SECOND REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 933

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR HEGEMAN.

Read 1st time January 18, 2018, and ordered printed.

5616S.01I

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 67.2800, 67.2810, and 67.2815, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof four new sections relating to property assessed clean energy.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 67.2800, 67.2810, and 67.2815, RSMo, are repealed

- 2 and four new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 67.2800,
- 3 67.2810, 67.2815, and 67.2817, to read as follows:
 - 67.2800. 1. Sections 67.2800 to 67.2835 shall be known and may be cited
- 2 as the "Property Assessment Clean Energy Act".
- 3 2. As used in sections 67.2800 to 67.2835, the following words and terms
- 4 shall mean:
- 5 (1) "Assessment contract", a contract entered into between a clean energy
- 6 development board and a property owner under which the property owner agrees
- 7 to pay an annual assessment for a period of up to [twenty] twenty-five years in
- 8 exchange for financing of [an energy efficiency] any eligible improvement [or a
- 9 renewable energy improvement];
- 10 (2) "Authority", the state environmental improvement and energy
- 11 resources authority established under section 260.010;
- 12 (3) "Bond", any bond, note, or similar instrument issued by or on behalf
- 13 of a clean energy development board;
- 14 (4) "Clean energy conduit financing", the financing of energy efficiency
- 15 improvements or renewable energy improvements for a single parcel of property
- 16 or a unified development consisting of multiple adjoining parcels of property
- 17 under section 67.2825;
- 18 (5) "Clean energy development board", a board formed by one or more

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- 19 municipalities under section 67.2810;
- 20 (6) "Commercial property", a commercial, industrial, agricultural, 21 or horticultural property or multi-family building of five or more units;
- (7) "Eligible improvement", an energy, water efficiency, or renewable energy improvement that meets one or more standards or certification criteria that have been established by appropriate government agencies, such as the United States Department of Energy, the United States Environmental Protection Agency, or by credible third-party private organizations that publish generally acceptable standards with respect to the measure;
- 29 (8) "Energy efficiency improvement", any acquisition, installation, or 30 modification on or of publicly or privately owned property designed to reduce the 31 energy consumption of such property, including but not limited to:
- 32 (a) Insulation in walls, roofs, attics, floors, foundations, and heating and 33 cooling distribution systems;
- 34 (b) Storm windows and doors, multiglazed windows and doors, 35 heat-absorbing or heat-reflective windows and doors, and other window and door 36 improvements designed to reduce energy consumption;
- 37 (c) Automatic energy control systems;
- 38 (d) Heating, ventilating, or air conditioning distribution system 39 modifications and replacements;
 - (e) Caulking and weatherstripping;
- 41 (f) Replacement or modification of lighting fixtures to increase energy 42 efficiency of the lighting system without increasing the overall illumination of the 43 building unless the increase in illumination is necessary to conform to applicable 44 state or local building codes;
- 45 (g) Energy recovery systems; and
- 46 (h) Daylighting systems;

- 47 **[**(7)**]** (9) "Municipality", any county, city, or incorporated town or village 48 of this state;
- [(8)] (10) "Program administrator", an entity selected by a clean energy development board to administer a PACE program;
- 51 (11) "Project", any energy efficiency improvement or renewable energy 52 improvement;
- [(9)] (12) "Property assessed clean energy assessment" or "PACE assessment", the special assessment that is levied against a

65 66

67 68

6970

71

76

78

79

55 participating property and which is a lien on the participating 56 property;

- (13) "Property assessed clean energy local finance fund", a fund that may be established by the authority for the purpose of making loans to clean energy development boards to establish and maintain property assessed clean energy programs;
- [(10)] (14) "Property assessed clean energy program" or "PACE program", a program established by a clean energy development board to finance energy efficiency improvements or renewable energy improvements under section 64 67.2820;
 - [(11)] (15) "Property owner", a property owner of record on the property subject to the PACE assessment;
 - (16) "Renewable energy improvement", any acquisition and installation of a fixture, product, system, device, or combination thereof on publicly or privately owned property that produces energy from renewable resources, including, but not limited to photovoltaic systems, solar thermal systems, wind systems, biomass systems, or geothermal systems;
- (17) "Residential property", a single-family or manufactured home with fewer than five units, including the single-units within a condominium or cooperative housing association, or vacant land whose highest and best use is for residential occupancy;
 - (18) "Water efficiency improvement", any acquisition, installation, or modification on or of publicly or privately owned property designed to reduce the water consumption of such property or designed to improve the efficiency of a drainage, sewer, or water supply system.
- 3. All projects undertaken under sections 67.2800 to 67.2835 are subject to the applicable municipality's ordinances and regulations, including but not limited to those ordinances and regulations concerning zoning, subdivision, building, fire safety, and historic or architectural review.
 - 67.2810. 1. One or more municipalities may form clean energy development boards for the purpose of exercising the powers described in sections 67.2800 to 67.2835. Each clean energy development board shall consist of not less than three members, as set forth in the ordinance or order establishing the clean energy development board. Members shall serve terms as set forth in the ordinance or order establishing the clean energy development board and shall be appointed:

- 8 (1) If only one municipality is participating in the clean energy 9 development board, by the chief elected officer of the municipality with the
- 10 consent of the governing body of the municipality; or
- 11 (2) If more than one municipality is participating, in a manner agreed to 12 by all participating municipalities.
- 2. A clean energy development board shall be a political subdivision of the state and shall have all powers necessary and convenient to carry out and effectuate the provisions of sections 67.2800 to 67.2835, including but not limited to the following:
- 17 (1) To adopt, amend, and repeal bylaws, which are not inconsistent with sections 67.2800 to 67.2835;
 - (2) To adopt an official seal;
- 20 (3) To sue and be sued;

19

- 21 (4) To make and enter into contracts and other instruments with public 22 and private entities;
- 23 (5) To accept grants, guarantees, and donations of property, labor, 24 services, and other things of value from any public or private source;
- 25 (6) To employ or contract for such managerial, legal, technical, clerical, 26 accounting, or other assistance it deems advisable;
- 27 (7) To levy and collect special assessments under an assessment contract 28 with a property owner and to record such special assessments as a lien on the 29 property;
- 30 (8) To borrow money from any public or private source and issue bonds 31 and provide security for the repayment of the same;
 - (9) To finance a project under an assessment contract;
- 33 (10) To collect reasonable fees and charges in connection with making and 34 servicing assessment contracts and in connection with any technical, consultative, 35 or project assistance services offered;
- 36 (11) To invest any funds not required for immediate disbursement in 37 obligations of the state of Missouri or of the United States or any agency or 38 instrumentality thereof, or in bank certificates of deposit; provided, however, the 39 limitations on investments provided in this subdivision shall not apply to 40 proceeds acquired from the sale of bonds which are held by a corporate trustee; 41 and
- 42 (12) To take whatever actions necessary to participate in and administer 43 a clean energy conduit financing or a property assessed clean energy program.

55

56

57

58

61

62

64

65

66

67 68

3. No later than July first of each year, the clean energy development board shall file with each municipality that participated in the formation of the clean energy development board and with the director of the department of natural resources an annual report for the preceding calendar year that includes:

- 48 (1) A brief description of each project financed by the clean energy 49 development board during the preceding calendar year[, which shall include the 50 physical address of the property, the name or names of the property owner, an 51 itemized list of the costs of the project, and the name of any contractors used to 52 complete the project];
- 53 (2) The amount of assessments due and the amount collected during the 54 preceding calendar year;
 - (3) The amount of clean energy development board administrative costs incurred during the preceding calendar year;
 - (4) The estimated cumulative energy savings resulting from all energy efficiency improvements financed during the preceding calendar year; and
- 59 (5) The estimated cumulative energy produced by all renewable energy 60 improvements financed during the preceding calendar year.
 - 4. No lawsuit to set aside the formation of a clean energy development board or to otherwise question the proceedings related thereto shall be brought after the expiration of sixty days from the effective date of the ordinance or order creating the clean energy development board. No lawsuit to set aside the approval of a project, an assessment contract, or a special assessment levied by a clean energy development board, or to otherwise question the proceedings related thereto shall be brought after the expiration of sixty days from the date that the assessment contract is executed.
- 67.2815. 1. A clean energy development board shall not enter into an assessment contract or levy or collect a special assessment for a **commercial** property project without making a finding that there are sufficient resources to complete the project and that the estimated economic benefit expected from the project during the financing period is equal to or greater than the cost of the project.
- 7 2. An assessment contract shall be executed by the clean energy 8 development board and the benefitted property owner or property owners and 9 shall provide:
- 10 (1) A description of the project, including the estimated cost of the project 11 and details on how the project will either reduce energy consumption or create

12 energy from renewable sources;

13 (2) A mechanism for:

20

21

22

23

24

29

30

31

32

33 34

35

36

37

38 39

40 41

42

43 44

- 14 (a) Verifying the final costs of the project upon its completion; and
- 15 (b) Ensuring that any amounts advanced or otherwise paid by the clean energy development board toward costs of the project will not exceed the final cost 16 of the project; 17
- 18 (3) An acknowledgment by the property owner that the property owner has received or will receive a special benefit by financing a project through the 19 clean energy development board that equals or exceeds the total assessments due under the assessment contract;
 - (4) An agreement by the property owner to pay annual special assessments for a period not to exceed twenty years, as specified in the assessment contract;
- 25 (5) A statement that the obligations set forth in the assessment contract, 26 including the obligation to pay annual special assessments, are a covenant that shall run with the land and be obligations upon future owners of such property; 27 28 and
 - (6) An acknowledgment that no subdivision of property subject to the assessment contract shall be valid unless the assessment contract or an amendment thereof divides the total annual special assessment due between the newly subdivided parcels pro rata to the special benefit realized by each subdivided parcel.
 - 3. The total special assessments levied against a property under an assessment contract shall not exceed the sum of the cost of the project, including any required energy audits and inspections, or portion thereof financed through the participation in a property assessed clean energy program or clean energy conduit financing, including the costs of any audits or inspections required by the clean energy development board, plus such administration fees, interest, and other financing costs reasonably required by the clean energy development board.
 - 4. The clean energy development board shall provide a copy of each signed assessment contract to the local county assessor and county collector and shall cause a copy of such assessment contract to be recorded in the real estate records of the county recorder of deeds.
- 45 5. Special assessments agreed to under an assessment contract shall be a lien on the property against which it is assessed on behalf of the applicable 46 clean energy development board from the date that each annual assessment

56

57

58

59

60

61 62

63

3

10

11

13

14

18

19

20

48 under the assessment contract becomes due. Such special assessments shall be 49 collected by the county collector in the same manner and with the same priority as ad valorem real property taxes. Once collected, the county collector shall pay 50 over such special assessment revenues to the clean energy development board in 51the same manner in which revenues from ad valorem real property taxes are paid 52to other taxing districts. Such special assessments shall be collected as provided 53 in this subsection from all subsequent property owners, including the state and 54 all political subdivisions thereof, for the term of the assessment contract. 55

- 6. Any clean energy development board that contracts for outside administrative services to provide financing origination for a project shall offer the right of first refusal to enter into such a contract to a federally insured depository institution with a physical presence in Missouri upon the same terms and conditions as would otherwise be approved by the clean energy development board. Such right of first refusal shall not be applicable to the origination of any transaction that involves the issuance of bonds by the clean energy development board.
- 67.2817. 1. A program administrator shall not submit for recordation a PACE assessment contract for a residential property unless the following criteria are satisfied:
- (1) All property taxes for the property that will be subject to the PACE assessment contract are current. The program administrator shall obtain a property owner's acknowledgment that there has been no more than one late payment of property taxes on the property for the previous three years or since the current owner acquired the property, whichever period is shorter;
 - (2) The property that will be subject to the PACE assessment contract has no recorded and outstanding involuntary liens in excess of one thousand dollars, with such amount being adjusted by a percentage amount equal to the net percentage increase or decrease in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers;
- 15 (3) The property that will be subject to the PACE assessment 16 contract has no notices of default currently recorded which have not 17 been rescinded;
 - (4) The property owner has not been subject to any bankruptcy proceedings within the last seven years, except that the property owner may have been subject to a bankruptcy proceeding that was discharged

26

2728

29

30

31

32

33

34

35 36

37

38 39

40

41 42

43

44

45

46

55

21or dismissed more than two years before the application date and the property owner has had no payments more than thirty days past due on 23any mortgage debt or nonmortgage debt, excluding debt incurred in connection with medical expenses, during the twelve months 24immediately preceding the application date; 25

- (5) The property owner is current on all mortgage debt on the subject property and has no more than one late payment exceeding thirty days past due during the twelve months immediately preceding the application date;
- (6) The property that will be subject to the assessment contract is within the jurisdiction of the clean energy development board;
- (7) The financing does not exceed twenty percent of the market value of the property, inclusive of the existing assessments;
- (8) The total balance of PACE assessments and mortgage-related debt recorded against the property subject to the PACE assessment does not exceed ninety-seven percent of the fair market value of the property as established by the valuation required by subsection 2 of this section;
- (9) The term of the PACE assessment contract shall not exceed the estimated useful life of the eligible improvement to which the greatest portion of funds disbursed under the assessment contract is attributable. The program administrator shall determine useful life for purposes of this subdivision based upon credible third-party standards or certification criteria that have been established by appropriate government agencies or nationally recognized standards and testing organizations; and
- 47 (10) The program administrator shall require a property owner to disclose whether additional PACE assessments that have not yet 48 49 been recorded have been authorized by any property owner to be placed on the same subject property. The failure of a property owner 50 to comply with this subdivision shall not invalidate an assessment 51 52contract or any obligations thereunder.
- The program administrator shall use commercially reasonable methods 53 to verify the information required under this subsection, to the extent such methods are reasonably available.
- 56 2. A program administrator shall derive market value using one 57 of the following:

58

82

83

86

87

(1) An automated valuation model, using the following criteria:

- 59 (a) The automated valuation model shall be provided by a third-60 party vendor;
- 61 (b) The automated valuation model shall have estimation models 62 with confidence scores and periodic statistical calibration by the third-63 party vendor;
- (c) The PACE program shall request at least three automated valuation models for each property. The estimated value for each model shall be the average between the high and low values, if a range is provided; and
- (d) The PACE program shall utilize the estimated value with the highest confidence score for a property. If an automated valuation model meeting the criteria of paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this subdivision does not return a confidence score for a subject property, the PACE program shall utilize the average of all estimated values that have been returned;
- (2) An appraisal conducted within six months of the application date by a certified residential or certified general appraiser licensed by the Missouri real estate appraisers commission; or
- 77 (3) The true value of money valuation described under section 78 137.115.
- 3. The market value determination by the program administrator 80 shall be disclosed to the property owner prior to signing the assessment 81 contract.
 - 4. (1) A program administrator shall determine, prior to recordation by a clean energy development board of a PACE assessment contract, that a property owner has a reasonable ability to pay the annual payment obligation for the PACE assessment based on that property owner's income, assets, and current debt obligations. The determination process shall be based on the following factors:
- 88 (a) At least one property owner shall submit on his or her 89 application his or her monthly income and his or her monthly housing 90 expenses;
- 91 **(b)** The program administrator shall inform at least one property 92 owner that housing expenses include all mortgage payments, insurance, 93 property taxes, mortgage guaranty insurance, and other preexisting 94 assessments on the property. Household income may include the

103

104105

95 income of any persons age eighteen or older who have title to the 96 property. For any person whose income is considered, his or her debt 97 obligations shall also be considered. The program administrator shall 98 not be required to consider more income than is necessary, or verify 99 assets if verified income is sufficient to determine the ability to pay the 100 annual payment obligation;

- 101 (c) Debt obligations in accordance with subdivision (3) of this 102 subsection; and
 - (d) In evaluating the income, assets, and current debt obligations of the property owner, the equity of the property that will secure the assessment shall not be considered.
- 106 (2) The program administrator shall determine and consider the 107 current or reasonably expected income or assets of the property owner that the program administrator relies upon in order to determine a 108 109 property owner's ability to pay the annual payment obligation for the 110 PACE assessment using reasonably reliable third-party records of the property owner's income or assets. The program administrator may use 111 automated verification provided the source of that verification is 112 specific to the income of the property owner and not based on 113 predictive or estimation methodologies, and has been determined 114 sufficient for such verification purposes by a federal mortgage lending 115 authority or regulator. Examples of records the program administrator 117 may use to verify the property owner's income or assets include, but 118 are not limited to:
- 119 (a) A pay stub issued within the last thirty days, or financial 120 institution records showing deposit activity within the last sixty days;
- 121 (b) Copies of tax returns the property owner filed with the 122 Internal Revenue Service;
- 123 (c) Internal Revenue Service Form W-2 Wage and Tax Statement, 124 or other similar Internal Revenue Service forms that are used for 125 reporting wages or tax withholding;
- 126 (d) Payroll statements, including the Department of Defense 127 Leave and Earnings Statement;
- 128 (e) Financial institution records, such as bank statements or 129 investment account statements reflecting the value of particular assets;
- 130 (f) Records from the property owner's employer or a third party 131 that obtained income information from the employer; and

141142

143

147

132 (g) Records from a federal, state, or local government agency 133 stating the property owner's income, including benefits or entitlements.

- (3) A program administrator shall consider the monthly debt obligations of the property owner to determine a property owner's ability to pay the annual payment obligation of the PACE assessment using reasonably reliable third-party records, including one or more consumer credit reports from agencies that meet the requirements of 15 U.S.C. Section 1681a(p). For purposes of this subdivision, monthly debt obligations means:
 - (a) All secured and unsecured debt reflected in the consumer credit reports obtained by the program administrator; and
 - (b) Monthly housing expenses.
- 144 (4) In calculating the ability of the property owner to pay the 145 annual payment obligation, the program administrator shall determine 146 that the property owner's income is sufficient to meet:
 - (a) The annual PACE payment obligation;
- 148 **(b)** Any mortgage payments, as defined by the higher of the borrowers self-reported housing expenses or the mortgage payments identified in the consumer credit reports obtained by the program administrator:
- 152 (c) All other existing debts and obligations as identified in 153 subdivision (3) of this subsection; and
- 154 (d) Basic household living expenses with sufficient residual 155 income. A program administrator may make reasonable estimation of 156 basic living expenses based on the number of persons in the 157 household. Household living expenses shall not include housing 158 expenses or other secured or unsecured debt.
- 159 (5) In the case of emergency or immediate necessity, the 160 requirements of subdivision (2) of this subsection may be waived for 161 the funding and recordation of a PACE assessment to finance a heating, 162 ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) system, boiler, or other system 163 whose primary function is temperature regulation in a home if all the 164 following are met:
- 165 (a) The program administrator first attempted to use an 166 automated means of verification as described in subdivision (2) of this 167 subsection;
- 168 (b) If the program administrator was unable to verify the

178

179

180

181

182

184

187

201

169 property owner's income under subdivision (2) of this subsection, the program administrator shall ask the property owner questions to 170 171 identify his or her income and the sources of his or her income;

- 172 (c) The funding is limited to the emergency or immediate 173 necessity improvement and any required improvements directly necessary to the installation and safe operation of the eligible 174 improvement; and 175
- 176 (d) The property owner executes a waiver of their right to cancel 177 authorized under subsection 7 of this section.
 - (6) The program administrator shall report annually all PACE assessments that were funded and recorded under subdivision (5) of this subsection in a form acceptable to the clean energy development board.
- (7) If the determination of a property owner's ability to pay an 183 annual PACE assessment payment obligation is lower than the actual annual PACE assessment payment obligation under a PACE assessment, 185 and the consumer is obligated under a home improvement contract directly related to such assessment, the program administrator shall be 186 responsible for the difference, unless such determination was based 188 upon a misrepresentation by the property owner.
- 189 5. Before a property owner executes a PACE assessment contract, 190 the program administrator shall make an oral confirmation of the key 191 terms of the PACE assessment agreement to at least one owner of the 192 property or authorized representative of the property owner, and shall 193 obtain acknowledgment from the person to whom the oral confirmation 194 is given. Such oral confirmation shall include the following information: 195
- 196 (1) The eligible improvement being installed is being funded by 197 an assessment:
- 198 (2) The total estimated annual amount the property owner will have to pay under the PACE assessment contract, including applicable 199 200 fees;
 - (3) The estimated date that the first payment will be due;
- 202 (4) The term of the PACE assessment contract;
- 203 (5) That payments on the PACE assessment contract will be 204 collected along with the property owner's property taxes;
- 205 (6) That the property will be subject to a lien during the term of

- 206 the PACE assessment contract;
- 207 (7) That such property owner has disclosed whether additional 208 PACE assessments have been authorized by any property owner to be 209 placed on the property;
- 210 (8) That such property owner understands the financial 211 information that he or she has provided, and that he or she has the 212 financial means to make payments on the assessment agreement in 213 addition to his or her other expenses;
- 214 (9) That any potential utility savings are not guaranteed, and 215 will not reduce the PACE assessment payments or total PACE 216 assessment amount;
- 217 (10) That the program administrator does not provide tax advice, 218 and that the property owner should seek professional tax advice if he 219 or she has questions regarding the tax impact of the assessment or 220 PACE assessment contract;
- 221 (11) That the obligations under the PACE assessment contract 222 may be required to be paid in full before the property owner sells or 223 refinances the property;
- 224 (12) The program administrator shall comply with the following 225 when giving the oral confirmation described in this subsection:
- 226 (a) The program administrator shall record the oral confirmation 227 in an audio format in accordance with applicable laws;
- 228 (b) The program administrator may not deliver the oral 229 confirmation through the use of a prerecorded message; and
- 230 (c) Recording of an oral confirmation shall be retained by the 231 program administrator for a period of at least five years from the time 232 of the recording; and
- 233 (13) The program administrator shall develop additional 234 procedures to address the needs and concerns of elders.
- 6. A clean energy development board shall be required to develop a disclosure form for residential PACE projects. The form shall disclose all key financing terms of the PACE assessment contract including, but not limited to:
- 239 (1) The total estimated PACE assessment principal amount, 240 including the cost of the installed improvements together with program 241 fees and capitalized interest, if any;
 - (2) The annual tax obligation;

- 243 (3) The annual payment amounts;
- 244 (4) The term of the PACE assessment;
- 245 (5) The stated rate of interest;
- 246 (6) The annual percentage rate;
- 247 (7) A payment schedule;
- 248 (8) The improvements to be installed;
- 249 (9) That if the property owner sells or refinances their property
- 250 they may be required to pay off the PACE assessment as a condition of
- 251 sale or refinance;
- 252 (10) That no penalty shall be assessed or collected for 253 prepayment of the PACE assessment;
- 254 (11) That any potential utility savings are not guaranteed, and
- 255 will not reduce the PACE assessment payments or total PACE
- 256 assessment amount;
- 257 (12) That the PACE assessment will be collected along with their
- 258 property taxes and will result in a lien on the property;
- 259 (13) That the payments will be added to his or her property tax
- 260 **bill**;
- 261 (14) That failure to pay the PACE assessment may result in
- 262 penalties and fees, and, eventually foreclosure; and
- 263 (15) That a property owner should seek professional tax advice
- 264 if he or she has questions regarding the tax impact of the assessment
- 265 or assessment contract.
- 266 A program administrator shall present the disclosure form to a
- 267 property owner for acknowledgment prior to the execution of a PACE
- 268 assessment contract.
- 7. (1) A program administrator shall provide, as part of a PACE
- 270 assessment contract, a three day right to cancel regarding financing of
- 271 eligible improvements. A property owner shall have the right to cancel
- 272 a PACE assessment contract by midnight of the third business day after
- 273 the property owner signs the PACE assessment contract. A program
- 274 administrator shall provide a notice of the right to cancel to a property
- 275 owner no later than the time the assessment contract is signed by the
- 276 property owner.
- 277 (2) The clean energy development board shall develop a form to
- 278 notify the property owner in writing that such owner may rescind any
- 279 PACE assessment contract entered into under this section not later

286

287

288

289

290

291292

293

294

295

296

297

298

299

300 301

302

303

304

305

280 than three business days after entering into such agreement.

- 281 (3) A property owner may waive the right to cancel if all of the 282 following are met:
- 283 (a) The PACE assessment contract is executed in connection with 284 the making of emergency or immediately necessary repairs to protect 285 persons or real or personal property;
 - (b) The PACE assessment contract was initiated for emergency repair or immediately necessary use; and
 - (c) A property owner provides a separate statement that is dated and signed by at least one property owner, describing the situation that requires immediate remedy, and expressly acknowledging that the contractor has informed him or her of the right to cancel and that he or she waives the right to cancel.
 - (4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to void, invalidate, impair, or release a property owner from the contractual obligations incurred by a PACE assessment contract, or to create or modify any rights or obligations not expressly created or modified herein.
 - 8. (1) A program administrator shall not permit home improvement contractors, or persons acting directly on behalf of home improvement contractors, to advertise the availability of PACE assessment contracts that are administered by the program administrator unless the program administrator obtains the contractor's written agreement that the home improvement contractor, or the persons acting directly on behalf of the home improvement contractor, will act in accordance with applicable advertising and marketing laws and regulations, and all other applicable laws.
- 306 (2) A program administrator shall not provide any direct or 307 indirect cash payment or other thing of material value to a home 308 improvement contractor in excess of the actual price charged by that 309 home improvement contractor to the property owner for the sale and installation of one or more efficiency improvements financed by a 310 311 PACE assessment contract. A program administrator shall not provide any direct or indirect cash payment or other thing of material value to 312a person acting directly on behalf of a home improvement contractor 313 314 in connection with an activity related to advertising the availability of 315 assessment contracts. Any communication between a program 316 administrator and a home improvement contractor or its agents or

323

325

326

327

328 329

330

331 332

333

334

335

336

337 338

339 340

341

342

343

344

345

346

347 348

317 representatives, or any information disclosed by or to a program administrator, and any service provided by a program administrator to 318 319 a home improvement contractor or its agents or representatives, for the 320 purpose of enabling or facilitating the installation of projects for an 321 applicant or prospective applicant for program financing, shall not 322constitute a thing of material value.

- (3) A program administrator shall not reimburse expenses to a home improvement contractor for advertising and marketing 324 campaigns or collateral.
 - (4) A program administrator may pay for, or reimburse a home improvement contractor for, bona fide and reasonable training expenses actually incurred; any reimbursement of a home improvement contractor shall not exceed one hundred dollars, with such amount being adjusted by a percentage amount equal to the net percentage increase or decrease in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, per each agent or representative of the home improvement contractor who participated in such training, and shall be paid directly to the home improvement contractor, not its agents or representatives.
 - (5) A program administrator shall not provide any direct cash payment or other thing of value to a property owner explicitly conditioned upon that property owner entering into a financing agreement. Notwithstanding the immediately preceding sentence, programs or promotions that offer reduced fees or interest rates to property owners shall not be considered a direct cash payment or other thing of value.
 - (6) A program administrator, home improvement contractor, or person acting directly on behalf of a home improvement contractor, shall not make any representation as to the tax deductibility of a PACE assessment unless that representation is consistent with representations, statements, or opinions of the Internal Revenue Service or state tax commission with regard to the tax treatment of non-ad valorem assessments.
- 349 (7) A program administrator shall not provide to a home improvement contractor, or a person acting directly on behalf of a 350 home improvement contractor, the amount of funds for which a 351 352property owner is eligible for projects or the amount of equity in a 353property.

354 (8) A contractor shall not provide a different price for a project 355 financed under this section than the contractor would provide if paid 356 in cash by the property owner.

- 9. (1) A program administrator shall establish and maintain a list of eligible improvements. The eligible improvement list shall include the following information for each improvement appearing on that list:
- 361 (a) A name or description;

362

- (b) Eligibility criteria; and
- (c) Expected useful life.
- (2) An improvement shall not be included on an eligible 364 improvement list unless the program administrator has determined 365 366 that the improvement meets one or more standards or certification criteria that have been established by appropriate government 367 368 agencies, such as the United States Department of Energy, the United 369 States Environmental Protection Agency, or by credible third-party 370 private organizations that publish generally acceptable standards with respect to the measure. 371
- 372 (3) A program administrator may offer qualifying improvements 373 not included in the eligible improvement list if that administrator does 374 the following:
- 375 (a) Establishes and maintains an application process to permit 376 a home improvement contractor or property owner to request a PACE 377 assessment for a custom measure; and
- 378 (b) Establishes and maintains guidelines by which the program 379 administrator shall review and approve the application for a custom 380 improvement.
- 381 10. A PACE assessment contract shall be executed by the clean 382 energy development board and all property owners and shall provide:
- 383 (1) A description of the project, including the estimated cost of 384 the project;
- 385 (2) A statement that the obligations set forth in the PACE 386 assessment contract, including the obligation to make annual 387 assessment payments, are a covenant that shall run with the land and 388 be obligations upon future owners of such property; and
- 389 (3) An acknowledgment that no subdivision of property subject 390 to the PACE assessment contract shall be valid unless the PACE

394

395

396

397

398

399

400

401

415

416

417

418 419

391 assessment contract or an amendment thereof divides the total annual special assessment due between the newly subdivided parcels pro rata 392393 to the special benefit realized by each subdivided parcel.

- 11. The clean energy development board shall provide a copy of each signed PACE assessment contract or a summary memorandum stating the annual amount of the assessment and the term of the assessment to the local county assessor and county collector, and shall cause a copy of such PACE assessment contract or a summary memorandum to be recorded in the real estate records of the county recorder of deeds.
- 12. PACE assessments agreed upon under a PACE assessment contract shall be a lien on the property against which it is assessed on 402behalf of the applicable clean energy development board from the date 403 that each annual assessment under the assessment contract becomes 404 due. Such special assessments shall be noticed and collected by the 405 county collector in the same manner and with the same priority as ad 406 valorem real property taxes under sections 52.220 and 52.230. Once 407collected, the county collector shall pay over such special assessment 408 revenues to the clean energy development board in the same manner 409 410 in which revenues from ad valorem real property taxes are paid to other taxing districts. Such special assessments shall be collected as 411 provided in this subsection from all subsequent property owners, 413 including the state and all political subdivisions thereof, for the term 414 of the assessment contract.
 - 13. (1) A clean energy development board offering property assessed clean energy financing shall, on an annual basis, publish a report that shall contain the following information, along with relevant methodologies and supporting assumptions or sources relied upon in preparing the report:
- 420 (a) The number of PACE assessments funded, by city, county, and 421 zip code;
- 422 (b) The aggregate dollar amount of PACE assessments funded by 423 city, county, and zip code;
- 424 (c) The average dollar amount of the PACE assessments funded 425 by city, county, and zip code;
- 426 (d) The categories of eligible products, and the percentage of PACE assessments represented by each category type, on a number and 427

429

435

436

437438

439

428 dollar basis, by city, county, and zip code;

- (e) The number of defaulted assessments;
- (f) Estimated total amount of energy saved, and the estimated total dollar amount of such savings by property owners by measures installed in the calendar year, by city, county, and zip code, and the total number of energy savings improvements and the overall average efficiency rating of installed units for each product type;
 - (g) Estimated total amount of renewable energy produced by measures installed in the calendar year, by city, county, and zip code, and the total number of renewable energy installations, including the average and median system size;
 - (h) Estimated amount of greenhouse gas emissions reductions;
- 440 (i) Estimated number of jobs created;
- 441 (j) The average and median amount of annual and total PACE 442 assessments by city, county, and zip code; and
- (k) The number and percentage of homeowners over sixty years of age, by city, county, and zip code.
- 445 (2) All reports submitted under this subsection shall include only 446 aggregate data, and shall not include any personally identifiable 447 information.
- 448 (3) The local government shall make the data publicly available on their website.

/

