FIRST REGULAR SESSION SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 355

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Commerce, Consumer Protection, Energy and the Environment, April 25, 2019, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass.

0874S.02C ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 386.020, 386.510, and 386.515, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof four new sections relating to matters within the scope of the public service commission.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 386.020, 386.510, and 386.515, RSMo, are repealed

- 2 and four new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 386.020,
- 3 386.510, 386.515, and 386.805, to read as follows:

386.020. As used in this chapter, the following words and phrases mean:

- 2 (1) "Alternative local exchange telecommunications company", a local
- 3 exchange telecommunications company certified by the commission to provide
- 4 basic or nonbasic local telecommunications service or switched exchange access
- 5 service, or any combination of such services, in a specific geographic area
- 6 subsequent to December 31, 1995;
- 7 (2) "Alternative operator services company", any certificated
- 8 interexchange telecommunications company which receives more than forty
- 9 percent of its annual Missouri intrastate telecommunications service revenues
- 10 from the provision of operator services pursuant to operator services contracts
- 11 with traffic aggregators;
- 12 (3) "Basic interexchange telecommunications service" includes, at a
- 13 minimum, two-way switched voice service between points in different local calling
- 14 scopes as determined by the commission and shall include other services as
- 15 determined by the commission by rule upon periodic review and update;
- 16 (4) "Basic local telecommunications service", two-way switched voice

29

service within a local calling scope as determined by the commission comprised of any of the following services and their recurring and nonrecurring charges:

- 19 (a) Multiparty, single line, including installation, touchtone dialing, and 20 any applicable mileage or zone charges;
- 21 (b) Assistance programs for installation of, or access to, basic local 22 telecommunications services for qualifying economically disadvantaged or 23 disabled customers or both, including, but not limited to, lifeline services and 24 link-up Missouri services for low-income customers or dual-party relay service for 25 the hearing impaired and speech impaired;
- 26 (c) Access to local emergency services including, but not limited to, 911 27 service established by local authorities;
 - (d) Access to basic local operator services;
 - (e) Access to basic local directory assistance;
- 30 (f) Standard intercept service;
- 31 (g) Equal access to interexchange carriers consistent with rules and 32 regulations of the Federal Communications Commission;
- 33 (h) One standard white pages directory listing.
- Basic local telecommunications service does not include optional toll-free calling outside a local calling scope but within a community of interest, available for an additional monthly fee or the offering or provision of basic local telecommunications service at private shared-tenant service locations;
- 38 (5) "Cable television service", the one-way transmission to subscribers of 39 video programming or other programming service and the subscriber interaction, 40 if any, which is required for the selection of such video programming or other 41 programming service;
- 42 (6) "Carrier of last resort", any telecommunications company which is 43 obligated to offer basic local telecommunications service to all customers who 44 request service in a geographic area defined by the commission and cannot 45 abandon this obligation without approval from the commission;
- 46 (7) "Commission", the "Public Service Commission" hereby created;
- 47 (8) "Commissioner", one of the members of the commission;
- 48 (9) "Competitive telecommunications company", a telecommunications 49 company which has been classified as such by the commission pursuant to section 50 392.245 or 392.361;
- 51 (10) "Competitive telecommunications service", a telecommunications 52 service which has been classified as such by the commission pursuant to section

SCS HB 355 3

70

73

74

75

76 77

78

53 392.245 or to section 392.361, or which has become a competitive 54 telecommunications service pursuant to section 392.370;

- 55 (11) "Corporation" includes a corporation, company, association and joint 56 stock association or company;
- 57 (12) "Customer-owned pay telephone", a privately owned 58 telecommunications device that is not owned, leased or otherwise controlled by 59 a local exchange telecommunications company and which provides 60 telecommunications services for a use fee to the general public;
- 61 (13) "Effective competition" shall be determined by the commission based 62 on:
- 63 (a) The extent to which services are available from alternative providers 64 in the relevant market;
- 65 (b) The extent to which the services of alternative providers are 66 functionally equivalent or substitutable at comparable rates, terms and 67 conditions;
- 68 (c) The extent to which the purposes and policies of chapter 392, including 69 the reasonableness of rates, as set out in section 392.185, are being advanced;
 - (d) Existing economic or regulatory barriers to entry; and
- 71 (e) Any other factors deemed relevant by the commission and necessary 72 to implement the purposes and policies of chapter 392;
 - (14) "Electric plant" includes all real estate, fixtures and personal property operated, controlled, owned, used or to be used for or in connection with or to facilitate the generation, transmission, distribution, sale or furnishing of electricity for light, heat or power; and any conduits, ducts or other devices, materials, apparatus or property for containing, holding or carrying conductors used or to be used for the transmission of electricity for light, heat or power;
- (15) "Electrical corporation" includes every corporation, company, 79 association, joint stock company or association, partnership and person, their 80 lessees, trustees or receivers appointed by any court whatsoever, other than a 81 82 railroad, light rail or street railroad corporation generating electricity solely for railroad, light rail or street railroad purposes or for the use of its tenants and not 83 for sale to others, owning, operating, controlling or managing any electric plant 84 85 except where electricity is generated or distributed by the producer solely on or 86 through private property for railroad, light rail or street railroad purposes or for its own use or the use of its tenants and not for sale to others. The term 87 "electrical corporation" shall not include: 88

97

98

99 100

101 102

103

104 105

106 107

114

- 89 (a) Municipally owned electric utilities operating under chapter 90 91;
- 91 (b) Rural electric cooperatives operating under chapter 394;
- 92 (c) Persons or corporations not otherwise engaged in the sale of 93 electricity at wholesale or retail that own, control, operate, or manage a facility that supplies electricity for the service of charging an electric 94 vehicle; 95
 - (16) "Electric vehicle charging station", electric plant used for the sale of electricity to the public for the propulsion of battery-operated or hybrid motor vehicles, vessels, railroads, or other related equipment and services;
 - (17) "Exchange", a geographical area for the administration of telecommunications services, established and described by the tariff of a telecommunications company providing basic local telecommunications service;
 - [(17)] (18) "Exchange access service", a service provided by a local exchange telecommunications company which enables a telecommunications company or other customer to enter and exit the local exchange telecommunications network in order to originate or terminate interexchange telecommunications service:
- 108 [(18)] (19) "Gas corporation" includes every corporation, company, 109 association, joint stock company or association, partnership and person, their 110 lessees, trustees or receivers appointed by any court whatsoever, owning, operating, controlling or managing any gas plant operating for public use under 111 112 privilege, license or franchise now or hereafter granted by the state or any political subdivision, county or municipality thereof; 113
- [(19)] (20) "Gas plant" includes all real estate, fixtures and personal property owned, operated, controlled, used or to be used for or in connection with 115 116 or to facilitate the manufacture, distribution, sale or furnishing of gas, natural or manufactured, for light, heat or power;
- 118 [(20)] (21) "Heating company" includes every corporation, company, 119 association, joint stock company or association, partnership and person, their lessees, trustees or receivers, appointed by any court whatsoever, owning, 120 121 operating, managing or controlling any plant or property for manufacturing and 122distributing and selling, for distribution, or distributing hot or cold water, steam 123 or currents of hot or cold air for motive power, heating, cooking, or for any public use or service, in any city, town or village in this state; provided, that no agency 124

125 or authority created by or operated pursuant to an interstate compact established

- pursuant to section 70.370 shall be a heating company or subject to regulation by
- 127 the commission;
- 128 [(21)] (22) "High-cost area", a geographic area, which shall follow
- 129 exchange boundaries and be no smaller than an exchange nor larger than a local
- 130 calling scope, where the cost of providing basic local telecommunications service
- 131 as determined by the commission, giving due regard to recovery of an appropriate
- 132 share of joint and common costs as well as those costs related to carrier of last
- 133 resort obligations, exceeds the rate for basic local telecommunications service
- 134 found reasonable by the commission;
- 135 [(22)] (23) "Incumbent local exchange telecommunications company", a
- 136 local exchange telecommunications company authorized to provide basic local
- 137 telecommunications service in a specific geographic area as of December 31, 1995,
- 138 or a successor in interest to such a company;
- 139 [(23)] (24) "Interconnected voice over internet protocol service", service
- 140 that:
- (a) Enables real-time, two-way voice communications;
- (b) Requires a broadband connection from the user's location;
- (c) Requires internet protocol-compatible customer premises equipment;
- 144 and
- (d) Permits users generally to receive calls that originate on the public
- 146 switched telephone network and to terminate calls to the public switched
- 147 telephone network;
- [(24)] (25) "Interexchange telecommunications company", any company
- 149 engaged in the provision of interexchange telecommunications service;
- [(25)] (26) "Interexchange telecommunications service",
- 151 telecommunications service between points in two or more exchanges;
- 152 [(26)] (27) "InterLATA", interexchange telecommunications service
- 153 between points in different local access and transportation areas;
- [(27)] (28) "IntraLATA", interexchange telecommunications service
- 155 between points within the same local access and transportation area;
- 156 [(28)] (29) "Light rail" includes every rail transportation system in which
- 157 one or more rail vehicles are propelled electrically by overhead catenary wire
- 158 upon tracks located substantially within an urban area and are operated
- 159 exclusively in the transportation of passengers and their baggage, and including
- 160 all bridges, tunnels, equipment, switches, spurs, tracks, stations, used in

- 161 connection with the operation of light rail;
- 162 [(29)] (30) "Line" includes route;
- [(30)] (31) "Local access and transportation area" or "LATA", contiguous

- 164 geographic area approved by the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia
- 165 in United States v. Western Electric, Civil Action No. 82-0192 that defines the
- 166 permissible areas of operations for the Bell Operating companies;
- [(31)] (32) "Local exchange telecommunications company", any company
- 168 engaged in the provision of local exchange telecommunications service. A local
- 169 exchange telecommunications company shall be considered a "large local exchange
- 170 telecommunications company" if it has at least one hundred thousand access lines
- 171 in Missouri and a "small local exchange telecommunications company" if it has
- 172 less than one hundred thousand access lines in Missouri;
- [(32)] (33) "Local exchange telecommunications service",
- 174 telecommunications service between points within an exchange;
- [(33)] (34) "Long-run incremental cost", the change in total costs of the
- 176 company of producing an increment of output in the long run when the company
- 177 uses least cost technology, and excluding any costs that, in the long run, are not
- 178 brought into existence as a direct result of the increment of output. The relevant
- 179 increment of output shall be the level of output necessary to satisfy total current
- 180 demand levels for the service in question, or, for new services, demand levels that
- 181 can be demonstrably anticipated;
- 182 [(34)] (35) "Municipality" includes a city, village or town;
- [(35)] (36) "Nonbasic telecommunications services" shall be all regulated
- 184 telecommunications services other than basic local and exchange access
- 185 telecommunications services, and shall include the services identified in
- 186 paragraphs (d) and (e) of subdivision (4) of this section. Any retail
- 187 telecommunications service offered for the first time after August 28, 1996, shall
- 188 be classified as a nonbasic telecommunications service, including any new service
- 189 which does not replace an existing service;
- 190 [(36)] (37) "Noncompetitive telecommunications company", a
- 191 telecommunications company other than a competitive telecommunications
- 192 company or a transitionally competitive telecommunications company;
- 193 [(37)] (38) "Noncompetitive telecommunications service", a
- 194 telecommunications service other than a competitive or transitionally competitive
- 195 telecommunications service;
- 196 [(38)] (39) "Operator services", operator-assisted interexchange

SCS HB 355 7

197 telecommunications service by means of either human or automated call 198 intervention and includes, but is not limited to, billing or completion of calling 199 card, collect, person-to-person, station-to-station or third number billed calls;

- [(39)] (40) "Operator services contract", any agreement between a traffic aggregator and a certificated interexchange telecommunications company to provide operator services at a traffic aggregator location;
- [(40)] (41) "Person" includes an individual, and a firm or copartnership;
 [(41)] (42) "Private shared tenant services" includes the provision of
 telecommunications and information management services and equipment within
 a user group located in discrete private premises as authorized by the commission
 by a commercial-shared services provider or by a user association, through
 privately owned customer premises equipment and associated data processing and
 information management services and includes the provision of connections to the
- 211 telecommunications companies;
 212 [(42)] (43) "Private telecommunications system", a telecommunications

facilities of local exchange telecommunications companies and to interexchange

system controlled by a person or corporation for the sole and exclusive use of such

214 person, corporation or legal or corporate affiliate thereof;

- [(43)] (44) "Public utility" includes every pipeline corporation, gas corporation, electrical corporation, telecommunications company, water corporation, [heat] heating company or refrigerating corporation, and sewer corporation, as these terms are defined in this section, and each thereof is hereby declared to be a public utility and to be subject to the jurisdiction, control and regulation of the commission and to the provisions of this chapter;
- [(44)] (45) "Railroad" includes every railroad and railway, other than street railroad or light rail, by whatsoever power operated for public use in the conveyance of persons or property for compensation, with all bridges, ferries, tunnels, equipment, switches, spurs, tracks, stations, real estate and terminal facilities of every kind used, operated, controlled or owned by or in connection with any such railroad;
- [(45)] (46) "Railroad corporation" includes every corporation, company, association, joint stock company or association, partnership and person, their lessees, trustees or receivers appointed by any court whatsoever, owning, holding, operating, controlling or managing any railroad [or railway] as defined in this section, or any cars or other equipment used thereon or in connection therewith;
- [(46)] (47) "Rate", every individual or joint rate, fare, toll, charge,

reconsigning charge, switching charge, rental or other compensation of any corporation, person or public utility, or any two or more such individual or joint rates, fares, tolls, charges, reconsigning charges, switching charges, rentals or other compensations of any corporation, person or public utility or any schedule or tariff thereof;

- [(47)] (48) "Resale of telecommunications service", the offering or providing of telecommunications service primarily through the use of services or facilities owned or provided by a separate telecommunications company, but does not include the offering or providing of private shared tenant services;
- [(48)] (49) "Service" includes not only the use and accommodations afforded consumers or patrons, but also any product or commodity furnished by any corporation, person or public utility and the plant, equipment, apparatus, appliances, property and facilities employed by any corporation, person or public utility in performing any service or in furnishing any product or commodity and devoted to the public purposes of such corporation, person or public utility, and to the use and accommodation of consumers or patrons;
- [(49)] (50) "Sewer corporation" includes every corporation, company, association, joint stock company or association, partnership or person, their lessees, trustees or receivers appointed by any court, owning, operating, controlling or managing any sewer system, plant or property, for the collection, carriage, treatment, or disposal of sewage anywhere within the state for gain, except that the term shall not include sewer systems with fewer than twenty-five outlets;
- [(50)] (51) "Sewer system" includes all pipes, pumps, canals, lagoons, plants, structures and appliances, and all other real estate, fixtures and personal property, owned, operated, controlled or managed in connection with or to facilitate the collection, carriage, treatment and disposal of sewage for municipal, domestic or other beneficial or necessary purpose;
- [(51)] (52) "Street railroad" includes every railroad by whatsoever type of power operated, and all extensions and branches thereof and supplementary facilities thereto by whatsoever type of vehicle operated, for public use in the conveyance of persons or property for compensation, mainly providing local transportation service upon the streets, highways and public places in a municipality, or in and adjacent to a municipality, and including all cars, buses and other rolling stock, equipment, switches, spurs, tracks, poles, wires, conduits, cables, subways, tunnels, stations, terminals and real estate of every kind used,

SCS HB 355 9

279

280

281

282

283

284

295

296

297

298

299

300

301

302

303

304

269 operated or owned in connection therewith but this term shall not include light 270 rail as defined in this section; and the term "street railroad" when used in this chapter shall also include all motor bus and trolley bus lines and routes and 271 272 similar local transportation facilities, and the rolling stock and other equipment 273 thereof and the appurtenances thereto, when operated as a part of a street 274 railroad or trolley bus local transportation system, or in conjunction therewith or 275 supplementary thereto, but such term shall not include a railroad constituting or 276 used as part of a trunk line railroad system and any street railroad as defined 277 above which shall be converted wholly to motor bus operation shall nevertheless 278 continue to be included within the term street railroad as used herein;

- [(52)] (53) "Telecommunications company" includes telephone corporations as that term is used in the statutes of this state and every corporation, company, association, joint stock company or association, partnership and person, their lessees, trustees or receivers appointed by any court whatsoever, owning, operating, controlling or managing any facilities used to provide telecommunications service for hire, sale or resale within this state;
- [(53)] (54) "Telecommunications facilities" includes lines, conduits, ducts, poles, wires, cables, crossarms, receivers, transmitters, instruments, machines, appliances and all devices, real estate, easements, apparatus, property and routes used, operated, controlled or owned by any telecommunications company to facilitate the provision of telecommunications service;
- [(54)] (55) "Telecommunications service", the transmission of information by wire, radio, optical cable, electronic impulses, or other similar means. As used in this definition, "information" means knowledge or intelligence represented by any form of writing, signs, signals, pictures, sounds, or any other symbols. Telecommunications service does not include:
 - (a) The rent, sale, lease, or exchange for other value received of customer premises equipment except for customer premises equipment owned by a telephone company certificated or otherwise authorized to provide telephone service prior to September 28, 1987, and provided under tariff or in inventory on January 1, 1983, which must be detariffed no later than December 31, 1987, and thereafter the provision of which shall not be a telecommunications service, and except for customer premises equipment owned or provided by a telecommunications company and used for answering 911 or emergency calls;
 - (b) Answering services and paging services;
 - (c) The offering of radio communication services and facilities when such

320

321

322

323

324

325

326

332

333

334

- 305 services and facilities are provided under a license granted by the Federal 306 Communications Commission under the commercial mobile radio services rules 307 and regulations;
- 308 (d) Services provided by a hospital, hotel, motel, or other similar business 309 whose principal service is the provision of temporary lodging through the owning 310 or operating of message switching or billing equipment solely for the purpose of 311 providing at a charge telecommunications services to its temporary patients or 312 guests;
- 313 (e) Services provided by a private telecommunications system;
- 314 (f) Cable television service;
- 315 (g) The installation and maintenance of inside wire within a customer's 316 premises;
 - (h) Electronic publishing services;
- 318 (i) Services provided pursuant to a broadcast radio or television license 319 issued by the Federal Communications Commission; or
 - (j) Interconnected voice over internet protocol service;
 - [(55)] (56) "Telephone cooperative", every corporation defined as a telecommunications company in this section, in which at least ninety percent of those persons and corporations subscribing to receive local telecommunications service from the corporation own at least ninety percent of the corporation's outstanding and issued capital stock and in which no subscriber owns more than two shares of the corporation's outstanding and issued capital stock;
- [(56)] (57) "Traffic aggregator", any person, firm, partnership or 328 corporation which furnishes a telephone for use by the public and includes, but 329 is not limited to, telephones located in rooms, offices and similar locations in 330 hotels, motels, hospitals, colleges, universities, airports and public or 331 customer-owned pay telephone locations, whether or not coin operated;
 - [(57)] (58) "Transitionally competitive telecommunications company", an interexchange telecommunications company which provides any noncompetitive or transitionally competitive telecommunications service, except for an interexchange telecommunications company which provides only noncompetitive telecommunications service;
- [(58)] (59) "Transitionally competitive telecommunications service", a telecommunications service offered by a noncompetitive or transitionally competitive telecommunications company and classified as transitionally competitive by the commission pursuant to section 392.361 or 392.370;

348

349

350

351

352

[(59)] (60) "Water corporation" includes every corporation, company, association, joint stock company or association, partnership and person, their lessees, trustees, or receivers appointed by any court whatsoever, owning, operating, controlling or managing any plant or property, dam or water supply, canal, or power station, distributing or selling for distribution, or selling or supplying for gain any water;

11

[(60)] (61) "Water system" includes all reservoirs, tunnels, shafts, dams, dikes, headgates, pipes, flumes, canals, structures and appliances, and all other real estate, fixtures and personal property, owned, operated, controlled or managed in connection with or to facilitate the diversion, development, storage, supply, distribution, sale, furnishing or carriage of water for municipal, domestic or other beneficial use.

386.510. With respect to commission orders or decisions issued on and after July 1, 2011, within thirty days after the application for a rehearing is 23 denied, or, if the application is granted, then within thirty days after the rendition of the decision on rehearing, the applicant may file a notice of appeal with [the commission, which shall also be served on the parties to the commission proceeding in accordance with section 386.515, and which the commission shall forward to the appellate court with the territorial jurisdiction over the county where the hearing was held or in which the commission has its principal office for the purpose of having the reasonableness or lawfulness of the original order or decision or the order or decision on rehearing inquired into or determined, 10 which shall also be served on the commission and the parties to the 11 12 commission proceeding in accordance with section 386.515. Except with respect to a stay or suspension pursuant to subsection 1 of section 386.520, no 13 new or additional evidence may be introduced in the appellate court but the cause 14 15 shall be heard by the court without the intervention of a jury on the evidence and exhibits introduced before the commission and certified to by it. The notice of 16 appeal shall include the appellant's application for rehearing, a copy of the 17 reconciliation required by subsection 4 of section 386.420, a concise statement of 18 the issues being appealed, a full and complete list of the parties to the 19 20 commission proceeding, all necessary filing fees, and any other information 21specified by the rules of the court. Unless otherwise ordered by the court of 22appeals, the commission shall, within thirty days of the filing of the notice of 23 appeal, certify its record in the case to the court of appeals. The commission and each party to the action or proceeding before the commission shall have the right 24

25to intervene and participate fully in the review proceedings. Upon the submission 26 of the case to the court of appeals, the court of appeals shall render its opinion either affirming or setting aside, in whole or in part, the order or decision of the 27 commission under review. In case the order or decision is reversed by reason of 2829 the commission failing to receive testimony properly proffered, the court shall remand the cause to the commission, with instructions to receive the testimony 30 so proffered and rejected, and enter a new order or render a new decision based 31 32 upon the evidence theretofore taken, and such as it is directed to receive. The 33 court may, in its discretion, remand any cause which is reversed by it to the commission for further action. No court in this state, except the supreme court 34 35 or the court of appeals, shall have jurisdiction or authority to review, reverse, 36 correct or annul any order or decision of the commission or to suspend or delay 37the executing or operation thereof, or to enjoin, restrain or interfere with the commission in the performance of its official duties. The appellate courts of this 38 39 state shall always be deemed open for the trial of suits brought to review the orders and decisions of the commission as provided in the public service 40 41 commission law and the same shall where necessary be tried and determined as 42 suits in equity.

386.515. With respect to commission orders or decisions issued on and after July 1, 2011, an application for rehearing is required to be served on all parties and is a prerequisite to the filing of an appeal under section 386.510. The application for rehearing puts the parties to the proceeding before the commission on notice that an appeal can follow and any such review under the appeal may 5 proceed provided that a copy of the notice of appeal is served on said parties. With respect to commission orders or decisions issued on and after July 1, 2011, the review procedure provided for in section 386.510 continues to be exclusive except that a copy of the notice of appeal required by section 386.510 shall be served on the commission and each party to the proceeding before the 10 commission by the appellant according to the rules established by the court in 11 12 which the appeal is filed.

386.805. For purposes of sections 91.025, 386.800, 393.106, 394.080, and 394.315 only, when municipally owned electric utilities or rural electric cooperatives are lawfully providing electric service to a structure outside of the respective service area boundaries, an electric vehicle charging station reasonably proximate to such structure served by such municipally owned electric utility or rural electric cooperative

7 shall be considered a contiguous or adjacent addition to or an

8 expansion of an existing structure.

Unofficial

Bill

Copy