FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 72

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR SCHAAF.

Pre-filed December 1, 2016, and ordered printed.

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

0215S.01I

AN ACT

To repeal sections 330.160, 332.321, 334.100, and 335.066, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof four new sections relating to requirements for prescribing opioids for chronic pain.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 330.160, 332.321, 334.100, and 335.066, RSMo, are repealed and four new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 3 330.160, 332.321, 334.100, and 335.066, to read as follows:

330.160. 1. The board may refuse to issue any certificate of registration or authority, permit or license required pursuant to this chapter for one or any combination of causes stated in subsection 2 of this section. The board shall notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the refusal and shall advise the applicant of the applicant's right to file a complaint with the administrative hearing commission as provided by chapter 621.

7 2. The board may cause a complaint to be filed with the administrative 8 hearing commission as provided by chapter 621 against any holder of any 9 certificate of registration or authority, permit or license required by this chapter or any person who has failed to renew or has surrendered his or her certificate 10 of registration or authority, permit or license required by this chapter or any 11 person who has failed to renew or has surrendered his or her certificate of 12registration or authority, permit or license for any one or any combination of the 13 following causes: 14

(1) Use of any controlled substance, as defined in chapter 195, or alcoholic
beverage to an extent that such use impairs a person's ability to perform the work
of any profession licensed or regulated by this chapter;

18 (2) The person has been finally adjudicated and found guilty, or entered 19 a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, in a criminal prosecution under the laws of 20 any state or of the United States, for any offense reasonably related to the 21 qualifications, functions or duties of any profession licensed or regulated 22 pursuant to this chapter, for any offense an essential element of which is fraud, 23 dishonesty or an act of violence, or for any offense involving moral turpitude, 24 whether or not sentence is imposed;

(3) Use of fraud, deception, misrepresentation or bribery in securing any
certificate of registration or authority, permit or license issued pursuant to this
chapter or in obtaining permission to take any examination given or required
pursuant to this chapter;

(4) Obtaining or attempting to obtain any fee, charge, tuition or other30 compensation by fraud, deception or misrepresentation;

(5) Incompetency, misconduct, repeated negligence, gross negligence,
fraud, misrepresentation or dishonesty in the performance of the functions or
duties of any profession licensed or regulated by this chapter;

34 (6) Violation of, or assisting or enabling any person to violate, any
35 provision of this chapter, or of any lawful rule or regulation adopted pursuant to
36 this chapter;

37 (7) Impersonation of any person holding a certificate of registration or
38 authority, permit or license or allowing any person to use his or her certificate of
39 registration or authority, permit, license or diploma from any school;

40 (8) Disciplinary action against the holder of a license or other right to 41 practice any profession regulated by this chapter granted by another state, 42 territory, federal agency or country upon grounds for which revocation or 43 suspension is authorized in this state;

44 (9) A person is finally adjudged insane or incompetent by a court of 45 competent jurisdiction;

46 (10) Assisting or enabling any person to practice or offer to practice any
47 profession licensed or regulated by this chapter who is not registered and
48 currently eligible to practice pursuant to this chapter;

49 (11) Issuance of a certificate of registration or authority, permit or license
50 based upon a material mistake of fact;

51 (12) Failure to display a valid certificate or license if so required by this
52 chapter or any rule promulgated hereunder;

53 (13) Violation of any professional trust or confidence;

54 (14) Use of any advertisement or solicitation which is false, misleading or 55 deceptive to the general public or persons to whom the advertisement or 56 solicitation is primarily directed. False, misleading or deceptive advertisements 57 or solicitations shall include, but not be limited to:

58 (a) Promises of cure, relief from pain or other physical or mental 59 condition, or improved physical or mental health;

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(b) Any self-laudatory statement;

61 (c) Any misleading or deceptive statement offering or promising a free 62 service. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to make it unlawful to offer 63 a service for no charge if the offer is announced as part of a full disclosure of 64 routine fees including consultation fees;

(d) Any misleading or deceptive claims of patient cure, relief or improved condition; superiority in service, treatment or materials; new or improved service, treatment or material; or reduced costs or greater savings. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to make it unlawful to use any such claim if it is readily verifiable by existing documentation, data or other substantial evidence. Any claim which exceeds or exaggerates the scope of its supporting documentation, data or evidence is misleading or deceptive;

(15) Violation of the drug laws or rules and regulations of this state, anyother state or the federal government;

(16) Failure or refusal to properly guard against contagious, infectious or
communicable diseases or the spread thereof;

(17) Failure to follow the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Guideline for Prescribing Opioids for Chronic Pain - United States, 2016, as published in the Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report, March 18, 2016, and any updates of such, and failure to document in the patient's medical record that the guideline was followed; in order to comply with this subdivision, a licensee shall perform the acts the guideline says clinicians should perform.

3. After the filing of such complaint, the proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of chapter 621. Upon a finding by the administrative hearing commission that the grounds, provided in subsection 2, for disciplinary action are met, the board may, singly or in combination, censure or place the person named in the complaint on probation on such terms and conditions as the board deems appropriate for a period not to exceed five years, or may suspend, for a period not to exceed three years, or revoke the certificate 90 of registration or authority, permit, or license.

91 4. In any order of revocation, the board may provide that the person may
92 not apply for reinstatement of the person's certificate of registration or authority,
93 permit, or license for a period of time ranging from two to seven years following
94 the date of the order of revocation. All stay orders shall toll this time period.

5. Before restoring to good standing a certificate of registration or authority, permit, or license that has been revoked, suspended, or inactive for any cause more than two years, the board may require the applicant to attend such continuing medical education courses and pass such examinations as the board may direct.

332.321. 1. The board may refuse to issue or renew a permit or license $\mathbf{2}$ required pursuant to this chapter for one or any combination of causes stated in 3 subsection 2 of this section or the board may, as a condition to issuing or renewing any such permit or license, require a person to submit himself or herself 4 for identification, intervention, treatment or rehabilitation by the well-being $\mathbf{5}$ committee as provided in section 332.327. The board shall notify the applicant 6 7 in writing of the reasons for the refusal and shall advise the applicant of his or her right to file a complaint with the administrative hearing commission as 8 9 provided by chapter 621.

2. The board may cause a complaint to be filed with the administrative hearing commission as provided by chapter 621 against any holder of any permit or license required by this chapter or any person who has failed to renew or has surrendered his or her permit or license for any one or any combination of the following causes:

(1) Use of any controlled substance, as defined in chapter 195, or alcoholic
beverage to an extent that such use impairs a person's ability to perform the work
of any profession licensed or regulated by this chapter;

18 (2) The person has been finally adjudicated and found guilty, or entered 19 a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, in a criminal prosecution pursuant to the laws 20 of any state or of the United States, for any offense reasonably related to the 21 qualifications, functions or duties of any profession licensed or regulated 22 pursuant to this chapter, for any offense an essential element of which is fraud, 23 dishonesty or an act of violence, or any offense involving moral turpitude, 24 whether or not sentence is imposed;

(3) Use of fraud, deception, misrepresentation or bribery in securing any
permit or license issued pursuant to this chapter or in obtaining permission to

27 take any examination given or required pursuant to this chapter;

(4) Obtaining or attempting to obtain any fee, charge, tuition or other compensation by fraud, deception or misrepresentation; or increasing charges when a patient utilizes a third-party payment program; or for repeated irregularities in billing a third party for services rendered to a patient. For the purposes of this subdivision, irregularities in billing shall include:

(a) Reporting charges for the purpose of obtaining a total payment in
excess of that usually received by the dentist for the services rendered;

35 (b) Reporting incorrect treatment dates for the purpose of obtaining36 payment;

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(c) Reporting charges for services not rendered;

(d) Incorrectly reporting services rendered for the purpose of obtainingpayment that is greater than that to which the person is entitled;

40 (e) Abrogating the co-payment or deductible provisions of a third-party payment contract. Provided, however, that this paragraph shall not prohibit a 41 discount, credit or reduction of charges provided under an agreement between the 42 43licensee and an insurance company, health service corporation or health maintenance organization licensed pursuant to the laws of this state; or 44 45governmental third-party payment program; or self-insurance program organized, managed or funded by a business entity for its own employees or labor 46 47organization for its members;

48 (5) Incompetency, misconduct, gross negligence, fraud, misrepresentation 49 or dishonesty in the performance of, or relating to one's ability to perform, the 50 functions or duties of any profession licensed or regulated by this chapter;

51 (6) Violation of, or assisting or enabling any person to violate, any 52 provision of this chapter, or any lawful rule or regulation adopted pursuant to 53 this chapter;

54 (7) Impersonation of any person holding a permit or license or allowing 55 any person to use his or her permit, license or diploma from any school;

56 (8) Disciplinary action against the holder of a license or other right to 57 practice any profession regulated by this chapter imposed by another state, 58 province, territory, federal agency or country upon grounds for which discipline 59 is authorized in this state;

60 (9) A person is finally adjudicated incapacitated or disabled by a court of61 competent jurisdiction;

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(10) Assisting or enabling any person to practice or offer to practice, by

63 lack of supervision or in any other manner, any profession licensed or regulated
64 by this chapter who is not registered and currently eligible to practice pursuant
65 to this chapter;

- (11) Issuance of a permit or license based upon a material mistake of fact;
 (12) Failure to display a valid certificate, permit or license if so required
- 68 by this chapter or by any rule promulgated hereunder;69 (13) Violation of any professional trust or confidence;

(14) Use of any advertisement or solicitation that is false, misleading or
deceptive to the general public or persons to whom the advertisement or
solicitation is primarily directed. False, misleading or deceptive advertisements
or solicitations shall include, but not be limited to:

(a) Promises of cure, relief from pain or other physical or mentalcondition, or improved physical or mental health;

(b) Any misleading or deceptive statement offering or promising a free
service. Nothing herein shall be construed to make it unlawful to offer a service
for no charge if the offer is announced as part of a full disclosure of routine fees
including consultation fees;

80 (c) Any misleading or deceptive claims of patient cure, relief or improved 81 condition; superiority in service, treatment or materials; new or improved service, 82 treatment or material; or reduced costs or greater savings. Nothing herein shall 83 be construed to make it unlawful to use any such claim if it is readily verifiable 84 by existing documentation, data or other substantial evidence. Any claim that 85 exceeds or exaggerates the scope of its supporting documentation, data or 86 evidence is misleading or deceptive;

(d) Any announced fee for a specified service where that fee does not include the charges for necessary related or incidental services, or where the actual fee charged for that specified service may exceed the announced fee, but it shall not be unlawful to announce only the maximum fee that can be charged for the specified service, including all related or incidental services, modified by the term "up to" if desired;

(e) Any announcement in any form including the term "specialist" or the
phrase "limited to the specialty of " unless each person named in conjunction with
the term or phrase, or responsible for the announcement, holds a valid Missouri
certificate and license evidencing that the person is a specialist in that area;

97 (f) Any announcement containing any of the terms denoting recognized 98 specialties, or other descriptive terms carrying the same meaning, unless the 99 announcement clearly designates by list each dentist not licensed as a specialist 100 in Missouri who is sponsoring or named in the announcement, or employed by the 101 entity sponsoring the announcement, after the following clearly legible or audible 102 statement: "Notice: the following dentist(s) in this practice is (are) not licensed 103 in Missouri as specialists in the advertised dental specialty(s) of _____";

104 (g) Any announcement containing any terms denoting or implying 105 specialty areas that are not recognized by the American Dental Association;

106 (15) Violation of the drug laws or rules and regulations of this state, any107 other state or the federal government;

108 (16) Failure or refusal to properly guard against contagious, infectious or109 communicable diseases or the spread thereof;

(17) Failing to maintain his or her office or offices, laboratory, equipmentand instruments in a safe and sanitary condition;

(18) Accepting, tendering or paying "rebates" to or "splitting fees" with any other person; provided, however, that nothing herein shall be so construed as to make it unlawful for a dentist practicing in a partnership or as a corporation organized pursuant to the provisions of chapter 356 to distribute profits in accordance with his or her stated agreement;

(19) Administering, or causing or permitting to be administered, nitrous
oxide gas in any amount to himself or herself, or to another unless as an
adjunctive measure to patient management;

120 (20) Being unable to practice as a dentist, specialist or hygienist with 121reasonable skill and safety to patients by reasons of professional incompetency, 122or because of illness, drunkenness, excessive use of drugs, narcotics, chemicals, 123or as a result of any mental or physical condition. In enforcing this subdivision 124the board shall, after a hearing before the board, upon a finding of probable cause, require the dentist or specialist or hygienist to submit to a reexamination 125126for the purpose of establishing his or her competency to practice as a dentist, 127specialist or hygienist, which reexamination shall be conducted in accordance 128 with rules adopted for this purpose by the board, including rules to allow the 129examination of the dentist's, specialist's or hygienist's professional competence by at least three dentists or fellow specialists, or to submit to a mental or 130131physical examination or combination thereof by at least three physicians. One 132examiner shall be selected by the dentist, specialist or hygienist compelled to take 133examination, one selected by the board, and one shall be selected by the two 134examiners so selected. Notice of the physical or mental examination shall be SB 72

given by personal service or registered mail. Failure of the dentist, specialist or hygienist to submit to the examination when directed shall constitute an admission of the allegations against him or her, unless the failure was due to circumstances beyond his or her control. A dentist, specialist or hygienist whose right to practice has been affected pursuant to this subdivision shall, at reasonable intervals, be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate that he or she can resume competent practice with reasonable skill and safety to patients.

(a) In any proceeding pursuant to this subdivision, neither the record of
proceedings nor the orders entered by the board shall be used against a dentist,
specialist or hygienist in any other proceeding. Proceedings pursuant to this
subdivision shall be conducted by the board without the filing of a complaint with
the administrative hearing commission;

147(b) When the board finds any person unqualified because of any of the grounds set forth in this subdivision, it may enter an order imposing one or more 148 of the following: denying his or her application for a license; permanently 149 withholding issuance of a license; administering a public or private reprimand; 150151placing on probation, suspending or limiting or restricting his or her license to 152practice as a dentist, specialist or hygienist for a period of not more than five 153years; revoking his or her license to practice as a dentist, specialist or hygienist; requiring him or her to submit to the care, counseling or treatment of physicians 154155designated by the dentist, specialist or hygienist compelled to be treated; or requiring such person to submit to identification, intervention, treatment or 156157rehabilitation by the well-being committee as provided in section 332.327. For 158the purpose of this subdivision, "license" includes the certificate of registration, 159or license, or both, issued by the board:

160 (21) Failure to follow the Centers for Disease Control and 161 Prevention Guideline for Prescribing Opioids for Chronic Pain - United 162 States, 2016, as published in the Morbidity and Mortality Weekly 163 Report, March 18, 2016, and any updates of such, and failure to 164 document in the patient's medical record that the guideline was 165 followed; in order to comply with this subdivision, a licensee shall 166 perform the acts the guideline says clinicians should perform.

167 3. After the filing of such complaint, the proceedings shall be conducted 168 in accordance with the provisions of chapter 621. Upon a finding by the 169 administrative hearing commission that the grounds, provided in subsection 2 of 170 this section, for disciplinary action are met, the board may, singly or in 171 combination:

(1) Censure or place the person or firm named in the complaint on
probation on such terms and conditions as the board deems appropriate for a
period not to exceed five years; or

175 (2) Suspend the license, certificate or permit for a period not to exceed176 three years; or

(3) Revoke the license, certificate, or permit. In any order of revocation,
the board may provide that the person shall not apply for licensure for a period
of not less than one year following the date of the order of revocation; or

(4) Cause the person or firm named in the complaint to make restitution to any patient, or any insurer or third-party payer who shall have paid in whole or in part a claim or payment for which they should be reimbursed, where restitution would be an appropriate remedy, including the reasonable cost of follow-up care to correct or complete a procedure performed or one that was to be performed by the person or firm named in the complaint; or

(5) Request the attorney general to bring an action in the circuit court of
competent jurisdiction to recover a civil penalty on behalf of the state in an
amount to be assessed by the court.

1894. If the board concludes that a dentist or dental hygienist has committed 190 an act or is engaging in a course of conduct that would be grounds for disciplinary 191 action and constitutes a clear and present danger to the public health and safety, the board may file a complaint before the administrative hearing commission 192193 requesting an expedited hearing and specifying the conduct that gives rise to the 194 danger and the nature of the proposed restriction or suspension of the dentist's 195or dental hygienist's license. Within fifteen days after service of the complaint 196 on the dentist or dental hygienist, the administrative hearing commission shall 197 conduct a preliminary hearing to determine whether the alleged conduct of the 198 dentist or dental hygienist appears to constitute a clear and present danger to the 199public health and safety that justifies that the dentist's or dental hygienist's 200license be immediately restricted or suspended. The burden of proving that a 201dentist or dental hygienist is a clear and present danger to the public health and 202 safety shall be upon the Missouri dental board. The administrative hearing 203commission shall issue its decision immediately after the hearing and shall either 204grant to the board the authority to suspend or restrict the license or dismiss the 205action.

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5. If the administrative hearing commission grants temporary authority

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207to the board to restrict or suspend a dentist's or dental hygienist's license, the 208dentist or dental hygienist named in the complaint may request a full hearing before the administrative hearing commission. A request for a full hearing shall 209 be made within thirty days after the administrative hearing commission issues 210a decision. The administrative hearing commission shall, if requested by a 211212dentist or dental hygienist named in the complaint, set a date to hold a full hearing under chapter 621 regarding the activities alleged in the initial complaint 213filed by the board. The administrative hearing commission shall set the date for 214full hearing within ninety days from the date its decision was issued. Either 215216party may request continuances, which shall be granted by the administrative 217hearing commission upon a showing of good cause by either party or consent of 218both parties. If a request for a full hearing is not made within thirty days, the

authority to impose discipline becomes final and the board shall set the matterfor hearing in accordance with section 621.110.

6. If the administrative hearing commission dismisses without prejudice the complaint filed by the board under subsection 4 of this section or dismisses the action based on a finding that the board did not meet its burden of proof establishing a clear and present danger, such dismissal shall not bar the board from initiating a subsequent action on the same grounds in accordance with this chapter and chapters 536 and 621.

7. Notwithstanding any other provisions of section 332.071 or of this section, a currently licensed dentist in Missouri may enter into an agreement with individuals and organizations to provide dental health care, provided such agreement does not permit or compel practices that violate any provision of this chapter.

8. At all proceedings for the enforcement of these or any other provisions of this chapter the board shall, as it deems necessary, select, in its discretion, either the attorney general or one of the attorney general's assistants designated by the attorney general or other legal counsel to appear and represent the board at each stage of such proceeding or trial until its conclusion.

9. If at any time when any discipline has been imposed pursuant to this section or pursuant to any provision of this chapter, the licensee removes himself or herself from the state of Missouri, ceases to be currently licensed pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, or fails to keep the Missouri dental board advised of his or her current place of business and residence, the time of his or her absence, or unlicensed status, or unknown whereabouts shall not be deemed or 243 taken as any part of the time of discipline so imposed.

334.100. 1. The board may refuse to issue or renew any certificate of registration or authority, permit or license required pursuant to this chapter for $\mathbf{2}$ 3 one or any combination of causes stated in subsection 2 of this section. The board shall notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the refusal and shall advise 4 the applicant of the applicant's right to file a complaint with the administrative 5hearing commission as provided by chapter 621. As an alternative to a refusal 6 7to issue or renew any certificate, registration or authority, the board may, at its 8 discretion, issue a license which is subject to probation, restriction or limitation 9 to an applicant for licensure for any one or any combination of causes stated in subsection 2 of this section. The board's order of probation, limitation or 10 restriction shall contain a statement of the discipline imposed, the basis therefor, 11 12the date such action shall become effective, and a statement that the applicant has thirty days to request in writing a hearing before the administrative hearing 1314 commission. If the board issues a probationary, limited or restricted license to an applicant for licensure, either party may file a written petition with the 1516 administrative hearing commission within thirty days of the effective date of the probationary, limited or restricted license seeking review of the board's 17determination. If no written request for a hearing is received by the 18 administrative hearing commission within the thirty-day period, the right to seek 1920review of the board's decision shall be considered as waived.

2. The board may cause a complaint to be filed with the administrative 22 hearing commission as provided by chapter 621 against any holder of any 23 certificate of registration or authority, permit or license required by this chapter 24 or any person who has failed to renew or has surrendered the person's certificate 25 of registration or authority, permit or license for any one or any combination of 26 the following causes:

(1) Use of any controlled substance, as defined in chapter 195, or alcoholic
beverage to an extent that such use impairs a person's ability to perform the work
of any profession licensed or regulated by this chapter;

30 (2) The person has been finally adjudicated and found guilty, or entered 31 a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, in a criminal prosecution under the laws of 32 any state or of the United States, for any offense reasonably related to the 33 qualifications, functions or duties of any profession licensed or regulated 34 pursuant to this chapter, for any offense involving fraud, dishonesty or an act of 35 violence, or for any offense involving moral turpitude, whether or not sentence is 36 imposed;

37 (3) Use of fraud, deception, misrepresentation or bribery in securing any
38 certificate of registration or authority, permit or license issued pursuant to this
39 chapter or in obtaining permission to take any examination given or required
40 pursuant to this chapter;

41 (4) Misconduct, fraud, misrepresentation, dishonesty, unethical conduct
42 or unprofessional conduct in the performance of the functions or duties of any
43 profession licensed or regulated by this chapter, including, but not limited to, the
44 following:

(a) Obtaining or attempting to obtain any fee, charge, tuition or other
compensation by fraud, deception or misrepresentation; willfully and continually
overcharging or overtreating patients; or charging for visits to the physician's
office which did not occur unless the services were contracted for in advance, or
for services which were not rendered or documented in the patient's records;

50 (b) Attempting, directly or indirectly, by way of intimidation, coercion or 51 deception, to obtain or retain a patient or discourage the use of a second opinion 52 or consultation;

(c) Willfully and continually performing inappropriate or unnecessary
 treatment, diagnostic tests or medical or surgical services;

55 (d) Delegating professional responsibilities to a person who is not 56 qualified by training, skill, competency, age, experience or licensure to perform 57 such responsibilities;

(e) Misrepresenting that any disease, ailment or infirmity can be curedby a method, procedure, treatment, medicine or device;

60 (f) Performing or prescribing medical services which have been declared 61 by board rule to be of no medical or osteopathic value;

62 (g) Final disciplinary action by any professional medical or osteopathic association or society or licensed hospital or medical staff of such hospital in this 63 or any other state or territory, whether agreed to voluntarily or not, and 64 including, but not limited to, any removal, suspension, limitation, or restriction 65of the person's license or staff or hospital privileges, failure to renew such 66 privileges or license for cause, or other final disciplinary action, if the action was 67 68 in any way related to unprofessional conduct, professional incompetence, 69 malpractice or any other violation of any provision of this chapter;

(h) Signing a blank prescription form; or dispensing, prescribing,
administering or otherwise distributing any drug, controlled substance or other

treatment without sufficient examination including failing to establish a valid physician-patient relationship pursuant to section 334.108, or for other than medically accepted therapeutic or experimental or investigative purposes duly authorized by a state or federal agency, or not in the course of professional practice, or not in good faith to relieve pain and suffering, or not to cure an ailment, physical infirmity or disease, except as authorized in section 334.104;

(i) Exercising influence within a physician-patient relationship forpurposes of engaging a patient in sexual activity;

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(j) Being listed on any state or federal sexual offender registry;

(k) Terminating the medical care of a patient without adequate notice or
without making other arrangements for the continued care of the patient;

(1) Failing to furnish details of a patient's medical records to other
treating physicians or hospitals upon proper request; or failing to comply with
any other law relating to medical records;

86 (m) Failure of any applicant or licensee to cooperate with the board during 87 any investigation;

(n) Failure to comply with any subpoena or subpoena duces tecum fromthe board or an order of the board;

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(o) Failure to timely pay license renewal fees specified in this chapter;

91 (p) Violating a probation agreement, order, or other settlement agreement
92 with this board or any other licensing agency;

93 (q) Failing to inform the board of the physician's current residence and94 business address;

95 (r) Advertising by an applicant or licensee which is false or misleading, 96 or which violates any rule of the board, or which claims without substantiation 97 the positive cure of any disease, or professional superiority to or greater skill 98 than that possessed by any other physician. An applicant or licensee shall also 99 be in violation of this provision if the applicant or licensee has a financial interest 100 in any organization, corporation or association which issues or conducts such 101 advertising;

102 (s) Any other conduct that is unethical or unprofessional involving a 103 minor;

(5) Any conduct or practice which is or might be harmful or dangerous to
the mental or physical health of a patient or the public; or incompetency, gross
negligence or repeated negligence in the performance of the functions or duties
of any profession licensed or regulated by this chapter. For the purposes of this

subdivision, "repeated negligence" means the failure, on more than one occasion,
to use that degree of skill and learning ordinarily used under the same or similar
circumstances by the member of the applicant's or licensee's profession;

(6) Violation of, or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting
or enabling any person to violate, any provision of this chapter or chapter 324, or
of any lawful rule or regulation adopted pursuant to this chapter or chapter 324;

(7) Impersonation of any person holding a certificate of registration or
authority, permit or license or allowing any person to use his or her certificate of
registration or authority, permit, license or diploma from any school;

117(8) Revocation, suspension, restriction, modification, limitation, 118 reprimand, warning, censure, probation or other final disciplinary action against 119 the holder of or applicant for a license or other right to practice any profession 120 regulated by this chapter by another state, territory, federal agency or country, whether or not voluntarily agreed to by the licensee or applicant, including, but 121122not limited to, the denial of licensure, surrender of the license, allowing the license to expire or lapse, or discontinuing or limiting the practice of medicine 123124while subject to an investigation or while actually under investigation by any 125licensing authority, medical facility, branch of the Armed Forces of the United States of America, insurance company, court, agency of the state or federal 126127government, or employer;

(9) A person is finally adjudged incapacitated or disabled by a court ofcompetent jurisdiction;

130(10) Assisting or enabling any person to practice or offer to practice any 131profession licensed or regulated by this chapter who is not registered and 132currently eligible to practice pursuant to this chapter; or knowingly performing any act which in any way aids, assists, procures, advises, or encourages any 133person to practice medicine who is not registered and currently eligible to practice 134pursuant to this chapter. A physician who works in accordance with standing 135136 orders or protocols or in accordance with the provisions of section 334.104 shall 137not be in violation of this subdivision;

138 (11) Issuance of a certificate of registration or authority, permit or license139 based upon a material mistake of fact;

140 (12) Failure to display a valid certificate or license if so required by this141 chapter or any rule promulgated pursuant to this chapter;

(13) Violation of the drug laws or rules and regulations of this state,including but not limited to any provision of chapter 195, any other state, or the

144 federal government;

(14) Knowingly making, or causing to be made, or aiding, or abetting in
the making of, a false statement in any birth, death or other certificate or
document executed in connection with the practice of the person's profession;

148 (15) Knowingly making a false statement, orally or in writing to the149 board;

(16) Soliciting patronage in person or by agents or representatives, or by any other means or manner, under the person's own name or under the name of another person or concern, actual or pretended, in such a manner as to confuse, deceive, or mislead the public as to the need or necessity for or appropriateness of health care services for all patients, or the qualifications of an individual person or persons to diagnose, render, or perform health care services;

(17) Using, or permitting the use of, the person's name under the
designation of "Doctor", "Dr.", "M.D.", or "D.O.", or any similar designation with
reference to the commercial exploitation of any goods, wares or merchandise;

(18) Knowingly making or causing to be made a false statement or
misrepresentation of a material fact, with intent to defraud, for payment
pursuant to the provisions of chapter 208 or chapter 630 or for payment from
Title XVIII or Title XIX of the federal Medicare program;

163 (19) Failure or refusal to properly guard against contagious, infectious or 164 communicable diseases or the spread thereof; maintaining an unsanitary office 165 or performing professional services under unsanitary conditions; or failure to 166 report the existence of an unsanitary condition in the office of a physician or in 167 any health care facility to the board, in writing, within thirty days after the 168 discovery thereof;

169 (20) Any candidate for licensure or person licensed to practice as a 170physical therapist, paying or offering to pay a referral fee or, notwithstanding 171section 334.010 to the contrary, practicing or offering to practice professional 172physical therapy independent of the prescription and direction of a person 173 licensed and registered as a physician and surgeon pursuant to this chapter, as 174a dentist pursuant to chapter 332, as a podiatrist pursuant to chapter 330, as an 175advanced practice registered nurse under chapter 335, or any licensed and 176registered physician, dentist, podiatrist, or advanced practice registered nurse 177practicing in another jurisdiction, whose license is in good standing;

178 (21) Any candidate for licensure or person licensed to practice as a 179 physical therapist, treating or attempting to treat ailments or other health 180 conditions of human beings other than by professional physical therapy and as181 authorized by sections 334.500 to 334.620;

182 (22) Any person licensed to practice as a physician or surgeon, requiring, 183 as a condition of the physician-patient relationship, that the patient receive 184prescribed drugs, devices or other professional services directly from facilities of that physician's office or other entities under that physician's ownership or 185control. A physician shall provide the patient with a prescription which may be 186 taken to the facility selected by the patient and a physician knowingly failing to 187 188 disclose to a patient on a form approved by the advisory commission for 189 professional physical therapists as established by section 334.625 which is dated 190 and signed by a patient or guardian acknowledging that the patient or guardian 191 has read and understands that the physician has a pecuniary interest in a 192physical therapy or rehabilitation service providing prescribed treatment and that the prescribed treatment is available on a competitive basis. This subdivision 193 194 shall not apply to a referral by one physician to another physician within a group of physicians practicing together; 195

(23) A pattern of personal use or consumption of any controlled substance
unless it is prescribed, dispensed or administered by another physician who is
authorized by law to do so;

(24) Habitual intoxication or dependence on alcohol, evidence of which
may include more than one alcohol-related enforcement contact as defined by
section 302.525;

(25) Failure to comply with a treatment program or an aftercare program
entered into as part of a board order, settlement agreement or licensee's
professional health program;

(26) Revocation, suspension, limitation, probation, or restriction of any
kind whatsoever of any controlled substance authority, whether agreed to
voluntarily or not, or voluntary termination of a controlled substance authority
while under investigation;

(27) For a physician to operate, conduct, manage, or establish an abortion facility, or for a physician to perform an abortion in an abortion facility, if such facility comes under the definition of an ambulatory surgical center pursuant to sections 197.200 to 197.240, and such facility has failed to obtain or renew a license as an ambulatory surgical center;

(28) Failure to follow the Centers for Disease Control and
 Prevention Guideline for Prescribing Opioids for Chronic Pain - United

216 States, 2016, as published in the Morbidity and Mortality Weekly 217 Report, March 18, 2016, and any updates of such, and failure to 218 document in the patient's medical record that the guideline was 219 followed; in order to comply with this subdivision, a licensee shall 220 perform the acts the guideline says clinicians should perform.

3. Collaborative practice arrangements, protocols and standing orders shall be in writing and signed and dated by a physician prior to their implementation.

2244. After the filing of such complaint before the administrative hearing 225commission, the proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions 226of chapter 621. Upon a finding by the administrative hearing commission that 227the grounds, provided in subsection 2 of this section, for disciplinary action are 228 met, the board may, singly or in combination, warn, censure or place the person 229 named in the complaint on probation on such terms and conditions as the board 230deems appropriate for a period not to exceed ten years, or may suspend the 231person's license, certificate or permit for a period not to exceed three years, or 232restrict or limit the person's license, certificate or permit for an indefinite period 233of time, or revoke the person's license, certificate, or permit, or administer a 234public or private reprimand, or deny the person's application for a license, or 235permanently withhold issuance of a license or require the person to submit to the 236care, counseling or treatment of physicians designated by the board at the 237expense of the individual to be examined, or require the person to attend such 238continuing educational courses and pass such examinations as the board may 239direct.

5. In any order of revocation, the board may provide that the person may not apply for reinstatement of the person's license for a period of time ranging from two to seven years following the date of the order of revocation. All stay orders shall toll this time period.

6. Before restoring to good standing a license, certificate or permit issued pursuant to this chapter which has been in a revoked, suspended or inactive state for any cause for more than two years, the board may require the applicant to attend such continuing medical education courses and pass such examinations as the board may direct.

7. In any investigation, hearing or other proceeding to determine a
licensee's or applicant's fitness to practice, any record relating to any patient of
the licensee or applicant shall be discoverable by the board and admissible into

evidence, regardless of any statutory or common law privilege which such licensee, applicant, record custodian or patient might otherwise invoke. In addition, no such licensee, applicant, or record custodian may withhold records or testimony bearing upon a licensee's or applicant's fitness to practice on the ground of privilege between such licensee, applicant or record custodian and a patient.

335.066. 1. The board may refuse to issue or reinstate any certificate of $\mathbf{2}$ registration or authority, permit or license required pursuant to chapter 335 for one or any combination of causes stated in subsection 2 of this section or the 3 board may, as a condition to issuing or reinstating any such permit or license, 4 5 require a person to submit himself or herself for identification, intervention, treatment, or rehabilitation by the impaired nurse program as provided in section 6 7 335.067. The board shall notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the refusal and shall advise the applicant of his or her right to file a complaint with 8 the administrative hearing commission as provided by chapter 621. 9

2. The board may cause a complaint to be filed with the administrative hearing commission as provided by chapter 621 against any holder of any certificate of registration or authority, permit or license required by sections 335.011 to 335.096 or any person who has failed to renew or has surrendered his or her certificate of registration or authority, permit or license for any one or any combination of the following causes:

16 (1) Use or unlawful possession of any controlled substance, as defined in 17 chapter 195, or alcoholic beverage to an extent that such use impairs a person's 18 ability to perform the work of any profession licensed or regulated by sections 19 335.011 to 335.096;

20 (2) The person has been finally adjudicated and found guilty, or entered 21 a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, in a criminal prosecution pursuant to the laws 22 of any state or of the United States, for any offense reasonably related to the 23 qualifications, functions or duties of any profession licensed or regulated 24 pursuant to sections 335.011 to 335.096, for any offense an essential element of 25 which is fraud, dishonesty or an act of violence, or for any offense involving moral 26 turpitude, whether or not sentence is imposed;

(3) Use of fraud, deception, misrepresentation or bribery in securing any
certificate of registration or authority, permit or license issued pursuant to
sections 335.011 to 335.096 or in obtaining permission to take any examination
given or required pursuant to sections 335.011 to 335.096;

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31 (4) Obtaining or attempting to obtain any fee, charge, tuition or other32 compensation by fraud, deception or misrepresentation;

(5) Incompetency, gross negligence, or repeated negligence in the performance of the functions or duties of any profession licensed or regulated by chapter 335. For the purposes of this subdivision, "repeated negligence" means the failure, on more than one occasion, to use that degree of skill and learning ordinarily used under the same or similar circumstances by the member of the applicant's or licensee's profession;

(6) Misconduct, fraud, misrepresentation, dishonesty, unethical conduct,
or unprofessional conduct in the performance of the functions or duties of any
profession licensed or regulated by this chapter, including, but not limited to, the
following:

(a) Willfully and continually overcharging or overtreating patients; or
charging for visits which did not occur unless the services were contracted for in
advance, or for services which were not rendered or documented in the patient's
records;

47 (b) Attempting, directly or indirectly, by way of intimidation, coercion or
48 deception, to obtain or retain a patient or discourage the use of a second opinion
49 or consultation;

50 (c) Willfully and continually performing inappropriate or unnecessary 51 treatment, diagnostic tests, or nursing services;

52 (d) Delegating professional responsibilities to a person who is not 53 qualified by training, skill, competency, age, experience, or licensure to perform 54 such responsibilities;

55 (e) Performing nursing services beyond the authorized scope of practice 56 for which the individual is licensed in this state;

57 (f) Exercising influence within a nurse-patient relationship for purposes 58 of engaging a patient in sexual activity;

(g) Being listed on any state or federal sexual offender registry;

60 (h) Failure of any applicant or licensee to cooperate with the board during 61 any investigation;

62 (i) Failure to comply with any subpoena or subpoena duces tecum from the63 board or an order of the board;

64 (j) Failure to timely pay license renewal fees specified in this chapter;

65 (k) Violating a probation agreement, order, or other settlement agreement 66 with this board or any other licensing agency; 67

(l) Failing to inform the board of the nurse's current residence;

68 (m) Any other conduct that is unethical or unprofessional involving a69 minor;

(7) Violation of, or assisting or enabling any person to violate, any
provision of sections 335.011 to 335.096, or of any lawful rule or regulation
adopted pursuant to sections 335.011 to 335.096;

(8) Impersonation of any person holding a certificate of registration or
authority, permit or license or allowing any person to use his or her certificate of
registration or authority, permit, license or diploma from any school;

(9) Disciplinary action against the holder of a license or other right to
practice any profession regulated by sections 335.011 to 335.096 granted by
another state, territory, federal agency or country upon grounds for which
revocation or suspension is authorized in this state;

80 (10) A person is finally adjudged insane or incompetent by a court of 81 competent jurisdiction;

(11) Assisting or enabling any person to practice or offer to practice any
profession licensed or regulated by sections 335.011 to 335.096 who is not
registered and currently eligible to practice pursuant to sections 335.011 to
335.096;

86 (12) Issuance of a certificate of registration or authority, permit or license
87 based upon a material mistake of fact;

88 (13) Violation of any professional trust or confidence;

(14) Use of any advertisement or solicitation which is false, misleading or
deceptive to the general public or persons to whom the advertisement or
solicitation is primarily directed;

92 (15) Violation of the drug laws or rules and regulations of this state, any93 other state or the federal government;

94 (16) Placement on an employee disqualification list or other related
95 restriction or finding pertaining to employment within a health-related profession
96 issued by any state or federal government or agency following final disposition by
97 such state or federal government or agency;

98 (17) Failure to successfully complete the impaired nurse program;

99 (18) Knowingly making or causing to be made a false statement or 100 misrepresentation of a material fact, with intent to defraud, for payment 101 pursuant to the provisions of chapter 208 or chapter 630, or for payment from 102 Title XVIII or Title XIX of the federal Medicare program; 103 (19) Failure or refusal to properly guard against contagious, infectious, 104 or communicable diseases or the spread thereof; maintaining an unsanitary office 105 or performing professional services under unsanitary conditions; or failure to 106 report the existence of an unsanitary condition in the office of a physician or in 107 any health care facility to the board, in writing, within thirty days after the 108 discovery thereof;

(20) A pattern of personal use or consumption of any controlled substance
unless it is prescribed, dispensed, or administered by a provider who is
authorized by law to do so;

(21) Habitual intoxication or dependence on alcohol, evidence of which
may include more than one alcohol-related enforcement contact as defined by
section 302.525;

(22) Failure to comply with a treatment program or an aftercare program
entered into as part of a board order, settlement agreement, or licensee's
professional health program;

118 (23) Failure to follow the Centers for Disease Control and 119 Prevention Guideline for Prescribing Opioids for Chronic Pain - United 120 States, 2016, as published in the Morbidity and Mortality Weekly 121 Report, March 18, 2016, and any updates of such, and failure to 122 document in the patient's medical record that the guideline was 123 followed; in order to comply with this subdivision, a licensee shall 124 perform the acts the guideline says clinicians should perform.

1253. After the filing of such complaint, the proceedings shall be conducted 126 in accordance with the provisions of chapter 621. Upon a finding by the 127administrative hearing commission that the grounds, provided in subsection 2 of 128this section, for disciplinary action are met, the board may, singly or in 129combination, censure or place the person named in the complaint on probation on 130 such terms and conditions as the board deems appropriate for a period not to exceed five years, or may suspend, for a period not to exceed three years, or 131 132revoke the license, certificate, or permit.

4. For any hearing before the full board, the board shall cause the notice of the hearing to be served upon such licensee in person or by certified mail to the licensee at the licensee's last known address. If service cannot be accomplished in person or by certified mail, notice by publication as described in subsection 3 of section 506.160 shall be allowed; any representative of the board is authorized to act as a court or judge would in that section; any employee of the board is 139 authorized to act as a clerk would in that section.

5. An individual whose license has been revoked shall wait one year from the date of revocation to apply for relicensure. Relicensure shall be at the discretion of the board after compliance with all the requirements of sections 335.011 to 335.096 relative to the licensing of an applicant for the first time.

6. The board may notify the proper licensing authority of any other state which the person whose license was suspended or revoked was also licensed of the suspension or revocation.

148 7. Any person, organization, association or corporation who reports or 149 provides information to the board of nursing pursuant to the provisions of 150 sections 335.011 to 335.259 and who does so in good faith shall not be subject to 151 an action for civil damages as a result thereof.

152 8. The board may apply to the administrative hearing commission for an 153 emergency suspension or restriction of a license for the following causes:

154 (1) Engaging in sexual conduct as defined in section 566.010, with a 155 patient who is not the licensee's spouse, regardless of whether the patient 156 consented;

157 (2) Engaging in sexual misconduct with a minor or person the licensee
158 believes to be a minor. "Sexual misconduct" means any conduct of a sexual
159 nature which would be illegal under state or federal law;

160 (3) Possession of a controlled substance in violation of chapter 195 or any161 state or federal law, rule, or regulation, excluding record-keeping violations;

162 (4) Use of a controlled substance without a valid prescription;

163 (5) The licensee is adjudicated incapacitated or disabled by a court of164 competent jurisdiction;

(6) Habitual intoxication or dependence upon alcohol or controlled
substances or failure to comply with a treatment or aftercare program entered
into pursuant to a board order, settlement agreement, or as part of the licensee's
professional health program;

169 (7) A report from a board-approved facility or a professional health 170 program stating the licensee is not fit to practice. For purposes of this section, 171 a licensee is deemed to have waived all objections to the admissibility of 172 testimony from the provider of the examination and admissibility of the 173 examination reports. The licensee shall sign all necessary releases for the board 174 to obtain and use the examination during a hearing; or

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(8) Any conduct for which the board may discipline that constitutes a serious danger to the health, safety, or welfare of a patient or the public.

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1779. The board shall submit existing affidavits and existing certified court 178records together with a complaint alleging the facts in support of the board's 179request for an emergency suspension or restriction to the administrative hearing 180 commission and shall supply the administrative hearing commission with the last home or business addresses on file with the board for the licensee. Within one 181 182business day of the filing of the complaint, the administrative hearing commission shall return a service packet to the board. The service packet shall include the 183 184board's complaint and any affidavits or records the board intends to rely on that 185 have been filed with the administrative hearing commission. The service packet 186may contain other information in the discretion of the administrative hearing 187 commission. Within twenty-four hours of receiving the packet, the board shall 188 either personally serve the licensee or leave a copy of the service packet at all of 189 the licensee's current addresses on file with the board. Prior to the hearing, the 190licensee may file affidavits and certified court records for consideration by the 191 administrative hearing commission.

192 10. Within five days of the board's filing of the complaint, the 193 administrative hearing commission shall review the information submitted by the 194board and the licensee and shall determine based on that information if probable 195cause exists pursuant to subsection 8 of this section and shall issue its findings of fact and conclusions of law. If the administrative hearing commission finds 196 197 that there is probable cause, the administrative hearing commission shall enter 198 the order requested by the board. The order shall be effective upon personal service or by leaving a copy at all of the licensee's current addresses on file with 199200the board.

201 11. (1) The administrative hearing commission shall hold a hearing 202within forty-five days of the board's filing of the complaint to determine if cause 203for discipline exists. The administrative hearing commission may grant a request 204for a continuance, but shall in any event hold the hearing within one hundred twenty days of the board's initial filing. The board shall be granted leave to 205206 amend its complaint if it is more than thirty days prior to the hearing. If less 207than thirty days, the board may be granted leave to amend if public safety 208requires.

209 (2) If no cause for discipline exists, the administrative hearing commission 210 shall issue findings of fact, conclusions of law, and an order terminating the 211 emergency suspension or restriction.

(3) If cause for discipline exists, the administrative hearing commission shall issue findings of fact and conclusions of law and order the emergency suspension or restriction to remain in full force and effect pending a disciplinary hearing before the board. The board shall hold a hearing following the certification of the record by the administrative hearing commission and may impose any discipline otherwise authorized by state law.

218 12. Any action under this section shall be in addition to and not in lieu
219 of any discipline otherwise in the board's power to impose and may be brought
220 concurrently with other actions.

13. If the administrative hearing commission does not find probable cause and does not grant the emergency suspension or restriction, the board shall remove all reference to such emergency suspension or restriction from its public records. Records relating to the suspension or restriction shall be maintained in the board's files. The board or licensee may use such records in the course of any litigation to which they are both parties. Additionally, such records may be released upon a specific, written request of the licensee.

14. If the administrative hearing commission grants temporary authority to the board to restrict or suspend the nurse's license, such temporary authority of the board shall become final authority if there is no request by the nurse for a full hearing within thirty days of the preliminary hearing. The administrative hearing commission shall, if requested by the nurse named in the complaint, set a date to hold a full hearing under the provisions of chapter 621 regarding the activities alleged in the initial complaint filed by the board.

15. If the administrative hearing commission refuses to grant temporary authority to the board [or] to restrict or suspend the nurse's license under subsection 8 of this section, such dismissal shall not bar the board from initiating a subsequent disciplinary action on the same grounds.

16. (1) The board may initiate a hearing before the board for disciplineof any licensee's license or certificate upon receipt of one of the following:

(a) Certified court records of a finding of guilt or plea of guilty or nolo
contendere in a criminal prosecution under the laws of any state or of the United
States for any offense involving the qualifications, functions, or duties of any
profession licensed or regulated under this chapter, for any offense involving
fraud, dishonesty, or an act of violence, or for any offense involving moral
turpitude, whether or not sentence is imposed;

(b) Evidence of final disciplinary action against the licensee's license,
certification, or registration issued by any other state, by any other agency or
entity of this state or any other state, or the United States or its territories, or
any other country;

(c) Evidence of certified court records finding the licensee has been judged
incapacitated or disabled under Missouri law or under the laws of any other state
or of the United States or its territories.

(2) The board shall provide the licensee not less than ten days' notice ofany hearing held pursuant to chapter 536.

(3) Upon a finding that cause exists to discipline a licensee's license, theboard may impose any discipline otherwise available.

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