SECOND REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 968

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR WIELAND.

Read 1st time January 29, 2018, and ordered printed.

5979S.01I

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

AN ACT

To amend chapter 386, RSMo, by adding thereto eighteen new sections relating to financing for electrical corporations.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Chapter 386, RSMo, is amended by adding thereto eighteen

- 2 new sections, to be known as sections 386.900, 386.905, 386.910, 386.915,
- 3 386.920, 386.925, 386.930, 386.935, 386.940, 386.945, 386.950, 386.955, 386.960,
- 4 386.965, 386.970, 386.975, 386.980, and 386.985, to read as follows:

386.900. Sections 386.900 to 386.985 shall be known and cited as the "Missouri Electricity Bill Reduction Assistance Act".

386.905. 1. The general assembly declares that:

- 2 (1) Missouri's electric utilities continue to face the need to better
- 3 manage the high costs of operating existing electric generating
- 4 facilities, reducing electricity costs for customers, and ensuring the
- 5 health and well-being of Missouri's residents and environment;
- 6 (2) The possible closure of electric generating facilities may have
- 7 direct impacts on Missouri communities in which the facilities are
- 8 located;
- 9 (3) Missouri electricity consumers have an interest in ensuring
- 10 their electrical corporations are providing efficient and cost-effective
- 11 electric generation;
- 12 (4) Alternative financing mechanisms exist, used by twenty-one
- 13 other states, that could result in lower costs for Missouri electricity
- 14 consumers, and the use of such mechanisms can ensure that the costs
- 15 of retiring electric generating facilities located in the state and the
- 16 impact of such retirements on costs directly affected Missouri
- 17 communities and electric generating facility workers can be financed

18 in a way that reduces the total costs of electricity generation;

- (5) Customer costs of alternative financing mechanisms can be minimized by achieving the highest possible credit quality, including the highest possible credit rating from independent credit rating agencies, which requires special conditions, including:
- (a) The use of limited purpose bankruptcy-remote, or ring-fenced financing, entities to issue ratepayer-backed bonds with a dedicated charge to pay interest and principal on the bonds;
- (b) The creation of a properly structured and implemented adjustment mechanism to adjust the charge dedicated to the repayment of the bonds to enable consistent, accurate, and timely remittances to the financing entities for the benefit of bondholders; and
- (c) A state pledge that constitutes an enforceable guarantee of regulatory action to continued imposition and adjustment of the charge so as to guarantee the payment of principal and interest on securitized investor-owned electrical corporation ratepayer-backed bonds solely from the dedicated charge as those amounts become legally due and owing, and do not impair the rights of bondholders to those amounts;
- (6) To implement this alternative financing mechanism, it is necessary to authorize the commission to review and approve one or more financing orders that achieve these goals if it deems such approval appropriate and in the interest of electrical corporation customers.
 - 2. The general assembly further finds and declares that:
- 42 (1) The primary purpose of sections 386.900 to 386.985 is to 43 authorize the issuance of low-cost securitized ratepayer-backed bonds, 44 the proceeds of which shall be used solely:
 - (a) To lower rates paid by electrical corporation customers by reducing financing costs of certain retired electric generating facilities and related costs;
 - (b) To provide transition assistance to Missouri communities and electric generating facility workers that are directly impacted by the retirement of electric generating facilities; and
- 51 (c) To make available capital investment for renewable facilities 52 and services including least-cost electric generating facilities and other 53 supply-side and demand-side resources;
 - (2) It is therefore in the interest of the state and its citizens to

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encourage and facilitate the use of securitized ratepayer-backed bonds as a method for enabling electrical corporations to lower the cost of 57 financing, and to empower the commission to review securitization mechanisms to determine whether they are consistent with the public interest. 59

386.910. As used in sections 386.900 to 386.985, the following terms shall mean: 2

- (1) "Ancillary agreement", any bond, insurance policy, letter of credit, reserve account, surety bond, interest rate lock or swap arrangement, hedging arrangement, liquidity or credit support arrangement, or other financial arrangement entered into in connection with MO-EBRA bonds that is designed to promote the credit quality and marketability of the MO-EBRA bonds or to mitigate the risk of an increase in interest rates;
- (2) "Assignee", any person to which an interest in MO-EBRA property is sold, assigned, transferred, or conveyed, other than as security, and any successor to or subsequent assignee of such person;
 - (3) "Bondholder", any holder or owner of MO-EBRA bonds;
- (4) "Customer", a person that takes electric distribution or electric transmission service from an electrical corporation for consumption of electricity in the state;
- (5) "Financing costs", if approved by the commission in a financing order, costs to issue, service, repay, or refinance MO-EBRA bonds, whether incurred or paid upon issuance of the MO-EBRA bonds or over the life of the MO-EBRA bonds, and includes:
- 21 (a) Principal, interest, and redemption premiums that are 22 payable on MO-EBRA bonds;
 - (b) Any payment required under an ancillary agreement and any amount required to fund or replenish a reserve account or other accounts established under the terms of any indenture, ancillary agreement, or other financing document pertaining to MO-EBRA bonds;
- (c) Any other demonstrable costs related to issuing, supporting, repaying, refunding, and servicing MO-EBRA bonds, including, but not limited to, servicing fees, accounting and auditing fees, trustee fees, legal fees, consulting fees, financial advisor fees, administrative fees, placement and underwriting fees, capitalized interest, rating agency fees, stock exchange listing and compliance fees, security registration 32

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33 fees, filing fees, information technology programming costs, and any other demonstrable costs necessary to otherwise ensure and guarantee 34 the timely payment of MO-EBRA bonds or other amounts or charges 35 payable in connection with MO-EBRA bonds; 36

- (d) Any taxes and license fees imposed on the revenue generated 38 from the collection of MO-EBRA charges;
 - (e) Any state and local taxes, including franchise, sales and use, and other taxes or similar charges, including, but not limited to, regulatory assessment fees, whether paid, payable, or accrued; and
 - (f) Any costs incurred by the commission to hire and compensate additional temporary staff needed to perform its responsibilities under sections 386.900 to 386.985 and engage specialized counsel and expert consultants experienced in securitized electrical corporation ratepayerbacked bond financing similar to MO-EBRA bonds;
 - (6) "Financing order", an order of the commission that grants, in whole or in part, an application filed under section 386.915 that authorizes the issuance of MO-EBRA bonds in one or more series, the imposition, charging, and collection of MO-EBRA charges, and the creation of MO-EBRA property. In a financing order, the commission may include any conditions that are necessary to promote the public interest and may grant relief that is different from that which was requested in the application so long as the relief is within the scope of the matters addressed in the commission's notice of the application;
 - (7) "Financing party", holders of MO-EBRA bonds and trustees, collateral agents, any party under an ancillary agreement, or any other person acting for the benefit of holders of MO-EBRA bonds;
 - (8) "Least-cost generation resource", an incremental supply-side or demand-side resource that when included in an electrical corporation's generation portfolio produces the lowest cost among alternative resources, considering both short-term and long-term costs and assessing the likelihood of changes in future fuel prices and future environmental requirements, among other considerations;
 - (9) "Lowest cost objective", the structuring, marketing, and pricing of MO-EBRA bonds results in the lowest MO-EBRA charges consistent with prevailing market conditions on or about the time of pricing MO-EBRA bonds, and the structure and terms of MO-EBRA bonds approved under the financial order;

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- (10) "MO-EBRA", Missouri electricity bill reduction assistance;
- 71 (11) "MO-EBRA bonds", low-cost corporate securities, such as 72senior secured bonds, debentures, notes, certificates of participation, certificates of beneficial interest, certificates of ownership, or other 74evidences of indebtedness or ownership that have a scheduled maturity of no longer than thirty years and a final legal maturity date that is not later than thirty-two years from the issue date, that are rated AA or 76AA2 or better by a major independent credit rating agency at the time of issuance, and that are issued by an electrical corporation or an assignee under a financing order, the proceeds of which are used to 79 recover, finance, or refinance commission-approved MO-EBRA costs 80 and financing costs, including assistance to affected workers and 81 communities, and that are secured by or payable from MO-EBRA 82 83 property. If certificates of participation or ownership are issued, references in sections 386.900 to 386.980 to principal, interest, or 84 85 premium refer to comparable amounts under such certificates;
 - (12) "MO-EBRA charges", charges in amounts determined appropriate by the commission and authorized by the commission in a financing order in order to provide a source of revenue solely to repay, finance, or refinance MO-EBRA costs and financing costs that are imposed on, and are a part of, all customer bills and are collected in full by the electrical corporation to which the financing order applies, by the electrical corporation's successors or assignees, or a collection agent through a non-bypassable charge that is separate and apart from the electrical corporation's base rates;
 - (13) "MO-EBRA costs":
- 96 (a) The pretax costs that the electrical corporation has incurred, 97 or will incur, that are caused by, associated with, or remain as a result 98 of the retirement of an electric generating facility located in the state;
- 99 (b) The pretax costs that the electrical corporation has incurred, 100 or will incur, in providing transition assistance to Missouri 101 communities and electric generating facility workers that are directly 102 impacted by the retirement of electric generating facilities;
 - (c) The pretax costs that the electrical corporation has incurred or will incur in constructing or acquiring renewable facilities and services including least-cost generation resources and other supply-side and demand-side resources;

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107 (d) Any reasonable and necessary administrative and operating 108 costs as required by a financing order; and

- 109 (e) Do not include any monetary penalty, fine, or forfeiture assessed against an electrical corporation by a government agency or 110 111 court under a federal or state environmental statute, rule, or 112 regulation;
 - (14) "MO-EBRA property":
- 114 (a) All rights and interests of an electrical corporation, or successor or assignee of an electrical corporation, under a financing 115 order for the right to impose, bill, collect, and receive MO-EBRA 116 117charges as it is authorized to do solely under the financing order, and to obtain periodic adjustments to such MO-EBRA charges as provided 118 119 in the financing order; and
 - (b) All revenue, collections, claims, rights to payments, payments, money, or proceeds arising from the rights and interests, regardless of whether such revenue, collections, claims, rights to payment, payments, money, or proceeds are imposed, billed, received, collected, or maintained together with or commingled with other revenue, collections, rights to payment, payments, money, or proceeds;
- 126 (15) "MO-EBRA revenue", all revenue, receipts, collections, 127 payments, money, claims, or other proceeds arising from MO-EBRA 128 property;
 - (16) "Non-bypassable", the payment of MO-EBRA charges required to repay bonds and related costs that shall not be avoided by any existing or future customer located within an electrical corporation's certificated service territory, but shall be paid by:
 - (a) All existing and future customers receiving transmission or distribution service from the electrical corporation or its successors or assignees under commission-approved rate schedules or under special contracts, even if a customer is in the future allowed and elects to purchase electricity from an electric supplier other than the electrical corporation; and
- (b) Any person located within the electrical corporation's certificated service territory that may subsequently receive electric 140 transmission or distribution service from another electric utility 142operating in the same service territory;
- 143 (17) "Pretax costs", include, but are not limited to, the

144 unrecovered capitalized cost of a retired electric generating facility, costs of de-commissioning and restoring the site of the electric 145 146 generating facility, and other applicable capital and operating costs, accrued carrying charges, deferred expenses, reductions for applicable 147 insurance and salvage proceeds and the costs of retiring any existing 148 indebtedness, fees, costs, and expenses to modify existing debt 149 agreements or for waivers or consents related to existing debt 150 agreements. Pretax costs include only those costs and expenses 151 152 approved by the commission;

- (18) "Successor", with respect to any legal entity, another legal entity that succeeds by operation of law to the rights and obligations of the first legal entity under any bankruptcy, reorganization, restructuring, other insolvency proceeding, merger, acquisition, consolidation, or sale or transfer of assets, whether any of these occur due to a restructuring of the electric power industry or otherwise;
- 159 (19) "Transition assistance", assistance from MO-EBRA bond 160 proceeds transferred by an electrical corporation under the terms of a financing order to assist Missouri communities that are directly 161 impacted by the retirement of an electric generating facility which is 162 the subject of a financing order and may include, without limitation: 163
- 164 (a) Payment of retraining costs, including costs of any 165 apprenticeship program or skilled worker training program for directly 166 displaced electric generating facility workers;
- 167 (b) Financial assistance for directly displaced electric generating 168 facility workers;
- 169 (c) For a period of no more than five years, compensation to local governments for losses of property tax revenue resulting directly 170 from the retirement of the electric generating facility, which 171 172 compensation may be reduced annually during the period during which
- 173 it is provided; and

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174 (d) Job retraining and education for workers who are Missouri 175 residents who were directly involved in the transport of fuel to a retired Missouri electric generating facility and who were laid off or 176 experience reduced work schedules resulting from the retirement of the 177 178 electric generating facility.

386.915. 1. An electrical corporation may apply to 2 commission for a financing order, as such order is defined under

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3 section 386.910 and described under sections 386.920 and 386.925. In such application, an electrical corporation may file an application for approval to issue MO-EBRA bonds in one or more series, impose, charge, and collect MO-EBRA charges, and create MO-EBRA property related to the retirement of an electric generating facility in Missouri that has previously been approved by the commission or for any other purpose described in subdivision (6) of subsection 1 of section 9 386.905. The commission shall take final action to approve, deny, or 10 modify any application for a financing order as described in subsection 2 of this section in a final order issued in accordance with the 13 commission's rules for addressing applications.

- 14 2. In addition to any other information required by the commission, an application for a financing order shall include the 15 following information: 16
- 17 (1) An estimated schedule for the retirement of any facility, the 18 costs of which are to be financed by the MO-EBRA bond financing;
- 19 (2) A proposed methodology for allocating the revenue requirement for the MO-EBRA charges among customer classes; 20
 - (3) A description of the non-bypassable MO-EBRA charges required to be paid by customers within the electrical corporation's certificated service territory for recovery of MO-EBRA costs;
- (4) An estimate of the net present value of electrical corporation 25 customer savings expected to result if the financing order is issued as 26determined by a net present value comparison between the costs to 27customers that are expected to result from the financing with MO-EBRA 28 bonds and the costs that would result from the application of traditional electrical corporation financing mechanisms for the same 29 purposes; and
- 31 (5) One or more alternative financing scenarios in addition to 32 the preferred scenario contained in the application.
- 386.920. 1. Following notice and hearing on an application for a financing order as required by the commission's rules, practice, and procedure, the commission may issue a financing order if the 3 commission finds that:
- (1) The MO-EBRA costs described in the application are 5 6 reasonable;
- 7 (2) The proposed issuance of MO-EBRA bonds and the imposition

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8 and collection of MO-EBRA charges:

- (a) Are just and reasonable;
- 10 **(b)** Are consistent with the public interest; and
- 11 (c) Constitute a prudent and reasonable mechanism for the 12 financing of the MO-EBRA costs described in the financing order 13 application;
- 14 (3) The proposed structuring, marketing, and pricing of the MO-15 EBRA bonds is reasonably expected to:
 - (a) Lower net present value costs to customers or mitigate rate impacts to customers relative to traditional methods of financing; and
 - (b) Achieve the maximum net present value customer savings over the specified amortization of MO-EBRA bonds, as determined by the commission in a financing order, consistent with market conditions at the time of sale and the terms of the financing order.
 - 2. The financing order shall:
- 23 (1) Determine the maximum amount of MO-EBRA costs that may 24 be financed from proceeds of MO-EBRA bonds authorized to be issued 25 by the financing order;
 - (2) To the extent an application requests financing as a result of the retirement of an electric generating facility located in the state, provide that an amount of MO-EBRA bond proceeds up to fifteen percent of the net present value of electrical corporation customer savings estimated be provided by the electrical corporation to which the financing order applies for use in providing transition assistance and any reasonable and necessary administrative and operating costs;
- 33 (3) Describe the proposed customer billing mechanism for MO-34 EBRA charges and include a finding that the mechanism is just and 35 reasonable;
- 36 (4) Describe the financing costs that may be recovered through 37 MO-EBRA charges and the period over which the costs may be 38 recovered, which shall end no earlier than the date of final legal 39 maturity of the MO-EBRA bonds;
- 40 (5) Describe the MO-EBRA property that is created and that may 41 be used to pay, and secure the payment of, the MO-EBRA bonds and 42 financing costs authorized in the financing order;
- 43 (6) Authorize the electrical corporation to finance MO-EBRA 44 costs through the issuance of one or more series of MO-EBRA bonds;

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provided that an electrical corporation shall not be required to secure 45 a separate financing order for each issuance of MO-EBRA bonds or for 46 47 each scheduled phase of the previously approved retirement of electric generating facilities approved in the financing order; 48

- (7) Include a mechanism for making expeditious periodic adjustments in the MO-EBRA charges that customers are required to pay under to the financing order and for making any adjustments that are necessary to correct for any over- or under- collection of the MO-EBRA charges in past periods, or otherwise to guarantee the timely payment of MO-EBRA bonds and financing costs and other required amounts and charges payable in connection with MO-EBRA bonds;
- (8) Include any additional findings or conclusions deemed appropriate by the commission, including those deemed appropriate to achieve the lowest cost objective;
- (9) Specify the degree of flexibility afforded to the electrical corporation in establishing the terms and conditions of the MO-EBRA bonds, including, but not limited to, repayment schedules, expected interest rates, and other financing costs; provided that the scheduled final maturity of the MO-EBRA bonds shall be the earlier of:
 - (a) Thirty years from the issue date of the MO-EBRA bonds, or
- (b) As late as possible, consistent with obtaining triple A ratings on the MO-EBRA bonds while concurrently ensuring that the lowest cost objective is achieved for the MO-EBRA bonds;
 - (10) Specify the timing of actions required by the order so that:
- (a) The MO-EBRA bonds are issued as soon as feasible following 70 the issuance of the financing order, independent of the schedule of closing and de-commissioning of any electric generating facility;
 - (b) Any energy assistance funds are made available as soon as feasible; and
 - (c) The electrical corporation files to adjust its rates as required in subsection 4 of this section simultaneously with the inception of the MO-EBRA charges and independently of the schedule of closing and decommissioning of any electric generating facility; and
- 78 (11) Specify a future ratemaking process to reconcile any difference between the projected pretax costs included in the amount 79 80 financed by MO-EBRA bonds and the final actual MO-EBRA costs approved by the financing order. The reconciliation may affect the 81

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82 electrical corporation's base rates or any rider adopted under 83 subsection 4 of this section, but shall not affect the amount of the MO-84 EBRA bonds or the associated MO-EBRA charges to be paid by 85 customers.

- 3. A financing order shall permit, and may require, the creation of an electrical corporation's MO-EBRA property under subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section to be conditioned upon, and simultaneous with, the sale or other transfer of the MO-EBRA property to an assignee and the pledge of the MO-EBRA property to secure MO-EBRA bonds.
- 4. A financing order shall require the electrical corporation, simultaneously with the imposition of MO-EBRA charges, to reduce its rates through a reduction in base rates or by a negative rider on customer bills in an amount equal to the revenue requirement associated with the electrical corporation's assets being financed by MO-EBRA bonds.
- 2 EBRA bonds issued, as authorized by the financing order, have been paid in full and all financing costs relating to the MO-EBRA bonds have been paid in full. A financing order shall also remain in effect and unabated notwithstanding the bankruptcy, reorganization, or insolvency of the electrical corporation to which the financing order applies, or any affiliate of the electrical corporation or successor or assignee. A financing order shall be irrevocable, and the commission shall not reduce, impair, postpone, or terminate MO-EBRA charges approved in a financing order or impair MO-EBRA property or the collection or recovery of MO-EBRA revenue.
- 2. Notwithstanding subsection 1 of this section, upon its own motion or at the request of an electrical corporation or any other person, the commission may commence a proceeding and issue a subsequent financing order that provides for refinancing, retiring, or refunding MO-EBRA bonds issued under the original financing order if:
- 18 (1) The commission determines that the subsequent financing 19 order meets the same criteria as specified in the original financing 20 order under subsection 2 of section 386.920; and
- 21 (2) The modification provided for in the subsequent financing 22 order does not impair in any way the covenants and terms of the MO-

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23 EBRA bonds to be refinanced, retired, or refunded.

386.930. 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2 of this 2 section, if the commission issues a financing order to an electrical 3 corporation, the commission shall not, in exercising its powers and 4 carrying out its duties:

- (1) Consider the MO-EBRA bonds issued under the financing order to be debt of the electrical corporation, other than for income tax purposes, unless it is necessary to consider the MO-EBRA bonds to be such debt to achieve consistency with prevailing utility debt rating methodologies;
- 10 (2) Consider the MO-EBRA charges paid under the financing 11 order to be revenue of the electrical corporation;
- 12 (3) Consider the MO-EBRA costs or financing costs specified in 13 the financing order to be the regulated costs or assets of the electrical 14 corporation; or
- 15 (4) Determine any prudent action taken by an electrical 16 corporation that is consistent with the financing order to be unjust or 17 unreasonable.
 - 2. Nothing in subsection 1 of this section shall:
- 19 (1) Affect the authority of the commission to apply or modify any 20 billing mechanism designed to recover MO-EBRA charges;
- 21 (2) Prevent or preclude the commission from investigating the 22 compliance of an electrical corporation with the terms and conditions 23 of a financing order and requiring compliance with the financing order; 24 or
- 25 (3) Prevent or preclude the commission from imposing 26 regulatory sanctions against an electrical corporation for failure to 27 comply with the terms and conditions of a financing order or the 28 requirements of sections 386.900 to 386.980.
- 3. The commission shall not refuse to allow the recovery of any costs associated with the retirement of electric generating facilities by an electrical corporation solely because the electrical corporation has elected to finance those activities through a financing mechanism other than MO-EBRA bonds.
- 386.935. 1. In addition to any other power and duties of the $2\,$ commission:
- 3 (1) The commission shall have the duty to perform, and authority

4 required to perform, comprehensive due diligence in its evaluation of 5 an application for a financing order and has the duty and authority to 6 oversee the process used to structure, market, and price MO-EBRA 7 bonds:

- 8 (2) The commission may attach such conditions to the approval 9 of a financing order as the commission deems appropriate to maximize 10 the financial benefits or minimize the financial risks of the transaction 11 to customers and to directly impacted Missouri workers and 12 communities;
- 13 (3) The commission may specify details of the process used to 14 structure, market, and price MO-EBRA bonds, including the selection 15 of the underwriter or underwriters;
- 16 (4) The commission shall review and determine the 17 reasonableness of all proposed up-front and ongoing financing costs; 18 and
- 19 (5) The commission shall ensure that the structuring, marketing, 20 and pricing of MO-EBRA bonds maximizes net present value customer 21 savings, consistent with market conditions and the terms of the 22 financing order.
- 23 2. Within one hundred twenty days after the issuance of MO-EBRA bonds, the applicant electrical corporation shall file with the 24commission information regarding the actual up-front and ongoing 26financing costs of the MO-EBRA bonds. The commission shall review 27 the prudence of the electrical corporation's action to determine 28 whether the costs resulted in the lowest overall costs that were 29 reasonably consistent with both market conditions at the time of the 30 sale of the MO-EBRA bonds and the terms of the financing order. If the 31 commission determines that the electrical corporation's actions were 32not prudent, were not designed to result in the lowest overall costs that were reasonably consistent with both market conditions at the time of 33 34 the sale of the MO-EBRA bonds and the terms of the financing order, or were inconsistent with the financing order, the commission may apply 35 any remedies that are available to it; except that the commission shall 36 not apply any remedy that has the effect, directly or indirectly, of impairing the security for the MO-EBRA bonds. 38
- 39 3. In performing its responsibilities under this section, the 40 commission shall engage outside financial advisors and other

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41 consultants and counsel with substantial experience representing regulatory bodies in securitized investor-owned electrical corporation 43 ratepayer-backed bond financing similar to MO-EBRA bonds. The expenses associated with such engagement shall be included as financing costs and included in MO-EBRA charges, shall not be an 45obligation of the state, and shall be assigned solely to the transaction. 46 In addition, expenses incurred by the commission to hire and 47 compensate additional temporary staff needed to perform such 48 49 responsibilities shall be included as financing costs and included in MO-EBRA charges. 50

4. If an electrical corporation's application for a financing order is denied or withdrawn, or for any reason MO-EBRA bonds are not issued, the commission's costs of retaining expert consultants and counsel, as authorized by subsection 4 of this section, shall be paid by the electrical corporation and shall be considered by the commission as a prudent deferred expense for recovery in the electrical corporation's future rates.

386.940. A financing order is final order a of the commission. Notwithstanding the provisions any other section 2 specifying proper venue for petition filings, a party aggrieved by the issuance of a financing order may petition for suspension and review of the financing order only in the court of appeals with jurisdiction coextensive to the commission's location. In the case of any petition for suspension and review, the court shall proceed to hear and determine the action as expeditiously as practicable and shall give the action 9 precedence over other matters not accorded similar precedence by law.

386.945. 1. The electric bills of customers of an electrical corporation that has obtained a financing order and caused MO-EBRA bonds to be issued shall:

(1) Explicitly reflect that a portion of the charges on the bill represents MO-EBRA charges approved in a financing order issued to the electric utility and, if the MO-EBRA property has been transferred to an assignee or successor, shall include a statement that the assignee or successor is the owner of the rights to MO-EBRA charges and that the electrical corporation or other entity, if applicable, is acting as a collection agent or servicer for the assignee or successor;

(2) Include the MO-EBRA charges on each customer's bill as a

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separate line item titled "energy bill reduction assistance charge" and may include both the rate and the amount of the charge on each bill; 14 however, the failure of an electrical corporation to comply with this 15 requirement shall not invalidate, impair, or affect any financing order, MO-EBRA property, MO-EBRA charges, or MO-EBRA bonds, but shall 16 subject the electrical corporation to penalties under applicable 17 commission rules; and 18

- (3) Explain to customers, in an annual filing with the commission, the rate impact that financing the retirement of electric generating facilities, providing transition assistance to Missouri communities and electric generating facility workers that are directly 23 impacted by the retirement of electric generating facilities, and making 24 capital investment for renewable facilities and services including leastcost electric generating facilities and other supply-side and demandside resources, has had on customer rates.
 - 2. An electrical corporation that has obtained a financing order and caused MO-EBRA bonds to be issued shall demonstrate in an annual filing with the commission that MO-EBRA revenues have been applied solely to the repayment of MO-EBRA bonds and other financing costs.
- 386.950. 1. MO-EBRA property that is described in a financing order shall constitute an existing present property right or interest even though the imposition and collection of MO-EBRA charges 4 depends on the electrical corporation to which the financing order is 5 issued performing its servicing functions relating to the collection of 6 MO-EBRA charges and on future electricity consumption. The property 7 right or interest exists regardless of whether the revenues or proceeds arising from the MO-EBRA property have been billed, have accrued, or have been collected and notwithstanding the fact that the value or amount of the property right or interest is dependent on the future 10 provision of service to customers by the electrical corporation or a 11 12successor or assignee of the electrical corporation.
 - 2. MO-EBRA property described in a financing order shall exist until all MO-EBRA bonds issued under the financing order are paid in full and all financing costs and other costs of the MO-EBRA bonds have been recovered in full.
 - 3. All or any portion of MO-EBRA property described in a

financing order issued to an electrical corporation may be transferred, sold, conveyed, or assigned to a successor or assignee that is wholly owned, directly or indirectly, by the electrical corporation and is created for the limited purpose of acquiring, owning, or administering MO-EBRA property or issuing MO-EBRA bonds as authorized by the financing order. All or any portion of MO-EBRA property may be pledged to secure MO-EBRA bonds issued under a financing order, amounts payable to financing parties and to counterparties under any ancillary agreements, and other financing costs. Each transfer, sale, conveyance, assignment, or pledge by an electrical corporation, or an affiliate of an electrical corporation, is a transaction in the ordinary course of business.

- 4. If an electrical corporation defaults on any required remittance of charges arising from MO-EBRA property described in a financing order, a court, upon application by an interested party and without limiting any other remedies available to the applying party, shall order the sequestration and payment of the revenues arising from the MO-EBRA property to the financing parties. Any such financing order remains in full force and effect notwithstanding any reorganization, bankruptcy, or other insolvency proceedings with respect to the electrical corporation or its successors or assignees.
- 5. The interest of a transferee, purchaser, acquirer, assignee, or pledgee in MO-EBRA property specified in a financing order issued to an electrical corporation, and in the revenue and collections arising from that property, is not subject to setoff, counterclaim, surcharge, or defense by the electrical corporation or any other person or in connection with the reorganization, bankruptcy, or other insolvency of the electrical corporation or any other entity.
- 6. A successor to an electrical corporation, whether pursuant to any reorganization, bankruptcy, or other insolvency proceeding or whether pursuant to any merger or acquisition, sale, other business combination, or transfer by operation of law, as a result of electrical corporation restructuring or otherwise, shall perform and satisfy all obligations of, and have the same duties and rights under a financing order as, the electrical corporation to which the financing order applies, and shall perform the duties and exercise the rights in the same manner and to the same extent as the electrical corporation,

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including collecting and paying to any person entitled to receive them the revenues, collections, payments, or proceeds of MO-EBRA property described in the financing order.

386.955. 1. Banks, trust companies, savings and loan associations, insurance companies, executors, administrators, guardians, trustees, and other fiduciaries may legally invest any money within their control in MO-EBRA bonds. Political subdivisions may invest public funds in MO-EBRA bonds.

- 2. MO-EBRA bonds issued under a financing order are not debt of, or a pledge of, the faith and credit or taxing power of the state, any agency of the state, or any county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the state. Holders of MO-EBRA bonds have no right to have taxes levied by the state or by any county, municipality, or other political subdivision of the state for the payment of the principal or interest on MO-EBRA bonds. The issuance of MO-EBRA bonds shall not directly, indirectly, or contingently obligate the state, or a political subdivision of the state, to levy any tax or make any appropriation for payment of principal or interest on the MO-EBRA bonds.
 - 3. The state, or any political subdivision thereof, shall not:
- 17 (1) Take or permit any action that impairs the value of MO-EBRA 18 property; or
- (2) Reduce, alter, or impair MO-EBRA charges that are imposed, collected, and remitted for the benefit of holders of MO-EBRA bonds, any assignee or successor, and any financing parties, until any principal, interest, and redemption premium payable on MO-EBRA bonds, all financing costs, and all amounts to be paid to an assignee, a successor, or financing party under an ancillary agreement are paid in full.

386.960. An assignee or financing party that is not regulated by
the commission shall not become subject to commission regulation
solely as a result of engaging in any transaction authorized by or
described in sections 386.900 to 386.985.

386.965. 1. If any provision of sections 386.900 to 386.985 conflicts with any other law regarding the attachment, assignment, perfection, effect of perfection, or priority of any security interest in or transfer of MO-EBRA property, sections 386.900 to 386.985 shall govern.

- 2. Effective on the date that MO-EBRA bonds are first issued, if any provision of sections 386.900 to 386.985 is held to be invalid or is invalidated, such invalidation shall not affect any action allowed under sections 386.900 to 386.985 that was lawfully taken by the commission, an electrical corporation, an assignee, a collection agent, a financing party, a bondholder, or a party to an ancillary agreement before the occurrence, and any such action remains in full force and effect.
- 3. Nothing in sections 386.900 to 386.985 precludes an electrical corporation, for which the commission has initially issued a financing order, from applying to the commission for:
- 16 (1) A subsequent financing order amending an existing financing 17 order; or
- 18 (2) An order approving the issuance of MO-EBRA bonds to refund 19 all or a portion of an outstanding series of MO-EBRA bonds.

386.970. All of the following apply to any security interest in MO-EBRA property to secure the repayment of the principal and interest on MO-EBRA bonds, amounts payable under any ancillary agreement, and other financing costs:

- 5 (1) The description or indication of MO-EBRA property in a 6 transfer or security agreement and a financing statement is sufficient 7 only if the description or indication refers to sections 386.900 to 386.985 8 and the financing order creating the MO-EBRA property;
- 9 (2) A security interest in MO-EBRA property is created, valid, 10 and binding as soon as all of the following events have occurred:
- 11 (a) The financing order that describes the MO-EBRA property is 12 issued;
 - (b) A security agreement is executed and delivered; and
 - (c) Value is received for the MO-EBRA bonds;

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(3) Once a security interest in MO-EBRA property is created 15 under paragraph (a) of subdivision (2) of this section, the security 16 interest attaches without any physical delivery of collateral or any 17 other act. The lien of the security interest is valid, binding, and 18 perfected against all parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract 19 20 or otherwise against the person granting the security interest, regardless of whether such parties have notice of the lien, upon the 21 filing of a financing statement with the secretary of state. The secretary of state shall maintain a financing statement filed under this 23

24 subdivision;

- 25 (4) A security interest in MO-EBRA property is a continuously perfected security interest and has priority over any other lien, created by operation of law or otherwise, which may subsequently attach to the MO-EBRA property unless the holder of the security interest has agreed in writing otherwise;
- 30 (5) The priority of a security interest in MO-EBRA property shall not be affected by the commingling of MO-EBRA property or MO-EBRA revenue with other money. An assignee, bondholder, or financing party shall have a perfected security interest in the amount of all MO-EBRA property or MO-EBRA revenue that is pledged for the payment of MO-EBRA bonds, even if the MO-EBRA property or MO-EBRA revenue is deposited in a cash or deposit account of the electrical corporation in which the MO-EBRA revenue is commingled with other money, and any other security interest that applies to the other money does not apply to the MO-EBRA revenue; and
- 40 (6) Neither a subsequent order of the commission amending a 41 financing order, nor application of an adjustment mechanism, shall 42 affect the validity, perfection, or priority of a security interest in or 43 transfer of MO-EBRA property.
- 386.975. 1. A sale, assignment, or transfer of MO-EBRA property is an absolute transfer and true sale of, and not a pledge of or secured transaction relating to, the seller's right, title and interest in, to, and under the MO-EBRA property if the documents governing the transaction expressly state that the transaction is a sale or other absolute transfer. A transfer of an interest in MO-EBRA property may be created only when all of the following have occurred:
- 8 (1) The financing order creating and describing the MO-EBRA 9 property has become effective;
- 10 (2) The documents evidencing the transfer of the MO-EBRA 11 property have been executed and delivered to the assignee; and
 - (3) Value has been received.

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2. Upon the filing of a financing statement with the secretary of state, a transfer of an interest in MO-EBRA property is perfected against all third persons, including any judicial lien or other lien creditors or any claims of the seller or creditors of the seller, other than creditors holding a prior security interest, ownership interest, or

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18 assignment in the MO-EBRA property previously perfected.

- 19 3. The characterization of a sale, assignment, or transfer as an absolute transfer and true sale and the corresponding characterization 20 of the property interest of the assignee shall not be affected or 21 22 impaired by the existence or occurrence of any of the following:
 - (1) Commingling of MO-EBRA revenue with other money;
 - (2) The retention by the seller of a partial or residual interest, including an equity interest, in the MO-EBRA property, whether direct or indirect, or whether subordinate or otherwise; or the right to recover costs associated with taxes, franchise fees, or license fees imposed on the collection of MO-EBRA revenue;
- 29 (3) Any indemnification rights, obligations, or repurchase rights made or provided by the seller; 30
- 31 (4) An obligation of the seller to collect MO-EBRA revenues on 32 behalf of an assignee;
- 33 (5) The treatment of the sale, assignment, or transfer for tax, financial reporting, or other purposes; 34
- 35 (6) Any subsequent financing order amending a financing order; 36 \mathbf{or}
- 37 (7) Any application of an adjustment mechanism as authorized by subdivision (7) of subsection 2 of section 386.920.
 - 386.980. 1. Subject to commission approval as required by subsection 2 of this section, as provided in a financing order, an electrical corporation may expend or invest MO-EBRA bond proceeds in a manner that demonstrably benefits ratepayer interests, as follows:
- 5 (1) To purchase power to replace electricity generated by the electric generating facilities that were retired if the commission determines that the purchased power is a least-cost generation resource and is consistent with the electrical corporation's approved 9 integrated resource plan;
 - (2) To build and own generation facilities that are least-cost generation resources, the addition of which is not inconsistent with the electrical corporation's approved integrated resource plan;
- (3) To build, own, or purchase electricity storage capacity to the extent that such investment is either required by law or rule or is needed to increase the amount of least-cost generation resources that the electrical corporation is able to add to its generation portfolio; 16

17 (4) To help customers invest in energy efficiency, including 18 financing assistance; and

- 19 (5) To invest in network modernization to the extent that the 20 modernization is necessary to increase the amount of least-cost 21 generation resources able to be added to the electrical corporation's 22 system; except that proceeds may not be used for new transmission 23 facilities.
- 24 2. In considering any application for approval of the use of MO-25 EBRA bond proceeds, the commission shall use its regular process for 26 consideration of applications.

2 rules to implement the provisions of sections 386.900 to 386.980. Any 3 rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010 that 4 is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become 5 effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and 7 chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the 8 general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, to review, to delay the 9 effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held 10 unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule 11 proposed or adopted after August 28, 2018, shall be invalid and void.



