#### SECOND REGULAR SESSION

# **SENATE BILL NO. 972**

### 99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR ROMINE.

Read 1st time January 30, 2018, and ordered printed.

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

#### 6240S.01I

## AN ACT

To amend chapters 386 and 393, RSMo, by adding thereto sixteen new sections relating to energy.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Chapters 386 and 393, RSMo, are amended by adding thereto 2 sixteen new sections, to be known as sections 386.1000, 386.1005, 386.1010,

3 386.1015, 386.1020, 386.1025, 386.1030, 393.1300, 393.1305, 393.1310, 393.1315,

4 393.1320, 393.1325, 393.1330, 393.1335, and 393.1340, to read as follows:

386.1000. Sections 386.1000 to 386.1030 shall be known and cited 2 as the "Missouri Energy Freedom Act".

386.1005. Sections 386.1000 to 386.1030 reflect the critical role that abundant, affordable, reliable, and secure supplies of energy have in advancing the economy of the state and the security, health, and welfare of its citizens. The right of citizens to directly invest in renewable energy resources to meet their own energy needs, while also connecting to the electric grid, shall not be limited more than is necessary to protect the safety and security of the electric grid.

386.1010. As used in sections 386.1000 to 386.1030, the following 2 terms shall mean:

3 (1) "Contract customer", a person, corporation, or legal entity,
4 including affiliates and subsidiaries, who executes or will execute a
5 renewable energy contract with an owner or developer of a renewable
6 energy facility or with an electrical corporation;

7 (2) "Participating customer", a person, corporation, or legal 8 entity that is a customer of an electrical corporation and that elects to 9 have some or all of its electricity needs supplied by renewable energy 10 under a voluntary renewable pricing program; 11 (3) "Renewable energy contract", a contract established under 12 section 393.1015 between a contract customer and an owner or 13 developer of a renewable energy facility or facilities that provides for 14 the delivery of electricity to a contract customer by one the following 15 means:

16 (a) From one renewable energy facility to a contract customer's
17 single metered delivery location;

(b) From multiple renewable energy facilities to a contract
customer's single metered delivery location;

20 (c) From one or more renewable energy facilities to a single 21 contract customer's multiple metered delivery locations; or

(d) From one or more renewable energy facilities to a single
contract customer for distribution to multiple contract customers'
metered delivery locations;

(4) "Renewable energy facility", a facility for the production of
electrical energy that utilizes a renewable energy resource, as defined
in subdivision (5) of section 393.1025, and does not include an electric
generating facility whose costs have been included in an electrical
corporation's rates as a facility providing electric service to the
electrical corporation's system;

(5) "Voluntary renewable purchase program", a tariff filed with
the commission that enables a participating customer to purchase
electricity from a renewable energy facility or facilities in place of a
portion or all of the participating customer's standard electric service.

386.1015. 1. Following the publication of rules and regulations necessary to implement this section, a contract customer may enter into a renewable energy contract with an owner or developer of a renewable energy facility or facilities for the sale of electricity to meet some or all of the contract customer's energy needs.

6 2. An owner or developer of a renewable energy facility that 7 enters into a renewable energy contract described in this section shall 8 not be deemed to be an electrical corporation, a municipally owned or 9 operated electric power system as defined in section 91.025, or a rural 10 electric cooperative established under chapter 394.

3. A renewable energy contract shall provide for the pricing and
 duration of the contract, as determined through negotiation between
 the contract customer and the owner or developer of the renewable

14 energy facility or facilities.

4. To be eligible for entering a renewable energy contract under this section, a contract customer shall meet a minimum annual peak demand of one megawatt, provided that a single contract customer may aggregate multiple metered delivery locations to satisfy the annual peak demand megawatt limit.

5. Nothing shall prevent an electrical corporation from entering into a renewable energy contract directly with a contract customer, in which case the commission shall allow an electrical corporation to recover its prudently incurred cost of renewable generation procured under the renewable energy contract that is not otherwise recovered from the renewable energy contract as provided in section 386.1025.

6. The right to any renewable energy credit, as defined in section 393.1025, or any other environmental attribute associated with the sale of electricity under a renewable energy contract under this section shall transfer to the contract customer, except to the extent that a renewable energy contract provides otherwise.

31 7. Within thirty days after receiving notice of a renewable energy
32 contract and request from a contract customer under this section, and
33 subject to reasonable credit requirements, an electrical corporation
34 shall:

35 (1) Contract with the renewable energy facility's owner to 36 purchase electricity for resale to the contract customer; and

37 (2) Sell such electricity to the contract customer according to the
38 duration and pricing terms in the renewable energy contract, plus any
39 additional costs the electrical corporation is authorized to recover.

40 8. Within sixty days of publication of rules and regulations necessary to effectuate the provisions of this section, an electrical 41 corporation shall file for commission approval a tariff to facilitate the 42 delivery of power under renewable energy contracts under this section. 43An electrical corporation shall charge a contract customer for all 44 metered electric service delivered to the contract customer under the 45terms of the renewable energy contract as well as any required 46 supplemental energy service, and the tariff shall include rates as 47determined by the commission for an electrical corporation for the 48recovery of: 49

(1) Cost-based administrative service;

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51 (2) Cost-based distribution service;

52 (3) Cost-based transmission service;

53 (4) Cost-based monthly generation capacity service; and

54 (5) Cost-based energy service for any kilowatt-hours of 55 electricity contracted for delivery but not delivered from the renewable 56 energy facility.

9. The contract customer shall be responsible for any federal jurisdictional incremental costs required by the transmission organization of which the electrical corporation is a member for delivery of the electricity from the renewable energy facility to the transmission system. The electrical corporation shall not be held responsible for costs related to customer fault.

63 10. When the renewable electricity sold under renewable energy contracts under this section equals five percent of an electrical 64 corporation's total retail sales in a calendar year, the electrical 65 corporation shall no longer be required to allow use of its transmission 66 and distribution system to facilitate the delivery of power under 67 renewable energy contracts under this section. Renewable electricity 68 sold to customers who began service with the electrical corporation 69 70 after the effective date of this section shall not be included in the calculation of five percent of an electrical corporation's total retail 7172sales in a calendar year under this subsection.

386.1020. Notwithstanding any of the provisions of section 2 386.1000 to 386.1025 to the contrary, an owner or developer of a 3 renewable energy facility may enter into a contract for the sale of power directly to a customer of an electrical corporation if the power 4 is supplied by a renewable energy facility located entirely on the  $\mathbf{5}$ customer's premises and the output of which is intended entirely for 6 use at the customer's premises. An owner or developer of a renewable 7 energy facility that enters into a renewable energy contract described 8 in this section shall not be deemed to be an electrical corporation, a 9 10 municipally owned or operated electric power system as defined in section 91.025, or a rural electric cooperative established under chapter 11 **394.** An electrical corporation shall not be entitled to recover any costs 12relating to energy delivered under contracts described in this section. 13 An electrical corporation shall not be required to compensate a 14 customer for any excess energy provided to the grid resulting from 15

16 contracts described in this subsection, as described in subdivision (3)

17 of subsection 5 of section 386.890.

386.1025. 1. Within one hundred eighty days following the publication of rules and regulations necessary to implement this  $\mathbf{2}$ section, an electrical corporation shall submit tariffs for approval by 3 the commission for a portfolio of voluntary renewable purchase 4 programs that shall serve all major customer classes; however, no  $\mathbf{5}$ individual program within the portfolio may be offered to all major 6 7 customer classes. An electrical corporation shall be required to offer voluntary renewable purchase programs until the renewable electricity 8 sold under such programs equals five percent of the electrical 9 10 corporation's total retail sales in a calendar year, after which an electrical corporation may choose to offer voluntary renewable 11 purchase programs that exceed the requirements of this section. The 1213 voluntary renewable purchase programs required by this section shall 14 only sell electricity from renewable energy facilities not already in service at the time of the effective date of this section. The voluntary 1516 renewable purchase programs required by this section may take the form of wholesale power purchase agreement tariffs, green tariffs, 1718 subscriber solar or community solar tariffs, or other forms, provided 19that the programs:

(1) Be based on the actual costs and benefits of procuring the
renewable energy facilities and serving the participating customers in
each class;

(2) Recover any incremental costs of the programs only from
 participating customers and hold nonparticipants harmless; and

(3) Transfer the right to any renewable energy credit, as defined
in section 393.1025, or any other environmental attribute associated
with the sale of electricity under a voluntary renewable purchase
program to the participating customer.

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 2. An electrical corporation may not charge any nonparticipating
 30 customers or noncontract customers for any direct costs incurred
 31 under the requirements of this section.

386.1030. The commission shall have the authority to promulgate rules to implement the provisions of sections 386.1000 to 386.1025. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010 that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become 5 effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions 6 of chapter 536, and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and 7 chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the 8 general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, to review, to delay the 9 effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held 10 unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule 11 proposed or adopted after August 28, 2018, shall be invalid and void.

2 be cited as the "Alternative Regulation for Electrical Corporations Act".
393.1305. 1. The provisions of section 386.020 defining words,
2 phrases, and terms, shall apply to and determine the meaning of all
3 such words, phrases, or terms as used in sections 393.1300 to 393.1340.
4 2. As used in sections 393.1300 to 393.1340, the following terms

393.1300. Sections 393.1300 to 393.1340 shall be known and may

5 shall mean:

6 (1) "Average base rate", a rate calculated by dividing the total 7 retail revenue requirement for all the electrical corporation's rate 8 classes by the total sales volumes stated in kilowatt-hours for all such 9 rate classes used to set rates in the applicable general rate proceeding, 10 exclusive of gross receipts tax, sales tax, and other similar pass-through 11 taxes;

12 (2) "Average overall rate", a rate equal to the sum of the average
13 base rate and the average rider rate;

14(3) "Average rider rate", a rate calculated by dividing the total of 15the sums to be recovered from all customer classes under the electrical 16 corporation's rate adjustment mechanisms in place other than a rate 17adjustment mechanism under section 393.1075 by the total sales volumes stated in kilowatt-hours for all of the electrical corporation's 18 rate classes used to set rates under such rate adjustment mechanisms, 19 20exclusive of gross receipts tax, sales tax, and other similar pass-through 21taxes;

(4) "Cost of service", the total cost of providing retail electric utility service to Missouri electric customers, including but not limited to operating expenses, depreciation, amortizations, taxes, rate base items, and return on rate base, offset by revenues included in net fuel and purchased power, and the Missouri jurisdictional portion of revenues from sources other than Missouri jurisdictional retail customers; 29(5) "Force majeure event", an event or circumstance that occurs as a result of a weather event, an act of God, war or terrorism that 30 causes a reduction in revenues, an increase in the cost of providing 3132 electrical service, or some combination thereof, and the event has an 33 associated fiscal impact on a participating electrical corporation's 34 operations equal to three percent or greater of the total revenue requirement established in the general rate case filed under subsection 351 of 393.1325. Any force majeure event shall be subject to commission 36 37 review and approval, and shall not preclude the commission from 38 reviewing the prudence of any revenue reductions or costs incurred during any proceeding to set rates; 39

40 (6) "General advertising", informational advertising that is useful
41 in the provision of adequate service;

42 (7) "Institutional advertising", advertising used to improve the 43 participating electrical corporation's image;

(8) "Net fuel and purchased power", all fuel and purchased power
acquired by the participating electrical corporation used to serve
Missouri retail electric load reduced by total wholesale or off-system
power sales for the same period, and all other items eligible for
inclusion in a rate adjustment mechanism under subsection 1 of section
386.266;

50 (9) "Operating expenses", FERC Account 401 "Operation 51 Expenses", FERC Account 402 "Maintenance Expenses", and FERC 52 Account 408.1 "Taxes Other Than Income Taxes, Utility Operating 53 Income", excluding gross receipts taxes;

(10) "Participating electrical corporation", an electrical
corporation whose application to be regulated under sections 393.1300
to 393.1340 is approved by the commission;

57 (11) "Political advertising", advertising, that is associated with 58 political candidates or issues;

59 (12) "Promotional advertising", advertising used to encourage or
60 promote the use of electricity;

61 (13) "Rate base", the investment in net plant, inventories, 62 accumulated deferred income taxes, and other items consistent with 63 established ratemaking practices recognized in the general rate case 64 filed under subsection 1 of section 393.1325. The return reflected in 65 cost of service is calculated on this investment; 66 (14) "Retail electric services", the services, and rates and terms 67 for service, provided by an electrical corporation and subject to the 68 jurisdiction of the commission;

(15) "Revenue requirement", the total amount recoverable
through retail electric rates necessary to allow a participating
electrical corporation the opportunity to recover its full cost of service;
(16) "Safety advertising", advertising that conveys the ways to
safely use electricity and to avoid accidents;

(17) "Tariff", schedules of rates and terms and conditions of
service for an electrical corporation that are open for public inspection
under subdivision (11) of section 393.140;

(18) "Test year", a historical year used as the starting point for determining the basis for adjustments that are necessary to reflect annual revenues and operating costs in calculating any shortfall or excess of earnings by the utility. Adjustments, such as annualization and normalization, are made to the test year results when the unadjusted results do not fairly represent the utility's most current annual level of existing revenue and operating costs.

393.1310. 1. Any electrical corporation seeking to avail itself of the provisions of sections 393.1300 to 393.1340 shall file an application  $\mathbf{2}$ to do so with the commission consistent with regulations adopted by 3 the commission governing such applications. The application shall 4 5include a verified statement on behalf of the electrical corporation that, 6 if its application is approved, the electrical corporation shall not assert 7 a claim before the commission or in any court that the compound 8 annual growth rate limitations set forth in subsections 8 and 9 of section 393.1315 amount to a constitutionally prohibited taking or 9 10 results in rates that are otherwise considered confiscatory.

2. Together with the application submitted under subsection 1
 of this section, the electrical corporation may seek discontinuation
 under subsection 5 of section 386.266 of any rate adjustment
 mechanism then in effect authorized by 386.266.

15 3. Together with the application submitted under subsection 1 16 of this section, the electrical corporation shall submit to the 17 commission a five-year capital investment plan setting forth the general 18 categories of capital expenditures the electrical corporation will 19 pursue. The plan shall also include a specific capital investment plan 20for the first year of the five-year plan consistent with the level of specificity used for annual capital budgeting purposes. Project specific 2122information need not be included for the five-year period covered by the plan. Both the one-year and the five-year plans shall identify any 23investments specifically targeted at aging infrastructure. Commencement 24dates for both the one-year and five-year plans shall be the effective 25date of the commission's report and order in the general rate 2627proceeding approving the electrical corporation's application made under subsection 1 of this section. The commission's report and order 28issued in the general rate proceeding filed under subsection 1 of this 29section shall establish required minimum capital investment levels, 30 which shall be at a minimum twenty percent higher than the average 31annual capital investment of the electrical corporation for years 2015 32to 2017. 33

4. The commission shall have the power to approve or reject the application submitted under subsection 1 of this section only after providing the opportunity for a full hearing in a general rate proceeding. The commission shall approve the application if the commission finds that:

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(1) Approving the application is in the public interest; and

(2) The electrical corporation cannot make the investments set 40 41 forth in the application submitted under subsection 1 of this section 42without failing to meet one or more credit worthiness 43measurements. The criteria used to establish such measurements shall include, but are not limited to, total debt to total capitalization, funds 44 from operations interest coverage, and funds from operations as a 45percentage of average total debt. The commission shall establish, by 46 regulation, specific credit worthiness measurements for each of the 47criteria such that the failure to meet a credit worthiness measurement 48 would cause a significant risk to a downgrade of the participating 49 electrical corporation's credit rating. 50

51 5. In the general rate proceeding in which the commission 52 considers the application submitted under subsection 1 of this section, 53 the commission shall examine each regulatory tracking mechanism 54 then in use by the electrical corporation. The commission shall order 55 the discontinuation of each rate adjustment mechanism unless it finds 56 for a specific rate adjustment mechanism that: (1) The electrical corporation has affirmatively proven that it is
in the public interest to continue the rate adjustment mechanism; and
(2) The electrical corporation has sufficient incentives to manage
the tracked expense if the rate adjustment mechanism is allowed to
continue.

62 6. The commission's report and order issued in the general rate 63 proceeding filed under subsection 1 of this section shall specify the cost 64 and revenue components that form the basis for establishing just and 65 reasonable rates charged to customers with sufficient specificity so that 66 subsequent rate increases filed under the provisions of sections 67 393.1300 to 393.1340 can be conducted in a streamlined and expedited 68 fashion.

69 7. Any participating electrical corporation may elect to 70 discontinue its participation in sections 393.1300 to 393.1340 by filing 71 a notice with the commission. Once an electrical corporation has 72 discontinued such participation, it may not again become a 73 participating electrical corporation.

393.1315. 1. Proceedings to increase rates under sections 393.1300 to 393.1340 shall be considered file and suspend general rate 2proceedings; provided however, that the provisions of section 393.150 3 notwithstanding, the commission may suspend the operation of any 4 5 schedule filed to increase rates under sections 393.1300 to 393.1340 and defer the use of such rate, charge, form of contract or agreement, rule, 6 7 regulation, or practice, but not for a longer period than one hundred 8 and fifty days beyond the time when such rate, charge, form of contract 9 or agreement, rule, regulation, or practice would otherwise go into effect. 10

11 2. Each participating electrical corporation shall annually file a general rate proceeding as provided in subsection 1 of this section. The 12commission shall establish the filing date for the first such filing in the 13 report and order issued in the general rate proceeding approving the 14 electrical corporation's application to become a participating electrical 15corporation, and the commission shall establish the filing date for each 16 17successive filing in the report and order issued in each general rate proceeding filed under subsection 1 of this section. 18

193. The commission shall establish, by regulation, minimum filing20requirements that shall accompany any filing made under subsection

21 1 of this section. The information provided by the minimum filing 22 requirements shall be sufficiently detailed and robust that the 23 commission can fully consider and evaluate all relevant factors in the 24 time provided in subsection 1 of this section.

4. The commission shall establish rates for a participating electrical corporation in any proceeding filed under the provisions of sections 393.1300 to 393.1340 or section 386.390 using a test year. The test year in a rate proceeding to establish rates for a participating electrical corporation shall be the most recent twelve month period for which complete information is available at the time the proceeding is initiated. The test year shall not be updated or trued-up.

32 5. Nothing in sections 393.1300 to 393.1340 shall be construed to 33 limit the ability of any entity to file a complaint under section 386.390. 346. In proceedings to set rates for a participating electrical corporation, the return on equity for a participating electrical 35 36 corporation shall be 9.20 percent, adjusted to reflect an increase or decrease equal to the difference between the average of thirty-year 37 United States Treasury Bond yields for the applicable historical rate 38year and the average of thirty-year United States Treasury Bond yields 39 40 for the twelve months ending December 31, 2017, as published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System in its weekly H.15 41 42Statistical Release or any successor publication. At such time as the board of governors of the Federal Reserve System ceases to include the 4344 average yields of thirty-year United States Treasury Bonds in its 45weekly H.15 Statistical Release or successor publication, the average yields of the United States Treasury Bonds then having the longest 46 duration published by the Board of Governors in its weekly H.15 47Statistical Release or successor publication shall instead be used for 48purposes of this subsection. 49

507. In proceedings used to set rates for a participating electrical51corporation, the commission shall exclude from recovery the following:

52 (1) All lobbying, charitable donations, and institutional and 53 promotional advertising expenses; provided however, that safety and 54 general advertising, and dues or contributions to industry or academic 55 associations and institutions that provide educational, research, and 56 informational services concerning energy policy, technology, and best 57 practices shall be recoverable to the extent reasonable in amount and prudently incurred. Promotional advertising shall be recoverable to
the extent it is cost-justified, reasonable in amount, and prudently
incurred;

61 (2) Incentive compensation expenses only to the extent they are
62 based on earnings metrics; however, metrics that have as their primary
63 purpose management cost control and budget management are
64 recoverable;

65 (3) Pass-through taxes, such as gross receipts or similar taxes,
66 from both revenues and expenses; and

(4) Any costs found to be imprudent by the commission in a
general rate proceeding, a complaint case, or a proceeding to set rates
under sections 393.1300 to 393.1340.

70 8. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the difference between (a) the participating electrical corporation's average base rate 7172for all its customers, as found by the commission in any rate proceeding 73under sections 393.1300 to 393.1340, and (b) the electrical corporation's average base overall rate for all its customers recognized in in the 74general rate proceeding filed under subsection 1 of 393.1310, reflects a 75compound annual growth rate of two percent or greater, the 7677 commission shall authorize a rate increase of only two percent. The commission shall have no power to authorize a greater rate increase, 7879nor shall it have the authority to allow deferral of any amounts greater 80 than two percent, unless it determines after hearing that a force 81 majeure event has occurred and only to the extent that the force 82 majeure event caused an increase in the electrical corporation's 83 revenue requirement. A participating electrical corporation is prohibited from creating a regulatory asset for any amounts greater 84 than two percent and from booking any amounts greater than two 85 86 percent to any existing regulatory asset account.

87 9. If a change in any rates charged under a commission-approved rate adjustment mechanism arising under sections 393.1030 or 393.1075, 88 89 or under any other rate adjustment mechanism authorized by law, would cause an electrical corporation's average overall rate to exceed 90 the compound annual growth rate limitation set forth in subsection 8 91of this section, the electrical corporation shall reduce the rates charged 92 93 under that rate adjustment mechanism in an amount sufficient to ensure that the compound annual growth rate limitation of two percent 94

95 is not exceeded due to the application of the rate charged under such mechanism. The commission shall have no power to authorize a greater 96 rate adjustment, nor shall it have the authority to allow deferral of any 97 amounts greater than two percent, unless it determines after hearing 98 that a force majeure event has occurred and only to the extent that the 99 force majeure event caused an increase in the expenses subject to the 100 rate adjustment mechanism. A participating electrical corporation is 101 102 prohibited from creating a regulatory asset for any amounts greater 103 than two percent and from booking any amounts greater than two percent to any existing regulatory asset account. 104

**393.1320.** One year and three months after the effective date of the report and order in the general rate proceeding in which the  $\mathbf{2}$ commission approved the application submitted under subsection 1 of 3 section 393.1310, one year and three months after the effective date of 4 each report and order in a general rate proceeding filed under section  $\mathbf{5}$ 6 393.1315, and one year and three months after the report and order in any complaint case filed under section 393.390, or on the next business 7 day if that day does not fall on a business day, the electrical 8 corporation shall submit a report to the commission detailing actual 9 capital investments made during the year covered by the one-year 10 specific capital investment plan. If the electrical corporation has failed 11 12 to complete the specific capital investment plan for that year, the 13 electrical corporation shall establish a regulatory liability in an amount 14 equal to two times the difference between the investments specified in 15the capital investment plan and the actual capital investments 16made. The regulatory liability shall be amortized over a reasonable period as determined by the commission. The electrical corporation 1718 shall not seek to recover the amortized funds from customers.

393.1325. Each participating electrical corporation shall quarterly file a surveillance monitoring report, consisting of five parts. Each part, except part one, rate base quantifications, shall contain information for the last twelve month period and the last quarter data for total company electric operations and Missouri jurisdictional operations. Rate base quantifications shall contain only information for the ending date of the period being reported.

8 (1) Part one of the surveillance monitoring report shall be the 9 rate base quantifications report. The quantification of rate base items 10 in part one shall be consistent with the methods or procedures used in

11 the most recent rate proceeding unless otherwise specified. The report

12 shall consist of specific rate base quantifications of:

- 13 (a) Plant in service;
- 14 **(b)** Reserve for depreciation;
- 15 (c) Materials and supplies;
- 16 (d) Cash working capital;
- 17 (e) Fuel inventory;
- 18 (f) Prepayments;

19 (g) Other regulatory assets;

- 20 (h) Customer advances;
- 21 (i) Customer deposits;
- 22 (j) Accumulated deferred income taxes;
- 23 (k) Any other item included in the electrical corporation's rate
- 24 base in its most recent rate proceeding;
- 25 (1) Net operating income from part three; and
- 26 (m) Calculation of the overall return on rate base.
- (2) Part two of the surveillance monitoring report shall be the
  capitalization quantifications report, which shall consist of specific
  capitalization quantifications of:
- 30 (a) Common stock equity (net);
- 31 (b) Preferred stock, par or stated value outstanding;
- 32 (c) Long-term debt, including current maturities;
- 33 (d) Short-term debt; and
- 34 (e) Weighted cost of capital, including component costs.
- 35 (3) Part three of the surveillance monitoring report shall be the
  36 income statement, which shall consist of an income statement
  37 containing specific quantification of:
- (a) Operating revenues to include sales to industrial,
  commercial, and residential customers, sales for resale, and other
  components of total operating revenues;
- 41 (b) Operating and maintenance expenses for fuel expense,
  42 production expenses, purchased power energy and capacity;
- 43 (c) Transmission expenses;
- 44 (d) Distribution expenses;
- 45 (e) Customer accounts expenses;
- 46 (f) Customer service and information expenses;

47(g) Sales expenses; (h) Administrative and general expenses; 48 (i) Depreciation, amortization and decommissioning expense; 4950(i) Taxes other than income taxes; (k) Income taxes; and 5152(1) Quantification of heating degree and cooling degree days, actual and normal. 5354(4) Part four of the surveillance monitoring report shall be the 55jurisdictional allocation factor report, which shall consist of a listing of jurisdictional allocation factors for the rate base, capitalization 56quantification reports, and income statement. 57 (5) Part five of the surveillance monitoring report shall be the 58financial data notes, which shall consist of notes to financial data 59including, but not limited to: 60 61 (a) Out of period adjustments; 62 (b) Specific quantification of material variances between actual

63 and budget financial performance;

64 (c) Material variances between current twelve month period and
65 prior twelve month period revenue;

66 (d) Expense level of items ordered by the commission to be 67 tracked under the order establishing the rate adjustment mechanism;

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(e) Budgeted capital projects; and

(f) Events that materially affect debt or equity surveillancecomponents.

393.1330. No later than December 31, 2023, the commission shall prepare and file with the general assembly a report on the impact of the sections 393.1300 to 393.1340 on electrical corporations and their customers. Participating electrical corporations shall cooperate in 5 good faith to provide the data necessary for the preparation of the 6 report.

393.1335. In order to carry out the provisions of sections 393.1300 to 393.1340, the commission shall have the authority to promulgate rules. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010 that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers

- 8 vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, to review, to
- 9 delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are
  10 subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking
  11 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2018, shall
  12 be invalid and void.
- **393.1340.** Sections **393.1300** to **393.1340** shall expire on December 2 **31, 2028**.

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Unotficial