SECOND REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 776

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR SATER.

Pre-filed December 6, 2017, and ordered printed.

5288S.01I

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal section 338.010, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to the administration of vaccines.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 338.010, RSMo, is repealed and one new section 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 338.010, to read as follows:

338.010. 1. The "practice of pharmacy" means the interpretation, $\mathbf{2}$ implementation, and evaluation of medical prescription orders, including any 3 legend drugs under 21 U.S.C. Section 353; receipt, transmission, or handling of such orders or facilitating the dispensing of such orders; the designing, initiating, 4 implementing, and monitoring of a medication therapeutic plan as defined by the 5prescription order so long as the prescription order is specific to each patient for 6 care by a pharmacist; the compounding, dispensing, labeling, and administration 7 of drugs and devices pursuant to medical prescription orders and administration 8 9 of viral influenza, pneumonia, shingles, hepatitis A, hepatitis B, diphtheria, 10 tetanus, pertussis, and meningitis vaccines by written protocol authorized by a 11 physician for persons [twelve years of age or older] of ages recommended by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and in accordance with 12the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices as authorized by rule 13or the administration of pneumonia, shingles, hepatitis A, hepatitis B, diphtheria, 14 tetanus, pertussis, [and] meningitis, and viral influenza vaccines by written 1516 protocol authorized by a physician for a specific patient as authorized by rule; the participation in drug selection according to state law and participation in drug 17utilization reviews; the proper and safe storage of drugs and devices and the 18 maintenance of proper records thereof; consultation with patients and other 19

20health care practitioners, and veterinarians and their clients about legend drugs, 21about the safe and effective use of drugs and devices; and the offering or 22performing of those acts, services, operations, or transactions necessary in the 23conduct, operation, management and control of a pharmacy. No person shall 24engage in the practice of pharmacy unless he is licensed under the provisions of this chapter. This chapter shall not be construed to prohibit the use of auxiliary 2526personnel under the direct supervision of a pharmacist from assisting the pharmacist in any of his or her duties. This assistance in no way is intended to 2728relieve the pharmacist from his or her responsibilities for compliance with this chapter and he or she will be responsible for the actions of the auxiliary 29personnel acting in his or her assistance. This chapter shall also not be 30 31 construed to prohibit or interfere with any legally registered practitioner of 32medicine, dentistry, or podiatry, or veterinary medicine only for use in animals, or the practice of optometry in accordance with and as provided in sections 33 34195.070 and 336.220 in the compounding, administering, prescribing, or dispensing of his or her own prescriptions. 35

2. Any pharmacist who accepts a prescription order for a medication therapeutic plan shall have a written protocol from the physician who refers the patient for medication therapy services. The written protocol and the prescription order for a medication therapeutic plan shall come from the physician only, and shall not come from a nurse engaged in a collaborative practice arrangement under section 334.104, or from a physician assistant engaged in a supervision agreement under section 334.735.

3. Nothing in this section shall be construed as to prevent any person,
firm or corporation from owning a pharmacy regulated by sections 338.210 to
338.315, provided that a licensed pharmacist is in charge of such pharmacy.

46 4. Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to or interfere with 47 the sale of nonprescription drugs and the ordinary household remedies and such 48 drugs or medicines as are normally sold by those engaged in the sale of general 49 merchandise.

50 5. No health carrier as defined in chapter 376 shall require any physician 51 with which they contract to enter into a written protocol with a pharmacist for 52 medication therapeutic services.

53 6. This section shall not be construed to allow a pharmacist to diagnose 54 or independently prescribe pharmaceuticals.

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7. The state board of registration for the healing arts, under section

56334.125, and the state board of pharmacy, under section 338.140, shall jointly 57promulgate rules regulating the use of protocols for prescription orders for medication therapy services [and administration of viral influenza vaccines]. 58Such rules shall require protocols to include provisions allowing for timely 59communication between the pharmacist and the referring physician, and any 60 other patient protection provisions deemed appropriate by both boards. In order 6162 to take effect, such rules shall be approved by a majority vote of a quorum of each 63 board. Neither board shall separately promulgate rules regulating the use of protocols for prescription orders for medication therapy services [and 64 65 administration of viral influenza vaccines]. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that 66 term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated 67 in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all 68 of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the 69 70general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then 7172the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2007, shall be invalid and void. 73

8. The state board of pharmacy may grant a certificate of medication therapeutic plan authority to a licensed pharmacist who submits proof of successful completion of a board-approved course of academic clinical study beyond a bachelor of science in pharmacy, including but not limited to clinical assessment skills, from a nationally accredited college or university, or a certification of equivalence issued by a nationally recognized professional organization and approved by the board of pharmacy.

9. Any pharmacist who has received a certificate of medication therapeutic plan authority may engage in the designing, initiating, implementing, and monitoring of a medication therapeutic plan as defined by a prescription order from a physician that is specific to each patient for care by a pharmacist.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow a pharmacist to
make a therapeutic substitution of a pharmaceutical prescribed by a physician
unless authorized by the written protocol or the physician's prescription order.

11. "Veterinarian", "doctor of veterinary medicine", "practitioner of
veterinary medicine", "DVM", "VMD", "BVSe", "BVMS", "BSe (Vet Science)",
"VMB", "MRCVS", or an equivalent title means a person who has received a
doctor's degree in veterinary medicine from an accredited school of veterinary

92 medicine or holds an Educational Commission for Foreign Veterinary Graduates
93 (EDFVG) certificate issued by the American Veterinary Medical Association
94 (AVMA).

95 12. In addition to other requirements established by the joint
96 promulgation of rules by the board of pharmacy and the state board of
97 registration for the healing arts:

98 (1) A pharmacist shall administer vaccines by protocol in accordance with 99 treatment guidelines established by the Centers for Disease Control and 100 Prevention (CDC);

101 (2) A pharmacist who is administering a vaccine shall request a patient
102 to remain in the pharmacy a safe amount of time after administering the vaccine
103 to observe any adverse reactions. Such pharmacist shall have adopted emergency
104 treatment protocols;

(3) In addition to other requirements by the board, a pharmacist shall
receive additional training as required by the board and evidenced by receiving
a certificate from the board upon completion, and shall display the certification
in his or her pharmacy where vaccines are delivered.

109 13. A pharmacist shall provide a written report within fourteen days of 110 administration of a vaccine to the patient's primary health care provider, if 111 provided by the patient, containing:

112 (1) The identity of the patient;

113 (2) The identity of the vaccine or vaccines administered;

114 (3) The route of administration;

115 (4) The anatomic site of the administration;

- 116 (5) The dose administered; and
- 117 (6) The date of administration.

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