## FIRST REGULAR SESSION SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

## HOUSE BILL NO. 959

**100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY** 

Reported from the Committee on Small Business and Industry, April 25, 2019, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass. ADRIANE D\_CROUSE\_Secretary

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## AN ACT

To repeal section 407.825, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to the motor vehicle franchise practices act.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 407.825, RSMo, is repealed and two new sections 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 407.824 and 407.825, to read as 3 follows:

407.824. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

2 (1) "Goods", the same meaning as is ascribed to such term under 3 section 400.2-105, except that such term shall not include moveable 4 displays, brochures, and promotional materials containing material 5 subject to the intellectual property rights of a manufacturer or 6 franchisor;

7 (2) "Substantial reimbursement", a reimbursement in an amount 8 equal to or greater than the cost of the savings that would result if the 9 franchisee were to utilize a vendor of the franchisee's own selection 10 instead of using the vendor identified by the manufacturer or 11 franchisor.

2. No manufacturer or franchisor shall coerce or otherwise require any franchisee to construct improvements to facilities or install new signs or other franchise or image elements that replace or substantially alter improvements, signs, or franchise elements completed within the last ten years that were required and approved by the manufacturer or franchisee. For purposes of this subsection, the
term "substantially alter" shall not include routine maintenance that is
reasonably necessary to keep a franchisee's dealership facility in a safe
and attractive condition.

213. Unless the manufacturer or franchisor provides substantial 22reimbursement for the goods or services, no manufacturer or franchisor shall require a franchisee to purchase goods or services to make 23improvements to the franchisee's facilities from a vendor selected, 24identified, or designated by the manufacturer or franchisor by 25agreement, program, incentive provision, bulletin, or otherwise, 26without allowing or making available to the franchisee the option to 27obtain goods or services of comparable grade, kind, quality, and overall 2829design and the same materials and characteristics from a vendor chosen by the franchisee and approved by the manufacturer or 30 franchisor. Approval by a manufacturer or franchisor shall not be 31 32unreasonably withheld. This subsection shall not be construed to eliminate, impair, damage, or otherwise limit a manufacturer's or 33 franchisor's intellectual property rights in any way. 34

4. The ten-year period set forth in this section shall commence for a franchisee, including such franchisee's successors and assigns, on the date that the manufacturer or franchisor gave final written approval of the facility, facility improvements, or installation of signs or other franchise or image elements or on the date that the franchisee receives a certificate of occupancy for the improved facility, whichever is later.

5. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a manufacturer or franchisor from requiring changes or updates to signs that contain the manufacturer or franchisor's brand, logo, or other intellectual property protected by federal intellectual property law more frequently than every ten years, provided that the manufacturer or franchisor shall offer the franchisee compensation for the sign or pay for the sign if sign changes are required less than five years apart.

407.825. Notwithstanding the terms of any franchise agreement to the contrary, the performance, whether by act or omission, by a motor vehicle franchisor, whether directly or indirectly through an agent, employee, affiliate, common entity, or representative, or through an entity controlled by a franchisor, of any or all of the following acts enumerated in this section are hereby defined 6 as unlawful practices, the remedies for which are set forth in section 407.835:

7 (1) To engage in any conduct which is capricious or not in good faith or 8 unconscionable and which causes damage to a motor vehicle franchisee or to the 9 public; provided, that good faith conduct engaged in by motor vehicle franchisors 10 as sellers of new motor vehicles or parts or as holders of security interest therein, 11 in pursuit of rights or remedies accorded to sellers of goods or to holders of 12 security interests pursuant to the provisions of chapter 400, uniform commercial 13 code, shall not constitute unfair practices pursuant to sections 407.810 to 407.835;

14(2) To coerce, attempt to coerce, require or attempt to require any motor vehicle franchisee to accept delivery of any new motor vehicle or vehicles, 1516equipment, tools, parts or accessories therefor, or any other commodity or 17commodities which such motor vehicle franchisee has not ordered after such 18 motor vehicle franchisee has rejected such commodity or commodities, or which is not required by law or the franchise agreement. It shall not be deemed a 19 20violation of this section for a motor vehicle franchisor to require a motor vehicle franchisee to have an inventory of parts, tools, and equipment reasonably 2122necessary to service the motor vehicles sold by a motor vehicle franchisor; or new 23motor vehicles reasonably necessary to meet the demands of dealers or the public 24or to display to the public the full line of a motor vehicle franchisor's product line;

25(3) To withhold, reduce, delay, or refuse to deliver in reasonable 26quantities and within a reasonable time after receipt of orders for new motor vehicles, such motor vehicles as are so ordered and as are covered by such 2728franchise and as are specifically publicly advertised by such motor vehicle 29franchisor to be available for immediate delivery; provided, however, the failure to deliver any motor vehicle shall not be considered a violation of sections 407.810 30 to 407.835 if such failure is due to an act of God, work stoppage, or delay due to 31a strike or labor difficulty, shortage of products or materials, freight delays, 32embargo or other causes of which such motor vehicle franchisor shall have no 33 34control;

35 (4) To coerce, attempt to coerce, require or attempt to require any motor 36 vehicle franchisee to enter into any agreement with such motor vehicle franchisor 37 or its agent, employee, affiliate, or representative, or a person controlled by the 38 franchisor or to do any other act prejudicial to such motor vehicle franchisee;

39 (5) To terminate, cancel, refuse to continue, or refuse to renew any
40 franchise without good cause, unless such new motor vehicle franchisee, without
41 good cause, substantially defaults in the performance of such franchisee's

reasonable, lawful, and material obligations under such franchisee's franchise. In
determining whether good cause exists, the administrative hearing commission
shall take into consideration all relevant circumstances, including, but not limited
to, the following factors:

46 (a) The amount of business transacted by the franchisee;

47 (b) The investments necessarily made and obligations incurred by the 48 franchisee, including but not limited to goodwill, in the performance of its duties 49 under the franchise agreement, together with the duration and permanency of 50 such investments and obligations;

51 (c) The potential for harm and inconvenience to consumers as a result of 52 disruption of the business of the franchisee;

(d) The franchisee's failure to provide adequate service facilities,
equipment, parts, and qualified service personnel;

55 (e) The franchisee's failure to perform warranty work on behalf of the 56 manufacturer, subject to reimbursement by the manufacturer;

57 (f) The franchisee's failure to substantially comply, in good faith, with 58 requirements of the franchise that are determined to be reasonable, lawful, and 59 material;

60 (g) The franchisor's failure to honor its requirements under the franchise;

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(h) The potential harm to the area that the franchisee serves;

62 (i) The demographic and geographic characteristics of the area the 63 franchisee serves; and

64 (j) The harm to the franchisor;

65 (6) To prevent by contract or otherwise, any motor vehicle franchisee from 66 changing the capital structure of the franchisee's franchise or the means by or through which the franchisee finances the operation of the franchisee's franchise, 67 provided the motor vehicle franchisee at all times meets any reasonable capital 68 69 standards agreed to between the motor vehicle franchisee and the motor vehicle franchisor and grants to the motor vehicle franchisor a purchase money security 70interest in the new motor vehicles, new parts and accessories purchased from the 71motor vehicle franchisor; 72

(7) (a) To prevent, by contract or otherwise, any sale or transfer of a franchisee's franchise or interest or management thereof; provided, if the franchise specifically permits the franchisor to approve or disapprove any such proposed sale or transfer, a franchisor shall only be allowed to disapprove a proposed sale or transfer if the interest being sold or transferred when added to 78any other interest owned by the transferee constitutes fifty percent or more of the 79 ownership interest in the franchise and if the proposed transferee fails to satisfy any standards of the franchisor which are in fact normally relied upon by the 80 franchisor prior to its entering into a franchise, and which relate to the 81 82 qualification, capitalization, integrity or character of the proposed transferee and which are reasonable. A franchisee or proposed franchisee may request, at any 83 time, that the franchisor provide a copy of the standards which are normally 84 relied upon by the franchisor to evaluate a proposed sale or transfer and a 85 proposed transferee; 86

(b) The franchisee and the prospective franchisee shall cooperate with the
franchisor in providing information relating to the prospective transferee's
qualifications, capitalization, integrity and character;

90 (c) In the event of a proposed sale or transfer of a franchise, the franchisor
91 shall be permitted to exercise a right of first refusal to acquire the franchisee's
92 assets or ownership if:

a. The franchise agreement permits the franchisor to exercise a right of
first refusal to acquire the franchisee's assets or ownership in the event of a
proposed sale or transfer;

b. Such sale or transfer is conditioned upon the franchisor or franchisee
entering a franchise agreement with the proposed transferee;

98 c. The exercise of the right of first refusal shall result in the franchisee 99 and the franchisee's owners receiving the same or greater consideration and the 100 same terms and conditions as contracted to receive in connection with the 101 proposed sale or transfer;

d. The sale or transfer does not involve the sale or transfer to an
immediate member or members of the family of one or more franchisee owners,
defined as a spouse, child, grandchild, spouse of a child or grandchild, brother,
sister or parent of the franchisee owner, or to the qualified manager, defined as
an individual who has been employed by the franchisee for at least two years and
who otherwise qualifies as a franchisee operator, or a partnership or corporation
controlled by such persons; and

e. The franchisor agrees to pay the reasonable expenses, including attorney's fees which do not exceed the usual, customary and reasonable fees charged for similar work done for other clients, incurred by the proposed transferee prior to the franchisor's exercise of its right of first refusal in negotiating and implementing the contract for the proposed sale or transfer of the SCS HCS HB 959

114 franchise or the franchisee's assets. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no payment 115 of such expenses and attorney's fees shall be required if the franchisee has not 116 submitted or caused to be submitted an accounting of those expenses within 117 fourteen days of the franchisee's receipt of the franchisor's written request for 118 such an accounting. Such accounting may be requested by a franchisor before 119 exercising its right of first refusal;

(d) For determining whether good cause exists for the purposes of this
subdivision, the administrative hearing commission shall take into consideration
all relevant circumstances, including, but not limited to, the following factors:

a. Whether the franchise agreement specifically permits the franchisor toapprove or disapprove any proposed sale or transfer;

b. Whether the interest to be sold or transferred when added to any other
interest owned by the proposed transferee constitutes fifty percent or more of the
ownership interest in the franchise;

c. Whether the proposed transferee fails to satisfy the standards of the
franchisor which are in fact normally relied upon by the franchisor prior to its
entering into a franchise, and which related to the qualification, capitalization,
integrity or character of the proposed transferee and which are lawful and
reasonable;

133 d. The amount of business transacted by the franchisee;

e. The investments and obligations incurred by the franchisee, including but not limited to goodwill, in the performance of its duties under the franchise agreement, together with the duration and permanency of such investments and obligations;

138 f. The investments and obligations that the proposed transferee is 139 prepared to make in the business;

g. The potential for harm and inconvenience to consumers as a result ofthe franchisor's decision;

142 h. The franchisor's failure to honor its requirements under the franchise;

i. The potential harm to the area that the franchisee serves;

j. The ability or willingness of the franchisee to continue in the businessif the proposed transfer is not permitted;

146 k. The demographic and geographic characteristics of the area the 147 franchisee serves; and

148 l. The harm to the franchisor;

149 (8) To prevent by contract or otherwise any motor vehicle franchisee from

changing the executive management of the motor vehicle franchisee's business,
unless the motor vehicle franchisor demonstrates that such change in executive
management will be detrimental to the distribution of the motor vehicle
franchisor's motor vehicles;

154 (9) To impose unreasonable standards of performance upon a motor 155 vehicle franchisee or to require, attempt to require, coerce or attempt to coerce 156 a franchisee to adhere to performance standards that are not applied uniformly 157 to other similarly situated franchisees;

(10) To require, attempt to require, coerce, or attempt to coerce a motor vehicle franchisee at the time of entering into a franchise or any other arrangement to assent to a release, assignment, novation, waiver or estoppel which would relieve any person from liability imposed by sections 407.810 to 407.835;

163 (11) To prohibit directly or indirectly the right of free association among164 motor vehicle franchisees for any lawful purpose;

165 (12) To provide any term or condition in any lease or other agreement 166 ancillary or collateral to a franchise, including, but not limited to, any agreement 167 with a common entity or any person required by the franchisor or controlled by 168 or affiliated with the franchisor, which term or condition directly or indirectly 169 violates the provisions of sections 407.810 to 407.835;

(13) Upon any termination, cancellation, refusal to continue, or refusal to
renew any franchise or any discontinuation of any line-make or parts or products
related to such line-make, failing to pay reasonable compensation to a franchisee
as follows:

174(a) The franchisee's net acquisition cost for any new, undamaged and 175unsold vehicle in the franchisee's inventory of either the current model year or one year-prior model year purchased from the franchisor or another franchisee 176 of the same line-make in the ordinary course of business prior to receipt of a 177178notice of termination or nonrenewal, provided the vehicle has less than seven 179hundred fifty miles registered on the odometer, including mileage incurred in delivery from the franchisor or in transporting the vehicle between dealers for 180 181 sale;

(b) The franchisee's cost of each new, unused, undamaged and unsold part
or accessory if the part or accessory is in the current parts catalog, less applicable
allowances. In the case of sheet metal, a comparable substitute for the original
package may be used. Reconditioned or core parts shall be valued at their core

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186 value, the price listed in the current parts catalog or the amount paid for expedited return of core parts, whichever is higher. If the part or accessory was 187 purchased by the franchisee from an outgoing authorized franchisee, the 188 189 franchisor shall purchase the part or accessory for the price in the current parts 190 catalog. In the case of parts or accessories which no longer appear in the current 191 parts catalog, the franchisor shall purchase the parts or accessories for the price 192in the last version of the parts catalog in which the part or accessory appeared; 193 (c) The fair market value of each undamaged sign owned by the franchisee 194 which bears a trademark or trade name used or claimed by the franchisor if the sign was purchased from, or purchased at the request of, the franchisor. During 195the first seven years after its purchase, the fair market value of each sign shall 196

197 be the franchisee's costs of purchasing the sign, less depreciation, using 198 straight-line depreciation and a seven-year life of the asset;

199 (d) The fair market value of all equipment, tools, data processing 200programs and equipment and automotive service equipment owned by the franchisee which were recommended in writing and designated as equipment, 201202tools, data processing programs and equipment, and automotive service equipment and purchased from, or purchased at the request of, the franchisor, if 203 the equipment, tools, programs and equipment are in usable and good condition, 204 205except for reasonable wear and tear. During the first seven years after their purchase, the fair market value of each item of equipment, tools, and automotive 206service equipment shall be the franchisee's costs of purchasing the item, less 207 208 depreciation, using straight-line depreciation and a seven-year life of the 209 asset. During the first three years after its purchase, the fair market value of 210each item of required data processing programs and equipment shall be the franchisee's cost of purchasing the item, less depreciation, using straight-line 211212depreciation and a three-year life of the asset;

(e) In addition to the costs referenced in paragraphs (a) to (d) of this subdivision, the franchisor shall pay the franchisee an additional five percent for handling, packing, storing and loading of any property subject to repurchase pursuant to this section, and the franchisor shall pay the shipper for shipping the property subject to repurchase from the location of the franchisee to the location directed by the franchisor;

(f) The amount remaining to be paid on any equipment or service contracts required by or leased from the franchisor or a subsidiary or company affiliated with or controlled or recommended by the franchisor. However, if the

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franchise agreement is voluntarily terminated by the franchisee, without coercionby the franchisor, then:

a. If the amount remaining to be paid on any equipment or service contract is owed to the franchisor, the franchisor shall cancel the obligation rather than paying the amount to the franchisee; and

227 b. If the amount remaining to be paid on any equipment or service 228contract is owed to a subsidiary or a company affiliated with or controlled or 229recommended by the franchisor, the franchisor may pay such amount to the 230subsidiary or the company affiliated with or controlled by the franchisor, but if 231the franchisor does not pay such amount to the subsidiary or the company 232affiliated with or controlled by the franchisor, such amount may be paid to the 233franchisee by the subsidiary or company affiliated with or controlled by the 234franchisor;

235(g) If the dealer leases the dealership facilities, then the franchisor shall 236be liable for twelve months' payment of the gross rent or the remainder of the 237term of the lease, whichever is less. If the dealership facilities are not leased, 238then the franchisor shall be liable for the equivalent of twelve months' payment 239of gross rent. This paragraph shall not apply when the termination, cancellation, 240or nonrenewed line was under good cause related to a conviction and 241imprisonment for a felony involving moral turpitude that is substantially related 242to the qualifications, function, or duties of a franchisee as well as fraud and 243voluntary terminations of a franchise. Gross rent is the monthly rent plus the 244monthly cost of insurance and taxes. Such reasonable rent shall be paid only to 245the extent that the dealership premises are recognized in the franchise and only 246 if they are used solely for performance in accordance with the franchise and not 247substantially in excess of those facilities recommended by the manufacturer or 248distributor. If the facility is used for the operations of more than one franchise, the gross rent compensation shall be adjusted based on the planning volume and 249250facility requirements of the manufacturers, distributors, or branch or division 251thereof;

(h) The franchisor shall pay to the franchisee the amount remaining to be paid on any leases of computer hardware or software that is used to manage and report data to the manufacturer or distributor for financial reporting requirements and the amount remaining to be paid on any manufacturer or distributor required equipment leases, service contracts, and sign leases. The franchisor's obligation shall not exceed one year on any such lease. However, if 258 the franchise agreement is voluntarily terminated by the franchisee, without 259 coercion by the franchisor, then:

260 a. If the amount remaining to be paid is owed to the franchisor, the 261 franchisor shall cancel the obligation rather than paying the amount to the 262 franchisee; and

263b. If the amount remaining to be paid is owed to a subsidiary or a 264company affiliated with or controlled or recommended by the franchisor, the franchisor may pay such amount to the subsidiary or the company affiliated with 265266or controlled by the franchisor, subject to the limit of the franchisor's one-year 267obligation, but if the franchisor does not pay such amount to the subsidiary or the company affiliated with or controlled by the franchisor, such amount may be paid 268269to the franchisee by the subsidiary or company affiliated with or controlled by the 270franchisor, subject to the limit of the franchisor's one-year obligation;

271(i) In addition to the other payments set forth in this section, if a 272termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal is premised upon the franchisor discontinuing the sale in this state of a line-make that was the subject of the 273274franchise, then the franchisor shall also be liable to the franchisee for an amount at least equivalent to the fair market value of the franchisee's goodwill for the 275276discontinued line-makes of the motor vehicle franchise on the date immediately preceding the date the franchisor announces the action which results in 277278termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal, whichever amount is higher. At the franchisee's option, the franchisor may avoid paying fair market value of the 279280motor vehicle franchise to the franchisee under this paragraph if the franchisor, 281or another motor vehicle franchisor under an agreement with the franchisor, 282offers the franchisee a replacement motor vehicle franchise with terms substantially similar to that offered to other same line-make dealers; 283

284(j) The franchisor shall pay the franchisee all amounts incurred by the franchisee to upgrade its facilities that were required by the franchisor within 285twelve months prior to receipt of a notice of termination or nonrenewal; however, 286287a franchisee shall not receive any benefits under this subdivision if it was terminated for the grounds set forth in subdivision (1) of subsection 4 of section 288289407.822. However, if the franchise agreement is voluntarily terminated by the 290franchisee, without coercion by the franchisor, and for a reason other than the 291death or incapacitation of the dealer principal, then the franchisor shall have no 292obligation under this paragraph; [and]

293 (k) The franchisor shall pay the franchisee the amounts specified in this

subdivision along with any other amounts that may be due to the franchisee under the franchise agreement within sixty days after the tender of the property subject to the franchisee providing evidence of good and clear title upon return of the property to the franchisor. The franchisor shall remove the property within sixty days after the tender of the property from the franchisee's property. Unless previous arrangements have been made and agreed upon, the franchisee is under no obligation to provide insurance for the property left after sixty days;

301 (1) This subdivision shall not apply to a termination, cancellation or 302 nonrenewal due to a sale of the assets or stock of the motor vehicle dealership;

303 (14) To prevent or refuse to honor the succession to a franchise or 304 franchises by any legal heir or devisee under the will of a franchisee, under any 305 written instrument filed with the franchisor designating any person as the 306 person's successor franchisee, or pursuant to the laws of descent and distribution 307 of this state; provided:

308 (a) Any designated family member of a deceased or incapacitated 309 franchisee shall become the succeeding franchisee of such deceased or 310 incapacitated franchisee if such designated family member gives the franchisor 311 written notice of such family member's intention to succeed to the franchise or 312 franchises within one hundred twenty days after the death or incapacity of the 313 franchisee, and agrees to be bound by all of the lawful terms and conditions of the current franchise agreement, and the designated family member meets the 314 current lawful and reasonable criteria generally applied by the franchisor in 315316 qualifying franchisees. In order for the franchisor to claim that any such 317 reasonable criteria are generally applied by the franchisor in qualifying franchisees, it shall have previously provided a copy to the proposed successor 318 319 franchisee within ten days after receiving the proposed successor franchisee's 320 notice. A franchisee may request, at any time, that the franchisor provide a copy of such criteria generally applied by the franchisor in qualifying franchisees; 321

322 (b) The franchisor may request from a designated family member such 323 personal and financial data as is reasonably necessary to determine whether the 324 existing franchise agreement should be honored. The designated family member 325 shall supply the personal and financial data promptly upon the request;

326 (c) If the designated family member does not meet the reasonable and 327 lawful criteria generally applied by the franchisor in qualifying franchisees, the 328 discontinuance of the current franchise agreement shall take effect not less than 329 ninety days after the date the franchisor serves the required notice on the 330 designated family member pursuant to subsection 4 of section 407.822;

(d) The provisions of this subdivision shall not preclude a franchisee from
designating any person as the person's successor by written instrument filed with
the franchisor, and if such an instrument is filed, it alone shall determine the
succession rights to the management and operation of the franchise; and

(e) For determining whether good cause exists, the administrative hearing
commission shall take into consideration all circumstances, including, but not
limited to, the following factors:

a. Whether the franchise agreement specifically permits the franchisor toapprove or disapprove any successor;

b. Whether the proposed successor substantially fails to satisfy the material standards of the franchisor which are in fact normally relied upon by the franchisor prior to the successor entering into a franchise, and which relate to the proposed management or ownership of the franchise operation or to the qualification, capitalization, integrity or character of the proposed successor and which are lawful and reasonable;

346 c. The amount of the business transacted by the franchisee;

d. The investments in and the obligations incurred by the franchisee,
including but not limited to goodwill in the performance of its duties under the
franchise agreement, together with the duration and permanency of such
investments and obligations;

e. The investments and obligations that the proposed successor franchiseeis prepared to make in the business;

353 f. The potential for harm and inconvenience to consumers as a result of 354 the franchisor's decision;

g. The franchisor's failure to honor its requirements under the franchise;
h. The potential harm and injury to the public welfare in the area that the
franchisee serves;

i. The ability or willingness of the franchisee to continue in the businessif the proposed transfer is not permitted;

j. The demographic and geographic characteristics of the area thefranchisee serves; and

362 k. The harm to the franchisor;

363 (15) To coerce, attempt to coerce, require, or attempt to require a 364 franchisee under any condition affecting or related to a franchise agreement, to 365 waive, limit or disclaim a right that the franchisee may have pursuant to the 366 provisions of sections 407.810 to 407.835. Any contracts or agreements which 367 contain such provisions shall be deemed against the public policy of the state of 368 Missouri and are void and unenforceable. Nothing in this section shall prohibit 369 voluntary settlement agreements that specifically identify the provisions of 370 sections 407.810 to 407.835 that the franchisee is waiving, limiting, or 371 disclaiming;

(16) To initiate any act enumerated in this section on grounds that it has advised a franchisee of its intention to discontinue representation at the time of a franchisee change or require any franchisee to enter into a site control agreement as a condition to initiating any act enumerated in this section. Such condition shall not be construed to nullify an existing site control agreement for a franchisee's property;

378 (17) To require, attempt to require, coerce, or attempt to coerce any 379 franchisee in this state to refrain from, or to terminate, cancel, or refuse to 380 continue any franchise based upon participation by the franchisee in the 381 management of, investment in or the acquisition of a franchise for the sale of any 382 other line of new vehicle or related products in the same or separate facilities as 383 those of the franchisor. This subdivision does not apply unless the franchisee 384 maintains a reasonable line of credit for each make or line of new vehicle, the 385 franchisee remains in compliance with the franchise and any reasonable facilities requirements of the franchisor, and no change is made in the principal 386 management of the franchisee. The reasonable facilities requirement shall not 387 388 include any requirement that a franchisee establish or maintain exclusive 389 facilities, personnel, or display space, when such requirements would not 390 otherwise be justified by reasonable business considerations. Before the addition 391 of a line-make to the dealership facilities the franchisee shall first request 392 consent of the franchisor, if required by the franchise agreement. Any decision 393 of the franchisor with regard to dualing of two or more franchises shall be 394 granted or denied within sixty days of a written request from the franchisee. The 395 franchisor's failure to respond timely to a dualing request shall be deemed to be approval of the franchisee's request; 396

397 (18) To fail or refuse to offer to sell to all franchisees for a line-make 398 reasonable quantities of every motor vehicle sold or offered for sale to any 399 franchisee of that line-make; however, the failure to deliver any such motor 400 vehicle shall not be considered a violation of this section if the failure is due to 401 a cause over which the franchisor has no control. A franchisor may impose

402 reasonable requirements on the franchisee including, but not limited to, the purchase of reasonable quantities of advertising materials, the purchase of special 403 tools required to properly service a motor vehicle, the undertaking of sales person 404 405 or service person training related to the motor vehicle, the meeting of reasonable 406 display and facility requirements as a condition of receiving a motor vehicle, or 407 other reasonable requirements; provided, that if a franchisor requires a franchisee to purchase essential service tools with a purchase price in the 408 409 aggregate of more than seventy-five hundred dollars in order to receive a 410 particular model of new motor vehicle, the franchisor shall upon written request provide such franchisee with a good faith estimate in writing of the number of 411

412 vehicles of that particular model that the franchisee will be allocated during that
413 model year in which the tools are required to be purchased;

414 (19) To directly or indirectly condition the awarding of a franchise to a prospective franchisee, the addition of a line-make or franchise to an existing 415416 franchisee, the renewal of a franchise of an existing franchisee, the approval of the relocation of an existing franchisee's facility, or the approval of the sale or 417 418 transfer of the ownership of a franchise on the willingness of a franchisee, proposed franchisee, or owner of an interest in the dealership facility to enter into 419 420 a site control agreement or exclusive use agreement. For purposes of this 421 subdivision, the terms "site control agreement" and "exclusive use agreement" 422include any agreement that has the effect of either requiring that the franchisee establish or maintain exclusive dealership facilities or restricting the ability of 423424 the franchisee, or the ability of the franchisee's lessor in the event the dealership 425facility is being leased, to transfer, sell, lease, or change the use of the dealership 426 premises, whether by sublease, lease, collateral pledge of lease, right of first refusal to purchase or lease, option to purchase, option to lease, or other similar 427 428 agreement, regardless of the parties to such agreement. Any provision contained in any agreement entered into on or after August 28, 2010, that is inconsistent 429 with the provisions of this subdivision shall be voidable at the election of the 430 431 affected franchisee, prospective franchisee, or owner of an interest in the dealership facility, provided this subdivision shall not apply to a voluntary 432433 agreement where separate, adequate, and reasonable consideration have been 434 offered and accepted;

(20) Except for the grounds listed in subdivision (1) of subsection 4 of
section 407.822, prior to the issuance of any notice of intent to terminate a
franchise agreement under the MVFP act for unsatisfactory sales or service

438performance, the franchisor shall provide the franchisee with no less than one 439hundred twenty days written notice of the specific asserted grounds for 440 termination. Thereafter, the franchisee shall have one hundred twenty days to 441 cure the asserted grounds for termination, provided the grounds are both 442reasonable and of material significance to the franchise relationship. If the 443 franchisee fails to cure the asserted grounds for termination by the end of the cure period, then the franchisor may give the sixty-day notice required by 444 445subsection 4 of section 407.822 if it intends to terminate the franchise;

446 (21) To require, attempt to require, coerce, or attempt to coerce a
447 franchisee, by franchise agreement or otherwise, or as a condition to the renewal
448 or continuation of a franchise agreement, to:

(a) Exclude from the use of the franchisee's facilities a line-make forwhich the franchisee has a franchise agreement to utilize the facilities; or

(b) Materially change the franchisee's facilities or method of conducting
business if the change would impose substantial or unreasonable financial
hardship on the business of the franchisee;

454 (22) To fail to perform or cause to be performed any written warranties 455 made with respect to any motor vehicle or parts thereof;

456 (23) To withhold, reduce, or delay unreasonably or without just cause457 services contracted for by franchisees;

458 (24) To coerce, attempt to coerce, require, or attempt to require any 459 franchisee to provide installment financing with a specified financial institution;

460 (25) To require, attempt to require, coerce, or attempt to coerce any 461 franchisee to close or change the location of the franchisee[, or to make any 462 substantial alterations to the franchise premises or facilities when doing so would be unreasonable under the current market and economic conditions. Prior to 463 suggesting the need for any such action, the franchisor shall provide the 464 franchisee with a written good faith estimate of the minimum number of the 465models of new motor vehicles that the franchisor will supply to the franchisee 466467 during a reasonable time period, not less than three years, so the franchisee may 468 determine if it is a sufficient supply of motor vehicles so as to justify such 469 changes, in light of the current market and reasonably foreseeable projected and 470economic conditions. A franchisor or its common entity or an entity controlled by 471or affiliated with the franchisor may not take or threaten to take any action that 472is unfair or adverse to a franchisee who does not enter into an agreement with the franchisor under this subdivision. This subdivision does not affect any 473

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474 contract between a franchisor and any of its franchisees regarding relocation,
475 expansion, improvement, remodeling, renovation, or alteration which exists on
476 August 28, 2010];

477 (26) To authorize or permit a person to perform warranty service repairs
478 on motor vehicles unless the person is a franchisee with whom the manufacturer
479 has entered into a franchise agreement for the sale and service of the
480 manufacturer's motor vehicles unless:

481 (a) For emergency repairs when a franchisee is not available;

(b) For repairs pursuant to a fleet contract as long as all parts and labor
to perform the repairs are less than one thousand five hundred dollars at retail
per repaired vehicle; or

485 (c) For repairs performed by a facility under subsection 2 of section 486 407.826;

487 (27) To discriminate between or refuse to offer to its same line-make
488 franchisees all models manufactured for that line-make based upon unreasonable
489 sales and service standards;

490 (28) To fail to make practically available any incentive, rebate, bonus, or
491 other similar benefit to a franchisee that is offered to another franchisee of the
492 same line-make within this state;

493 (29) To condition a franchise agreement on improvements to a facility
494 unless reasonably required by the technology of a motor vehicle being sold at the
495 facility;

(30) To condition the sale, transfer, relocation, or renewal of a franchise
agreement, or to condition sales, services, parts, or finance incentives, upon site
control or an agreement to renovate or make improvements to a facility; except
that voluntary acceptance of such conditions by the franchisee shall not constitute
a violation;

501 (31) Failing to offer to all of its franchisees of the same line-make any 502 consumer rebates, dealer incentives, price or interest rate reduction, or finance 503 terms that the franchisor offers or advertises, or allows its franchisees of the 504 same line-make to offer or advertise;

505 (32) Offering rebates, cash incentives, or other promotional items for the 506 sale of a vehicle by its franchisees unless: the same rebate, cash incentive, or 507 promotion is offered to all of its franchisees of the same line-make; and any 508 rebate, cash incentive, or promotion that is based on the sale of an individual 509 vehicle is not increased for meeting a performance standard;

510 (33) Unreasonably discriminating among its franchisees in any program 511 that provides assistance to its franchisees, including internet listings, sales leads, 512 warranty policy adjustments, marketing programs, and dealer recognition 513 programs;

(34) To fail to include in any franchise with a franchisee the following language: "If any provision herein contravenes the laws or regulations of any state or other jurisdiction wherein this agreement is to be performed, or denies access to the procedures, forums, or remedies provided for by such laws or regulations, such provision shall be deemed to be modified to conform to such laws or regulations, and all other terms and provisions shall remain in full force," or words to that effect;

521 (35) To withhold, reduce, or delay unreasonably or without just cause 522 delivery of motor vehicle parts and accessories, commodities, or moneys due 523 franchisees;

524 (36) To use or consider the performance of a franchisee relating to the sale 525 of the franchisor's vehicles or the franchisee's ability to satisfy any minimum 526 sales or market share quota or responsibility relating to the sale of the new 527 vehicles in determining:

(a) The franchisee's eligibility to purchase program, certified, or otherused motor vehicles from the franchisor;

(b) The volume, type, or model of program, certified, or other used motorvehicles that a franchisee is eligible to purchase from the franchisor;

532 (c) The price of any program, certified, or other used motor vehicle that 533 the franchisee purchased from the franchisor; or

(d) The availability or amount of any discount, credit, rebate, or sales
incentive that the franchisee is eligible to receive from the franchisor, for the
purpose of any program, certified, or other used motor vehicle offered for sale by
the franchisor;

(37) To refuse to allocate, sell, or deliver motor vehicles; to charge back 538 539 or withhold payments or other things of value for which the franchisee is 540otherwise eligible under a sales promotion, program, or contest; to prevent a 541franchisee from participating in any promotion, program, or contest; or to take or 542threaten to take any adverse action against a franchisee, including charge-backs, 543reducing vehicle allocations, or terminating or threatening to terminate a 544franchise because the franchisee sold or leased a motor vehicle to a customer who 545exported the vehicle to a foreign country or who resold the vehicle, unless the 546franchisor proves that the franchisee knew or reasonably should have known that 547the customer intended to export or resell the motor vehicle. There is a rebuttable presumption that the franchisee neither knew nor reasonably should have known 548of its customer's intent to export or resell the vehicle if the vehicle is titled or 549registered in any state in this country. A franchisor may not take any action 550against a franchisee, including reducing its allocations or supply of motor vehicles 551to the franchisee, or charging back a franchisee for an incentive payment 552previously paid, unless the franchisor first meets in person, by telephone, or video 553conference with an officer or other designated employee of the franchisee. At 554such meeting, the franchisor shall provide a detailed explanation, with supporting 555556documentation, as to the basis for its claim that the franchisee knew or 557 reasonably should have known of the customer's intent to export or resell the 558motor vehicle. Thereafter, the franchisee shall have a reasonable period, commensurate with the number of motor vehicles at issue, but not less than 559560fifteen days, to respond to the franchisor's claims. If, following the franchisee's response and completion of all internal dispute resolution processes provided 561562through the franchisor, the dispute remains unresolved, the franchisee may file 563 a complaint with the administrative hearing commission within thirty days after 564receipt of a written notice from the franchisor that it still intends to take adverse 565action against the franchisee with respect to the motor vehicles still at issue. If 566a complaint is timely filed, the administrative hearing commission shall notify the franchisor of the filing of the complaint, and the franchisor shall not take any 567568 action adverse to the franchisee until the administrative hearing commission 569renders a final determination, which is not subject to further appeal, that the franchisor's proposed action is in compliance with the provisions of this 570subdivision. In any hearing under this subdivision, the franchisor has the burden 571of proof on all issues raised by this subdivision; 572

573 (38) To require a franchisee to provide its customer lists or service files 574 to the franchisor, unless necessary for the sale and delivery of a new motor 575 vehicle to a consumer, to validate and pay consumer or dealer incentives, for 576 reasonable marketing purposes or for the submission to the franchisor for any 577 services supplied by the franchisee for any claim for warranty parts or 578 repairs. Nothing in this section shall limit the franchisor's ability to require or 579 use customer information to satisfy any safety or recall notice obligation;

580 (39) To mandate the use by the franchisee, or condition access to any 581 services offered by the franchisor on the franchisee's use, or condition the 582acceptance of an order of any product or service offered by the franchisor on the 583franchisee's use, or condition the acceptance of any claim for payment from the 584franchisee on the franchisee's use, or condition the franchisee's participation in 585any program offered by the franchisor, a common entity or an entity controlled 586by the franchisor on the franchisee's use of any form, equipment, part, tool, 587furniture, fixture, data processing program or equipment, automotive service 588equipment, or sign from the franchisor, a vendor recommended by the franchisor, a common entity or an entity controlled by the franchisor if the franchisee is able 589590to obtain the identical or reasonably equivalent product from another vendor;

591 (40) Establishing any performance standard or program for measuring 592 franchisee performance that may have a material impact on a franchisee that is 593 not fair, reasonable, and equitable, or applying any such standard or program to 594 a franchisee in a manner that is not fair, reasonable, and equitable. Within ten 595 days of a request of a franchisee, a franchisor shall disclose in writing to the 596franchisee a description of how a performance standard or program is designed 597 and all relevant information used in the application of the performance standard 598or program to that franchisee unless the information is available to the franchisee 599 on the franchisor's website;

600 (41) Establishing or implementing a plan or system for the allocation, scheduling, or delivery of new motor vehicles, parts, or accessories to its 601 franchisees that is not fair, reasonable, and equitable or modifying an existing 602 plan or system so as to cause the plan or system to be unreasonable, unfair, or 603 604 inequitable. Within ten days of any request of a franchisee, the franchisor shall 605 disclose in writing to the franchisee the method and mode of distribution of that line-make among the franchisor's franchisees of the same line-make within the 606 607 same metro area for franchisees located in a metropolitan area and within the 608 county and contiguous counties of any franchisee not located in a metropolitan 609 area; and

610 (42) To violate any other provision of the MVFP act that adversely 611 impacts a franchisee.

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