#### SECOND REGULAR SESSION

# SENATE BILL NO. 585

### 99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR NASHEED.

Pre-filed December 1, 2017, and ordered printed.

4454S.02I

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

## AN ACT

To repeal sections 213.010, 213.070, 213.075, and 213.111, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof four new sections relating to unlawful discriminatory practices.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 213.010, 213.070, 213.075, and 213.111, RSMo, are

- 2 repealed and four new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections
- 3 213.010, 213.070, 213.075, and 213.111, to read as follows:

213.010. As used in this chapter, the following terms shall mean:

- 2 (1) "Age", an age of forty or more years but less than seventy years, except
- 3 that it shall not be an unlawful employment practice for an employer to require
- 4 the compulsory retirement of any person who has attained the age of sixty-five
- 5 and who, for the two-year period immediately before retirement, is employed in
- 6 a bona fide executive or high policy-making position, if such person is entitled to
- 7 an immediate nonforfeitable annual retirement benefit from a pension, profit
- 8 sharing, savings or deferred compensation plan, or any combination of such plans,
- 9 of the employer, which equals, in the aggregate, at least forty-four thousand
- 10 dollars;
- 11 (2) "Because" or "because of", as it relates to the adverse decision or
- 12 action, the protected criterion was the motivating factor;
- 13 (3) "Commission", the Missouri commission on human rights;
- 14 (4) "Complainant", a person who has filed a complaint with the
- 15 commission alleging that another person has engaged in a prohibited
- 16 discriminatory practice;
- 17 (5) "Disability", a physical or mental impairment which substantially
- 18 limits one or more of a person's major life activities, being regarded as having

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

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such an impairment, or a record of having such an impairment, which with or without reasonable accommodation does not interfere with performing the job, utilizing the place of public accommodation, or occupying the dwelling in question. For purposes of this chapter, the term "disability" does not include current, illegal use of or addiction to a controlled substance as such term is defined by section 195.010; however, a person may be considered to have a disability if that person:

- 26 (a) Has successfully completed a supervised drug rehabilitation program 27 and is no longer engaging in the illegal use of, and is not currently addicted to, 28 a controlled substance or has otherwise been rehabilitated successfully and is no 29 longer engaging in such use and is not currently addicted;
  - (b) Is participating in a supervised rehabilitation program and is no longer engaging in illegal use of controlled substances; or
- 32 (c) Is erroneously regarded as currently illegally using, or being addicted 33 to, a controlled substance;
- 34 (6) "Discrimination", conduct proscribed herein, taken because of race, 35 color, religion, national origin, ancestry, sex, or age as it relates to employment, 36 disability, or familial status as it relates to housing;
- 37 (7) "Dwelling", any building, structure or portion thereof which is occupied 38 as, or designed or intended for occupancy as, a residence by one or more families, 39 and any vacant land which is offered for sale or lease for the construction or 40 location thereon of any such building, structure or portion thereof;
  - (8) "Employer", a person engaged in an industry affecting commerce who has six or more employees for each working day in each of twenty or more calendar weeks in the current or preceding calendar year, and shall include the state, or any political or civil subdivision thereof, or any person employing six or more persons within the state but does not include corporations and associations owned or operated by religious or sectarian organizations. "Employer" shall not include:
- 48 (a) The United States;
  - (b) A corporation wholly owned by the government of the United States;
- 50 (c) An individual employed by an employer, unless said individual was
  51 directly involved in the alleged unlawful discriminatory practice;
  - (d) An Indian tribe;
- 53 (e) Any department or agency of the District of Columbia subject by 54 statute to procedures of the competitive service, as defined in 5 U.S.C. Section

#### 55 [2101] **2102**; or

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- 56 (f) A bona fide private membership club, other than a labor organization, that is exempt from taxation under 26 U.S.C. Section 501(c); 57
- 58 (9) "Employment agency" includes any person or agency, public or private, 59 regularly undertaking with or without compensation to procure employees for an 60 employer or to procure for employees opportunities to work for an employer;
- 61 (10) "Executive director", the executive director of the Missouri 62 commission on human rights;
- 63 (11) "Familial status", one or more individuals who have not attained the 64 age of eighteen years being domiciled with:
  - (a) A parent or another person having legal custody of such individual; or
  - (b) The designee of such parent or other person having such custody, with the written permission of such parent or other person. The protections afforded against discrimination because of familial status shall apply to any person who is pregnant or is in the process of securing legal custody of any individual who has not attained the age of eighteen years;
- (12) "Human rights fund", a fund established to receive civil penalties as 72 required by federal regulations and as set forth by subdivision (2) of subsection 73 11 of section 213.075, and which will be disbursed to offset additional expenses related to compliance with the Department of Housing and Urban Development 7475 regulations;
  - (13) "Labor organization" includes any organization which exists for the purpose, in whole or in part, of collective bargaining or of dealing with employers concerning grievances, terms or conditions of employment, or for other mutual aid or protection in relation to employment;
- 80 (14) "Local commissions", any commission or agency established prior to 81 August 13, 1986, by an ordinance or order adopted by the governing body of any 82 city, constitutional charter city, town, village, or county;
- 83 (15) "Person" includes one or more individuals, corporations, partnerships, associations, organizations, labor organizations, legal representatives, mutual 84 companies, joint stock companies, trusts, trustees, trustees in bankruptcy, 85 receivers, fiduciaries, or other organized groups of persons; 86
- 87 (16) "Places of public accommodation", all places or businesses offering or 88 holding out to the general public, goods, services, privileges, facilities, advantages 89 or accommodations for the peace, comfort, health, welfare and safety of the 90 general public or such public places providing food, shelter, recreation and

- 91 amusement, including, but not limited to:
- 92 (a) Any inn, hotel, motel, or other establishment which provides lodging 93 to transient guests, other than an establishment located within a building which 94 contains not more than five rooms for rent or hire and which is actually occupied
- 95 by the proprietor of such establishment as his residence;
- 96 (b) Any restaurant, cafeteria, lunchroom, lunch counter, soda fountain, or 97 other facility principally engaged in selling food for consumption on the premises, 98 including, but not limited to, any such facility located on the premises of any
- 99 retail establishment;
- 100 (c) Any gasoline station, including all facilities located on the premises of 101 such gasoline station and made available to the patrons thereof;
- 102 (d) Any motion picture house, theater, concert hall, sports arena, stadium, 103 or other place of exhibition or entertainment;
- 104 (e) Any public facility owned, operated, or managed by or on behalf of this 105 state or any agency or subdivision thereof, or any public corporation; and any 106 such facility supported in whole or in part by public funds;
- 107 (f) Any establishment which is physically located within the premises of 108 any establishment otherwise covered by this section or within the premises of 109 which is physically located any such covered establishment, and which holds itself 110 out as serving patrons of such covered establishment;
- 111 (17) "Rent" includes to lease, to sublease, to let and otherwise to grant for 112 consideration the right to occupy premises not owned by the occupant;
- 113 (18) "Respondent", a person who is alleged to have engaged in a prohibited 114 discriminatory practice in a complaint filed with the commission;
- 115 (19) "The motivating factor", the employee's protected classification 116 actually played a role in the adverse action or decision and had a determinative 117 influence on the adverse decision or action;
- 118 (20) "Unlawful discriminatory practice", any act that is unlawful under 119 this chapter.
  - 213.070. 1. It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice for an employer, employment agency, labor organization, a person or other entity accused in a complaint of an unfair housing practice, or place of public accommodation:
  - 5 (1) To aid, abet, incite, compel, or coerce the commission of acts prohibited 6 under this chapter or to attempt to do so;
  - 7 (2) To retaliate or discriminate in any manner against any other person

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8 because such person has opposed any practice prohibited by this chapter or

- 9 because such person has filed a complaint, testified, assisted, or participated in
- 10 any manner in any investigation, proceeding or hearing conducted pursuant to
- 11 this chapter;

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- 12 (3) For the state or any political subdivision of this state to discriminate 13 on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, ancestry, age, as it 14 relates to employment, disability, or familial status as it relates to housing; or
- 15 (4) To discriminate in any manner against any other person because of such person's association with any person protected by this chapter.
  - 2. This chapter, in addition to [chapter 285 and chapter] **chapters 285** and 287, shall provide the exclusive remedy for any and all [claims for injury or damages arising out of an employment relationship] **unlawful employment** practices articulated herein.

213.075. 1. As a jurisdictional condition precedent to filing a civil action under this chapter, any person claiming to be aggrieved by an unlawful discriminatory practice shall make, sign and file with the commission a verified complaint in writing, within one hundred eighty days of the alleged act of discrimination, which shall state the name and address of the employer, 5 employment agency, labor organization, a person or other entity accused in 6 7 a complaint of an unfair housing practice, or place of public accommodation alleged to have committed the unlawful discriminatory practice and which shall set forth the particulars thereof and such other information as may be required 10 by the commission. The complainant's agent, attorney or the attorney general may, in like manner, make, sign and file such complaint. The failure to timely 11 12 file a complaint with the commission shall deprive the commission of jurisdiction to investigate the complaint. The commission shall make a determination as to 13 its jurisdiction with respect to all complaints. Notwithstanding any other 14 provision of this chapter to the contrary, if a complaint is not filed with the 15 commission within one hundred eighty days of the alleged act of discrimination, 16 the commission shall lack jurisdiction to take any action on such a complaint 17 other than to dismiss the complaint for lack of jurisdiction. The failure to timely 18 file a complaint with the commission may be raised as a complete defense by a 19 20 respondent or defendant at any time, either during the administrative proceedings before the commission, or in subsequent litigation, regardless of 2122 whether the commission has issued the person claiming to be aggrieved a letter indicating his or her right to bring a civil action and regardless of whether the

- 24 employer asserted the defense before the commission.
  - 2. Any complaint which is filed with the federal Equal Employment Opportunity Commission or other federal agencies with which the commission has a work-sharing or deferral agreement, or with a local commission which has been certified as substantially equivalent by the commission, shall be deemed filed with the commission on the date that such complaint is received by such federal agency or local commission. A copy of all complaints filed with a local commission with the authority to enforce the provisions of this chapter is to be forwarded to the commission within seven days of the filing thereof with such local commission. If a local commission has jurisdiction to hear a complaint filed with the commission, such complaint shall be deemed to have been filed with the commission on the date on which such complaint was filed with the commission. The commission shall, within seven days of the receipt of a complaint which a local commission has jurisdiction to hear, forward a copy thereof to such local commission.
  - 3. After the filing of any complaint, the executive director shall, with the assistance of the commission's staff, promptly investigate the complaint, and if the director determines after the investigation that probable cause exists for crediting the allegations of the complaint, the executive director shall immediately endeavor to eliminate the unlawful discriminatory practice complained of by conference, conciliation and persuasion, and shall report the results to the commission. The investigation, determination of probable cause and conciliation shall be conducted according to such rules, regulations and guidelines as the commission shall prescribe.
  - 4. A person who is not named as a respondent in a complaint, but who is identified as a respondent in the course of investigation, may be joined as an additional or substitute respondent upon written notice, pursuant to such rules, regulations, and guidelines as the commission shall prescribe. Such notice, in addition to complying with the requirements of such rules, regulations, and guidelines, shall also state the reason why the person to whom the notice is addressed has been joined as a party.
  - 5. In case of failure to eliminate such discriminatory practice as found in the investigation, if in the judgment of the chairperson of the commission circumstances so warrant, there shall be issued and served in the name of the commission, a written notice, together with a copy of the complaint, as it may have been amended, requiring the person named in the complaint, hereinafter

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referred to as "respondent", to answer the charges of the complaint at a hearing, at a time and place to be specified in the notice, before a panel of at least three 62 members of the commission sitting as the commission or before a hearing examiner licensed to practice law in this state who shall be appointed by the 63 executive director and approved by the commission. The place of the hearing 64 shall be in the office of the commission or such other place designated by it, 65 except that if the respondent so requests, in writing, the hearing shall be held in the county of such person's residence or business location at the time of the 67 alleged unlawful discriminatory practice. A copy of the notice shall also be served 68 69 on the complainants.

- 6. In all cases where a written notice of hearing has been issued and a party has not elected the option to proceed in circuit court as set forth in section 213.076, the procedures set forth for a hearing shall apply.
- 7. The commission shall be a party to the action and shall be represented before the panel or the hearing examiner by the office of the attorney general or, when so delegated by the attorney general, a staff attorney of the commission. Neither the hearing examiner nor any member of the panel shall have participated in the investigation of the complaint. Evidence concerning endeavors at conciliation shall be excluded.
- 79 8. The respondent may file a written verified answer to the complaint and 80 appear at the hearing in person or otherwise with or without counsel, and submit 81 testimony. At the discretion of the hearing examiner or the panel, the 82 complainant may be allowed to intervene, thereby becoming a party to the action 83 with the right to present testimony in person or by counsel, provided the 84 complainant at all times shall be treated as a party for the purpose of discovery and the taking of depositions. The commission or complainant intervenor shall 85 have the power to reasonably and fairly amend any complaint, and the 86 87 respondent shall have like power to amend any answer. The testimony taken at the hearing shall be under oath and be transcribed. 88
- 9. In any contested case before the commission, any party may take and use written interrogatories, requests for production of documents and other materials, and requests for admissions, and all other forms of discovery authorized by rules of civil procedure in the same manner, upon, and under the same conditions, and upon the same notice, as is or may hereafter be provided for with respect to the taking and using of written interrogatories, requests for production of documents and other materials, and requests for admissions, and

96 all other forms of discovery authorized by rules of civil procedure in civil actions 97 in the circuit court. The panel or hearing examiner shall have the authority to 98 impose sanctions in the same manner as set forth in the rules of civil procedure.

- 99 10. The hearing shall be conducted in the manner provided by chapter 100 536.
  - 11. When the case is heard by a panel of the commission, the chairperson of the commission shall select the hearing panel and the presiding officer. The presiding officer shall have full authority to call and examine witnesses, admit or exclude evidence and rule upon all motions and objections. The panel shall state its findings of fact and conclusions of law, and if, upon all the evidence at the hearing, the panel finds:
  - (1) That a respondent has engaged in an unlawful discriminatory practice as defined in this chapter, the commission shall issue and cause to be served on the respondent an order requiring the respondent to cease and desist from the unlawful discriminatory practice. The order shall require the respondent to take such affirmative action, as in the panel's judgment will implement the purposes of this chapter, including, but not limited to, payment of back pay; hiring; reinstatement or upgrading; restoration to membership in any respondent labor organization; the extension of full, equal and unsegregated housing; the extension of full, equal and unsegregated public accommodations; extension of a commercial real estate loan or other financial assistance; extension or restoration of membership or participation in any multiple listing service or other real estate service organization or facility; payment of actual damages; and the submission of a report of the manner of compliance;
  - (2) That a respondent has engaged or is about to engage in a violation of section 213.040, 213.045, 213.050, or 213.070, to the extent that the alleged violation of section 213.070 relates to or involves a violation of one or more of such other sections or relates to or involves the encouraging, aiding, or abetting of a violation of such other sections, the commission may, in addition to the relief provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection, assess a civil penalty against the respondent, for purposes of vindicating the public interest:
  - (a) In an amount not exceeding two thousand dollars if the respondent has not been adjudged to have violated one or more of the sections enumerated in subdivision (2) of this subsection within five years of the date of the filing of the complaint;
    - (b) In an amount not exceeding five thousand dollars if the respondent

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has been adjudged to have committed one violation of the sections enumerated in subdivision (2) of this subsection within five years of the date on which the complaint is filed;

- 135 (c) In an amount not exceeding ten thousand dollars if the respondent has 136 been adjudged to have committed two or more prior violations of the sections 137 enumerated in subdivision (2) of this subsection within seven years of the date 138 on which the complaint is filed.
- All civil penalties set forth in this subsection shall be paid to the human rights fund.
- 12. If, upon all the evidence, the panel finds that a respondent has not engaged in any unlawful discriminatory practice, the panel shall state its findings of fact and conclusions of law and shall issue and cause to be served on the complainant and respondent an order dismissing the complaint.
  - 13. When the case is heard by a hearing examiner, the examiner shall have all powers described in subdivision (8) of section 213.030 and subsection 11 of this section, for the purpose of the hearing. The hearing examiner shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law and shall recommend to the commission an order granting such relief as provided in subsection 11 of this section or dismissing the complaint as to the respondent as provided in subsection 12 of this section, in accordance with such findings.
- 14. A panel of at least three members of the commission, sitting as the commission, shall review the record, findings and recommended order of the hearing examiner. The panel shall thereafter accept or amend the recommended order which shall become the order of the commission. All orders shall be served on the complainant and respondent, and copies shall be delivered to the attorney general and such other public officers as the commission deems proper.
- 15. No order of the commission issued pursuant to this section shall affect 159 any contract, sale, encumbrance or lease consummated before the issuance of such 160 order and involving a bona fide purchaser without actual notice of the charge 161 filed pursuant to this section.
- 16. Any person aggrieved by an order of the commission may appeal as provided in chapter 536.
  - 213.111. 1. If, after one hundred eighty days from the filing of a complaint alleging an unlawful discriminatory practice pursuant to section 3 213.055, 213.065 or 213.070 to the extent that the alleged violation of section 4 213.070 relates to or involves a violation of section 213.055 or 213.065, or

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subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of section 213.070 as it relates to employment and public accommodations, the commission has not completed its administrative processing and the person aggrieved so requests in writing, the commission shall issue to the person claiming to be aggrieved a letter indicating his or her right to bring a civil action within ninety days of such notice against the respondent named in the complaint. If, after the filing of a complaint pursuant to sections 10 213.040, 213.045, 213.050 and 213.070, to the extent that the alleged violation of 11 12 section 213.070 relates to or involves a violation of sections 213.040, 213.045 and 213.050, or subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of section 213.070 as it relates to 13 14 housing, and the person aggrieved so requests in writing, the commission shall 15 issue to the person claiming to be aggrieved a letter indicating his or her right to bring a civil action within ninety days of such notice against the respondent 17 named in the complaint. The commission may not at any other time or for any other reason issue a letter indicating a complainant's right to bring a civil 18 19 action. Such an action may be brought in any circuit court in any county in which the unlawful discriminatory practice is alleged to have been committed, 20 21 either before a circuit or associate circuit judge. Upon issuance of this notice, the 22 commission shall terminate all proceedings relating to the complaint. No person 23 may file or reinstate a complaint with the commission after the issuance of a 24 notice under this section relating to the same practice or act. Any action brought 25 in court under this section shall be filed within ninety days from the date of the 26 commission's notification letter to the individual but no later than two years after 27 the alleged cause occurred or its reasonable discovery by the alleged injured 28 party.

- 2. The court may grant as relief, as it deems appropriate, any permanent or temporary injunction, temporary restraining order, or other order, and may award to the plaintiff actual and punitive damages, and may award court costs and reasonable attorney fees to the prevailing party, other than a state agency or commission or a local commission; except that, a prevailing respondent may be awarded reasonable attorney fees only upon a showing that the case was without foundation.
- 3. Any party to any action initiated under this section has a right to a trial by jury.
- 4. The sum of the amount of actual damages, including damages for future pecuniary losses, emotional pain, suffering, inconvenience, mental anguish, loss of enjoyment of life, and other nonpecuniary losses, and punitive damages

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41 awarded under this section shall not exceed for each complaining party:

- (1) Actual back pay and interest on back pay; and
- 43 (2) (a) In the case of a respondent who has more than five and fewer than 44 one hundred one employees in each of twenty or more calendar weeks in the 45 current or preceding calendar year, fifty thousand dollars;
- (b) In the case of a respondent who has more than one hundred and fewer than two hundred one employees in each of twenty or more calendar weeks in the current or preceding calendar year, one hundred thousand dollars;
  - (c) In the case of a respondent who has more than two hundred and fewer than five hundred one employees in each of twenty or more calendar weeks in the current or preceding calendar year, two hundred thousand dollars; or
  - (d) In the case of a respondent who has more than five hundred employees in each of twenty or more calendar weeks in the current or preceding calendar year, five hundred thousand dollars.
  - 5. In any employment-related civil action brought under this chapter, the plaintiff shall bear the burden of proving the alleged unlawful decision or action was made or taken because of his or her protected classification and was the direct proximate cause of the claimed damages.
  - 6. Subsection 4 of this section shall not apply to actions filed for violations of sections 213.040, 213.045, 213.050, and 213.070, to the extent that the alleged violation of section 213.070 relates to or involves a violation of sections 213.040, 213.045, and 213.050, or subsection 3 of section 213.070 as it relates to housing.

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