FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 7

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR EMERY.

Pre-filed December 1, 2018, and ordered printed.

0212S.01I

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 507.040, 507.050, 508.010, 508.012, and 537.762, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof nine new sections relating to civil procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 507.040, 507.050, 508.010, 508.012, and 537.762,

- 2 RSMo, are repealed and nine new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known
- 3 as sections 375.1800, 375.1803, 375.1806, 507.040, 507.050, 508.010, 508.012,
- 4 537.762, and 1, to read as follows:

375.1800. 1. A domestic insurance company shall be deemed for

- all purposes, including venue, to reside in, and be a resident of, the
- 3 county where its registered office is maintained.
- 4 2. A foreign insurance company shall be deemed for all purposes,
- 5 including venue, to reside in, and be a resident of, the county where its
- 6 registered office is maintained. A foreign insurance company that does
- 7 not maintain a registered office in any county in Missouri shall be
- 8 deemed to reside in, and be a resident of, Cole County.

375.1803. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary,

- 2 in all actions in which there is any count against an insurer, whether
- 3 in tort or contract, regarding the rights, benefits, or duties under an
- 4 insurance contract or any action arising from an insurance contract,
- 5 including but not limited to claims of bad faith, refusal to settle, claims
- 6 under section 375.296, or claims under section 375.420, venue shall be
- 7 in the county where the insurer resides, or if the insured was a
- 8 resident of Missouri at the time the insurance contract was issued, the
- 9 county of the insured's principal place of residence, as defined in

6

8

12

13

16

17

section 508.010, at the time the insurance contract was issued. Venue shall be determined by this section even if the insured's rights or claims under the policy have been assigned or otherwise transferred to another party. However, intervention by an insurer in an action pursuant to section 537.065 shall not affect the venue of the action. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any action against an insurer relating to uninsured motorist coverage or underinsured motorist coverage, including any action to enforce such coverage.

375.1806. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, in all actions against an insurer relating to uninsured motorist coverage or underinsured motorist coverage, including any action to enforce such coverage, venue as to that individual plaintiff shall be determined as follows:

- (1) If the accident involving the uninsured or underinsured motor vehicle occurred in Missouri, then venue shall be in the county where the accident occurred;
- 9 (2) If the accident involving the uninsured or underinsured 10 motor vehicle occurred outside the state of Missouri, then venue shall 11 either be in:
 - (a) The county where the insurer resides; or
 - (b) If the insured's principal place of residence was in the state of Missouri on the date the insured was first injured by the accident involving an uninsured or underinsured motor vehicle, the county of the insured's principal place of residence on the date the insured was first injured by such accident.

507.040. 1. All persons may join in one action as plaintiffs if they assert any right to relief jointly, severally, or in the alternative in respect of or arising out of the same transaction, occurrence, or series of transactions or occurrences and if any question of law or fact common to all of them will arise in the action. All persons may be joined in one action as defendants if there is asserted against them jointly, severally, or in the alternative, any right to relief in respect of or arising out of the same transaction, occurrence, or series of transactions or occurrences and if any question of law or fact common to all of them will arise in the action. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, for any action in which a plaintiff was injured outside the state of Missouri, claims arising out of separate purchases of the same product or services, or separate incidents involving the same product or services

31

32

33

3435

36

37

38 39

40

shall not satisfy this section. A plaintiff or defendant need not be interested in obtaining or defending against all the relief demanded. Judgment may be given for one or more of the plaintiffs according to their respective rights to relief, and against one or more defendants according to their respective liabilities.

- 17 2. In addition to the requirements of subsection 1 of this section, in any civil action in which there is a count alleging a tort, two or more 18 plaintiffs may be joined in a single action only if each plaintiff could 19 have separately filed an action in that venue, independently of the 20 claims of any other plaintiff; except that, if two or more plaintiffs in a 21civil action in which there is a count alleging a tort could otherwise 2223 establish venue in adjoining counties, and if each such county has fewer than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, then the plaintiffs 2425may be joined in a single action in one of the adjoining counties. In 26 addition, a plaintiff having proper venue in a county having a 27 population of seventy-five thousand or less inhabitants may join in another action currently pending in a proper venue of another county 28 29 with a population of seventy-five thousand inhabitants or less. Two or 30 more defendants may be joined in a single action only if:
 - (1) Personal jurisdiction is proper for each defendant, independently of the claims against any other defendant; and
 - (2) Each plaintiff can establish proper venue against each defendant, independently of the claims against any other defendant.
 - 3. All parties for which proper personal jurisdiction and venue cannot be independently established shall be deemed misjoined. Misjoined parties may be joined only where at least one claim is properly pending in the court, and all parties to the action waive objection to the misjoinder. All other misjoined parties shall be subject to the provisions of section 507.050.
- 4. The court may make such orders as will prevent a party from being 42 embarrassed, delayed, or put to expense by the inclusion of a party against whom 43 he asserts no claim and who asserts no claim against him, and may order 44 separate trials or make other orders to prevent delay or prejudice.

507.050. 1. Misjoinder of parties is not ground for dismissal of an action. Parties may be dropped [or], added, or severed by order of the court on motion of any party or of its own initiative at any stage of the action and on such terms as are just. Any claim against a party may be severed and proceeded with

SB 7 4

11

12

13

14

1516

6

separately. If a plaintiff or defendant is deemed misjoined pursuant to subsection 3 of section 507.040, all claims brought by that plaintiff or against that defendant shall be severed from the action and those claims shall be transferred to a county in which venue exists upon the motion of any party. If there is no county in Missouri in which venue exists, those claims shall be dismissed without prejudice.

- 2. A motion to drop or add parties may be made at the same time as other motions provided for in section 509.290, and if so made, the provisions of section 509.340 with reference to the consolidation of motions and waiver of objections shall also apply. If said motion is made at any other time, the hearing and determination thereof shall not delay the trial. Objections on account of misjoinder or nonjoinder of parties may also be raised by answer or reply.
- 508.010. 1. As used in this section, "principal place of residence" shall mean the county which is the main place where an individual resides in the state of Missouri. [There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the county of voter registration at the time of injury is the principal place of residence.] There shall be only one principal place of residence.
 - (1) For an individual person, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that the county of voter registration at the time of injury is the principal place of residence.
- 9 (2) Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, for an individual whose conduct at issue was alleged in at least one county to be in the course and scope of his or her employment with a corporation, the individual's principal place of residence for venue purposes shall be deemed to be the applicable corporation's principal place of residence.
- 15 (3) For a corporation, the county where the corporation has its 16 registered agent is the principal place of residence.
- 17 2. In all actions in which there is no count alleging a tort, venue shall be 18 determined as follows:
- 19 (1) When the defendant is a resident of the state, either in the county 20 within which the defendant resides, or in the county within which the plaintiff 21 resides, and the defendant may be found;
- 22 (2) When there are several defendants, and they reside in different 23 counties, the suit may be brought in any such county;
- 24 (3) When there are several defendants, some residents and others

SB 7 5

25 nonresidents of the state, suit may be brought in any county in this state in 26 which any defendant resides;

- (4) When all the defendants are nonresidents of the state, suit may be brought in any county in this state, provided there is personal jurisdiction over each defendant, independent of each other defendant.
- 30 3. The term "tort" shall include claims based upon improper health care, 31 under the provisions of chapter 538.
 - 4. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in all actions in which there is any count alleging a tort and in which the plaintiff was first injured in the state of Missouri, venue shall be in the county where the plaintiff was first injured by the [wrongful] acts or [negligent] conduct alleged in the action.
 - 5. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in all actions in which there is any count alleging a tort and in which the plaintiff was first injured outside the state of Missouri, venue **as to that individual plaintiff** shall be determined as follows:
 - (1) If the defendant is a corporation, then venue shall be in [any] the county where [a] the defendant [corporation's registered agent is located] has its principal place of residence or, if the plaintiff's principal place of residence was in the state of Missouri on the date the plaintiff was first injured, then venue may be in the county of the plaintiff's principal place of residence on the date the plaintiff was first injured;
 - (2) If the defendant is an individual, then venue shall be in [any] the county [of] where the [individual defendant's] defendant has his or her principal place of residence in the state of Missouri, which for venue purposes shall be deemed to be that of his or her employer corporation if any count alleges conduct in the course and scope of his or her employment with that corporation, or, if the plaintiff's principal place of residence was in the state of Missouri on the date the plaintiff was first injured, then venue as to that individual plaintiff may be in the county containing the plaintiff's principal place of residence on the date the plaintiff was first injured;
 - (3) Notwithstanding subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, if the plaintiff was first injured in a foreign country in connection with any railroad operations therein and any defendant is a:
- 58 (a) Corporation that, either directly or through its subsidiaries, wholly 59 owns or operates the foreign railroad; or
 - (b) Wholly owned subsidiary of a corporation that, either directly or

SB 7 6

- 61 through its subsidiaries, wholly owns or operates the foreign railroad;
- 62 then venue shall exclusively be in the county where any such defendant
- 63 corporation's registered agent is located, regardless of venue as to any other
- 64 defendant or, if the plaintiff's principal place of residence was in the state of
- 65 Missouri on the date the plaintiff was first injured, then venue may be in the
- 66 county of the plaintiff's principal place of residence on the date the plaintiff was
- 67 first injured.
- 6. Any action, in which any county shall be a plaintiff, may be commenced
- 69 and prosecuted to final judgment in the county in which the defendant or
- 70 defendants reside, or in the county suing and where the defendants, or one of
- 71 them, may be found.
- 72 7. In all actions, process shall be issued by the court in which the action
- 73 is filed and process may be served in any county within the state.
- 74 8. In any action for defamation or for invasion of privacy, the plaintiff
- 75 shall be considered first injured in the county in which the defamation or
- 76 invasion was first published.
- 77 9. In all actions, venue shall be determined as of the date the plaintiff was
- 78 first injured.
- 79 10. All motions to dismiss or to transfer based upon a claim of improper
- 80 venue shall be deemed granted if not denied within ninety days of filing of the
- 81 motion unless such time period is waived in writing by all parties.
- 82 11. In a wrongful death action, the plaintiff shall be considered first
- 83 injured where the decedent was first injured by the wrongful acts or negligent
- 84 conduct alleged in the action. In any spouse's claim for loss of consortium, the
- 85 plaintiff claiming consortium shall be considered first injured where the other
- 86 spouse was first injured by the wrongful acts or negligent conduct alleged in the
- 87 action.
- 88 12. The provisions of this section shall apply irrespective of whether the
- 89 defendant is a for-profit or a not-for-profit entity.
- 90 13. In any civil action, if all parties agree in writing to a change of venue,
- 91 the court shall transfer venue to the county within the state unanimously chosen
- 92 by the parties. If any parties are added to the cause of action after the date of
- 93 said transfer who do not consent to said transfer then the cause of action shall
- 94 be transferred to such county in which venue is appropriate under this section,
- 95 based upon the amended pleadings.
- 96 14. A plaintiff is considered first injured where the trauma or exposure

105

106

107108

97 occurred rather than where symptoms are first manifested.

15. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, in any civil action in which there is any count alleging a tort, each plaintiff shall establish that the court where the action is filed is a proper venue against each defendant, independent of the claims brought by any other plaintiff or against any other defendant. Venue for each plaintiff and each defendant cannot be established by joinder or intervention.

7

- 16. If the county where the plaintiff's claim is filed is not a proper venue, that plaintiff shall be transferred to a county where proper venue can be established. If no such county exists in the state of Missouri, the claim shall be dismissed without prejudice.
- 17. Denial of a motion to transfer venue pursuant to sections 507.040, 507.050, or 508.010, if denied in error, requires reversal, and no finding of prejudice under Missouri supreme court rule 84.13(b) is required for reversal.
- 113 18. For the purposes of this section, a domestic insurance company shall be deemed to reside in, and be a resident of, the county 114 where its registered office is maintained. A foreign insurance company 115 116 shall be deemed to reside in, and be a resident of, the county where its 117registered office is maintained. If a foreign insurance company does 118 not maintain a registered office in any county in Missouri, the foreign 119 insurance company shall be deemed to reside in, and be a resident of, 120 Cole County.

508.012. At any time prior to the commencement of a trial, if a plaintiff or defendant, including a third-party plaintiff or defendant, is either added [or] to, removed, or severed from a petition filed in any court in the state of Missouri which would have, if originally added [or] to, removed [to], or severed from the initial petition, altered the determination of venue under section 508.010, then the judge shall upon application of any party transfer the case to a proper forum [under section 476.410].

537.762. 1. A defendant whose liability is based solely on his status as 2 a seller in the stream of commerce may be dismissed from a products liability 3 claim as provided in this section.

2. This section shall apply to any products liability claim in which another defendant, including the manufacturer, is properly before the court and from

13

14 15

16

17

19

20

21 22

4

5

whom total recovery may be had for plaintiff's claim.

7 3. A defendant may move for dismissal under this section within the time for filing an answer or other responsive pleading unless permitted by the court at a later time for good cause shown. The motion shall be accompanied by an 9 affidavit which shall be made under oath and shall state that the defendant is 10 aware of no facts or circumstances upon which a verdict might be reached against 11 him, other than his status as a seller in the stream of commerce. 12

- 4. The parties shall have sixty days in which to conduct discovery on the issues raised in the motion and affidavit. The court for good cause shown, may extend the time for discovery, and may enter a protective order pursuant to the rules of civil procedure regarding the scope of discovery on other issues.
- 5. Any party may move for a hearing on a motion to dismiss under this 18 section. If the requirements of subsections 2 and 3 of this section are met, and no party comes forward at such a hearing with evidence of facts which would render the defendant seeking dismissal under this section liable on some basis other than his status as a seller in the stream of commerce, the court shall dismiss without prejudice the claim as to that defendant.
- 23 6. [No order of dismissal under this section shall operate to divest a court 24of venue or jurisdiction otherwise proper at the time the action was commencedA 25 defendant dismissed pursuant to this section shall be considered to remain a 26 party to such action only for such purposes.
- 27 7.1 An order of dismissal under this section shall be interlocutory until 28 final disposition of plaintiff's claim by settlement or judgment and may be set 29 aside for good cause shown at anytime prior to such disposition.

Section 1. The provisions of sections 507.040, 507.050, 508.010, 508.012, and 537.762, as enacted by this act are procedural and shall not 2 apply to cases that: 3

- (1) Were filed in a court in this state as of January 1, 2019;
- (2) Have proper jurisdiction in this state; and
- 6 (3) Have a trial date, which was set before January 1, 2019, and will begin December 31, 2019.