#### SECOND REGULAR SESSION

#### [C O R R E C T E D]

## **SENATE BILL NO. 677**

#### 99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR EIGEL.

Pre-filed December 1, 2017, and ordered printed.

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

4210S.03I

### AN ACT

To repeal section 324.001, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to the division of professional registration.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 324.001, RSMo, is repealed and one new section enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 324.001, to read as follows: 2

324.001. 1. (1) The purpose of this section is to promote the  $\mathbf{2}$ general welfare by establishing guidelines for the regulation of 3 occupations and professions not regulated prior to January 1, 2019, and those occupations and professions regulated prior to January 1, 2019, 4 that seek to substantially increase their scope of practice. 5

6 (2) All individuals may engage in the occupation of their choice, 7 free from unreasonable government regulation. The state shall not impose a substantial burden on an individual's pursuit of their 8 occupation or profession unless there is a reasonable interest for the 9 10 state to protect the general welfare. If such an interest exists, the regulation adopted by the state shall be the least restrictive type of 11 regulation consistent with the public interest to be protected. 12

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(3) All bills introduced in the general assembly to regulate an occupation or profession shall be reviewed according to the following 14 criteria. An occupation or profession shall be regulated by the state if: 15(a) Unregulated practice could cause harm and endanger the 16 general welfare and the potential for further harm and endangerment 17is recognizable and not remote or dependent upon tenuous argument; 18

(b) The public can reasonably be expected to benefit from anassurance of personal qualifications; and

21 (c) The general welfare cannot be sufficiently protected by other
22 means.

(4) After evaluating the criteria in subdivision (3) of this subsection and considering governmental, economic, and societal costs and benefits, if the general assembly finds that the state has a reasonable interest in regulating an occupation or profession not previously regulated by law, the most efficient form of regulation shall be implemented, consistent with the need to protect the general welfare and this section if:

30 (a) The threat to the general welfare resulting from the
31 practitioner's services is easily predictable, such that the regulation
32 shall implement a system of insurance, bonding, or registration;

33 (b) The consumer has challenges accessing credentialing 34 information or possesses significantly less information on how to report 35 abuses such that the practitioner puts the consumer in a 36 disadvantageous position relative to the practitioner to judge the 37 quality of the practitioner's services, the regulation shall implement a 38 system of certification; or

39 (c) Other regulatory structures, such as bonding, insurance,
40 registration, and certification insufficiently protect the general welfare
41 from recognizable harm, the regulation shall implement a system of
42 licensing.

43 **2.** For the purposes of this section, the following terms mean:

(1) "Applicant group", any occupational or professional group or
organization, any individual, or any other interested party that
proposes that any occupation or profession not presently regulated be
regulated or proposes to substantially increase the scope of practice of
the occupation or profession;

49 (2) "Certification", a program in which the government grants 50 nontransferable recognition to an individual who meets personal 51 qualifications established by a legislative body. Upon approval, the 52 individual may use "certified" as a designated title. This term shall not 53 be synonymous with an occupational license;

54 (3) "Department", the department of insurance, financial institutions and55 professional registration;

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56 [(2)] (4) "Director", the director of the division of professional 57 registration; [and]

[(3)] (5) "Division", the division of professional registration;

(6) "General welfare", the concern of the government for the
health, peace, morality, and safety of its residents;

61 (7) "Lawful occupation", a course of conduct, pursuit, or 62 profession that includes the sale of goods or services that are not 63 themselves illegal to sell irrespective of whether the individual selling 64 them is subject to an occupational regulation;

65 (8) "Least restrictive type of occupational regulations", in order
66 from least to most restrictive:

67 (a) Bonding or insurance;

68 (b) Registration;

69 (c) Certification;

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(d) Occupational license;

(9) "Occupational license", a nontransferable authorization in law
for an individual to perform a lawful occupation for compensation
based on meeting personal qualifications established by a legislative
body. It shall be prohibited for an individual who does not possess an
occupational license to perform the occupation for compensation;

(10) "Occupational regulation", a statute, ordinance, rule,
practice, policy, or other law requiring an individual to possess certain
personal qualifications to work in a lawful occupation;

(11) "Personal qualifications", criteria related to an individual's
personal background, including completion of an approved educational
program, satisfactory performance on an examination, work
experience, criminal history, and completion of continuing education;
(12) "Practitioner", an individual who has achieved knowledge
and skill by practice and is actively engaged in a specified occupation
or profession;

86 (13) "Public member", an individual who is not currently, and has 87 never been in the past, a member or spouse of a member of the 88 occupation or profession being regulated or an individual who does not 89 currently have and has never in the past had a material financial 90 interest in either the rendering of the occupation or professional 91 service being regulated or an activity directly related to the occupation 92 or profession being regulated; 93 (14) "Registration", a requirement established by the general
94 assembly in which a person:

95 (a) Submits notification to a state agency; and

96 (b) May use "registered" as a designated title.

Notification may include the person's name and address, the person's 97 agent for service of process, the location of the activity to be 98 performed, and a description of the service the person 99 100 provides. Registration may include a requirement to post a bond but does not include education or experience requirements. Nonregistered 101 persons shall not perform the occupation for compensation or use 102103 "registered" as a designated title. The term registration shall not be 104 synonymous with an occupational license;

(15) "Regulatory entity", any board, commission, agency, division,
 or other unit or subunit of state government which regulates one or
 more professions, occupations, industries, businesses, or other
 endeavors in this state;

(16) "State agency", every state office, department, board,
commission, regulatory entity, and agency of the state, and, if provided
by law, programs and activities involving less than the full
responsibility of a state agency;

(17) "Substantial burden", a requirement in an occupational
regulation that imposes significant difficulty or cost on an individual
seeking to enter into or continue in a lawful occupation and is more
than an incidental burden.

117 3. After January 1, 2019, applicant groups shall submit each of 118the following factors within three days of bill filing to the department: 119 (1) A description of the professional or occupational group 120 proposed for regulation or expansion of regulation, including the number of individuals or business entities that would be subject to 121122regulation, the names and addresses of associations, organizations, and other groups representing the practitioners, and an estimate of the 123124number of practitioners in each group;

(2) Whether practice of the profession or occupation proposed
for regulation or expansion of regulation requires such a specialized
skill that the public is not qualified to select a competent practitioner
without assurances that minimum qualifications have been met;

129 (3) The nature and extent of potential harm to the public if the

profession or occupation is not regulated, the extent to which there is a threat to the general welfare and production of evidence of potential harm, including a description of any complaints filed with state law enforcement authorities, courts, departmental agencies, other professional or occupational boards, and professional and occupational associations that have been lodged against practitioners of the profession or occupation in this state within the past five years;

(4) A description of the voluntary efforts made by practitioners
of the profession or occupation to protect the public through
self-regulation, private certifications, membership in professional or
occupational associations, or academic credentials and a statement of
why these efforts are inadequate to protect the public;

(5) The extent to which regulation or expansion of regulation of
the profession or occupation will increase the cost of goods or services
provided by practitioners and the overall cost-effectiveness and
economic impact of the proposed regulation, including the direct cost
to the government and the indirect costs to consumers;

147 (6) The extent to which regulation or expansion of regulation of
148 the profession or occupation would increase or decrease the
149 availability of services to the public;

150 (7) The extent to which existing legal remedies are inadequate 151 to prevent or redress the kinds of harm potentially resulting from 152 nonregulation and whether regulation can be provided through an 153 existing state agency or in conjunction with presently regulated 154 practitioners;

(8) Why bonding and insurance, registration, certification,
license to practice or another type of regulation is being proposed, why
that regulatory alternative was chosen, and whether the proposed
method of regulation is appropriate;

(9) A list of other states that regulate the profession or
occupation, the type of regulation, copies of other states' laws, and
available evidence from those states of the effect of regulation on the
profession or occupation in terms of a before-and-after analysis;

163 (10) The details of any previous efforts in this state to implement
164 regulation of the profession or occupation;

165 (11) Whether the profession or occupation plans to apply for166 mandated benefits;

167 (12) Whether the proposed requirements for regulation exceed 168 the standards of minimal competence and what those standards are;

(13) The method proposed to finance the proposed regulation
and financial data pertaining to whether the proposed regulation can
be reasonably financed by current or proposed licensees through
dedicated revenue mechanisms; and

(14) Whether the regulatory entity would be authorized and
proactive in entering into reciprocity agreements with other
jurisdictions.

4. Applicant groups shall submit a written report explaining the factors enumerated in subsection 3 of this section to the department. The department shall attach the data collected from the applicant groups to the bill's fiscal note.

[2.] 5. There is hereby established a "Division of Professional Registration" assigned to the department of insurance, financial institutions and professional registration as a type III transfer, headed by a director appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate. All of the general provisions, definitions and powers enumerated in section 1 of the Omnibus State Reorganization Act of 1974 and Executive Order 06-04 shall apply to this department and its divisions, agencies, and personnel.

[3.] 6. The director of the division of professional registration shall 187 promulgate rules and regulations which designate for each board or commission 188 189 assigned to the division the renewal date for licenses or certificates. After the initial establishment of renewal dates, no director of the division shall 190 promulgate a rule or regulation which would change the renewal date for licenses 191 192or certificates if such change in renewal date would occur prior to the date on which the renewal date in effect at the time such new renewal date is specified 193 194 next occurs. Each board or commission shall by rule or regulation establish 195 licensing periods of one, two, or three years. Registration fees set by a board or 196 commission shall be effective for the entire licensing period involved, and shall 197 not be increased during any current licensing period. Persons who are required 198 to pay their first registration fees shall be allowed to pay the pro rata share of 199 such fees for the remainder of the period remaining at the time the fees are 200 paid. Each board or commission shall provide the necessary forms for initial registration, and thereafter the director may prescribe standard forms for renewal 201of licenses and certificates. Each board or commission shall by rule and 202

203 regulation require each applicant to provide the information which is required to 204 keep the board's records current. Each board or commission shall have the 205 authority to collect and analyze information required to support workforce 206 planning and policy development. Such information shall not be publicly 207 disclosed so as to identify a specific health care provider, as defined in section 208 376.1350. Each board or commission shall issue the original license or certificate.

209 [4.] 7. The division shall provide clerical and other staff services relating 210to the issuance and renewal of licenses for all the professional licensing and 211regulating boards and commissions assigned to the division. The division shall 212perform the financial management and clerical functions as they each relate to issuance and renewal of licenses and certificates. "Issuance and renewal of 213214licenses and certificates" means the ministerial function of preparing and 215delivering licenses or certificates, and obtaining material and information for the 216board or commission in connection with the renewal thereof. It does not include 217any discretionary authority with regard to the original review of an applicant's qualifications for licensure or certification, or the subsequent review of licensee's 218219or certificate holder's qualifications, or any disciplinary action contemplated 220against the licensee or certificate holder. The division may develop and 221implement microfilming systems and automated or manual management 222information systems.

[5.] 8. The director of the division shall maintain a system of accounting and budgeting, in cooperation with the director of the department, the office of administration, and the state auditor's office, to ensure proper charges are made to the various boards for services rendered to them. The general assembly shall appropriate to the division and other state agencies from each board's funds moneys sufficient to reimburse the division and other state agencies for all services rendered and all facilities and supplies furnished to that board.

230[6.] 9. For accounting purposes, the appropriation to the division and to 231the office of administration for the payment of rent for quarters provided for the 232division shall be made from the "Professional Registration Fees Fund", which is hereby created, and is to be used solely for the purpose defined in subsection [5] 2332348 of this section. The fund shall consist of moneys deposited into it from each 235board's fund. Each board shall contribute a prorated amount necessary to fund 236the division for services rendered and rent based upon the system of accounting 237and budgeting established by the director of the division as provided in subsection [5] 8 of this section. Transfers of funds to the professional registration 238

fees fund shall be made by each board on July first of each year; provided, however, that the director of the division may establish an alternative date or dates of transfers at the request of any board. Such transfers shall be made until they equal the prorated amount for services rendered and rent by the division. The provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary notwithstanding, money in this fund shall not be transferred and placed to the credit of general revenue.
[7.] 10. The director of the division shall be responsible for collecting and

246accounting for all moneys received by the division or its component agencies. Any 247money received by a board or commission shall be promptly given, identified by type and source, to the director. The director shall keep a record by board and 248249state accounting system classification of the amount of revenue the director 250receives. The director shall promptly transmit all receipts to the department of 251revenue for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of the appropriate fund. The director shall provide each board with all relevant financial 252253information in a timely fashion. Each board shall cooperate with the director by providing necessary information. 254

255[8.] 11. All educational transcripts, test scores, complaints, investigatory reports, and information pertaining to any person who is an applicant or licensee 256257of any agency assigned to the division of professional registration by statute or 258by the department are confidential and may not be disclosed to the public or any 259member of the public, except with the written consent of the person whose records 260are involved. The agency which possesses the records or information shall 261disclose the records or information if the person whose records or information is 262involved has consented to the disclosure. Each agency is entitled to the 263attorney-client privilege and work-product privilege to the same extent as any other person. Provided, however, that any board may disclose confidential 264information without the consent of the person involved in the course of voluntary 265interstate exchange of information, or in the course of any litigation concerning 266that person, or pursuant to a lawful request, or to other administrative or law 267268enforcement agencies acting within the scope of their statutory 269authority. Information regarding identity, including names and addresses, 270registration, and currency of the license of the persons possessing licenses to 271engage in a professional occupation and the names and addresses of applicants 272for such licenses is not confidential information.

[9.] **12.** Any deliberations conducted and votes taken in rendering a final decision after a hearing before an agency assigned to the division shall be closed

to the parties and the public. Once a final decision is rendered, that decisionshall be made available to the parties and the public.

[10.] **13.** A compelling governmental interest shall be deemed to exist for the purposes of section 536.025 for licensure fees to be reduced by emergency rule, if the projected fund balance of any agency assigned to the division of professional registration is reasonably expected to exceed an amount that would require transfer from that fund to general revenue.

282[11.] 14. (1) The following boards and commissions are assigned by 283specific type transfers to the division of professional registration: Missouri state 284board of accountancy, chapter 326; board of cosmetology and barber examiners, 285chapters 328 and 329; Missouri board for architects, professional engineers, 286professional land surveyors and landscape architects, chapter 327; Missouri state 287board of chiropractic examiners, chapter 331; state board of registration for the 288healing arts, chapter 334; Missouri dental board, chapter 332; state board of 289embalmers and funeral directors, chapter 333; state board of optometry, chapter 290336; Missouri state board of nursing, chapter 335; board of pharmacy, chapter 291338; state board of podiatric medicine, chapter 330; Missouri real estate 292 appraisers commission, chapter 339; and Missouri veterinary medical board, 293chapter 340. The governor shall appoint members of these boards by and with 294the advice and consent of the senate.

295(2) The boards and commissions assigned to the division shall exercise all 296their respective statutory duties and powers, except those clerical and other staff 297 services involving collecting and accounting for moneys and financial 298management relating to the issuance and renewal of licenses, which services shall 299be provided by the division, within the appropriation therefor. Nothing herein 300 shall prohibit employment of professional examining or testing services from professional associations or others as required by the boards or commissions on 301 302 contract. Nothing herein shall be construed to affect the power of a board or 303 commission to expend its funds as appropriated. However, the division shall 304 review the expense vouchers of each board. The results of such review shall be submitted to the board reviewed and to the house and senate appropriations 305 306 committees annually.

307 (3) Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the director of the 308 division shall exercise only those management functions of the boards and 309 commissions specifically provided in the Reorganization Act of 1974, and those 310 relating to the allocation and assignment of space, personnel other than board 311 personnel, and equipment.

312(4) "Board personnel", as used in this section or chapters 317, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, and 345, shall 313 mean personnel whose functions and responsibilities are in areas not related to 314315the clerical duties involving the issuance and renewal of licenses, to the collecting 316 and accounting for moneys, or to financial management relating to issuance and renewal of licenses; specifically included are executive secretaries (or comparable 317318 positions), consultants, inspectors, investigators, counsel, and secretarial support 319 staff for these positions; and such other positions as are established and authorized by statute for a particular board or commission. Boards and 320 commissions may employ legal counsel, if authorized by law, and temporary 321322 personnel if the board is unable to meet its responsibilities with the employees 323 authorized above. Any board or commission which hires temporary employees 324 shall annually provide the division director and the appropriation committees of 325 the general assembly with a complete list of all persons employed in the previous 326 year, the length of their employment, the amount of their remuneration, and a 327 description of their responsibilities.

328 (5) Board personnel for each board or commission shall be employed by 329 and serve at the pleasure of the board or commission, shall be supervised as the 330 board or commission designates, and shall have their duties and compensation prescribed by the board or commission, within appropriations for that purpose, 331except that compensation for board personnel shall not exceed that established 332333 for comparable positions as determined by the board or commission pursuant to 334 the job and pay plan of the department of insurance, financial institutions and 335 professional registration. Nothing herein shall be construed to permit salaries 336 for any board personnel to be lowered except by board action.

[12.] 15. All the powers, duties, and functions of the division of athletics,
chapter 317, and others, are assigned by type I transfer to the division of
professional registration.

340 [13.] 16. Wherever the laws, rules, or regulations of this state make 341 reference to the division of professional registration of the department of 342 economic development, such references shall be deemed to refer to the division 343 of professional registration.

[14.] 17. (1) The state board of nursing, board of pharmacy, Missouri
dental board, state committee of psychologists, state board of chiropractic
examiners, state board of optometry, Missouri board of occupational therapy, or

347 state board of registration for the healing arts may individually or collectively 348 enter into a contractual agreement with the department of health and senior services, a public institution of higher education, or a nonprofit entity for the 349 350 purpose of collecting and analyzing workforce data from its licensees, registrants, 351or permit holders for future workforce planning and to assess the accessibility 352 and availability of qualified health care services and practitioners in 353 Missouri. The boards shall work collaboratively with other state governmental 354 entities to ensure coordination and avoid duplication of efforts.

355 (2) The boards may expend appropriated funds necessary for operational 356 expenses of the program formed under this subsection. Each board is authorized 357 to accept grants to fund the collection or analysis authorized in this 358 subsection. Any such funds shall be deposited in the respective board's fund.

(3) Data collection shall be controlled and approved by the applicable state board conducting or requesting the collection. Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 324.010 and 334.001, the boards may release identifying data to the contractor to facilitate data analysis of the health care workforce including, but not limited to, geographic, demographic, and practice or professional characteristics of licensees. The state board shall not request or be authorized to collect income or other financial earnings data.

366 (4) Data collected under this subsection shall be deemed the property of 367 the state board requesting the data. Data shall be maintained by the state board in accordance with chapter 610, provided that any information deemed closed or 368 369 confidential under subsection [8] 11 of this section or any other provision of state 370 law shall not be disclosed without consent of the applicable licensee or entity or 371as otherwise authorized by law. Data shall only be released in an aggregate form by geography, profession or professional specialization, or population 372characteristic in a manner that cannot be used to identify a specific individual or 373 entity. Data suppression standards shall be addressed and established in the 374375 contractual agreement.

(5) Contractors shall maintain the security and confidentiality of data received or collected under this subsection and shall not use, disclose, or release any data without approval of the applicable state board. The contractual agreement between the applicable state board and contractor shall establish a data release and research review policy to include legal and institutional review board, or agency-equivalent, approval.

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(6) Each board may promulgate rules subject to the provisions of this

383 subsection and chapter 536 to effectuate and implement the workforce data collection and analysis authorized by this subsection. Any rule or portion of a 384 rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the 385 386authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 387 388 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly under chapter 536 to review, to delay the 389 effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held 390 unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed 391 or adopted after August 28, 2016, shall be invalid and void. 392

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# Bill