## FIRST REGULAR SESSION

## SENATE BILL NO. 285

## 99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR KOENIG.

Read 1st time January 11, 2017, and ordered printed.

0881S.04I

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

## AN ACT

To repeal sections 32.105, 32.110, 32.115, 100.286, 100.850, 135.010, 135.025, 135.352, 135.403, 135.484, 135.766, 135.825, 143.071, 253.550, 348.300, 348.302, 348.304, 348.306, 348.308, 348.310, 348.312, 348.316, 348.318, 447.708, and 620.1039, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof fourteen new sections relating to taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 32.105, 32.110, 32.115, 100.286, 100.850, 135.010,

- 2 135.025, 135.352, 135.403, 135.484, 135.766, 135.825, 143.071, 253.550, 348.300,
- 3 348.302, 348.304, 348.306, 348.308, 348.310, 348.312, 348.316, 348.318, 447.708,
- 4 and 620.1039, RSMo, are repealed and fourteen new sections enacted in lieu
- 5 thereof, to be known as sections 32.105, 32.110, 32.115, 100.286, 100.850, 135.010,
- 6 135.025, 135.352, 135.403, 135.484, 135.825, 143.071, 253.550, and 447.708, to
- 7 read as follows:

32.105. As used in sections 32.100 to 32.125, the following terms mean:

- 2 (1) "Affordable housing assistance activities", money, real or personal
- 3 property, or professional services expended or devoted to the construction, or
- 4 rehabilitation of affordable housing units;
- 5 (2) "Affordable housing unit", a residential unit generally occupied by
- 6 persons and families with incomes at or below the levels described in this
- subdivision and bearing a cost to the occupant no greater than thirty percent of
- 8 the maximum eligible household income for the affordable housing unit. In the
- 9 case of owner-occupied units, the cost to the occupant shall be considered the
- 10 amount of the gross monthly mortgage payment, including casualty insurance,
- 11 mortgage insurance, and taxes. In the case of rental units, the cost to the

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in this bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

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12 occupant shall be considered the amount of the gross rent. The cost to the occupant shall include the cost of any utilities, other than telephone. If any 13 utilities are paid directly by the occupant, the maximum cost that may be paid 14 by the occupant is to be reduced by a utility allowance prescribed by the 15 16 commission. For rental units, persons or families are eligible occupants of affordable housing units if the household combined, adjusted gross income as 17defined by the commission is equal to or less than the following percentages of 18 the median family income for the geographic area in which the residential unit 19 20 is located, or the median family income for the state of Missouri, whichever is larger; ("geographic area", as used in this subdivision, means the metropolitan 21 area or county designated as an area by the federal Department of Housing and 22 23 Urban Development under Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as 24 amended, for purposes of determining fair market rental rates):

25		Percent of State or
26		Geographic Area Family
27	Size of Household	Median Income
28	One Person	35%
29	Two Persons	40%
30	Three Persons	45%
31	Four Persons	50%
32	Five Persons	54%
33	Six Persons	58%
34	Seven Persons	62%
35	Eight Persons	66%

For owner-occupied units, persons or families are eligible occupants of affordable housing units if the household combined, adjusted gross income as defined by the commission is equal to or less than the following percentages of the median family income for the geographic area in which the residential unit is located, or the median family income for the state of Missouri, whichever is larger:

41		Percent of State or
42		Geographic Area Family
43	Size of Household	Median Income
44	One Person	70%
45	Two Persons	80%
46	Three Persons	90%
47	Four Persons	100%

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48	Five Persons	108%
49	Six Persons	116%
50	Seven Persons	124%
51	Eight Persons	132%

- (3) "Business firm", person, firm, a partner in a firm, corporation or a shareholder in an S corporation doing business in the state of Missouri and subject to the state income tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 143, including any charitable organization that is exempt from federal income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable income, if any, would be subject to the state income tax imposed under such chapter, or a corporation subject to the annual corporation franchise tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 147, or an insurance company paying an annual tax on its gross premium receipts in this state, or other financial institution paying taxes to the state of Missouri or any political subdivision of this state pursuant to the provisions of chapter 148, or an express company which pays an annual tax on its gross receipts in this state;
  - (4) "Commission", the Missouri housing development commission;
- (5) "Community services", any type of counseling and advice, emergency assistance or medical care furnished to individuals or groups in the state of Missouri or transportation services at below-cost rates as provided in sections 208.250 to 208.275\*;
- 68 (6) "Crime prevention", any activity which aids in the reduction of crime 69 in the state of Missouri;
- 70 (7) "Defense industry contractor", a person, corporation or other entity 71 which will be or has been negatively impacted as a result of its status as a prime 72contractor of the Department of Defense or as a second or third tier contractor. A "second tier contractor" means a person, corporation or other entity which 73 74 contracts to perform manufacturing, maintenance or repair services for a prime 75 contractor of the Department of Defense, and a "third tier contractor" means a 76 person, corporation or other entity which contracts with a person, corporation or 77 other entity which contracts with a prime contractor of the Department of Defense: 78
- 79 (8) "Doing business", among other methods of doing business in the state 80 of Missouri, a partner in a firm or a shareholder in an S corporation shall be 81 deemed to be doing business in the state of Missouri if such firm or S corporation, 82 as the case may be, is doing business in the state of Missouri;
  - (9) ["Economic development", the acquisition, renovation, improvement,

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or the furnishing or equipping of existing buildings and real estate in distressed 84 or blighted areas of the state when such acquisition, renovation, improvement, or the furnishing or equipping of the business development projects will result in the 86 creation or retention of jobs within the state. Only neighborhood organizations, 87 as defined in subdivision (13) of this section, may apply to conduct economic 88 development projects. Prior to the approval of an economic development project, 89 the neighborhood organization shall enter into a contractual agreement with the 90 department of economic development. Credits approved for economic development 91 92 projects may not exceed six million dollars from within any one fiscal year's 93 allocation. Neighborhood assistance program tax credits for economic 94 development projects and affordable housing assistance as defined in section 95 32.111 may be transferred, sold or assigned by a notarized endorsement thereof 96 naming the transferee;

- (10)] "Education", any type of scholastic instruction or scholarship assistance to an individual who resides in the state of Missouri that enables the individual to prepare himself or herself for better opportunities or community awareness activities rendered by a statewide organization established for the purpose of archeological education and preservation;
- 102 **[**(11)**] (10)** "Homeless assistance pilot project", the program established 103 pursuant to section 32.117;
- [(12)] (11) "Job training", any type of instruction to an individual who resides in the state of Missouri that enables the individual to acquire vocational skills so that the individual can become employable or be able to seek a higher grade of employment;
- [(13)] (12) "Neighborhood organization", any organization performing community services or economic development activities in the state of Missouri and:
- 111 (a) Holding a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service of the United 112 States Department of the Treasury that the organization is exempt from income 113 taxation pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code; or
- 114 (b) Incorporated in the state of Missouri as a not-for-profit corporation 115 pursuant to the provisions of chapter 355; or
- 116 (c) Designated as a community development corporation by the United 117 States government pursuant to the provisions of Title VII of the Economic 118 Opportunity Act of 1964;
- 119 [(14)] (13) "Physical revitalization", furnishing financial assistance,

120 labor, material, or technical advice to aid in the physical improvement or 121 rehabilitation of any part or all of a neighborhood area;

- 122 [(15)] (14) "S corporation", a corporation described in Section 1361(a)(1)
- 123 of the United States Internal Revenue Code and not subject to the taxes imposed
- 124 by section 143.071 by reason of section 143.471;
- 125 [(16)] (15) "Workfare renovation project", any project initiated pursuant
- 126 to sections 215.340 to 215.355.

32.110. Any business firm which engages in the activities of providing physical revitalization, [economic development,] job training or education for 3 individuals, community services, or crime prevention in the state of Missouri shall receive a tax credit as provided in section 32.115 if the director of the department of economic development annually approves the proposal of the business firm; except that, no proposal shall be approved which does not have the endorsement of the agency of local government within the area in which the business firm is engaging in such activities which has adopted an overall community or neighborhood development plan that the proposal is consistent with 10 such plan. The proposal shall set forth the program to be conducted, the neighborhood area to be served, why the program is needed, the estimated 11 12 amount to be contributed to the program and the plans for implementing the program. If, in the opinion of the director of the department of economic 13 14 development, a business firm's contribution can more consistently with the purposes of sections 32.100 to 32.125 be made through contributions to a 15 16 neighborhood organization as defined in subdivision (13) of section 32.105, tax 17 credits may be allowed as provided in section 32.115. The director of the 18 department of economic development is hereby authorized to promulgate rules and regulations for establishing criteria for evaluating such proposals by business 19 firms for approval or disapproval and for establishing priorities for approval or 20 disapproval of such proposals by business firms with the assistance and approval 2122 of the director of the department of revenue. The total amount of tax credit 23 granted for programs approved pursuant to sections 32.100 to 32.125 shall not exceed fourteen million dollars in fiscal year 1999 and twenty-six million dollars 24 25 in fiscal year 2000, and any subsequent fiscal year, except as otherwise provided 26 for proposals approved pursuant to section 32.111, 32.112 or 32.117. All tax 27 credits authorized pursuant to the provisions of sections 32.100 to 32.125 may be 28 used as a state match to secure additional federal funding.

32.115. 1. The department of revenue shall grant a tax credit, to be

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- 2 applied in the following order until used, against:
- 3 (1) The annual tax on gross premium receipts of insurance companies in 4 chapter 148;
- 5 (2) The tax on banks determined pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection 6 2 of section 148.030;
- 7 (3) The tax on banks determined in subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of 8 section 148.030;
- 9 (4) The tax on other financial institutions in chapter 148;
- 10 (5) The corporation franchise tax in chapter 147;
- 11 (6) The state income tax in chapter 143; and
- 12 (7) The annual tax on gross receipts of express companies in chapter 153.
- 13 2. For proposals approved pursuant to section 32.110:
- 14 (1) The amount of the tax credit shall not exceed fifty percent of the total 15 amount contributed during the taxable year by the business firm or, in the case 16 of a financial institution, where applicable, during the relevant income period in 17 programs approved pursuant to section 32.110;
- 18 (2) Except as provided in subsection 2 or 5 of this section, a tax credit of 19 up to seventy percent may be allowed for contributions to programs where 20 activities fall within the scope of special program priorities as defined with the 21 approval of the governor in regulations promulgated by the director of the 22 department of economic development;
- 23 (3) Except as provided in subsection 2 or 5 of this section, the tax credit 24 allowed for contributions to programs located in any community shall be equal to 25 seventy percent of the total amount contributed where such community is a city, 26 town or village which has fifteen thousand or less inhabitants as of the last 27 decennial census and is located in a county which is either located in:
  - (a) An area that is not part of a standard metropolitan statistical area;
- 29 (b) A standard metropolitan statistical area but such county has only one 30 city, town or village which has more than fifteen thousand inhabitants; or
- 31 (c) A standard metropolitan statistical area and a substantial number of 32 persons in such county derive their income from agriculture.
- Such community may also be in an unincorporated area in such county as provided in subdivision (1), (2) or (3) of this subsection. Except in no case shall the total economic benefit of the combined federal and state tax savings to the
- 36 taxpayer exceed the amount contributed by the taxpayer during the tax year;
- 37 (4) Such tax credit allocation, equal to seventy percent of the total amount

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38 contributed, shall not exceed four million dollars in fiscal year 1999 and six 39 million dollars in fiscal year 2000 and any subsequent fiscal year. When the 40 maximum dollar limit on the seventy percent tax credit allocation is committed, the tax credit allocation for such programs shall then be equal to fifty percent 41 credit of the total amount contributed. Regulations establishing special program 42 priorities are to be promulgated during the first month of each fiscal year and at 43 such times during the year as the public interest dictates. Such credit shall not 44 exceed two hundred and fifty thousand dollars annually except as provided in 45 subdivision (5) of this subsection. No tax credit shall be approved for any bank, 46 47 bank and trust company, insurance company, trust company, national bank, 48 savings association, or building and loan association for activities that are a part 49 of its normal course of business. Any tax credit not used in the period the 50 contribution was made may be carried over the next five succeeding calendar or fiscal years until the full credit has been claimed. Except as otherwise provided 51 for proposals approved pursuant to section 32.111, 32.112 or 32.117, in no event 52 shall the total amount of all other tax credits [allowed] redeemed pursuant to 53 54 sections 32.100 to 32.125 exceed [thirty-two] fifteen million dollars in any one fiscal year, of which six million shall be credits allowed pursuant to section 55 56 135.460. If six million dollars in credits are not approved, then the remaining credits may be used for programs approved pursuant to sections 32.100 to 32.125; 57

- (5) The credit may exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars annually and shall not be limited if community services, crime prevention, education, job training, physical revitalization or economic development, as defined by section 32.105, is rendered in an area defined by federal or state law as an impoverished, economically distressed, or blighted area or as a neighborhood experiencing problems endangering its existence as a viable and stable neighborhood, or if the community services, crime prevention, education, job training, physical revitalization or economic development is limited to impoverished persons.
  - 3. For proposals approved pursuant to section 32.111:
- (1) The amount of the tax credit shall not exceed fifty-five percent of the total amount invested in affordable housing assistance activities or market rate housing in distressed communities as defined in section 135.530 by a business firm. Whenever such investment is made in the form of an equity investment or a loan, as opposed to a donation alone, tax credits may be claimed only where the loan or equity investment is accompanied by a donation which is eligible for federal income tax charitable deduction, and where the total value of the tax

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credits herein plus the value of the federal income tax charitable deduction is less than or equal to the value of the donation. Any tax credit not used in the period 76 for which the credit was approved may be carried over the next ten succeeding calendar or fiscal years until the full credit has been allowed. If the affordable 77housing units or market rate housing units in distressed communities for which 78 a tax is claimed are within a larger structure, parts of which are not the subject 79 of a tax credit claim, then expenditures applicable to the entire structure shall 80 be reduced on a prorated basis in proportion to the ratio of the number of square 81 82 feet devoted to the affordable housing units or market rate housing units in 83 distressed communities, for purposes of determining the amount of the tax credit. The total amount of tax credit granted for programs approved pursuant to section 32.111 for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1991, shall not exceed two 86 million dollars, to be increased by no more than two million dollars each 87 succeeding fiscal year, until the total tax credits that may be approved reaches 88 ten million dollars in any fiscal year. For all fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2018, the total amount of tax credits redeemed for 90 programs approved pursuant to section 32.111 shall not exceed seven million dollars in any fiscal year. Tax credits issued pursuant to 91 92 section 32.111 may be transferred, sold, or assigned by a notarized endorsement thereof naming the transferee;

- (2) For any year during the compliance period indicated in the land use restriction agreement, the owner of the affordable housing rental units for which a credit is being claimed shall certify to the commission that all tenants renting claimed units are income eligible for affordable housing units and that the rentals for each claimed unit are in compliance with the provisions of sections 32.100 to 32.125. The commission is authorized, in its discretion, to audit the records and accounts of the owner to verify such certification;
- (3) In the case of owner-occupied affordable housing units, the qualifying owner occupant shall, before the end of the first year in which credits are claimed, certify to the commission that the occupant is income eligible during the preceding two years, and at the time of the initial purchase contract, but not thereafter. The qualifying owner occupant shall further certify to the commission, before the end of the first year in which credits are claimed, that during the compliance period indicated in the land use restriction agreement, the cost of the affordable housing unit to the occupant for the claimed unit can reasonably be projected to be in compliance with the provisions of sections 32.100 to 32.125. Any

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succeeding owner occupant acquiring the affordable housing unit during the compliance period indicated in the land use restriction agreement shall make the same certification:

- 113 (4) If at any time during the compliance period the commission determines 114 a project for which a proposal has been approved is not in compliance with the applicable provisions of sections 32.100 to 32.125 or rules promulgated therefor, 115 116 the commission may within one hundred fifty days of notice to the owner either 117 seek injunctive enforcement action against the owner, or seek legal damages 118 against the owner representing the value of the tax credits, or foreclose on the 119 lien in the land use restriction agreement, selling the project at a public sale, and 120 paying to the owner the proceeds of the sale, less the costs of the sale and less the 121 value of all tax credits allowed herein. The commission shall remit to the director 122of revenue the portion of the legal damages collected or the sale proceeds 123 representing the value of the tax credits. However, except in the event of intentional fraud by the taxpayer, the proposal's certificate of eligibility for tax 124 125 credits shall not be revoked.
  - 4. For proposals approved pursuant to section 32.112, the amount of the tax credit shall not exceed fifty-five percent of the total amount contributed to a neighborhood organization by business firms. Any tax credit not used in the period for which the credit was approved may be carried over the next ten succeeding calendar or fiscal years until the full credit has been allowed. The total amount of tax credit granted for programs approved pursuant to section 32.112 shall not exceed one million dollars for each fiscal year.
- 5. The total amount of tax credits used for market rate housing in distressed communities pursuant to sections 32.100 to 32.125 shall not exceed thirty percent of the total amount of all tax credits authorized pursuant to sections 32.111 and 32.112.
  - 100.286. 1. Within the discretion of the board, the development and reserve fund, the infrastructure development fund or the export finance fund may be pledged to secure the payment of any bonds or notes issued by the board, or to secure the payment of any loan made by the board or a participating lender which loan:
    - (1) Is requested to finance any project or export trade activity;
  - 7 (2) Is requested by a borrower who is demonstrated to be financially 8 responsible;
    - (3) Can reasonably be expected to provide a benefit to the economy of this

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- 11 (4) Is otherwise secured by a mortgage or deed of trust on real or personal 12 property or other security satisfactory to the board; provided that loans to finance 13 export trade activities may be secured by export accounts receivable or 14 inventories of exportable goods satisfactory to the board;
  - (5) Does not exceed five million dollars;
- 16 (6) Does not have a term longer than five years if such loan is made to 17 finance export trade activities; and
- 18 (7) Is, when used to finance export trade activities, made to small or 19 medium size businesses or agricultural businesses, as may be defined by the 20 board.
  - 2. The board shall prescribe standards for the evaluation of the financial condition, business history, and qualifications of each borrower and the terms and conditions of loans which may be secured, and may require each application to include a financial report and evaluation by an independent certified public accounting firm, in addition to such examination and evaluation as may be conducted by any participating lender.
  - 3. Each application for a loan secured by the development and reserve fund, the infrastructure development fund or the export finance fund shall be reviewed in the first instance by any participating lender to whom the application was submitted. If satisfied that the standards prescribed by the board are met and that the loan is otherwise eligible to be secured by the development and reserve fund, the infrastructure development fund or the export finance fund, the participating lender shall certify the same and forward the application for final approval to the board.
  - 4. The securing of any loans by the development and reserve fund, the infrastructure development fund or the export finance fund shall be conditioned upon approval of the application by the board, and receipt of an annual reserve participation fee, as prescribed by the board, submitted by or on behalf of the borrower.
  - 5. The securing of any loan by the export finance fund for export trade activities shall be conditioned upon the board's compliance with any applicable treaties and international agreements, such as the general agreement on tariffs and trade and the subsidies code, to which the United States is then a party.
  - 6. Any taxpayer, including any charitable organization that is exempt from federal income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable income,

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46 if any, would be subject to the state income tax imposed under chapter 143, may, 47 subject to the limitations provided under subsection 8 of this section, receive a tax credit against any tax otherwise due under the provisions of chapter 143, 48 excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.261, chapter 147, 49 or chapter 148, in the amount of fifty percent of any amount contributed in money 50 or property by the taxpayer to the development and reserve fund, the 51 52 infrastructure development fund or the export finance fund during the taxpayer's tax year, provided, however, the total tax credits [awarded] redeemed in any 53 calendar year beginning after January 1, 1994, shall not be the greater of ten 54 55 million dollars or five percent of the average growth in general revenue receipts 56 in the preceding three fiscal years. This limit may be exceeded only upon joint 57 agreement by the commissioner of administration, the director of the department 58 of economic development, and the director of the department of revenue that such action is essential to ensure retention or attraction of investment in Missouri. If 59 60 the board receives, as a contribution, real property, the contributor at such contributor's own expense shall have two independent appraisals conducted by 61 62 appraisers certified by the Master Appraisal Institute. Both appraisals shall be 63 submitted to the board, and the tax credit certified by the board to the 64 contributor shall be based upon the value of the lower of the two appraisals. The board shall not certify the tax credit until the property is deeded to the 65 66 board. Such credit shall not apply to reserve participation fees paid by borrowers under sections 100.250 to 100.297. The portion of earned tax credits which 67 68 exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability may be carried forward for up to five years.

- 7. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any taxpayer may sell, assign, exchange, convey or otherwise transfer tax credits allowed in subsection 6 of this section under the terms and conditions prescribed in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection. Such taxpayer, hereinafter the assignor for the purpose of this subsection, may sell, assign, exchange or otherwise transfer earned tax credits:
- 75 (1) For no less than seventy-five percent of the par value of such credits; 76 and
- 77 (2) In an amount not to exceed one hundred percent of annual earned 78 credits.
- The taxpayer acquiring earned credits, hereinafter the assignee for the purpose of this subsection, may use the acquired credits to offset up to one hundred percent of the tax liabilities otherwise imposed by chapter 143, excluding

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82 withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.261, chapter 147, or chapter 148. Unused credits in the hands of the assignee may be carried forward for up 83 to five years, provided all such credits shall be claimed within ten years following 84 the tax years in which the contribution was made. The assignor shall enter into 85 a written agreement with the assignee establishing the terms and conditions of 86 the agreement and shall perfect such transfer by notifying the board in writing 87 within thirty calendar days following the effective day of the transfer and shall 88 89 provide any information as may be required by the board to administer and carry out the provisions of this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to 90 91 the contrary, the amount received by the assignor of such tax credit shall be 92 taxable as income of the assignor, and the excess of the par value of such credit 93 over the amount paid by the assignee for such credit shall be taxable as income 94 of the assignee.

8. Provisions of subsections 1 to 7 of this section to the contrary notwithstanding, no more than ten million dollars in tax credits provided under this section, may be [authorized or approved] redeemed annually. The limitation on tax credit authorization and approval provided under this subsection may be exceeded only upon mutual agreement, evidenced by a signed and properly notarized letter, by the commissioner of the office of administration, the director of the department of economic development, and the director of the department of revenue that such action is essential to ensure retention or attraction of investment in Missouri provided, however, that in no case shall more than [twenty-five] twenty million dollars in tax credits be [authorized or approved] redeemed during such year. Taxpayers shall file, with the board, an application for tax credits authorized under this section on a form provided by the board. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in any way impair the ability of the board to authorize tax credits for issuance for projects authorized or approved, by a vote of the board, on or before the thirtieth day following the effective date of this act, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.

100.850. 1. The approved company shall remit to the board a job development assessment fee, not to exceed five percent of the gross wages of each eligible employee whose job was created as a result of the economic development project, or not to exceed ten percent if the economic development project is located within a distressed community as defined in section 135.530, for the purpose of retiring bonds which fund the economic development project.

- 2. Any approved company remitting an assessment as provided in subsection 1 of this section shall make its payroll books and records available to the board at such reasonable times as the board shall request and shall file with the board documentation respecting the assessment as the board may require.
- 3. Any assessment remitted pursuant to subsection 1 of this section shall cease on the date the bonds are retired.
- 4. Any approved company which has paid an assessment for debt reduction shall be allowed a tax credit equal to the amount of the assessment. The tax credit may be claimed against taxes otherwise imposed by chapters 143 and 148, except withholding taxes imposed under the provisions of sections 143.191 to 143.265, which were incurred during the tax period in which the assessment was made.
- 19 5. In no event shall the aggregate amount of tax credits [authorized] redeemed by subsection 4 of this section exceed twenty-five million dollars 20 21annually. Of such amount, nine hundred fifty thousand dollars shall be reserved 22 for an approved project for a world headquarters of a business whose primary 23 function is tax return preparation that is located in any home rule city with more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county, 2425 which amount reserved shall end in the year of the final maturity of the certificates issued for such approved project. For all tax years beginning on 26 or after January 1, 2018, no new tax credits shall be authorized under 27 subsection 4 of this section. The provisions of this subsection shall not 28 29 be construed to limit or impair the ability of any administering agency 30 to issue tax credits for any project that had received authorization 31 under sections 100.700 to 100.850 prior to January 1, 2018, or the ability 32 of any taxpayer to redeem any such tax credits issued prior to that 33 date.
- 6. The director of revenue shall issue a refund to the approved company to the extent that the amount of credits allowed in subsection 4 of this section exceeds the amount of the approved company's income tax.

135.010. As used in sections 135.010 to 135.030 the following words and 2 terms mean:

3 (1) "Claimant", a person or persons claiming a credit under sections
4 135.010 to 135.030. If the persons are eligible to file a joint federal income tax
5 return and reside at the same address at any time during the taxable year, then
6 the credit may only be allowed if claimed on a combined Missouri income tax

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return or a combined claim return reporting their combined incomes and property taxes. A claimant shall not be allowed a property tax credit unless the claimant or spouse has attained the age of sixty-five on or before the last day of the 9 10 calendar year and the claimant or spouse was a resident of Missouri for the entire year, or the claimant or spouse is a veteran of any branch of the Armed Forces 11 12 of the United States or this state who became one hundred percent disabled as a result of such service, or the claimant or spouse is disabled as defined in 14 subdivision (2) of this section, and such claimant or spouse provides proof of such disability in such form and manner, and at such times, as the director of revenue 15 16 may require, or if the claimant has reached the age of sixty on or before the last 17 day of the calendar year and such claimant received surviving spouse Social Security benefits during the calendar year and the claimant provides proof, as 19 required by the director of revenue, that the claimant received surviving spouse 20 Social Security benefits during the calendar year for which the credit will be 21claimed. A claimant shall not be allowed a property tax credit if the claimant 22 filed a valid claim for a credit under section 137.106 in the year following the 23 year for which the property tax credit is claimed. The residency requirement 24shall be deemed to have been fulfilled for the purpose of determining the eligibility of a surviving spouse for a property tax credit if a person of the age of 2526 sixty-five years or older who would have otherwise met the requirements for a 27 property tax credit dies before the last day of the calendar year. The residency requirement shall also be deemed to have been fulfilled for the purpose of 28 29 determining the eligibility of a claimant who would have otherwise met the 30 requirements for a property tax credit but who dies before the last day of the 31 calendar year;

- (2) "Disabled", the inability to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve months. A claimant shall not be required to be gainfully employed prior to such disability to qualify for a property tax credit;
- (3) ["Gross rent", amount paid by a claimant to a landlord for the rental, at arm's length, of a homestead during the calendar year, exclusive of charges for health and personal care services and food furnished as part of the rental agreement, whether or not expressly set out in the rental agreement. If the director of revenue determines that the landlord and tenant have not dealt at

arm's length, and that the gross rent is excessive, then he shall determine the gross rent based upon a reasonable amount of rent. Gross rent shall be deemed to be paid only if actually paid prior to the date a return is filed. The director of revenue may prescribe regulations requiring a return of information by a landlord receiving rent, certifying for a calendar year the amount of gross rent received from a tenant claiming a property tax credit and shall, by regulation, provide a method for certification by the claimant of the amount of gross rent paid for any calendar year for which a claim is made. The regulations authorized by this subdivision may require a landlord or a tenant or both to provide data relating to health and personal care services and to food. Neither a landlord nor a tenant may be required to provide data relating to utilities, furniture, home furnishings or appliances;

- (4)] "Homestead", the dwelling in Missouri owned [or rented] by the claimant and not to exceed five acres of land surrounding it as is reasonably necessary for use of the dwelling as a home. It may consist of part of a multidwelling or multipurpose building and part of the land upon which it is built. "Owned" includes a vendee in possession under a land contract and one or more tenants by the entireties, joint tenants, or tenants in common and includes a claimant actually in possession if he was the immediate former owner of record, if a lineal descendant is presently the owner of record, and if the claimant actually pays all taxes upon the property. It may include a mobile home;
- [(5)] (4) "Income", Missouri adjusted gross income as defined in section 143.121 less two thousand dollars, or in the case of a homestead owned and occupied, for the entire year, by the claimant, less four thousand dollars as an exemption for the claimant's spouse residing at the same address, and increased, where necessary, to reflect the following:
- (a) Social Security, railroad retirement, and veterans payments and benefits unless the claimant is a one hundred percent service-connected, disabled veteran or a spouse of a one hundred percent service-connected, disabled veteran. The one hundred percent service-connected disabled veteran shall not be required to list veterans payments and benefits;
- 74 (b) The total amount of all other public and private pensions and 75 annuities;
- 76 (c) Public relief, public assistance, and unemployment benefits received 77 in cash, other than benefits received under this chapter;
  - (d) No deduction being allowed for losses not incurred in a trade or

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80 (e) Interest on the obligations of the United States, any state, or any of 81 their subdivisions and instrumentalities;

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[(6)] (5) "Property taxes accrued", property taxes paid, exclusive of 83 special assessments, penalties, interest, and charges for service levied on a claimant's homestead in any calendar year. Property taxes shall qualify for the credit only if actually paid prior to the date a return is filed. The director of 85 86 revenue shall require a tax receipt or other proof of property tax payment. If a homestead is owned only partially by claimant, then "property taxes accrued" is that part of property taxes levied on the homestead which was actually paid by 89 the claimant. For purposes of this subdivision, property taxes are "levied" when 90 the tax roll is delivered to the director of revenue for collection. If a claimant 91 owns a homestead part of the preceding calendar year and rents it or a different homestead for part of the same year, "property taxes accrued" means only taxes 92 levied on the homestead both owned and occupied by the claimant, multiplied by 93 the percentage of twelve months that such property was owned and occupied as 94 95 the homestead of the claimant during the year. When a claimant owns and occupies two or more different homesteads in the same calendar year, property 96 97 taxes accrued shall be the sum of taxes allocable to those several properties occupied by the claimant as a homestead for the year. If a homestead is an 98 integral part of a larger unit such as a farm, or multipurpose or multidwelling 99 100 building, property taxes accrued shall be that percentage of the total property taxes accrued as the value of the homestead is of the total value. For purposes of this subdivision "unit" refers to the parcel of property covered by a single tax statement of which the homestead is a part[;

104 (7) "Rent constituting property taxes accrued", twenty percent of the gross rent paid by a claimant and spouse in the calendar year]. 105

135.025. The property taxes accrued [and rent constituting property taxes accrued] on each return shall be totaled. This total, up to [seven hundred fifty 3 dollars in rent constituting property taxes actually paid or] eleven hundred dollars in actual property tax paid, shall be used in determining the property tax credit. The director of revenue shall prescribe regulations providing for allocations where part of a claimant's homestead is rented to another or used for nondwelling purposes or where a homestead is owned or rented or used as a dwelling for part of a year.

135.352. 1. A taxpayer owning an interest in a qualified Missouri project

shall, subject to the limitations provided under the provisions of subsection 3 of this section, be allowed a state tax credit, whether or not allowed a federal tax credit, to be termed the Missouri low-income housing tax credit, if the commission issues an eligibility statement for that project.

- 2. For qualified Missouri projects placed in service after January 1, 1997, the Missouri low-income housing tax credit available to a project shall be such amount as the commission shall determine is necessary to ensure the feasibility of the project, up to an amount equal to the federal low-income housing tax credit for a qualified Missouri project, for a federal tax period, and such amount shall be subtracted from the amount of state tax otherwise due for the same tax period.
- 3. No more than six million dollars in tax credits shall be authorized eachfiscal year for projects financed through tax-exempt bond issuance.
  - 4. The Missouri low-income housing tax credit shall be taken against the taxes and in the order specified pursuant to section 32.115. The credit authorized by this section shall not be refundable. Any amount of credit that exceeds the tax due for a taxpayer's taxable year may be carried back to any of the taxpayer's three prior taxable years or carried forward to any of the taxpayer's five subsequent taxable years.
  - 5. All or any portion of Missouri tax credits issued in accordance with the provisions of sections 135.350 to 135.362 may be allocated to parties who are eligible pursuant to the provisions of subsection 1 of this section. Beginning January 1, 1995, for qualified projects which began on or after January 1, 1994, an owner of a qualified Missouri project shall certify to the director the amount of credit allocated to each taxpayer. The owner of the project shall provide to the director appropriate information so that the low-income housing tax credit can be properly allocated.
  - 6. In the event that recapture of Missouri low-income housing tax credits is required pursuant to subsection 2 of section 135.355, any statement submitted to the director as provided in this section shall include the proportion of the state credit required to be recaptured, the identity of each taxpayer subject to the recapture and the amount of credit previously allocated to such taxpayer.
  - 7. (1) For the fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2017, but ending on or before June 30, 2018, no tax credits shall be redeemed under the provisions of sections 135.350 to 135.363 which, in the aggregate, exceed one hundred sixty million dollars, increased by any amount of tax credits that are recaptured under the provisions of

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- (2) For the fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2018, but ending on or before June 30, 2019, no tax credits shall be redeemed under the provisions of sections 135.350 to 135.363 which, in the aggregate, exceed one hundred forty million dollars, increased by any amount of tax credits that are recaptured under the provisions of section 135.355.
- (3) For the fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2019, but ending on or before June 30, 2020, no tax credits shall be redeemed under the provisions of sections 135.350 to 135.363 which, in the aggregate, exceed one hundred twenty million dollars, increased by any 48 49 amount of tax credits that are recaptured under the provisions of section 135.355.
  - (4) For each fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2020, no tax credits shall be redeemed under the provisions of sections 135.350 to 135.363 which, in the aggregate, exceed ninety million dollars, increased by any amount of tax credits that are recaptured under the provisions of section 135.355.
- 56 8. The director of the department may promulgate rules and regulations necessary to administer the provisions of this section. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to the authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section 536.024. 59
- 135.403. 1. Any investor who makes a qualified investment in a Missouri small business shall be entitled to receive a tax credit equal to forty percent of the amount of the investment or, in the case of a qualified investment in a Missouri small business in a distressed community as defined by section 135.530, a credit equal to sixty percent of the amount of the investment, and any investor who makes a qualified investment in a community bank or a community development corporation shall be entitled to receive a tax credit equal to fifty percent of the amount of the investment if the investment is made in a community bank or community development corporation for direct 10 investment. The total amount of tax credits available for qualified investments 11 in Missouri small businesses shall not exceed thirteen million dollars and at least four million dollars of the amount authorized by this section and certified by the department of economic development shall be for investment in Missouri small businesses in distressed communities. Authorization for all or any part of this

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four-million-dollar amount shall in no way restrict the eligibility of Missouri 15 16 small businesses in distressed communities, as defined in section 135.530, for the remaining amounts authorized within this section. No more than twenty percent 17 of the tax credits available each year for investments in community banks or 18 community development corporations for direct investment shall be certified for 19 any one project, as defined in section 135.400. The tax credit shall be evidenced 20 by a tax credit certificate in accordance with the provisions of sections 135.400 21to 135.430 and may be used to satisfy the state tax liability of the owner of the 2223 certificate that becomes due in the tax year in which the qualified investment is 24 made, or in any of the ten tax years thereafter. When the qualified small 25 business is in a distressed community, as defined in section 135.530, the tax credit may also be used to satisfy the state tax liability of the owner of the 26 certificate that was due during each of the previous three years in addition to the 2728 year in which the investment is made and any of the ten years thereafter. No investor may receive a tax credit pursuant to sections 135.400 to 135.430 unless 29 30 that person presents a tax credit certificate to the department of revenue for 31 payment of such state tax liability. The department of revenue shall grant tax credits in the same order as established by subsection 1 of section 32 33 32.115. Subject to the provisions of sections 135.400 to 135.430, certificates of tax credit issued in accordance with these sections may be transferred, sold or 34 35 assigned by notarized endorsement thereof which names the transferee.

- 2. [Five hundred thousand dollars in tax credits shall be available annually from the total amount of tax credits authorized by section 32.110 and subdivision (4) of subsection 2 of section 32.115 as a result of investments in community banks or community development corporations.] Aggregate investments eligible for tax credits in any one Missouri small business shall not be more than one million dollars. Aggregate investments eligible for tax credits in any one Missouri small business shall not be less than five thousand dollars as of the date of issuance of the first tax credit certificate for investment in that business.
- 3. For all fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2018, no tax credits shall be authorized as a result of investments in community banks or community development corporations.
- 48 **4.** This section and section 620.1039 shall become effective January 1, 49 2001.
  - 135.484. 1. Beginning January 1, 2000, tax credits shall be allowed

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pursuant to section 135.481 in an amount not to exceed sixteen million dollars per year. Of this total amount of tax credits in any given year, eight million dollars shall be set aside for projects in areas described in subdivision (6) of section 135.478 and eight million dollars for projects in areas described in subdivision (10) of section 135.478. The maximum tax credit for a project consisting of multiple-unit qualifying residences in a distressed community shall not exceed three million dollars. Beginning January 1, 2018, the aggregate 9 amount of tax credits redeemed pursuant to section 135.481 shall not exceed one million dollars per calendar year. Of this total amount of 10 tax credits in any given year, five hundred thousand dollars shall be set 11 aside for projects in areas described in subdivision (6) of section 12 135.478 and five hundred thousand dollars for projects in areas 13 14 described in subdivision (10) of section 135.478.

- 2. Any amount of credit which exceeds the tax liability of a taxpayer for the tax year in which the credit is first claimed may be carried back to any of the taxpayer's three prior tax years and carried forward to any of the taxpayer's five subsequent tax years. A certificate of tax credit issued to a taxpayer by the department may be assigned, transferred, sold or otherwise conveyed. Whenever a certificate of tax credit is assigned, transferred, sold or otherwise conveyed, a notarized endorsement shall be filed with the department specifying the name and address of the new owner of the tax credit and the value of the credit.
- 3. The tax credits allowed pursuant to sections 135.475 to 135.487 may not be claimed in addition to any other state tax credits, with the exception of the historic structures rehabilitation tax credit authorized pursuant to sections 253.545 to 253.559, which insofar as sections 135.475 to 135.487 are concerned may be claimed only in conjunction with the tax credit allowed pursuant to subsection 4 of section 135.481. In order for a taxpayer eligible for the historic structures rehabilitation tax credit to claim the tax credit allowed pursuant to subsection 4 of section 135.481, the taxpayer must comply with the requirements of sections 253.545 to 253.559, and in such cases, the amount of the tax credit pursuant to subsection 4 of section 135.481 shall be limited to the lesser of twenty percent of the taxpayer's eligible costs or forty thousand dollars.

135.825. 1. The administering agencies for all tax credit programs shall, 2 in cooperation with the department of revenue, implement a system for tracking 3 the amount of tax credits authorized, issued, and redeemed. Any such agency 4 may promulgate rules for the implementation of this section.

- 2. (1) The department of revenue shall prepare and submit an annual report to the general assembly that shall include information on each tax credit program, including the administering agency and the number and amount of tax credits authorized, issued, and redeemed for each program. Such report shall be submitted by December 31 of each calendar year.
- 11 (2) The annual report prepared under subdivision (1) of this subsection shall also include a list of taxpayers or other entities that 12 in the previous calendar year received business recruitment tax credits or that received the affordable housing tax credit or neighborhood 14 assistance tax credit created pursuant to sections 32.100 to 32.125, the 15 infrastructure tax credit created pursuant to subsection 6 of section 16 100.286, the business use incentives for large-scale development 17 programs created pursuant to sections 100.700 to 100.850, the 18 19 low-income housing tax credit created pursuant to sections 135.350 to 20 135.363, the neighborhood preservation tax credit created pursuant to sections 135.475 to 135.487, or the historic preservation tax credit 21 22created pursuant to sections 253.545 to 253.559.
- 3. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any credit that is issued and redeemed simultaneously.
- 25 [3.] 4. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall 26 become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of 2728 chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant 29 30 to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking 31 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2004, shall be 32 33 invalid and void.
- 143.071. 1. For all tax years beginning before September 1, 1993, a tax 2 is hereby imposed upon the Missouri taxable income of corporations in an amount 3 equal to five percent of Missouri taxable income.
- 2. For all tax years beginning on or after September 1, 1993, a tax is bereby imposed upon the Missouri taxable income of corporations in an amount equal to six and one-fourth percent of Missouri taxable income.

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3. (1) Beginning with the tax year beginning on or after January

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8 1, 2019, the rate of tax under subsection 2 of this section shall be
9 reduced over a period of years. The first reduction in the rate of tax
10 shall be by one and one-fourth of a percent and each subsequent
11 reduction shall be by one percent, provided that no more than one
12 reduction shall occur in a calendar year, and provided further that the
13 rate of tax shall not be reduced below four percent. Reductions in the
14 rate of tax shall take effect on January first of a calendar year and
15 such reduced rates shall continue in effect until the next reduction
16 occurs.

- (2) A reduction in the rate of tax shall only occur if the amount of net general revenue collected in the previous fiscal year exceeds the highest amount of net general revenue collected in any of the three fiscal years prior to such fiscal year by at least one hundred fifty million dollars.
- 22 (3) Any modification of tax rates under this subsection shall only 23 apply to tax years that begin on or after a modification takes effect.
- 4. The provisions of this section shall not apply to out-of-state businesses operating under sections 190.270 to 190.285.

253.550. 1. Any taxpayer incurring costs and expenses for the rehabilitation of eligible property, which is a certified historic structure or structure in a certified historic district, may, subject to the provisions of this section and section 253.559, receive a credit against the taxes imposed pursuant to chapters 143 and 148, except for sections 143.191 to 143.265, on such taxpayer in an amount equal to twenty-five percent of the total costs and expenses of rehabilitation incurred after January 1, 1998, which shall include, but not be limited to, qualified rehabilitation expenditures as defined under section 47(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the related regulations thereunder, provided the rehabilitation costs associated with 10 rehabilitation and the expenses exceed fifty percent of the total basis in the 11 12 property and the rehabilitation meets standards consistent with the standards 13 of the Secretary of the United States Department of the Interior for rehabilitation 14 as determined by the state historic preservation officer of the Missouri 15 department of natural resources.

2. During the period beginning on January 1, 2010, but ending on or after June 30, 2010, the department of economic development shall not approve applications for tax credits under the provisions of subsections 3 and 8 of section

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19 253.559 which, in the aggregate, exceed seventy million dollars, increased by any 20 amount of tax credits for which approval shall be rescinded under the provisions 21 of section 253.559. For each fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2010, but 22 ending on or before June 30, 2017, the department of economic development shall not approve applications for tax credits under the provisions of subsections 23 3 and 8 of section 253.559 which, in the aggregate, exceed one hundred forty 24million dollars, increased by any amount of tax credits for which approval shall 25 be rescinded under the provisions of section 253.559. For each fiscal year 26 beginning on or after July 1, 2017, the aggregate amount of tax credits 27 redeemed under the provisions of subsections 3 and 8 of section 253.559 28 shall not exceed fifty million dollars. The limitations provided under this 30 subsection shall not apply to applications approved under the provisions of 31 subsection 3 of section 253.559 for projects to receive less than two hundred 32 seventy-five thousand dollars in tax credits.

- 3. For all applications for tax credits approved on or after January 1, 2010, no more than two hundred fifty thousand dollars in tax credits may be issued for eligible costs and expenses incurred in the rehabilitation of an eligible property which is a nonincome producing single-family, owner-occupied residential property and is either a certified historic structure or a structure in a certified historic district.
- 4. The limitations on tax credit authorization provided under the provisions of subsections 2 and 3 of this section shall not apply to:
- 41 (1) Any application submitted by a taxpayer, which has received approval 42 from the department prior to January 1, 2010; or
- 43 (2) Any taxpayer applying for tax credits, provided under this section, 44 which, on or before January 1, 2010, has filed an application with the department 45 evidencing that such taxpayer:
- 46 (a) Has incurred costs and expenses for an eligible property which exceed 47 the lesser of five percent of the total project costs or one million dollars and 48 received an approved Part I from the Secretary of the United States Department 49 of Interior; or
- 50 (b) Has received certification, by the state historic preservation officer, 51 that the rehabilitation plan meets the standards consistent with the standards 52 of the Secretary of the United States Department of the Interior, and the 53 rehabilitation costs and expenses associated with such rehabilitation shall exceed 54 fifty percent of the total basis in the property.

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447.708. 1. For eligible projects, the director of the department of economic development, with notice to the directors of the departments of natural resources and revenue, and subject to the other provisions of sections 447.700 to 447.718, may not create a new enterprise zone but may decide that a prospective operator of a facility being remedied and renovated pursuant to sections 447.700 to 447.718 may receive the tax credits and exemptions pursuant to sections 135.100 to 135.150 and sections 135.200 to 135.257. The tax credits allowed pursuant to this subsection shall be used to offset the tax imposed by chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, or the tax otherwise imposed by chapter 147, or the tax otherwise imposed by chapter 148. For purposes of this subsection:

- (1) For receipt of the ad valorem tax abatement pursuant to section 135.215, the eligible project must create at least ten new jobs or retain businesses which supply at least twenty-five existing jobs. The city, or county if the eligible project is not located in a city, must provide ad valorem tax abatement of at least fifty percent for a period not less than ten years and not more than twenty-five years;
- 18 (2) For receipt of the income tax exemption pursuant to section 135.220 19 and tax credit for new or expanded business facilities pursuant to sections 20 135.100 to 135.150, and 135.225, the eligible project must create at least ten new 21 jobs or retain businesses which supply at least twenty-five existing jobs, or 22combination thereof. For purposes of sections 447.700 to 447.718, the tax credits 23 described in section 135.225 are modified as follows: the tax credit shall be four 24hundred dollars per employee per year, an additional four hundred dollars per 25 year for each employee exceeding the minimum employment thresholds of ten and twenty-five jobs for new and existing businesses, respectively, an additional four 26 hundred dollars per year for each person who is a person difficult to employ as 27 28 defined by section 135.240, and investment tax credits at the same amounts and 29 levels as provided in subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of section 135.225;
  - (3) For eligibility to receive the income tax refund pursuant to section 135.245, the eligible project must create at least ten new jobs or retain businesses which supply at least twenty-five existing jobs, or combination thereof, and otherwise comply with the provisions of section 135.245 for application and use of the refund and the eligibility requirements of this section;
- 35 (4) The eligible project operates in compliance with applicable 36 environmental laws and regulations, including permitting and registration

37 requirements, of this state as well as the federal and local requirements;

- (5) The eligible project operator shall file such reports as may be required by the director of economic development or the director's designee;
- (6) The taxpayer may claim the state tax credits authorized by this subsection and the state income exemption for a period not in excess of ten consecutive tax years. For the purpose of this section, "taxpayer" means an individual proprietorship, partnership or corporation described in section 143.441 or 143.471 who operates an eligible project. The director shall determine the number of years the taxpayer may claim the state tax credits and the state income exemption based on the projected net state economic benefits attributed to the eligible project;
- (7) For the purpose of meeting the new job requirement prescribed in subdivisions (1), (2) and (3) of this subsection, it shall be required that at least ten new jobs be created and maintained during the taxpayer's tax period for which the credits are earned, in the case of an eligible project that does not replace a similar facility in Missouri. "New job" means a person who was not previously employed by the taxpayer or related taxpayer within the twelve-month period immediately preceding the time the person was employed by that taxpayer to work at, or in connection with, the eligible project on a full-time basis. "Full-time basis" means the employee works an average of at least thirty-five hours per week during the taxpayer's tax period for which the tax credits are earned. For the purposes of this section, "related taxpayer" has the same meaning as defined in subdivision (10) of section 135.100;
- (8) For the purpose of meeting the existing job retention requirement, if the eligible project replaces a similar facility that closed elsewhere in Missouri prior to the end of the taxpayer's tax period in which the tax credits are earned, it shall be required that at least twenty-five existing jobs be retained at, and in connection with the eligible project, on a full-time basis during the taxpayer's tax period for which the credits are earned. "Retained job" means a person who was previously employed by the taxpayer or related taxpayer, at a facility similar to the eligible project that closed elsewhere in Missouri prior to the end of the taxpayer's tax period in which the tax credits are earned, within the tax period immediately preceding the time the person was employed by the taxpayer to work at, or in connection with, the eligible project on a full-time basis. "Full-time basis" means the employee works an average of at least thirty-five hours per week during the taxpayer's tax period for which the tax credits are earned;

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(9) In the case where an eligible project replaces a similar facility that closed elsewhere in Missouri prior to the end of the taxpayer's tax period in which the tax credits are earned, the owner and operator of the eligible project shall provide the director with a written statement explaining the reason for discontinuing operations at the closed facility. The statement shall include a comparison of the activities performed at the closed facility prior to the date the facility ceased operating, to the activities performed at the eligible project, and a detailed account describing the need and rationale for relocating to the eligible project. If the director finds the relocation to the eligible project significantly impaired the economic stability of the area in which the closed facility was located, and that such move was detrimental to the overall economic development efforts of the state, the director may deny the taxpayer's request to claim tax benefits;

- (10) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, for the purpose of this section, the number of new jobs created and maintained, the number of existing jobs retained, and the value of new qualified investment used at the eligible project during any tax year shall be determined by dividing by twelve, in the case of jobs, the sum of the number of individuals employed at the eligible project, or in the case of new qualified investment, the value of new qualified investment used at the eligible project, on the last business day of each full calendar month of the tax year. If the eligible project is in operation for less than the entire tax year, the number of new jobs created and maintained, the number of existing jobs retained, and the value of new qualified investment created at the eligible project during any tax year shall be determined by dividing the sum of the number of individuals employed at the eligible project, or in the case of new qualified investment, the value of new qualified investment used at the eligible project, on the last business day of each full calendar month during the portion of the tax year during which the eligible project was in operation, by the number of full calendar months during such period;
- (11) For the purpose of this section, "new qualified investment" means new business facility investment as defined and as determined in subdivision (8) of section 135.100 which is used at and in connection with the eligible project. New qualified investment shall not include small tools, supplies and inventory. "Small tools" means tools that are portable and can be hand held.
- 2. The determination of the director of economic development pursuant to subsection 1 of this section shall not affect requirements for the prospective

purchaser to obtain the approval of the granting of real property tax abatement by the municipal or county government where the eligible project is located.

- 3. (1) The director of the department of economic development, with the 111 112 approval of the director of the department of natural resources, may, in addition 113 to the tax credits allowed in subsection 1 of this section, grant a remediation tax 114 credit to the applicant for up to one hundred percent of the costs of materials, supplies, equipment, labor, professional engineering, consulting and architectural 115 116 fees, permitting fees and expenses, demolition, asbestos abatement, and direct 117 utility charges for performing the voluntary remediation activities for the 118 preexisting hazardous substance contamination and releases, including, but not 119 limited to, the costs of performing operation and maintenance of the remediation 120 equipment at the property beyond the year in which the systems and equipment 121 are built and installed at the eligible project and the costs of performing the 122 voluntary remediation activities over a period not in excess of four tax years 123 following the taxpayer's tax year in which the system and equipment were first put into use at the eligible project, provided the remediation activities are the 124 125 subject of a plan submitted to, and approved by, the director of natural resources pursuant to sections 260.565 to 260.575. The tax credit may also include up to 126 127 one hundred percent of the costs of demolition that are not directly part of the 128 remediation activities, provided that the demolition is on the property where the 129 voluntary remediation activities are occurring, the demolition is necessary to 130 accomplish the planned use of the facility where the remediation activities are 131 occurring, and the demolition is part of a redevelopment plan approved by the 132 municipal or county government and the department of economic 133 development. The demolition may occur on an adjacent property if the project is 134 located in a municipality which has a population less than twenty thousand and the above conditions are otherwise met. The adjacent property shall 135 independently qualify as abandoned or underutilized. The amount of the credit 136 137 available for demolition not associated with remediation cannot exceed the total 138 amount of credits approved for remediation including demolition required for remediation. 139
  - (2) The amount of remediation tax credits issued shall be limited to the least amount necessary to cause the project to occur, as determined by the director of the department of economic development.

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(3) The director may, with the approval of the director of natural resources, extend the tax credits allowed for performing voluntary remediation

maintenance activities, in increments of three-year periods, not to exceed five consecutive three-year periods. The tax credits allowed in this subsection shall be used to offset the tax imposed by chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, or the tax otherwise imposed by chapter 147, or the tax otherwise imposed by chapter 148. The remediation tax credit may be taken in the same tax year in which the tax credits are received or may be taken over a period not to exceed twenty years.

- (4) The project facility shall be projected to create at least ten new jobs or at least twenty-five retained jobs, or a combination thereof, as determined by the department of economic development, to be eligible for tax credits pursuant to this section.
- (5) No more than seventy-five percent of earned remediation tax credits may be issued when the remediation costs were paid, and the remaining percentage may be issued when the department of natural resources issues a letter of completion letter or covenant not to sue following completion of the voluntary remediation activities. It shall not include any costs associated with ongoing operational environmental compliance of the facility or remediation costs arising out of spills, leaks, or other releases arising out of the ongoing business operations of the facility. In the event the department of natural resources issues a letter of completion for a portion of a property, an impacted media such as soil or groundwater, or for a site or a portion of a site improvement, a prorated amount of the remaining percentage may be released based on the percentage of the total site receiving a letter of completion.
- 4. In the exercise of the sound discretion of the director of the department of economic development or the director's designee, the tax credits and exemptions described in this section may be terminated, suspended or revoked if the eligible project fails to continue to meet the conditions set forth in this section. In making such a determination, the director shall consider the severity of the condition violation, actions taken to correct the violation, the frequency of any condition violations and whether the actions exhibit a pattern of conduct by the eligible facility owner and operator. The director shall also consider changes in general economic conditions and the recommendation of the director of the department of natural resources, or his or her designee, concerning the severity, scope, nature, frequency and extent of any violations of the environmental compliance conditions. The taxpayer or person claiming the tax credits or exemptions may appeal the decision regarding termination, suspension or

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revocation of any tax credit or exemption in accordance with the procedures outlined in subsections 4 and 5 of section 135.250. The director of the department of economic development shall notify the directors of the departments of natural resources and revenue of the termination, suspension or revocation of any tax credits as determined in this section or pursuant to the provisions of section 447.716.

- 5. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no taxpayer shall earn the tax credits, exemptions or refund otherwise allowed in subdivisions (2), (3) and (4) of subsection 1 of this section and the tax credits otherwise allowed in section 135.110, or the tax credits, exemptions and refund otherwise allowed in sections 135.215, 135.220, 135.225 and 135.245, respectively, for the same facility for the same tax period.
- 6. The total amount of the tax credits allowed in subsection 1 of this section may not exceed the greater of:
- 195 (1) That portion of the taxpayer's income attributed to the eligible project; 196 or
- 197 (2) One hundred percent of the total business' income tax if the eligible 198 facility does not replace a similar facility that closed elsewhere in Missouri prior 199 to the end of the taxpayer's tax period in which the tax credits are earned, and 200 further provided the taxpayer does not operate any other facilities besides the 201 eligible project in Missouri; fifty percent of the total business' income tax if the 202 eligible facility replaces a similar facility that closed elsewhere in Missouri prior 203 to the end of the taxpayer's tax period in which the credits are earned, and 204 further provided the taxpayer does not operate any other facilities besides the 205 eligible project in Missouri; or twenty-five percent of the total business income if 206 the taxpayer operates, in addition to the eligible facility, any other facilities in 207 Missouri. In no case shall a taxpayer operating more than one eligible project in Missouri be allowed to offset more than twenty-five percent of the taxpayer's 208 209 business income in any tax period. That portion of the taxpayer's income 210 attributed to the eligible project as referenced in subdivision (1) of this subsection, for which the credits allowed in sections 135.110 and 135.225 and 211 212 subsection 3 of this section may apply, shall be determined in the same manner 213 as prescribed in subdivision (5) of section 135.100. That portion of the taxpayer's 214 franchise tax attributed to the eligible project for which the remediation tax 215 credit may offset, shall be determined in the same manner as prescribed in paragraph (a) of subdivision (5) of section 135.100. 216

7. Taxpayers claiming the state tax benefits allowed in subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection 1 of this section shall be required to file all applicable tax credit applications, forms and schedules prescribed by the director during the taxpayer's tax period immediately after the tax period in which the eligible project was first put into use. Otherwise, the taxpayer's right to claim such state tax benefits shall be forfeited. Unused business facility and enterprise zone tax credits shall not be carried forward but shall be initially claimed for the tax period during which the eligible project was first capable of being used, and during any applicable subsequent tax periods.

- 8. Taxpayers claiming the remediation tax credit allowed in subsection 3 of this section shall be required to file all applicable tax credit applications, forms and schedules prescribed by the director during the taxpayer's tax period immediately after the tax period in which the eligible project was first put into use, or during the taxpayer's tax period immediately after the tax period in which the voluntary remediation activities were performed.
- 9. The recipient of remediation tax credits, for the purpose of this subsection referred to as assignor, may assign, sell or transfer, in whole or in part, the remediation tax credit allowed in subsection 3 of this section to any other person, for the purpose of this subsection referred to as assignee. To perfect the transfer, the assignor shall provide written notice to the director of the assignor's intent to transfer the tax credits to the assignee, the date the transfer is effective, the assignee's name, address and the assignee's tax period and the amount of tax credits to be transferred. The number of tax periods during which the assignee may subsequently claim the tax credits shall not exceed twenty tax periods, less the number of tax periods the assignor previously claimed the credits before the transfer occurred.
- 10. In the case where an operator and assignor of an eligible project has been certified to claim state tax benefits allowed in subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection 1 of this section, and sells or otherwise transfers title of the eligible project to another taxpayer or assignee who continues the same or substantially similar operations at the eligible project, the director shall allow the assignee to claim the credits for a period of time to be determined by the director; except that, the total number of tax periods the tax credits may be earned by the assignor and the assignee shall not exceed ten. To perfect the transfer, the assignor shall provide written notice to the director of the assignor's intent to transfer the tax credits to the assignee, the date the transfer is effective, the

assignee's name, address, and the assignee's tax period, and the amount of tax credits to be transferred.

- 11. For the purpose of the state tax benefits described in this section, in the case of a corporation described in section 143.471 or partnership, in computing Missouri's tax liability, such state benefits shall be allowed to the following:
  - (1) The shareholders of the corporation described in section 143.471;
- 260 (2) The partners of the partnership.

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The credit provided in this subsection shall be apportioned to the entities described in subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection in proportion to their share of ownership on the last day of the taxpayer's tax period.

[12. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, in any county of the first classification that has a charter form of government and that has a population of over nine hundred thousand inhabitants, all demolition costs incurred during the redevelopment of any former automobile manufacturing plant shall be allowable costs eligible for tax credits under sections 447.700 to 447.718 so long as the redevelopment of such former automobile manufacturing plant shall be projected to create at least two hundred fifty new jobs or at least three hundred retained jobs, or a combination thereof, as determined by the department of economic development. The amount of allowable costs eligible for tax credits shall be limited to the least amount necessary to cause the project to occur, as determined by the director of the department of economic development, provided that no tax credit shall be issued under this subsection until July 1, 2017. For purposes of this subsection, "former automobile manufacturing plant" means a redevelopment area that qualifies as an eligible project under section 447.700, that consists of at least one hundred acres, and that was used primarily for the manufacture of automobiles but, after 2007, ceased such manufacturing.]

[135.766. An eligible small business, as defined in Section 44 of the Internal Revenue Code, shall be allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due pursuant to chapter 143, not including sections 143.191 to 143.265, in an amount equal to any amount paid by the eligible small business to the United States Small Business Administration as a guaranty fee pursuant to obtaining Small Business Administration guaranteed financing and to programs administered by the United States Department of Agriculture for rural development or farm service agencies. No tax

10 credits provided under this section shall be authorized on or after
11 the thirtieth day following the effective date of this act. The
12 provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to limit or in
13 any way impair the department's ability to issue tax credits
14 authorized prior to the thirtieth day following the effective date of
15 this act, or a taxpayer's ability to redeem such tax credits.]

[348.300. As used in sections 348.300 to 348.318, the following terms mean:

- (1) "Commercial activity located in Missouri", any research, development, prototype fabrication, and subsequent precommercialization activity, or any activity related thereto, conducted in Missouri for the purpose of producing a service or a product or process for manufacture, assembly or sale or developing a service based on such a product or process by any person, corporation, partnership, joint venture, unincorporated association, trust or other organization doing business in Missouri. Subsequent to January 1, 1999, a commercial activity located in Missouri shall mean only such activity that is located within a distressed community, as defined in section 135.530;
- (2) "Follow-up capital", capital provided to a commercial activity located in Missouri in which a qualified fund has previously invested seed capital or start-up capital and which does not exceed ten times the amount of such seed and start-up capital;
- (3) "Person", any individual, corporation, partnership, or other entity, including any charitable corporation which is exempt from federal income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable income, if any, would be subject to the state income tax imposed under chapter 143;
- (4) "Qualified contribution", cash contribution to a qualified fund;
- (5) "Qualified economic development organization", any corporation organized under the provisions of chapter 355 which has as of January 1, 1991, obtained a contract with the department of economic development to operate an innovation center to promote, assist and coordinate the research and development of new services, products or processes in the state of Missouri; and

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the Missouri technology corporation organized pursuant to the provisions of sections 348.250 to 348.275;

- (6) "Qualified fund", any corporation, partnership, joint venture, unincorporated association, trust or other organization which is established under the laws of Missouri after December 31, 1985, which meets all of the following requirements established by this subdivision. The fund shall have as its sole purpose and business the making of investments, of which at least ninety percent of the dollars invested shall be qualified investments. The fund shall enter into a contract with one or more qualified economic development organizations which shall entitle the qualified economic development organizations to receive not less than ten percent of all distributions of equity and dividends or other earnings of the fund. Such contracts shall require the qualified fund to transfer to the Missouri technology corporation organized pursuant to the provisions of sections 348.250 to 348.275 this interest and make corresponding distributions thereto in the event the qualified economic development organization holding such interest is dissolved or ceases to do business for a period of one year or more;
- (7) "Qualified investment", any investment of seed capital, start-up capital, or follow-up capital in any commercial activity located in Missouri;
- (8) "Seed capital", capital provided to a commercial activity located in Missouri for research, development and precommercialization activities to prove a concept for a new product or process or service, and for activities related thereto;
- (9) "Start-up capital", capital provided to a commercial activity located in Missouri for use in preproduction product development or service development or initial marketing thereof, and for activities related thereto;
- (10) "State tax liability", any state tax liability incurred by a taxpayer under the provisions of chapters 143, 147 and 148, exclusive of the provisions relating to the withholding of tax as provided for in sections 143.191 to 143.265 and related provisions;
  - (11) "Uninvested capital", the amount of any distribution,

other than of earnings, by a qualified fund made within five years of the issuance of a certificate of tax credit as provided by sections 348.300 to 348.318; or the portion of all qualified contributions to a qualified fund which are not invested as qualified investments within five years of the issuance of a certificate of tax credit as provided by sections 348.300 to 348.318 to the extent that the amount not so invested exceeds ten percent of all such qualified contributions.]

[348.302. 1. Any person who makes a qualified contribution to a qualified fund shall be entitled to receive a tax credit equal to fifty percent of the amount of the qualified contribution. The tax credit shall be evidenced by a tax credit certificate in accordance with the provisions of sections 348.300 to 348.318 and may be used to satisfy the state tax liability of the owner of such certificate that becomes due in the tax year in which the qualified contribution is made, or in any of the ten tax years thereafter. No person may receive a tax credit pursuant to sections 348.300 to 348.318 unless that person presents a tax credit certificate to the department of revenue for payment of such state tax liability.

2. The amount of such qualified contributions which can be made is limited so that the aggregate of all tax credits authorized under the provisions of sections 348.300 to 348.318 shall not exceed nine million dollars. All tax credits authorized under the provisions of this section may be transferred, sold or assigned.]

[348.304. The total amount of credit evidenced by certificates of tax credit issued to taxpayers at the request of any one qualified economic development organization shall not exceed two million dollars; except that, this two-million-dollar limitation shall not apply to certificates of tax credit issued after January 1, 1996. Prior to January 1, 1996, any qualified economic development organization may enter into a contractual agreement with any other qualified economic development organization to allocate to the latter any portion of the two million dollars of tax credits which it is authorized to issue to taxpayers under the provisions of this section. The certificate of tax credit may be issued in one aggregate certificate or in a reasonable number of

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multiple certificates in regard to one qualified contribution. Any issued certificate may be surrendered in exchange for new certificates not to exceed in value the value of the issued certificate. The number and denomination of multiple certificates, if issued, shall be determined by the director of the department of economic development.]

[348.306. No person shall receive, by issuance, transfer or assignment, certificates of tax credit issued under the provisions of sections 348.300 to 348.318 in an amount in excess of one million dollars. Subject to the provisions of this section, certificates of tax credit issued in accordance with sections 348.300 to 348.318 may be transferred or assigned by notarized endorsement thereof which names the transferee.]

[348.308. 1. The director of the department of economic development shall be responsible for the administration and issuance of the certificate of tax credits authorized by sections 348.300 to 348.318. The director of the department of economic development shall issue a certificate of tax credit at the request of any qualified economic development organization. Each request shall include a true copy of the documents creating the qualified fund and the interest of the qualified economic development organization in the qualified fund, the name of the person who is to receive a certificate of tax credit, the type of state tax liability, as specified in subdivision (10) of section 348.300, against which the tax credit is to be used, and the amount of the certificate of tax credit to be issued to the person making the qualified contribution. Each request shall be acknowledged under oath by the person making the qualified contribution and the president of the qualified economic development organization.

2. In the event that two or more qualified economic development organizations have an interest in a qualified fund, either or both of such qualified economic development organizations may request issuance of certificates of tax credit in accordance with the provisions of sections 348.300 to 348.318 to persons contributing to qualified funds.]

[348.310. The Missouri department of revenue shall accept

a certificate of tax credit in lieu of other payment in such amount as is equal to the lesser of the amount of the tax or the remaining unused amount of the credit as indicated on the certificate of tax credit; and shall indicate on the certificate of tax credit the amount of tax thereby paid, the date of such payment, and the remainder of the unused credit available to the taxpayer after such payment. The certificate of tax credit shall be returned to the director of the department of economic development. The director of the department of economic development shall issue a new certificate to the proper owner for any unused balance.]

[348.312. No provision of sections 348.300 to 348.318 shall be construed to require a qualified economic development organization to accept an interest in any fund, nor shall any provision of sections 348.300 to 348.318 be construed to limit or restrict the terms and conditions on which a qualified economic development organization may agree to accept an interest in any fund.]

[348.316. 1. Each qualified fund, on or before the due date of its federal income tax return, shall make a report for a period corresponding to the qualified fund's federal income tax year. The report shall be made on a form required by the department of economic development. It shall be verified by the affidavit of the fund's president, or another authorized officer, to the department of economic development. It shall state the amount of all uninvested capital, whether distributions of equity or funds not invested in qualified investments, and it shall contain other such information as may be required by the director of the department of economic development.

2. Upon the receipt of such returns, the director of the department of economic development shall verify the same and certify the amount of tax due from the various funds to the director of revenue within sixty days from the date of the return. The director of revenue shall send each qualified fund a notice of tax due within thirty days of the date of certification by the department of economic development. The qualified fund shall pay the tax as provided in the notice within thirty days of the date of

such notice.

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[348.318. Except as otherwise specifically provided in sections 348.300 to 348.318, interest and penalty provisions and procedural matters under the provisions of sections 348.300 to 348.318 shall be determined pursuant to and in the manner prescribed in the following sections of the revised statutes of Missouri, the state income tax law, governing similar procedures thereunder: sections 143.271 to 143.301, 143.511, 143.551 to 143.571, 143.611 to 143.751, 143.771, 143.791 to 143.861, 143.881 to 143.971, and 143.986.]

[620.1039. 1. As used in this section, the term "taxpayer" means an individual, a partnership, or any charitable organization which is exempt from federal income tax and whose Missouri unrelated business taxable income, if any, would be subject to the state income tax imposed under chapter 143, or a corporation as described in section 143.441 or 143.471, or section 148.370, and the term "qualified research expenses" has the same meaning as prescribed in 26 U.S.C. 41.

- 2. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, the director of the department of economic development may authorize a taxpayer to receive a tax credit against the tax otherwise due pursuant to chapter 143, or chapter 148, other than the taxes withheld pursuant to sections 143.191 to 143.265, in an amount up to six and one-half percent of the excess of the taxpayer's qualified research expenses, as certified by the director of the department of economic development, within this state during the taxable year over the average of the taxpayer's qualified research expenses within this state over the immediately preceding three taxable years; except that, no tax credit shall be allowed on that portion of the taxpayer's qualified research expenses incurred within this state during the taxable year in which the credit is being claimed, to the extent such expenses exceed two hundred percent of the taxpayer's average qualified research expenses incurred during the immediately preceding three taxable years.
- 3. The director of economic development shall prescribe the manner in which the tax credit may be applied for. The tax credit

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authorized by this section may be claimed by the taxpayer to offset the tax liability imposed by chapter 143 or chapter 148 that becomes due in the tax year during which such qualified research expenses were incurred. Where the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability, the difference between the credit and the tax liability may only be carried forward for the next five succeeding taxable years or until the full credit has been claimed, whichever first occurs. The application for tax credits authorized by the director pursuant to subsection 2 of this section shall be made no later than the end of the taxpayer's tax period immediately following the tax period for which the credits are being claimed.

4. Certificates of tax credit issued pursuant to this section may be transferred, sold or assigned by filing a notarized endorsement thereof with the department which names the transferee and the amount of tax credit transferred. The director of economic development may allow a taxpayer to transfer, sell or assign up to forty percent of the amount of the certificates of tax credit issued to and not claimed by such taxpayer pursuant to this section during any tax year commencing on or after January 1, 1996, and ending not later than December 31, 1999. Such taxpayer shall file, by December 31, 2001, an application with the department which names the transferee, the amount of tax credit desired to be transferred, and a certification that the funds received by the applicant as a result of the transfer, sale or assignment of the tax credit shall be expended within three years at the state university for the sole purpose of conducting research activities agreed upon by the department, the taxpayer and the state university. Failure to expend such funds in the manner prescribed pursuant to this section shall cause the applicant to be subject to the provisions of section 620.017.

5. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the authority of this section shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536. All rulemaking authority delegated prior to June 27, 1997, is of no force and effect and repealed; however, nothing in this section shall be interpreted to repeal or affect the validity of any rule filed or

adopted prior to June 27, 1997, if such rule complied with the provisions of chapter 536. The provisions of this section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, including the ability to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule or portion of a rule, are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the purported grant of rulemaking authority and any rule so proposed and contained in the order of rulemaking shall be invalid and void.

- 6. The aggregate of all tax credits authorized pursuant to this section shall not exceed nine million seven hundred thousand dollars in any year.
- 7. For all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, no tax credits shall be approved, awarded, or issued to any person or entity claiming any tax credit under this section.]

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