FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 513

100TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR SATER.

Read 1st time February 28, 2019, and ordered printed.

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

2244S.03I

AN ACT

To repeal sections 67.662 and 94.802, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to tourism taxes.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 67.662 and 94.802, RSMo, are repealed and two new 2 sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 67.662 and 94.802, to 3 read as follows:

67.662. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, any tax imposed or collected by any municipality, any county, or any local taxing 2 3 entity on or related to any transient accommodations, whether imposed as a hotel tax, occupancy tax, or [otherwise] transient guest tax, shall apply solely to 4 amounts actually received by the operator of a hotel, motel, tavern, inn, tourist $\mathbf{5}$ cabin, tourist camp, or other place in which rooms are furnished to the 6 7 public. Under no circumstances shall a travel agent or intermediary be deemed an operator of a hotel, motel, tavern, inn, tourist cabin, tourist camp, or other 8 9 place in which rooms are furnished to the public unless such travel agent or 10 intermediary actually operates such a facility. This section shall not apply if the purchaser of such rooms is an entity which is exempt from payment of such 11 12 tax. This section is intended to clarify that taxes imposed as a hotel tax, occupancy tax, or [otherwise] transient guest tax shall apply solely to amounts 13 14 received by operators of a hotel, motel, tavern, inn, tourist cabin, tourist camp, or other place in which rooms are furnished to the public, as 1516 enacted in the statutes authorizing such taxes.

94.802. 1. In addition to any tourism tax imposed by section 94.805, the 2 governing body of any municipality with more than two thousand five hundred

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3 hotel and motel rooms inside the municipal limits may impose, by ordinance, a4 tourism tax at a rate not to exceed four percent on the following:

5 (1) The price paid or charged to any person for rooms or accommodations 6 paid by transient guests of hotels, motels, condominium units, time-share 7 interests in condominiums, campgrounds, and tourist courts situated within the 8 municipality; and

9 (2) The price paid or charged for any admission ticket to or participation in any private tourist attraction in such municipality. The sale of an 10 admission ticket shall be deemed to have taken place within the 11 municipality and shall be subject to the tax authorized under this 12section regardless of the location at which or the vendor from whom 13 14 the ticket is actually purchased, provided that the private tourist 15attraction for which the admission ticket is sold is physically located 16 within the municipality.

2. As used in this section, the term "hotel", "motel", "condominium", 17"time-share interests in condominiums", or "tourist court" means any structure 18 or building, under one management, which contains rooms furnished for the 19 accommodation or lodging of guests, with or without meals being provided, 20including bed and breakfast facilities, and kept, used, maintained, advertised, or 2122held out to the public as a place where sleeping accommodations are sought for pay or compensation to transient guests and the use of the term "hotel" or "motel" 2324alone shall also be deemed to include all such structures, buildings and facilities, 25and the term "campground" means real property, other than state-owned 26property, which contains parcels for rent to transient guests for pay or 27compensation, which may include temporary utility hook-ups for use by the 28transient guests, and where such transient guests generally use tents, 29 recreational vehicles or some other form of temporary shelter while on the rented 30 premises. Shelters for the homeless operated by not-for-profit organizations are not a hotel, motel, or tourist court for the purposes of this section. As used in 31 32this section, the term "transient guest" means a person who occupies a room or rooms in a hotel, motel, campground, or tourist court for thirty consecutive days 33 34or less.

35 3. As used in this section, "private tourist attraction" means any 36 commercial entity which appeals to the recreational desires and tastes of the 37 traveling public through the presentation of services or devices designed to 38 entertain or educate visitors, including but not limited to: $\operatorname{SB}513$

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39 (1) Amusement parks, carnivals, circuses, fairs and water parks;

- 40 (2) Aerial tramways;
- 41 (3) Commercial animal, reptile, and zoological exhibits;
- 42 (4) Commercial beaches and hot springs;
- 43 (5) Go-carts/miniature golf establishments;
- 44 (6) Horse shows and rodeos;

45 (7) Rides on airplanes, helicopters, balloons, gliders, parachutes and 46 bungee jumps;

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(8) Automobile, bicycle, dog, horse, and other racing events;

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(9) Music shows and pageants, movie theaters, and live theaters;

(10) Regularly scheduled and special professional sporting events including, but not limited to, football, baseball, basketball, hockey, tennis, golf, bowling, soccer, horse racing, bicycle racing, human track and field events, table tennis and other racquet events, except that attractions owned or operated by schools, colleges and universities shall be exempt from the provisions of this subdivision.

- 55 Attractions operating on an occasional or intermittent basis for fund-raising 56 purposes by nonprofit charitable organizations whose ordinary activities do not 57 involve the operation of such attractions shall be exempt from the admissions tax
- 58 imposed by this section.

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