1373S.10F

## SENATE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 604

## AN ACT

To repeal sections 160.410, 160.415, 160.545, 160.2500, 161.700, 162.068, 162.081, 162.203, 163.018, 163.031, 167.125, 167.131, 167.151, 167.241, 168.133, 171.031, 171.033, 177.086, 178.530, and 210.110, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof thirty-eight new sections relating to elementary and secondary education, with an emergency clause for certain sections.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI, AS FOLLOWS:

- 1 Section A. Sections 160.410, 160.415, 160.545, 160.2500,
- 2 161.700, 162.068, 162.081, 162.203, 163.018, 163.031, 167.125,
- 3 167.131, 167.151, 167.241, 168.133, 171.031, 171.033, 177.086,
- 4 178.530, and 210.110, RSMo, are repealed and thirty-eight new
- 5 sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections
- 6 160.410, 160.415, 160.545, 160.2500, 161.700, 161.1080, 161.1085,
- 7 161.1090, 161.1095, 161.1100, 161.1105, 161.1110, 161.1115,
- 8 161.1120, 161.1125, 161.1130, 162.068, 162.081, 162.203, 163.018,
- 9 163.031, 167.125, 167.131, 167.132, 167.151, 167.241, 167.890,
- 10 167.895, 167.898, 168.025, 168.133, 170.020, 170.045, 171.031,
- 11 171.033, 177.086, 178.530, and 210.110, and to read as follows:
- 12 160.410. 1. A charter school shall enroll:

1 (1) All pupils resident in the district in which it operates;

- 3 (2) Nonresident pupils eligible to attend a district's school under an urban voluntary transfer program;
  - (3) Nonresident pupils who transfer from an unaccredited district under section [167.131] 167.895, provided that the charter school is an approved charter school, as defined in section [167.131] 167.895, and subject to all other provisions of section [167.131] 167.895;
  - (4) In the case of a charter school whose mission includes student drop-out prevention or recovery, any nonresident pupil from the same or an adjacent county who resides in a residential care facility, a transitional living group home, or an independent living program whose last school of enrollment is in the school district where the charter school is established, who submits a timely application; and
  - eligible to attend under subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection whose parent is employed in the business district, who submits a timely application, unless the number of applications exceeds the capacity of a program, class, grade level or building. The configuration of a business district shall be set forth in the charter and shall not be construed to create an undue advantage for a single employer or small number of employers.
    - 2. If capacity is insufficient to enroll all pupils who submit a timely application, the charter school shall have an admissions process that assures all applicants of an equal chance

of gaining admission and does not discriminate based on parents' ability to pay fees or tuition except that:

- around the school whose residents will receive a preference for enrolling in the school, provided that such preferences do not result in the establishment of racially or socioeconomically isolated schools and provided such preferences conform to policies and guidelines established by the state board of education;
- (2) A charter school may also give a preference for admission of children whose siblings attend the school or whose parents are employed at the school or in the case of a workplace charter school, a child whose parent is employed in the business district or at the business site of such school; [and]
- (3) Charter schools may also give a preference for admission to high-risk students, as defined in subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of section 160.405, when the school targets these students through its proposed mission, curriculum, teaching methods, and services;
- (4) A charter school may also give a preference for admission to students who will be eligible for the free and reduced price lunch program in the upcoming school year.
- 3. A charter school shall not limit admission based on race, ethnicity, national origin, disability, income level, except as allowed under subdivision (4) of subsection 2 of this section, proficiency in the English language or athletic ability, but may limit admission to pupils within a given age group or grade level. Charter schools may limit admission based on gender

- only when the school is a single-gender school. Students of a
- 2 charter school who have been enrolled for a full academic year
- 3 shall be counted in the performance of the charter school on the
- 4 statewide assessments in that calendar year, unless otherwise
- 5 exempted as English language learners. For purposes of this
- 6 subsection, "full academic year" means the last Wednesday in
- 7 September through the administration of the Missouri assessment
- 8 program test without transferring out of the school and
- 9 re-enrolling.
- 10 4. A charter school shall make available for public
- inspection, and provide upon request, to the parent, guardian, or
- other custodian of any school-age pupil resident in the district
- in which the school is located the following information:
- 14 (1) The school's charter;
- 15 (2) The school's most recent annual report card published
- according to section 160.522;
- 17 (3) The results of background checks on the charter
- 18 school's board members; and
- 19 (4) If a charter school is operated by a management
- 20 company, a copy of the written contract between the governing
- 21 board of the charter school and the educational management
- 22 organization or the charter management organization for services.
- 23 The charter school may charge reasonable fees, not to exceed the
- 24 rate specified in section 610.026 for furnishing copies of
- documents under this subsection.
- 26 5. When a student attending a charter school who is a
- 27 resident of the school district in which the charter school is
- located moves out of the boundaries of such school district, the

student may complete the current semester and shall be considered a resident student. The student's parent or legal guardian shall be responsible for the student's transportation to and from the charter school.

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- of the state board of education under section 162.223, 162.431, 162.441, or 162.451, or by action of the state board of education under section 162.081, including attachment of a school district's territory to another district or dissolution, such that a student attending a charter school prior to such change no longer resides in a school district in which the charter school is located, then the student may complete the current academic year at the charter school. The student shall be considered a resident student. The student's parent or legal guardian shall be responsible for the student's transportation to and from the charter school.
- 7. The provisions of sections 167.018 and 167.019
  concerning foster children's educational rights are applicable to charter schools.
- 19 160.415. 1. For the purposes of calculation and 20 distribution of state school aid under section 163.031, pupils 21 enrolled in a charter school shall be included in the pupil 22 enrollment of the school district within which each pupil 23 resides. Each charter school shall report the names, addresses, 24 and eligibility for free and reduced price lunch, special 25 education, or limited English proficiency status, as well as 26 eligibility for categorical aid, of pupils resident in a school district who are enrolled in the charter school to the school 27 28 district in which those pupils reside. The charter school shall

lunch count, special education pupil count, and limited English
proficiency pupil count to the state department of elementary and
secondary education. Each charter school shall promptly notify

report the average daily attendance data, free and reduced price

- 5 the state department of elementary and secondary education and
- 6 the pupil's school district when a student discontinues
- 7 enrollment at a charter school.

- 2. Except as provided in subsections 3 and 4 of this section, the aid payments for charter schools shall be as described in this subsection.
- (1) A school district having one or more resident pupils attending a charter school shall pay to the charter school an annual amount equal to the product of the charter school's weighted average daily attendance and the state adequacy target, multiplied by the dollar value modifier for the district, plus local tax revenues per weighted average daily attendance from the incidental and teachers' funds in excess of the performance levy as defined in section 163.011 plus all other state aid attributable to such pupils.
- (2) The district of residence of a pupil attending a charter school shall also pay to the charter school any other federal or state aid that the district receives on account of such child.
- (3) If the department overpays or underpays the amount due to the charter school, such overpayment or underpayment shall be repaid by the public charter school or credited to the public charter school in twelve equal payments in the next fiscal year.
  - (4) The amounts provided pursuant to this subsection shall

- be prorated for partial year enrollment for a pupil.
- 2 (5) A school district shall pay the amounts due pursuant to
- 3 this subsection as the disbursal agent and no later than twenty
- 4 days following the receipt of any such funds. The department of
- 5 elementary and secondary education shall pay the amounts due when
- 6 it acts as the disbursal agent within five days of the required
- 7 due date.

- 8 3. A workplace charter school shall receive payment for
- 9 each eligible pupil as provided under subsection 2 of this
- 10 section, except that if the student is not a resident of the
- district and is participating in a voluntary interdistrict
- 12 transfer program, the payment for such pupils shall be the same
- as provided under section 162.1060.
- 14 4. A charter school that has declared itself as a local
- 15 educational agency shall receive from the department of
- 16 elementary and secondary education an annual amount equal to the
- 17 product of the charter school's weighted average daily attendance
- and the state adequacy target, multiplied by the dollar value
- modifier for the district, plus local tax revenues per weighted
- 20 average daily attendance from the incidental and teachers funds
- 21 in excess of the performance levy as defined in section 163.011
- 22 plus all other state aid attributable to such pupils. If a
- charter school declares itself as a local educational agency, the
- 24 department of elementary and secondary education shall, upon
- 25 notice of the declaration, reduce the payment made to the school
- district by the amount specified in this subsection and pay
- 27 directly to the charter school the annual amount reduced from the
- 28 school district's payment.

If a school district fails to make timely payments of any amount for which it is the disbursal agent, the state department of elementary and secondary education shall authorize payment to the charter school of the amount due pursuant to subsection 2 of this section and shall deduct the same amount from the next state school aid apportionment to the owing school district. If a charter school is paid more or less than the amounts due pursuant to this section, the amount of overpayment or underpayment shall be adjusted equally in the next twelve payments by the school district or the department of elementary and secondary education, as appropriate. Any dispute between the school district and a charter school as to the amount owing to the charter school shall be resolved by the department of elementary and secondary education, and the department's decision shall be the final administrative action for the purposes of review pursuant to chapter 536. During the period of dispute, the department of elementary and secondary education shall make every administrative and statutory effort to allow the continued education of children in their current public charter school setting.

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6. The charter school and a local school board may agree by contract for services to be provided by the school district to the charter school. The charter school may contract with any other entity for services. Such services may include but are not limited to food service, custodial service, maintenance, management assistance, curriculum assistance, media services and libraries and shall be subject to negotiation between the charter school and the local school board or other entity. Documented

- actual costs of such services shall be paid for by the charter school.
- 7. In the case of a proposed charter school that intends to contract with an education service provider for substantial educational services or management services, the request for proposals shall additionally require the charter school applicant to:

- (1) Provide evidence of the education service provider's success in serving student populations similar to the targeted population, including demonstrated academic achievement as well as successful management of nonacademic school functions, if applicable;
- duration of the service contract; roles and responsibilities of the governing board, the school staff, and the service provider; scope of services and resources to be provided by the service provider; performance evaluation measures and time lines; compensation structure, including clear identification of all fees to be paid to the service provider; methods of contract oversight and enforcement; investment disclosure; and conditions for renewal and termination of the contract;
- (3) Disclose any known conflicts of interest between the school governing board and proposed service provider or any affiliated business entities;
- (4) Disclose and explain any termination or nonrenewal of contracts for equivalent services for any other charter school in the United States within the past five years;
  - (5) Ensure that the legal counsel for the charter school

- shall report directly to the charter school's governing board;
  and
- 3 (6) Provide a process to ensure that the expenditures that
  4 the education service provider intends to bill to the charter
  5 school shall receive prior approval of the governing board or its
  6 designee.

- 8. A charter school may enter into contracts with community partnerships and state agencies acting in collaboration with such partnerships that provide services to children and their families linked to the school.
- 9. A charter school shall be eligible for transportation state aid pursuant to section 163.161 and shall be free to contract with the local district, or any other entity, for the provision of transportation to the students of the charter school.
- 10. (1) The proportionate share of state and federal resources generated by students with disabilities or staff serving them shall be paid in full to charter schools enrolling those students by their school district where such enrollment is through a contract for services described in this section. The proportionate share of money generated under other federal or state categorical aid programs shall be directed to charter schools serving such students eligible for that aid.
- (2) A charter school shall provide the special services provided pursuant to section 162.705 and may provide the special services pursuant to a contract with a school district or any provider of such services.
- 11. A charter school may not charge tuition or impose fees

- that a school district is prohibited from charging or imposing,
  except that a charter school may receive tuition payments from
  districts in the same or an adjoining county for nonresident
  students who transfer to an approved charter school, as defined
  in section [167.131] 167.895, from an unaccredited district.
- 6 12. A charter school is authorized to incur debt in 7 anticipation of receipt of funds. A charter school may also 8 borrow to finance facilities and other capital items. A school 9 district may incur bonded indebtedness or take other measures to 10 provide for physical facilities and other capital items for 11 charter schools that it sponsors or contracts with. Except as 12 otherwise specifically provided in sections 160.400 to 160.425, 13 upon the dissolution of a charter school, any liabilities of the 14 corporation will be satisfied through the procedures of chapter 15 A charter school shall satisfy all its financial obligations within twelve months of notice from the sponsor of 16 the charter school's closure under subsection 8 of section 17 18 160.405. After satisfaction of all its financial obligations, a 19 charter school shall return any remaining state and federal funds 20 to the department of elementary and secondary education for 21 disposition as stated in subdivision (17) of subsection 1 of 22 section 160.405. The department of elementary and secondary 23 education may withhold funding at a level the department 24 determines to be adequate during a school's last year of 25 operation until the department determines that school records, liabilities, and reporting requirements, including a full audit, 26 27 are satisfied.
  - 13. Charter schools shall not have the power to acquire

- 1 property by eminent domain.
- 2 14. The governing body of a charter school is authorized to
- 3 accept grants, gifts or donations of any kind and to expend or
- 4 use such grants, gifts or donations. A grant, gift or donation
- 5 may not be accepted by the governing body if it is subject to any
- 6 condition contrary to law applicable to the charter school or
- 7 other public schools, or contrary to the terms of the charter.
- 8 160.545. 1. There is hereby established within the
- 9 department of elementary and secondary education the "A+ Schools
- 10 Program" to be administered by the commissioner of education.
- 11 The program shall consist of grant awards made to public
- 12 secondary schools that demonstrate a commitment to ensure that:
- 13 (1) All students be graduated from school;
- 14 (2) All students complete a selection of high school
- 15 studies that is challenging and for which there are identified
- 16 learning expectations; and
- 17 (3) All students:
- 18 (a) Earn credits toward any type of college degree while in
- 19 high school; or
- 20 (b) Proceed from high school graduation to a college or
- 21 postsecondary vocational or technical school or high-wage job
- 22 with work place skill development opportunities.
- 23 2. The state board of education shall promulgate rules and
- 24 regulations for the approval of grants made under the program to
- 25 schools that:
- 26 (1) Establish measurable districtwide performance standards
- for the goals of the program outlined in subsection 1 of this
- 28 section; and

(2) Specify the knowledge, skills and competencies, in measurable terms, that students must demonstrate to successfully complete any individual course offered by the school, and any course of studies which will qualify a student for graduation from the school; and

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- (3) Do not offer a general track of courses that, upon completion, can lead to a high school diploma; and
- (4) Require rigorous coursework with standards of competency in basic academic subjects for students pursuing vocational and technical education as prescribed by rule and regulation of the state board of education; and
- (5) Have a partnership plan developed in cooperation and with the advice of local business persons, labor leaders, parents, and representatives of college and postsecondary vocational and technical school representatives, with the plan then approved by the local board of education. The plan shall specify a mechanism to receive information on an annual basis from those who developed the plan in addition to senior citizens, community leaders, and teachers to update the plan in order to best meet the goals of the program as provided in subsection 1 of this section. Further, the plan shall detail the procedures used in the school to identify students that may drop out of school and the intervention services to be used to meet the needs of such students. The plan shall outline counseling and mentoring services provided to students who will enter the work force upon graduation from high school, address apprenticeship and intern programs, and shall contain procedures for the recruitment of volunteers from the community of the school to serve in schools

receiving program grants.

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- 2 3. Any nonpublic school in this state may apply to the state board of education for certification that it meets the 3 requirements of this section subject to the same criteria as 5 public high schools. Every nonpublic school that applies and has 6 met the requirements of this section shall have its students 7 eligible for reimbursement of postsecondary education under 8 subsection 8 of this section on an equal basis to students who 9 graduate from public schools that meet the requirements of this 10 section. Any nonpublic school that applies shall not be eligible for any grants under this section. Students of certified 11 12 nonpublic schools shall be eliqible for reimbursement of 13 postsecondary education under subsection 8 of this section so 14 long as they meet the other requirements of such subsection. For 15 purposes of subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section, the 16 nonpublic school shall be included in the partnership plan 17 developed by the public school district in which the nonpublic 18 school is located. For purposes of subdivision (1) of subsection 19 2 of this section, the nonpublic school shall establish 20 measurable performance standards for the goals of the program for 21 every school and grade level over which the nonpublic school 22 maintains control.
  - 4. A school district may participate in the program irrespective of its accreditation classification by the state board of education, provided it meets all other requirements.
  - 5. By rule and regulation, the state board of education may determine a local school district variable fund match requirement in order for a school or schools in the district to receive a

- 1 grant under the program. However, no school in any district
- 2 shall receive a grant under the program unless the district
- 3 designates a salaried employee to serve as the program
- 4 coordinator, with the district assuming a minimum of one-half the
- 5 cost of the salary and other benefits provided to the
- 6 coordinator. Further, no school in any district shall receive a
- 7 grant under the program unless the district makes available
- 8 facilities and services for adult literacy training as specified
- 9 by rule of the state board of education.
- 10 6. For any school that meets the requirements for the
- 11 approval of the grants authorized by this section and specified
- in subsection 2 of this section for three successive school
- 13 years, by August first following the third such school year, the
- 14 commissioner of education shall present a plan to the
- 15 superintendent of the school district in which such school is
- 16 located for the waiver of rules and regulations to promote
- 17 flexibility in the operations of the school and to enhance and
- 18 encourage efficiency in the delivery of instructional services in
- 19 the school. The provisions of other law to the contrary
- 20 notwithstanding, the plan presented to the superintendent shall
- 21 provide a summary waiver, with no conditions, for the pupil
- testing requirements pursuant to section 160.257 in the school.
- 23 Further, the provisions of other law to the contrary
- 24 notwithstanding, the plan shall detail a means for the waiver of
- 25 requirements otherwise imposed on the school related to the
- 26 authority of the state board of education to classify school
- 27 districts pursuant to subdivision (9) of section 161.092 and such
- other rules and regulations as determined by the commissioner of

- 1 education, except such waivers shall be confined to the school
- 2 and not other schools in the school district unless such other
- 3 schools meet the requirements of this subsection. However, any
- 4 waiver provided to any school as outlined in this subsection
- 5 shall be void on June thirtieth of any school year in which the
- 6 school fails to meet the requirements for the approval of the
- 7 grants authorized by this section as specified in subsection 2 of
- 8 this section.
- 9 7. For any school year, grants authorized by subsections 1,
- 10 2, and 5 of this section shall be funded with the amount
- 11 appropriated for this program, less those funds necessary to
- reimburse eligible students pursuant to subsection 8 or 9 of this
- 13 section.
- 14 8. The department of higher education shall, by rule,
- 15 establish a procedure for the reimbursement of the cost of
- 16 tuition, books and fees to any public community college or
- vocational or technical school or within the limits established
- in subsection [10] 11 of this section for any two-year private
- 19 vocational or technical school for any student:
- 20 (1) Who has attended a high school in the state for at
- least [three] two years [prior to graduation] that meets the
- 22 requirements of subsection 2 of this section and who has
- graduated from such a school; except that, students who are
- 24 active duty military dependents, and students who are
- 25 [dependants] dependents of retired military who relocate to
- 26 Missouri within one year of the date of the parent's retirement
- 27 from active duty[,] who[, in the school year immediately
- preceding graduation, meet all other requirements of this

- 1 subsection and are attending a school that meets the requirements
- of subsection 2 of this section shall be exempt from the
- 3 [three-year] two-year attendance requirement of this subdivision;
- 4 and
- 5 (2) Who has made a good faith effort to first secure all 6 available federal sources of funding that could be applied to the
- 7 reimbursement described in this subsection; and
- 8 (3) Who has earned a minimal grade average while in high
- 9 school or through the semester immediately before taking the
- 10 course for which reimbursement is sought as determined by rule of
- 11 the department of higher education, and other requirements for
- 12 the reimbursement authorized by this subsection as determined by
- 13 rule and regulation of the department; and
- 14 (4) Who is a citizen or permanent resident of the United
- 15 States.
- 9. The department of higher education shall, by rule,
- 17 establish a procedure for the reimbursement of the cost of
- tuition, and fees for any dual-credit or dual-enrollment course
- offered to a student in high school in association with an
- 20 institution of higher education or vocational or technical
- 21 school, subject to the requirements of subsection 11 of this
- 22 section, for any student who meets the requirements established
- 23 in subsection 8 of this section immediately before taking the
- course for which reimbursement is sought.
- 25 <u>10.</u> The commissioner of education shall develop a procedure
- 26 for evaluating the effectiveness of the program described in this
- 27 section. Such evaluation shall be conducted annually with the
- 28 results of the evaluation provided to the governor, speaker of

- 1 the house, and president pro tempore of the senate.
- 2 [10.] 11. For a two-year private vocational or technical
- 3 school to obtain reimbursements under subsection 8 or 9 of this
- 4 section, the following requirements shall be satisfied:
- 5 (1) Such two-year private vocational or technical school
- 6 shall be a member of the North Central Association and be
- 7 accredited by the Higher Learning Commission as of July 1, 2008,
- 8 and maintain such accreditation;
- 9 (2) Such two-year private vocational or technical school
- shall be designated as a 501(c)(3) nonprofit organization under
- 11 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
- 12 (3) No two-year private vocational or technical school
- 13 shall receive tuition reimbursements in excess of the tuition
- 14 rate charged by a public community college for course work
- 15 offered by the private vocational or technical school within the
- service area of such college; and
- 17 (4) The reimbursements provided to any two-year private
- 18 vocational or technical school shall not violate the provisions
- of Article IX, Section 8, or Article I, Section 7, of the
- 20 Missouri Constitution or the first amendment of the United States
- 21 Constitution.
- 22 12. The department of higher education shall distribute
- 23 reimbursements in the following manner:
- 24 (1) To community college or vocational or technical school
- 25 students;
- 26 (2) After all students from subdivision (1) of this
- 27 subsection have been reimbursed, to any dual-credit or dual-
- 28 enrollment student on the basis of financial need.

1 160.2500. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited 2 as the "Missouri Student Religious Liberties Act".

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- 2. A public school district shall not discriminate against [students or parents] any person on the basis of a religious viewpoint or religious expression. A school district shall treat a student's voluntary expression of a religious viewpoint, if any, on an otherwise permissible subject in the same manner the district treats a student's voluntary expression of a secular or other viewpoint on an otherwise permissible subject and shall not discriminate against the student based on a religious viewpoint expressed by the student on an otherwise permissible subject.
- 3. Students may express their beliefs about religion in homework, artwork, and other written and oral assignments free from discrimination based on the religious content of their submissions. Homework and classroom assignments shall be judged by ordinary academic standards of substance and relevance and against other legitimate pedagogical concerns identified by the school district. Students shall not be penalized or rewarded on account of the religious content of their work. If an assignment requires a student's viewpoints to be expressed in course work, artwork or other written or oral assignments, a public school district shall not penalize or reward a student on the basis of religious content or a religious viewpoint. In such an assignment, a student's academic work that expresses a religious viewpoint shall be evaluated based on ordinary academic standards of substance and relevance to the course curriculum or requirements of the course work or assignment.
  - 4. Students in public schools may pray or engage in

- religious activities or religious expression before, during and 1 2 after the school day in the same manner and to the same extent that students may engage in nonreligious activities or 3 expression, provided that such religious expression or religious 5 activities are not disruptive of scheduled instructional time or 6 other educational activities and do not impede access to school 7 facilities or mobility on school premises. Students may organize 8 prayer groups, religious clubs, or other religious gatherings 9 before, during and after school to the same extent that students 10 are permitted to organize other noncurricular student activities 11 and groups. Religious groups shall be given the same access to 12 school facilities for assembling as is given to other 13 noncurricular groups without discrimination based on the 14 religious content of the student's expression. If student groups 15 that meet for nonreligious activities are permitted to advertise 16 or announce meetings of the groups, the school district shall not 17 discriminate against groups that meet for prayer or other 18 religious speech. A school district may disclaim school 19 sponsorship of noncurricular groups and events in a manner that 20 neither favors nor disfavors groups that meet to engage in prayer 21 or religious speech.
  - 5. Students in public schools may wear clothing, accessories and jewelry that display religious messages or religious symbols in the same manner and to the same extent that other types of clothing, accessories and jewelry that display messages or symbols are permitted, as specified in subsection 7 of section 167.166.

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6. (1) To ensure that the school district does not

- discriminate against a student's publicly stated voluntary
- 2 expression of a religious viewpoint, if any, and to eliminate any
- 3 actual or perceived affirmative school sponsorship or attribution
- 4 to the district of a student's expression of a religious
- 5 viewpoint, if any, a school district shall adopt a policy, which
- 6 shall include the establishment of a limited public forum for
- 7 student speakers at all school events at which a student is to
- 8 publicly speak. The policy regarding the limited public forum
- 9 shall also require the school district to:

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- (a) Provide the forum in a manner that does not discriminate against a student's voluntary expression of a religious viewpoint, if any, on an otherwise permissible subject;
- 13 (b) Provide a method, based on neutral criteria, for the 14 selection of student speakers at school events and graduation 15 ceremonies;
  - (c) Ensure that a student speaker does not engage in obscene, vulgar, offensively lewd or indecent speech; and
  - (d) State, in writing, orally, or both, that the student's speech does not reflect the endorsement, sponsorship, position or expression of the district.
  - (2) The school district disclaimer required by paragraph (d) of subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be provided at all graduation ceremonies. The school district shall also continue to provide the disclaimer at any other event in which a student speaks publicly for as long as a need exists to dispel confusion over the district's nonsponsorship of the student's speech.
    - (3) Student expression on an otherwise permissible subject

- shall not be excluded from the limited public forum because the subject is expressed from a religious viewpoint.
- 3 (4) All public school districts shall adopt and implement a
- 4 local policy regarding a limited public forum and voluntary
- 5 student expression of religious viewpoints.
- 6 7. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to
- 7 authorize this state or any of its political subdivisions to
- 8 either:
- 9 (1) Require any person to participate in prayer or in any
- 10 other religious activity; or
- 11 (2) Violate the constitutional rights of any person.
- 12 8. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to
- limit the authority of any public school to do any of the
- 14 following:
- 15 (1) Maintain order and discipline on the campus of the
- 16 public school in a content and viewpoint neutral manner;
- 17 (2) Protect the safety of students, employees and visitors
- 18 of the public school;
- 19 (3) Adopt and enforce policies and procedures regarding
- 20 student speech at school, provided that the policies and
- 21 procedures do not violate the rights of students as guaranteed by
- 22 law.
- 9. The provisions of section 1.140 are applicable to this
- 24 section.
- 25 161.700. 1. This section shall be known as the "Holocaust
- 26 Education and Awareness Commission Act".
- 27 2. There is hereby created a permanent state commission
- 28 known as the "Holocaust Education and Awareness Commission". The

- commission shall be housed in the department of elementary and secondary education and shall promote implementation of holocaust education and awareness programs in Missouri in order to
- 4 encourage understanding of the holocaust and discourage bigotry.
- 5 3. The commission shall be composed of twelve members to be 6 appointed by the governor with advice and consent of the senate. 7 The makeup of the commission shall be:
- 8 (1) The commissioner of higher education;

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- (2) The commissioner of elementary and secondary education;
  - (3) The president of the University of Missouri system; and
- (4) Nine members of the public, representative of the diverse religious and ethnic heritage groups populating Missouri.
- 4. The holocaust education and awareness commission may receive such funds as appropriated from public moneys or contributed to it by private sources. It may sponsor programs or publications to educate the public about the crimes of genocide in an effort to deter indifference to crimes against humanity and human suffering wherever they occur.
- 5. The term "holocaust" shall be defined as the period from 1933 through 1945 when six million Jews and millions of others were murdered [in Nazi concentration camps] by Nazi Germany and its collaborators as part of a structured, state-sanctioned program of genocide.
- 24 6. The commission may employ an executive director and such 25 other persons to carry out its functions.
- 26 <u>161.1080. Sections 161.1080 to 161.1130 shall be known and</u>
  27 may be cited as the "School Turnaround Act".
- 28 <u>161.1085</u>. For purposes of sections 161.1080 to 161.1130,

1	the following terms mean:
2	(1) "Department", the department of elementary and
3	secondary education;
4	(2) "Governing board", the board of education of a
5	or the governing board of a charter school that has declar
6	itself a local educational agency;
7	(3) "Initial remedial year", the year in which a da
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- board of education of a district
- er school that has declared
- *;*
- , the year in which a district
- school or charter school is designated as a school in need of 8
- 9 intervention under section 161.1090;
- 10 (4) "Local educational agency", any school district and any
- charter school that has declared itself a local educational 11
- 12 agency;
- 13 (5) "School", a public school under the control of a local
- educational agency; 14
- 15 (6) "School in need of intervention", a school that has
- 16 been designated as in need of intervention by the department
- 17 according to an outcome-based measure as determined by the
- 18 department under section 161.1090, which may include, but shall
- not be required to include, schools identified for intervention 19
- 20 under the state's Every Student Succeeds Act plan;
- 21 (7) "Statewide assessment", any test of student achievement
- 22 in English language arts, mathematics, or science, including any
- 23 such test administered in a computer-adaptive format, that is
- 24 administered statewide under section 160.518.
- 25 161.1090. 1. Subject to appropriation, the department
- 26 shall establish a school turnaround program to assist schools
- 27 designated by the department as in need of intervention in
- 28 accordance with the provisions of sections 161.1080 to 161.1130.

1	2. The department shall use an outcome-based measure to set
2	criteria for the designation of schools in need of intervention.
3	3. No more than one month after statewide assessment
4	results are made public, the department shall designate specific
5	schools as in need of intervention. The department shall
6	designate a school as in need of intervention only if sufficient
7	funds are available in the school turnaround fund established in
8	section 161.1105 to pay an independent school turnaround expert.
9	4. The department shall determine the specific criteria
10	that a school shall be required to meet in order to exit the
11	school turnaround program based on the same outcome-based measure
12	that was used to designate the school as in need of intervention.
13	5. The department shall not designate any school as in need
14	of intervention before September 1, 2020.
15	6. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the criteria
16	established under this section from satisfying a school's
17	requirement for intervention under the Every Student Succeeds
18	<u>Act.</u>
19	161.1095. 1. Before October first of an initial remedial
20	year, the governing board of any local educational agency with a
21	school in need of intervention shall establish a school
22	turnaround committee composed of the following members:
23	(1) One member of the governing board;
24	(2) The school principal;
25	(3) Three parents of students enrolled in the school,
26	appointed by the local parent-teacher association;

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principal; and

(4) Four teachers at the school, appointed by the

1	(5) The district's chief financial officer or equivalent.
2	2. Before October fifteenth of an initial remedial year,
3	the governing board of any local educational agency with a school
4	in need of intervention shall partner with the school turnaround
5	committee to select an independent school turnaround expert from
6	the experts identified by the department under section 161.1100.
7	3. The governing board shall not select an independent
8	school turnaround expert that is:
9	(1) The local educational agency with the school in need of
10	<pre>intervention; or</pre>
11	(2) An employee of the local educational agency with the
12	school in need of intervention.
13	4. A school turnaround committee shall partner with the
14	independent school turnaround expert selected under subsection 2
15	of this section to develop and implement a school turnaround plan
16	that includes:
17	(1) The findings of the analysis conducted by the
18	independent school turnaround expert on the data described in
19	subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of section 161.1100;
20	(2) Recommendations regarding changes to the school's
21	personnel, culture, curriculum, assessments, instructional
22	practices, digital tools and other methods for teaching and
23	learning, governance, leadership, finances, policies, or other
24	areas that may be necessary to implement the school turnaround
25	plan;
26	(3) Measurable student achievement goals and objectives;

(4) A professional development plan that identifies a

strategy to address problems of instructional practice;

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1	(5) A leadership development plan focused on proven
2	strategies to turn around schools in need of intervention that
3	align with administrator standards developed under section
4	<u>168.410;</u>
5	(6) A detailed budget specifying how the school turnaround
6	plan will be funded;
7	(7) A plan to assess and monitor progress;
8	(8) A plan to communicate and report data on progress to
9	stakeholders; and
10	(9) A time line for implementation.
11	5. Any local educational agency with a school in need of
12	<pre>intervention shall:</pre>
13	(1) Prioritize funding and resources to the school in need
14	of intervention; and
15	(2) Grant the school in need of intervention streamlined
16	authority over staff, schedule, policies, budget, and academic
17	programs to implement the school turnaround plan.
18	6. Before March first of an initial remedial year, a school
19	turnaround committee shall submit the school turnaround plan to
20	the governing board for approval.
21	7. Except as provided in subsection 8 of this section,
22	before April first of an initial remedial year, the governing
23	board shall submit the school turnaround plan to the department
24	<pre>for approval.</pre>
25	8. If the governing board does not approve the school
26	turnaround plan submitted under subsection 6 of this section, the
27	school turnaround committee may submit a new or revised school

turnaround plan to the governing board for approval. In order to

1	allow	additional	time	for	the	governing	board	t.o	consider	а	new

- 2 or revised school turnaround plan, the rules may extend the April
- 3 first deadline for the governing board to submit the school
- 4 turnaround plan to the department. The department shall not
- 5 approve a school turnaround plan unless such plan has been
- 6 approved by the governing board of the school in need of
- 7 intervention.
- 8 161.1100. 1. Before August 30, 2020, the department shall
- 9 <u>identify</u> two or more approved independent school turnaround
- 10 experts, through a request for proposals process, that a school
- in need of intervention may select from to partner with, to:
- 12 (1) Collect and analyze data on the school's student
- achievement, personnel, culture, curriculum, assessments,
- 14 <u>instructional practices</u>, <u>digital tools and other methods for</u>
- 15 <u>teaching and learning, governance, leadership, finances, and</u>
- 16 policies;

- 17 (2) Recommend changes to the school's culture, curriculum,
- 18 assessments, instructional practices, governance, finances,
- 19 policies, or other areas based on data collected under
- 20 subdivision (1) of this subsection;
- 21 (3) Develop and implement, in partnership with the school
- turnaround committee, a school turnaround plan that meets the
- 23 criteria described in section 161.1095;
- 24 (4) Monitor the effectiveness of a school turnaround plan
- 25 <u>through reliable means of evaluation including, but not limited</u>
- to, on-site visits, observations, surveys, analysis of student
- 27 achievement data, and interviews;
  - (5) Provide ongoing implementation support and project

1	management for a school turnaround plan;
2	(6) Provide high-quality professional development and
3	coaching personalized for school staff that is designed to build:
4	(a) The leadership capacity of the school principal;
5	(b) The instructional capacity of school staff; and
6	(c) The collaborative practices of teacher and leadership
7	teams;
8	(7) Provide job-embedded professional learning and coaching
9	for all instructional staff on a weekly basis, at a minimum;
10	(8) Provide job-embedded professional learning and coaching
11	for the school principal at least twice monthly, focused on
12	proven strategies to turn around schools in need of intervention
13	that are aligned with administrator standards developed under
14	section 168.410; and
15	(9) Leverage support from community partners to coordinate
16	an efficient delivery of supports to students both inside and
17	outside the classroom.
18	2. In identifying independent school turnaround experts
19	under subsection 1 of this section, the department shall identify
20	experts who:
21	(1) Have a credible track record of improving student
22	academic achievement in public schools with various demographic
23	characteristics, as measured by statewide assessments;
24	(2) Have experience designing, implementing, and evaluating
25	data-driven instructional systems in public schools;
26	(3) Have experience coaching public school administrators
27	and teachers on designing and implementing data-driven school
28	<pre>improvement plans;</pre>

1	(4) Have experience collaborating with the various
2	education entities that govern public schools;
3	(5) Have experience delivering high-quality professional
4	development and coaching in instructional effectiveness to public
5	school administrators and teachers;
6	(6) Are willing to be compensated for professional services
7	based on performance as described in section 161.1105; and
8	(7) Are willing to partner with any school in need of
9	intervention in the state, regardless of location.
10	161.1105. 1. The department shall award contracts to
11	independent school turnaround experts. Governing boards shall
12	not be required to pay independent school turnaround experts.
13	2. When awarding a contract to an independent school
14	turnaround expert selected by the governing board under section
15	161.1095, the department shall ensure that a contract between the
16	governing board and the independent school turnaround expert
17	specifies that the department shall:
18	(1) Pay an independent school turnaround expert no more
19	than fifty percent of the expert's professional fees during the
20	time period the school turnaround expert is providing services to
21	the school in need of intervention; and
22	(2) Pay the remainder of the independent school turnaround
23	expert's professional fees upon the independent school turnaround
24	expert successfully helping a school in need of intervention meet
25	exit criteria as determined by the department under section
26	161.1090 within four school years after a school is designated as
27	needing intervention.

3. In negotiating a contract with an independent school

- 1 turnaround expert, the department shall offer:
- 2 (1) An average of six hundred and fifty thousand dollars
- 3 for the entirety of the project;
- 4 (2) Differentiated amounts of funding based on student
- 5 <u>enrollment; and</u>
- 6 (3) A higher amount of funding for schools that are in the
- 7 lowest-performing one percent of schools statewide according to
- 8 the outcome-based measure determined by the department under
- 9 <u>section 161.1090.</u>
- 10 4. There is hereby created in the state treasury the
- 11 "School Turnaround Fund". The fund shall consist of all moneys
- that may be appropriated to it by the general assembly and any
- gifts, contributions, grants, or bequests received from federal,
- 14 private, or other sources. The state treasurer shall be
- custodian of the fund. In accordance with sections 30.170 and
- 16 30.180, the state treasurer may approve disbursements of public
- moneys in accordance with distribution requirements and
- 18 procedures developed by the department of elementary and
- 19 secondary education. The fund shall be a dedicated fund and,
- 20 upon appropriation, moneys in the fund shall be used solely for
- 21 payments to independent school turnaround experts and for
- 22 administrative expenses for the school turnaround program.
- Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary,
- any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall
- 25 not revert to the credit of the general revenue fund. The state
- treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as
- other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such
- investments shall be credited to the fund.

- 1 161.1110. 1. The department shall review a school
- 2 <u>turnaround plan submitted for approval under section 161.1095</u>
- 3 within thirty days of submission.
- 4 2. The department shall approve a school turnaround plan
- 5 <u>that:</u>
- (1) Is timely;
- 7 (2) Is well-developed; and
- 8 (3) Meets the criteria described in section 161.1095.
- 9 <u>3. The department shall promulgate rules to establish an</u>
- 10 appeals process for a governing board that does not receive
- 11 approval of its school turnaround plan from the department under
- 12 <u>section 161.1095.</u>
- 13 4. The department shall ensure that the rules require the
- 14 <u>appeals process, described in subsection 3 of this section, be</u>
- resolved before May fifteenth of the initial remedial year.
- 16 5. There is hereby created in the state treasury the
- 17 "School Intervention Fund". The fund shall consist of all moneys
- 18 that may be appropriated to it by the general assembly and any
- 19 gifts, contributions, grants, or bequests received from federal,
- 20 private, or other sources for the purpose of distributing grants
- 21 <u>to local educational agencies as described in this section. The</u>
- 22 state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In accordance
- with sections 30.170 and 30.180, the state treasurer may approve
- 24 disbursements of public moneys in accordance with distribution
- 25 requirements and procedures developed by the department of
- 26 elementary and secondary education. The fund shall be a
- 27 dedicated fund and, upon appropriation, moneys in the fund shall
- 28 be used solely for the administration of grants to local

- 1 educational agencies as described in this section.
- 2 Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary,
- 3 any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall
- 4 not revert to the credit of the general revenue fund. The state
- 5 treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same manner as
- 6 <u>other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such</u>
- 7 investments shall be credited to the fund.
- 8 <u>6. The department shall award grants from the school</u>
- 9 intervention fund to local educational agencies for the purpose
- of funding interventions identified in approved school turnaround
- 11 plans. A local educational agency shall be eligible for a grant
- only if it provides matching funds or an in-kind contribution of
- goods or services in an amount equal to the grant award it would
- 14 <u>receive from the department.</u>
- 15 161.1115. 1. A school in need of intervention that does
- 16 not meet the exit criteria determined by the department under
- section 161.1090 within four school years after the day on which
- 18 the school is designated a school in need of intervention may
- 19 petition the department for an extension to continue school
- improvement efforts for up to two years.
- 21 <u>2. The department shall grant an extension under subsection</u>
- 22 1 of this section only if the school in need of intervention:
- 23 (1) Has demonstrated at least fifty percent of the
- 24 improvement necessary to exit the turnaround process; or
- 25 (2) Submits an appeal to the department.
- 26 3. The department may extend the contract of an independent
- 27 school turnaround expert for a school in need of intervention
- that is granted an extension under this section.

- 1 4. A school that has been granted an extension under this 2 section is eligible for continued funding under subsection 3 of 3 this section. 5. The department shall promulgate rules establishing 4 5 additional interventions for: 6 (1) A school in need of intervention that: 7 (a) Does not meet the predetermined exit criteria within 8 four school years after the day on which the school is designated 9 in need of intervention; and 10 (b) Is not granted an extension under this section; and (2) A school in need of intervention that: 11 12 (a) Is granted an extension under this section; and 13 (b) Does not meet the predetermined exit criteria within 14 four school years after the day on which the school in need of 15 <u>intervention</u> is granted an extension. 16 161.1120. 1. For purposes of this section, the term 17 "eligible school" means a school in need of intervention that: 18 (1) Meets predetermined exit criteria within four school 19 years after the day on which the school is designated a school in 20 need of intervention; or 21 (2) If granted an extension under section 161.1115, meets 22 predetermined exit criteria within the extension period. 23 2. Subject to appropriation, the department shall establish 24 a statewide program to be known as the "School Recognition and 25 Reward Program" to provide incentives to schools and teachers to 26 improve schools in need of intervention. 27 3. There is hereby created in the state treasury the
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"School Recognition and Reward Fund". The fund shall consist of

- all moneys that may be appropriated to it by the general assembly 1 2 and any gifts, contributions, grants, or bequests received from 3 federal, private, or other sources for the purpose of 4 distributing grants to local educational agencies as described in 5 this section. The state treasurer shall be custodian of the 6 fund. In accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, the state 7 treasurer may approve disbursements of public moneys in accordance with distribution requirements and procedures 8 9 developed by the department of elementary and secondary 10 education. The fund shall be a dedicated fund and, upon appropriation, moneys in the fund shall be used solely for the 11 12 administration of grants to local educational agencies as 13 described in this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of 14 section 33.080 to the contrary, any moneys remaining in the fund 15 at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the 16 general revenue fund. The state treasurer shall invest moneys in 17 the fund in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any 18 interest and moneys earned on such investments shall be credited 19 to the fund.
  - 4. The department shall award grants from the school recognition and reward fund to local educational agencies with eligible schools. The department shall require, as a condition of awarding a grant, that the local educational agency use the grant moneys to reward eligible schools, teachers employed by eligible schools, or both the eligible schools and the teachers.

    161.1125. Before November 30, 2021, and before November thirtieth of each year thereafter, the department shall report to

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the joint committee on education on the implementation of

1 sections 161.1080 to 161.1130.
2 161.1130. The department.

161.1130. The department shall promulgate rules to 3 implement the provisions of sections 161.1080 to 161.1130. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 4 5 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in 6 sections 161.1080 to 161.1130 shall become effective only if it 7 complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, and, if applicable, section 536.028. Sections 161.1080 to 8 9 161.1130 and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the 10 powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and 11 12 annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the 13 grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2019, shall be invalid and void. 14 15 162.068. 1. (1) By July 1, 2012, every school district 16 shall adopt a written policy on information that the district 17 provides about former employees, both certificated and 18 noncertificated, to other public schools. By July 1, 2014, every 19 charter school shall adopt a written policy on information that 20 the charter school provides about former employees, both 21 certificated and noncertificated, to other public schools. 22 policy shall include who is permitted to respond to requests for 23 information from potential employers and the information the 24 district or charter school would provide when responding to such 25 a request. The policy shall require that notice of this 26 provision be provided to all current employees and to all 27 potential employers who contact the school district or charter 28 school regarding the possible employment of an employee.

(2) The policy described under this subsection shall require the district or charter school to disclose, to any public school that contacts such district or charter school about a former employee, information regarding any violation of the published regulations of the board of education of the district or the governing body of the charter school by the former employee if such violation related to sexual misconduct with a student and was determined to be an actual violation by the board of the district or the governing body of the charter school after a contested case due process hearing conducted pursuant to board policy. 

- 2. Any school district or charter school that employs a person about whom the children's division conducts an investigation involving allegations of sexual misconduct with a student and reaches a finding of substantiated shall immediately suspend the employment of such person, notwithstanding any other provision of law, but the district or charter school may return the person to his or her employment if the child abuse and neglect review board's finding that the allegation is substantiated is reversed by a court on appeal and becomes final. Nothing shall preclude a school district or charter school from otherwise lawfully terminating the employment of any employee about whom there has been a finding of unsubstantiated resulting from an investigation by the children's division involving allegations of sexual misconduct with a student.
  - 3. Any employee who is permitted to respond to requests for information regarding former employees under a policy adopted by his or her school district or charter school under [subsection 2]

1 of] this section and who communicates only the information which 2 such policy directs, and who acts in good faith and without 3 malice shall be immune against any civil action for damages brought by the former employee arising out of the communication 4 of such information. If any such action is brought, the employee 5 6 may, at his or her option, request the attorney general to defend 7 him or her in such suit and the attorney general shall provide 8 such defense, except that if the attorney general represents the 9 school district or the department of elementary and secondary 10 education in a pending licensing matter under section 168.071 the 11 attorney general shall not represent the school district 12 employee.

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4. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 2 of this section, if a district or charter school that has employed any employee whose job involves contact with children receives allegations of sexual misconduct, as provided in section 566.083, concerning the employee and  $\underline{\phantom{a}}$  as a result of such allegations or as a result of such allegations being substantiated by the child abuse and neglect review board, dismisses the employee or allows the employee to resign in lieu of being fired and fails to disclose the allegations of sexual misconduct when furnishing a reference for the former employee or responding to a potential employer's request for information regarding such employee, the district or charter school shall be directly liable for damages to any student of a subsequent employing district or charter school who is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to be a victim of the former employee's sexual misconduct, and the district or charter school shall bear third-party liability to

- 1 the employing district or charter school for any legal liability,
- 2 legal fees, costs, and expenses incurred by the employing
- 3 district or charter school caused by the failure to disclose such
- 4 information to the employing district or charter school.
- 5 5. If a school district or charter school has previously
- 6 employed a person about whom the children's division has
- 7 conducted an investigation involving allegations of sexual
- 8 misconduct with a student and has reached a finding of
- 9 substantiated and another public school contacts the district or
- 10 charter school for a reference for the former employee, the
- 11 district or charter school shall disclose the results of the
- 12 children's division's investigation to the public school.
- 13 6. Any school district or charter school employee, acting
- in good faith, who reports alleged sexual misconduct on the part
- of a teacher or other school employee shall not be discharged or
- otherwise discriminated against in any fashion because of such
- 17 reporting.
- 18 7. Any school district or charter school shall, before
- offering employment to any teacher who was employed by a Missouri
- school district or charter school, contact the department of
- 21 elementary and secondary education to determine the school
- 22 district or charter school that previously employed such
- 23 employee. School districts and charter school contacting the
- 24 department under this subsection shall request, from the most
- 25 recent, information as outlined in this section regarding the
- 26 former employee.
- 27 162.081. 1. Whenever any school district in this state
- fails or refuses in any school year to provide for the minimum

school term required by section 163.021 or is classified unaccredited, the state board of education shall, upon a district's initial classification or reclassification as

unaccredited:

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- (1) Review the governance of the district to establish the conditions under which the existing school board shall continue to govern; or
- (2) Determine the date the district shall lapse and determine an alternative governing structure for the district.
- If at the time any school district in this state shall be classified as unaccredited, the department of elementary and secondary education shall conduct at least two public hearings at a location in the unaccredited school district regarding the accreditation status of the school district. The hearings shall provide an opportunity to convene community resources that may be useful or necessary in supporting the school district as it attempts to return to accredited status, continues under revised governance, or plans for continuity of educational services and resources upon its attachment to a neighboring district. department may request the attendance of stakeholders and district officials to review the district's plan to return to accredited status, if any; offer technical assistance; and facilitate and coordinate community resources. Such hearings shall be conducted at least twice annually for every year in which the district remains unaccredited or provisionally accredited.
  - 3. Upon classification of a district as unaccredited, the state board of education may:

(1) Allow continued governance by the existing school district board of education under terms and conditions established by the state board of education; or

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- (2) Lapse the corporate organization of <u>all or part of</u> the unaccredited district and:
- 6 Appoint a special administrative board for the 7 operation of all or part of the district. If a special 8 administrative board is appointed for the operation of a part of 9 a school district, the state board of education shall determine 10 an equitable apportionment of state and federal aid for the part of the district and the school district shall provide local 11 12 revenue in proportion to the weighted average daily attendance of 13 the part. The number of members of the special administrative 14 board shall not be less than five, the majority of whom shall be 15 residents of the district. The members of the special 16 administrative board shall reflect the population characteristics 17 of the district and shall collectively possess strong experience in school governance, management and finance, and leadership. 18 19 The state board of education may appoint members of the 20 district's elected school board to the special administrative 21 board, but members of the elected school board shall not comprise 22 more than forty-nine percent of the special administrative board's membership. Within fourteen days after the appointment 23 24 by the state board of education, the special administrative board 25 shall organize by the election of a president, vice president, 26 secretary and a treasurer, with their duties and organization as 27 enumerated in section 162.301. The special administrative board 28 shall appoint a superintendent of schools to serve as the chief

- 1 executive officer of the school district, or a subset of schools,
- 2 and to have all powers and duties of any other general
- 3 superintendent of schools in a seven-director school district.
- 4 Any special administrative board appointed under this section
- 5 shall be responsible for the operation of the district or part of
- 6 the district until such time that the district is classified by
- 7 the state board of education as provisionally accredited for at
- 8 least two successive academic years, after which time the state
- 9 board of education may provide for a transition pursuant to
- 10 section 162.083; or
- 11 (b) Determine an alternative governing structure for the
- 12 district including, at a minimum:
- 13 a. A rationale for the decision to use an alternative form
- of governance and in the absence of the district's achievement of
- 15 full accreditation, the state board of education shall review and
- 16 recertify the alternative form of governance every three years;
- b. A method for the residents of the district to provide
- public comment after a stated period of time or upon achievement
- 19 of specified academic objectives;
- 20 c. Expectations for progress on academic achievement, which
- 21 shall include an anticipated time line for the district to reach
- 22 full accreditation; and
- d. Annual reports to the general assembly and the governor
- on the progress towards accreditation of any district that has
- been declared unaccredited and is placed under an alternative
- 26 form of governance, including a review of the effectiveness of
- 27 the alternative governance; or
- 28 (c) Attach the territory of the lapsed district to another

district or districts for school purposes; or

- (d) Establish one or more school districts within the territory of the lapsed district, with a governance structure specified by the state board of education, with the option of permitting a district to remain intact for the purposes of assessing, collecting, and distributing property taxes, to be distributed equitably on a weighted average daily attendance basis, but to be divided for operational purposes, which shall take effect sixty days after the adjournment of the regular session of the general assembly next following the state board's decision unless a statute or concurrent resolution is enacted to nullify the state board's decision prior to such effective date.
- 4. If a district remains under continued governance by the school board under subdivision (1) of subsection 3 of this section and either has been unaccredited for three consecutive school years and failed to attain accredited status after the third school year or has been unaccredited for two consecutive school years and the state board of education determines its academic progress is not consistent with attaining accredited status after the third school year, then the state board of education shall proceed under subdivision (2) of subsection 3 of this section in the following school year.
- 5. A special administrative board or any other form of governance appointed under this section shall retain the authority granted to a board of education for the operation of the lapsed school district under the laws of the state in effect at the time of the lapse and may enter into contracts with accredited school districts or other education service providers

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in order to deliver high-quality educational programs to the
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      residents of the district. If a student graduates while
      attending a school building in the district that is operated
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      under a contract with an accredited school district as specified
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      under this subsection, the student shall receive his or her
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      diploma from the accredited school district. The authority of
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      the special administrative board or any other form of governance
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      appointed under this section shall expire at the end of the third
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      full school year following its appointment, unless extended by
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      the state board of education. If the lapsed district is
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      reassigned, the [special administrative board] governing board
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      prior to lapse shall provide an accounting of all funds, assets
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      and liabilities of the lapsed district and transfer such funds,
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      assets, and liabilities of the lapsed district as determined by
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      the state board of education. Neither the special administrative
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      board nor any other form of governance appointed under this
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      section nor its members or employees shall be deemed to be the
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      state or a state agency for any purpose, including section
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      105.711, et seq. The state of Missouri, its agencies and
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      employees shall be absolutely immune from liability for any and
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      all acts or omissions relating to or in any way involving the
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      lapsed district, [the] a special administrative board, [its] any
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      other form of governance appointed under this section, or the
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      members or employees of the lapsed district, a special
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      administrative board, or any other form of governance appointed
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      under this section. Such immunities, and immunity doctrines as
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      exist or may hereafter exist benefitting boards of education,
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      their members and their employees shall be available to the
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special administrative board[, its] or any other form of

governance appointed under this section and the members and

employees of the special administrative board or any other form

of governance appointed under this section members and employees.

- 6. Neither the special administrative board <u>nor any other</u> form of governance appointed under this section nor any district or other entity assigned territory, assets or funds from a lapsed district shall be considered a successor entity for the purpose of employment contracts, unemployment compensation payment pursuant to section 288.110, or any other purpose.
- 7. If additional teachers are needed by a district as a result of increased enrollment due to the annexation of territory of a lapsed or dissolved district, such district shall grant an employment interview to any permanent teacher of the lapsed or dissolved district upon the request of such permanent teacher.
- 8. In the event that a school district with an enrollment in excess of five thousand pupils lapses, no school district shall have all or any part of such lapsed school district attached without the approval of the board of the receiving school district.
- 9. If the state board of education reasonably believes that a school district is unlikely to provide for the minimum school term required by section 163.021 because of financial difficulty, the state board of education may, prior to the start of the school term:
- (1) Allow continued governance by the existing district school board under terms and conditions established by the state board of education; or

- 1 (2) Lapse the corporate organization of the district and
  2 implement one of the options available under subdivision (2) of
  3 subsection 3 of this section.
- 10. The provisions of subsection 9 of this section shall
  not apply to any district solely on the basis of financial
  difficulty resulting from paying tuition and providing
  transportation for transfer students under sections 167.895 and
  167.898.

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- under section 162.291, 162.459, 162.471, or 162.581 after August 28, 1993, in addition to the qualifications prescribed in those sections, shall successfully complete orientation and training requirements within one year of the date of the election or appointment. The orientation and training shall consist of at least [sixteen] eighteen hours and thirty minutes with the cost of such training to be paid by the district.
- 2. 17 The orientation and training required under subsection 1 18 of this section shall include two hours and thirty minutes of training that provides up-to-date and reliable information on 19 20 identifying signs of sexual abuse in children and danger signals 21 of potentially abusive relationships between children and adults. 22 The training shall emphasize how to establish an atmosphere of 23 trust so that students feel their school has concerned adults 24 with whom students can feel comfortable discussing matters 25 related to abuse. If, before August 28, 2019, a board member 26 completed the orientation and training requirements of this 27 section as they existed before August 28, 2019, the board member 28 shall not be required to complete any additional training other

- than the refresher training described in subsection 3 of this
  section.
- 3. Any school board member serving a term as of August 28, 2019, or elected or appointed after August 28, 2019, shall complete at least one hour of refresher training each year of any term in office; except that, the refresher training shall not be required in the year in which the member completes the initial orientation and training under subsection 1 of this section. The refresher training shall address concepts covered in the initial training including, but not limited to, the prevention of sexual

abuse of children.

- 4. All programs providing the orientation and training required under the provisions of this section shall be offered by a statewide association organized for the benefit of members of boards of education or be approved by the state board of education.
- 163.018. 1. (1) Notwithstanding the definition of "average daily attendance" in subdivision (2) of section 163.011 to the contrary, pupils between the ages of three and five who are eligible for free and reduced price lunch and attend an early childhood education program:
- (a) That is operated by and in a district or by a charter school that has declared itself as a local educational agency providing full-day kindergarten and that meets standards established by the state board of education; or
- (b) That is under contract with a district or charter school that has declared itself as a local educational agency and that meets standards established by the state board of education;

shall be included in the district's or charter school's calculation of average daily attendance. The total number of such pupils included in the district's or charter school's calculation of average daily attendance shall not exceed four percent of the total number of pupils who are eligible for free and reduced price lunch between the ages of five and eighteen who are included in the district's or charter school's calculation of average daily attendance.

- (2) If a pupil described under subdivision (1) of this subsection leaves an early childhood education program during the school year, a district or charter school shall be allowed to fill the vacant enrollment spot with another pupil between the ages of three and five who is eligible for free and reduced price lunch without affecting the district's or charter school's calculation of average daily attendance.
- 2. In establishing standards for any early childhood education program that is under contract with a district or charter school that has declared itself as a local educational agency, the state board of education shall consider:
- (1) Whether a program offers full-day and full-year programming;
- (2) Whether a program has teacher-to-child ratios consistent with reasonable standards set by early childhood education program accrediting agencies;
- (3) Whether a program offers professional development supports for educators and the type of supports offered;
- 27 (4) Whether a program uses appropriately credentialed educators;

- 1 (5) Whether a program uses an early childhood education
  2 curriculum that has been approved by the department of elementary
  3 and secondary education and whether the curriculum is
  4 developmentally appropriate; and
  - (6) Any other factor that the state board of education determines to be significant in ensuring that children achieve high levels of kindergarten readiness.

- The state board of education shall require that staff members of any early childhood education program that is under contract with a district or charter school that has declared itself as a local educational agency undergo background checks as described in section 168.133.
- 3. This section shall not require school attendance beyond that mandated under section 167.031 and shall not change or amend the provisions of sections 160.051, 160.053, 160.054, and 160.055 relating to kindergarten attendance.
- education shall calculate and distribute to each school district qualified to receive state aid under section 163.021 an amount determined by multiplying the district's weighted average daily attendance by the state adequacy target, multiplying this product by the dollar value modifier for the district, and subtracting from this product the district's local effort and subtracting payments from the classroom trust fund under section 163.043.
  - 2. Other provisions of law to the contrary notwithstanding:
- (1) For districts with an average daily attendance of more than three hundred fifty in the school year preceding the payment

1 year:

- (a) For the 2008-09 school year, the state revenue per weighted average daily attendance received by a district from the state aid calculation under subsections 1 and 4 of this section, as applicable, and the classroom trust fund under section 163.043 shall not be less than the state revenue received by a district in the 2005-06 school year from the foundation formula, line 14, gifted, remedial reading, exceptional pupil aid, fair share, and free textbook payment amounts multiplied by the dollar value modifier, and dividing this product by the weighted average daily attendance computed for the 2005-06 school year;
  - (b) For each year subsequent to the 2008-09 school year, the amount shall be no less than that computed in paragraph (a) of this subdivision, multiplied by the weighted average daily attendance pursuant to section 163.036, less any increase in revenue received from the classroom trust fund under section 163.043;
  - (2) For districts with an average daily attendance of three hundred fifty or less in the school year preceding the payment year:
  - (a) For the 2008-09 school year, the state revenue received by a district from the state aid calculation under subsections 1 and 4 of this section, as applicable, and the classroom trust fund under section 163.043 shall not be less than the greater of state revenue received by a district in the 2004-05 or 2005-06 school year from the foundation formula, line 14, gifted, remedial reading, exceptional pupil aid, fair share, and free textbook payment amounts multiplied by the dollar value modifier;

1 (b) For each year subsequent to the 2008-09 school year,
2 the amount shall be no less than that computed in paragraph (a)
3 of this subdivision:

- (3) The department of elementary and secondary education shall make an addition in the payment amount specified in subsection 1 of this section to assure compliance with the provisions contained in this subsection.
- 3. School districts that meet the requirements of section 163.021 shall receive categorical add-on revenue as provided in this subsection. The categorical add-on for the district shall be the sum of: seventy-five percent of the district allowable transportation costs under section 163.161; the career ladder entitlement for the district, as provided for in sections 168.500 to 168.515; the vocational education entitlement for the district, as provided for in section 167.332; and the district educational and screening program entitlements as provided for in sections 178.691 to 178.699. The categorical add-on revenue amounts may be adjusted to accommodate available appropriations.
  - 4. For any school district meeting the eligibility criteria for state aid as established in section 163.021, but which is considered an option district under section 163.042 and therefore receives no state aid, the commissioner of education shall present a plan to the superintendent of the school district for the waiver of rules and the duration of said waivers, in order to promote flexibility in the operations of the district and to enhance and encourage efficiency in the delivery of instructional services as provided in section 163.042.
    - 5. (1) No less than seventy-five percent of the state

- 1 revenue received under the provisions of subsections 1 and 2 of
- 2 this section shall be placed in the teachers' fund, and the
- 3 remaining percent of such moneys shall be placed in the
- 4 incidental fund. No less than seventy-five percent of one-half
- 5 of the funds received from the school district trust fund
- 6 distributed under section 163.087 shall be placed in the
- 7 teachers' fund. One hundred percent of revenue received under
- 8 the provisions of section 163.161 shall be placed in the
- 9 incidental fund. One hundred percent of revenue received under
- the provisions of sections 168.500 to 168.515 shall be placed in
- 11 the teachers' fund.
- 12 (2) A school district shall spend for certificated
- 13 compensation and tuition expenditures each year:
- 14 (a) An amount equal to at least seventy-five percent of the
- state revenue received under the provisions of subsections 1 and
- 16 2 of this section;
- 17 (b) An amount equal to at least seventy-five percent of
- 18 one-half of the funds received from the school district trust
- 19 fund distributed under section 163.087 during the preceding
- 20 school year; and
- 21 (c) Beginning in fiscal year 2008, as much as was spent per
- 22 the second preceding year's weighted average daily attendance for
- 23 certificated compensation and tuition expenditures the previous
- 24 year from revenue produced by local and county tax sources in the
- 25 teachers' fund, plus the amount of the incidental fund to
- 26 teachers' fund transfer calculated to be local and county tax
- 27 sources by dividing local and county tax sources in the
- 28 incidental fund by total revenue in the incidental fund.

In the event a district fails to comply with this provision, the amount by which the district fails to spend funds as provided herein shall be deducted from the district's state revenue received under the provisions of subsections 1 and 2 of this section for the following year, provided that the state board of education may exempt a school district from this provision if the state board of education determines that circumstances warrant such exemption.

- 6. (1) If a school district's annual audit discloses that students were inappropriately identified as eligible for free and reduced price lunch, special education, or limited English proficiency and the district does not resolve the audit finding, the department of elementary and secondary education shall require that the amount of aid paid pursuant to the weighting for free and reduced price lunch, special education, or limited English proficiency in the weighted average daily attendance on the inappropriately identified pupils be repaid by the district in the next school year and shall additionally impose a penalty of one hundred percent of such aid paid on such pupils, which penalty shall also be paid within the next school year. Such amounts may be repaid by the district through the withholding of the amount of state aid.
  - (2) In the 2017-18 school year and in each subsequent school year, if a district experiences a decrease in its gifted program enrollment of twenty percent or more from the previous school year, an amount equal to the product of the difference between the number of students enrolled in the gifted program in the current school year and the number of students enrolled in

the gifted program in the previous school year multiplied by six
hundred eighty dollars shall be subtracted from the district's
current year payment amount. The provisions of this subdivision
shall apply to districts entitled to receive state aid payments
under both subsections 1 and 2 of this section but shall not
apply to any school district with an average daily attendance of

three hundred fifty or less.

- 8 Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, in 9 any fiscal year during which the total formula appropriation is 10 insufficient to fully fund the entitlement calculation of this section, the department of elementary and secondary education 11 12 shall adjust the state adequacy target in order to accommodate 13 the appropriation level for the given fiscal year. In no manner 14 shall any payment modification be rendered for any district 15 qualified to receive payments under subsection 2 of this section 16 based on insufficient appropriations.
- 17 8. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, school districts that receive revenue from the tax authorized 18 under sections 148.030, 148.140, 148.620, and 148.720 shall, 19 20 beginning January 1, 2020, and every January first thereafter, 21 report the amount of said revenue received by the district to the 22 department. The department shall, based on the data submitted by 23 the district, determine the total amount of revenue the district 24 would have received from the tax authorized under sections 25 148.030, 148.140, 148.620, and 148.720 absent the provisions of 26 section 148.720, and remit the following amount to each 27 applicable district not less than thirty days after the 28 conclusion of each calendar year. The amount remitted to each

- 1 <u>district shall be the total of the revenue received by the</u>
- 2 district from the tax authorized under sections 148.030, 148.140,
- 3 148.620, and 148.720 during the applicable calendar year times
- 4 one and five thousand six hundred and twenty-five ten thousandths
- 5 minus the total of the revenue received by the district from the
- 6 tax authorized under sections 148.030, 148.140, 148.620, and
- 7 148.720 during the same calendar year. This payment shall be in
- 8 addition to payments authorized under subsections 1, 2, and 7 of
- 9 this section and shall be made from the annual appropriation to
- 10 fund this section.
- 11 167.125. 1. (1) For the purposes of this section, the
- 12 term "attendance center" shall mean a public school building or
- buildings or part of a school building that constitutes one unit
- 14 for accountability purposes under the Missouri school improvement
- 15 program.
- 16 (2) For any pupil residing in any unincorporated area
- located in any county of the first classification with more than
- one hundred one thousand but fewer than one hundred fifteen
- 19 thousand inhabitants that also borders on any county with a
- 20 charter form of government and with more than nine hundred fifty
- 21 thousand inhabitants and any county with a charter form of
- 22 government and with more than three hundred thousand but fewer
- than four hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, and for any pupil
- 24 residing in any village with more than three hundred twenty but
- 25 fewer than three hundred sixty inhabitants and located in any
- 26 county of the third classification without a township form of
- 27 government and with more than twenty-three thousand but fewer
- than twenty-six thousand inhabitants and with a village with more

- 1 than two hundred but fewer than two hundred fifty inhabitants as
- 2 the county seat, and for any pupil residing in an unincorporated
- 3 area of a county of the third classification without a township
- 4 form of government and with more than nine thousand but fewer
- 5 than ten thousand inhabitants and with a city of the fourth
- 6 classification with more than five hundred fifty but fewer than
- 7 six hundred fifty inhabitants as the county seat, the
- 8 commissioner of education or his or her designee shall, upon
- 9 proper application by the parent or guardian of the pupil, assign
- the pupil and any sibling of the pupil to another school district
- if the pupil is eligible as described under subsection 2 of this
- 12 section and the following conditions are met:
- 13 (a) The actual driving distance from the pupil's residence
- 14 to the attendance center in the district of residence is fifteen
- miles or more by the shortest route available as determined by
- the commissioner or his or her designee;
- 17 (b) The attendance center to which the pupil would be
- 18 assigned in the receiving district is at least five miles closer
- in actual driving distance by the shortest route available to the
- 20 pupil's residence than the current attendance center in the
- 21 district of residence as determined by the commissioner or his or
- 22 her designee; and
- 23 (c) The attendance of the pupil will not cause the
- 24 classroom in the receiving district to exceed the maximum number
- of pupils per class as determined by the receiving district.
- 2. (1) For pupils applying to the commissioner of
- 27 education under this section, the commissioner, or his or her
- designee, shall assign pupils in the order in which applications

are received, provided the applications are properly completed and the conditions of subsection 1 of this section are met.

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- (2) Once granted, the hardship assignment shall continue until the pupil, and any sibling of the pupil who attends the same attendance center, completes his or her course of study in the receiving district or the parent or guardian withdraws the pupil. If a parent or guardian withdraws a pupil from a hardship assignment, the granting of a subsequent application is discretionary.
- A pupil shall be eligible to apply to the commissioner of education to be assigned to another district under this section if the pupil has been enrolled in and attending a public school in his or her district of residence during the school year prior to the application. Any pupil shall be eligible to apply to the commissioner of education to be assigned to another district under this section if the pupil has been enrolled in and attending a public school in a district other than his or her district of residence and paid nonresident tuition for such enrollment during the school year prior to the application, or, in the case where a pupil is applying under subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this section, if the pupil has applied for enrollment in a public school in a district other than his or her district of residence but whose application was denied. Pupils who reside in the district who become eligible for kindergarten or first grade shall also be eligible to apply to the commissioner of education to be assigned to another district.
- (4) A pupil who is not currently enrolled in a public school district shall become eligible to apply to the

commissioner of education to be assigned to another district
after the pupil has enrolled in and completed a full school year
in a public school in his or her district of residence.

- 3. The board of education of the district in which the pupil resides shall pay the tuition of the pupil assigned. The tuition amount shall not exceed the pro rata cost of instruction. However, if the tuition of the receiving district is greater than the tuition of the pupil's district of residence, the pupil's parent or guardian shall pay the difference in tuition.
- 4. A receiving district shall not be required to alter its transportation route to accommodate pupils that are assigned to the receiving district under the provisions of this section.
- this state that does not maintain [an accredited] a high school [pursuant to the authority of the state board of education to classify schools as established in section 161.092] offering work through the twelfth grade shall pay [the] tuition [of] as calculated by the receiving district under subsection 2 of this section and provide transportation consistent with the provisions of section 167.241 for each pupil resident therein who has completed the work of the highest grade offered in the schools of the district and who attends an accredited public high school in another district of the same or an adjoining county [or who attends an approved charter school in the same or an adjoining county].
- 2. The rate of tuition to be charged by the district attended and paid by the sending district is the per pupil cost of maintaining the district's grade level grouping which includes

- 1 the school attended. [The rate of tuition to be charged by the approved charter school attended and paid by the sending district 2 3 is the per pupil cost of maintaining the approved charter school's grade level grouping. For a district, 1 The cost of 4 maintaining a grade level grouping shall be determined by the 5 board of education of the district but in no case shall it exceed 6 all amounts spent for teachers' wages, incidental purposes, debt 7 service, maintenance and replacements. [For an approved charter 8 9 school, the cost of maintaining a grade level grouping shall be 10 determined by the approved charter school but in no case shall it 11 exceed all amounts spent by the district in which the approved 12 charter school is located for teachers' wages, incidental 13 purposes, debt service, maintenance, and replacements.] The term "debt service", as used in this section, means expenditures for 14 15 the retirement of bonded indebtedness and expenditures for interest on bonded indebtedness. Per pupil cost of the grade 16 17 level grouping shall be determined by dividing the cost of maintaining the grade level grouping by the average daily pupil 18 attendance. If there is disagreement as to the amount of tuition 19 20 to be paid, the facts shall be submitted to the state board of education, and its decision in the matter shall be final. 21 22 Subject to the limitations of this section, each pupil shall be 23 free to attend the public school of his or her choice.
  - [3. For purposes of this section, "approved charter school" means a charter school that has existed for less than three years or a charter school with a three-year average score of seventy percent or higher on its annual performance report.]
- 28 <u>167.132.</u> 1. For purposes of this section, the following

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1	terms	mean	•
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- 2 (1) "Receiving approved charter school", an approved
- 3 charter school, as defined under section 167.895, receiving
- 4 transfer students under section 167.895;
- 5 (2) "Receiving district", a school district receiving
- 6 transfer students under section 167.895;
- 7 (3) "Sending district", a school district from which
- 8 students are transferring to a receiving district or approved
- 9 <u>charter school</u>, as allowed under section 167.895;
- 10 (4) "State adequacy target", the same meaning given to the
- 11 <u>term under section 163.011.</u>
- 12 <u>2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the tuition</u>
- rate paid by a sending district to the receiving district or the
- 14 <u>receiving approved charter school for transfer students shall be</u>
- 15 the lesser of:
- 16 (1) The tuition rate set by the receiving district or the
- 17 receiving approved charter school under the policy adopted in
- 18 accordance with section 167.895; or
- 19 (2) The state adequacy target plus the average sum produced
- 20 per child by the local tax effort above the state adequacy target
- 21 of the sending district.
- 22 167.151. 1. The school board of any district, in its
- discretion, may admit to the school pupils not entitled to free
- instruction and prescribe the tuition fee to be paid by them,
- 25 except as provided in sections 167.121 [and], 167.131, 167.132,
- 26 and 167.895.
- 27 2. Orphan children, children with only one parent living,
- and children whose parents do not contribute to their support—if

the children are between the ages of six and twenty years and are unable to pay tuition—may attend the schools of any district in the state in which they have a permanent or temporary home without paying a tuition fee.

- 3. Any person who pays a school tax in any other district than that in which he resides may send his children to any public school in the district in which the tax is paid and receive as a credit on the amount charged for tuition the amount of the school tax paid to the district; except that any person who owns real estate of which eighty acres or more are used for agricultural purposes and upon which his residence is situated may send his children to public school in any school district in which a part of such real estate, contiguous to that upon which his residence is situated, lies and shall not be charged tuition therefor; so long as thirty-five percent of the real estate is located in the school district of choice. The school district of choice shall count the children in its average daily attendance for the purpose of distribution of state aid through the foundation formula.
  - 4. Any owner of agricultural land who, pursuant to subsection 3 of this section, has the option of sending his children to the public schools of more than one district shall exercise such option as provided in this subsection. Such person shall send written notice to all school districts involved specifying to which school district his children will attend by June thirtieth in which such a school year begins. If notification is not received, such children shall attend the school in which the majority of his property lies. Such person

- shall not send any of his children to the public schools of any district other than the one to which he has sent notice pursuant to this subsection in that school year or in which the majority of his property lies without paying tuition to such school district.
- 6 5. If a pupil is attending school in a district other than 7 the district of residence and the pupil's parent is teaching in 8 the school district or is a regular employee of the school 9 district which the pupil is attending, then the district in which 10 the pupil attends school shall allow the pupil to attend school upon payment of tuition in the same manner in which the district 11 allows other pupils not entitled to free instruction to attend 12 13 school in the district. The provisions of this subsection shall 14 apply only to pupils attending school in a district which has an 15 enrollment in excess of thirteen thousand pupils and not in 16 excess of fifteen thousand pupils and which district is located 17 in a county of the first classification with a charter form of government which has a population in excess of six hundred 18 thousand persons and not in excess of nine hundred thousand 19 20 persons.
  - 167.241. 1. Except as otherwise provided under this section, transportation for pupils whose tuition the district of residence is required to pay by section 167.131 or who are assigned as provided in section 167.121 shall be provided by the district of residence[; however,].

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2. In the case of pupils covered by section 167.131, the district of residence shall be required to provide transportation only to [approved charter schools as defined in section 167.131,]

school districts accredited by the state board of education

pursuant to the authority of the state board of education to

classify schools as established in section 161.092, and those

school districts designated by the board of education of the

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district of residence.

- 3. (1) For purposes of this subsection, "approved charter

  school" has the same meaning given to the term under section

  167.895.
- 9 (2) For pupils covered by section 167.895, the district of 10 residence shall be required to provide transportation only to 11 school districts or approved charter schools designated by the 12 department of elementary and secondary education or its designee. 13 For pupils covered by section 167.895, the department of 14 elementary and secondary education or its designee shall 15 designate at least one accredited district or approved charter 16 school to which the district of residence shall provide 17 transportation. If the designated district or charter school 18 reaches full student capacity and is unable to receive additional 19 students, the department of elementary and secondary education or 20 its designee shall designate at least one additional accredited 21 district or approved charter school to which the district of 22 residence shall provide transportation.
  - education shall compile and maintain student performance data

    scores of all students enrolled in districts other than their

    resident districts as provided under section 167.895 and make

    such data available on the Missouri comprehensive data system.

    No personally identifiable data shall be accessible on the

- 1 database.
- 3 promulgate all necessary rules and regulations for the
- 4 administration of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule,
- 5 as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under
- 6 the authority delegated in this section shall become effective
- 7 only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions
- 8 of chapter 536, and, if applicable, section 536.028. This
- 9 section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the
- 10 powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536
- 11 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and
- annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the
- grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted
- 14 <u>after the effective date of this section shall be invalid and</u>
- 15 <u>void.</u>
- 16 167.895. 1. For purposes of this section and section
- 17 167.898, the following terms mean:
- 18 (1) "Approved charter school", a charter school that has
- existed for less than three years or a charter school with a
- three-year average score consistent with a classification of
- 21 accredited without provisions on its annual performance report;
- 22 (2) "Attendance center", a public school building, public
- 23 school buildings, or part of a public school building that offers
- 24 education in a grade or grades not higher than the twelfth grade
- and that constitutes one unit for accountability and reporting
- 26 purposes for the department of elementary and secondary
- 27 education;
- 28 (3) "Available receiving district", a school district able

to receive transfer students under this section; 1 (4) "Receiving district", a school district receiving 2 transfer students under this section; 3 (5) "Sending district", a school district from which 4 5 students are transferring to a receiving district or approved 6 charter school, as allowed under this section. 7 2. (1) Any student may transfer to another public school 8 in the student's district of residence if such student is 9 enrolled in and has attended, for the full semester immediately 10 prior to requesting the transfer, an attendance center: That is located within an unaccredited district; and 11 (a) 12 (b) That has an annual performance report score consistent 13 with a classification of unaccredited. 14 15 However, no such transfer shall result in a class size and 16 assigned enrollment in a receiving school that exceeds the 17 standards for class size and assigned enrollment as promulgated 18 in the Missouri school improvement program's resource standards. 19 If the student chooses to attend a magnet school, an academically 20 selective school, or a school with a competitive entrance process 21 within his or her district of residence that has admissions 22 requirements, the student shall meet the admissions requirements 23 in order to attend. 24 (2) The school board of each unaccredited district shall 25 determine the capacity at each of the district's attendance 26 centers that has an annual performance report score consistent 27 with a classification of accredited. The district's school board

shall be responsible for coordinating transfers within the

1	district as allowed under this subsection.		
2	(3) The school board of each unaccredited district shall		
3	annually report to the department of elementary and secondary		
4	education or its designee the number of available slots in		
5	attendance centers within the district that have annual		
6	performance report scores consistent with a classification of		
7	accredited, the number of students who request to transfer withi		
8	the district, and the number of such transfer requests that are		
9	granted.		
10	3. (1) Any student who is eligible to transfer within his		
11	or her district under subsection 2 of this section but who is		
12	unable to do so due to a lack of capacity in the attendance		
13	centers in his or her district of residence may apply to the		
14	department of elementary and secondary education or its designee		
15	to transfer to:		
16	(a) An attendance center:		
17	a. That is located within an accredited district that is		
18	located in the same or an adjoining county; and		
19	b. That has an annual performance report score consistent		
20	with a classification of accredited; or		
21	(b) An approved charter school located in another district		
22	in the same or an adjoining county.		
23	(2) A student who is eligible to begin kindergarten or		
24	first grade at an attendance center:		
25	(a) That is located within an unaccredited district;		
26	(b) That has an annual performance report score consistent		
27	with a classification of unaccredited; and		

(c) That offers classes above the second grade level

- 1 <u>may apply to the department of elementary and secondary education</u>
- 2 <u>or its designee for a transfer to a school described under</u>
- 3 paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision (1) of this subsection if he
- 4 or she resides in the attendance area of the attendance center
- 5 described under this subdivision on March first preceding the
- 6 school year of first attendance. A student who does not apply by
- 7 March first for enrollment in any school year after the 2019-20
- 8 school year shall be required to enroll and attend the attendance
- 9 <u>center described under this subdivision for one semester to</u>
- 10 become eligible.
- 11 (3) If a student who is eligible to transfer under this
- subsection chooses to apply to attend a magnet school, an
- academically selective school, or a school with a competitive
- 14 <u>entrance process that has admissions requirements, the student</u>
- shall furnish proof that he or she meets the admissions
- 16 requirements.
- 17 (4) Any student who does not maintain residency in the
- 18 attendance area of his or her attendance center in the district
- of residence shall lose eligibility to transfer.
- 20 (5) Except as provided under subsection 7 of this section,
- 21 any student who transfers but later withdraws shall lose
- 22 eligibility to transfer.
- 23 (6) The transfer provisions of this subsection shall not
- apply to a district created under sections 162.815 to 162.840 or
- 25 <u>to any early childhood programs or early childhood special</u>
- education programs.
- 27 4. (1) No student enrolled in and attending an attendance
- center that does not offer classes above the second grade level

- 1 shall be eligible to transfer under this section.
- 2 (2) No student who is eligible to begin kindergarten or
- 3 <u>first grade at an attendance center that does not offer classes</u>
- 4 above the second grade level shall be eligible to transfer under
- 5 this section.

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- 5. (1) (a) No provisionally accredited district shall be eligible to receive transfer students.
- 8 (b) Except as provided under paragraph (c) of this
  9 subdivision, no attendance center that has an annual performance
  10 report score consistent with a classification of provisionally
  11 accredited shall be eliqible to receive transfer students.
- 12 (c) A transfer student who chooses to attend an attendance

  13 center that has an annual performance report score consistent

  14 with a classification of provisionally accredited and that is

  15 located within his or her unaccredited district of residence

  16 shall be allowed to transfer to such attendance center if there

  17 is an available slot.
  - (2) (a) No unaccredited district shall be eligible to receive transfer students.
    - (b) No attendance center that has an annual performance report score consistent with a classification of unaccredited shall be eligible to receive transfer students.
  - (3) No district or attendance center that has received two consecutive annual performance reports consistent with a classification of provisionally accredited for the years immediately preceding the year in which it seeks to enroll transfer students shall be eligible to receive any transfer students, irrespective of its state board of education

- classification designation; except that, any student who was
  granted a transfer to such a district or attendance center prior
  to the effective date of this section may remain enrolled in that
- 4 district or attendance center.

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- 5 <u>6. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 5 of this</u> 6 <u>section</u>, a student may transfer to an attendance center:
- 7 (1) That is located within an unaccredited or provisionally accredited district; and
- 9 <u>(2) That has an annual performance report score consistent</u>
  10 <u>with a classification of accredited</u>
- if the attendance center applies for and is granted a waiver by
  the department of elementary and secondary education or its
  designee to allow the attendance center to accept transfer
  students.
  - 7. If a receiving district becomes unaccredited or provisionally accredited, or if an approved charter school loses its status as an approved charter school, any students who previously transferred to the district or charter school shall receive the opportunity to remain enrolled in the district or charter school or to transfer to another district or approved charter school without losing their eligibility to transfer.
  - 8. For a receiving district, no acceptance of a transfer student shall require any of the following actions, unless the board of education of the receiving district has approved the action:
    - (1) The hiring of additional classroom teachers;
  - (2) The construction of additional classrooms; or

1 (3) A class size and assigned enrollment in a receiving
2 school that exceeds the standards for class size and assigned
3 enrollment as promulgated in the Missouri school improvement
4 program's resource standards.

- 9. (1) By July 15, 2019, the board of education of each available receiving district and the governing board of each approved charter school eligible to receive transfer students under this section shall set the number of transfer students the district or charter school is able to receive for the 2019-20 school year.
- (2) By February first annually, the board of education of each available receiving district and the governing board of each approved charter school eligible to receive transfer students under this section shall set the number of transfer students the district or charter school is able to receive for the following school year.
- (3) An available receiving district or approved charter school eliqible to receive transfer students under this section shall publish the number set under this subsection and shall not be required to accept any transfer students under this section that would cause it to exceed the published number.
- 10. (1) Each available receiving district shall adopt a policy establishing a tuition rate for transfer students by February first annually.
- (2) Each approved charter school eligible to receive transfer students under this section shall adopt a policy establishing a tuition rate for transfer students by February first annually.

1 (3) A sending district shall pay the receiving district or
2 the approved charter school the amount specified under section
3 167.132 for each transfer student.

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- 11. A student whose transfer application has been denied by a receiving district shall have the right to appeal the decision of the receiving district to the department of elementary and secondary education. The appeal shall be taken within fifteen days after the decision of the department and may be taken by filing notice of appeal with the department. Such appeal shall be heard as provided in chapter 536.
- 12. If an unaccredited district becomes classified as provisionally accredited or accredited without provisions by the state board of education, or if an attendance center within an unaccredited district improves its annual performance report score from a score that is consistent with a classification of unaccredited to a score that is consistent with a classification of provisionally accredited or accredited, any resident student of the unaccredited district who has transferred to an approved charter school or to an accredited district in the same or an adjoining county, as allowed under subsection 3 of this section, shall be permitted to continue his or her educational program in the receiving district or charter school through the completion of middle school, junior high school, or high school, whichever occurs first; except that, a student who attends any school serving students through high school graduation but starting at grades lower than ninth grade shall be permitted to complete high school in the school to which he or she has transferred.
  - 13. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 10 of this

section, if costs associated with the provision of special 1 2 education and related services to a student with a disability 3 exceed the tuition amount established under this section, the 4 unaccredited district shall remain responsible for paying the 5 excess cost to the receiving district. If the receiving district 6 is a component district of a special school district, the 7 unaccredited district, including any metropolitan school 8 district, shall contract with the special school district for the 9 entirety of the costs to provide special education and related 10 services, excluding transportation in accordance with this section. The special school district may contract with an 11 12 unaccredited district, including any metropolitan district, for 13 the provision of transportation of a student with a disability or 14 the unaccredited district may provide transportation on its own. 15 14. A special school district shall continue to provide 16 special education and related services, with the exception of 17 transportation under this section, to a student with a disability 18 transferring from an attendance center with an annual performance 19 report score consistent with a classification of unaccredited 20

that is within a component district to an attendance center with

an annual performance report score consistent with a

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classification of accredited that is within the same or a

different component district within the special school district.

15. If any metropolitan school district is classified as unaccredited, it shall remain responsible for the provision of special education and related services, including transportation, to students with disabilities. A special school district in an adjoining county to a metropolitan school district may contract

- 1 with the metropolitan school district for the reimbursement of
- 2 special education services under sections 162.705 and 162.710
- 3 provided by the special school district for transfer students who
- 4 are residents of the unaccredited district.
- 5 <u>16. Regardless of whether transportation is identified as a</u>
- 6 <u>related service within a student's individualized education</u>
- 7 program, a receiving district that is not part of a special
- 8 school district shall not be responsible for providing
- 9 transportation to a student transferring under this section. An
- 10 unaccredited district may contract with a receiving district that
- is not part of a special school district under sections 162.705
- 12 <u>and 162.710 for transportation of students with disabilities.</u>
- 13 17. If a seven-director school district or urban school
- district is classified as unaccredited, it may contract with a
- 15 receiving district that is not part of a special school district
- in the same or an adjoining county for the reimbursement of
- special education and related services under sections 162.705 and
- 18 162.710 provided by the receiving district for transfer students
- 19 who are residents of the unaccredited district.
- 20 167.898. 1. (1) By July 15, 2019, and by January first
- 21 <u>annually, each accredited district, any portion of which is</u>
- located in the same county as or in an adjoining county to an
- 23 unaccredited district, shall report to the department of
- 24 elementary and secondary education or its designee the number of
- 25 <u>available enrollment slots by grade level.</u>
- 26 (2) By July 15, 2019, and by January first annually, each
- 27 unaccredited district shall report to the department of
- 28 elementary and secondary education or its designee the number of

1 available enrollment slots in the schools of its district that
2 have received annual performance report scores consistent with a
3 classification of accredited.

- (3) By July 15, 2019, and by January first annually, each approved charter school that is eligible to receive transfer students under section 167.895 shall report to the department of elementary and secondary education or its designee the number of available enrollment slots.
- 2. The department of elementary and secondary education or its designee shall make information and assistance available to parents or guardians who intend to transfer their child to an accredited district or to an approved charter school as described under section 167.895.
- 3. The parent or guardian of a student who intends to transfer his or her child to an accredited district or to an approved charter school as described under section 167.895 for enrollment in that district or charter school in any school year after the 2019-20 school year shall send initial notification to the department of elementary and secondary education or its designee by March first for enrollment in the subsequent school year.
- 4. The department of elementary and secondary education or its designee shall assign those students who seek to transfer to an accredited district or to an approved charter school as described under section 167.895. When assigning transfer students to approved charter schools, the department of elementary and secondary education or its designee shall coordinate with each approved charter school and its admissions

1 process if capacity is insufficient to enroll all students who submit a timely application. An approved charter school shall 2 3 not be required to institute a lottery procedure for determining the admission of resident students. The department of elementary 4 5 and secondary education or its designee shall give first priority 6 to students who live in the same household with any family member 7 within the first or second degree of consanguinity or affinity who already attends a school with an annual performance report 8 9 score consistent with a classification of accredited and who 10 apply to attend the same school. If insufficient gradeappropriate enrollment <u>slots</u> are <u>available</u> for a <u>student</u> to <u>be</u> 11 12 able to transfer, the student shall receive first priority the 13 following school year. The department of elementary and 14 secondary education or its designee shall consider the following 15 factors in assigning school districts and charter schools: 16 (1) The student's or parent's choice of the receiving 17 school district or charter school; (2) 18 The best interests of the student; The availability of transportation funding, as provided 19 (3) 20 under section 167.241; and 21 (4) Distance and travel time to a receiving school. 22 23 The department of elementary and secondary education or its 24 designee shall not consider student academic performance, free 25 and reduced price lunch status, or athletic ability in assigning 26 a student to a school. The parent or quardian may make an

district or approved charter school. Final building assignment

application for a specific building assignment within the

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shall be determined by the receiving school district or approved
charter school.

5. (1) The department of elementary and secondary education or its designee may deny a transfer to a student who in the most recent school year has been suspended from school two or more times or who has been suspended for an act of school violence under subsection 2 of section 160.261. A student whose transfer is initially precluded under this subsection may be permitted to transfer on a provisional basis as a probationary transfer student, subject to no further disruptive behavior, upon a statement from the student's current school that the student is not disruptive. A student who is denied a transfer under this subsection has the right to an in-person meeting with an employee of the department of elementary and secondary education or its designee.

(2) The department of elementary and secondary education shall promulgate rules to provide common standards for determining disruptive behavior that shall include, but not be limited to, criteria under section 160.261. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any

- rule proposed or adopted after the effective date of this section
  shall be invalid and void.
- 168.025. 1. For purposes of this section, "teacher

  externship" means an experience in which a teacher, supervised by

  his or her school or school district, gains practical experience

  at a business located in Missouri through observation and

  interaction with employers and employees.
  - 2. The department of economic development and the department of elementary and secondary education shall develop and recommend:

- (1) Requirements for teacher externships that can be considered the equivalent of the completion of credit hours in graduate-level courses for purposes of salary schedules; and
- (2) An equivalency schedule that sets forth the number of credit hours in graduate-level courses that shall be considered equivalent to and awarded for each type of teacher externship.

  To classify teacher externships and determine the number of credit hours that would be appropriate for each type, the length of the teacher externship, the practical experience gained, or any other factor deemed relevant may be considered.
- 3. The department of economic development and the department of elementary and secondary education shall adopt and publish on their websites, before July 1, 2020, requirements for teacher externships that can be considered the equivalent of the completion of credit hours in graduate-level courses for purposes of salary schedules and an equivalency schedule as described in subsection 2 of this section. Any teacher externship that meets the published requirements shall be known as and considered a

- 1 certified teacher externship for purposes of this section.
- 2 4. If a school district or charter school uses a salary
- 3 schedule in which a teacher receives a higher salary if he or she
- 4 has earned credit hours in graduate-level courses, the school
- 5 district or charter school shall consider any teacher who has
- 6 completed a certified teacher externship to have completed credit
- 7 hours in graduate-level courses on its salary schedule in the
- 8 manner prescribed by the equivalency schedule developed under
- 9 this section and compensate the teacher accordingly.
- 10 5. The department of elementary and secondary education and
- 11 <u>the department of economic development may promulgate rules to</u>
- implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of
- a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is
- created under the authority delegated in this section shall
- become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all
- of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section
- 17 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if
- any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to
- 19 chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to
- disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held
- 21 <u>unconstitutional</u>, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any
- rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2019, shall be invalid
- and void.
- 24 6. Under section 23.253 of the Missouri sunset act:
- 25 <u>(1) The provisions of the new program authorized under this</u>
- 26 section shall automatically sunset five years after the effective
- 27 date of this section unless reauthorized by an act of the general
- 28 assembly;

1 (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized
2 under this section shall automatically sunset ten years after the
3 effective date of the reauthorization of this section; and

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- (3) This section shall terminate on September first of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the program authorized under this section is sunset.
- 168.133. 1. As used in this section, "screened volunteer" shall mean any person who assists a school by providing uncompensated service and who may periodically be left alone with students. The school district shall ensure that a criminal background check is conducted for all screened volunteers, who shall complete the criminal background check prior to being left alone with a student. Screened volunteers include, but are not limited to, persons who regularly assist in the office or library, mentor or tutor students, coach or supervise a schoolsponsored activity before or after school, or chaperone students on an overnight trip. Screened volunteers may only access student education records when necessary to assist the district and while supervised by staff members. Volunteers that are not screened shall not be left alone with a student or have access to student records.
- 2. The school district shall ensure that a criminal background check is conducted on any person employed after January 1, 2005, authorized to have contact with pupils and prior to the individual having contact with any pupil. Such persons include, but are not limited to, administrators, teachers, aides, paraprofessionals, assistants, secretaries, custodians, cooks, screened volunteers, and nurses. The school district shall also

- 1 ensure that a criminal background check is conducted for school
- 2 bus drivers. The district may allow such drivers to operate
- 3 buses pending the result of the criminal background check. For
- 4 bus drivers, the school district shall be responsible for
- 5 conducting the criminal background check on drivers employed by
- 6 the school district. For drivers employed by a pupil
- 7 transportation company under contract with the school district,
- 8 the criminal background check shall be conducted pursuant to
- 9 section 43.540 and conform to the requirements established in the
- National Child Protection Act of 1993, as amended by the
- 11 Volunteers for Children Act. Personnel who have successfully
- 12 undergone a criminal background check and a check of the family
- care safety registry as part of the professional license
- 14 application process under section 168.021 and who have received
- 15 clearance on the checks within one prior year of employment shall
- 16 be considered to have completed the background check requirement.
- 17 A criminal background check under this section shall include a
- 18 search of any information publicly available in an electronic
- 19 format through a public index or single case display.
- 20 [2.] 3. In order to facilitate the criminal history
- 21 background check, the applicant shall submit a set of
- fingerprints collected pursuant to standards determined by the
- 23 Missouri highway patrol. The fingerprints shall be used by the
- 24 highway patrol to search the criminal history repository and
- 25 shall be forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for
- 26 searching the federal criminal history files.
- [3.]  $\underline{4.}$  The applicant shall pay the fee for the state
- criminal history record information pursuant to section 43.530

- and sections 210.900 to 210.936 and pay the appropriate fee

  determined by the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the federal

  criminal history record when he or she applies for a position

  authorized to have contact with pupils pursuant to this section.

  The department shall distribute the fees collected for the state

  and federal criminal histories to the Missouri highway patrol.
- 7 [4.] 5. The department of elementary and secondary 8 education shall facilitate an annual check of employed persons 9 holding current active certificates under section 168.021 against 10 criminal history records in the central repository under section 11 43.530, the sexual offender registry under sections 589.400 to 12 [589.475] 589.426, and child abuse central registry under 13 sections 210.109 to 210.183. The department of elementary and 14 secondary education shall facilitate procedures for school 15 districts to submit personnel information annually for persons 16 employed by the school districts who do not hold a current valid 17 certificate who are required by subsection 1 of this section to undergo a criminal background check, sexual offender registry 18 19 check, and child abuse central registry check. The Missouri 20 state highway patrol shall provide ongoing electronic updates to 21 criminal history background checks of those persons previously 22 submitted, both those who have an active certificate and those 23 who do not have an active certificate, by the department of 24 elementary and secondary education. This shall fulfill the 25 annual check against the criminal history records in the central 26 repository under section 43.530.
  - [5.] <u>6.</u> The school district may adopt a policy to provide for reimbursement of expenses incurred by an employee for state

- and federal criminal history information pursuant to section 43.530.
- [6.] 7. If, as a result of the criminal history background check mandated by this section, it is determined that the holder of a certificate issued pursuant to section 168.021 has pled quilty or nolo contendere to, or been found quilty of a crime or offense listed in section 168.071, or a similar crime or offense committed in another state, the United States, or any other country, regardless of imposition of sentence, such information shall be reported to the department of elementary and secondary education.
  - [7.] 8. Any school official making a report to the department of elementary and secondary education in conformity with this section shall not be subject to civil liability for such action.

- [8.] 9. For any teacher who is employed by a school district on a substitute or part-time basis within one year of such teacher's retirement from a Missouri school, the state of Missouri shall not require such teacher to be subject to any additional background checks prior to having contact with pupils. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as prohibiting or otherwise restricting a school district from requiring additional background checks for such teachers employed by the school district.
  - [9.] 10. A criminal background check and fingerprint collection conducted under subsections 1 [and 2] to 3 of this section shall be valid for at least a period of one year and transferrable from one school district to another district. A

- 1 school district may, in its discretion, conduct a new criminal
- 2 background check and fingerprint collection under subsections 1
- 3 [and 2] to 3 for a newly hired employee at the district's
- 4 expense. A teacher's change in type of certification shall have
- 5 no effect on the transferability or validity of such records.
- [10.]  $\underline{11.}$  Nothing in this section shall be construed to
- 7 alter the standards for suspension, denial, or revocation of a
- 8 certificate issued pursuant to this chapter.
- 9 [11.] 12. The state board of education may promulgate rules
- 10 for criminal history background checks made pursuant to this
- 11 section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined
- in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated
- in this section shall become effective only if it complies with
- and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if
- applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are
- nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general
- 17 assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the
- 18 effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are
- 19 subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking
- authority and any rule proposed or adopted after January 1, 2005,
- 21 shall be invalid and void.
- 22 170.020. 1. (1) The department of elementary and
- 23 secondary education, through its school counseling section, shall
- be authorized to establish a voluntary pilot program, beginning
- 25 in the 2020-2021 school year, to provide for social and emotional
- 26 <u>health education in elementary schools in the state. The purpose</u>
- of the pilot program shall be to determine whether and how to
- implement an elementary social and emotional health education

program statewide.

The department, through its employees who work in the school counseling section, is authorized to select from among applications submitted by the public elementary schools a minimum of sixteen public elementary schools for participation in the pilot program. If fewer than sixteen schools apply for participation in the program, the department shall select as many eligible schools possible for partnership in the pilot program. The department shall develop an application process for public elementary schools to apply to participate in the pilot program. The local school board for each elementary school selected to be in the pilot program shall agree to implement and fully fund an elementary social and emotional health program in such school and to continue to provide such elementary social and emotional health education program for a period no shorter than three years. The local school district may employ a social and emotional health teacher to provide such program for the elementary school. 

(3) The department, through its employees who work in the school counseling section, and local school districts shall collaborate to establish the instructional model for each elementary social and emotional health education program. Such instructional model shall be grade-appropriate and include instruction in an organized classroom, including instruction on how to set and achieve positive goals, how to utilize coping strategies to handle stress, and shall have an increased emphasis on protective factors, such as problem-solving skills, social support and social connectedness through positive relationships

- 1 and teamwork.
- 2 (4) The department, through its school counseling section,
- 3 shall provide for a program evaluation regarding the success and
- 4 impact of the pilot program upon completion of the third year of
- 5 the pilot program and shall report the results of such evaluation
- 6 to the relevant house and senate committees on health and mental
- 7 health, and education.
- 8 2. The department shall maintain an adequate number of
- 9 full-time employees, certified in social and emotional health
- 10 education and distributed regionally throughout the state, to
- 11 provide accountability for program delivery of social and
- 12 <u>emotional health education</u>, to continue to develop and maintain
- 13 pertinent social and emotional health education instructional
- 14 model and standards, to assist local school districts on matters
- related to social and emotional health education, and to
- 16 coordinate regional and state-wide activities supporting K-12
- social and emotional health education programming.
- 18 3. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require
- 19 public elementary schools to participate in the pilot program.
- 20 170.045. 1. In school year 2020-21 and in each school year
- 21 thereafter, each school district shall provide trauma-informed,
- developmentally-appropriate sexual abuse training to students in
- 23 all grades not lower than sixth grade. School districts must
- include in the training the following:
- 25 (1) Instruction providing students with the knowledge and
- 26 tools to recognize sexual abuse;
- 27 (2) Instruction providing students with the knowledge and
- 28 tools to report an incident of sexual abuse;

- 1 (3) Actions that a student who is a victim of sexual abuse 2 could take to obtain assistance and intervention; and
- 3 (4) Available resources for students affected by sexual abuse.

- 2. The department of elementary and secondary education shall provide guidance and training materials school districts may use to comply with the provisions of this section. The training materials shall be developed in consultation with the task force on the prevention of sexual abuse of children as established in section 210.1200.
- 3. The school district shall notify parents or quardians in advance of the training required under this section, of the content of the instruction, and the parent or quardian's right to have the student excused from the instruction. Upon written request of the parent or quardian of a student, the student shall be excused from instruction.
- 4. The department of elementary and secondary education may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section.

  Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2019,

## shall be invalid and void.

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- 2 171.031. 1. Each school board shall prepare annually a calendar for the school term, specifying the opening date, days 3 of planned attendance, and providing a minimum term of at least 4 5 one hundred seventy-four days for schools with a five-day school 6 week or one hundred forty-two days for schools with a four-day 7 school week, and one thousand forty-four hours of actual pupil attendance. In school year 2019-20 and subsequent years, one 8 9 thousand forty-four hours of actual pupil attendance shall be 10 required for the school term with no minimum number of school days. In addition, such calendar shall include six make-up days 11 12 for possible loss of attendance due to inclement weather as 13 defined in subsection 1 of section 171.033. In school year 14 2019-20 and subsequent years, such calendar shall include 15 thirty-six make-up hours for possible loss of attendance due to 16 inclement weather, as defined in subsection 1 of section 171.033, 17 with no minimum number of make-up days.
  - 2. Each local school district may set its opening date each year, which date shall be no earlier than [ten] fourteen calendar days prior to the first Monday in September. No public school district shall select an earlier start date unless, for calendars for school years before school year 2020-21, the district follows the procedure set forth in subsection 3 of this section. The procedure set forth in subsection 3 of this section shall be unavailable to school districts in preparing their calendars for school year 2020-21 and for subsequent years.
- 27 3. For calendars for school years before school year 2020-28 21, a district may set an opening date that is more than [ten]

- 1 <u>fourteen</u> calendar days prior to the first Monday in September
- 2 only if the local school board first gives public notice of a
- 3 public meeting to discuss the proposal of opening school on a
- 4 date more than [ten] <u>fourteen</u> days prior to the first Monday in
- 5 September, and the local school board holds said meeting and, at
- 6 the same public meeting, a majority of the board votes to allow
- 7 an earlier opening date. If all of the previous conditions are
- 8 met, the district may set its opening date more than [ten]
- 9 fourteen calendar days prior to the first Monday in September.
- 10 The condition provided in this subsection must be satisfied by
- 11 the local school board each year that the board proposes an
- opening date more than [ten] fourteen days before the first
- 13 Monday in September.
- 4. If any local district violates the provisions of this
- 15 section, the department of elementary and secondary education
- shall withhold an amount equal to one quarter of the state
- 17 funding the district generated under section 163.031 for each
- date the district was in violation of this section.
- 19 5. The provisions of subsections 2 to 4 of this section
- 20 shall not apply to school districts in which school is in session
- 21 for twelve months of each calendar year.
- 22 6. The state board of education may grant an exemption from
- 23 this section to a school district that demonstrates highly
- 24 unusual and extenuating circumstances justifying exemption from
- 25 the provisions of subsections 2 to 4 of this section. Any
- exemption granted by the state board of education shall be valid
- for one academic year only.
- 28 171.033. 1. "Inclement weather", for purposes of this

section, shall be defined as ice, snow, extreme cold, <u>excessive</u>

heat, flooding, or a tornado[, but such term shall not include
excessive heat].

- 2. (1) A district shall be required to make up the first six days of school lost or cancelled due to inclement weather and half the number of days lost or cancelled in excess of six days if the makeup of the days is necessary to ensure that the district's students will attend a minimum of one hundred forty-two days and a minimum of one thousand forty-four hours for the school year except as otherwise provided in this section. Schools with a four-day school week may schedule such make-up days on Fridays.
  - (2) Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, in school year 2019-20 and subsequent years, a district shall be required to make up the first thirty-six hours of school lost or cancelled due to inclement weather and half the number of hours lost or cancelled in excess of thirty-six if the makeup of the hours is necessary to ensure that the district's students attend a minimum of one thousand forty-four hours for the school year, except as otherwise provided under subsections 3 and 4 of this section.
  - 3. (1) In the 2009-10 school year and subsequent years, a school district may be exempt from the requirement to make up days of school lost or cancelled due to inclement weather in the school district when the school district has made up the six days required under subsection 2 of this section and half the number of additional lost or cancelled days up to eight days, resulting in no more than ten total make-up days required by this section.

1 (2) In school year 2019-20 and subsequent years, a school
2 district may be exempt from the requirement to make up school
3 lost or cancelled due to inclement weather in the school district
4 when the school district has made up the thirty-six hours
5 required under subsection 2 of this section and half the number
6 of additional lost or cancelled hours up to forty-eight,
7 resulting in no more than sixty total make-up hours required by
8 this section.

- 4. The commissioner of education may provide, for any school district that cannot meet the minimum school calendar requirement of at least one hundred seventy-four days for schools with a five-day school week or one hundred forty-two days for schools with a four-day school week and one thousand forty-four hours of actual pupil attendance or, in school year 2019-20 and subsequent years, one thousand forty-four hours of actual pupil attendance, upon request, a waiver to be excused from such requirement. This waiver shall be requested from the commissioner of education and may be granted if the school was closed due to circumstances beyond school district control, including inclement weather or fire.
- 5. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, in school year 2020-21 and subsequent years, a district shall not be required to make up any hours of school lost or cancelled due to exceptional or emergency circumstances during a school year if the district has an alternative methods of instruction plan approved by the department of elementary and secondary education for such school year. Exceptional or emergency circumstances shall include, but not be limited to, inclement weather, a

1 utility outage, or an outbreak of a contagious disease. The
2 department of elementary and secondary education shall not
3 approve any such plan unless the district demonstrates that the
4 plan will not negatively impact teaching and learning in the

district.

- circumstances and the district has an approved alternative

  methods of instruction plan, the district shall notify students
  and parents on each day of the closure whether the alternative

  methods of instruction plan is to be implemented for that day.

  If the plan is to be implemented on any day of the closure, the
  district shall ensure that each student receives assignments for
  that day in hard copy form or receives instruction through
  virtual learning or another method of instruction.
- instruction plan shall not use alternative methods of instruction as provided for in the plan for more than thirty-six hours during a school year. A district that has used such alternative methods of instruction for thirty-six hours during a school year shall be required, notwithstanding subsections 2 and 3 of this section, to make up any subsequent hours of school lost or cancelled due to exceptional or emergency circumstances during such school year.
- (4) The department of elementary and secondary education shall give districts with approved alternative methods of instruction plans credit for the hours in which they use alternative methods of instruction by considering such hours as hours in which school was actually in session.
  - (5) Any district wishing to use alternative methods of

1	instruction under this subsection shall submit an application to
2	the department of elementary and secondary education. The
3	application shall describe:
4	(a) The manner in which the district intends to strengthen
5	and reinforce instructional content while supporting student
6	learning outside the classroom environment;
7	(b) The process the district intends to use to communicate
8	to students and parents the decision to implement alternative
9	methods of instruction on any day of a closure;
10	(c) The manner in which the district intends to communicate
11	the purpose and expectations for a day in which alternative
12	methods of instruction will be implemented to students and
13	parents;
14	(d) The assignments and materials to be used within the
15	district for days in which alternative methods of instruction
16	will be implemented to effectively facilitate teaching and
17	support learning for the benefit of the students;
18	(e) The manner in which student attendance will be
19	determined for a day in which alternative methods of instruction
20	will be implemented. The method chosen shall be linked to
21	completion of lessons and activities;
22	(f) The instructional methods, which shall include
23	instruction through electronic means and instruction through
24	other means for students who have no access to internet services
25	or a computer;
26	(g) Instructional plans for students with individualized
27	education programs; and

(h) The role and responsibility of certified personnel to

- 1 <u>be available to communicate with students.</u>
- 2 6. For the 2018-2019 school year, a district shall be
- 3 exempt from the requirements of subsections 2 and 3 of this
- 4 section, and only be required to make up the first six days of
- 5 school lost or cancelled due to inclement weather.
- 6 177.086. 1. Any school district authorizing the
- 7 construction of facilities which may exceed an expenditure of
- 8 [fifteen] fifty thousand dollars shall publicly advertise, once a
- 9 week for two consecutive weeks, in a newspaper of general
- 10 circulation, qualified pursuant to chapter 493, located within
- 11 the city in which the school district is located, or if there be
- 12 no such newspaper, in a qualified newspaper of general
- 13 circulation in the county, or if there be no such newspaper, in a
- 14 qualified newspaper of general circulation in an adjoining
- 15 county, and may advertise in business, trade, or minority
- newspapers, for bids on said construction.
- 17 2. No bids shall be entertained by the school district
- which are not made in accordance with the specifications
- 19 furnished by the district and all contracts shall be let to the
- lowest responsible bidder complying with the terms of the
- 21 letting, provided that the district shall have the right to
- 22 reject any and all bids.
- 3. All bids must be submitted sealed and in writing, to be
- opened publicly at time and place of the district's choosing.
- 25 178.530. 1. The state board of education shall establish
- 26 standards and annually inspect, as a basis for approval, all
- 27 public prevocational, vocational schools, State Technical College
- of Missouri, departments and classes receiving state or federal

moneys for giving training in agriculture, industrial, home 1 2 economics and commercial subjects and all schools, departments and classes receiving state or federal moneys for the preparation 3 of teachers and supervisors of such subjects. The public 5 prevocational and vocational schools, State Technical College of 6 Missouri, departments, and classes, and the training schools, 7 departments and classes are entitled to the state or federal 8 moneys so long as they are approved by the state board of 9 education, as to site, plant, equipment, qualifications of 10 teachers, admission of pupils, courses of study and methods of instruction. All disbursements of state or federal moneys for 11 12 the benefit of the approved prevocational and vocational schools, 13 State Technical College of Missouri, departments and classes 14 shall be made semiannually. The school board of each approved 15 school or the governing body of State Technical College of 16 Missouri shall file a report with the state board of education at 17 the times and in the form that the state board requires. Upon receipt of a satisfactory report, the state board of education 18 shall certify to the commissioner of administration for his 19 20 approval the amount of the state and federal moneys due the 21 school district or State Technical College of Missouri. 22 amount due the school district shall be certified by the 23 commissioner of administration and proper warrant therefor shall 24 be issued to the district treasurer or State Technical College of 25 Missouri.

2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this section, the state board of education shall establish standards for agricultural education that may be adopted by a private

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school accredited by an agency recognized by the United States 2 Department of Education as an accreditor of private schools that wishes to provide quality vocational programming outside the 3 4 requirements of, but consistent with, the federal Vocational 5 Education Act. Such standards shall be sufficient to qualify a 6 private school to apply to the state chapter for approval of a 7 local chapter of a federally chartered national agricultural 8 education association on a form developed for that purpose by the 9 department of elementary and secondary education without 10 eligibility to receive state or federal funding for agricultural vocational education. The provisions of this subsection shall 11 12 not be construed to create eligibility for a private school to 13 receive state or federal funding for agricultural vocational 14 education, but shall not prohibit a private school from receiving 15 state or federal funds for which such private school would 16 otherwise be eliqible for agricultural vocational education. Any 17 such private school shall reimburse the department annually for 18 the cost of oversight and maintenance of the program.

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- 3. (1) The department of elementary and secondary education, through its agricultural education section, shall be authorized to establish a pilot program, beginning in the 2020-2021 school year, to provide for agricultural education in elementary schools in the state. The purpose of the pilot program shall be to determine whether and how to implement an elementary agricultural education program statewide.
- (2) The department, through its employees who work in the agricultural education section, is authorized to select from among applications submitted by the public elementary schools a

minimum of sixteen public elementary schools for participation in the pilot program. The department shall develop an application process for public elementary schools to apply to participate in the pilot program. The local school board for each elementary school selected to be in the pilot program shall agree to implement and fully fund an elementary agricultural education program in such school and to continue to provide such elementary agricultural education program for a period no shorter than three years. The local school district may employ an agricultural education teacher to provide such program for the elementary school.

- (3) The department, through its employees who work in the agricultural education section, and local school districts shall collaborate to establish the instructional model for each elementary agricultural education program. Such instructional model shall be grade-appropriate and include instruction in an organized classroom, collaborative learning experiences through investigation and inquiry, including laboratory and site-based learning activities, and personal, leadership, and career development opportunities.
- (4) The department, through its agricultural education section, shall provide for a program evaluation regarding the success and impact of the pilot program upon completion of the third year of the pilot program and shall report the results of such evaluation to the relevant house and senate committees on agriculture and education.
- 4. The department shall maintain an adequate number of full-time employees, certified in agricultural education and

- 1 <u>distributed regionally throughout the state, to provide</u>
- 2 accountability for program delivery of agricultural education, to
- 3 continue to develop and maintain pertinent agricultural education
- 4 instructional models and standards, to assist local school
- 5 <u>districts on matters related to agricultural education, and to</u>
- 6 coordinate regional and state-wide activities supporting K-12
- 7 agricultural education programming.

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- 5. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require public elementary schools to participate in the pilot program.
- 10 210.110. As used in sections 210.109 to 210.165, and sections 210.180 to 210.183, the following terms mean:
- 12 (1) "Abuse", any physical injury, sexual abuse, or
  13 emotional abuse inflicted on a child other than by accidental
  14 means by those responsible for the child's care, custody, and
  15 control, except that discipline including spanking, administered
  16 in a reasonable manner, shall not be construed to be abuse.
  17 Victims of abuse shall also include any victims of sex
  - Victims of abuse shall also include any victims of sex trafficking or severe forms of trafficking as those terms are defined in 22 U.S.C. 78 Section 7102(9)-(10);
    - approach to be developed by the children's division which will recognize and treat the specific needs of at-risk and abused or neglected children. The developmental and medical assessment may be a broad physical, developmental, and mental health screening to be completed within thirty days of a child's entry into custody and in accordance with the periodicity schedule set forth by the American Academy of Pediatrics thereafter as long as the child remains in care. Screenings may be offered at a

centralized location and include, at a minimum, the following:

- (a) Complete physical to be performed by a pediatrician familiar with the effects of abuse and neglect on young children;
- (b) Developmental, behavioral, and emotional screening in addition to early periodic screening, diagnosis, and treatment services, including a core set of standardized and recognized instruments as well as interviews with the child and appropriate caregivers. The screening battery may be performed by a licensed mental health professional familiar with the effects of abuse and neglect on young children, who will then serve as the liaison between all service providers in ensuring that needed services are provided. Such treatment services may include in-home services, out-of-home placement, intensive twenty-four-hour treatment services, family counseling, parenting training and other best practices.

- Children whose screenings indicate an area of concern may complete a comprehensive, in-depth health, psychodiagnostic, or developmental assessment within sixty days of entry into custody;
- (3) "Central registry", a registry of persons where the division has found probable cause to believe prior to August 28, 2004, or by a preponderance of the evidence after August 28, 2004, or a court has substantiated through court adjudication that the individual has committed child abuse or neglect or the person has pled guilty or has been found guilty of a crime pursuant to section 565.020, 565.021, 565.023, 565.024, 565.050, 566.030, 566.060, or 567.050 if the victim is a child less than eighteen years of age, or any other crime pursuant to chapter 566

- 1 if the victim is a child less than eighteen years of age and the
- 2 perpetrator is twenty-one years of age or older, a crime under
- 3 section 568.020, 568.030, 568.045, 568.050, 568.060, 568.080,
- 4 568.090, 573.023, 573.025, 573.035, 573.037, 573.040, 573.200, or
- 5 573.205, or an attempt to commit any such crimes. Any persons
- 6 placed on the registry prior to August 28, 2004, shall remain on
- 7 the registry for the duration of time required by section
- 8 210.152;
- 9 (4) "Child", any person, regardless of physical or mental 10 condition, under eighteen years of age;
- 11 (5) "Children's services providers and agencies", any
- 12 public, quasi-public, or private entity with the appropriate and
- 13 relevant training and expertise in delivering services to
- 14 children and their families as determined by the children's
- division, and capable of providing direct services and other
- 16 family services for children in the custody of the children's
- division or any such entities or agencies that are receiving
- 18 state moneys for such services;
- 19 (6) "Director", the director of the Missouri children's
- 20 division within the department of social services;
- 21 (7) "Division", the Missouri children's division within the
- 22 department of social services;
- 23 (8) "Family assessment and services", an approach to be
- 24 developed by the children's division which will provide for a
- 25 prompt assessment of a child who has been reported to the
- 26 division as a victim of abuse or neglect by a person responsible
- for that child's care, custody or control and of that child's
- 28 family, including risk of abuse and neglect and, if necessary,

the provision of community-based services to reduce the risk and
support the family;

- (9) "Family support team meeting" or "team meeting", a meeting convened by the division or children's services provider in behalf of the family and/or child for the purpose of determining service and treatment needs, determining the need for placement and developing a plan for reunification or other permanency options, determining the appropriate placement of the child, evaluating case progress, and establishing and revising the case plan;
  - (10) "Investigation", the collection of physical and verbal evidence to determine if a child has been abused or neglected;
  - (11) "Jail or detention center personnel", employees and volunteers working in any premises or institution where incarceration, evaluation, care, treatment or rehabilitation is provided to persons who are being held under custody of the law;
  - (12) "Neglect", failure to provide, by those responsible for the care, custody, and control of the child, the proper or necessary support, education as required by law, nutrition or medical, surgical, or any other care necessary for the child's well-being. Victims of neglect shall also include any victims of sex trafficking or severe forms of trafficking as those terms are defined in 22 U.S.C. 78 Section 7102(9)-(10);
  - (13) "Preponderance of the evidence", that degree of evidence that is of greater weight or more convincing than the evidence which is offered in opposition to it or evidence which as a whole shows the fact to be proved to be more probable than not;

- 1 (14) "Probable cause", available facts when viewed in the 2 light of surrounding circumstances which would cause a reasonable 3 person to believe a child was abused or neglected;
- 4 (15) "Report", the communication of an allegation of child 5 abuse or neglect to the division pursuant to section 210.115;
- 6 (16) "Those responsible for the care, custody, and control of the child", includes, but is not limited to:
  - (a) The parents or legal guardians of a child;
  - (b) Other members of the child's household;

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- 10 (c) Those exercising supervision over a child for any part
  11 of a twenty-four-hour day;
- 12 (d) Any <u>adult</u> person who has access to the child based on 13 relationship to the parents of the child or members of the 14 child's household or the family; [or]
- 15 (e) Any person who takes control of the child by deception, 16 force, or coercion; or
  - (f) School personnel, contractors, and volunteers, if the relationship with the child was established through the school or through school related activities, even if the alleged abuse or neglect occurred outside of school hours or off school grounds.

Section B. Because of the importance of improving and sustaining Missouri's elementary and secondary education system and establishing standards for student transfers to school districts, and because of the high number of school days lost due to inclement weather this year, the enactment of sections 167.895 and 167.898 and the repeal and reenactment of section 171.033 of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace and safety, and is hereby

- declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the
- constitution, and the enactment of sections 167.895 and 167.898
- 3 and the repeal and reenactment of section 171.033 of this act
- 4 shall be in full force and effect upon its passage and approval.