</u> that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters of the city <u>or village</u> voting in the last gubernatorial election,

calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under 1 2 this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters of the city or village a proposal to repeal the tax. If a majority 3 of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting 5 thereon are in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become 6 effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which 7 such repeal was approved. If a majority of the votes cast on the 8 question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to 9 the repeal, then the tax shall remain effective until the 10 question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified 11 12 voters voting on the question.

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- 8. Any sales tax imposed under this section by a city described under subdivision (6) of subsection 1 of this section that is in effect as of December 31, 2038, shall automatically expire. No city described under subdivision (6) of subsection 1 of this section shall collect a sales tax pursuant to this section on or after January 1, 2039. Subsection 7 of this section shall not apply to a sales tax imposed under this section by a city described under subdivision (6) of subsection 1 of this section.
- 9. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.
- 25 <u>10. The governing body of any city or village authorized to</u>
 26 <u>levy a sales tax pursuant to this section, but which was not</u>
 27 <u>authorized to levy such sales tax prior to August 28, 2020,</u>
 28 shall:

- 1 (1) Submit the question of the imposition of the sales tax
 2 to the voters on a general election day not earlier than the 2022
 3 general election; and
- 4 (2) Include information on the city or village website on the tax rate and the purposes for which the tax is levied.

- 94.1014. 1. (1) The governing body of any city of the fourth classification with more than three thousand seven hundred but fewer than four thousand inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more than one hundred fifty thousand but fewer than two hundred thousand inhabitants may impose a tax on the charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient guests of hotels or motels situated in the city or a portion thereof. The tax shall not be more than five percent per occupied room per night.
- (2) The tax shall not become effective unless the governing body of the city, on a general election day not earlier than the 2022 general election, submits to the voters of the city a proposal to authorize the city to impose a tax under this section, and the voters approve the tax.
- (3) The tax shall be in addition to the charge for the sleeping room and all other taxes imposed by law. The tax shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes.
- (4) The proceeds of the tax shall be used by the city for the promotion of tourism; growth of the region; economic development purposes; and public safety purposes including, but not limited to, equipment expenditures, employee salaries and benefits, and facilities for police, firefighters, or emergency medical providers.

1	2. The ballot for authorization of the tax shall be in
2	substantially the following form:
3	Shall (name of the city) impose a tax on the
4	charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient
5	guests of hotels and motels situated in (name of
6	the city) at a rate of percent for the promotion
7	of tourism, growth of the region, economic development,
8	and public safety?
9	□ YES □ NO
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11	If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by qualified
12	voters approve the proposal, the tax shall become effective on
13	the first day of the second calendar quarter following the
14	election. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by
15	qualified voters opposed the proposal, the tax shall not become
16	effective unless and until the proposal is again submitted to the
17	voters of the city and is approved by a majority of the qualified
18	voters voting thereon.
19	3. The governing body of any city authorized to levy a
20	sales tax pursuant to this section shall include information on
21	the city's website on the tax rate and the purposes for which the
22	tax is levied.
23	4. As used in this section, "transient guest" means any
24	person who occupies a room or rooms in a hotel or motel for
25	thirty-one days or less during any calendar quarter.
26	143.011. 1. A tax is hereby imposed for every taxable year
27	on the Missouri taxable income of every resident. The tax shall
28	be determined by applying the tax table or the rate provided in

section 143.021, which is based upon the following rates: 1 2 If the Missouri taxable income is: The tax is: Not over \$1,000.00 1 1/2% of the Missouri 3 taxable income 5 Over \$1,000 but not over \$2,000 \$15 plus 2% of excess 6 over \$1,000 7 Over \$2,000 but not over \$3,000 \$35 plus 2 1/2% of excess 8 over \$2,000 9 Over \$3,000 but not over \$4,000 \$60 plus 3% of excess 10 over \$3,000 Over \$4,000 but not over \$5,000 \$90 plus 3 1/2% of excess 11 12 over \$4,000 13 Over \$5,000 but not over \$6,000 \$125 plus 4% of excess 14 over \$5,000 15 Over \$6,000 but not over \$7,000 \$165 plus 4 1/2% of 16 excess over \$6,000 17 Over \$7,000 but not over \$8,000 \$210 plus 5% of excess 18 over \$7,000 19 Over \$8,000 but not over \$9,000 \$260 plus 5 1/2% of 20 excess over \$8,000 21 Over \$9,000 \$315 plus 6% of excess 22 over \$9,000

2. (1) Beginning with the 2017 calendar year, the top rate of tax under subsection 1 of this section may be reduced over a period of years. Each reduction in the top rate of tax shall be by one-tenth of a percent and no more than one reduction shall occur in a calendar year. No more than five reductions shall be made under this subsection. Reductions in the rate of tax shall

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take effect on January first of a calendar year and such reduced rates shall continue in effect until the next reduction occurs.

- (2) A reduction in the rate of tax shall only occur if the amount of net general revenue collected in the previous fiscal year exceeds the highest amount of net general revenue collected in any of the three fiscal years prior to such fiscal year by at least one hundred fifty million dollars.
- (3) Any modification of tax rates under this subsection shall only apply to tax years that begin on or after a modification takes effect.
- (4) The director of the department of revenue shall, by rule, adjust the tax tables under subsection 1 of this section to effectuate the provisions of this subsection. The bracket for income subject to the top rate of tax shall be eliminated once the top rate of tax has been reduced to five and one-half percent, and the top remaining rate of tax shall apply to all income in excess of the income in the second highest remaining income bracket.
 - 3. (1) In addition to the rate reductions under subsection 2 of this section, beginning with the 2019 calendar year, the top rate of tax under subsection 1 of this section shall be reduced by four-tenths of one percent. Such reduction in the rate of tax shall take effect on January first of the 2019 calendar year.
 - (2) The modification of tax rates under this subsection shall only apply to tax years that begin on or after the date the modification takes effect.
- (3) The director of the department of revenue shall, by rule, adjust the tax tables under subsection 1 of this section to

- 1 effectuate the provisions of this subsection.
- 2 4. (1) In addition to the rate reductions under
- 3 subsections 2 and 3 of this section, beginning with the calendar
- 4 year following the calendar year in which the final reduction in
- 5 the top rate of tax is made under subsection 2 of this section,
- 6 the top rate of tax under subsection 1 of this section shall be
- 7 reduced by eleven-hundredths of one percent. Such reduction in
- 8 the rate of tax shall take effect on January first of a calendar
- 9 year.
- 10 (2) The reduction in the rate of tax pursuant to this
- 11 <u>subsection shall only occur if the amount of net general revenue</u>
- collected in the previous fiscal year exceeds the highest amount
- of net general revenue collected in any of the three fiscal years
- prior to such fiscal year by at least one hundred fifty million
- dollars.
- 16 (3) The modification of tax rates under this subsection
- shall only apply to tax years that begin on or after the date the
- 18 modification takes effect.
- 19 <u>(4) The director of the department of revenue shall, by</u>
- 20 <u>rule, adjust the tax tables under subsection 1 of this section to</u>
- 21 <u>effectuate the provisions of this subsection.</u>
- 22 5. Beginning with the 2017 calendar year, the brackets of
- 23 Missouri taxable income identified in subsection 1 of this
- section shall be adjusted annually by the percent increase in
- 25 inflation. The director shall publish such brackets annually
- 26 beginning on or after October 1, 2016. Modifications to the
- 27 brackets shall take effect on January first of each calendar year
- and shall apply to tax years beginning on or after the effective

- 1 date of the new brackets.
- [5.] 6. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
- 3 (1) "CPI", the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers
- 4 for the United States as reported by the Bureau of Labor
- 5 Statistics, or its successor index;
- 6 (2) "CPI for the preceding calendar year", the average of
- 7 the CPI as of the close of the twelve month period ending on
- 8 August thirty-first of such calendar year;
- 9 (3) "Net general revenue collected", all revenue deposited
- into the general revenue fund, less refunds and revenues
- originally deposited into the general revenue fund but designated
- 12 by law for a specific distribution or transfer to another state
- 13 fund;
- 14 (4) "Percent increase in inflation", the percentage, if
- any, by which the CPI for the preceding calendar year exceeds the
- 16 CPI for the year beginning September 1, 2014, and ending August
- 17 31, 2015.
- 18 144.011. 1. For purposes of [sections 144.010 to 144.525]
- and 144.600 to 144.748] this chapter, and the taxes imposed
- thereby, the definition of "retail sale" or "sale at retail"
- 21 shall not be construed to include any of the following:
- 22 (1) The transfer by one corporation of substantially all of
- 23 its tangible personal property to another corporation pursuant to
- 24 a merger or consolidation effected under the laws of the state of
- 25 Missouri or any other jurisdiction;
- 26 (2) The transfer of tangible personal property incident to
- 27 the liquidation or cessation of a taxpayer's trade or business,
- 28 conducted in proprietorship, partnership or corporate form,

- except to the extent any transfer is made in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or business;
- 3 (3) The transfer of tangible personal property to a 4 corporation solely in exchange for its stock or securities;

- (4) The transfer of tangible personal property to a corporation by a shareholder as a contribution to the capital of the transferee corporation;
- (5) The transfer of tangible personal property to a partnership solely in exchange for a partnership interest therein;
- (6) The transfer of tangible personal property by a partner as a contribution to the capital of the transferee partnership;
- (7) The transfer of tangible personal property by a corporation to one or more of its shareholders as a dividend, return of capital, distribution in the partial or complete liquidation of the corporation or distribution in redemption of the shareholder's interest therein;
- (8) The transfer of tangible personal property by a partnership to one or more of its partners as a current distribution, return of capital or distribution in the partial or complete liquidation of the partnership or of the partner's interest therein;
- (9) The transfer of reusable containers used in connection with the sale of tangible personal property contained therein for which a deposit is required and refunded on return;
- (10) The purchase by persons operating eating or food service establishments, of items of a nonreusable nature which are furnished to the customers of such establishments with or in

- 1 conjunction with the retail sales of their food or beverage.
- 2 Such items shall include, but not be limited to, wrapping or
- 3 packaging materials and nonreusable paper, wood, plastic and
- 4 aluminum articles such as containers, trays, napkins, dishes,
- 5 silverware, cups, bags, boxes, straws, sticks and toothpicks;
- 6 (11) The purchase by persons operating hotels, motels or
- 7 other transient accommodation establishments, of items of a
- 8 nonreusable nature which are furnished to the guests in the
- 9 guests' rooms of such establishments and such items are included
- in the charge made for such accommodations. Such items shall
- include, but not be limited to, soap, shampoo, tissue and other
- 12 toiletries and food or confectionery items offered to the guests
- 13 without charge;
- 14 (12) The transfer of a manufactured home other than:
- 15 (a) A transfer which involves the delivery of the document
- 16 known as the "Manufacturer's Statement of Origin" to a person
- other than a manufactured home dealer, as defined in section
- 18 700.010, for purposes of allowing such person to obtain a title
- 19 to the manufactured home from the department of revenue of this
- state or the appropriate agency or officer of any other state;
- 21 (b) A transfer which involves the delivery of a
- "Repossessed Title" to a resident of this state if the tax
- imposed by [sections 144.010 to 144.525] this chapter was not
- 24 paid on the transfer of the manufactured home described in
- 25 paragraph (a) of this subdivision;
- 26 (c) The first transfer which occurs after December 31,
- 27 1985, if the tax imposed by [sections 144.010 to 144.525] this
- 28 chapter was not paid on any transfer of the same manufactured

- 1 home which occurred before December 31, 1985; or
- 2 (13) Charges for initiation fees or dues to:
- 3 (a) Fraternal beneficiaries societies, or domestic
- 4 fraternal societies, orders or associations operating under the
- 5 lodge system a substantial part of the activities of which are
- 6 devoted to religious, charitable, scientific, literary,
- 7 educational or fraternal purposes;
- 8 (b) Posts or organizations of past or present members of
- 9 the Armed Forces of the United States or an auxiliary unit or
- 10 society of, or a trust or foundation for, any such post or
- organization substantially all of the members of which are past
- or present members of the Armed Forces of the United States or
- who are cadets, spouses, widows, or widowers of past or present
- 14 members of the Armed Forces of the United States, no part of the
- net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private
- shareholder or individual; or
- 17 (c) Nonprofit organizations exempt from taxation under
- 18 Section 501(c)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
- amended.
- 20 2. The assumption of liabilities of the transferor by the
- 21 transferee incident to any of the transactions enumerated in the
- 22 above subdivisions (1) to (8) of subsection 1 of this section
- 23 shall not disqualify the transfer from the exclusion described in
- this section, where such liability assumption is related to the
- 25 property transferred and where the assumption does not have as
- 26 its principal purpose the avoidance of Missouri sales or use tax.
- 27 144.020. 1. A tax is hereby levied and imposed for the
- 28 privilege of titling new and used motor vehicles, trailers,

- boats, and outboard motors purchased or acquired for use on the highways or waters of this state which are required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri and, except as provided in subdivision (9) of this subsection, upon all sellers for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible
- personal property or rendering taxable service at retail in this

 state. The rate of tax shall be as follows:

- (1) Upon every retail sale in this state of tangible personal property, excluding motor vehicles, trailers, motorcycles, mopeds, motortricycles, boats and outboard motors required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri and subject to tax under subdivision (9) of this subsection, a tax equivalent to four percent of the purchase price paid or charged, or in case such sale involves the exchange of property, a tax equivalent to four percent of the consideration paid or charged, including the fair market value of the property exchanged at the time and place of the exchange, except as otherwise provided in section 144.025:
 - (2) A tax equivalent to four percent of the amount paid for admission and seating accommodations, or fees paid to, or in any place of amusement, entertainment or recreation, games and athletic events, except amounts paid for any instructional class;
 - (3) A tax equivalent to four percent of the basic rate paid or charged on all sales of electricity or electrical current, water and gas, natural or artificial, to domestic, commercial or industrial consumers;
- (4) (a) A tax equivalent to four percent on the basic rate paid or charged on all sales of local and long distance

- 1 telecommunications service to telecommunications subscribers and
- 2 to others through equipment of telecommunications subscribers for
- 3 the transmission of messages and conversations and upon the sale,
- 4 rental or leasing of all equipment or services pertaining or
- 5 incidental thereto; except that, the payment made by
- 6 telecommunications subscribers or others, pursuant to section
- 7 144.060, and any amounts paid for access to the internet or
- 8 interactive computer services shall not be considered as amounts
- 9 paid for telecommunications services;
- 10 (b) If local and long distance telecommunications services
- 11 subject to tax under this subdivision are aggregated with and not
- separately stated from charges for telecommunications service or
- other services not subject to tax under this subdivision,
- including, but not limited to, interstate or international
- 15 telecommunications services, then the charges for nontaxable
- 16 services may be subject to taxation unless the telecommunications
- 17 provider can identify by reasonable and verifiable standards such
- 18 portion of the charges not subject to such tax from its books and
- 19 records that are kept in the regular course of business,
- 20 including, but not limited to, financial statement, general
- 21 ledgers, invoice and billing systems and reports, and reports for
- 22 regulatory tariffs and other regulatory matters;
- 23 (c) A telecommunications provider shall notify the director
- of revenue of its intention to utilize the standards described in
- 25 paragraph (b) of this subdivision to determine the charges that
- 26 are subject to sales tax under this subdivision. Such
- 27 notification shall be in writing and shall meet standardized
- 28 criteria established by the department regarding the form and

- 1 format of such notice;
- 2 (d) The director of revenue may promulgate and enforce
- 3 reasonable rules and regulations for the administration and
- 4 enforcement of the provisions of this subdivision. Any rule or
- 5 portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010,
- 6 that is created under the authority delegated in this section
- 7 shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to
- 8 all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section
- 9 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if
- any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to
- 11 chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to
- disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held
- unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any
- 14 rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2019, shall be invalid
- 15 and void;
- 16 (5) A tax equivalent to four percent of the basic rate paid
- or charged for all sales of services for transmission of messages
- 18 of telegraph companies;
- 19 (6) A tax equivalent to four percent on the amount of sales
- or charges for all rooms, meals and drinks furnished at any
- 21 hotel, motel, tavern, inn, restaurant, eating house, drugstore,
- 22 dining car, tourist cabin, tourist camp or other place in which
- 23 rooms, meals or drinks are regularly served to the public. The
- 24 tax imposed under this subdivision shall not apply to any
- automatic mandatory gratuity for a large group imposed by a
- 26 restaurant when such gratuity is reported as employee tip income
- and the restaurant withholds income tax under section 143.191 on
- 28 such gratuity;

(7) A tax equivalent to four percent of the amount paid or charged for intrastate tickets by every person operating a railroad, sleeping car, dining car, express car, boat, airplane and such buses and trucks as are licensed by the division of motor carrier and railroad safety of the department of economic development of Missouri, engaged in the transportation of persons for hire;

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8 A tax equivalent to four percent of the amount paid or 9 charged for rental or lease of tangible personal property, 10 provided that if the lessor or renter of any tangible personal property had previously purchased the property under the 11 12 conditions of sale at retail or leased or rented the property and 13 the tax was paid at the time of purchase, lease or rental, the 14 lessor, sublessor, renter or subrenter shall not apply or collect 15 the tax on the subsequent lease, sublease, rental or subrental 16 receipts from that property. The purchase, rental or lease of 17 motor vehicles, trailers, motorcycles, mopeds, motortricycles, boats, and outboard motors shall be taxed and the tax paid as 18 19 provided in this section and section 144.070. In no event shall 20 the rental or lease of boats and outboard motors be considered a 21 sale, charge, or fee to, for or in places of amusement, 22 entertainment or recreation nor shall any such rental or lease be 23 subject to any tax imposed to, for, or in such places of 24 amusement, entertainment or recreation. Rental and leased boats 25 or outboard motors shall be taxed under the provisions of the 26 sales tax laws as provided under such laws for motor vehicles and 27 trailers. Tangible personal property which is exempt from the 28 sales or use tax under section 144.030 upon a sale thereof is

- likewise exempt from the sales or use tax upon the lease or rental thereof:
- 3 (9) A tax equivalent to four percent of the purchase price, 4 as defined in section 144.070, of new and used motor vehicles, 5 trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased or acquired for 6 use on the highways or waters of this state which are required to 7 be registered under the laws of the state of Missouri. This tax 8 is imposed on the person titling such property, and shall be paid 9 according to the procedures in section 144.440.
 - 2. All tickets sold which are sold under the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525] this chapter which are subject to the sales tax shall have printed, stamped or otherwise endorsed thereon, the words "This ticket is subject to a sales tax.".

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- 14 144.049. 1. For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:
 - (1) "Clothing", any article of wearing apparel intended to be worn on or about the human body including, but not limited to, disposable diapers for infants or adults and footwear. The term shall include, but not be limited to, cloth and other material used to make school uniforms or other school clothing. Items normally sold in pairs shall not be separated to qualify for the exemption. The term shall not include watches, watchbands, jewelry, handbags, handkerchiefs, umbrellas, scarves, ties, headbands, or belt buckles; and
 - (2) "Personal computers", a laptop, desktop, or tower computer system which consists of a central processing unit, random access memory, a storage drive, a display monitor, and a keyboard and devices designed for use in conjunction with a

- 1 personal computer, such as a disk drive, memory module, compact
- disk drive, daughterboard, digitizer, microphone, modem,
- 3 motherboard, mouse, multimedia speaker, printer, scanner,
- 4 single-user hardware, single-user operating system, soundcard, or
- 5 video card;
- 6 (3) "School supplies", any item normally used by students
- 7 in a standard classroom for educational purposes, including but
- 8 not limited to textbooks, notebooks, paper, writing instruments,
- 9 crayons, art supplies, rulers, book bags, backpacks, handheld
- 10 calculators, chalk, maps, and globes. The term shall not include
- 11 watches, radios, CD players, headphones, sporting equipment,
- 12 portable or desktop telephones, copiers or other office
- equipment, furniture, or fixtures. School supplies shall also
- include computer software having a taxable value of three hundred
- 15 fifty dollars or less and any graphing calculator having a
- 16 taxable value of one hundred fifty dollars or less.
- 17 2. In each year beginning on or after January 1, 2005,
- 18 there is hereby specifically exempted from state and local sales
- 19 tax law all retail sales of any article of clothing having a
- taxable value of one hundred dollars or less, all retail sales of
- 21 school supplies not to exceed fifty dollars per purchase, all
- 22 computer software with a taxable value of three hundred fifty
- dollars or less, all graphing calculators having a taxable value
- of one hundred fifty dollars or less, and all retail sales of
- 25 personal computers or computer peripheral devices not to exceed
- one thousand five hundred dollars, during a three-day period
- 27 beginning at 12:01 a.m. on the first Friday in August and ending
- 28 at midnight on the Sunday following. Where a purchaser and

- seller are located in two different time zones, the time zone of
 the seller's location shall determine the authorized exemption
 period.
- [If the governing body of any political subdivision adopted an ordinance that applied to the 2004 sales tax holiday 5 6 to prohibit the provisions of this section from allowing the 7 sales tax holiday to apply to such political subdivision's local 8 sales tax, then, notwithstanding any provision of a local 9 ordinance to the contrary, the 2005 sales tax holiday shall not 10 apply to such political subdivision's local sales tax. However, 11 any such political subdivision may enact an ordinance to allow 12 the 2005 sales tax holiday to apply to its local sales taxes. A 13 political subdivision must notify the department of revenue not 14 less than forty-five calendar days prior to the beginning date of 15 the sales tax holiday occurring in that year of any ordinance or order rescinding an ordinance or order to opt out. 16
- 17 4.] This section shall not apply to any sales which take 18 place within the Missouri state fairgrounds.
- 19 **[5.]** $\underline{4.}$ This section applies to sales of items bought for 20 personal use only.

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[6. After the 2005 sales tax holiday, any political subdivision may, by adopting an ordinance or order, choose to prohibit future annual sales tax holidays from applying to its local sales tax. After opting out, the political subdivision may rescind the ordinance or order. The political subdivision must notify the department of revenue not less than forty-five calendar days prior to the beginning date of the sales tax holiday occurring in that year of any ordinance or order

1 rescinding an ordinance or order to opt out.

- 7.] <u>5.</u> This section may not apply to any retailer when less than two percent of the retailer's merchandise offered for sale qualifies for the sales tax holiday. The retailer [shall] <u>may</u> offer a sales tax refund in lieu of the sales tax holiday.
 - 6. A sale of property which is eligible for an exemption under subsection 1 of this section but is purchased under a layaway sale shall only qualify for an exemption if:
- 9 <u>(1) Final payment on a layaway order is made by, and the</u>
 10 <u>property is given to, the purchaser during the exemption period;</u>
 11 or
 - (2) The purchaser selects the property and the seller accepts the order for the property during the exemption period, for immediate delivery upon full payment, even if delivery is made after the exemption period.
 - 7. The exemption of a bundled transaction shall be calculated as provided by law for all other bundled transactions.
 - 8. (1) For any discount offered by a seller that is a reduction of the sales price of the product, the discounted sales price shall determine whether the sales price falls below the price threshold provided in subsection 1 of this section. A coupon that reduces the sales price shall be treated as a discount only if the seller is not reimbursed for the coupon amount by a third party.
 - (2) If a discount applies to the total amount paid by a purchaser rather than to the sales price of a particular product and the purchaser has purchased both exempt property and taxable property, the seller shall allocate the discount based on the

- total sales prices of the taxable property compared to the total
 sales prices of all property sold in the same transaction.
- 9. Items that are normally sold as a single unit shall continue to be sold in that manner and shall not be priced separately and sold as individual items.

- 10. Items that are purchased during an exemption period but that are not delivered to the purchaser until after the exemption period due to the item not being in stock shall qualify for an exemption. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to an item that was delivered during an exemption period but was purchased prior to or after the exemption period.
- 11. (1) If a purchaser purchases an item of eligible property during an exemption period, but later exchanges the item for a similar eligible item after the exemption period, no additional tax shall be due on the new item.
- (2) If a purchaser purchases an item of eligible property during an exemption period, but later returns the item after the exemption period and receives credit on the purchase of a different nonexempt item, the appropriate sales tax shall be due on the sale of the newly purchased item.
- (3) If a purchaser purchases an item of eliqible property before an exemption period, but during the exemption period returns the item and receives credit on the purchase of a different item of eliqible property, no sales tax shall be due on the sale of the new item if the new item is purchased during the exemption period.
- (4) For a sixty-day period immediately following the end of the exemption period, if a purchaser returns an exempt item, no

- 1 credit for or refund of sales tax shall be given unless the
- 2 purchaser provides a receipt or invoice that shows tax was paid,
- 3 or the seller has sufficient documentation to show that tax was
- 4 paid on the item being returned.
- 5 144.054. 1. As used in this section, the following terms
- 6 mean:
- 7 (1) "Processing", any mode of treatment, act, or series of
- 8 acts performed upon materials to transform or reduce them to a
- 9 different state or thing, including treatment necessary to
- 10 maintain or preserve such processing by the producer at the
- 11 production facility;
- 12 (2) "Producing" includes, but is not limited to, the
- 13 production of, including the production and transmission of,
- 14 telecommunication services;
- 15 (3) "Product" includes, but is not limited to,
- 16 telecommunications services;
- 17 (4) "Recovered materials", those materials which have been
- 18 diverted or removed from the solid waste stream for sale, use,
- reuse, or recycling, whether or not they require subsequent
- 20 separation and processing.
- 2. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this
- 22 chapter, there is hereby specifically exempted from the
- 23 provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to
- 24 144.761, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or
- 25 payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761]
- this chapter and the local sales tax law as defined in section
- 32.085 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or
- 28 payable under this chapter and the local sales tax law as defined

- 1 <u>in section 32.085</u>, electrical energy and gas, whether natural,
- 2 artificial, or propane, water, coal, and energy sources,
- 3 chemicals, machinery, equipment, and materials used or consumed
- 4 in the manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, or
- 5 producing of any product, or used or consumed in the processing
- of recovered materials, or used in research and development
- 7 related to manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, or
- 8 producing any product. [The exemptions granted in this
- 9 subsection shall not apply to local sales taxes as defined in
- section 32.085 and the provisions of this subsection shall be in
- 11 addition to any state and local sales tax exemption provided in
- section 144.030.] The construction and application of this
- 13 subsection as expressed by the Missouri supreme court in DST
- 14 Systems, Inc. v. Director of Revenue, 43 S.W.3d 799 (Mo. banc
- 2001); Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v. Director of Revenue, 78
- 16 S.W.3d 763 (Mo. banc 2002); and Southwestern Bell Tel. Co. v.
- Director of Revenue, 182 S.W.3d 226 (Mo. banc 2005), is hereby
- 18 affirmed.
- 19 3. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this
- 20 chapter, there is hereby specifically exempted from the
- 21 provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to
- 22 144.761, and section 238.235,] this chapter and the local sales
- 23 tax law as defined in section 32.085, and from the computation of
- 24 the tax levied, assessed, or payable under [sections 144.010 to
- 25 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235,] this
- 26 chapter and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085,
- 27 all utilities, machinery, and equipment used or consumed directly
- in television or radio broadcasting and all sales and purchases

- of tangible personal property, utilities, services, or any other
- 2 transaction that would otherwise be subject to the state or local
- 3 sales or use tax when such sales are made to or purchases are
- 4 made by a contractor for use in fulfillment of any obligation
- 5 under a defense contract with the United States government, and
- 6 all sales and leases of tangible personal property by any county,
- 7 city, incorporated town, or village, provided such sale or lease
- 8 is authorized under chapter 100, and such transaction is
- 9 certified for sales tax exemption by the department of economic
- development, and tangible personal property used for railroad
- infrastructure brought into this state for processing,
- 12 fabrication, or other modification for use outside the state in
- 13 the regular course of business.
- 4. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this
- 15 chapter, there is hereby specifically exempted from the
- 16 provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to
- 17 144.761, and section 238.235,] this chapter and the local sales
- 18 tax law as defined in section 32.085, and from the computation of
- the tax levied, assessed, or payable under [sections 144.010 to
- 20 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235,] this
- 21 <u>chapter</u> and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085,
- 22 all sales and purchases of tangible personal property, utilities,
- services, or any other transaction that would otherwise be
- 24 subject to the state or local sales or use tax when such sales
- are made to or purchases are made by a private partner for use in
- 26 completing a project under sections 227.600 to 227.669.
- 5. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this
- chapter, there is hereby specifically exempted from the

- 1 provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to
- 2 144.761, and section 238.235,] this chapter and the local sales
- 3 tax law as defined in section 32.085, and from the computation of
- 4 the tax levied, assessed, or payable under [sections 144.010 to
- 5 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235,] this
- 6 chapter and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085,
- 7 all materials, manufactured goods, machinery and parts,
- 8 electrical energy and gas, whether natural, artificial or
- 9 propane, water, coal and other energy sources, chemicals, soaps,
- detergents, cleaning and sanitizing agents, and other ingredients
- and materials inserted by commercial or industrial laundries to
- 12 treat, clean, and sanitize textiles in facilities which process
- 13 at least five hundred pounds of textiles per hour and at least
- 14 sixty thousand pounds per week.
- 15 144.060. 1. It shall be the duty of every person making
- 16 any purchase or receiving any service upon which a tax is imposed
- by sections 144.010 to 144.510 to pay, to the extent possible
- 18 under the provisions of section 144.285, the amount of such tax
- 19 to the person making such sale or rendering such service. Any
- 20 person who shall willfully and intentionally refuse to pay such
- 21 tax shall be quilty of a misdemeanor. The provisions of this
- section shall not apply to any person making any purchase or sale
- of a motor vehicle subject to sales tax as provided by the
- 24 Missouri sales tax law, unless such person making the sale is a
- 25 motor vehicle dealer authorized to collect and remit sales tax
- pursuant to subsection 10 of section 144.070.
- 2. A purchaser shall be relieved from any additional tax,
- interest, additions, or penalties for failure to collect and

remit the proper amount of tax owed on a purchase subject to sales tax under this chapter if:

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- 3 (1) A purchaser's seller or a certified service provider
 4 relied on erroneous data provided by the director on tax rates,
 5 boundaries, taxing jurisdiction assignments, or in the taxability
 6 matrix created pursuant to section 144.124;
 - (2) A purchaser using a database created pursuant to section 144.123 received erroneous data provided by the director on tax rates, boundaries, or taxing jurisdiction assignments; or
- 10 (3) A purchaser relied on erroneous data provided by the
 11 director in the taxability matrix created pursuant to section
 12 144.124.
 - 144.080. 1. Every person receiving any payment or consideration upon the sale of property or rendering of service, subject to the tax imposed by the provisions of sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527, is exercising the taxable privilege of selling the property or rendering the service at retail and is subject to the tax levied in section 144.020. The person shall be responsible not only for the collection of the amount of the tax imposed on the sale or service to the extent possible under the provisions of section 144.285, but shall, on or before the last day of the month following each calendar quarterly period of three months, file a return with the director of revenue showing the person's gross receipts and the amount of tax levied in section 144.020 for the preceding quarter, and shall remit to the director of revenue, with the return, the taxes levied in section 144.020, except as provided in subsections 2 and 3 of this section. The director of revenue may promulgate rules or

regulations changing the filing and payment requirements of sellers, but shall not require any seller to file and pay more frequently than required in this section.

- 2. (1) Where the aggregate amount levied and imposed upon a seller by section 144.020 is in excess of two hundred fifty dollars for either the first or second month of a calendar quarter, the seller shall file a return and pay such aggregate amount for such months to the director of revenue by the twentieth day of the succeeding month.
- (2) Beginning January 1, 2021, where the aggregate amount levied and imposed upon a seller by section 144.020 is in excess of two hundred fifty dollars for either the first or second month of a calendar quarter, the seller shall file a return and pay such aggregate amount for such months to the director of revenue on or before the last day of the succeeding month.
- 3. Where the aggregate amount levied and imposed upon a seller by section 144.020 is less than forty-five dollars in a calendar quarter, the director of revenue shall by regulation permit the seller to file a return for a calendar year. The return shall be filed and the taxes paid on or before January thirty-first of the succeeding year.
- 4. The seller of any property or person rendering any service, subject to the tax imposed by sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527, shall collect the tax from the purchaser of such property or the recipient of the service to the extent possible under the provisions of section 144.285, but the seller's inability to collect any part or all of the tax does not relieve the seller of the obligation to pay to the state the tax

- 1 imposed by section 144.020; except that the collection of the tax
- 2 imposed by sections 144.010 to [144.525] <u>144.527</u> on motor
- 3 vehicles and trailers shall be made as provided in sections
- 4 144.070 and 144.440.
- 5. Any person may advertise or hold out or state to the
- 6 public or to any customer directly that the tax or any part
- 7 thereof imposed by sections 144.010 to [144.525] 144.527, and
- 8 required to be collected by the person, will be assumed or
- 9 absorbed by the person, provided that the amount of tax assumed
- or absorbed shall be stated on any invoice or receipt for the
- 11 property sold or service rendered. Any person violating any of
- 12 the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 13 This subsection shall not apply to any retailer prohibited from
- 14 collecting and remitting sales tax under section 66.630.
- 15 144.140. 1. From every remittance to the director of
- 16 revenue made on or before the date when the same becomes due, the
- person required to remit the same shall be entitled to deduct and
- 18 retain an amount equal to two percent thereof.
- 19 <u>2. The director shall provide a monetary allowance from the</u>
- 20 <u>taxes collected to a certified service provider under the terms</u>
- of the contract signed with the certified service provider,
- 22 provided that such allowance shall be funded entirely from money
- 23 <u>collected by the certified service provider.</u>
- 24 3. Any certified service provider receiving an allowance
- 25 <u>under subsection 2 of this section shall not be entitled to</u>
- simultaneously deduct the allowance provided for under subsection
- 27 1 of this section.
- 4. For the purposes of this section, "certified service

- 1 provider" shall mean an agent certified by the department of
- 2 revenue to perform all the seller's sales and use tax functions,
- 3 other than the seller's obligation to remit tax on its own
- 4 purchases.
- 5 144.526. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited 6 as the "Show Me Green Sales Tax Holiday".
- 7 2. For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:
- 8 (1) "Appliance", clothes washers and dryers, water heaters, 9 trash compactors, dishwashers, conventional ovens, ranges,
- 10 stoves, air conditioners, furnaces, refrigerators and freezers;
- 11 and
- 12 (2) "Energy star certified", any appliance approved by both
- the United States Environmental Protection Agency and the United
- 14 States Department of Energy as eligible to display the energy
- star label, as amended from time to time.
- 16 3. In each year beginning on or after January 1, 2009,
- there is hereby specifically exempted from state sales tax law
- and all local sales and use taxes all retail sales of any energy
- 19 star certified new appliance, up to one thousand five hundred
- dollars per appliance[,] during a seven-day period beginning at
- 21 12:01 a.m. on April nineteenth and ending at midnight on April
- 22 twenty-fifth. Where a purchaser and seller are located in two
- 23 different time zones, the time zone of the seller's location
- 24 shall determine the authorized exemption period.
- 4. [A political subdivision may allow the sales tax holiday
- 26 under this section to apply to its local sales taxes by enacting
- 27 an ordinance to that effect. Any such political subdivision
- 28 shall notify the department of revenue not less than forty-five

calendar days prior to the beginning date of the sales tax holiday occurring in that year of any such ordinance or order.

- 5. This section may not apply to any retailer when less than two percent of the retailer's merchandise offered for sale qualifies for the sales tax holiday. The retailer shall offer a sales tax refund in lieu of the sales tax holiday. A sale of property which is eligible for an exemption under subsection 1 of this section but is purchased under a layaway sale shall only qualify for an exemption if:
- 10 <u>(1) Final payment on a layaway order is made by, and the</u>
 11 <u>property is given to, the purchaser during the exemption period;</u>
 12 or
 - (2) The purchaser selects the property and the seller accepts the order for the property during the exemption period, for immediate delivery upon full payment, even if delivery is made after the exemption period.
 - 5. (1) For any discount offered by a seller that is a reduction of the sales price of the product, the discounted sales price shall determine whether the sales price falls below the price threshold provided in subsection 1 of this section. A coupon that reduces the sales price shall be treated as a discount only if the seller is not reimbursed for the coupon amount by a third party.
 - (2) If a discount applies to the total amount paid by a purchaser rather than to the sales price of a particular product and the purchaser has purchased both exempt property and taxable property, the seller shall allocate the discount based on the total sales prices of the taxable property compared to the total

- 1 sales prices of all property sold in the same transaction.
- 2 <u>6. Items that are normally sold as a single unit shall</u>
- 3 <u>continue to be sold in that manner and shall not be priced</u>
- 4 <u>separately and sold as individual items.</u>
- 5 <u>7. Items that are purchased during an exemption period but</u>
- 6 that are not delivered to the purchaser until after the exemption
- 7 period due to the item not being in stock shall qualify for an
- 8 <u>exemption</u>. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to
- 9 <u>an item that was delivered during an exemption period but was</u>
- 10 purchased prior to or after the exemption period.
- 11 <u>8. (1) If a purchaser purchases an item of eliqible</u>
- 12 property during an exemption period, but later exchanges the item
- for a similar eligible item after the exemption period, no
- 14 additional tax shall be due on the new item.
- 15 (2) If a purchaser purchases an item of eligible property
- during an exemption period, but later returns the item after the
- exemption period and receives credit on the purchase of a
- 18 different nonexempt item, the appropriate sales tax shall be due
- on the sale of the newly purchased item.
- 20 (3) If a purchaser purchases an item of eligible property
- 21 <u>before an exemption period</u>, but during the exemption period
- 22 returns the item and receives credit on the purchase of a
- 23 different item of eligible property, no sales tax shall be due on
- the sale of the new item if the new item is purchased during the
- 25 <u>exemption period</u>.
- 26 (4) For a sixty day period immediately following the end of
- 27 the exemption period, if a purchaser returns an exempt item no
- 28 credit for or refund of sales tax shall be given unless the

- 1 purchaser provides a receipt or invoice that shows tax was paid,
- or the seller has sufficient documentation to show that tax was
- 3 paid on the item being returned.
- 4 144.605. The following words and phrases as used in
- 5 sections 144.600 to 144.745 mean and include:
- 6 (1) "Calendar quarter", the period of three consecutive
- 7 calendar months ending on March thirty-first, June thirtieth,
- 8 September thirtieth or December thirty-first;
- 9 (2) "Certified service provider" or "CSP", an agent
- certified by the department of revenue to perform all the
- 11 <u>seller's sales and use tax functions, other than the seller's</u>
- 12 obligation to remit tax on its own purchases;
- 13 <u>(3)</u> "Engages in business activities within this state"
- 14 includes:
- 15 (a) Maintaining or having a franchisee or licensee
- operating under the seller's trade name in this state if the
- 17 franchisee or licensee is required to collect sales tax pursuant
- 18 to sections 144.010 to 144.525;
- 19 (b) Soliciting sales or taking orders by sales agents or
- 20 traveling representatives;
- 21 (c) A vendor is presumed to engage in business activities
- 22 within this state if any person, other than a common carrier
- 23 acting in its capacity as such, that has substantial nexus with
- 24 this state:
- 25 a. Sells a similar line of products as the vendor and does
- so under the same or a similar business name;
- 27 b. Maintains an office, distribution facility, warehouse,
- 28 or storage place, or similar place of business in the state to

facilitate the delivery of property or services sold by the vendor to the vendor's customers:

- 3 c. Delivers, installs, assembles, or performs maintenance 4 services for the vendor's customers within the state;
 - d. Facilitates the vendor's delivery of property to customers in the state by allowing the vendor's customers to pick up property sold by the vendor at an office, distribution facility, warehouse, storage place, or similar place of business maintained by the person in the state; or
 - e. Conducts any other activities in the state that are significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish and maintain a market in the state for the sales;
 - (d) The presumption in paragraph (c) of this subdivision may be rebutted by demonstrating that the person's activities in the state are not significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish or maintain a market in this state for the vendor's sales;
 - (e) [Notwithstanding paragraph (c), a vendor shall be presumed to engage in business activities within this state if the vendor enters into an agreement with one or more residents of this state under which the resident, for a commission or other consideration, directly or indirectly refers potential customers, whether by a link on an internet website, an in-person oral presentation, telemarketing, or otherwise, to the vendor, if the cumulative gross receipts from sales by the vendor to customers in the state who are referred to the vendor by all residents with this type of an agreement with the vendor is in excess of ten thousand dollars during the preceding twelve months;

The presumption in paragraph (e) may be rebutted by submitting proof that the residents with whom the vendor has an agreement did not engage in any activity within the state that was significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish or maintain the vendor's market in the state during the preceding twelve months. Such proof may consist of sworn written statements from all of the residents with whom the vendor has an agreement stating that they did not engage in any solicitation in the state on behalf of the vendor during the preceding year provided that such statements were provided and obtained in good faith] Selling tangible personal property for delivery into this state provided the seller's gross receipts from delivery of tangible personal property into this state in the previous calendar year or current calendar year exceeds one hundred thousand dollars. For the purposes of calculating a seller's gross receipts under this paragraph, following the close of each calendar quarter, a vendor shall determine whether the vendor met the requirements under this paragraph during the twelve-month period ending on the last day of the preceding calendar quarter. If the vendor met such requirements for any such twelve-month period, such vendor shall collect and remit the tax as provided under section 144.635 for a period of not less than twelve months, beginning not more than three months following the close of the preceding calendar quarter, and shall continue to collect and remit the tax for as long as the vendor is engaged in business activities within this state, as provided for under this paragraph, or otherwise maintains a substantial nexus with this state;

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[(3)] (4) "Maintains a place of business in this state" includes maintaining, occupying, or using, permanently or temporarily, directly or indirectly, by whatever name called, an office, place of distribution, sales or sample room or place, warehouse or storage place, or other place of business in this state, whether owned or operated by the vendor or by any other person other than a common carrier acting in its capacity as such;

- [(4)] (5) "Person", any individual, firm, copartnership, joint venture, association, corporation, municipal or private, and whether organized for profit or not, state, county, political subdivision, state department, commission, board, bureau or agency, except the state transportation department, estate, trust, business trust, receiver or trustee appointed by the state or federal court, syndicate, or any other group or combination acting as a unit, and the plural as well as the singular number;
- [(5)] (6) "Purchase", the acquisition of the ownership of, or title to, tangible personal property, through a sale, as defined herein, for the purpose of storage, use or consumption in this state;
- [(6)] (7) "Purchaser", any person who is the recipient for a valuable consideration of any sale of tangible personal property acquired for use, storage or consumption in this state;
- [(7)] (8) "Sale", any transfer, barter or exchange of the title or ownership of tangible personal property, or the right to use, store or consume the same, for a consideration paid or to be paid, and any transaction whether called leases, rentals, bailments, loans, conditional sales or otherwise, and

notwithstanding that the title or possession of the property or 1 2 both is retained for security. For the purpose of this law the place of delivery of the property to the purchaser, user, storer 3 4 or consumer is deemed to be the place of sale, whether the 5 delivery be by the vendor or by common carriers, private 6 contractors, mails, express, agents, salesmen, solicitors, 7 hawkers, representatives, consignors, peddlers, canvassers or 8 otherwise:

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[(8)] (9) "Sales price", the consideration including the charges for services, except charges incident to the extension of credit, paid or given, or contracted to be paid or given, by the purchaser to the vendor for the tangible personal property, including any services that are a part of the sale, valued in money, whether paid in money or otherwise, and any amount for which credit is given to the purchaser by the vendor, without any deduction therefrom on account of the cost of the property sold, the cost of materials used, labor or service cost, losses or any other expenses whatsoever, except that cash discounts allowed and taken on sales shall not be included and "sales price" shall not include the amount charged for property returned by customers upon rescission of the contract of sales when the entire amount charged therefor is refunded either in cash or credit or the amount charged for labor or services rendered in installing or applying the property sold, the use, storage or consumption of which is taxable pursuant to sections 144.600 to 144.745. The sales price shall not include usual and customary delivery charges that are separately stated. In determining the amount of tax due pursuant to sections 144.600 to 144.745, any charge

- incident to the extension of credit shall be specifically exempted;
- [(9)] (10) "Selling agent", every person acting as a representative of a principal, when such principal is not
- 5 registered with the director of revenue of the state of Missouri
- 6 for the collection of the taxes imposed pursuant to sections
- 7 144.010 to 144.525 or sections 144.600 to 144.745 and who
- 8 receives compensation by reason of the sale of tangible personal
- 9 property of the principal, if such property is to be stored,
- 10 used, or consumed in this state;
- [(10)] $\underline{(11)}$ "Storage", any keeping or retention in this
- 12 state of tangible personal property purchased from a vendor,
- except property for sale or property that is temporarily kept or
- 14 retained in this state for subsequent use outside the state;
- [(11)] (12) "Tangible personal property", all items subject
- to the Missouri sales tax as provided in subdivisions (1) and (3)
- of subsection 1 of section 144.020;
- 18 [(12)] (13) "Taxpayer", any person remitting the tax or who
- should remit the tax levied by sections 144.600 to 144.745;
- [(13)] (14) "Use", the exercise of any right or power over
- 21 tangible personal property incident to the ownership or control
- of that property, except that it does not include the temporary
- 23 storage of property in this state for subsequent use outside the
- state, or the sale of the property in the regular course of
- 25 business;
- [(14)] (15) "Vendor", every person engaged in making sales
- of tangible personal property by mail order, by advertising, by
- agent or peddling tangible personal property, soliciting or

taking orders for sales of tangible personal property, for 1 2 storage, use or consumption in this state, all salesmen, solicitors, hawkers, representatives, consignees, peddlers or 3 canvassers, as agents of the dealers, distributors, consignors, 4 5 supervisors, principals or employers under whom they operate or 6 from whom they obtain the tangible personal property sold by 7 them, and every person who maintains a place of business in this 8 state, maintains a stock of goods in this state, or engages in 9 business activities within this state and every person who 10 engages in this state in the business of acting as a selling agent for persons not otherwise vendors as defined in this 11 12 subdivision. Irrespective of whether they are making sales on 13 their own behalf or on behalf of the dealers, distributors, 14 consignors, supervisors, principals or employers, they must be 15 regarded as vendors and the dealers, distributors, consignors, 16 supervisors, principals or employers must be regarded as vendors 17 for the purposes of sections 144.600 to 144.745.

144.608. 1. For the purpose of more efficiently securing the payment of and accounting for the tax collected and remitted by retailers and vendors, the department is hereby authorized:

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- (1) To consult, contract, and work jointly with the streamlined sales and use tax agreement's governing board to allow sellers to use the governing board's certified service providers and central registration system services; or
- (2) To consult, contract, and work with certified service providers independently. The department is authorized to determine the method and amount of compensation to be provided to certified service providers by this state for the services of

- 1 such certified service providers to certain sellers, provided
- 2 <u>that no certified service provider or seller utilizing a</u>
- 3 certified service provider shall be entitled to the deduction
- 4 provided in subsection 1 of section 144.140.
- 5 2. The director of revenue shall make, promulgate, and
- 6 <u>enforce reasonable rules and regulations for the administration</u>
- 7 and enforcement of the provisions of this chapter relating to the
- 8 <u>collection and remittance of sales and use tax by certified</u>
- 9 service providers. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term
- is defined in section 536.010 that is created under the authority
- 11 <u>delegated in this section shall become effective only if it</u>
- complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter
- 13 <u>536 and, if applicable, section 536.028</u>. This section and
- chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with
- the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay
- 16 the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are
- subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking
- authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2020,
- 19 shall be invalid and void.
- 20 144.637. 1. The director of revenue shall provide and
- 21 <u>maintain a database that describes boundary changes for all</u>
- 22 taxing jurisdictions and the effective dates of such changes for
- 23 the use of vendors collecting the tax imposed under sections
- 24 144.600 to 144.745.
- 25 2. For the identification of counties and cities, codes
- 26 corresponding to the rates shall be provided according to Federal
- 27 Information Processing Standards (FIPS) as developed by the
- 28 National Institute of Standards and Technology. For the

- identification of all other jurisdictions, codes corresponding to
 the rates shall be in a format determined by the director.
- 3. The director shall provide and maintain address-based
- 4 boundary database records for assigning taxing jurisdictions and
- 5 associated rates. The database records shall meet the
- 6 requirements developed pursuant to the federal Mobile
- 7 Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Section 119(a). If a
- 8 vendor is unable to determine the applicable rate and
- 9 jurisdiction using an address-based database record after
- 10 exercising due diligence, the vendor may apply the nine-digit zip
- 11 <u>code designation applicable to a purchase. If a nine-digit zip</u>
- 12 <u>code designation is not available for a street address or if a</u>
- vendor is unable to determine the nine-digit zip code designation
- 14 <u>applicable to a purchase after exercising due diligence to</u>
- determine the designation, the vendor may apply the rate for the
- 16 five-digit zip code area. For the purposes of this section,
- there shall be a rebuttable presumption that a vendor has
- 18 exercised due diligence if the vendor has attempted to determine
- the tax rate and jurisdiction by utilizing software approved by
- 20 the director and makes the assignment from the address and zip
- 21 <u>code information applicable to the purchase. The databases shall</u>
- be in the same approved format as the database records under this
- 23 section and meet the requirements developed pursuant to the
- federal Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Section
- 25 119(a). If the director certifies an address-based database
- 26 provided by a third party, a vendor may use such database in
- 27 place of the database provided for in this subsection.
- 28 4. The electronic database provided for in subsections 1,

- 1 2, and 3 of this section shall be in downloadable format as
- 2 determined by the director. The database may be directly
- 3 provided by the director or provided by a third party as
- 4 <u>designated by the director.</u> The database provided by the
- 5 director shall be provided at no cost to the user of the
- 6 <u>database</u>. The provisions of subsection 3 of this section shall
- 7 <u>not apply if the purchased product is received by the purchaser</u>
- 8 at the business location of the vendor.
- 9 5. No vendor shall be liable for reliance upon erroneous
- data provided by the director on tax rates, boundaries, or taxing
- 11 jurisdiction assignments.
- 12 144.638. 1. The director shall provide and maintain a
- 13 <u>taxability matrix</u>. The state's entries in the matrix shall be
- 14 provided and maintained by the director in a database that is in
- 15 a downloadable format.
- 16 2. The director shall provide reasonable notice of changes
- in the taxability of the products or services listed in the
- 18 taxability matrix.
- 3. A seller or CSP shall be relieved from liability to this
- 20 state or any local taxing jurisdiction for having charged and
- 21 <u>collected the incorrect amount of state or local sales or use tax</u>
- 22 resulting from such seller's or CSP's reliance upon erroneous
- 23 data provided or approved by the director in the taxability
- 24 matrix, and a seller shall be relieved from liability for
- erroneous returns made by a CSP on behalf of the seller.
- 26 144.710. [From every remittance made by a vendor as
- 27 required by sections 144.600 to 144.745 to the director of
- 28 revenue on or before the date when the remittance becomes due,

- 1 the vendor may deduct and retain an amount equal to two percent
- 2 thereof.] The provisions of section 144.140 relating to the
- 3 allowance for timely remittance of payment shall be applicable to
- 4 the tax levied under sections 144.600 to 144.745.
- 5 144.752. 1. For the purposes of this section, the
- 6 following terms shall mean:
- 7 (1) "Marketplace facilitator", a person that:
- 8 (a) Facilitates a retail sale by a marketplace seller by
- 9 listing or advertising for sale by the marketplace seller in any
- 10 <u>forum, tangible personal property or services that are subject to</u>
- 11 <u>tax under this chapter; and</u>

- 12 (b) Either directly or indirectly through agreements or
- arrangements with third parties collecting payment from the
- 14 purchaser and transmitting such payment to the marketplace seller
- 15 regardless of whether the marketplace facilitator receives
- 16 compensation or other consideration in exchange for its services.
- 18 A marketplace facilitator is a seller and shall comply with the
- 19 provisions of this chapter. A marketplace facilitator does not
- include a person who provides internet advertising services, or
- 21 product listing, and does not collect payment from the purchaser
- 22 and transmit payment to the marketplace seller, and does not
- 23 include a person with respect to the provision of travel agency
- services or the operation of a marketplace or that portion of a
- 25 marketplace that enables consumers to receive travel agency
- 26 services. For the purposes of this subdivision, "travel agency
- 27 services" means facilitating, for a commission, fee, or other
- 28 consideration, vacation or travel packages, rental car or other

- 1 travel reservations, tickets for domestic or foreign travel by
 2 air, rail, ship, bus, or other medium of transportation, or hotel
 3 or other lodging accommodations;
 - (2) "Marketplace seller", a seller that makes sales through any electronic marketplace operated by a marketplace facilitator;

- (3) "Person", any individual, firm, copartnership, joint venture, association, corporation, municipal or private, whether organized for profit or not, state, county, political subdivision, state department, commission, board, bureau or agency, except the department of transportation, estate, trust, business trust, receiver or trustee appointed by the state or federal court, syndicate, or any other group or combination acting as a unit;
- (4) "Purchaser", any person who is the recipient for a valuable consideration of any sale of tangible personal property acquired for use, storage, or consumption in this state;
- (5) "Retail sale", the same meaning as defined under sections 144.010 and 144.011, excluding motor vehicles, trailers, motorcycles, mopeds, motortricycles, boats, and outboard motors required to be titled under the laws of the state and subject to tax under subdivision (9) of subsection 1 of section 144.020;
- (6) "Seller", a person selling or furnishing tangible personal property or rendering services on the receipts from which a tax is imposed under section 144.020.
- 2. (1) Beginning January 1, 2022, marketplace facilitators

 that engage in business activities within this state shall

 register with the department to collect and remit use tax, as

 applicable, on sales made through the marketplace facilitator's

- marketplace by or on behalf of a marketplace seller that are delivered into the state, whether by the marketplace facilitator or another person, and regardless of whether the marketplace seller for whom sales are facilitated possesses a retail sales license or would have been required to collect use tax had the sale not been facilitated by the marketplace facilitator. Such retail sales shall include those made directly by the marketplace facilitator and shall also include those retail sales made by marketplace sellers through the marketplace facilitator's marketplace. The collection and reporting requirements of this subsection shall not apply to retail sales other than those made through a marketplace facilitator's marketplace. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit or prohibit the ability of a marketplace facilitator and a marketplace seller to enter into agreements regarding the fulfillment of the requirements of this chapter.
 - (2) All taxable sales made through a marketplace facilitator's marketplace by or on behalf of a marketplace seller shall be deemed to be consummated at the location in this state to which the item is shipped or delivered, or at which possession is taken by the purchaser.

3. Marketplace facilitators that are required to collect use tax under this section shall report and remit the tax separately from any sales and use tax collected by the marketplace facilitator, or by affiliates of the marketplace facilitator, which the marketplace facilitator would have been required to collect and remit under the provisions of this chapter prior to January 1, 2022. Such tax shall be reported and

- 1 remitted as determined by the department. Marketplace
- 2 facilitators shall maintain records of all sales delivered to a
- 3 location in the state, including electronic or paper copies of
- 4 invoices showing the purchaser, address, purchase amount, and use
- 5 tax collected. Such records shall be made available for review
- and inspection upon request by the department.
- 7 4. Marketplace facilitators who properly collect and remit
- 8 to the department in a timely manner use tax on sales in
- 9 accordance with the provisions of this section by or on behalf of
- 10 marketplace sellers shall be eligible for any discount provided
- 11 <u>under this chapter.</u>
- 12 <u>5. A marketplace facilitator shall separately state on an</u>
- invoice provided to a purchaser the use tax collected and
- remitted on behalf of a marketplace seller.
- 15 6. Any taxpayer who remits use tax under this section shall
- 16 be entitled to refunds or credits to the same extent and in the
- same manner provided for in section 144.190 for taxes collected
- and remitted under this section. Nothing in this section shall
- 19 relieve a purchaser of the obligation to remit use tax for any
- 20 retail sale taxable under this chapter for which a marketplace
- 21 facilitator or marketplace seller does not collect and remit the
- 22 use tax.
- 7. Except as provided under subsections 8 and 9 of this
- section, marketplace facilitators shall be subject to the penalty
- 25 provisions, procedures, and reporting requirements provided under
- the provisions of this chapter.
- 27 <u>8. No class action shall be brought against a marketplace</u>
- 28 facilitator in any court in this state on behalf of purchasers

- 1 arising from or in any way related to an overpayment of use tax
- 2 <u>collected on retail sales facilitated by a marketplace</u>
- 3 facilitator, regardless of whether that claim is characterized as
- 4 a tax refund claim. Nothing in this subsection shall affect a
- 5 purchaser's right to seek a refund as provided under section
- 6 144.190.
- 7 9. (1) A marketplace facilitator shall be relieved from
- 8 liability under this section for the failure to collect and remit
- 9 the correct amount of use tax on retail sales facilitated for
- 10 marketplace sellers under the following circumstances:
- 11 (a) To the extent that the marketplace facilitator
- demonstrates to the satisfaction of the department that the error
- was due to insufficient or incorrect information given to the
- 14 <u>marketplace facilitator by the marketplace seller; provided,</u>
- however, that a marketplace facilitator shall not be relieved of
- 16 liability under this paragraph if the marketplace facilitator and
- 17 the marketplace seller are affiliated;
- 18 (b) To the extent that the marketplace facilitator
- 19 demonstrates to the satisfaction of the department that:
- 20 a. The marketplace facilitator is not the seller and that
- 21 <u>the marketplace facilitator and marketplace seller are not</u>
- 22 affiliated;
- 23 b. The retail sale was facilitated for a marketplace seller
- through a marketplace operated by the marketplace facilitator;
- 25 <u>and</u>
- 26 c. The failure to collect and remit the correct amount of
- 27 use tax was due to an error other than an error in sourcing the
- 28 sale under the provisions of this chapter.

1	(2) The relief from liability provided under subdivision
2	(1) of this subsection shall not exceed the following percentage
3	of the total use tax due on retail sales facilitated by a
4	marketplace facilitator for marketplace sellers and sourced to
5	this state during a calendar year, which such retail sales shall
6	not include retail sales made directly by the marketplace
7	facilitator or affiliates of the marketplace facilitator:
8	(a) For retail sales made or facilitated during the 2022
9	calendar year, four percent;
10	(b) For retail sales made or facilitated during the 2023
11	<pre>calendar year, two percent;</pre>
12	(c) For retail sales made or facilitated during the 2024
13	calendar year, one percent; and
14	(d) For retail sales made or facilitated for all years
15	beginning January 1, 2025, zero percent.
16	(3) To the extent that a marketplace facilitator is
17	relieved of liability for the collection of use tax under this
18	subsection, the marketplace seller for whom the marketplace
19	facilitator has made or facilitated the sale shall also be
20	relieved of liability under this subsection.
21	(4) The department shall determine the manner in which a
22	marketplace facilitator or marketplace seller shall apply for and
23	claim the relief from liability provided for under this
24	subsection.
25	10. For the purposes of this section, a marketplace
26	facilitator shall not include a third party financial institution
27	appointed by a merchant or a marketplace facilitator to handle
28	various forms of payment transactions, such as processing credit

- 1 <u>cards and debit cards</u>, and whose sole activity with respect to
- 2 <u>marketplace sales is to facilitate the payment transactions</u>
- 3 between two parties.
- 4 11. The state general revenue portion from remittances made
- 5 pursuant to this section, with the exception of revenues
- 6 <u>collected pursuant to section 144.701 and Article IV, Sections</u>
- 7 43(a) and 47(a) of the Missouri Constitution, shall be deposited
- 8 <u>to the credit of the cash operating expense fund established</u>
- 9 pursuant to section 33.575.
- 10 12. The department may promulgate rules to implement the
- 11 provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as
- that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under
- the authority delegated in this section shall become effective
- only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions
- of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section
- and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested
- with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to
- delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are
- 19 subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking
- authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2020,
- 21 shall be invalid and void.
- 22 144.757. 1. Any county or municipality[, except
- 23 municipalities within a county having a charter form of
- 24 government with a population in excess of nine hundred thousand,]
- 25 may, by a majority vote of its governing body, impose a local use
- tax if a local sales tax is imposed as defined in section 32.085
- or if a sales tax is imposed pursuant to sections 94.850 or
- 28 94.890, with such local use tax imposed at a rate equal to the

1 rate of the local sales tax [in effect in] and any sales tax 2 imposed pursuant to sections 94.850 or 94.890 by such county or 3 municipality; provided, however, that no ordinance or order enacted pursuant to sections 144.757 to 144.761 shall be 4 effective unless the governing body of the county or municipality 5 6 submits to the voters thereof at a municipal, county or state 7 general, primary or special election a proposal to authorize the 8 governing body of the county or municipality to impose a local 9 use tax pursuant to sections 144.757 to 144.761. [Municipalities 10 within a county having a charter form of government with a 11 population in excess of nine hundred thousand may, upon voter 12 approval received pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision (2) of subsection 2 of this section, impose a local use tax at the same 13 rate as the local municipal sales tax with the revenues from all 14 15 such municipal use taxes to be distributed pursuant to subsection 16 4 of section 94.890. The municipality shall within thirty days 17 of the approval of the use tax imposed pursuant to paragraph (b) of subdivision (2) of subsection 2 of this section select one of 18 the distribution options permitted in subsection 4 of section 19 94.890 for distribution of all municipal use taxes. 20

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(1) The ballot of submission[, except for counties and
municipalities described in subdivisions (2) and (3) of this
subsection,] shall contain substantially the following language:
 Shall the _____ (county or municipality's name) impose
 a local use tax at the same rate as the total local
 sales tax rate, [currently _____ (insert percent),]

provided that if the local sales tax rate is reduced or

raised by voter approval, the local use tax rate shall also be reduced or raised by the same action? [A use tax return shall not be required to be filed by persons whose purchases from out-of-state vendors do not in total exceed two thousand dollars in any calendar year]

Approval of this question will eliminate the disparity in tax rates collected by local and out-of-state sellers by imposing the same rate on all sellers.

□ YES □ NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

(2) [(a) The ballot of submission in a county having a charter form of government with a population in excess of nine hundred thousand shall contain substantially the following language:

For the purposes of enhancing county and municipal public safety, parks, and job creation and enhancing local government services, shall the county be authorized to collect a local use tax equal to the total of the existing county sales tax rate of (insert tax rate), provided that if the county sales tax is repealed, reduced or raised by voter approval, the local use tax rate shall also be repealed, reduced or raised by the same voter action? Fifty percent of the revenue shall be used by the county throughout the county for improving and enhancing public safety, park improvements, and job creation, and fifty percent shall

be used for enhancing local government services. The county shall be required to make available to the public an audited comprehensive financial report detailing the management and use of the countywide portion of the funds each year.

A use tax is the equivalent of a sales tax on purchases from out-of-state sellers by in-state buyers and on certain taxable business transactions. A use tax return shall not be required to be filed by persons whose purchases from out-of-state vendors do not in total exceed two thousand dollars in any calendar year.

☐ YES

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

(b) The ballot of submission in a municipality within a county having a charter form of government with a population in excess of nine hundred thousand shall contain substantially the following language:

Shall the municipality be authorized to impose a local use tax at the same rate as the local sales tax by a vote of the governing body, provided that if any local sales tax is repealed, reduced or raised by voter approval, the respective local use tax shall also be repealed, reduced or raised by the same action? A use tax return shall not be required to be filed by persons whose purchases from out-of-state vendors do not in

total exceed two thousand dollars in any calendar year. 1 2 ☐ YES \square NO If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in 3 the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the 4 question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO". 5 6 The ballot of submission in any city not within a 7 county shall contain substantially the following language: 8 Shall the (city name) impose a local use tax at the same rate as the local sales tax, [currently at a 9 10 rate of (insert percent)] which includes the 11 capital improvements sales tax and the transportation tax, provided that if any local sales tax is repealed, 12 13 reduced or raised by voter approval, the respective local use tax shall also be repealed, reduced or raised 14 15 by the same action? [A use tax return shall not be 16 required to be filed by persons whose purchases from 17 out-of-state vendors do not in total exceed two 18 thousand dollars in any calendar year] Approval of this 19 question will eliminate the disparity in tax rates 20 collected by local and out-of-state sellers by imposing 21 the same rate on all sellers. ☐ YES \square NO 22 23 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in 24 the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the 25 question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO". 26 [(4)] 2. If any of such ballots are submitted on August 6, 27 1996, and if a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the 28 qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal,

- then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be 1 2 in effect October 1, 1996, provided the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the local use tax on or before 3 August 16, 1996. If any of such ballots are submitted after 5 December 31, 1996, and if a majority of the votes cast on the 6 proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of 7 the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect on the first day of the calendar 8 9 quarter which begins at least forty-five days after the director 10 of revenue receives notice of adoption of the local use tax. a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are 11 12 opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the county or 13 municipality shall have no power to impose the local use tax as 14 herein authorized unless and until the governing body of the 15 county or municipality shall again have submitted another 16 proposal to authorize the governing body of the county or 17 municipality to impose the local use tax and such proposal is 18 approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon.
 - 3. The local use tax may be imposed at the same rate as the local sales tax then currently in effect in the county or municipality upon all transactions which are subject to the taxes imposed pursuant to sections 144.600 to 144.745 within the county or municipality adopting such tax; provided, however, that if any local sales tax is repealed or the rate thereof is reduced or raised by voter approval, the local use tax rate shall also be deemed to be repealed, reduced or raised by the same action repealing, reducing or raising the local sales tax.

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4. For purposes of sections 144.757 to 144.761, the use tax

may be referred to or described as the equivalent of a sales tax on purchases made from out-of-state sellers by in-state buyers and on certain intrabusiness transactions. Such a description shall not change the classification, form or subject of the use tax or the manner in which it is collected.

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144.759. 1. All local use taxes collected by the director of revenue pursuant to sections 144.757 to 144.761 on behalf of any county or municipality, less one percent for cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087 shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a local use tax trust fund, which fund shall be separate and apart from the local sales tax trust funds. moneys in such local use tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of state. the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county or municipality imposing a local use tax, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county or municipality and to the public. No later than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month, except as provided in subsection 2 of this section, to the county or municipality treasurer, or such other officer as may be designated by the county or municipality ordinance or order, of each county or municipality imposing the tax authorized by sections 144.757 to 144.761, the sum due the county or municipality as certified by the director of revenue.

Subject to the provisions of subsection 1 of this 2. section, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys which would be due any county having a charter form of government and having a population of nine hundred thousand or more to the county treasurer or such other officer as may be designated by county ordinance, who shall distribute [such moneys as follows: the] that portion of the use [tax] taxes imposed by the county [which equals one-half the rate of sales tax in effect for such county shall be disbursed to the county treasurer for expenditure throughout the county for public safety, parks, and job creation, subject to any qualifications and regulations adopted by ordinance of the county. Such ordinance shall require an audited comprehensive financial report detailing the management and use of such funds each year. Such ordinance shall also require that the county and the municipal league of the county jointly prepare a strategy to guide expenditures of funds and conduct an annual review of the strategy. The treasurer or such other officer as may be designated by county ordinance shall distribute one-third of the balance to the county and to each city, town and village in group B according to section 66.620 as modified by this section, a portion of the two-thirds remainder of such balance equal to the percentage ratio that the population of each such city, town or village bears to the total population of all such group B cities, towns and villages. For the purposes of this subsection, population shall be determined by the last federal decennial census or the latest census that determines the total population of the county and all political subdivisions therein. For the purposes of this subsection, each city, town or village

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in group A according to section 66.620 but whose per capita sales 1 2 tax receipts during the preceding calendar year pursuant to 3 sections 66.600 to 66.630 were less than the per capita 4 countywide average of all sales tax receipts during the preceding 5 calendar year, shall be treated as a group B city, town or 6 village until the per capita amount distributed to such city, 7 town or village equals the difference between the per capita 8 sales tax receipts during the preceding calendar year and the per 9 capita countywide average of all sales tax receipts during the 10 preceding calendar year] that is equal to the rate of sales taxes 11 imposed by the county pursuant to sections 66.600 and 67.547 to 12 the cities, towns, and villages within such county and to the 13 unincorporated area of the county on the ratio of the population 14 that each such city, town, village, and the unincorporated areas 15 of the county bears to the total population of the county; provided, however, the county treasurer or other officer shall 16 distribute that portion of the use tax imposed by the county 17 18 equal to the rate of sales tax imposed by the county pursuant to 19 section 67.547 for the purpose of funding zoological activities 20 and zoological facilities of the zoological park subdistrict of 21 the metropolitan zoological park and museum district as created 22 pursuant to section 184.350.

3. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county or municipality for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties or municipalities. If any county or municipality abolishes the tax, the county or

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- municipality shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal, and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county or municipality, the director of revenue shall authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the county or municipality and close the account of that county or municipality. The director of revenue shall notify each county or municipality of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county or municipality.
 - 4. Except as modified in sections 144.757 to 144.761, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087 applicable to the local sales tax, except for subsection 12 of section 32.087, and all provisions of sections 144.600 to 144.745 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to sections 144.757 to 144.761, and the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax.

321.552. 1. Except in any county of the first classification with over two hundred thousand inhabitants, or any county of the first classification without a charter form of government and with more than seventy-three thousand seven hundred but less than seventy-three thousand eight hundred

- inhabitants; or any county of the first classification without a 1 2 charter form of government and with more than one hundred eighty-four thousand but less than one hundred eighty-eight 3 thousand inhabitants; or any county with a charter form of 5 government with over one million inhabitants; or any county with 6 a charter form of government with over two hundred eighty thousand inhabitants but less than three hundred thousand 7 8 inhabitants, the governing body of any ambulance or fire 9 protection district may impose a sales tax in an amount up to [one-half of] one percent on all retail sales made in such 10 11 ambulance or fire protection district which are subject to 12 taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 13 144.525 provided that such sales tax shall be accompanied by a 14 reduction in the district's tax rate as defined in section 15 137.073. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no 16 17 sales tax imposed pursuant to the provisions of this section 18 shall be effective unless the governing body of the ambulance or 19 fire protection district submits to the voters of such ambulance 20 or fire protection district, at a municipal or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the 21 22 governing body of the ambulance or fire protection district to 23 impose a tax pursuant to this section. 24 The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be
 - limited to, the following language:

Shall (insert name of ambulance or fire 26 27 protection district) impose a sales tax of 28 (insert amount up to [one-half) of] one percent) for

the purpose of providing revenues for the operation of the ____ (insert name of ambulance or fire protection district) and the total property tax levy on properties in the ____ (insert name of the ambulance or fire protection district) shall be reduced annually by an amount which reduces property tax revenues by an amount equal to fifty percent of the previous year's revenue collected from this sales tax?

 \square YES \square NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall be in effect and the governing body of the ambulance or fire protection district shall lower the level of its tax rate by an amount which reduces property tax revenues by an amount equal to fifty percent of the amount of sales tax collected in the preceding year. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the ambulance or fire protection district shall not impose the sales tax authorized in this section unless and until the governing body of such ambulance or fire protection district resubmits a proposal to authorize the governing body of the ambulance or fire protection district to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon.

4. All revenue received by a district from the tax authorized pursuant to this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund, and be used solely for the purposes specified in the proposal submitted pursuant to this section for so long as the tax shall remain in effect.

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- 5. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue pursuant to this section, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "Ambulance or Fire Protection District Sales Tax Trust Fund". The moneys in the ambulance or fire protection district sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust and the amount collected in each district imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to inspection by officers of the county and to the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the governing body of the district which levied the tax; such funds shall be deposited with the board treasurer of each such district.
 - 6. The director of revenue may make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credit any district for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such district. If any district abolishes the tax, the district shall notify the

- director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to 1 2 the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of 3 two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice 5 to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem 6 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such 7 accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of 8 abolition of the tax in such district, the director of revenue 9 shall remit the balance in the account to the district and close 10 the account of that district. The director of revenue shall notify each district of each instance of any amount refunded or 11 12 any check redeemed from receipts due the district.
- 7. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.
- 8. The governing body of any ambulance or fire protection
 district authorized to levy a sales tax pursuant to this section
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- (1) Submit the question of an increase in the rate of the sales tax to the voters on a general election day not earlier than the 2022 general election; and
- 22 (2) Include information on the ambulance or fire protection 23 district website, if available, on the tax rate and the purposes 24 for which the tax is levied.
 - Section B. Because of the importance of ensuring the fiscal health of the state in an emergency, the enactment of section 33.575 of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace and safety, and

is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and the enactment of section 33.575 of this act shall be in full force and effect upon its passage and approval. Section C. The repeal and reenactment of sections 143.011, 144.011, 144.020, 144.049, 144.054, 144.060, 144.080, 144.140, 144.526, 144.605, and 144.710 and the enactment of sections 144.608, 144.637, 144.638, and 144.752 of this act shall become

effective January 1, 2022.

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