SENATE AMENDMENT NO.

	Offered by		of							
	Amend	Senate	Bill No		Page _	1	, Section	TITLE ,	Line _	<u> </u>
2		by striking "o	coroners" an	d insert	ing in	lieu	thereof	the		
3		following: "t	the deceased	ı"; and						
4		Further a	amend said b	ill, page	e 12, s	secti	on 193.1	45, lin	ne 22,	
5		by inserting a	an opening b	racket "	[" imme	ediat	ely befo	re "Not	hing";	
6		and further ar	mend line 28	, by inse	erting	a cl	osing br	acket "	']"	
7		immediately at	fter "operat	ional.";	and					
8		Further a	amend said b	ill and s	section	n, pa	ge 13, 1	ine 48,	рà	
9		inserting after	er "certific	ation" th	ne foll	owin	g: " <u>and</u>			
L 0		<pre>attestation";</pre>	and further	amend li	ine 49,	by	insertin	g after	-	
L1		"certification	n" the follo	wing: " <u>á</u>	and att	testa	tion"; a	nd		
L2		Further a	amend said b	ill and s	section	n, pa	ge 14, l	ine 68,	by	
L 3		inserting after	er "informat	ion" the	follow	ving:	" <u>and a</u>	ttestat	tion";	
L 4		and further ar	mend line 71	, by inse	erting	afte	r "data"	the		
L 5		following: "a	and attestat	<u>ion</u> "; and	d furth	ner a	mend lin	e 73, b	Σ	
L 6		inserting after	er "certific	ation" th	ne foll	lowin	g: " <u>and</u>			
L 7		<pre>attestation";</pre>	and							
L 8		Further a	amend said b	ill and s	section	n, pa	ge 15, l	ine 111	, by	
L 9		striking "(1)'	' from said	line; and	d furth	ner a	mend lin	es 116-	-122 by	r
20		striking all o	of said line	s; and						
7 1		Further a	amend said h	sill, sect	tion 19	3 26	5 nage	17 lir	72	

by inserting after "records." the following: "In the event that it is determined by the state registrar that any required information from any data provider was missing or incomplete on records or documentation that were filed with or submitted to the local registrar and then sent to the state registrar, the state registrar shall return the records or documentation to the local registrar so that the data provider, funeral director, or person in charge of the final disposition, can provide the missing or incomplete information. Nothing in this subsection removes any requirement in any statute or regulation as to when an affidavit or court order is necessary to amend a death certificate that has been issued."; and further amend line 74, by inserting after all of said line the following:

- "194.119. 1. As used in this section, the term "right of sepulcher" means the right to choose and control the burial, cremation, or other final disposition of a dead human body.
- 2. For purposes of this chapter and chapters 193, 333, and 436, and in all cases relating to the custody, control, and disposition of deceased human remains, including the common law right of sepulcher, where not otherwise defined, the term "next-of-kin" means the following persons in the priority listed if such person is eighteen years of age or older, is mentally competent, and is willing to assume responsibility for the costs of disposition:
- (1) An attorney in fact designated in a durable power of attorney wherein the deceased specifically granted the right of sepulcher over his or her body to such attorney in fact;
- (2) For a decedent who was on active duty in the United States military at the time of death, the person designated by

such decedent in the written instrument known as the United States Department of Defense Form 93, Record of Emergency Data, in accordance with [P.L. 109-163, Section 564,] 10 U.S.C. Section 1482;

2.4

- (3) The surviving spouse, unless an action for the dissolution of the marriage has been filed and is pending in a court of competent jurisdiction;
- (4) Any surviving child of the deceased. If a surviving child is less than eighteen years of age and has a legal or natural guardian, such child shall not be disqualified on the basis of the child's age and such child's legal or natural guardian, if any, shall be entitled to serve in the place of the child unless such child's legal or natural guardian was subject to an action in dissolution from the deceased. In such event the person or persons who may serve as next-of-kin shall serve in the order provided in subdivisions (5) to (9) of this subsection;
 - (5) (a) Any surviving parent of the deceased; or
- (b) If the deceased is a minor, a surviving parent who has custody of the minor; or
- (c) If the deceased is a minor and the deceased's parents have joint custody, the parent whose residence is the minor child's residence for purposes of mailing and education;
 - (6) Any surviving sibling of the deceased;
- (7) The next nearest surviving relative of the deceased by consanguinity or affinity;
- (8) Any person or friend who assumes financial responsibility for the disposition of the deceased's remains if no next-of-kin assumes such responsibility;
 - (9) The county coroner or medical examiner; provided

however that such assumption of responsibility shall not make the coroner, medical examiner, the county, or the state financially responsible for the cost of disposition.

2.5

- 3. The next-of-kin of the deceased shall be entitled to control the final disposition of the remains of any dead human being consistent with all applicable laws, including all applicable health codes. The next-of-kin may delegate the control of the final disposition of the remains of any dead human being to an agent through either a specific or general grant of power in accordance with section 404.710 if, at the time of delegation, the next-of-kin was eighteen years of age or older and mentally competent and the principal or agent is taking financial responsibility for the disposition.
- 4. A funeral director or establishment is entitled to rely on and act according to the lawful instructions of any person claiming to be the next-of-kin of the deceased; provided however, in any civil cause of action against a funeral director or establishment licensed pursuant to this chapter for actions taken regarding the funeral arrangements for a deceased person in the director's or establishment's care, the relative fault, if any, of such funeral director or establishment may be reduced if such actions are taken in reliance upon a person's claim to be the deceased person's next-of-kin.
- 5. Any person who desires to exercise the right of sepulcher and who has knowledge of an individual or individuals with a superior right to control disposition shall notify such individual or individuals prior to making final arrangements.
- 6. If an individual with a superior claim is [personally served with written notice from] notified in person or by written

notice with delivery confirmation to such person's last known address by a person with an inferior claim that such person desires to exercise the right of sepulcher and the individual so served does not object within forty-eight hours of [receipt] such notice, such individual shall be deemed to have waived such right. An individual with a superior right may also waive such right at any time if such waiver is in writing and dated.

- 7. If there is more than one person in a class who are equal in priority and the funeral director has no knowledge of any objection by other members of such class, the funeral director or establishment shall be entitled to rely on and act according to the instructions of the first such person in the class to make arrangements; provided that such person assumes responsibility for the costs of disposition and no other person in such class provides written notice of his or her objection. If the funeral director has knowledge that there is more than one person in a class who are equal in priority and who do not agree on the disposition, the decision of the majority of the members of such class shall control the disposition.
- 8. For purposes of conducting a majority vote under subsection 7 of this section, the funeral director shall allow voting by proxy using a written authorization or instrument."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.