## SECOND REGULAR SESSION

## SENATE BILL NO. 676

## 99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR EIGEL.

Pre-filed December 1, 2017, and ordered printed.

4954S.01I

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

## AN ACT

To repeal sections 70.220, 160.405, and 355.846, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof four new sections relating to not for profit entities.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 70.220, 160.405, and 355.846, RSMo, are repealed and

- 2 four new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 34.390, 70.220,
- 3 160.405, and 355.846, to read as follows:

34.390. Whenever the state or any political subdivision thereof

- 2 shall enter into a contract with an entity organized under chapter 355,
- 3 the entity shall be required, as a condition of the contract, to make its
- 4 financial statements available to the public in a form consistent with
- 5 generally accepted accounting principles and to make its records
- 6 available for inspection by the contracting entity or its auditors.

70.220. 1. Any municipality or political subdivision of this state, as

- 2 herein defined, may contract and cooperate with any other municipality or
- 3 political subdivision, or with an elective or appointive official thereof, or with a
- 4 duly authorized agency of the United States, or of this state, or with other states
- 5 or their municipalities or political subdivisions, or with any private person, firm,
- 6 association or corporation, for the planning, development, construction,
- 7 acquisition or operation of any public improvement or facility, or for a common
- 8 service; provided, that the subject and purposes of any such contract or
- 9 cooperative action made and entered into by such municipality or political
- 10 subdivision shall be within the scope of the powers of such municipality or
- 11 political subdivision.
- 12 2. Any municipality or political subdivision of this state may contract with
- 13 one or more adjacent municipalities or political subdivisions to share the tax

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

revenues of such cooperating entities that are generated from real property and the improvements constructed thereon, if such real property is located within the boundaries of either or both municipalities or subdivisions and within three thousand feet of a common border of the contracting municipalities or political subdivisions. The purpose of such contract shall be within the scope of powers of each municipality or political subdivision. Municipalities or political subdivisions separated only by a public street, easement, or right-of-way shall be considered to share a common border for purposes of this subsection.

- 3. Any home rule city with more than seventy-three thousand but fewer than seventy-five thousand inhabitants may contract with any county of the first classification with more than eighty-five thousand nine hundred but fewer than eighty-six thousand inhabitants to share tax revenues for the purpose of promoting tourism and the construction, maintenance, and improvement of convention center and recreational facilities. In the event an agreement for the distribution of tax revenues is entered into between a county of the first classification with more than eighty-five thousand nine hundred but fewer than eighty-six thousand inhabitants and a home rule city with more than seventy-three thousand but fewer than seventy-five thousand inhabitants, then all revenue received from such taxes shall be distributed in accordance with the terms of said agreement. For purposes of this subsection, the term "tax revenues" shall include tax revenues generated from the imposition of a transient guest tax imposed under the provisions of section 67.1361.
- 4. If any contract or cooperative action entered into under this section is between a municipality or political subdivision and an elective or appointive official of another municipality or political subdivision, such contract or cooperative action shall be approved by the governing body of the unit of government in which such elective or appointive official resides.
- 5. In the event an agreement for the distribution of tax revenues is entered into between a county of the first classification without a charter form of government and a constitutional charter city with a population of more than one hundred forty thousand that is located in said county prior to a vote to authorize the imposition of such tax, then all revenue received from such tax shall be distributed in accordance with said agreement for so long as the tax remains in effect or until the agreement is modified by mutual agreement of the parties.
- 6. Whenever any government entity mentioned in this section shall enter into any of the agreements authorized by this section with

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an entity organized under chapter 355, the entity shall be required, as a condition of the agreement, to make its financial statements available to the public in a form consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and to make its records available for inspection by the governmental entity or its auditors.

160.405. 1. A person, group or organization seeking to establish a charter school shall submit the proposed charter, as provided in this section, to a sponsor. If the sponsor is not a school board, the applicant shall give a copy of its application to the school board of the district in which the charter school is to be located and to the state board of education, within five business days of the date the application is filed with the proposed sponsor. The school board may file objections with the proposed sponsor, and, if a charter is granted, the school board may file objections with the state board of education. The charter shall include a legally binding performance contract that describes the obligations and responsibilities of the school and the sponsor as outlined in sections 160.400 to 160.425 and section 167.349 and shall address the following:

- (1) A mission and vision statement for the charter school;
- 13 (2) A description of the charter school's organizational structure and 14 bylaws of the governing body, which will be responsible for the policy, financial 15 management, and operational decisions of the charter school, including the nature 16 and extent of parental, professional educator, and community involvement in the 17 governance and operation of the charter school;
  - (3) A financial plan for the first three years of operation of the charter school including provisions for annual audits;
- 20 (4) A description of the charter school's policy for securing personnel 21 services, its personnel policies, personnel qualifications, and professional 22 development plan;
  - (5) A description of the grades or ages of students being served;
- 24 (6) The school's calendar of operation, which shall include at least the 25 equivalent of a full school term as defined in section 160.011;
- 26 (7) A description of the charter school's pupil performance standards and academic program performance standards, which shall meet the requirements of subdivision (6) of subsection 4 of this section. The charter school program shall be designed to enable each pupil to achieve such standards and shall contain a complete set of indicators, measures, metrics, and targets for academic program performance, including specific goals on graduation rates and standardized test

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- 33 (8) A description of the charter school's educational program and 34 curriculum;
  - (9) The term of the charter, which shall be five years and may be renewed;
- 36 (10) Procedures, consistent with the Missouri financial accounting manual, for monitoring the financial accountability of the charter, which shall 37 meet the requirements of subdivision (4) of subsection 4 of this section; 38
  - (11) Preopening requirements for applications that require that charter schools meet all health, safety, and other legal requirements prior to opening;
- (12) A description of the charter school's policies on student discipline and student admission, which shall include a statement, where applicable, of the 43 validity of attendance of students who do not reside in the district but who may be eligible to attend under the terms of judicial settlements and procedures that 44 ensure admission of students with disabilities in a nondiscriminatory manner;
- 46 (13) A description of the charter school's grievance procedure for parents 47 or guardians;
- 48 (14) A description of the agreement and time frame for implementation between the charter school and the sponsor as to when a sponsor shall intervene 49 50 in a charter school, when a sponsor shall revoke a charter for failure to comply with subsection 8 of this section, and when a sponsor will not renew a charter 51 52 under subsection 9 of this section;
  - (15) Procedures to be implemented if the charter school should close, as provided in subdivision (6) of subsection 16 of section 160.400 including:
- (a) Orderly transition of student records to new schools and archival of 56 student records;
- (b) Archival of business operation and transfer or repository of personnel 57 records; 58
  - (c) Submission of final financial reports;
    - (d) Resolution of any remaining financial obligations;
  - (e) Disposition of the charter school's assets upon closure; and
- 62 (f) A notification plan to inform parents or guardians of students, the local school district, the retirement system in which the charter school's employees 63 participate, and the state board of education within thirty days of the decision to 65 close;
- 66 (16) A description of the special education and related services that shall 67 be available to meet the needs of students with disabilities; and

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68 (17) For all new or revised charters, procedures to be used upon closure 69 of the charter school requiring that unobligated assets of the charter school be 70 returned to the department of elementary and secondary education for their 71 disposition, which upon receipt of such assets shall return them to the local 72 school district in which the school was located, the state, or any other entity to 73 which they would belong.

- 74 Charter schools operating on August 27, 2012, shall have until August 28, 2015, to meet the requirements of this subsection.
  - 2. Proposed charters shall be subject to the following requirements:
  - (1) A charter shall be submitted to the sponsor, and follow the sponsor's policies and procedures for review and granting of a charter approval, and be approved by the state board of education by January thirty-first prior to the school year of the proposed opening date of the charter school;
  - (2) A charter may be approved when the sponsor determines that the requirements of this section are met, determines that the applicant is sufficiently qualified to operate a charter school, and that the proposed charter is consistent with the sponsor's charter sponsorship goals and capacity. The sponsor's decision of approval or denial shall be made within ninety days of the filing of the proposed charter;
  - (3) If the charter is denied, the proposed sponsor shall notify the applicant in writing as to the reasons for its denial and forward a copy to the state board of education within five business days following the denial;
- 90 (4) If a proposed charter is denied by a sponsor, the proposed charter may 91 be submitted to the state board of education, along with the sponsor's written 92 reasons for its denial. If the state board determines that the applicant meets the requirements of this section, that the applicant is sufficiently qualified to operate 93 the charter school, and that granting a charter to the applicant would be likely 94 to provide educational benefit to the children of the district, the state board may 95 grant a charter and act as sponsor of the charter school. The state board shall 96 97 review the proposed charter and make a determination of whether to deny or grant the proposed charter within sixty days of receipt of the proposed charter, 98 99 provided that any charter to be considered by the state board of education under 100 this subdivision shall be submitted no later than March first prior to the school 101 year in which the charter school intends to begin operations. The state board of 102 education shall notify the applicant in writing as the reasons for its denial, if 103 applicable; and

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104 (5) The sponsor of a charter school shall give priority to charter school 105 applicants that propose a school oriented to high-risk students and to the reentry of dropouts into the school system. If a sponsor grants three or more charters, 106 107 at least one-third of the charters granted by the sponsor shall be to schools that actively recruit dropouts or high-risk students as their student body and address 108 the needs of dropouts or high-risk students through their proposed mission, 109 curriculum, teaching methods, and services. For purposes of this subsection, a 110 111 "high-risk" student is one who is at least one year behind in satisfactory completion of course work or obtaining high school credits for graduation, has 112 113 dropped out of school, is at risk of dropping out of school, needs drug and alcohol 114 treatment, has severe behavioral problems, has been suspended from school three 115 or more times, has a history of severe truancy, is a pregnant or parenting teen, 116 has been referred for enrollment by the judicial system, is exiting incarceration, is a refugee, is homeless or has been homeless sometime within the preceding six 117118 months, has been referred by an area school district for enrollment in an alternative program, or qualifies as high risk under department of elementary 119 120 and secondary education guidelines. Dropout shall be defined through the 121 guidelines of the school core data report. The provisions of this subsection do not 122 apply to charters sponsored by the state board of education.

- 3. If a charter is approved by a sponsor, the charter application shall be submitted to the state board of education, along with a statement of finding by the sponsor that the application meets the requirements of sections 160.400 to 160.425 and section 167.349 and a monitoring plan under which the charter sponsor shall evaluate the academic performance, including annual performance reports, of students enrolled in the charter school. The state board of education shall approve or deny a charter application within sixty days of receipt of the application. The state board of education may deny a charter on grounds that the application fails to meet the requirements of sections 160.400 to 160.425 and section 167.349 or that a charter sponsor previously failed to meet the statutory responsibilities of a charter sponsor. Any denial of a charter application made by the state board of education shall be in writing and shall identify the specific failures of the application to meet the requirements of sections 160.400 to 160.425 and section 167.349, and the written denial shall be provided within ten business days to the sponsor.
  - 4. A charter school shall, as provided in its charter:
  - (1) Be nonsectarian in its programs, admission policies, employment

140 practices, and all other operations;

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- (2) Comply with laws and regulations of the state, county, or city relating to health, safety, and state minimum educational standards, as specified by the state board of education, including the requirements relating to student discipline under sections 160.261, 167.161, 167.164, and 167.171, notification of criminal conduct to law enforcement authorities under sections 167.115 to 167.117, academic assessment under section 160.518, transmittal of school records under section 167.020, the minimum amount of school time required under section 171.031, and the employee criminal history background check and the family care safety registry check under section 168.133;
  - (3) Except as provided in sections 160.400 to 160.425 and as specifically provided in other sections, be exempt from all laws and rules relating to schools, governing boards and school districts;
- 153 (4) Be financially accountable, use practices consistent with the Missouri 154 financial accounting manual, provide for an annual audit by a certified public 155 accountant, publish audit reports and annual financial reports as provided in 156 chapter 165 and make such reports available to the public, provided that the annual financial report may be published on the department of elementary 157 158 and secondary education's internet website in addition to other publishing 159 requirements, and provide liability insurance to indemnify the school, its board, staff and teachers against tort claims. A charter school that receives local 160 educational agency status under subsection 6 of this section shall meet the 161 162 requirements imposed by the Elementary and Secondary Education Act for audits 163 of such agencies and comply with all federal audit requirements for charters with 164 local educational agency status. For purposes of an audit by petition under 165 section 29.230, a charter school shall be treated as a political subdivision on the same terms and conditions as the school district in which it is located. For the 166 167 purposes of securing such insurance, a charter school shall be eligible for the 168 Missouri public entity risk management fund pursuant to section 537.700. A 169 charter school that incurs debt shall include a repayment plan in its financial 170 plan;
- 171 (5) Provide a comprehensive program of instruction for at least one grade 172 or age group from early childhood through grade twelve, as specified in its 173 charter;
- 174 (6) (a) Design a method to measure pupil progress toward the pupil 175 academic standards adopted by the state board of education pursuant to section

160.514, establish baseline student performance in accordance with the performance contract during the first year of operation, collect student performance data as defined by the annual performance report throughout the duration of the charter to annually monitor student academic performance, and to the extent applicable based upon grade levels offered by the charter school, participate in the statewide system of assessments, comprised of the essential skills tests and the nationally standardized norm-referenced achievement tests, as designated by the state board pursuant to section 160.518, complete and distribute an annual report card as prescribed in section 160.522, which shall also include a statement that background checks have been completed on the charter school's board members, and report to its sponsor, the local school district, and the state board of education as to its teaching methods and any educational innovations and the results thereof. No charter school shall be considered in the Missouri school improvement program review of the district in which it is located for the resource or process standards of the program.

- (b) For proposed high-risk or alternative charter schools, sponsors shall approve performance measures based on mission, curriculum, teaching methods, and services. Sponsors shall also approve comprehensive academic and behavioral measures to determine whether students are meeting performance standards on a different time frame as specified in that school's charter. Student performance shall be assessed comprehensively to determine whether a high-risk or alternative charter school has documented adequate student progress. Student performance shall be based on sponsor-approved comprehensive measures as well as standardized public school measures. Annual presentation of charter school report card data to the department of elementary and secondary education, the state board, and the public shall include comprehensive measures of student progress.
- (c) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed as permitting a charter school to be held to lower performance standards than other public schools within a district; however, the charter of a charter school may permit students to meet performance standards on a different time frame as specified in its charter. The performance standards for alternative and special purpose charter schools that target high-risk students as defined in subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section shall be based on measures defined in the school's performance contract with its sponsors;
  - (7) Comply with all applicable federal and state laws and regulations

212 regarding students with disabilities, including sections 162.670 to 162.710, the

- 213 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. Section 1400) and Section
- 214 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. Section 794) or successor 215 legislation;
- 216 (8) Provide along with any request for review by the state board of 217 education the following:
- 218 (a) Documentation that the applicant has provided a copy of the 219 application to the school board of the district in which the charter school is to be 220 located, except in those circumstances where the school district is the sponsor of 221 the charter school; and
- 222 (b) A statement outlining the reasons for approval or denial by the 223 sponsor, specifically addressing the requirements of sections 160.400 to 160.425 224 and 167.349.
  - 5. (1) Proposed or existing high-risk or alternative charter schools may include alternative arrangements for students to obtain credit for satisfying graduation requirements in the school's charter application and charter. Alternative arrangements may include, but not be limited to, credit for off-campus instruction, embedded credit, work experience through an internship arranged through the school, and independent studies. When the state board of education approves the charter, any such alternative arrangements shall be approved at such time.
  - (2) The department of elementary and secondary education shall conduct a study of any charter school granted alternative arrangements for students to obtain credit under this subsection after three years of operation to assess student performance, graduation rates, educational outcomes, and entry into the workforce or higher education.
  - 6. The charter of a charter school may be amended at the request of the governing body of the charter school and on the approval of the sponsor. The sponsor and the governing board and staff of the charter school shall jointly review the school's performance, management and operations during the first year of operation and then every other year after the most recent review or at any point where the operation or management of the charter school is changed or transferred to another entity, either public or private. The governing board of a charter school may amend the charter, if the sponsor approves such amendment, or the sponsor and the governing board may reach an agreement in writing to reflect the charter school's decision to become a local educational agency. In such

- 248 case the sponsor shall give the department of elementary and secondary
- 249 education written notice no later than March first of any year, with the
- 250 agreement to become effective July first. The department may waive the March
- 251 first notice date in its discretion. The department shall identify and furnish a list
- 252 of its regulations that pertain to local educational agencies to such schools within
- 253 thirty days of receiving such notice.
- 7. Sponsors shall annually review the charter school's compliance with
- 255 statutory standards including:
- 256 (1) Participation in the statewide system of assessments, as designated
- 257 by the state board of education under section 160.518;
- 258 (2) Assurances for the completion and distribution of an annual report
- 259 card as prescribed in section 160.522;
- 260 (3) The collection of baseline data during the first three years of operation
- 261 to determine the longitudinal success of the charter school;
- 262 (4) A method to measure pupil progress toward the pupil academic
- 263 standards adopted by the state board of education under section 160.514; and
- 264 (5) Publication of each charter school's annual performance report.
- 8. (1) (a) A sponsor's policies shall give schools clear, adequate,
- 266 evidence-based, and timely notice of contract violations or performance
- 267 deficiencies and mandate intervention based upon findings of the state board of
- 268 education of the following:
- a. The charter school provides a high school program which fails to
- 270 maintain a graduation rate of at least seventy percent in three of the last four
- 271 school years unless the school has dropout recovery as its mission;
- b. The charter school's annual performance report results are below the
- 273 district's annual performance report results based on the performance standards
- 274 that are applicable to the grade level configuration of both the charter school and
- 275 the district in which the charter school is located in three of the last four school
- 276 years; and
- 277 c. The charter school is identified as a persistently lowest achieving school
- 278 by the department of elementary and secondary education.
- (b) A sponsor shall have a policy to revoke a charter during the charter
- 280 term if there is:
- a. Clear evidence of underperformance as demonstrated in the charter
- 282 school's annual performance report in three of the last four school years; or
- b. A violation of the law or the public trust that imperils students or

284 public funds.

- (c) A sponsor shall revoke a charter or take other appropriate remedial action, which may include placing the charter school on probationary status for no more than twenty-four months, provided that no more than one designation of probationary status shall be allowed for the duration of the charter contract, at any time if the charter school commits a serious breach of one or more provisions of its charter or on any of the following grounds: failure to meet the performance contract as set forth in its charter, failure to meet generally accepted standards of fiscal management, failure to provide information necessary to confirm compliance with all provisions of the charter and sections 160.400 to 160.425 and 167.349 within forty-five days following receipt of written notice requesting such information, or violation of law.
- (2) The sponsor may place the charter school on probationary status to allow the implementation of a remedial plan, which may require a change of methodology, a change in leadership, or both, after which, if such plan is unsuccessful, the charter may be revoked.
- (3) At least sixty days before acting to revoke a charter, the sponsor shall notify the governing board of the charter school of the proposed action in writing. The notice shall state the grounds for the proposed action. The school's governing board may request in writing a hearing before the sponsor within two weeks of receiving the notice.
- (4) The sponsor of a charter school shall establish procedures to conduct administrative hearings upon determination by the sponsor that grounds exist to revoke a charter. Final decisions of a sponsor from hearings conducted pursuant to this subsection are subject to an appeal to the state board of education, which shall determine whether the charter shall be revoked.
- (5) A termination shall be effective only at the conclusion of the school year, unless the sponsor determines that continued operation of the school presents a clear and immediate threat to the health and safety of the children.
- 313 (6) A charter sponsor shall make available the school accountability report 314 card information as provided under section 160.522 and the results of the 315 academic monitoring required under subsection 3 of this section.
- 9. (1) A sponsor shall take all reasonable steps necessary to confirm that each charter school sponsored by such sponsor is in material compliance and remains in material compliance with all material provisions of the charter and sections 160.400 to 160.425 and 167.349. Every charter school shall provide all

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320 information necessary to confirm ongoing compliance with all provisions of its 321 charter and sections 160.400 to 160.425 and 167.349 in a timely manner to its 322 sponsor.

- 323 (2) The sponsor's renewal process of the charter school shall be based on 324the thorough analysis of a comprehensive body of objective evidence and consider 325 if:
- 326 (a) The charter school has maintained results on its annual performance report that meet or exceed the district in which the charter school is located 327 328 based on the performance standards that are applicable to the grade-level 329 configuration of both the charter school and the district in which the charter 330 school is located in three of the last four school years;
  - (b) The charter school is organizationally and fiscally viable determining at a minimum that the school does not have:
  - a. A negative balance in its operating funds;
- 334 b. A combined balance of less than three percent of the amount expended for such funds during the previous fiscal year; or 335
- 336 c. Expenditures that exceed receipts for the most recently completed fiscal 337 year;
- 338 (c) The charter is in compliance with its legally binding performance 339 contract and sections 160.400 to 160.425 and section 167.349; and
- (d) The charter school has an annual performance report consistent with a classification of accredited for three of the last four years and is fiscally viable 342 as described in paragraph (b) of this subdivision. If such is the case, the charter 343 school may have an expedited renewal process as defined by rule of the 344 department of elementary and secondary education.
- (3) (a) Beginning August first during the year in which a charter is 345 considered for renewal, a charter school sponsor shall demonstrate to the state 346 board of education that the charter school is in compliance with federal and state 347 law as provided in sections 160.400 to 160.425 and section 167.349 and the 348 349 school's performance contract including but not limited to those requirements specific to academic performance. 350
- 351 (b) Along with data reflecting the academic performance standards 352 indicated in paragraph (a) of this subdivision, the sponsor shall submit a revised 353 charter application to the state board of education for review.
- 354 (c) Using the data requested and the revised charter application under 355 paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision, the state board of education shall

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determine if compliance with all standards enumerated in this subdivision has been achieved. The state board of education at its next regularly scheduled meeting shall vote on the revised charter application.

- 359 (d) If a charter school sponsor demonstrates the objectives identified in 360 this subdivision, the state board of education shall renew the school's charter.
- 361 10. A school district may enter into a lease with a charter school for 362 physical facilities.
- 363 11. A governing board or a school district employee who has control over 364 personnel actions shall not take unlawful reprisal against another employee at 365 the school district because the employee is directly or indirectly involved in an application to establish a charter school. A governing board or a school district 366 367 employee shall not take unlawful reprisal against an educational program of the 368 school or the school district because an application to establish a charter school proposes the conversion of all or a portion of the educational program to a charter 369 370 school. As used in this subsection, "unlawful reprisal" means an action that is 371 taken by a governing board or a school district employee as a direct result of a 372 lawful application to establish a charter school and that is adverse to another 373 employee or an educational program.
  - 12. Charter school board members shall be subject to the same liability for acts while in office as if they were regularly and duly elected members of school boards in any other public school district in this state. The governing board of a charter school may participate, to the same extent as a school board, in the Missouri public entity risk management fund in the manner provided under sections 537.700 to 537.756.
- 380 13. Any entity, either public or private, operating, administering, or 381 otherwise managing a charter school shall be considered a quasi-public 382 governmental body and subject to the provisions of sections 610.010 to 610.035.
  - 14. The chief financial officer of a charter school shall maintain:
- 384 (1) A surety bond in an amount determined by the sponsor to be adequate 385 based on the cash flow of the school; [or]
- 386 (2) An insurance policy issued by an insurance company licensed to do 387 business in Missouri on all employees in the amount of five hundred thousand 388 dollars or more that provides coverage in the event of employee theft; or
  - (3) The financial statements of the charter school sponsor in a manner consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and make such financial statements available to the public.

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392 15. The department of elementary and secondary education shall calculate 393 an annual performance report for each charter school and shall publish it in the 394 same manner as annual performance reports are calculated and published for 395 districts and attendance centers.

16. The joint committee on education shall create a committee to investigate facility access and affordability for charter schools. The committee shall be comprised of equal numbers of the charter school sector and the public school sector and shall report its findings to the general assembly by December 31, 2016.

355.846. 1. Except as provided in the articles or bylaws of a public benefit corporation which is a church or convention or association of churches, a corporation upon written demand from a member or resident shall furnish that member or resident its latest annual financial statements, which may be consolidated or combined statements of the corporation and one or more of its subsidiaries or affiliates, as appropriate, that include a balance sheet as of the end of the fiscal year and statement of operations for that year. If financial statements are prepared for the corporation on the basis of generally accepted 9 accounting principles, the annual financial statements must also be prepared on that basis. 10

- 2. If annual financial statements are reported upon by a certified public accountant, the accountant's report must accompany them. If not, the statements must be accompanied by the statement of the president or the person responsible 14 for the corporation's financial accounting records:
- 15 (1) Stating the president's or other person's reasonable belief as to 16 whether the statements were prepared on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles and, if not, describing the basis of preparation; and 17
- 18 (2) Describing any respects in which the statements were not prepared on 19 a basis of accounting consistent with the statements prepared for the preceding 20 year.
  - 3. Notwithstanding any provision of the articles or bylaws any corporation formed under this chapter that has a contract with the state or a political subdivision thereof the revenues from which exceed fifty percent of the entity's revenue for any year shall make its annual financial statements available to the government entity from which it receives such revenue and to the public.