SENATE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 546

AN ACT

To repeal sections 507.040, 507.050, 508.010, 508.012, and 537.762, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof five new sections relating to civil procedure.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI, AS FOLLOWS:

Section A. Sections 507.040, 507.050, 508.010, 508.012, and
 537.762, RSMo, are repealed and five new sections enacted in lieu
 thereof, to be known as sections 507.040, 507.050, 508.010,
 508.012, and 537.762, to read as follows:

5 507.040. 1. All persons may join in one action as 6 plaintiffs if they assert any right to relief jointly, severally, 7 or in the alternative in respect of or arising out of the same transaction, occurrence, or series of transactions or occurrences 8 and if any question of law or fact common to all of them will 9 10 arise in the action. All persons may be joined in one action as defendants if there is asserted against them jointly, severally, 11 12 or in the alternative, any right to relief in respect of or 13 arising out of the same transaction, occurrence, or series of 14 transactions or occurrences and if any question of law or fact common to all of them will arise in the action. Notwithstanding 15 any other provision of law to the contrary, for any action in 16 17 which a plaintiff was injured outside the state of Missouri, 18 claims arising out of separate purchases of the same product or

1 <u>service, or separate incidents involving the same product or</u>
2 <u>services shall not be joined with other plaintiffs' claims in a</u>
3 <u>single action.</u> A plaintiff or defendant need not be interested
4 in obtaining or defending against all the relief demanded.
5 Judgment may be given for one or more of the plaintiffs according
6 to their respective rights to relief, and against one or more
7 defendants according to their respective liabilities.

8 2. In addition to the requirements of subsection 1 of this 9 section, in any civil action in which there is a count alleging a 10 tort, two or more plaintiffs may be joined in a single action only if each plaintiff could have separately filed an action in 11 12 that venue, independently of the claims of any other plaintiff. 13 Two or more defendants may be joined in a single action only if: 14 (1) Personal jurisdiction is proper for each defendant, 15 independently of the claims against any other defendant; and 16 (2) Each plaintiff can establish proper venue against each 17 defendant, independently of the claims against any other 18 defendant. 19 3. All parties for which proper personal jurisdiction or 20 venue cannot be independently established shall be deemed 21 misjoined. Misjoined parties may be joined only where all 22 parties to the action, including parties later added to the 23 action, waive objection to the misjoinder. Proceedings against 24 any misjoined parties shall otherwise be governed by the 25 provisions of section 507.050. The requirements under this

26 <u>section are procedural.</u>

27 <u>4. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the</u> 28 <u>contrary, if two or more plaintiffs were first injured in a state</u>

of the United States, other than the state of Missouri, as a
 result of a single occurrence in which injuries occurred
 simultaneously, the plaintiffs may be joined in one action in
 Cole County, in addition to any other proper venue as established
 by this section.

6 <u>5.</u> The court may make such orders as will prevent a party 7 from being embarrassed, delayed, or put to expense by the 8 inclusion of a party against whom he asserts no claim and who 9 asserts no claim against him, and may order separate trials or 10 make other orders to prevent delay or prejudice.

507.050. 1. Misjoinder of parties is not ground for 11 12 dismissal of an action. Parties may be dropped [or], added, or 13 severed by order of the court on motion of any party or of its own initiative at any stage of the action and on such terms as 14 are just. Any claim against a party may be severed and proceeded 15 with separately. If a plaintiff or defendant is deemed misjoined 16 pursuant to subsection 3 of section 507.040, all claims brought 17 18 by that plaintiff or against that defendant shall be severed from 19 the action and those claims shall be transferred to a county in 20 which venue exists upon the motion of any party. For any claim 21 that has already been filed but for which the court has not 22 issued a final judgment as of the effective date of this act, all 23 pretrial rulings made by the transferring court may only be reconsidered for good cause. If there is no county in Missouri 24 25 in which venue exists, those claims shall be dismissed without 26 prejudice.

2. A motion to drop or add parties may be made at the same
time as other motions provided for in section 509.290, and if so

made, the provisions of section 509.340 with reference to the consolidation of motions and waiver of objections shall also apply. If said motion is made at any other time, the hearing and determination thereof shall not delay the trial. Objections on account of misjoinder or nonjoinder of parties may also be raised by answer or reply.

7 508.010. 1. There shall be only one principal place of residence for each party to an action. As used in this section, 8 "principal place of residence" shall [mean the county which is 9 the main place where an individual resides in the state of 10 11 Missouri. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the 12 county of voter registration at the time of injury is the 13 principal place of residence. There shall be only one principal place of residence.] be determined as follows: 14

15 (1) For an individual person, there shall be a rebuttable 16 presumption that the county of voter registration at the time of 17 injury is the principal place of residence;

18 (2) Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, for 19 an individual whose conduct at issue was alleged in at least one 20 count to be in the course and scope of his or her employment with 21 a corporation, the individual's principal place of residence for 22 venue purposes shall be deemed to be the applicable corporation's 23 principal place of residence;

24 (3) For a corporation, the county where the corporation has
 25 its registered agent is the principal place of residence;

26 <u>(4) For a domestic insurance corporation, the county where</u>
27 <u>the corporation has its registered office is the principal place</u>
28 of residence;

1 (5) For a foreign insurance corporation, the county where 2 the foreign corporation has its registered office is its principal place of residence; if such a foreign corporation does 3 4 not have a registered office in any county in Missouri, the 5 principal place of residence shall be Cole County. 6 2. In all actions in which there is no count alleging a 7 tort, venue shall be determined as follows: 8 (1)When the defendant is a resident of the state, either 9 in the county within which the defendant resides, or in the 10 county within which the plaintiff resides, and the defendant may be found; 11 12 (2)When there are several defendants, and they reside in 13 different counties, the suit may be brought in any such county; 14 (3) When there are several defendants, some residents and 15 others nonresidents of the state, suit may be brought in any 16 county in this state in which any defendant resides; 17 When all the defendants are nonresidents of the state, (4) suit may be brought in any county in this state. 18 19 3. The term "tort" shall include claims based upon improper 20 health care, under the provisions of chapter 538. 21 4. Notwithstanding any other provision of [law] this 22 section to the contrary, in all actions in which there is any 23 count alleging a tort or a claim for uninsured or underinsured 24 motorist benefits, and in which the plaintiff was first injured 25 in the state of Missouri, venue shall be in the county where the 26 plaintiff was first injured by the [wrongful] acts or [negligent] conduct alleged in the action. In all actions in which there is 27 28 any count against an insurer, whether in tort or contract,

reqarding the rights, benefits, or duties under an insurance contract or any action arising from an insurance contract, other than claims for uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage, venue shall be determined as described in subsection 6 of this section.

5. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in all
actions in which there is any count alleging a tort or a claim
for uninsured or underinsured motorist benefits and in which the
plaintiff was first injured outside the state of Missouri, venue
as to that individual plaintiff shall be determined as follows:

(1) If the defendant is a corporation, then venue shall be in [any] the county where [a] the defendant [corporation's registered agent is located] has its principal place of residence or, if the plaintiff's principal place of residence was in the state of Missouri on the date the plaintiff was first injured, then venue may be in the county of the plaintiff's principal place of residence on the date the plaintiff was first injured;

If the defendant is an individual, then venue shall be 18 (2) in [any] the county [of] where the [individual defendant's] 19 20 defendant has his or her principal place of residence in the 21 state of Missouri, which for venue purposes shall be deemed to be 22 that of his or her employer corporation if any count alleges conduct in the course and scope of his or her employment with 23 24 that corporation, or, if the plaintiff's principal place of 25 residence was in the state of Missouri on the date the plaintiff 26 was first injured, then venue as to that individual plaintiff may 27 be in the county containing the plaintiff's principal place of 28 residence on the date the plaintiff was first injured;

1 (3) Notwithstanding subdivisions (1) and (2) of this 2 subsection, if the plaintiff was first injured in a foreign 3 country in connection with any railroad operations therein and 4 any defendant is a:

5 (a) Corporation that, either directly or through its
6 subsidiaries, wholly owns or operates the foreign railroad; or

7 (b) Wholly owned subsidiary of a corporation that, either 8 directly or through its subsidiaries, wholly owns or operates the 9 foreign railroad;

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then venue shall exclusively be in the county where any such defendant corporation's registered agent is located, regardless of venue as to any other defendant or, if the plaintiff's principal place of residence was in the state of Missouri on the date the plaintiff was first injured, then venue may be in the county of the plaintiff's principal place of residence on the date the plaintiff was first injured.

18 6. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to 19 the contrary, in all actions in which there is any count against 20 an insurer, whether in tort or contract, regarding the rights, 21 benefits, or duties under an insurance contract or any action 22 arising from an insurance contract, including but not limited to 23 claims of bad faith, refusal to settle, claims under section 24 375.296, or claims under section 375.420, venue shall be in the 25 county either of the insurer's principal place of residence or if 26 the insured was a resident of Missouri at the time the insurance 27 contract was issued, the insured's principal place of residence 28 at the time the insurance contract was issued. Venue shall be

determined by this subsection even if the insured's rights or 1 2 claims under the policy have been assigned or otherwise transferred to another party. However, intervention by an 3 insurer in an action pursuant to section 537.065 shall not affect 4 5 the venue of the action. The provisions of this subsection shall 6 not apply to any action against an insurer relating to uninsured 7 motorist coverage or underinsured motorist coverage, including 8 any action to enforce such coverage.

9 <u>7.</u> Any action, in which any county shall be a plaintiff, 10 may be commenced and prosecuted to final judgment in the county 11 in which the defendant or defendants reside, or in the county 12 suing and where the defendants, or one of them, may be found.

13 [7.] <u>8.</u> In all actions, process shall be issued by the 14 court in which the action is filed and process may be served in 15 any county within the state.

16 [8.] <u>9.</u> In any action for defamation or for invasion of 17 privacy, the plaintiff shall be considered first injured in the 18 county in which the defamation or invasion was first published.

19 [9.] <u>10.</u> In all actions, venue shall be determined as of
20 the date the plaintiff was first injured.

[10.] <u>11.</u> All motions to dismiss or to transfer based upon a claim of improper venue shall be deemed granted if not denied within ninety days of filing of the motion unless such time period is waived in writing by all parties.

[11.] <u>12.</u> In a wrongful death action, the plaintiff shall be considered first injured where the decedent was first injured by the wrongful acts or negligent conduct alleged in the action. In any spouse's claim for loss of consortium, the plaintiff

1 claiming consortium shall be considered first injured where the 2 other spouse was first injured by the wrongful acts or negligent 3 conduct alleged in the action.

4 [12.] <u>13.</u> The provisions of this section shall apply
5 irrespective of whether the defendant is a for-profit or a
6 not-for-profit entity.

7 [13.] <u>14.</u> In any civil action, if all parties agree in 8 writing to a change of venue, the court shall transfer venue to 9 the county within the state unanimously chosen by the parties. 10 If any parties are added to the cause of action after the date of 11 said transfer who do not consent to said transfer then the cause 12 of action shall be transferred to such county in which venue is 13 appropriate under this section, based upon the amended pleadings.

14 [14.] <u>15.</u> A plaintiff is considered first injured where the 15 trauma or exposure occurred rather than where symptoms are first 16 manifested.

17 16. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the 18 contrary, in any civil action in which there is any count 19 alleging a tort, each plaintiff shall establish that the court 20 where the action is filed is a proper venue against each 21 defendant, independent of the claims brought by any other 22 plaintiff or against any other defendant. Venue for each 23 plaintiff and each defendant cannot be established by joinder or 24 intervention. 25 17. If the county where the plaintiff's claim is filed is not a proper venue, that plaintiff shall be transferred to a 26

27 county where proper venue can be established. If no such county

28 <u>exists in the state of Missouri, the claim shall be dismissed</u>

1 without prejudice.

<u>18. Denial of a motion to transfer venue pursuant to</u>
<u>sections 507.040, 507.050, or this section, if denied in error,</u>
<u>requires reversal, and no finding of prejudice under Missouri</u>
<u>supreme court rule 84.13(b) is required for reversal.</u>

6 19. For the purposes of this section, a domestic insurance company shall be deemed to reside in, and be a resident of, the 7 8 county where its registered office is maintained. A foreign 9 insurance company shall be deemed to reside in, and be a resident 10 of, the county where its registered office is maintained. If a foreign insurance company does not maintain a registered office 11 12 in any county in Missouri, the foreign insurance company shall be 13 deemed to reside in, and be a resident of, Cole County.

14 508.012. At any time prior to the commencement of a trial, 15 if a plaintiff or defendant, including a third-party plaintiff or defendant, is either added [or] to, removed, or severed from a 16 petition filed in any court in the state of Missouri which would 17 18 have, if originally added [or] to, removed [to], or severed from the initial petition, altered the determination of venue under 19 20 section 508.010, then the judge shall upon application of any party transfer the case to a proper forum [under section 21 22 476.4101.

537.762. 1. A defendant whose liability is based solely on his status as a seller in the stream of commerce may be dismissed from a products liability claim as provided in this section.

26 2. This section shall apply to any products liability claim 27 in which another defendant, including the manufacturer, is 28 properly before the court and from whom total recovery may be had

1 for plaintiff's claim.

2 3. A defendant may move for dismissal under this section within the time for filing an answer or other responsive pleading 3 unless permitted by the court at a later time for good cause 4 5 The motion shall be accompanied by an affidavit which shown. 6 shall be made under oath and shall state that the defendant is 7 aware of no facts or circumstances upon which a verdict might be 8 reached against him, other than his status as a seller in the 9 stream of commerce.

10 4. The parties shall have sixty days in which to conduct 11 discovery on the issues raised in the motion and affidavit. The 12 court for good cause shown, may extend the time for discovery, 13 and may enter a protective order pursuant to the rules of civil 14 procedure regarding the scope of discovery on other issues.

5. Any party may move for a hearing on a motion to dismiss under this section. If the requirements of subsections 2 and 3 of this section are met, and no party comes forward at such a hearing with evidence of facts which would render the defendant seeking dismissal under this section liable on some basis other than his status as a seller in the stream of commerce, the court shall dismiss without prejudice the claim as to that defendant.

6. [No order of dismissal under this section shall operate to divest a court of venue or jurisdiction otherwise proper at the time the action was commenced. A defendant dismissed pursuant to this section shall be considered to remain a party to such action only for such purposes.

27 7.] An order of dismissal under this section shall be28 interlocutory until final disposition of plaintiff's claim by

settlement or judgment and may be set aside for good cause shown
 at anytime prior to such disposition.