FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 105

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR WALLINGFORD.

Pre-filed December 1, 2016, and ordered printed.

0583S.01I

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal sections 32.087, 66.601, 66.620, 67.395, 67.525, 67.571, 67.576, 67.578, 67.581, 67.582, 67.583, 67.584, 67.712, 67.713, 67.729, 67.737, 67.738, 67.745, 67.782, 67.799, 67.997, 67.1300, 67.1303, 67.1305, 67.1545, 67.1713, 67.1775, 67.1959, 67.1971, 67.2000, 67.2030, 67.2525, 67.2530, 94.578, 94.605, 94.660, 94.705, 144.010, 144.014, 144.030, 144.032, 144.043, 144.049, 144.054, 144.069, 144.080, 144.083, 144.100, 144.140, 144.210, 144.285, 144.517, 144.526, 144.605, 144.655, 144.710, 144.1000, 144.1003, 144.1006, 144.1009, 144.1012, 144.1015, 221.407, 238.235, and 238.410, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof sixty-seven new sections relating to the implementation of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement, with penalty provisions and an effective date.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 32.087, 66.601, 66.620, 67.395, 67.525, 67.571, 67.576, 2 67.578, 67.581, 67.582, 67.583, 67.584, 67.712, 67.713, 67.729, 67.737, 67.738, 67.745, $3 \quad 67.782, 67.799, 67.997, 67.1300, 67.1303, 67.1305, 67.1545, 67.1713, 67.1775, 67.1959,$ 4 67.1971, 67.2000, 67.2030, 67.2525, 67.2530, 94.578, 94.605, 94.660, 94.705, 144.010, 5 144.014, 144.030, 144.032, 144.043, 144.049, 144.054, 144.069, 144.080, 144.083, $6 \quad 144.100, \ 144.140, \ 144.210, \ 144.285, \ 144.517, \ 144.526, \ 144.605, \ 144.655, \ 144.710, \ 144.7$ 7 144.1000, 144.1003, 144.1006, 144.1009, 144.1012, 144.1015, 221.407, 238.235, and 8 238.410, RSMo, are repealed and sixty-seven new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to 9 be known as sections 32.070, 32.086, 32.087, 66.620, 67.395, 67.525, 67.571, 67.576, 10 67.578, 67.581, 67.582, 67.583, 67.584, 67.712, 67.713, 67.729, 67.737, 67.738, 67.745, $11 \quad 67.782, 67.799, 67.997, 67.1300, 67.1303, 67.1305, 67.1545, 67.1775, 67.1959, 67.2000,$ 12 67.2030, 67.2525, 67.2530, 94.578, 94.605, 94.660, 94.705, 144.010, 144.014, 144.022, 13 144.030, 144.032, 144.049, 144.054, 144.080, 144.082, 144.083, 144.084, 144.100, 14 144.105, 144.110, 144.111, 144.112, 144.113, 144.114, 144.123, 144.124, 144.125, 15 144.140, 144.210, 144.212, 144.285, 144.526, 144.655, 144.710, 221.407, 238.235, and 238.410, 16 to read as follows:

32.070. 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the 2 "Missouri Main Street Fairness Act".

3 2. (1) Beginning on January first following the effective date of 4 this act, all revenue generated under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement act that exceeds the amount of revenue that would have 56 been collected if the streamlined sales and use tax agreement act were not effective shall be deposited in the streamlined sales and use tax 7 agreement special fund created in this section and appropriated solely 8 for the approved purposes. The department of revenue shall track and 9 report the collections generated under this act. 10

11 (2) There is hereby created in the state treasury the "Streamlined 12Sales and Use Tax Agreement Special Fund", which shall consist of 13 money collected under this subsection. The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund. In accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180, 14 the state treasurer may approve disbursements. The fund shall be a 15dedicated fund and, upon appropriation, money in the fund shall be 16 used solely to make payments to any person or entity providing child 1718 care services to a child under section 208.046. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 33.080 to the contrary, any moneys remaining in 19 20the fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the general revenue fund. The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the 2122fund in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and 23moneys earned on such investments shall be credited to the fund.

243. The director of the department of revenue shall enter into the 25streamlined sales and use tax agreement with one or more states to simplify and modernize sales and use tax administration in order to 26substantially reduce the burden of tax compliance for all sellers and for 2728all types of commerce. In furtherance of the streamlined sales and use 29tax agreement, the director of the department of revenue may act 30 jointly with other states that are members of the streamlined sales and 31use tax agreement to establish standards for certification of a certified 32service provider and certified automated system and establish 33 performance standards for multistate sellers.

4. The director of the department of revenue may take other
action reasonably required to implement the provisions set forth in the
streamlined sales and use tax administration act, including, but not

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limited to, the promulgation of rules and the joint procurement, with
other member states, of goods and services in furtherance of the
streamlined sales and use tax agreement.

5. For the purposes of representing the state as a member of the 40 agreement and, if necessary, amending the agreement, the state shall 41 42 be represented by three delegates, one of whom shall be appointed by the governor, one shall be a member of the general assembly appointed 43by mutual agreement of the president pro tempore of the senate and 44 45the speaker of the house of representatives, with the director of the department of revenue or the director's designee as the third 46 delegate. The delegates shall recommend to the committees responsible 47for reviewing tax issues in the senate and the house of representatives 48 each year any amendment of state statutes required to be substantially 49in compliance with the agreement. Such delegates shall make a written 50report by the fifteenth day of January each year regarding the status 5152of the agreement.

6. The department of revenue shall promulgate rules necessary to implement the provisions of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement.

32.086. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for all local sales and use taxes collected by the department and remitted to a $\mathbf{2}$ 3 political jurisdiction or taxing district, the department shall remit one 4 percent of the amount collected to the general revenue fund to offset 5 the cost of collection, unless a greater amount is specified in the local 6 sales and use tax law. The department shall not commingle the remaining amounts collected with general revenues and shall remit the 7 remaining amounts collected to the political jurisdiction or taxing 8 district less any credits for erroneous payments, overpayments, and 9 dishonored checks. 10

32.087. 1. Within ten days after the adoption of any ordinance or order in favor of adoption of any local sales tax authorized under the local sales tax law by the voters of a taxing entity, the governing body or official of such taxing entity shall forward to the director of revenue by United States registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance or order. [The ordinance or order shall reflect the effective date thereof.]

Any local sales tax so adopted shall become effective [on the first day
of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of

9 adoption of the local sales tax, except] as provided in subsection [18] 19 of this
10 section, and shall be imposed on all transactions on which the Missouri state
11 sales tax is imposed.

123. Every retailer within the jurisdiction of one or more taxing entities which has imposed one or more local sales taxes under the local sales tax law 13shall add all taxes so imposed along with the tax imposed by the sales tax law of 14 the state of Missouri to the sale price and, when added, the combined tax shall 15constitute a part of the price, and shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer 16 until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase 1718price. The combined rate of the state sales tax and all local sales taxes shall be 19 the sum of the rates, multiplying the combined rate times the amount of the sale. 204. [The brackets required to be established by the director of revenue

under the provisions of section 144.285 shall be based upon the sum of the
combined rate of the state sales tax and all local sales taxes imposed under the
provisions of the local sales tax law.

5.] (1) The ordinance or order imposing a local sales tax under the local sales tax law shall impose a tax upon all transactions upon which the Missouri state sales tax is imposed to the extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525, and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto[; except that the rate of the tax shall be the sum of the combined rate of the state sales tax or state highway use tax and all local sales taxes imposed under the provisions of the local sales tax law].

31(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, local 32taxing jurisdictions, except those in which voters have approved a local use tax 33 under section 144.757, shall have placed on the ballot on or after the general election in November 2014, but no later than the general election in November 342018, whether to repeal application of the local sales tax to the titling of motor 35vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that are subject to state sales tax 36 under section 144.020 and purchased from a source other than a licensed 37Missouri dealer. The ballot question presented to the local voters shall contain 38 substantially the following language: 39

40 Shall the _____ (local jurisdiction's name) discontinue applying and 41 collecting the local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and 42 outboard motors that were purchased from a source other than a licensed 43 Missouri dealer?

44 Approval of this measure will result in a reduction of local revenue to provide for

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vital services for _____ (local jurisdiction's name) and it will place Missouri
dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats, and trailers at a competitive
disadvantage to non-Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard motors, boats,
and trailers.

49

🗆 NO

50 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you 51 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

 \Box YES

(3) If the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection receives a majority of the votes cast in favor of the proposal, or if the local taxing jurisdiction fails to place the ballot question before the voters on or before the general election in November 2018, the local taxing jurisdiction shall cease applying the local sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that were purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer.

59(4) In addition to the requirement that the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection be placed before the voters, the governing body 60 61 of any local taxing jurisdiction that had previously imposed a local use tax on the use of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors may, at any time, place 62 63 a proposal on the ballot at any election to repeal application of the local sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased 64 65 from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. If a majority of the votes 66 cast by the registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal 67 application of the local sales tax to such titling, then the local sales tax shall no 68 longer be applied to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. If a 69 70majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are opposed to 71the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, such 72application shall remain in effect.

73(5) In addition to the requirement that the ballot question set forth in subdivision (2) of this subsection be placed before the voters on or after the 74general election in November 2014, and on or before the general election in 7576 November 2018, whenever the governing body of any local taxing jurisdiction 77imposing a local sales tax on the sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors receives a petition, signed by fifteen percent of the registered 78voters of such jurisdiction voting in the last gubernatorial election, and calling 79for a proposal to be placed on the ballot at any election to repeal application of 80

the local sales tax to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard 81 82 motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer, the 83 governing body shall submit to the voters of such jurisdiction a proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling. If a majority of the votes cast by 84 the registered voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal 85 application of the local sales tax to such titling, then the local sales tax shall no 86 longer be applied to the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard 87 motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. If a 88 89 majority of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are opposed to 90 the proposal to repeal application of the local sales tax to such titling, such 91 application shall remain in effect.

92 (6) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize the voters93 of any jurisdiction to repeal application of any state sales or use tax.

94 (7) If any local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, 95and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer is repealed, such repeal shall take effect on the first day of the second 96 97 calendar quarter after the election. If any local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors purchased from a source other than 98 99 a licensed Missouri dealer is required to cease to be applied or collected due to failure of a local taxing jurisdiction to hold an election pursuant to subdivision 100 101 (2) of this subsection, such cessation shall take effect on March 1, 2019.

102 (8) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, if any local sales 103 tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors 104 purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer is repealed after 105the general election in November 2014, or if the taxing jurisdiction failed to present the ballot to the voters at a general election on or before November 2018, 106then the governing body of such taxing jurisdiction may, at any election 107 108 subsequent to the repeal or after the general election in November 2018, if the jurisdiction failed to present the ballot to the voters, place before the voters the 109 issue of imposing a sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and 110 outboard motors that are subject to state sales tax under section 144.020 that 111 were purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri dealer. The ballot 112113question presented to the local voters shall contain substantially the following 114language:

Shall the _____ (local jurisdiction's name) apply and collect the local sales
tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors that are

subject to state sales tax under section 144.020 and purchased from a sourceother than a licensed Missouri dealer?

119 Approval of this measure will result in an increase of local revenue to provide for 120 vital services for _____ (local jurisdiction's name), and it will remove a 121 competitive advantage that non-Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard 122 motors, boats, and trailers have over Missouri dealers of motor vehicles, outboard 123 motors, boats, and trailers.

124 \Box YES \Box NO

125 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you126 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

(9) If any local sales tax on the titling of motor vehicles, trailers, boats,
and outboard motors purchased from a source other than a licensed Missouri
dealer is adopted, such tax shall take effect and be imposed on the first day of the
second calendar quarter after the election.

[6.] 5. On and after the effective date of any local sales tax imposed 131under the provisions of the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall 132133perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the 134135sales tax for the state of Missouri all additional local sales taxes authorized under 136the authority of the local sales tax law. All local sales taxes imposed under the 137 local sales tax law together with all taxes imposed under the sales tax law of the 138state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and 139under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the 140 director of revenue.

141 [7.] 6. All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525 142 governing the state sales tax and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality 143 provision, shall apply to the collection of any local sales tax imposed under the 144 local sales tax law except as modified by the local sales tax law.

145[8.] 7. All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, persons and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property 146and taxable services under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, as these 147148 sections now read and as they may hereafter be amended, it being the intent of 149this general assembly to ensure that the same sales tax exemptions granted from the state sales tax law also be granted under the local sales tax law, are hereby 150made applicable to the imposition and collection of all local sales taxes imposed 151152under the local sales tax law.

[9.] 8. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of the local sales tax law, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from any local sales tax imposed by the local sales tax law.

160 [10.] 9. All discounts allowed the retailer under the provisions of the 161 state sales tax law for the collection of and for payment of taxes under the 162 provisions of the state sales tax law are hereby allowed and made applicable to 163 any local sales tax collected under the provisions of the local sales tax law.

164 [11.] **10.** The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 165 to 144.525 for a violation of the provisions of those sections are hereby made 166 applicable to violations of the provisions of the local sales tax law.

167 [12. (1)] 11. For the purposes of any local sales tax imposed by an ordinance or order under the local sales tax law, all sales[, except the sale of 168169 motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors required to be titled under 170 the laws of the state of Missouri, shall be deemed to be consummated at the place 171of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is delivered 172by the retailer or his agent to an out-of-state destination. In the event a retailer 173has more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the 174175retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even 176though the order must be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, 177shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's agent or employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which he works. 178

(2) For the purposes of any local sales tax imposed by an ordinance or order under the local sales tax law, the sales tax upon the titling of all motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors shall be imposed at the rate in effect at the location of the residence of the purchaser, and remitted to that local taxing entity, and not at the place of business of the retailer, or the place of business from which the retailer's agent or employee works.

(3) For the purposes of any local tax imposed by an ordinance or under the
local sales tax law on charges for mobile telecommunications services, all taxes
of mobile telecommunications service shall be imposed as provided in the Mobile
Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sections 116 through 124, as

amended] shall be sourced as provided by sections 144.111 to 144.114.

[13.] 12. Local sales taxes shall not be imposed on the seller of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors required to be titled under the laws of the state of Missouri, but shall be collected from the purchaser by the director of revenue at the time application is made for a certificate of title, if the address of the applicant is within a taxing entity imposing a local sales tax under the local sales tax law.

196 [14.] 13. The director of revenue and any of his deputies, assistants and 197 employees who have any duties or responsibilities in connection with the 198 collection, deposit, transfer, transmittal, disbursement, safekeeping, accounting, 199 or recording of funds which come into the hands of the director of revenue under 200the provisions of the local sales tax law shall enter a surety bond or bonds 201payable to any and all taxing entities in whose behalf such funds have been 202 collected under the local sales tax law in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars for each such tax; but the director of revenue may enter into a blanket 203204 bond covering himself and all such deputies, assistants and employees. The cost 205of any premium for such bonds shall be paid by the director of revenue from the 206share of the collections under the sales tax law retained by the director of revenue for the benefit of the state. 207

208[15.] 14. The director of revenue shall annually report on his 209management of each trust fund which is created under the local sales tax law and administration of each local sales tax imposed under the local sales tax law. He 210211shall provide each taxing entity imposing one or more local sales taxes authorized 212by the local sales tax law with a detailed accounting of the source of all funds 213received by him for the taxing entity. Notwithstanding any other provisions of 214law, the state auditor shall annually audit each trust fund. A copy of the director's report and annual audit shall be forwarded to each taxing entity 215216imposing one or more local sales taxes.

217[16.] 15. Within the boundaries of any taxing entity where one or more 218local sales taxes have been imposed, if any person is delinquent in the payment 219of the amount required to be paid by him under the local sales tax law or in the 220event a determination has been made against him for taxes and penalty under 221the local sales tax law, the limitation for bringing suit for the collection of the 222delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same as that provided in sections 144.010 223to 144.525. Where the director of revenue has determined that suit must be filed 224against any person for the collection of delinquent taxes due the state under the

state sales tax law, and where such person is also delinquent in payment of taxes under the local sales tax law, the director of revenue shall notify the taxing entity in the event any person fails or refuses to pay the amount of any local sales tax due so that appropriate action may be taken by the taxing entity.

229 [17.] **16.** Where property is seized by the director of revenue under the 230provisions of any law authorizing seizure of the property of a taxpayer who is 231delinquent in payment of the tax imposed by the state sales tax law, and where 232such taxpayer is also delinquent in payment of any tax imposed by the local sales 233tax law, the director of revenue shall permit the taxing entity to join in any sale 234of property to pay the delinquent taxes and penalties due the state and to the 235taxing entity under the local sales tax law. The proceeds from such sale shall 236first be applied to all sums due the state, and the remainder, if any, shall be 237applied to all sums due such taxing entity.

238[18.] 17. If a local sales tax has been in effect for at least one year under 239the provisions of the local sales tax law and voters approve reimposition of the same local sales tax at the same rate at an election as provided for in the local 240241sales tax law prior to the date such tax is due to expire, the tax [so] reimposed 242shall become effective [the first day of the first calendar quarter after the director 243receives a certified copy of the ordinance, order or resolution accompanied by a map clearly showing the boundaries thereof and the results of such election, 244245provided that such ordinance, order or resolution and all necessary accompanying materials are received by the director at least thirty days prior to the expiration 246247of such tax] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. Any 248administrative cost or expense incurred by the state as a result of the provisions of this subsection shall be paid by the city or county reimposing such tax. 249

25018. If the boundaries of a city in which a sales tax has been imposed shall thereafter be changed or altered, the city clerk shall 251252forward to the director of revenue by United States registered mail or 253certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance adding or detaching 254territory from the city within ten days of adoption of the ordinance. The ordinance shall reflect the effective date of the 255ordinance and shall be accompanied by a map of the city clearly 256showing the territory added or detached from the city 257boundaries. Upon receipt of the ordinance and map, the tax imposed 258259under the local sales tax law shall be effective in the added territory or 260abolished in the detached territory on the first day of a calendar 261 quarter after one hundred twenty days' notice to sellers.

262 19. (1) The effective date for the imposition, repeal, or rate 263change for each local sales and use tax is the first day of the calendar 264quarter after a minimum of one hundred twenty days' notice to 265sellers. For purchases from printed catalogs wherein the purchaser computed the sales or use tax based upon the local sales and use tax 266rates published in the catalog, the effective date is the first day of the 267calendar quarter after a minimum of one hundred twenty days' notice 268269to the sellers.

(2) The effective date for any local jurisdiction boundary change
for sales and use tax purposes is the first day of the calendar quarter
after a minimum of one hundred twenty days' notice to sellers.

273 20. Any change to any local sales tax boundary or rate shall be 274 effective on the first day of a calendar quarter after one hundred 275 twenty days' notice to sellers.

66.620. 1. All county sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 66.600 to 66.630 on behalf of any county[, less one percent for cost 2 of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after 3 payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087.] shall be 4 $\mathbf{5}$ deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county sales tax trust fund 6 shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds 7 of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount 8 of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a county 9 sales tax, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county 10 and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of 11 revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the 12preceding month to the county which levied the tax; such funds shall be deposited 13with the treasurer of the county and all expenditures of funds arising from the 1415county sales tax trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the 16 legislative council of the county, and to the cities, towns and villages located 17wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax in the manner as set forth in sections 66.600 to 66.630. 18

In any county not adopting an additional sales tax and alternate
 distribution system as provided in section 67.581, for the purposes of distributing
 the county sales tax, the county shall be divided into two groups, "Group A" and

22"Group B". Group A shall consist of all cities, towns and villages which are 23located wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax and which had a city sales tax in effect under the provisions of sections 94.500 to 94.550 on the 2425day prior to the adoption of the county sales tax ordinance, except that beginning 26January 1, 1980, group A shall consist of all cities, towns and villages which are located wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax and which had a 27city sales tax approved by the voters of such city under the provisions of sections 2829 94.500 to 94.550 on the day prior to the effective date of the county sales tax. For 30 the purposes of determining the location of consummation of sales for distribution of funds to cities, towns and villages in group A, the boundaries of any such city, 31town or village shall be the boundary of that city, town or village as it existed on 3233 March 19, 1984. Group B shall consist of all cities, towns and villages which are 34located wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax and which did not have a city sales tax in effect under the provisions of sections 94.500 to 94.550 on 35 36 the day prior to the adoption of the county sales tax ordinance, and shall also include all unincorporated areas of the county which levied the tax; except that, 37 38beginning January 1, 1980, group B shall consist of all cities, towns and villages 39 which are located wholly or partly within the county which levied the tax and 40 which did not have a city sales tax approved by the voters of such city under the provisions of sections 94.500 to 94.550 on the day prior to the effective date of the 41 42county sales tax and shall also include all unincorporated areas of the county which levied the tax. 43

44 3. Until January 1, 1994, the director of revenue shall distribute to the cities, towns and villages in group A the taxes based on the location in which the 4546 sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087. Except for distribution governed by section 66.630, after 47deducting the distribution to the cities, towns and villages in group A, the 48 director of revenue shall distribute the remaining funds in the county sales tax 49 trust fund to the cities, towns and villages and the county in group B as follows: 50to the county which levied the tax, a percentage of the distributable revenue 51equal to the percentage ratio that the population of the unincorporated areas of 52the county bears to the total population of group B; and to each city, town or 5354village in group B located wholly within the taxing county, a percentage of the 55distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of such city, town or village bears to the total population of group B; and to each city, 5657town or village located partly within the taxing county, a percentage of the

distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of that
part of the city, town or village located within the taxing county bears to the total
population of group B.

61 4. From January 1, 1994, until December 31, 2016, the director of revenue 62 shall distribute to the cities, towns and villages in group A a portion of the taxes based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 63 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087 in accordance with the formula 64 described in this subsection and in subsection 6. After deducting the distribution 65 to the cities, towns and villages in group A, the director of revenue shall 66 distribute funds in the county sales tax trust fund to the cities, towns and 67 68 villages and the county in group B as follows: to the county which levied the tax, 69 ten percent multiplied by the percentage of the population of unincorporated 70county which has been annexed or incorporated since April 1, 1993, multiplied by 71the total of all sales tax revenues countywide, and a percentage of the remaining 72distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of unincorporated areas of the county bears to the total population of group B; and 7374to each city, town or village in group B located wholly within the taxing county, a percentage of the remaining distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio 75that the population of such city, town or village bears to the total population of 76group B; and to each city, town or village located partly within the taxing county, 7778a percentage of the remaining distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio 79that the population of that part of the city, town or village located within the 80 taxing county bears to the total population of group B.

81 5. (1) From and after January 1, 2017, in each year in which the total 82 revenues from the county sales tax collected under sections 66.600 to 66.630 in the previous calendar year are less than or equal to the amount of such revenues 83 which were collected in the calendar year 2014, the director of revenue shall 84 distribute to the cities, towns, and villages in group A and the cities, towns, and 85 villages, and the county in group B, the amounts required to be distributed under 86 the formula described in subsection 4 and in subsection 6 of this section. From 87 and after January 1, 2017, in each year in which the total revenues from the 88 89 county sales tax collected under sections 66.600 to 66.630 in the previous 90 calendar year is greater than the amount of such revenues which were collected 91 in the calendar year 2014, the director of revenue shall distribute to the cities, 92towns, and villages in group A a portion of the taxes based on the location in 93 which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection

9412 of section 32.087, in accordance with the formula described in this subsection 95and in subsection 6. After deducting the distribution to the cities, towns, and villages in group A, the director of revenue shall, subject to the limitation 96 described in subdivision (2) of this subsection, distribute funds in the county sales 97 tax trust fund to the cities, towns, and villages, and the county in group B as 98 follows: to the county which levied the tax, ten percent multiplied by the 99 percentage of the population of unincorporated county which has been annexed 100 or incorporated since April 1, 1993, multiplied by the total of all sales tax 101 102 revenues countywide, and a percentage of the remaining distributable revenue 103 equal to the percentage ratio that the population of unincorporated areas of the 104 county bears to the total population of group B as adjusted such that no city, 105town, or village in group B shall receive a distribution that is less than fifty 106 percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based 107 on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 108 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087; and to each city, town, or village in group B located wholly within the taxing county, a percentage of the remaining 109 110 distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of such city, town, or village bears to the total population of group B, as adjusted such 111 112that no city, town, or village in group B shall receive a distribution that is less than fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or 113114 village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087; and to each city, town, or 115116 village located partly within the taxing county, a percentage of the remaining 117distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of that 118 part of the city, town, or village located within the taxing county bears to the total population of group B, as adjusted such that no city, town, or village in 119 group B shall receive a distribution that is less than fifty percent of the amount 120of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in 121122which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12312 of section 32.087.

(2) For purposes of making any adjustment required by this subsection, the director of revenue shall, prior to any distribution to the county or to each city, town, or village in group B located wholly or partly within the taxing county, identify each city, town, or village in group B located wholly or partly within the taxing county that would receive a distribution that is less than fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on the

130location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and 131subsection 12 of section 32.087 if no adjustments were made and calculate the difference between the amount that the distribution to each such city, town, or 132133 village would have been without any adjustment and the amount that equals fifty 134percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based 135on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 136 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087. Thereafter, the director of revenue 137shall determine the amount of any adjustment under this subsection as follows:

138 (a) If the aggregate amount of the difference calculated in accordance with 139this subsection is less than or equal to the aggregate increase in the remaining 140distributable revenue for the applicable period in the current calendar year over 141the remaining distributable revenue for the corresponding period in the calendar 142year 2014, the director of revenue shall deduct the amount of such difference from 143the remaining distributable revenue and distribute an allocable portion of the 144amount of such difference to each city, town, or village that would otherwise have received a distribution that is less than fifty percent of the amount of taxes 145146 generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of 147148section 32.087 if no adjustment were made, such that each such city, town, or 149village receives a distribution that is equal to fifty percent of the amount of taxes 150generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of 151152section 32.087;

153(b) If, however, the aggregate amount of the difference calculated in 154accordance with this subsection is greater that the aggregate increase in the remaining distributable revenue for the applicable period in the current calendar 155year over the remaining distributable revenue for the corresponding period in the 156calendar year 2014, the director of revenue shall deduct from the remaining 157distributable revenue an amount equal to the difference between the remaining 158159distributable revenue for the applicable period in the current calendar year and the remaining distributable revenue for the corresponding period in the calendar 160year 2014 and distribute an allocable portion of the amount of such difference to 161162each city, town, or village that would otherwise have received a distribution that 163is less than fifty percent of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, 164or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087 if no adjustment were 165

166 made, such that each such city, town, or village receives a distribution that 167 includes an adjustment that is proportionate to the amount of the adjustment 168 that would otherwise have been made if such adjustment were calculated in 169 accordance with paragraph (a) of this subdivision;

170 (c) After determining the amount of the adjustment and making the 171 allocation in accordance with paragraph (a) or (b) of this subdivision, as 172 applicable, the director of revenue shall thereafter distribute the remaining 173 distributable revenue, as adjusted, to the county and to each city, town, or village 174 in group B located wholly or partly within the taxing county in the manner 175 provided in this subsection.

176(3) For purposes of this subsection, if a city, town, or village is partly in 177group A and partly in group B, the director of revenue shall calculate fifty percent 178of the amount of taxes generated within such city, town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed consummated under section 66.630 and 179 subsection 12 of section 32.087 by multiplying fifty percent by the amount of all 180 county sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 66.600 to 181 18266.630, less one percent for cost of collection, that are generated within such city, 183 town, or village based on the location in which the sales were deemed 184 consummated under section 66.630 and subsection 12 of section 32.087, 185regardless of whether such taxes are deemed consummated in group A or group 186 В.

187 6. (1) For purposes of administering the distribution formula of 188 subsections 4 and 5 of this section, the revenues arising each year from sales 189 occurring within each group A city, town or village shall be distributed as follows: 190 until such revenues reach the adjusted county average, as hereinafter defined, there shall be distributed to the city, town or village all of such revenues reduced 191 by the percentage which is equal to ten percent multiplied by the percentage of 192 193 the population of unincorporated county which has been annexed or incorporated after April 1, 1993; and once revenues exceed the adjusted county average, total 194195revenues shall be shared in accordance with the redistribution formula as defined in this subsection. 196

197 (2) For purposes of this subsection, the "adjusted county average" is the 198 per capita countywide average of all sales tax distributions during the prior 199 calendar year reduced by the percentage which is equal to ten percent multiplied 200 by the percentage of the population of unincorporated county which has been 201 annexed or incorporated after April 1, 1993; the redistribution formula is as 17

202 follows: during 1994, each group A city, town and village shall receive that 203portion of the revenues arising from sales occurring within the municipality that 204remains after deducting therefrom an amount equal to the cumulative sales tax 205revenues arising from sales within the municipality multiplied by the percentage 206 which is the sum of ten percent multiplied by the percentage of the population of 207unincorporated county which has been annexed or incorporated after April 1, 2081993, and the percentage, if greater than zero, equal to the product of 8.5 209multiplied by the logarithm (to base 10) of the product of 0.035 multiplied by the 210total of cumulative per capita sales taxes arising from sales within the 211municipality less the adjusted county average. During 1995, each group A city, 212town and village shall receive that portion of the revenues arising from sales 213occurring within the municipality that remains after deducting therefrom an 214amount equal to the cumulative sales tax revenues arising from sales within the 215municipality multiplied by the percentage which is the sum of ten percent 216multiplied by the percentage of the population of unincorporated county which has been annexed or incorporated after April 1, 1993, and the percentage, if 217218greater than zero, equal to the product of seventeen multiplied by the logarithm 219(to base 10) of the product of 0.035 multiplied by the total of cumulative per 220capita sales taxes arising from sales within the municipality less the adjusted 221county average. From January 1, 1996, until January 1, 2000, each group A city, 222town and village shall receive that portion of the revenues arising from sales 223occurring within the municipality that remains after deducting therefrom an 224amount equal to the cumulative sales tax revenues arising from sales within the 225municipality multiplied by the percentage which is the sum of ten percent 226 multiplied by the percentage of the population of unincorporated county which 227has been annexed or incorporated after April 1, 1993, and the percentage, if 228greater than zero, equal to the product of 25.5 multiplied by the logarithm (to 229base 10) of the product of 0.035 multiplied by the total of cumulative per capita 230sales taxes arising from sales within the municipality less the adjusted county 231average. From and after January 1, 2000, the distribution formula covering the 232period from January 1, 1996, until January 1, 2000, shall continue to apply, 233except that the percentage computed for sales arising within the municipalities 234shall be not less than 7.5 percent for municipalities within which sales tax 235revenues exceed the adjusted county average, nor less than 12.5 percent for 236municipalities within which sales tax revenues exceed the adjusted county 237average by at least twenty-five percent.

(3) For purposes of applying the redistribution formula to a municipality which is partly within the county levying the tax, the distribution shall be calculated alternately for the municipality as a whole, except that the factor for annexed portion of the county shall not be applied to the portion of the municipality which is not within the county levying the tax, and for the portion of the municipality within the county levying the tax. Whichever calculation results in the larger distribution to the municipality shall be used.

245(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the fifty percent 246of additional sales taxes as described in section 99.845 arising from economic activities within the area of a redevelopment project established after July 12, 2471990, pursuant to sections 99.800 to 99.865, while tax increment financing 248249remains in effect shall be deducted from all calculations of countywide sales 250taxes, shall be distributed directly to the municipality involved, and shall be disregarded in calculating the amounts distributed or distributable to the 251252municipality. Further, any agreement, contract or covenant entered into prior to 253July 12, 1990, between a municipality and any other political subdivision which 254provides for an appropriation of incremental sales tax revenues to the special 255allocation fund of a tax increment financing project while tax increment financing 256remains in effect shall continue to be in full force and effect and the sales taxes 257so appropriated shall be deducted from all calculations of countywide sales taxes, 258shall be distributed directly to the municipality involved, and shall be disregarded in calculating the amounts distributed or distributable to the 259260municipality. In addition, and notwithstanding any other provision of this 261chapter to the contrary, economic development funds shall be distributed in full 262to the municipality in which the sales producing them were deemed 263consummated. Additionally, economic development funds shall be deducted from 264all calculations of countywide sales taxes and shall be disregarded in calculating the amounts distributed or distributable to the municipality. As used in this 265subdivision, the term "economic development funds" means the amount of sales 266267tax revenue generated in any fiscal year by projects authorized pursuant to chapter 99 or chapter 100 in connection with which such sales tax revenue was 268269pledged as security for, or was guaranteed by a developer to be sufficient to pay, 270outstanding obligations under any agreement authorized by chapter 100, entered 271into or adopted prior to September 1, 1993, between a municipality and another 272public body. The cumulative amount of economic development funds allowed 273under this provision shall not exceed the total amount necessary to amortize the 274 obligations involved.

2757. If the qualified voters of any city, town or village vote to change or alter 276its boundaries by annexing any unincorporated territory included in group B or 277if the qualified voters of one or more city, town or village in group A and the 278qualified voters of one or more city, town or village in group B vote to consolidate, 279the area annexed or the area consolidated which had been a part of group B shall 280remain a part of group B after annexation or consolidation. After the effective 281date of the annexation or consolidation, the annexing or consolidated city, town 282or village shall receive a percentage of the group B distributable revenue equal 283to the percentage ratio that the population of the annexed or consolidated area 284bears to the total population of group B and such annexed area shall not be 285classified as unincorporated area for determination of the percentage allocable to 286the county. If the qualified voters of any two or more cities, towns or villages in 287group A each vote to consolidate such cities, towns or villages, then such 288consolidated cities, towns or villages shall remain a part of group A. For the 289purpose of sections 66.600 to 66.630, population shall be as determined by the 290last federal decennial census or the latest census that determines the total 291population of the county and all political subdivisions therein. For the purpose 292of calculating the adjustment based on the percentage of unincorporated county 293population which is annexed after April 1, 1993, the accumulated percentage 294immediately before each census shall be used as the new percentage base after 295such census. After any annexation, incorporation or other municipal boundary 296 change affecting the unincorporated area of the county, the chief elected official 297 of the county shall certify the new population of the unincorporated area of the 298county and the percentage of the population which has been annexed or 299incorporated since April 1, 1993, to the director of revenue. After the adoption 300 of the county sales tax ordinance, any city, town or village in group A may by adoption of an ordinance by its governing body cease to be a part of group A and 301 302 become a part of group B. Within ten days after the adoption of the ordinance 303 transferring the city, town or village from one group to the other, the clerk of the transferring city, town or village shall forward to the director of revenue, by 304 305 registered mail, a certified copy of the ordinance. Distribution to such city as a 306 part of its former group shall cease and as a part of its new group shall begin on 307 the first day of January of the year following notification to the director of 308 revenue, provided such notification is received by the director of revenue on or 309 before the first day of July of the year in which the transferring ordinance is

adopted. If such notification is received by the director of revenue after the first day of July of the year in which the transferring ordinance is adopted, then distribution to such city as a part of its former group shall cease and as a part of its new group shall begin the first day of July of the year following such notification to the director of revenue. Once a group A city, town or village becomes a part of group B, such city may not transfer back to group A.

316 8. If any city, town or village shall hereafter change or alter its 317 boundaries, the city clerk of the municipality shall forward to the director of revenue, by registered mail, a certified copy of the ordinance adding or detaching 318 territory from the municipality. The ordinance shall reflect the effective date 319 320 thereof, and shall be accompanied by a map of the municipality clearly showing 321 the territory added thereto or detached therefrom. Upon receipt of the ordinance 322 and map, the tax imposed by sections 66.600 to 66.630 shall be redistributed and 323 allocated in accordance with the provisions of this section on the effective date of 324 the change of the municipal boundary so that the proper percentage of group B 325 distributable revenue is allocated to the municipality in proportion to any 326annexed territory. If any area of the unincorporated county elects to incorporate 327 subsequent to the effective date of the county sales tax as set forth in sections 328 66.600 to 66.630, the newly incorporated municipality shall remain a part of 329 group B. The city clerk of such newly incorporated municipality shall forward to the director of revenue, by registered mail, a certified copy of the incorporation 330 election returns and a map of the municipality clearly showing the boundaries 331332 thereof. The certified copy of the incorporation election returns shall reflect the 333 effective date of the incorporation. Upon receipt of the incorporation election returns and map, the tax imposed by sections 66.600 to 66.630 shall be 334 distributed and allocated in accordance with the provisions of this section on the 335 336 effective date of the incorporation.

337 9. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for 338 339 erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the 340 341tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety 342 days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may 343 order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the 344 amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or 345overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to 346

347

348 349 the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or

350 any check redeemed from receipts due the county.

10. Except as modified in sections 66.600 to 66.630, all provisions of sections 32.085 and 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 66.600 to 66.630.

67.395. 1. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under 2 sections 67.391 to 67.395 on behalf of any county, less one percent for cost of 3 collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087] shall be 4 $\mathbf{5}$ deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Anti-Drug Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The 6 7 moneys in the county anti-drug sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The 8 9 director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under sections 10 11 67.391 to 67.395, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director 1213of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax. Such funds shall be 14deposited with the county treasurer of each such county, and all expenditures of 15funds arising from the county anti-drug sales tax trust fund shall be by an 1617appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such county.

18 2. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for 19 20erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the 2122tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal] and the director of revenue may 2324order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the 25amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or 26overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of 2728abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall authorize the

29 state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the county and close the 30 account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each 31 instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the 32 county.

33 3. Except as modified in sections 67.391 to 67.395, all provisions of
34 sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections
35 67.391 to 67.395.

67.525. 1. All county sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 67.500 to 67.545 on behalf of any county [, less one percent for cost 23 of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after 4 payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be 5 deposited with the state treasurer in a county sales tax trust fund, which fund 6 shall be separate and apart from the county sales tax trust fund established by 7 section 66.620. [The moneys in such county sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the 8 state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of 9 10 money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a county sales tax, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county 11 12and to the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the 1314 preceding month by distributing to the county treasurer, or such other officer as 15may be designated by the county ordinance or order, of each county imposing the 16 tax authorized by sections 67.500 to 67.545, the sum due the county as certified 17by the director of revenue.

18 2. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for 19 erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks 20and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the 2122tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety 23days prior to the effective date of the repeal,] and the director of revenue may 24order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or 2526overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to 27the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall authorize the 2829state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the county and close the

account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each
instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the
county.

33 3. Except as modified in sections 67.500 to 67.545, all provisions of 34 sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 35 67.500 to 67.545.

67.571. 1. The governing body of any county of the first classification with a population of more than eighty-two thousand inhabitants and less than ninety thousand inhabitants may, in addition to any tourism sales tax imposed pursuant to sections 67.671 to 67.685, by a majority vote, impose a sales tax for the funding of museums and festivals. For purposes of this section, the term "funding of museums and festivals" shall mean:

7 (1) Funding of museums operating in the county, which are registered
8 with the United States Internal Revenue Service as a 501(C)(3) corporation and
9 which are considered by the board to be tourism attractions; and

10 (2) Funding of organizations that are registered as 501(C)(3) corporations
11 which promote cultural heritage tourism including festivals and the arts.

12 2. Any question submitted to the voters of such county to establish a sales
13 tax pursuant to this section shall be submitted in substantially the following
14 form:

15 Shall the county of (insert the name of the county) impose a 16 sales tax of (insert rate of percent) percent to be used to fund 17 (museums, cultural heritage, festivals) in certain areas of the county?

18 \Box YES \Box NO

3. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters 19 voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, and the tax takes effect pursuant to 2021this section, the museums and festivals board appointed pursuant to subsection 225 of this section shall determine in what manner the tax revenue moneys will be expended, and disbursements of these moneys shall be made strictly in 23accordance with directions of the board which are consistent with the provisions 24of sections 67.571 to 67.577. Expenditures of these tax moneys may be made for 2526the employment of personnel selected by the board to assist in carrying out the 27duties of the board, and the board is expressly authorized to employ such personnel. Expenditures of these tax moneys may be made directly to 28corporations pursuant to subsection 1 of this section. No such tax revenue 29moneys shall be disbursed to or on behalf of any corporation, organization or 30

entity that is not duly registered with the Internal Revenue Service as a 501(C)(3)
organization.

4. Any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be imposed at a
rate not to exceed two-tenths of one percent on receipts from the sale of certain
tangible personal property or taxable services within the county pursuant to
sections 67.571 to 67.577.

37 5. The governing body of any county which imposes a sales tax pursuant to this section may establish a museums and festivals board for the purpose of 38 39 expending funds collected from any sales tax submitted and approved by the county's voters pursuant to this section. The board shall be comprised of six 40 41 members who are appointed by the governing body of the county from a list of 42candidates supplied by the chair of each of the two major political parties of the 43county. The board shall be comprised of three members from each of the two political parties. Members shall serve for three-year terms, but of the members 44 first appointed, one shall be appointed for a term of one year, two shall be 45appointed for a term of two years, and two shall be appointed for a term of three 46 47years. Each member shall be a resident of the county from which he or she is appointed. The members of the board shall not receive compensation for service 48 49 on the board, but shall be reimbursed from the tax revenue money for any reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in service on the board. 50

6. In the area of each county in which a sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by sections 67.571 to 67.577, every retailer within such area shall add the tax imposed by the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577 to his sale price, and this tax shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price.

7. In counties imposing a tax under the provisions of sections 67.571 to 5667.577, in order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax to 57collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the 58requirements of reporting or remitting the tax, or to serve as a levy of the tax, 59and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the [governing body may authorize the 60 use of a bracket system similar to that] tax shall be calculated as authorized 61 by the provisions of section 144.285[, and notwithstanding the provisions of that 62 63 section, this new bracket system shall be used where this tax is imposed and 64 shall apply to all taxable transactions].

8. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections
32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.576. 1. The following provisions shall govern the collection of the tax 2 imposed by the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577:

3 (1) All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.510 4 governing the state sales tax and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality 5 provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by the provisions of 6 sections 67.571 to 67.577;

7 (2) All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, and 8 persons under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.510 are hereby made 9 applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax imposed by sections 67.571 10 to 67.577.

2. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.510 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of sections 67.571 to 67.577, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that, the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by sections 67.571 to 67.577.

17 3. All discounts allowed the retailer pursuant to the provisions of the 18 state sales tax law for the collection of and for payment of taxes pursuant to that 19 act are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected pursuant to the 20 provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577.

4. The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.510 for a violation of those acts are hereby made applicable to violations of the provisions of sections 67.571 to 67.577.

5. [For the purposes of the sales tax imposed by an order pursuant to sections 67.571 to 67.577, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer] Except as provided in sections 67.571 to 67.577, all provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 67.571 to 67.577.

67.578. 1. The governing authority of any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than sixteen thousand four hundred but less than sixteen thousand five hundred inhabitants may impose a sales tax in an amount not to exceed one-fifth of one percent on all retail sales made in the county which are subject to taxation pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525, to be used solely for the funding of museums. For purposes of this section, the term "museums" means museums operating in the county, which are registered with the United States Internal Revenue Service as a 9 501(c)(3) corporation and which are considered by the board to be a tourism 10 attraction. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all 11 other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no sales tax shall be imposed 12 pursuant to this section unless the governing authority submits to the voters of 13 the county, at a county or state general, primary, or special election, a proposal 14 to authorize the governing authority to impose the tax.

15 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the16 following language:

17 Shall the county of (insert the name of the county) impose a sales 18 tax of (insert rate of percent) percent for the funding of museums? 19 "Museums" means museums operating in the county, which are registered with 20 the United States Internal Revenue Service as a 501(c)(3) corporation and which 21 are considered by the museum board to be a tourism attraction.

22

\Box YES \Box NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If youare opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 25thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the sales tax shall become effective [on 26the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives 2728notice of the adoption of the tax] as provided by subsection 19 of section 29**37.087.** If the proposal receives less than the required majority of votes, then the 30 governing authority shall have no power to impose the tax unless and until the 31governing authority has again submitted another proposal to authorize the 32governing authority to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such 33 proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting 34thereon.

3. On or after the effective date of the tax, the director of revenue shall 35 be responsible for the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of 36 the tax, and sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply. The director may retain 37 an amount not to exceed one percent for deposit in the general revenue fund to 38 offset the costs of collection. In order to permit sellers required to collect and 39 40 report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, 41 but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting the tax, or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the [governing 42authority may authorize the use of a bracket system similar to that] tax shall 43be calculated as authorized [in] by section 144.285, [and notwithstanding the 44

45 provisions of that section, this new bracket system shall be used where this tax 46 is imposed and shall apply to all taxable transactions]. Beginning with the 47 effective date of the tax, every retailer in the county shall add the sales tax to the 48 sale price, and this tax shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, 49 and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price. For 50 purposes of this section, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the

51 place of business of the retailer.

524. All applicable provisions in sections 144.010 to 144.525 governing the state sales tax, and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall 53apply to the collection of the tax, and all exemptions granted to agencies of 5455government, organizations, and persons pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 56are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate, and retail certificate required by sections 57144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax 5859shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that, the 60 61 director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax. All discounts allowed the retailer pursuant to the state sales tax 62 63 law for the collection of and for payment of taxes are hereby allowed and made applicable to the tax. The penalties for violations provided in section 32.057 and 64 65 sections 144.010 to 144.525 are hereby made applicable to violations of this 66 section. If any person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be 67 paid pursuant to this section, or in the event a determination has been made 68 against the person for taxes and penalty pursuant to this section, the limitation 69 for bringing suit for the collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same as that provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525. 70

715. The governing authority may authorize any museum board already existing in the county, or may establish a museum board, to expend revenue 72collected pursuant to this section. In the event that no museum board already 73 exists, the board established pursuant to this section shall consist of six members 74who are appointed by the governing authority from a list of candidates supplied 75by the chair of each of the two major political parties of the county, with three 76 77 members from each of the two parties. Members shall serve for three-year terms, 78but of the members first appointed, [one] two shall be appointed for a term of one year, two shall be appointed for a term of two years, and two shall be 7980 appointed for a term of three years. Each member shall be a resident of the

county. The members shall not receive compensation for service on the board, but 81 82 shall be reimbursed from the revenues collected pursuant to this section for any 83 reasonable and necessary expenses incurred in service on the board. The board shall determine in what manner the revenues will be expended, and 84 disbursements of these moneys shall be made strictly in accordance with this 85 section. Expenditures may be made for the employment of personnel selected by 86 the board to assist in carrying out the duties of the board, and the board is 87 expressly authorized to employ such personnel. 88

6. The governing authority may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters at any county or state general, primary, or special election. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following language:

93 Shall the county of (insert name of county) repeal the sales94 tax of (insert rate of percent) percent for the funding of museums?

95 \Box YES \Box NO

96 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you97 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

98 [If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal
99 shall become effective on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which the
100 repeal was approved.]

67.581. 1. In addition to the sales tax permitted by sections 66.600 to $\mathbf{2}$ 66.630, any county of the first class having a charter form of government and having a population of nine hundred thousand or more may impose an additional 3 countywide sales tax upon approval by a vote of the qualified voters of the 4 county. The proposal may be submitted to the voters by the governing body of the 5 county and shall be submitted to the voters at the next general election upon 6 7 petitions signed by a number of qualified voters residing in the county equal to at least eight percent of the votes cast in the county in the next preceding 8 9 gubernatorial election filed with the governing body of the county. The submission shall include the levying of a sales tax at a rate of not to exceed two 10 hundred seventy-five one-thousandths of one percent on the receipts from the sale 11 12at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services within the county 13which are also taxable under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630, and shall provide for the distribution of the proceeds in the manner provided in either 14 subsection 4 or subsection 5 of this section. If either of the alternative 1516 distribution systems as provided in subsection 4 or subsection 5 of this section is approved by the voters, then the alternative system of distribution may not besubmitted to the voters for at least three years from the date of such voterapproval.

20 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but is not limited to, the 21 following language:

Shall the County of levy an additional sales tax at the rate of (insert rate) and distribute the proceeds in the manner provided in (insert proper reference) (subsection 4)(subsection 5) of section 67.581, RSMo?

 \square NO

 \Box YES

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27If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 28thereon are in favor of the proposal, the additional sales tax shall be levied and 29collected and the proceeds from the additional tax shall be distributed as provided in either subsection 4 or subsection 5 of this section. If a majority of the votes 30 cast by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal, then the 31governing body of the county shall have no power to impose the additional sales 3233 tax authorized by this section unless and until a proposal for the levy of such tax is submitted to and approved by the voters of the county. 34

35 3. The provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 and sections 32.085 [and] 36 to 32.087, except to the extent otherwise provided in this section, shall govern the 37 levy, collection, distribution and other procedures related to an additional sales 38 tax imposed pursuant to this section.

39 4. In any county adopting an additional sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section, and selecting the method of distribution provided in 40 this subsection, the proceeds from the sales tax imposed pursuant to this section, 41 less one percent collection cost, shall be distributed first to those municipalities 4243that did not receive during the preceding calendar year ninety-five percent of the amount the municipality would have received by multiplying the population of the 44 municipality by the average per capita sales tax receipt for such county in an 45amount which will bring each municipality receipt of sales tax moneys up to 46 ninety-five percent of the average per capita receipts from the proceeds of the 4748 sales tax imposed pursuant to sections 66.600 to 66.630. Any remainder of the 49money received from the sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be distributed to all municipalities on the ratio that the population of each 50municipality bears to the total population of the county. The average per capita 5152sales tax distribution shall be calculated by dividing the sum of the total sales tax 53 revenue derived from the tax imposed pursuant to sections 66.600 to 66.630 by 54 the total population of the county. Population of each municipality, of the 55 unincorporated area of the county, and the total population of the county shall be 56 determined on the basis of the most recent federal decennial census. For the 57 purposes of this subsection, any city, town, village or the unincorporated area of 58 the county shall be considered a municipality.

5. In any county adopting an additional sales tax pursuant to the 5960 provisions of this section and selecting the method of distribution provided in this subsection, the proceeds from the sales tax imposed pursuant to this section, less 61 62 one percent collection cost, shall be distributed to all cities, towns and villages, 63 and the unincorporated areas of the county in group B and to such cities, towns 64 and villages in group A as necessary so that no city, town, or village in group A 65receives from the combined proceeds of both the sales tax imposed pursuant to 66 this section and the sales tax imposed pursuant to sections 66.600 to 66.630, less 67 than the per capita amount received by the cities, towns and villages and the 68 unincorporated area of the county in group B receives from the total proceeds 69 from both sales taxes.

70 6. The governing body of any county which is imposing a sales tax under 71the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 may on its own motion and shall, upon 72petitions filed with the governing body of the county signed by a number of 73 qualified voters residing in the county equal to at least eight percent of the votes 74cast in the county at the next preceding gubernatorial election, submit to the qualified voters of the county a proposal to change the method of distribution of 7576 sales tax proceeds from the manner provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620 to the method provided in this subsection. The ballot of submission shall be in 77substantially the following form: 78

Shall the proceeds from the county sales tax be distributed among the county of and the various cities, towns and villages therein in the manner provided in subdivisions (1) and (2) of subsection 6 of section 67.581, RSMo, in lieu of the present manner of distribution?

83

\Box YES \Box NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the county voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, the sales tax imposed by the county under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 shall be distributed in the manner provided in this subsection and not in the manner provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters of the

89 county voting thereon are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the 90 county shall have no power to order the proceeds from the sales tax imposed pursuant to the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 in the manner provided 91 92 in this subsection in lieu of the method provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620, 93 unless and until a proposal authorizing such method of distribution is submitted to and approved by the voters of the county. If the voters approve the change in 94 the method of distribution of the sales tax proceeds in the manner provided in 95 this subsection, the county clerk of the county shall notify the director of revenue 96 97 of the change in the method of distribution within ten days after adoption of the proposal and shall inform the director of the effective date of the change in the 98 method of distribution, which shall be on the first day of the third calendar 99 100 quarter after the director of revenue receives notice. After the effective date of 101 the change in the manner of distribution, the director of revenue shall distribute 102 the proceeds of the sales tax imposed by such county under the provisions of 103 sections 66.600 to 66.630 in the manner provided in this subsection in lieu of the 104 manner of distribution provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620. The proceeds 105of the sales tax imposed under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 in any 106 county which elects to have the proceeds distributed in the manner provided in 107 this subsection shall be distributed in the following manner:

(1) The proceeds from the sales taxes shall be distributed to the cities, towns and villages in group A and to the cities, towns and villages, and the county in group B as defined in section 66.620 in the manner provided in subsection 2 of section 66.620, until an amount equal to the total amount distributed under section 66.620 for the twelve-month period immediately preceding the effective date of the tax levied pursuant to the provisions of this section has been distributed;

115(2) All moneys received in excess of the total amount distributed under section 66.620 for the twelve-month period immediately preceding the effective 116 117 date of the tax levied pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be 118 distributed to all cities, towns and villages and to the county on the basis that the 119 population of each city, town or village, and in the case of the county the basis 120 that the population of the unincorporated area of the county, bears to the total 121 population of the county. The average per capita sales tax distribution shall be 122calculated by dividing the sum of the remaining amount of the total sales tax 123revenues by the total population of the county. Population of each city, town or 124village, of the unincorporated area of the county, and the total population of the 125 county shall be determined on the basis of the most recent federal decennial126 census.

127 7. No municipality incorporated after the adoption of the tax authorized 128 by this section shall be included as other than part of the unincorporated area of 129 the county nor receive any share of either the proceeds from the tax levied 130 pursuant to the provisions of this section or the tax levied pursuant to the 131 provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.630 unless, at the time of incorporation, such 132 municipality had a population of ten thousand or more.

1338. The county sales tax imposed pursuant to this section on the purchase 134and sale of motor vehicles shall not be collected and remitted by the seller, but 135shall be collected by the director of revenue at the time application is made for 136 a certificate of title, if the address of the applicant is within the county imposing 137the additional sales tax. [The amounts so collected, less one percent collection 138 cost, shall be deposited in the county sales tax trust fund to be distributed in accordance with section 66.620. The purchase or sale of motor vehicles shall be 139deemed to be consummated at the address of the applicant for a certificate of 140 title.] 141

9. No tax shall be imposed pursuant to this section for the purpose of funding in whole or in part the construction, operation or maintenance of a sports stadium, field house, indoor or outdoor recreational facility, center, playing field, parking facility or anything incidental or necessary to a complex suitable for any type of professional sport, either upon, above or below the ground.

14710. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for 148149erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the 150tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety 151days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may 152order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the 153amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or 154overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to 155the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of 156157abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance 158in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or 159160 any check redeemed from receipts due the county.

67.582. 1. The governing body of any county, except a county of the first $\mathbf{2}$ class with a charter form of government with a population of greater than four hundred thousand inhabitants, is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance or 3 order, a sales tax in the amount of up to one-half of one percent on all retail sales 4 made in such county which are subject to taxation under the provisions of 5sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the purpose of providing law enforcement services 6 for such county. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any 7 8 and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax under the provisions of this section shall be effective unless 9 10 the governing body of the county submits to the voters of the county, at a county 11 or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing 12body of the county to impose a tax.

13 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the14 following language:

(1) If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the taxauthorized by this section the ballot shall contain substantially the following:

Shall the county of (county's name) impose a countywide sales tax
of (insert amount) for the purpose of providing law enforcement services
for the county?

20

\Box YES \Box NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If youare opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No"; or

(2) If the proposal submitted involves authorization to enter into
agreements to form a regional jail district and obligates the county to make
payments from the tax authorized by this section the ballot shall contain
substantially the following:

Shall the county of (county's name) be authorized to enter into agreements for the purpose of forming a regional jail district and obligating the county to impose a countywide sales tax of (insert amount) to fund dollars of the costs to construct a regional jail and to fund the costs to operate a regional jail, with any funds in excess of that necessary to construct and operate such jail to be used for law enforcement purposes?

33 \Box YES \Box NO

34 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you 35 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No".

36 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting

34

37 thereon are in favor of the proposal submitted pursuant to subdivision (1) of this 38 subsection, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect [on the first day of the second quarter immediately following the election 39 approving the proposal] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If 40 the constitutionally required percentage of the voters voting thereon are in favor 41 of the proposal submitted pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection, then the 42ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect [on the first 43day of the second quarter immediately following the election approving the 44 proposal] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a proposal 4546receives less than the required majority, then the governing body of the county 47shall have no power to impose the sales tax herein authorized unless and until 48 the governing body of the county shall again have submitted another proposal to 49 authorize the governing body of the county to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the 50 51qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the 5253date of the last proposal pursuant to this section.

3. All revenue received by a county from the tax authorized under the provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for providing law enforcement services for such county for so long as the tax shall remain in effect. Revenue placed in the special trust fund may also be utilized for capital improvement projects for law enforcement facilities and for the payment of any interest and principal on bonds issued for said capital improvement projects.

61 4. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or is terminated by 62 any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be used solely for 63 providing law enforcement services for the county. Any funds in such special 64 trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the 65 governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of 66 other county funds.

5. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any county[, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Law Enforcement Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county law enforcement sales tax 73trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records 74of the amount of money in the trust and which was collected in each county 75imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the 76inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day 77of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the 78trust fund during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax; such 79 funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county, and all 80 expenditures of funds arising from the county law enforcement sales tax trust 81 fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each 82 83 such county. Expenditures may be made from the fund for any law enforcement 84 functions authorized in the ordinance or order adopted by the governing body 85 submitting the law enforcement tax to the voters.

86 6. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make 87 refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks 88 89 and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the 90 tax, the repeal of such tax shall become effective as provided in subsection 19 of section 32.087. The county shall notify the director of 91 revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the 9293 repeal and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a 94 period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such 95 notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem 96 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the 97 director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close 98 the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of 99 each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due 100 101 the county.

102 7. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085103 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.583. 1. The governing body of any county of the second class with a population of more than forty thousand but less than sixty thousand and which contains institutions operated by the department of corrections and by the department of mental health is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount of one-eighth of one percent on all retail sales 6 made in such county which are subject to taxation under the provisions of 7 sections 144.010 to 144.525. The tax authorized by this section shall be in 8 addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law; provided, however, that 9 no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax under the provisions of this section 10 shall be effective unless the governing body of the county submits to the voters 11 of the county, at a county or state general, primary or special election, a proposal 12 to authorize the governing body of the county to impose a tax.

13 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the14 following language:

Shall the county of (county's name) impose a countywide sales tax
of (insert amount) for the purpose of providing retirement and health
care benefits for county employees and their dependents?

18 \Box YES

19 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you20 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No".

 \Box NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 2122thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect. If a majority of the votes cast by the 23qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the governing body of the 2425county shall have no power to impose the sales tax herein authorized unless and 26until the governing body of the county shall again have submitted another 27proposal to authorize the governing body of the county to impose the sales tax 28authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by a majority of the 29qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant 30 to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the 31date of the last proposal pursuant to this section.

32 3. All revenue received by a county from the tax authorized under the 33 provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be 34 used solely for providing retirement and health care benefits for county employees 35 and their dependents.

4. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any county[, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Employee Benefit Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county employee benefit sales tax 42trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records 43of the amount of money in the trust and which was collected in each county 44 imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open to the 45inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day 46of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the 47trust fund during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax. Such 48 funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county, and all 49 expenditures of funds arising from the county employee benefit sales tax trust 5051fund shall be for the provision of retirement benefits or health care benefits for 52employees of the county and their dependents and for no other purpose.

535. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make 54refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made and may redeem dishonored checks 5556and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety 5758days] prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the 5960 amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to 6162 the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of 63 abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director 64 of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or 65 66 any check redeemed from receipts due the county.

67 6. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085
68 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.584. 1. The governing body of any county of the first classification with more than one hundred ninety-eight thousand but less than one hundred $\mathbf{2}$ 3 ninety-eight thousand two hundred inhabitants is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance or order, a sales tax in the amount of up to one-half percent on all 4 retail sales made in such county which are subject to taxation pursuant to $\mathbf{5}$ 6 sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the purpose of providing law enforcement services 7for such county. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order 8 9 imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the county submits to the voters of the county, at a county or
state general, primary, or special election, a proposal to authorize the governing
body of the county to impose a tax.

13 2. If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax
14 authorized by this section, the ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be
15 limited to, the following language:

Shall the county of (county's name) impose a countywide sales tax
of (insert amount) for the purpose of providing law enforcement services
for the county?

19

\Box YES

20 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you 21 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

 \square NO

22If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 23thereon are in favor of the proposal submitted pursuant to this subsection, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect [on the first 2425day of the second quarter immediately following the election approving the proposal] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a proposal 26receives less than the required majority, then the governing body of the county 27shall have no power to impose the sales tax herein authorized unless and until 2829the governing body of the county shall again have submitted another proposal to 30 authorize the governing body of the county to impose the sales tax authorized by 31this section and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the 32qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant 33 to this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal pursuant to this section. 34

353. Twenty-five percent of the revenue received by a county treasurer from 36 the tax authorized pursuant to this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely by a prosecuting attorney's office for such county for 37so long as the tax shall remain in effect. The remainder of revenue shall be 38deposited in the county law enforcement sales tax trust fund established 39 pursuant to section 67.582 of the county levying the tax pursuant to this 40 41 section. The revenue derived from the tax imposed pursuant to this section shall 42be used for public law enforcement services only. No revenue derived from the tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be used for any private contractor 43providing law enforcement services or for any private jail. 44

45 4. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or is terminated by

46 any means, all funds remaining in the prosecuting attorney's trust fund shall be 47 used solely by a prosecuting attorney's office for the county. Any funds in such 48 special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested 49 by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the 50 investment of other county funds.

515. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue pursuant to this 52section on behalf of any county, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for 53surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust 54fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Prosecuting Attorney's 5556Office Sales Tax Trust Fund" or in the county law enforcement sales tax trust 57fund, pursuant to the deposit ratio in subsection 3 of this section. [The moneys 58in the trust funds shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep 5960 accurate records of the amount of money in the trusts and which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall 61 62 be open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys 63 64 deposited in the trust funds during the preceding month to the county which levied the tax; such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each 65 66 such county, and all expenditures of funds arising from either trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be enacted by the governing body of each such 67 county. Expenditures may be made from the funds for any functions authorized 68 69 in the ordinance or order adopted by the governing body submitting the tax to the 70voters.

716. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust funds and credited to any county for 7273erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county abolishes the 74tax, the repeal of such tax shall become effective as provided in 75subsection 19 of section 32.087. The county shall notify the director of 76 revenue of the action [at least ninety days] before the effective date of the repeal 7778 and the director of revenue may order retention in the appropriate trust fund, for 79 a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such 80 notice to cover possible refunds or overpayments of the tax and to redeem 81 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one

92 year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the 93 director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close 94 the account of that county established pursuant to this section. The director of 95 revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any 86 check redeemed from receipts due the county.

87 7. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085
88 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.

67.712. 1. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under sections 67.700 to 67.727 on behalf of any county [, less one percent for the cost 23 of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after 4 payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be 5 deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby 6 created, to be known as the "County Alternate Sales Tax Trust Fund". The moneys in the county alternate sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be 7 state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The 8 director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the 9 10 trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under sections 67.700 to 67.727, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each 11 county and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the 12director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during 1314 the preceding month by distributing to the county treasurer, or such other officer as may be designated by the county ordinance or order, of each county imposing 1516 the tax authorized by sections 67.700 to 67.727, the sum, as certified by the 17director of revenue, due the county.

18 2. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for 19 erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks 20and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county repeals the tax 2122authorized by sections 67.700 to 67.727, the county shall notify the director of 23revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of 2425section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, 26for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of 27such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem 28dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one 29year has elapsed after the effective date of repeal of the tax authorized by

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sections 67.700 to 67.727 in such county, the director of revenue shall authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the

34 county.

35 3. Except as modified in sections 67.700 to 67.727, all provisions of 36 sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 37 67.700 to 67.727.

67.713. 1. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 67.712, as to the 2 disposition of any other sales tax imposed under the provisions of sections 67.700 3 to 67.727, one-fifth of the sales taxes collected by the director of revenue from the tax authorized by section 67.701 on behalf of any county of the first class having 4 $\mathbf{5}$ a charter form of government and having a population of nine hundred thousand or more [, less one percent for cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the 6 7 state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as 8 provided in sections 67.700 to 67.727, shall be deposited in a special trust fund, 9 which is hereby created, to be known as the "County-Municipal Storm Water and Public Works Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county-municipal storm 10 11 water and public works sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds 12and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue 13shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers 14of the county and of the municipalities within the county and the public. Not 15later than the tenth day of each month, the director of the department of revenue 1617shall distribute all moneys deposited in the county-municipal storm water and public works sales tax trust fund during the preceding month to the county which 18 levied the tax, and the municipalities which are located wholly or partially within 19 20such county as follows:

(1) The county which levied the sales tax shall receive a percentage of the
distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of the
unincorporated areas of the county bears to the total population of the county;

(2) Each municipality located wholly within the county which levied the
tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage
ratio that the population of such municipality bears to the total population of the
county; and

28

(3) Each municipality located partially within the county which levied the

29 tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage 30 ratio that the population of that part of the municipality located within the 31 county bears to the total population of the county.

322. The director of revenue may make refunds from the amounts in the 33 county-municipal storm water and public works sales tax trust fund and credited to any county or municipality for erroneous payments and overpayments made, 3435and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such 36 county or municipality. If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify 37the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 38 39 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the 40 county-municipal storm water and public works sales tax trust fund, for a period 41 of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to 42cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks 43and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of 44 45revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county or municipality and 46 close the account of that county or municipality. The director of revenue shall 47notify each county or municipality of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county or municipality. 48

493. If the governing body of any municipality located wholly or partially within the county so requests by resolution, no funds shall be expended from the 50proceeds of any tax imposed under section 67.701 within the corporate boundaries 5152of the requesting municipality for the construction, reconstruction or widening of 53any road established or to be established pursuant to section 137.558, the total cost of which exceeds one hundred thousand dollars unless: (a) a public hearing 54is first held at a place near such proposed action; and (b) plans and specifications 55of such proposed action are prepared and a cost-benefit analysis prepared in 56accordance with accepted accounting principles of such proposed action is 5758presented to such public hearing. Such cost-benefit analysis and its work papers 59 shall be a public document and subject to inspection as provided in chapter 60 610. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to proposed projects in 61 unincorporated areas of the county.

67.729. 1. Any county except any first class county having a charter form
2 of government and having a population of nine hundred thousand or more may,
3 in the same manner and by the same procedure and subject to the same penalties

4 as set out in sections 67.700 to 67.727, impose a sales tax of not more than
5 one-tenth of one percent for the purpose of funding storm water control and public
6 works projects other than stadiums or other sports facilities. This sales tax shall
7 be in addition to any other sales tax authorized by law.

8 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 67.712 as to the disposition of any other sales tax imposed under the provisions of sections 67.700 to 67.727, 9 all sales taxes collected by the director of revenue from the tax authorized by this 10 section on behalf of any county[, less one percent for cost of collection, which shall 11 12be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for 13 surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited with the state 14treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the 15"County Storm Water and Public Works Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in 16 the county storm water and public works sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The 1718 director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under this 19 20section and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of 2122revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the county storm water and 23public works sales tax trust fund during the preceding month to the county which 24levied the tax, and the municipalities which are located wholly or partially within 25such county as follows:

(1) The county which levied the sales tax shall receive a percentage of the
distributable revenue equal to the percentage ratio that the population of the
unincorporated areas of the county bears to the total population of the county;

(2) Each municipality located wholly within the county which levied the
tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage
ratio that the population of such municipality bears to the total population of the
county; and

(3) Each municipality located partially within the county which levied the
tax shall receive a percentage of the distributable revenue equal to the percentage
ratio that the population of that part of the municipality located within the
county bears to the total population of the county.

37 3. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make 38 refunds from the amounts in the county storm water and public works sales tax 39 trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments 40 made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of 41 such counties. If any county abolishes the tax, the county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the 42 repeal and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of 43section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the county storm 44 water and public works sales tax trust fund, for a period of one year, of two 45percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible 46 refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts 47 deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the 48 49 effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director of revenue shall 50authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the county 51and close the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each 52county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from 53receipts due the county.

67.737. Except as modified in sections 67.730 to 67.739, all provisions of 2 sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under sections 3 67.730 to 67.739.

67.738. 1. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under $\mathbf{2}$ sections 67.730 to 67.739 on behalf of any county [, less one percent for the cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after 3 4 payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be $\mathbf{5}$ deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Capital Improvement Bond Sales Tax Trust 6 7 Fund". [The moneys in the county capital improvement bond sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds 8 of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount 9 of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales 10 tax under sections 67.730 to 67.739, and the records shall be open to the 11 inspection of officers of each county and the general public. Not later than the 12tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys 1314 deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month by distributing to the county treasurer, or such other officer as may be designated by the county 1516 ordinance or order, of each county imposing the tax authorized by sections 67.730 17to 67.739, the sum, as certified by the director of revenue, due the county.

18 2. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make 19 refund from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for 20erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks 21and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. If any county repeals the tax authorized by sections 67.730 to 67.739, the county shall notify the director of 2223revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal or expiration and the repeal shall be effective as provided by 2425subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected 26after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of such tax 2728and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such 29accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of repeal or 30 expiration of the tax authorized by sections 67.730 to 67.739 in such county, the 31director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close 32the account of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due 33 34the county.

67.745. 1. Any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than eleven thousand seven hundred fifty but fewer than eleven thousand eight hundred fifty inhabitants may impose a sales tax throughout the county for public recreational projects and programs, but the sales tax authorized by this section shall not become effective unless the governing body of such county submits to the qualified voters of the county a proposal to authorize the county to impose the sales tax.

8

2. The ballot submission shall be in substantially the following form:

9 Shall the County of impose a sales tax of up to one percent for the 10 purpose of funding the financing, acquisition, construction, operation, and 11 maintenance of recreational projects and programs, including the acquisition of 12 land for such purposes?

13

\Box YES \Box NO

3. If approved by a majority of qualified voters **voting on the issue** in the county, the governing body of the county shall appoint a board of directors consisting of nine members. Of the initial members appointed to the board, three members shall be appointed for a term of three years, three members shall be appointed for a term of two years, and three members shall be appointed for a term of one year. After the initial appointments, board members shall be appointed to three-year terms.

21

4. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate of up to one percent on the

receipts from the retail sale of all tangible personal property or taxable service
within the county[, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the
state of Missouri under sections 144.010 to 144.525].

255. All revenue collected from the sales tax under this section by the 26director of revenue on behalf of a county, less one percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after 2728payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be 29deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby 30 created, to be known as the "County Recreation Sales Trust Fund". [Moneys in the fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with 3132any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the 33 amount of money in the trust fund collected in each county imposing a sales tax 34under this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of such county and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each 3536 calendar month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding calendar month by distributing to the county 37 38 treasurer, or such officer as may be designated by county ordinance or order, of 39 each county imposing the tax under this section the sum due the county as certified by the director of revenue. 40

41 6. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make 42refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks 43and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. Each county shall notify the 44 45director of revenue [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the 46 expiration of the sales tax authorized by this section and the repeal shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of 47revenue may order retention in the trust fund for a period of one year of two 48 percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible 49 refunds or overpayments of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts 50deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the date 51of expiration of the tax authorized by this section in a county, the director of 52revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account 5354of such county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance 55of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due such county. 567. The tax authorized under this section may be imposed in accordance

57 with this section by a county in addition to or in lieu of the tax authorized in

58 sections 67.750 to 67.780.

59 8. The sales tax imposed under this section shall expire twenty years from 60 the effective date thereof unless an extension of the tax is submitted to and 61 approved by the qualified voters in the county in the manner provided in this 62 section. Each extension of the sales tax shall be for a period of ten years.

9. The provisions of this section shall not in any way affect or limit the
powers granted to any county to establish, maintain, and conduct parks and other
recreational grounds for public recreation.

66 10. Except as modified in this section, the provisions of sections 32.085
67 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.782. 1. Any county of the third class having a population of more than 2 ten thousand and less than fifteen thousand and any county of the second class 3 having a population of more than fifty-eight thousand and less than seventy thousand adjacent to such third class county, both counties making up the same 4 5judicial circuit, may jointly impose a sales tax throughout each of their respective counties for public recreational purposes including the financing, acquisition, 6 7construction, operation and maintenance of recreational projects and programs, but the sales taxes authorized by this section shall not become effective unless 8 9 the governing body of each such county submits to the voters of their respective 10 counties a proposal to authorize the counties to impose the sales tax.

2. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:
 Shall the County of impose a sales tax of percent in
 conjunction with the county of for the purpose of funding the financing,
 acquisition, construction, operation and maintenance of recreational projects and
 programs, including the acquisition of land for such purposes?

16

\Box YES

\Box NO

If a separate majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters 17 voting thereon in each county are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall be 18 in effect in both counties. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters 19voting thereon in either county are opposed to the proposal, then the governing 2021body of neither county shall have power to impose the sales tax authorized by this 22section unless or until the governing body of the county that has not approved the 23tax shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the governing body to impose the tax, and the proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified 24voters voting thereon in that county. 25

26

3. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate of one percent on the receipts

from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable service at retail within the county adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525.

314. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section 32on behalf of any county, less one percent for the cost of collection, which shall be 33 deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for 34surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited with the state 35treasurer in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the 36 "County Recreation Sales Tax Trust Fund". [The moneys in the county recreation 37sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be 38 commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep 39 accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was collected in each county imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open 40 41 to the inspection of officers of each county and the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys 4243deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month by distributing to the county treasurer, or such other officer as may be designated by the county 44 45ordinance or order, of each county imposing the tax authorized by this section, the sum, as certified by the director of revenue, due the county. 46

475. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make 48refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county for 49 erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks 50and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties. Each county shall notify the 51director of revenue [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the expiration of the sales tax authorized by this section and the repeal shall be 52effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of 53revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two 54percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible 55refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts 5657deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the date of expiration of the tax authorized by this section in such county, the director of 5859 revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the county and close the account 60 of that county. The director of revenue shall notify each county of each instance 61 of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the county.

62

6. The tax authorized by this section may be imposed, in accordance with

this section, by a county in addition to or in lieu of the tax authorized by sections67.750 to 67.780.

65 7. Any county imposing a sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this 66 section may contract with the authority of any other county or with any city or 67 political subdivision for the financing, acquisition, operation, construction, 68 maintenance, or utilization of any recreation facility or project or program funded 69 in whole or in part from revenues derived from the tax levied pursuant to the 70 provisions of this section.

8. The sales tax imposed pursuant to the provisions of this section shall expire twenty-five years from the effective date thereof unless an extension of the tax is submitted to and approved by the voters in each county in the manner provided in this section. Each extension of the sales tax shall be for a period of ten years.

9. The governing body of each of the counties imposing a sales tax under the provisions of this section may cooperate with the governing body of any county or other political subdivision of this state in carrying out the provisions of this section, and may establish and conduct jointly a system of public recreation. The respective governing bodies administering programs jointly may provide by agreement among themselves for all matters connected with the programs and determine what items of cost and expense shall be paid by each.

10. The provisions of this section shall not in any way repeal, affect or
limit the powers granted to any county to establish, maintain and conduct parks
and other recreational grounds for public recreation.

86 11. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085
87 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.799. 1. A regional recreational district may, by a majority vote of its board of directors, impose an annual property tax for the establishment and maintenance of public parks and recreational facilities and grounds within the boundaries of the regional recreational district not to exceed sixty cents per year on each one hundred dollars of assessed valuation on all property within the district, except that no such tax shall become effective unless the board of directors of the district submits to the voters of the district, at a county or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the tax.

9

2. The question shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

10 Shall a cent tax per one hundred dollars assessed valuation be 11 levied for public parks and recreational facilities?

12 \Box YES \Box NO

13 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 14 thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall become effective **as** 15 **provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087**. If a majority of the votes cast 16 by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the board of 17 directors shall have no power to impose the tax unless and until the board of 18 directors of the district submits another proposal to authorize the tax and such 19 proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon.

3. The property tax authorized in subsections 1 and 2 of this section shall
be levied and collected in the same manner as other ad valorem property taxes
are levied and collected.

234. (1) A regional recreational district may, by a majority vote of its board of directors, impose a tax not to exceed one-half of one cent on all retail sales 2425subject to taxation pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the purpose of 26funding the creation, operation and maintenance of public parks, recreational facilities and grounds within the boundaries of a regional recreational 2728district. The tax authorized by this subsection shall be in addition to all other 29sales taxes allowed by law. No tax pursuant to this subsection shall become effective unless the board of directors submits to the voters of the district, at a 30 county or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the 3132tax, and such tax shall become effective only after the majority of the voters 33 voting on such tax approve such tax.

34 (2) In the event the district seeks to impose a sales tax pursuant to this
35 subsection, the question shall be submitted in substantially the following form:
36 Shall a cent sales tax be levied on all retail sales within the district
37 for public parks and recreational facilities?

38

\Box YES

\Box NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 39 40thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall become effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast 41 42by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the board of 43directors shall have no power to impose the tax unless and until another proposal 44to authorize the tax is submitted to the voters of the district and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. The provisions 45of sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to any tax approved pursuant to 46 this subsection. 47

48 5. As used in this section, "qualified voters" or "voters" means any 49 individuals residing within the proposed district who are eligible to be registered 50voters and who have registered to vote under chapter 115 or, if no individuals eligible and registered to vote reside within the proposed district, all of the 5152owners of real property located within the proposed district who have unanimously petitioned for or consented to the adoption of an ordinance by the 53governing body imposing a tax authorized in this section. If the owner of the 54property within the proposed district is a political subdivision or corporation of 5556the state, the governing body of such political subdivision or corporation shall be 57considered the owner for purposes of this section.

67.997. 1. The governing body of any county of the third classification $\mathbf{2}$ without a township form of government and with more than eighteen thousand 3 one hundred but fewer than eighteen thousand two hundred inhabitants may impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made within the 4 5county which are subject to sales tax under chapter 144. The tax authorized in this section shall not exceed one-fourth of one percent, and shall be imposed 6 7solely for the purpose of funding senior services and youth programs provided by 8 the county. One-half of all revenue collected under this section[, less one-half the 9 cost of collection, shall be used solely to fund any service or activity deemed necessary by the senior service tax commission established in this section, and 10 11 one-half of all revenue collected under this section, less one-half the cost of collection,] shall be used solely to fund all youth programs administered by an 12existing county community task force. The tax authorized in this section shall be 13in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and shall be stated separately 14 15from all other charges and taxes. The order or ordinance shall not become effective unless the governing body of the county submits to the voters residing 16within the county at a state general, primary, or special election a proposal to 17authorize the governing body of the county to impose a tax under this section. 18

19

2. The ballot of submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be 20in substantially the following form:

Shall (insert the name of the county) impose a 2122sales tax at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent, with half of the 23revenue from the tax, less one-half the cost of collection, to be used solely to fund 24senior services provided by the county and half of the revenue from the tax, less 25one-half the cost of collection, to be used solely to fund youth programs provided by the county? 26

27

 \Box YES

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If youare opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

 \Box NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting 30 thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective [on the 3132first day of the second calendar quarter immediately following the approval of the 33 tax or notification to the department of revenue if such tax will be administered by the department of revenuel as provided by subsection 19 of section 34 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters 3536 voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not become effective 37 unless and until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting 38 39 on the question.

403. [On or after the effective date of any tax authorized under this section, the county which imposed the tax shall enter into an agreement with the director 41 of the department of revenue for the purpose of collecting the tax authorized in 42this section. On or after the effective date of the tax the director of revenue shall 43be responsible for the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of 44 the tax, and] Sections 32.085 [and] to 32.087 shall apply. All revenue collected 45under this section by the director of the department of revenue on behalf of any 46 47county, except for one percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited 48in the state's general revenue fund,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created and shall be known as the "Senior Services and Youth 4950Programs Sales Tax Trust Fund", and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. [Moneys in the fund shall not be deemed to be state funds, and shall 5152not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director may make refunds 53from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to the county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts 54deposited to the credit of such county. Any funds in the special trust fund which 55are not needed for current expenditures shall be invested in the same manner as 56other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments 5758shall be credited to the fund.

59 4. [In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax 60 to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the 61 requirements of reporting or remitting the tax, or to serve as a levy of the tax, 62 and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the governing body of the county may 63 authorize the use of a bracket system similar to that authorized in section 64 144.285 and notwithstanding the provisions of that section, this new bracket system shall be used where this tax is imposed and shall apply to all taxable 65 transactions.] Beginning with the effective date of the tax, every retailer in the 66 county shall add the sales tax to the sale price, and this tax shall be a debt of the 67 purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same 68 69 manner as the purchase price. For purposes of this section, all retail sales shall 70be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer.

715. All applicable provisions in sections 144.010 to 144.525 governing the 72state sales tax, and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax[, and all exemptions granted to agencies of 7374government, organizations, and persons under sections 144.010 to 144.525 are 75hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax. The same 76 sales tax permit, exemption certificate, and retail certificate required by sections 77144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or 7879exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that, the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption 80 81 from the tax. All discounts allowed the retailer under the state sales tax for the collection of and for payment of taxes are hereby allowed and made applicable to 82 83 the tax. The penalties for violations provided in section 32.057 and sections 84 144.010 to 144.525 are hereby made applicable to violations of this section. If any person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be paid under this 85 section, or in the event a determination has been made against the person for 86 87 taxes and penalty under this section, the limitation for bringing suit for the collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same as that provided 88 in sections 144.010 to 144.525]. 89

6. The governing body of any county that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date available for elections for the county. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall (insert the name of the county) repeal the sales
tax imposed at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent for the purpose
of funding senior services and youth programs provided by the county?

97 \Box YES \Box NO

98 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you

99 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting 100 thereon are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective [on December 101 thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] as provided 102by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the 103 question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the 104sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is 105106 resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved 107by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

108 7. Whenever the governing body of any county that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the 109 110 registered voters of the county voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling 111 for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this section, the governing 112body shall submit to the voters of the county a proposal to repeal the tax. If a 113 majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, the repeal shall become effective [on December 114 115thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the 116 117 question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the 118 sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is 119 resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question. 120

1218. If the tax is repealed or terminated by any means, all funds remaining 122in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated 123purposes, and the county shall notify the director of the department of revenue 124of the action [at least thirty days] before the effective date of the repeal and the director may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two 125percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible 126 refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts 127 128deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such county, the director shall remit the 129 130balance in the account to the county and close the account of that county. The 131director shall notify each county of each instance of any amount refunded or any 132check redeemed from receipts due the county.

133 9. Each county imposing the tax authorized in this section shall establish134 a senior services tax commission to administer the portion of the sales tax

revenue dedicated to providing senior services. Such commission shall consist of
seven members appointed by the county commission. The county commission
shall determine the qualifications, terms of office, compensation, powers, duties,
restrictions, procedures, and all other necessary functions of the commission.

67.1300. 1. The governing body of any of the contiguous counties of the $\mathbf{2}$ third classification without a township form of government enumerated in 3 subdivisions (1) to (5) of this subsection or in any county of the fourth classification acting as a county of the second classification, having a population 4 of at least forty thousand but less than forty-five thousand with a state $\mathbf{5}$ university, and adjoining a county of the first classification with part of a city 6 7 with a population of three hundred fifty thousand or more inhabitants or a county 8 of the third classification with a township form of government and with a 9 population of at least eight thousand but less than eight thousand four hundred inhabitants or a county of the third classification with more than fifteen 10 11 townships having a population of at least twenty-one thousand inhabitants or a county of the third classification without a township form of government and with 1213 a population of at least seven thousand four hundred but less than eight thousand inhabitants or any county of the third classification with a population 1415greater than three thousand but less than four thousand or any county of the third classification with a population greater than six thousand one hundred but 1617less than six thousand four hundred or any county of the third classification with a population greater than six thousand eight hundred but less than seven 18 thousand or any county of the third classification with a population greater than 19 20seven thousand eight hundred but less than seven thousand nine hundred or any 21county of the third classification with a population greater than eight thousand 22four hundred sixty but less than eight thousand five hundred or any county of the third classification with a population greater than nine thousand but less than 23nine thousand two hundred or any county of the third classification with a 24population greater than ten thousand five hundred but less than ten thousand six 2526hundred or any county of the third classification with a population greater than twenty-three thousand five hundred but less than twenty-three thousand seven 2728hundred or a county of the third classification with a population greater than 29thirty-three thousand but less than thirty-four thousand or a county of the third 30 classification with a population greater than twenty thousand eight hundred but 31less than twenty-one thousand or a county of the third classification with a 32population greater than fourteen thousand one hundred but less than fourteen

33 thousand five hundred or a county of the third classification with a population 34greater than twenty thousand eight hundred fifty but less than twenty-two thousand or a county of the third classification with a population greater than 35 thirty-nine thousand but less than forty thousand or a county of the third 36 classification with a township form of organization and a population greater than 37 twenty-eight thousand but less than twenty-nine thousand or a county of the 38 third classification with a population greater than fifteen thousand but less than 39 40 fifteen thousand five hundred or a county of the third classification with a population greater than eighteen thousand but less than nineteen thousand 41 42seventy or a county of the third classification with a population greater than 43thirteen thousand nine hundred but less than fourteen thousand four hundred or a county of the third classification with a population greater than twenty-seven 44 45thousand but less than twenty-seven thousand five hundred or a county of the 46 first classification without a charter form of government and a population of at least eighty thousand but not greater than eighty-three thousand or a county of 47the third classification with a population greater than fifteen thousand but less 4849than fifteen thousand nine hundred without a township form of government which does not adjoin any county of the first, second or fourth classification or a 5051county of the third classification with a population greater than twenty-three thousand but less than twenty-five thousand without a township form of 5253government which does not adjoin any county of the second or fourth classification and does adjoin a county of the first classification with a population 54greater than one hundred twenty thousand but less than one hundred fifty 55thousand or in any county of the fourth classification acting as a county of the 5657second classification, having a population of at least forty-eight thousand or any governing body of a municipality located in any of such counties may impose, by 58ordinance or order, a sales tax on all retail sales made in such county or 5960 municipality which are subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525: 61

62 (1) A county with a population of at least four thousand two hundred63 inhabitants but not more than four thousand five hundred inhabitants;

64 (2) A county with a population of at least four thousand seven hundred 65 inhabitants but not more than four thousand nine hundred inhabitants;

66 (3) A county with a population of at least seven thousand three hundred67 inhabitants but not more than seven thousand six hundred inhabitants;

68 (4) A county with a population of at least ten thousand one hundred

69 inhabitants but not more than ten thousand three hundred inhabitants; and

(5) A county with a population of at least four thousand three hundred
inhabitants but not more than four thousand five hundred inhabitants.

72 2. The maximum rate for a sales tax pursuant to this section shall be one73 percent for municipalities and one-half of one percent for counties.

743. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a 75sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be effective unless the 76 governing body of the county or municipality submits to the voters of the county 7778or municipality, at a regularly scheduled county, municipal or state general or 79 primary election, a proposal to authorize the governing body of the county or 80 municipality to impose a tax. Any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section 81 shall not be authorized for a period of more than five years.

86

\Box YES

\Box NO

87 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 88 thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any 89 amendments thereto shall be in effect on the first day of the second quarter after 90 the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the tax. If a majority of the 91 votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the 92 governing body of the county or municipality shall not impose the sales tax 93 authorized in this section until the governing body of the county or municipality resubmits another proposal to authorize the governing body of the county or 94 95 municipality to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon; however no such 96 97 proposal shall be resubmitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the submission of the last such proposal. 98

5. All revenue received by a county or municipality from the tax authorized pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for economic development purposes within such county or municipality for so long as the tax shall remain in effect.

1036. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or is terminated by104 any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be used solely for

105 economic development purposes within the county or municipality. Any funds in 106 such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be 107 invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the 108 investment of other county or municipal funds.

109 7. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue pursuant to this 110 section on behalf of any county or municipality[, less one percent for cost of 111 collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after 112 payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be 113 deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the 114 "Local Economic Development Sales Tax Trust Fund".

8. [The moneys in the local economic development sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund and which was collected in each county or municipality imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county or municipality and the public.

121 9. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall 122distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the county or municipality which levied the tax. Such funds shall be deposited 123124with the county treasurer of each such county or the appropriate municipal officer in the case of a municipal tax, and all expenditures of funds arising from the local 125economic development sales tax trust fund shall be by an appropriation act to be 126 127enacted by the governing body of each such county or municipality. Expenditures 128may be made from the fund for any economic development purposes authorized in the ordinance or order adopted by the governing body submitting the tax to the 129130 voters.

131 10. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make 132 refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any county or 133 municipality for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem 134 dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such counties and 135 municipalities.

136 11. If any county or municipality abolishes the tax, the county or 137 municipality shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety 138 days] prior to the effective date of the repeal and **the repeal shall be effective** 139 **as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087.** The director of revenue may 140 order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the

141 amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or 142overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of 143 144 abolition of the tax in such county or municipality, the director of revenue shall 145remit the balance in the account to the county or municipality and close the account of that county or municipality. The director of revenue shall notify each 146 147county or municipality of each instance of any amount refunded or any check 148redeemed from receipts due the county or municipality.

149 12. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085
150 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.

151 13. For purposes of this section, the term "economic development" is 152 limited to the following:

(1) Operations of economic development or community developmentoffices, including the salaries of employees;

155

(2) Provision of training for job creation or retention;

(3) Provision of infrastructure and sites for industrial development or forpublic infrastructure projects; and

(4) Refurbishing of existing structures and property relating to communitydevelopment.

67.1303. 1. The governing body of any home rule city with more than one hundred fifty-one thousand five hundred but less than one hundred fifty-one $\mathbf{2}$ thousand six hundred inhabitants, any home rule city with more than forty-five 3 thousand five hundred but less than forty-five thousand nine hundred inhabitants 4 $\mathbf{5}$ and the governing body of any city within any county of the first classification with more than one hundred four thousand six hundred but less than one 6 hundred four thousand seven hundred inhabitants and the governing body of any $\mathbf{7}$ county of the third classification without a township form of government and with 8 more than forty thousand eight hundred but less than forty thousand nine 9 hundred inhabitants or any city within such county may impose, by order or 10 ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made in the city or county which are 11 subject to sales tax under chapter 144. In addition, the governing body of any 12county of the first classification with more than eighty-five thousand nine 13 14 hundred but less than eighty-six thousand inhabitants or the governing body of 15any home rule city with more than seventy-three thousand but less than 16 seventy-five thousand inhabitants may impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made in the city or county which are subject to sales tax under 17

18 chapter 144. The tax authorized in this section shall not be more than one-half 19 of one percent. The order or ordinance imposing the tax shall not become 20 effective unless the governing body of the city or county submits to the voters of 21 the city or county at a state general or primary election a proposal to authorize 22 the governing body to impose a tax under this section. The tax authorized in this 23 section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and shall be 24 stated separately from all other charges and taxes.

25 2. The ballot of submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be26 in substantially the following form:

27 Shall (insert the name of the city or county) impose a 28 sales tax at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent for economic 29 development purposes?

30

\Box YES \Box NO

31If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective [on the 32first day of the second calendar quarter following the calendar quarter in which 33 the election was held] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a 3435majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not become effective unless and 36 until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and 3738 such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the 39 question, provided that no proposal shall be resubmitted to the voters sooner than 40 twelve months from the date of the submission of the last proposal.

3. No revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section shall be used for any retail development project. At least twenty percent of the revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section shall be used solely for projects directly related to long-term economic development preparation, including, but not limited to, the following:

- 46 (1) Acquisition of land;
- 47 (2) Installation of infrastructure for industrial or business parks;
- 48 (3) Improvement of water and wastewater treatment capacity;
- 49 (4) Extension of streets;
- 50 (5) Providing matching dollars for state or federal grants;
- 51 (6) Marketing;
- 52 (7) Construction and operation of job training and educational facilities;
- 53 and

54 (8) Providing grants and low-interest loans to companies for job training, 55 equipment acquisition, site development, and infrastructure. Not more than 56 twenty-five percent of the revenue generated may be used annually for 57 administrative purposes, including staff and facility costs.

4. All revenue generated by the tax shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. If the tax is repealed, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for the designated purposes. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other city or county funds.

65 5. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to 66 make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any city or county for erroneous payments in the trust fund and credited 67 68 to any city or county for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit 69 of such counties. If any city or county abolishes the tax authorized 70under this section, the repeal of such tax shall become effective as 71provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. Each city or county shall 72notify the director of revenue prior to the effective date of the 73expiration of the sales tax authorized by this section and the repeal 74shall be effective as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The 75director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period 76 of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such 77notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of such tax and to 78redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such 79 accounts. After one year has elapsed after the date of expiration of the 80 tax authorized by this section in such city or county, the director of 81 revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the city or county and 82 close the account of that city or county. The director of revenue shall 83 84 notify each city or county of each instance of any amount refunded or 85 any check redeemed from receipts due the city or county.

6. Any city or county imposing the tax authorized in this section shall
establish an economic development tax board. The board shall consist of eleven
members, to be appointed as follows:

89

(1) Two members shall be appointed by the school boards whose districts

90 are included within any economic development plan or area funded by the sales
91 tax authorized in this section. Such members shall be appointed in any manner
92 agreed upon by the affected districts;

93 (2) One member shall be appointed, in any manner agreed upon by the
94 affected districts, to represent all other districts levying ad valorem taxes within
95 the area selected for an economic development project or area funded by the sales
96 tax authorized in this section, excluding representatives of the governing body of
97 the city or county;

98 (3) One member shall be appointed by the largest public school district in99 the city or county;

(4) In each city or county, five members shall be appointed by the chief
elected officer of the city or county with the consent of the majority of the
governing body of the city or county;

103 (5) In each city, two members shall be appointed by the governing body 104 of the county in which the city is located. In each county, two members shall be appointed by the governing body of the county. At the option of the members 105106 appointed by a city or county the members who are appointed by the school 107 boards and other taxing districts may serve on the board for a term to coincide 108 with the length of time an economic development project, plan, or designation of 109 an economic development area is considered for approval by the board, or for the definite terms as provided in this subsection. If the members representing school 110 111 districts and other taxing districts are appointed for a term coinciding with the 112length of time an economic development project, plan, or area is approved, such 113 term shall terminate upon final approval of the project, plan, or designation of the area by the governing body of the city or county. If any school district or 114 other taxing jurisdiction fails to appoint members of the board within thirty days 115of receipt of written notice of a proposed economic development plan, economic 116 development project, or designation of an economic development area, the 117 remaining members may proceed to exercise the power of the board. Of the 118 119 members first appointed by the city or county, three shall be designated to serve for terms of two years, three shall be designated to serve for a term of three 120 121years, and the remaining members shall be designated to serve for a term of four 122 years from the date of such initial appointments. Thereafter, the members 123appointed by the city or county shall serve for a term of four years, except that 124 all vacancies shall be filled for unexpired terms in the same manner as were the 125original appointments.

126[6.] 7. The board, subject to approval of the governing body of the city or 127county, shall develop economic development plans, economic development 128 projects, or designations of an economic development area, and shall hold public 129hearings and provide notice of any such hearings. The board shall vote on all 130proposed economic development plans, economic development projects, or 131 designations of an economic development area, and amendments thereto, within 132thirty days following completion of the hearing on any such plan, project, or 133designation, and shall make recommendations to the governing body within 134ninety days of the hearing concerning the adoption of or amendment to economic 135development plans, economic development projects, or designations of an economic 136 development area.

[7.] 8. The board shall report at least annually to the governing body of
the city or county on the use of the funds provided under this section and on the
progress of any plan, project, or designation adopted under this section.

140 [8.] 9. The governing body of any city or county that has adopted the 141 sales tax authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax 142 to the voters on any date available for elections for the city or county. The ballot 143 of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall (insert the name of the city or county) repeal
the sales tax imposed at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent for economic
development purposes?

147

\Box YES \Box NO

148 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal 149shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which 150such repeal was approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. 151If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting 152thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the 153154qualified voters of the city or county, and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question. 155

[9.] 10. Whenever the governing body of any city or county that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters of the city or county voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this section, the governing body shall submit to the voters a proposal to repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified 162voters voting thereon are in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective 163 [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes 164 cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the 165repeal, then the tax shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under 166 this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the 167 qualified voters voting on the question. If the city or county abolishes the 168 169 tax, the city or county shall notify the director of revenue of the action 170 at least one hundred twenty days prior to the effective date of the 171repeal.

17211. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all 173174functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and 175operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for the 176state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under this section. The 177tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax 178law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported 179upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations 180 as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.

181 12. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections
182 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.1305. 1. As used in this section, the term "city" shall mean any 2 incorporated city, town, or village.

3 2. In lieu of the sales taxes authorized under sections 67.1300 and 67.1303, the governing body of any city or county may impose, by order or 4 ordinance, a sales tax on all retail sales made in the city or county which are 5subject to sales tax under chapter 144. The tax authorized in this section shall 6 not be more than one-half of one percent. The order or ordinance imposing the 7 tax shall not become effective unless the governing body of the city or county 8 9 submits to the voters of the city or county at any citywide, county or state 10 general, primary or special election a proposal to authorize the governing body to impose a tax under this section. The tax authorized in this section shall be in 11 addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and shall be stated separately 12from all other charges and taxes. The tax authorized in this section shall not be 13 imposed by any city or county that has imposed a tax under section 67.1300 or 1467.1303 unless the tax imposed under those sections has expired or been 15

16 repealed.

3. The ballot of submission for the tax authorized in this section shall bein substantially the following form:

19 Shall (insert the name of the city or county) impose a sales tax at 20 a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent for economic development 21 purposes?

22

 \Box YES \Box NO

23If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting 24thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective [on the 25first day of the second calendar quarter following the calendar quarter in which 26the election was held] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a 27majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not become effective unless and 2829until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the 30 question, provided that no proposal shall be resubmitted to the voters sooner than 3132twelve months from the date of the submission of the last proposal.

4. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any county or municipality[, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "Local Option Economic Development Sales Tax Trust Fund".

5. [The moneys in the local option economic development sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund and which was collected in each city or county imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the city or county and the public.

6. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the city or county which levied the tax. Such funds shall be deposited with the county treasurer of each such county or the appropriate municipal officer in the case of a municipal tax, and all expenditures of funds arising from the local economic development sales tax trust fund shall be in accordance with this section. 52 7. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make 53 refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any city or county for 54 erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks 55 and drafts deposited to the credit of such cities and counties.

568. If any county or municipality abolishes the tax, the city or county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the 57effective date of the repeal and **the repeal shall be effective as provided by** 58subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention 59in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected 60 after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax 61 62 and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such 63 accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such city or county, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the 64 65 account to the city or county and close the account of that city or county. The director of revenue shall notify each city or county of each instance of any amount 66 refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city or county. 67

68 9. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085
69 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.

10. (1) No revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section shall be used for any retail development project, except for the redevelopment of downtown areas and historic districts. Not more than twenty-five percent of the revenue generated shall be used annually for administrative purposes, including staff and facility costs.

(2) At least twenty percent of the revenue generated by the tax authorized
in this section shall be used solely for projects directly related to long-term
economic development preparation, including, but not limited to, the following:

78 (a) Acquisition of land;

79 (b) Installation of infrastructure for industrial or business parks;

80 (c) Improvement of water and wastewater treatment capacity;

81 (d) Extension of streets;

82 (e) Public facilities directly related to economic development and job 83 creation; and

84 (f) Providing matching dollars for state or federal grants relating to such85 long-term projects.

86 (3) The remaining revenue generated by the tax authorized in this section87 may be used for, but shall not be limited to, the following:

88 (a) Marketing;

(b) Providing grants and loans to companies for job training, equipmentacquisition, site development, and infrastructures;

91 (c) Training programs to prepare workers for advanced technologies and92 high skill jobs;

93 (d) Legal and accounting expenses directly associated with the economic94 development planning and preparation process;

95 (e) Developing value-added and export opportunities for Missouri 96 agricultural products.

97 11. All revenue generated by the tax shall be deposited in a special trust 98 fund and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. If the tax is repealed, 99 all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for 100 the designated purposes. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not 101 needed for current expenditures may be invested by the governing body in 102 accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other city or county 103 funds.

104 12. (1) Any city or county imposing the tax authorized in this section 105 shall establish an economic development tax board. The volunteer board shall 106 receive no compensation or operating budget.

107 (2) The economic development tax board established by a city shall consist 108 of at least five members, but may be increased to nine members. Either a 109 five-member or nine-member board shall be designated in the order or ordinance 110 imposing the sales tax authorized by this section, and the members are to be 111 appointed as follows:

(a) One member of a five-member board, or two members of a
nine-member board, shall be appointed by the school districts included within any
economic development plan or area funded by the sales tax authorized in this
section. Such member or members shall be appointed in any manner agreed upon
by the affected districts;

(b) Three members of a five-member board, or five members of a
nine-member board, shall be appointed by the chief elected officer of the city with
the consent of the majority of the governing body of the city;

(c) One member of a five-member board, or two members of a nine-member
board, shall be appointed by the governing body of the county in which the city
is located.

123

(3) The economic development tax board established by a county shall

124 consist of seven members, to be appointed as follows:

(a) One member shall be appointed by the school districts included within
any economic development plan or area funded by the sales tax authorized in this
section. Such member shall be appointed in any manner agreed upon by the
affected districts;

(b) Four members shall be appointed by the governing body of the county;and

131(c) Two members from the cities, towns, or villages within the county 132appointed in any manner agreed upon by the chief elected officers of the cities or 133 villages. Of the members initially appointed, three shall be designated to serve 134for terms of two years, except that when a nine-member board is designated, 135seven of the members initially appointed shall be designated to serve for terms 136 of two years, and the remaining members shall be designated to serve for a term 137 of four years from the date of such initial appointments. Thereafter, the members 138appointed shall serve for a term of four years, except that all vacancies shall be filled for unexpired terms in the same manner as were the original appointments. 139

140(4) If an economic development tax board established by a city is already in existence on August 28, 2012, any increase in the number of members of the 141board shall be designated in an order or ordinance. The four board members 142143added to the board shall be appointed to a term with an expiration coinciding 144 with the expiration of the terms of the three board member positions that were originally appointed to terms of two years. Thereafter, the additional members 145146 appointed shall serve for a term of four years, except that all vacancies shall be 147filled for unexpired terms in the same manner as were the additional 148 appointments.

149 13. The board, subject to approval of the governing body of the city or county, shall consider economic development plans, economic development 150projects, or designations of an economic development area, and shall hold public 151152hearings and provide notice of any such hearings. The board shall vote on all proposed economic development plans, economic development projects, or 153designations of an economic development area, and amendments thereto, within 154155thirty days following completion of the hearing on any such plan, project, or 156designation, and shall make recommendations to the governing body within 157ninety days of the hearing concerning the adoption of or amendment to economic 158development plans, economic development projects, or designations of an economic 159development area. The governing body of the city or county shall have the final 69

160 determination on use and expenditure of any funds received from the tax imposed161 under this section.

162 14. The board may consider and recommend using funds received from the
163 tax imposed under this section for plans, projects or area designations outside the
164 boundaries of the city or county imposing the tax if, and only if:

(1) The city or county imposing the tax or the state receives significanteconomic benefit from the plan, project or area designation; and

(2) The board establishes an agreement with the governing bodies of all
cities and counties in which the plan, project or area designation is located
detailing the authority and responsibilities of each governing body with regard
to the plan, project or area designation.

17115. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the 172economic development sales tax imposed under this section when imposed within a special taxing district, including but not limited to a tax increment financing 173174district, neighborhood improvement district, or community improvement district, shall be excluded from the calculation of revenues available to such districts, and 175176no revenues from any sales tax imposed under this section shall be used for the purposes of any such district unless recommended by the economic development 177178tax board established under this section and approved by the governing body 179imposing the tax.

180 16. The board and the governing body of the city or county imposing the 181 tax shall report at least annually to the governing body of the city or county on 182 the use of the funds provided under this section and on the progress of any plan, 183 project, or designation adopted under this section and shall make such report 184 available to the public.

185 17. Not later than the first day of March each year the board shall submit 186 to the joint committee on economic development a report, not exceeding one page 187 in length, which must include the following information for each project using the 188 tax authorized under this section:

189

(1) A statement of its primary economic development goals;

(2) A statement of the total economic development sales tax revenuesreceived during the immediately preceding calendar year;

(3) A statement of total expenditures during the preceding calendar yearin each of the following categories:

194 (a) Infrastructure improvements;

195 (b) Land and/or buildings;

70

196 (c) Machinery and equipment;

197 (d) Job training investments;

198 (e) Direct business incentives;

199 (f) Marketing;

200 (g) Administration and legal expenses; and

201 (h) Other expenditures.

18. The governing body of any city or county that has adopted the sales tax authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the voters on any date available for elections for the city or county. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

206 Shall (insert the name of the city or county) repeal the sales tax 207 imposed at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent for economic 208 development purposes?

209 \Box YES \Box NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of the repeal, that 210repeal shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in 211212which such repeal was approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters 213214voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section 215216 to the qualified voters of the city or county, and the repeal is approved by a 217majority of the qualified voters voting on the question.

21819. Whenever the governing body of any city or county that has adopted 219the sales tax authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent 220of the registered voters of the city or county voting in the last gubernatorial 221election, calling for an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this section, 222 the governing body shall submit to the voters a proposal to repeal the tax. If a 223majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon 224are in favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective [on December 225thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] as provided 226 by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the 227 question by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the 228tax shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to 229the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified 230voters voting on the question.

231 20. If any provision of this section or section 67.1303 or the application

thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or application of this section or section 67.1303 which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this section and section 67.1303 are declared severable.

67.1545. 1. Any district formed as a political subdivision may impose by resolution a district sales and use tax on all retail sales made in such district $\mathbf{2}$ 3 which are subject to taxation pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525, except sales of motor vehicles, [trailers, boats or outboard motors and sales to or by 4 public utilities and providers of communications, cable, or video services] $\mathbf{5}$ watercraft, electricity, piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels 6 delivered by the seller. Any sales and use tax imposed pursuant to this 7 8 section may be imposed in increments of one-eighth of one percent, up to a 9 maximum of one percent. Such district sales and use tax may be imposed for any district purpose designated by the district in its ballot of submission to its 10 11 qualified voters; except that, no resolution adopted pursuant to this section shall 12become effective unless the board of directors of the district submits to the 13qualified voters of the district, by mail-in ballot, a proposal to authorize a sales and use tax pursuant to this section. If a majority of the votes cast by the 14qualified voters on the proposed sales tax are in favor of the sales tax, then the 15resolution is adopted. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters are 1617opposed to the sales tax, then the resolution is void.

18

2. The ballot shall be substantially in the following form:

19 Shall the (insert name of district) Community Improvement 20 District impose a community improvement districtwide sales and use tax at the 21 maximum rate of (insert amount) for a period of (insert 22 number) years from the date on which such tax is first imposed for the purpose 23 of providing revenue for (insert general description 24 of the purpose)?

25

\Box YES

\Box NO

26 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

3. Within ten days after the qualified voters have approved the imposition of the sales and use tax, the district shall, in accordance with section 32.087, notify the director of the department of revenue. The sales and use tax authorized by this section shall become effective [on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of the department of revenue receives notice 33 of the adoption of such tax] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087.

344. [The director of the department of revenue shall collect any tax adopted pursuant to this section pursuant to section 32.087] After the effective date 35 of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of 36 revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, 37 collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in 38 addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri, the additional tax 39 authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under 4041 this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and 4243under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue. 44

5. In each district in which a sales and use tax is imposed pursuant to this section, every retailer shall add such additional tax imposed by the district to such retailer's sale price, and when so added such tax shall constitute a part of the purchase price, shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price.

6. [In order to allow retailers to collect and report the sales and use tax authorized by this section as well as all other sales and use taxes required by law in the simplest and most efficient manner possible, a district may establish appropriate brackets to be used in the district imposing a tax pursuant to this section in lieu of the brackets provided in section 144.285.

55 7.] The penalties provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525 shall apply to 56 violations of this section.

[8.] 7. All revenue received by the district from a sales and use tax 5758imposed pursuant to this section which is designated for a specific purpose shall 59be deposited into a special trust fund and expended solely for such purpose. Upon the expiration of any sales and use tax adopted pursuant to this 60 section, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used 61 62 solely for the specific purpose designated in the resolution adopted by the qualified voters. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for 63 current expenditures may be invested by the board of directors pursuant to 64 65applicable laws relating to the investment of other district funds.

66 [9.] 8. A district may repeal by resolution any sales and use tax imposed 67 pursuant to this section before the expiration date of such sales and use tax 68 unless the repeal of such sales and use tax will impair the district's ability to repay any liabilities the district has incurred, moneys the district has borrowed
or obligation the district has issued to finance any improvements or services
rendered for the district.

[10.] 9. Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 115, an election for a
district sales and use tax under this section shall be conducted in accordance with
the provisions of this section.

10. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections
32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

67.1775. 1. The governing body of a city not within a county, or any county of this state may, after voter approval under this section, levy a sales tax $\mathbf{2}$ not to exceed one-quarter of a cent in the county or city, or city not within a 3 4 county, for the purpose of providing services described in section 210.861, $\mathbf{5}$ including counseling, family support, and temporary residential services to 6 persons nineteen years of age or less. The question shall be submitted to the 7 qualified voters of the county or city, or city not within a county, at a county or city or state general, primary or special election upon the motion of the governing 8 9 body of the county or city, or city not within a county or upon the petition of eight percent of the qualified voters of the county or city, or city not within a county, 10 determined on the basis of the number of votes cast for governor in such county 11 12at the last gubernatorial election held prior to the filing of the petition. The election officials of the county or city, or city not within a county, shall give legal 13notice as provided in chapter 115. The question shall be submitted in 1415substantially the following form:

16 Shall County or City, solely for the purpose of establishing a 17 community children's services fund for the purpose of providing services to protect 18 the well-being and safety of children and youth nineteen years of age or less and 19 to strengthen families, be authorized to levy a sales tax of (not to exceed 20 one-quarter of a cent) in the city or county?

21

\Box YES \Box NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, then the ordinance or order and any amendments thereto shall be in effect [on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director receives notification of the local sales tax] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a question receives less than the required majority, then the governing authority of the city or county, or city not within a county, shall have no power to impose the sales tax unless and until the 29 governing authority of the city or county, or city not within a county, has 30 submitted another question to authorize the imposition of the sales tax 31 authorized by this section and such question is approved by the required majority 32 of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a question 33 under this section be submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the 34 date of the last question under this section.

2. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and the director of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section.

40 The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law 41 of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms 42 and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the 43 director of revenue.

3. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section 44 45on behalf of any city or county, or city not within a county[, less one percent for the cost of collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund 46 47after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087,] shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special fund, which is hereby created, 48 49 to be known as the "Community Children's Services Fund". [The moneys in the city or county, or city not within a county, community children's services fund 50shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds 5152of the state.] The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount 53of money in the fund which was collected in each city or county, or city not within a county, imposing a sales tax under this section, and the records shall be open 54to the inspection of officers of each city or county, or city not within a county, and 55the general public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of 56revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the fund during the preceding 57month by distributing to the city or county treasurer, or the treasurer of a city 58not within a county, or such other officer as may be designated by a city or county 59ordinance or order, or ordinance or order of a city not within a county, of each city 60 61or county, or city not within a county, imposing the tax authorized by this section, 62 the sum, as certified by the director of revenue, due the city or county.

63 4. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make64 refunds from the amounts in the fund and credited to any city or county, or city

65 not within a county, for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may 66 redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such 67 counties. Each city or county, or city not within a county, shall notify the director of revenue at least ninety days prior to the effective date of the expiration of the 68 sales tax authorized by this section and the repeal shall be effective as 69 70provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. The director of revenue may order retention in the fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount 7172collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of 73such tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of 74such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the date of expiration of the tax 75authorized by this section in such city not within a county or such city or county, 76 the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the city or county, or city not within a county, and close the account of that city or county, 77or city not within a county. The director of revenue shall notify each city or 7879county, or city not within a county, of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city or county. 80

5. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085
[and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

6. All revenues generated by the tax prescribed in this section shall be deposited in the county treasury or, in a city not within a county, to the board established by law to administer such fund to the credit of a special community children's services fund to accomplish the purposes set out herein and in section 210.861, and shall be used for no other purpose. Such fund shall be administered by a board of directors, established under section 210.861.

67.1959. 1. The board, by a majority vote, may submit to the residents of such district a tax of not more than one percent on all retail sales, except sales $\mathbf{2}$ of [food as defined in section 144.014, sales of] new or used motor vehicles, 3 trailers, boats, or other outboard motors, [all utilities, telephone and wireless 4 services, and sales of funeral services,] made on or after January 1, 2017, 5within the district which are subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of 6 7sections 144.010 to 144.525. Upon the written request of the board to the election 8 authority of the county in which a majority of the area of the district is situated, 9 such election authority shall submit a proposition to the residents of such district 10 at a municipal or statewide primary or general election, or at a special election 11 called for that purpose. Such election authority shall give legal notice as 12provided in chapter 115.

13 2. Such proposition shall be submitted to the voters of the district in14 substantially the following form at such election:

15 Shall the Tourism Community Enhancement District impose a sales tax 16 of (insert amount) for the purpose of promoting tourism in the district?

 \square NO

17 \Box YES

18 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you19 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the 2021proposed district voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the order shall 22become effective on the first day of the second calendar guarter after the director 23of revenue receives notice of adoption of the tax. If the proposal receives less 24than the required majority, then the board shall have no power to impose the sales tax authorized pursuant to this section unless and until the board shall 2526again have submitted another proposal to authorize the board to impose the sales 27tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the required 28majority of the qualified voters of the district.

67.2000. 1. This section shall be known as the "Exhibition Center and2 Recreational Facility District Act".

3 2. An exhibition center and recreational facility district may be created4 under this section in the following counties:

5 (1) Any county of the first classification with more than seventy-one 6 thousand three hundred but less than seventy-one thousand four hundred 7 inhabitants;

8 (2) Any county of the first classification with more than one hundred 9 ninety-eight thousand but less than one hundred ninety-nine thousand two 10 hundred inhabitants;

(3) Any county of the first classification with more than eighty-fivethousand nine hundred but less than eighty-six thousand inhabitants;

(4) Any county of the second classification with more than fifty-two
thousand six hundred but less than fifty-two thousand seven hundred
inhabitants;

16 (5) Any county of the first classification with more than one hundred four
17 thousand six hundred but less than one hundred four thousand seven hundred
18 inhabitants;

19 (6) Any county of the third classification without a township form of 20 government and with more than seventeen thousand nine hundred but less than 21 eighteen thousand inhabitants;

(7) Any county of the first classification with more than thirty-seventhousand but less than thirty-seven thousand one hundred inhabitants;

(8) Any county of the third classification without a township form of
government and with more than twenty-three thousand five hundred but less
than twenty-three thousand six hundred inhabitants;

(9) Any county of the third classification without a township form of
government and with more than nineteen thousand three hundred but less than
nineteen thousand four hundred inhabitants;

30 (10) Any county of the first classification with more than two hundred
31 forty thousand three hundred but less than two hundred forty thousand four
32 hundred inhabitants;

(11) Any county of the third classification with a township form of
government and with more than eight thousand nine hundred but fewer than
nine thousand inhabitants;

36 (12) Any county of the third classification without a township form of
37 government and with more than eighteen thousand nine hundred but fewer than
38 nineteen thousand inhabitants;

(13) Any county of the third classification with a township form of
government and with more than eight thousand but fewer than eight thousand
one hundred inhabitants;

42 (14) Any county of the third classification with a township form of
43 government and with more than eleven thousand five hundred but fewer than
44 eleven thousand six hundred inhabitants.

3. Whenever not less than fifty owners of real property located within any county listed in subsection 2 of this section desire to create an exhibition center and recreational facility district, the property owners shall file a petition with the governing body of each county located within the boundaries of the proposed district requesting the creation of the district. The district boundaries may include all or part of the counties described in this section. The petition shall contain the following information:

52 (1) The name and residence of each petitioner and the location of the real53 property owned by the petitioner;

54 (2) A specific description of the proposed district boundaries, including a 55 map illustrating the boundaries; and

56 (3) The name of the proposed district.

87

4. Upon the filing of a petition pursuant to this section, the governing body of any county described in this section may, by resolution, approve the creation of a district. Any resolution to establish such a district shall be adopted by the governing body of each county located within the proposed district, and shall contain the following information:

62 (1) A description of the boundaries of the proposed district;

63 (2) The time and place of a hearing to be held to consider establishment64 of the proposed district;

65 (3) The proposed sales tax rate to be voted on within the proposed district;66 and

67 (4) The proposed uses for the revenue generated by the new sales tax.

5. Whenever a hearing is held as provided by this section, the governingbody of each county located within the proposed district shall:

(1) Publish notice of the hearing on two separate occasions in at least one
newspaper of general circulation in each county located within the proposed
district, with the first publication to occur not more than thirty days before the
hearing, and the second publication to occur not more than fifteen days or less
than ten days before the hearing;

(2) Hear all protests and receive evidence for or against the establishmentof the proposed district; and

(3) Rule upon all protests, which determinations shall be final.

6. Following the hearing, if the governing body of each county located within the proposed district decides to establish the proposed district, it shall adopt an order to that effect; if the governing body of any county located within the proposed district decides to not establish the proposed district, the boundaries of the proposed district shall not include that county. The order shall contain the following:

84 (1) The description of the boundaries of the district;

85 (2) A statement that an exhibition center and recreational facility district
86 has been established;

(3) The name of the district;

(4) The uses for any revenue generated by a sales tax imposed pursuantto this section; and

90 (5) A declaration that the district is a political subdivision of the state.

91 7. A district established pursuant to this section may, at a general, 92 primary, or special election, submit to the qualified voters within the district 93 boundaries a sales tax of one-fourth of one percent, for a period not to exceed 94 twenty-five years, on all retail sales within the district, which are subject to 95 taxation pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525, to fund the acquisition, 96 construction, maintenance, operation, improvement, and promotion of an 97 exhibition center and recreational facilities. The ballot of submission shall be in 98 substantially the following form:

 \square NO

103

104 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you

105 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

□ YES

106 If a majority of the votes cast in the portion of any county that is part of the 107 proposed district favor the proposal, then the sales tax shall become effective in that portion of the county [that is part of the proposed district on the first day of 108 109 the first calendar quarter immediately following the election as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast in the portion 110 111 of a county that is a part of the proposed district oppose the proposal, then that 112portion of such county shall not impose the sales tax authorized in this section 113 until after the county governing body has submitted another such sales tax 114 proposal and the proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting 115thereon. However, if a sales tax proposal is not approved, the governing body of 116the county shall not resubmit a proposal to the voters pursuant to this section sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal submitted pursuant 117 118 to this section. If the qualified voters in two or more counties that have 119 contiguous districts approve the sales tax proposal, the districts shall combine to 120 become one district.

121 8. There is hereby created a board of trustees to administer any district 122 created and the expenditure of revenue generated pursuant to this section 123consisting of four individuals to represent each county approving the district, as 124provided in this subsection. The governing body of each county located within the 125district, upon approval of that county's sales tax proposal, shall appoint four members to the board of trustees; at least one shall be an owner of a nonlodging 126127business located within the taxing district, or their designee, at least one shall 128be an owner of a lodging facility located within the district, or their designee, and

129all members shall reside in the district except that one nonlodging business 130 owner, or their designee, and one lodging facility owner, or their designee, may reside outside the district. Each trustee shall be at least twenty-five years of age 131 132and a resident of this state. Of the initial trustees appointed from each county, 133two shall hold office for two years, and two shall hold office for four years. Trustees appointed after expiration of the initial terms shall be appointed 134to a four-year term by the governing body of the county the trustee represents, 135136 with the initially appointed trustee to remain in office until a successor is 137 appointed, and shall take office upon being appointed. Each trustee may be reappointed. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner in which the trustee 138139 vacating the office was originally appointed. The trustees shall not receive 140 compensation for their services, but may be reimbursed for their actual and 141 necessary expenses. The board shall elect a chair and other officers necessary for its membership. Trustees may be removed if: 142

(1) By a two-thirds vote, the board moves for the member's removal and
submits such motion to the governing body of the county from which the trustee
was appointed; and

(2) The governing body of the county from which the trustee wasappointed, by a majority vote, adopts the motion for removal.

148 9. The board of trustees shall have the following powers, authority, and149 privileges:

150 (1) To have and use a corporate seal;

151(2) To sue and be sued, and be a party to suits, actions, and proceedings; 152(3) To enter into contracts, franchises, and agreements with any person 153or entity, public or private, affecting the affairs of the district, including contracts with any municipality, district, or state, or the United States, and any of their 154agencies, political subdivisions, or instrumentalities, for the funding, including 155without limitation interest rate exchange or swap agreements, planning, 156development, construction, acquisition, maintenance, or operation of a single 157exhibition center and recreational facilities or to assist in such 158activity. "Recreational facilities" means locations explicitly designated for public 159160use where the primary use of the facility involves participation in hobbies or 161 athletic activities;

(4) To borrow money and incur indebtedness and evidence the same by
certificates, notes, or debentures, to issue bonds and use any one or more lawful
funding methods the district may obtain for its purposes at such rates of interest

165as the district may determine. Any bonds, notes, and other obligations issued or 166 delivered by the district may be secured by mortgage, pledge, or deed of trust of any or all of the property and income of the district. Every issue of such bonds, 167 168 notes, or other obligations shall be payable out of property and revenues of the 169district and may be further secured by other property of the district, which may 170be pledged, assigned, mortgaged, or a security interest granted for such payment, without preference or priority of the first bonds issued, subject to any agreement 171172with the holders of any other bonds pledging any specified property or 173revenues. Such bonds, notes, or other obligations shall be authorized by 174resolution of the district board, and shall bear such date or dates, and shall 175mature at such time or times, but not in excess of thirty years, as the resolution 176 shall specify. Such bonds, notes, or other obligations shall be in such 177denomination, bear interest at such rate or rates, be in such form, either coupon 178or registered, be issued as current interest bonds, compound interest bonds, 179variable rate bonds, convertible bonds, or zero coupon bonds, be issued in such manner, be payable in such place or places, and be subject to redemption as such 180181 resolution may provide, notwithstanding section 108.170. The bonds, notes, or 182other obligations may be sold at either public or private sale, at such interest 183rates, and at such price or prices as the district shall determine;

184 (5) To acquire, transfer, donate, lease, exchange, mortgage, and encumber
185 real and personal property in furtherance of district purposes;

(6) To refund any bonds, notes, or other obligations of the district without an election. The terms and conditions of refunding obligations shall be substantially the same as those of the original issue, and the board shall provide for the payment of interest at not to exceed the legal rate, and the principal of such refunding obligations in the same manner as is provided for the payment of interest and principal of obligations refunded;

192 (7) To have the management, control, and supervision of all the business 193 and affairs of the district, and the construction, installation, operation, and 194 maintenance of district improvements therein; to collect rentals, fees, and other 195 charges in connection with its services or for the use of any of its facilities;

196

(8) To hire and retain agents, employees, engineers, and attorneys;

197 (9) To receive and accept by bequest, gift, or donation any kind of 198 property;

199 (10) To adopt and amend bylaws and any other rules and regulations not 200 in conflict with the constitution and laws of this state, necessary for the carrying 201 on of the business, objects, and affairs of the board and of the district; and

(11) To have and exercise all rights and powers necessary or incidentalto or implied from the specific powers granted by this section.

20410. There is hereby created the "Exhibition Center and Recreational 205Facility District Sales Tax Trust Fund", which shall consist of all sales tax revenue collected pursuant to this section. The director of revenue shall be 206207custodian of the trust fund, and moneys in the trust fund shall be used solely for the purposes authorized in this section. Moneys in the trust fund shall be 208209 considered nonstate funds pursuant to section 15, article IV, Constitution of Missouri. The director of revenue shall invest moneys in the trust fund in the 210211same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on 212such investments shall be credited to the trust fund. All sales taxes collected by 213the director of revenue pursuant to this section on behalf of the district, less one percent for the cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general 214revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 21532.087, shall be deposited in the trust fund. The director of revenue shall keep 216217accurate records of the amount of moneys in the trust fund which was collected in the district imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall 218be open to the inspection of the officers of each district and the general 219220public. Not later than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue shall 221distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to 222the district. The director of revenue may authorize refunds from the amounts in 223the trust fund and credited to the district for erroneous payments and 224overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to 225the credit of the district.

22611. The sales tax authorized by this section is in addition to all other 227 sales taxes allowed by law. After the effective date of any tax imposed 228under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall 229 perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, 230enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the 231sales tax for the state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and 232233the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such 234235administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue. 236

12. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085
[and] to 32.087 apply to the sales tax imposed pursuant to this section.

[12.] **13.** Any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall not extend past the initial term approved by the voters unless an extension of the sales tax is submitted to and approved by the qualified voters in each county in the manner provided in this section. Each extension of the sales tax shall be for a period not to exceed twenty years. The ballot of submission for the extension shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall the (name of district) extend the sales tax of one-fourth of one percent for a period of (insert number of years) years to fund the acquisition, construction, maintenance, operation, improvement, and promotion of an exhibition center and recreational facilities?

249

\Box NO

250 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you 251 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

 \Box YES

If a majority of the votes cast favor the extension, then the sales tax shall remain in effect at the rate and for the time period approved by the voters. If a sales tax extension is not approved, the district may submit another sales tax proposal as authorized in this section, but the district shall not submit such a proposal to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last extension submitted.

257[13.] 14. Once the sales tax authorized by this section is abolished or 258terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the trust fund shall be used 259solely for the purposes approved in the ballot question authorizing the sales 260tax. The sales tax shall not be abolished or terminated while the district has any 261financing or other obligations outstanding; provided that any new financing, debt, 262or other obligation or any restructuring or refinancing of an existing debt or 263obligation incurred more than ten years after voter approval of the sales tax 264provided in this section or more than ten years after any voter-approved 265extension thereof shall not cause the extension of the sales tax provided in this 266section or cause the final maturity of any financing or other obligations 267outstanding to be extended. Any funds in the trust fund which are not needed 268for current expenditures may be invested by the district in the securities described in subdivisions (1) to (12) of subsection 1 of section 30.270 or 269270repurchase agreements secured by such securities. If the district abolishes the 271sales tax, the district shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] before the effective date of the repeal, and the director of revenue 272

273may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of 274the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the sales tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts 275276deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the 277effective date of abolition of the sales tax in the district, the director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the district and close the account of the 278279district. The director of revenue shall notify the district of each instance of any 280amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the district.

281[14.] **15.** In the event that the district is dissolved or terminated by any 282means, the governing bodies of the counties in the district shall appoint a person 283to act as trustee for the district so dissolved or terminated. Before beginning the 284discharge of duties, the trustee shall take and subscribe an oath to faithfully 285discharge the duties of the office, and shall give bond with sufficient security, 286approved by the governing bodies of the counties, to the use of the dissolved or 287terminated district, for the faithful discharge of duties. The trustee shall have 288and exercise all powers necessary to liquidate the district, and upon satisfaction 289of all remaining obligations of the district, shall pay over to the county treasurer 290 of each county in the district and take receipt for all remaining moneys in 291amounts based on the ratio the levy of each county bears to the total levy for the 292district in the previous three years or since the establishment of the district, 293whichever time period is shorter. Upon payment to the county treasurers, the trustee shall deliver to the clerk of the governing body of any county in the 294295district all books, papers, records, and deeds belonging to the dissolved district.

67.2030. 1. The governing authority of any city of the fourth classification $\mathbf{2}$ with more than one thousand six hundred but less than one thousand seven hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with 3 more than seventy-three thousand seven hundred but less than seventy-three 4 thousand eight hundred inhabitants is hereby authorized to impose, by ordinance $\mathbf{5}$ or order, a sales tax in the amount not to exceed one-half of one percent on all 6 retail sales made in such city which are subject to taxation pursuant to sections 7 144.010 to 144.525 for the promotion of tourism in such city. The tax authorized 8 by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by 9 10 law, except that no ordinance or order imposing a sales tax pursuant to this 11 section shall be effective unless the governing authority of the city submits to the 12qualified voters of the city, at any municipal or state general, primary, or special 13 election, a proposal to authorize the governing authority of the city to impose a tax.

14

15 2. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:
16 Shall the city of (city's name) impose a citywide sales tax of
17 (insert amount) for the purpose of promoting tourism in the city?

 $18 \qquad \Box \text{ YES} \qquad \Box \text{ NO}$

19 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you20 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 2122thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the ordinance or order and any 23amendments thereto shall be in effect [on the first day of the first calendar 24quarter immediately following notification to the director of the department of revenue of the election approving the proposal] as provided by subsection 19 25of section 32.087. If a proposal receives less than the required majority, then 2627the governing authority of the city shall have no power to impose the sales tax unless and until the governing authority of the city has submitted another 28proposal to authorize the imposition of the sales tax authorized by this section 2930 and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. However, in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be 31 32 submitted to the voters sooner than twelve months from the date of the last 33 proposal pursuant to this section.

34 3. [On and after the effective date of any tax authorized in this section,
35 the city may adopt one of the two following provisions for the collection and
36 administration of the tax:

(1) The city may adopt rules and regulations for the internal collection of
such tax by the city officers usually responsible for collection and administration
of city taxes; or

(2) The city may enter into an agreement with the director of revenue of 40 the state of Missouri for the purpose of collecting the tax authorized in this 41 section. In the event any city enters into an agreement with the director of 42revenue of the state of Missouri for the collection of the tax authorized in this 43section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the 44 45administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of such tax, and the 46director of revenue shall collect the additional tax authorized in this section. The tax authorized in this section shall be collected and reported upon such forms and 47 under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the 48director of revenue, and the director of revenue shall retain an amount not to 49

50 exceed one percent for cost of collection.

514. If a tax is imposed by a city pursuant to this section, the city may 52collect a penalty of one percent and interest not to exceed two percent per month on unpaid taxes which shall be considered delinquent thirty days after the last 53day of each quarter] After the effective date of any tax imposed under the 54provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all 55functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and 56operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for the 57state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under the authority of 58this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed 59under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected 60 together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative 61 62 rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue. 63 [5.] 4. (1) The governing authority of any city that has adopted any sales 64 tax pursuant to this section shall, upon filing of a petition calling for the repeal 65of such sales tax signed by at least ten percent of the qualified voters in the city, submit the question of repeal of the sales tax to the qualified voters at any 66 primary or general election. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the 67 68 following form:

69 Shall (insert name of city) repeal the sales tax of (insert 70 rate of percent) percent for tourism purposes now in effect in (insert name of 71 city)?

72

\Box YES \Box NO

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If youare opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If the city or county abolishes the tax, the city or county shall notify the director of revenue of the action prior to the effective date of the repeal.

81 (2) Once the tax is repealed as provided in this section, all funds 82 remaining in any trust fund or account established to receive revenues generated 83 by the tax shall be used solely for the original stated purpose of the tax. Any 84 funds which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the 85 governing authority in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment 86 of other city funds.

87 (3) The governing authority of a city repealing a tax pursuant to this section shall notify the director of revenue of the action at least forty-five days 88 before the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order 89 90 retention in any trust fund created in the state treasury associated with the tax, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of 91 such notice to cover refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored 92checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has 93 elapsed after the effective date of repeal of the tax in the city, the director of 94 95 revenue shall remit the balance in the trust fund to the city and close the account 96 of that city. The director of revenue shall notify each city of each instance of any 97 amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the city.

98 (4) In the event that the repeal of a sales tax pursuant to this section 99 dissolves or terminates a taxing district, the governing authority of the city shall 100 appoint a person to act as trustee for the district so dissolved or terminated. Before beginning the discharge of duties, the trustee shall take and 101 102subscribe an oath to faithfully discharge the duties of the office, and shall give 103 bond with sufficient security, approved by the governing authority of the city, to the use of the dissolved or terminated district, for the faithful discharge of 104105duties. The trustee shall have and exercise all powers necessary to liquidate the 106 district, and upon satisfaction of all remaining obligations of the district, shall 107 pay over to the city treasurer or the equivalent official and take receipt for all 108 remaining moneys. Upon payment to the city treasurer, the trustee shall deliver 109 to the clerk of the governing authority of the city all books, papers, records, and 110 deeds belonging to the dissolved district.

[6.] 5. Except as modified in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085
[and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.

67.2525. 1. Each member of the board of directors shall have the 2 following qualifications:

3 (1) As to those subdistricts in which there are registered voters, a resident 4 registered voter in the subdistrict that he or she represents, or be a property 5 owner or, as to those subdistricts in which there are not registered voters who are 6 residents, a property owner or representative of a property owner in the 7 subdistrict he or she represents;

8 (2) Be at least twenty-one years of age and a registered voter in the 9 district. 2. The district shall be subdivided into at least five but not more than fifteen subdistricts, which shall be represented by one representative on the district board of directors. All board members shall have terms of four years, including the initial board of directors. All members shall take office upon being appointed and shall remain in office until a successor is appointed by the mayor or chairman of the municipality in which the district is located, or elected by the property owners in those subdistricts without registered voters.

3. For those subdistricts which contain one or more registered voters, the
mayor or chairman of the city, town, or village shall, with the consent of the
governing body, appoint a registered voter residing in the subdistrict to the board
of directors.

214. For those subdistricts which contain no registered voters, the property 22owners who collectively own one or more parcels of real estate comprising more 23than half of the land situated in each subdistrict shall meet and shall elect a 24representative to serve upon the board of directors. The clerk of the city, town, or village in which the petition was filed shall, unless waived in writing by all 2526property owners in the subdistrict, give notice by causing publication to be made 27once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in 28the county, the last publication of which shall be at least ten days before the day 29of the meeting required by this section, to call a meeting of the owners of real 30 property within the subdistrict at a day and hour specified in a public place in the city, town, or village in which the petition was filed for the purpose of electing 3132members of the board of directors.

33 5. The property owners, when assembled, shall organize by the election 34of a temporary chairman and secretary of the meeting who shall conduct the election. An election shall be conducted for each subdistrict, with the eligible 35property owners voting in that subdistrict. At the election, each acre of real 36 37 property within the subdistrict shall represent one share, and each owner, including corporations and other entities, may have one vote in person or for 3839 every acre of real property owned by such person within the subdistrict. Each voter which is not an individual shall determine how to cast its vote as provided 40 for in its articles of incorporation, articles of organization, articles of partnership, 41 42bylaws, or other document which sets forth an appropriate mechanism for the 43 determination of the entity's vote. If a voter has no such mechanism, then its vote shall be cast as determined by a majority of the persons who run the 44 45day-to-day affairs of the voter. The results of the meeting shall be certified by the

46 temporary chairman and secretary to the municipal clerk if the district is47 established by a municipality described in this section, or to the circuit clerk if48 the district is established by a circuit court.

6. Successor boards shall be appointed or elected, depending upon the presence or absence of resident registered voters, by the mayor or chairman of a city, town, or village described in this section, or the property owners as set forth above; provided, however, that elections held by the property owners after the initial board is elected shall be certified to the municipal clerk of the city, town, or village where the district is located and the board of directors of the district.

55 7. Should a vacancy occur on the board of directors, the mayor or 56 chairman of the city, town, or village if there are registered voters within the 57 subdistrict, or a majority of the owners of real property in a subdistrict if there 58 are not registered voters in the subdistrict, shall have the authority to appoint 59 or elect, as set forth in this section, an interim director to complete any unexpired 60 term of a director caused by resignation or disqualification.

8. The board shall possess and exercise all of the district's legislative andexecutive powers, including:

(1) The power to fund, promote and provide educational, civic, musical,
theatrical, cultural, concerts, lecture series, and related or similar entertainment
events or activities, and fund, promote, plan, design, construct, improve,
maintain, and operate public improvements, transportation projects, and related
facilities within the district;

68 (2) The power to accept and disburse tax or other revenue collected in the69 district; and

70 (3) The power to receive property by gift or otherwise.

9. Within thirty days after the selection of the initial directors, the board
shall meet. At its first meeting and annually thereafter the board shall elect a
chairman from its members.

The board shall appoint an executive director, district secretary,treasurer, and such other officers or employees as it deems necessary.

11. At the first meeting, the board, by resolution, shall define the first and
subsequent fiscal years of the district, and shall adopt a corporate seal.

12. A simple majority of the board shall constitute a quorum. If a quorum
exists, a majority of those voting shall have the authority to act in the name of
the board, and approve any board resolution.

13. At the first meeting, the board, by resolution, shall receive the

certification of the election regarding the sales tax, and may impose the sales tax in all subdistricts approving the imposing sales tax. In those subdistricts that approve the sales tax, the sales tax shall become effective [on the first day of the first calendar quarter immediately following the action by the district board of directors imposing the tax] as provided by section 32.087.

14. Each director shall devote such time to the duties of the office as the faithful discharge thereof may require and be reimbursed for his or her actual expenditures in the performance of his or her duties on behalf of the district. Directors may be compensated, but such compensation shall not exceed one hundred dollars per month.

92 15. In addition to all other powers granted by sections 67.2500 to 67.2530,
93 the district shall have the following general powers:

94 (1) To sue and be sued in its own name, and to receive service of process,95 which shall be served upon the district secretary;

(2) To fix compensation of its employees and contractors;

97 (3) To enter into contracts, franchises, and agreements with any person 98 or entity, public or private, affecting the affairs of the district, including contracts 99 with any municipality, district, or state, or the United States, and any of their 100 agencies, political subdivisions, or instrumentalities, for the funding, including 101 without limitation, interest rate exchange or swap agreements, planning, 102 development, construction, acquisition, maintenance, or operation of a district 103 facility or to assist in such activity;

104 (4) To acquire, develop, construct, equip, transfer, donate, lease, exchange,
105 mortgage, and encumber real and personal property in furtherance of district
106 purposes;

107 (5) To collect and disburse funds for its activities;

108 (6) To collect taxes and other revenues;

109 (7) To borrow money and incur indebtedness and evidence the same by
110 certificates, notes, bonds, debentures, or refunding of any such obligations for the
111 purpose of paying all or any part of the cost of land, construction, development,
112 or equipping of any facilities or operations of the district;

(8) To own or lease real or personal property for use in connection withthe exercise of powers pursuant to this subsection;

(9) To provide for the election or appointment of officers, including a
chairman, treasurer, and secretary. Officers shall not be required to be residents
of the district, and one officer may hold more than one office;

(10) To hire and retain agents, employees, engineers, and attorneys;

- (11) To enter into entertainment contracts binding the district and artists,
 agencies, or performers, management contracts, contracts relating to the booking
 of entertainment and the sale of tickets, and all other contracts which relate to
 the purposes of the district;
- (12) To contract with a local government, a corporation, partnership, or
 individual regarding funding, promotion, planning, designing, constructing,
 improving, maintaining, or operating a project or to assist in such activity;

(13) To contract for transfer to a city, town, or village such district
facilities and improvements free of cost or encumbrance on such terms set forth
by contract;

(14) To exercise such other powers necessary or convenient for the districtto accomplish its purposes which are not inconsistent with its express powers.

131 16. A district may at any time authorize or issue notes, bonds, or other 132 obligations for any of its powers or purposes. Such notes, bonds, or other 133 obligations:

(1) Shall be in such amounts as deemed necessary by the district,including costs of issuance thereof;

(2) Shall be payable out of all or any portion of the revenues or otherassets of the district;

(3) May be secured by any property of the district which may be pledged,assigned, mortgaged, or otherwise encumbered for payment;

(4) Shall be authorized by resolution of the district, and if issued by the
district, shall bear such date or dates, and shall mature at such time or times,
but not in excess of forty years, as the resolution shall specify;

(5) Shall be in such denomination, bear interest at such rates, be in such
form, be issued as current interest bonds, compound interest bonds, variable rate
bonds, convertible bonds, or zero coupon bonds, be issued in such manner, be
payable in such place or places and subject to redemption as such resolution may
provide; and

(6) May be sold at either public or private sale, at such interest rates, andat such price or prices as the district shall determine.

150 The provisions of this subsection are applicable to the district notwithstanding151 the provisions of section 108.170.

67.2530. 1. Any note, bond, or other indebtedness of the district may be 2 refunded at any time by the district by issuing refunding bonds in such amount

as the district may deem necessary. Such bonds shall be subject to and shall 3 4 have the benefit of the foregoing provisions regarding notes, bonds, and other obligations. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, refunding bonds 5 may include amounts necessary to finance any premium, unpaid interest, and 6 costs of issuance in connection with the refunding bonds. Any such refunding 7 may be effected whether the bonds to be refunded then shall have matured or 8 9 thereafter shall mature, either by sale of the refunding bonds and the application of the proceeds thereof to the payment of the obligations being refunded or the 10 exchange of the refunding bonds for the obligations being refunded with the 11 consent of the holders of the obligations being refunded. 12

2. Notes, bonds, or other indebtedness of the district shall be exclusively the responsibility of the district payable solely out of the district funds and property and shall not constitute a debt or liability of the state of Missouri or any agency or political subdivision of the state. Any notes, bonds, or other indebtedness of the district shall state on their face that they are not obligations of the state of Missouri or any agency or political subdivision thereof other than the district.

203. Any district may by resolution impose a district sales tax of up to 21one-half of one percent on all retail sales made in such district that are subject 22to taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525. Upon voter 23approval, and receiving the necessary certifications from the governing body of 24the municipality in which the district is located, or from the circuit court if the 25district was formed by the circuit court, the board of directors shall have the 26power to impose a sales tax at its first meeting, or any meeting thereafter. Voter 27approval of the question of the imposing sales tax shall be in accordance with section 67.2520. [The sales tax shall become effective in those subdistricts that 28approve the sales tax on the first day of the first calendar quarter immediately 2930 following the passage of a resolution by the board of directors imposing the sales 31tax.

4. In each district in which a sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by this section, every retailer shall add the tax imposed by the district pursuant to this section to the retailer's sale price, and when so added, such tax shall constitute a part of the price, shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price.

38

5. In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax

authorized by this section to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the district may establish appropriate brackets which shall be used in the district imposing a tax pursuant to this section in lieu of those brackets provided in section 144.285.

6.] 4. All revenue received by a district from the sales tax authorized by this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for the purposes of the district. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for the district's current expenditures may be invested by the district board of directors in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other district funds.

[7.] **5.** The sales tax may be imposed at a rate of up to one-half of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail within the district adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525. Any district sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be imposed at a rate that shall be uniform throughout the subdistricts approving the sales tax.

[8. The resolution imposing the sales tax pursuant to this section shall impose upon all sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable services at retail to the extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525 and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall be the rate imposed by the resolution as the sales tax and the tax shall be reported and returned to and collected by the district.

9. (1) On and after the effective date of any sales tax imposed pursuant to this section, the district shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax. The sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be collected and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the district.

(2)] 6. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.

7. All [such] sales taxes [collected by the district] shall be deposited by the district in a special fund to be expended for the purposes authorized in this section. The district shall keep accurate records of the amount of money which was collected pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each district and the general public.

[(3) The district may contract with the municipality that the district is within for the municipality to collect any revenue received by the district and, after deducting the cost of such collection, but not to exceed one percent of the total amount collected, deposit such revenue in a special trust account. Such revenue and interest may be applied by the municipality to expenses, costs, or debt service of the district at the direction of the district as set forth in a contract between the municipality and the district.

92 10. (1) All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525
93 governing the state sales tax, sections 32.085 and 32.087, and section 32.057, the
94 uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed
95 by this section, except as modified in this section.

96 (2) All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations, 97 persons, and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property 98 and taxable services pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 are 99 hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax imposed by this 100 section.

101 (3) The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate, and retail certificate 102 required by sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of 103 the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no 104 additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; 105 except that the district may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an 106 exemption from the tax imposed by this section.

107 (4) All discounts allowed the retailer pursuant to the provisions of the 108 state sales tax laws for the collection of and for payment of taxes pursuant to 109 such laws are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected pursuant 110 to the provisions of this section. (5) The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to
144.525 for violation of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations
of this section.

114 (6) For the purpose of a sales tax imposed by a resolution pursuant to this 115section, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of 116 business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the retailer or the retailer's agent to an out-of-state destination or to a common 117118 carrier for delivery to an out-of-state destination. In the event a retailer has 119 more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the 120sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer 121where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though 122the order must be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, 123 shipment, or billing. A sale by a retailer's employee shall be deemed to be 124consummated at the place of business from which the employee works.

125(7)] 8. Subsequent to the initial approval by the voters and 126 implementation of a sales tax in the district, the rate of the sales tax may be 127increased, but not to exceed a rate of one-half of one percent on retail sales as 128provided in this subsection. The election shall be conducted in accordance with 129section 67.2520; provided, however, that the district board of directors may place 130the question of the increase of the sales tax before the voters of the district by 131resolution, and the municipal clerk of the city, town, or village which originally 132conducted the incorporation of the district, or the circuit clerk of the court which 133originally conducted the incorporation of the district, shall conduct the 134subsequent election. In subsequent elections, the election judges shall certify the election results to the district board of directors. The ballot of submission shall 135136 be in substantially the following form:

137 Shall (name of district) increase the (insert amount)
138 percent district sales tax now in effect to...... (insert amount) in the
139 (name of district)?

140

\Box YES \Box NO

141 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you 142 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

143 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the 144 district voting thereon are in favor of the increase, the increase shall become 145 effective [December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such increase was 146 approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. 147 [11.] 9. (1) There shall not be any election as provided for in this section 148 while the district has any financing or other obligations outstanding.

(2) The board, when presented with a petition signed by at least one-third of the registered voters in a district that voted in the last gubernatorial election, or signed by at least two-thirds of property owners of the district, calling for an election to dissolve and repeal the tax shall submit the question to the voters using the same procedure by which the imposing tax was voted. The ballot of submission shall be in substantially the following form:

155 Shall (name of district) dissolve and repeal the (insert 156 amount) percent district sales tax now in effect in the (name of 157 district)?

158 \Box YES \Box NO

159 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you160 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

Such subsequent elections for the repeal of the sales tax shall be conducted in 161 accordance with section 67.2520; provided, however, that the district board of 162directors may place the question of the repeal of the sales tax before the voters 163 of the district, and the municipal clerk of the city, town, or village which 164 165originally conducted the incorporation of the district, or the circuit clerk of the 166 court which originally conducted the incorporation of the district, shall conduct 167 the subsequent election. In subsequent elections the election judges shall certify 168the election results to the district board of directors.

(3) If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the district voting thereon are in favor of repeal, that repeal shall become effective [December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved or after the repayment of the district's indebtedness, whichever occurs later] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If the district abolishes the tax, the district shall notify the director of revenue of the action prior to the effective date of the repeal.

[12.] 10. (1) At such time as the board of directors of the district determines that further operation of the district is not in the best interests of the inhabitants of the district, and that the district should dissolve, the board shall submit for a vote in an election held throughout the district the question of whether the district should be abolished. The question shall be submitted in substantially the following form:

182 Shall the theater, cultural arts, and entertainment district be

183 abolished?

184

\Box YES \Box NO

185 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you186 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

187 (2) The district board shall not propose the question to abolish the district 188 while there are outstanding claims or causes of action pending against the 189 district, while the district liabilities exceed its assets, while indebtedness of the 190 district is outstanding, or while the district is insolvent, in receivership or under 191 the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court. Prior to submitting the question to 192 abolish the district to a vote of the entire district, the state auditor shall audit 193the district to determine the financial status of the district, and whether the 194 district may be abolished pursuant to law. The vote on the abolition of the 195district shall be conducted by the municipal clerk of the city, town, or village in 196 which the district is located. The procedure shall be the same as in section 197 67.2520, except that the question shall be determined by the qualified voters of the entire district. No individual subdistrict may be abolished, except at such 198 199 time as the district is abolished.

(3) While the district still exists, it shall continue to accrue all revenuesto which it is entitled at law.

(4) Upon receipt by the board of directors of the district of the certification by the city, town, or village in which the district is located that the majority of those voting within the entire district have voted to abolish the district, and if the state auditor has determined that the district's financial condition is such that it may be abolished pursuant to law, then the board of directors of the district shall:

(a) Sell any remaining district real or personal property it wishes, and
then transfer the proceeds and any other real or personal property owned by the
district to the city, town, or village in which the district is located, including
revenues due and owing the district, for its further use and disposition;

(b) Terminate the employment of any remaining district employees, andotherwise conclude its affairs;

(c) At a public meeting of the district, declare by a resolution of the board
of directors passed by a majority vote that the district has been abolished
effective that date;

217 (d) Cause copies of that resolution under seal to be filed with the 218 secretary of state and the city, town, or village in which the district is

219 located. Upon the completion of the final act specified in this subsection, the220 legal existence of the district shall cease.

(5) The legal existence of the district shall not cease for a period of twoyears after voter approval of the abolition.

11. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections
32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

94.578. 1. In addition to the sales tax authorized in section 94.577, the governing body of any home rule city with more than one hundred fifty-one 2thousand five hundred but less than one hundred fifty-one thousand six hundred 3 inhabitants is hereby authorized to impose, by order or ordinance, a sales tax on 4 all retail sales made within the city which are subject to sales tax under chapter 5 6 144. The tax authorized in this section may be imposed at a rate of one-eighth, 7 one-fourth, three-eighths, or one-half of one percent, but shall not exceed one-half of one percent, shall not be imposed for longer than three years, and shall be 8 9 imposed solely for the purpose of funding the construction, operation, and maintenance of capital improvements in the city's center city. The governing 10 11 body may issue bonds for the funding of such capital improvements, which will be retired by the revenues received from the sales tax authorized by this 12section. The order or ordinance shall not become effective unless the governing 13 body of the city submits to the voters residing within the city at a state or 14 municipal general, primary, or special election a proposal to authorize the 15governing body of the city to impose a tax under this section. The tax authorized 1617 in this section shall be in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, and 18 shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes.

19 2. The ballot submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be in20 substantially the following form:

Shall (insert the name of the city) impose a sales tax at a rate of(insert rate of percent) percent for [a] capital improvements purposes in the city's center city for a period of (insert number of years, not to exceed three) years?

25

\Box YES \Box NO

If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the question, then the tax shall become effective [on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of the adoption of the sales tax] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified

voters voting thereon are opposed to the question, then the tax shall not become effective unless and until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and such question is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question. In no case shall a tax be resubmitted to the qualified voters of the city sooner than twelve months from the date of the proposal under this section.

37 3. Any sales tax imposed under this section shall be administered, collected, enforced, and operated as required in [section] sections 32.085 to 38 39 32.087. All revenue generated by the tax shall be deposited in a special trust 40 fund and shall be used solely for the designated purposes. If the tax is repealed, 41 all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for 42the designated purposes. Any funds in the special trust fund which are not 43needed for current expenditures shall be invested in the same manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned on such investments shall 44 45be credited to the fund.

46 4. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make 47refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any city for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts 48 deposited to the credit of such cities. If any city abolishes the tax, the city shall 49 notify the director of revenue of the action at least ninety days before the effective 5051date of the repeal, and the director of revenue may order retention in the trust 52fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt 53of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one 54year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such city, the 55director of revenue shall remit the balance in the account to the city and close the 56account of that city. The director of revenue shall notify each city of each 5758instance of any amount refunded.

59 5. The governing body of any city that has adopted the sales tax 60 authorized in this section may submit the question of repeal of the tax to the 61 voters on any date available for elections for the city. The ballot of submission 62 shall be in substantially the following form:

63 Shall (insert the name of the city) repeal the sales tax 64 imposed at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent for capital 65 improvements purposes in the city's center city?

 \Box YES \Box NO

66

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal are in favor of repeal, that repeal 67 68 shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which 69 such repeal was approved] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting 70 thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the sales tax authorized in this section 71shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the 7273qualified voters, and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters 74voting on the question. If the city or county abolishes the tax, the city or 75county shall notify the director of revenue of the action prior to the effective date of the repeal. 76

6. Whenever the governing body of any city that has adopted the sales tax 7778authorized in this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the 79 registered voters of the city voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for 80 an election to repeal the sales tax imposed under this section, the governing body 81 shall submit to the voters of the city a proposal to repeal the tax. If a majority of the votes cast on the question by the qualified voters voting thereon are in 82 83 favor of the repeal, that repeal shall become effective [on December thirty-first of the calendar year in which such repeal was approved] as provided by 84 subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast on the question 85 by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the repeal, then the tax 86 87 shall remain effective until the question is resubmitted under this section to the qualified voters and the repeal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters 88 89 voting on the question.

90 7. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 91 32.085 to 32.087 apply to the sales tax imposed under this section.

94.605. 1. Any city as defined in section 94.600 may by a majority vote
2 of its governing body impose a sales tax for transportation purposes enumerated
3 in sections 94.600 to 94.655.

2. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate not to exceed one-half of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail within any city adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525.

9 3. With respect to any tax increment financing plan originally approved 10 by ordinance of the city council after March 31, 2009, in any home rule city with 11 more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one

12county, any three-eighths of one cent sales tax imposed under sections 94.600 to 13 94.655 shall not be considered economic activity taxes as such term is defined under sections 99.805 and 99.918, and tax revenues derived from such taxes shall 14 not be subject to allocation under the provisions of subsection 3 of section 99.845 15or subsection 4 of section 99.957. Any one-eighth of one cent sales tax imposed 16in such city under sections 94.600 to 94.655 for constructing and operating a 17 light-rail transit system shall not be considered economic activity taxes as such 18 term is defined under sections 99.805 and 99.918, and tax revenues derived from 19 20such tax shall not be subject to allocation under the provisions of subsection 3 of 21section 99.845 or subsection 4 of section 99.957.

22[4. If the boundaries of a city in which such sales tax has been imposed 23shall thereafter be changed or altered, the city or county clerk shall forward to 24the director of revenue by United States registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of the ordinance adding or detaching territory from the city. The 2526ordinance shall reflect the effective date thereof, and shall be accompanied by a 27map of the city clearly showing the territory added thereto or detached 28therefrom. Upon receipt of the ordinance and map, the tax imposed by sections 2994.600 to 94.655 shall be effective in the added territory or abolished in the 30 detached territory on the effective date of the change of the city boundary.]

94.660. 1. The governing body of any city not within a county and any county of the first classification having a charter form of government with a population of over nine hundred thousand inhabitants may propose, by ordinance or order, a transportation sales tax of up to one percent for submission to the voters of that city or county at an authorized election date selected by the governing body.

2. Any sales tax approved under this section shall be imposed on the
receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable
services within the city or county adopting the tax, if such property and services
are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under sections 144.010 to 144.525.

3. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, thefollowing language:

Shall the county/city of (county's or city's name) impose a
county/city-wide sales tax of percent for the purpose of providing a source
of funds for public transportation purposes?

16 \Box YES \Box NO

17 Except as provided in subsection 4 of this section, if a majority of the votes cast

in that county or city not within a county on the proposal by the qualified voters 18 19 voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall go into effect [on the first day of the next calendar quarter beginning after its adoption and notice 2021to the director of revenue, but no sooner than thirty days after such adoption and 22notice] as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the votes cast in that county or city not within a county by the qualified voters voting 23are opposed to the proposal, then the additional sales tax shall not be imposed in 2425that county or city not within a county unless and until the governing body of 26that county or city not within a county shall have submitted another proposal to 27authorize the local option transportation sales tax authorized in this section, and 28such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified voters voting on it. In 29no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters 30 sooner than twelve months from the date of the last proposal.

4. No tax shall go into effect under this section in any city not within a county or any county of the first classification having a charter form of government with a population over nine hundred thousand inhabitants unless and until both such city and such county approve the tax.

5. The provisions of subsection 4 of this section requiring both the city and county to approve a transportation sales tax before a transportation sales tax may go into effect in either jurisdiction shall not apply to any transportation sales tax submitted to and approved by the voters in such city or such county on or after August 28, 2007.

40 6. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section on behalf of any city or county, less one percent for cost of collection which shall 41 42be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds, shall be deposited with the state treasurer in a special trust fund, 43which is hereby created, to be known as the "County Public Transit Sales Tax 44 Trust Fund". The sales taxes shall be collected as provided in section 4532.087. The moneys in the trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and 46 shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The director of revenue 47shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was 48collected in each city or county approving a sales tax under this section, and the 49 50records shall be open to inspection by officers of the city or county and the 51public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall 52distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to 53the city or county which levied the tax, and such funds shall be deposited with

54 the treasurer of each such city or county and all expenditures of funds arising 55 from the county public transit sales tax trust fund shall be by an appropriation 56 act to be enacted by the governing body of each such county or city not within a 57 county.

58 7. The revenues derived from any transportation sales tax under this 59 section shall be used only for the planning, development, acquisition, 60 construction, maintenance and operation of public transit facilities and systems 61 other than highways.

62 8. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make 63 refunds from the amount in the trust fund and credited to any city or county for 64 erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks 65 and drafts deposited to the credit of such cities or counties. If any city or county 66 abolishes the tax, the city or county shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal and the 67 68 director of revenue may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible 69 70refunds or overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the 7172effective date of abolition of the tax in such city or county, the director of revenue shall authorize the state treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the city 7374or county and close the account of that city or county. The director of revenue 75shall notify each city or county of each instance of any amount refunded or any 76 check redeemed from receipts due the city or county.

94.705. 1. Any city may by a majority vote of its governing body impose $\mathbf{2}$ a sales tax for transportation purposes enumerated in sections 94.700 to 94.755, and issue bonds for transportation purposes which shall be retired by the 3 revenues received from the sales tax authorized by this section. The tax 4 authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all other sales taxes 5allowed by law. No ordinance imposing a sales tax pursuant to the provisions of 6 7this section shall become effective unless the council or other governing body submits to the voters of the city, at a city or state general, primary, or special 8 election, a proposal to authorize the council or other governing body of the city 9 10 to impose such a sales tax and, if such tax is to be used to retire bonds authorized 11 pursuant to this section, to authorize such bonds and their retirement by such 12tax; except that no vote shall be required in any city that imposed and collected 13such tax under sections 94.600 to 94.655, before January 5, 1984. The ballot of 14 the submission shall contain, but is not limited to, the following language: 15(1) If the proposal submitted involves only authorization to impose the tax authorized by this section, the following language: 16 Shall the city of (city's name) impose a sales tax of ... 1718 (insert amount) for transportation purposes? \Box YES 19 \Box NO If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you 20are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No"; 2122(2) If the proposal submitted involves authorization to issue bonds and 23repay such bonds with revenues from the tax authorized by this section, the 24following language: 25Shall the city of (city's name) issue bonds in the amount of (insert amount) for transportation purposes and impose 26a sales tax of (insert amount) to repay such bonds? 2728 \Box YES \Box NO 29If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No". 30 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal, provided in subdivision (1) of this 31subsection, by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, 3233 then the ordinance and any amendments thereto shall be in effect as provided 34by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If the four-sevenths majority of the votes, as required by the Missouri Constitution, article VI, section 26, cast on the 35proposal, provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection to issue bonds and impose 36 a sales tax to retire such bonds, by the qualified voters voting thereon are in 37favor of the proposal, then the ordinance and any amendments thereto shall be 38in effect as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority of the 39 votes cast on the proposal, as provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection, by the 40 qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the proposal, then the council or 41 42other governing body of the city shall have no power to impose the tax authorized in subdivision (1) of this subsection unless and until the council or other 4344governing body of the city submits another proposal to authorize the council or other governing body of the city to impose the tax and such proposal is approved 4546 by a majority of the qualified voters voting thereon. If more than three-sevenths of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the 4748proposal, as provided in subdivision (2) of this subsection to issue bonds and impose a sales tax to retire such bonds, then the council or other governing body 49

50 of the city shall have no power to issue any bonds or to impose the tax authorized 51 in subdivision (2) of this subsection unless and until the council or other 52 governing body of the city submits another proposal to authorize the council or 53 other governing body of the city to issue such bonds or impose the tax to retire 54 such bonds and such proposal is approved by four-sevenths of the qualified voters 55 voting thereon.

2. No incorporated municipality located wholly or partially within any first class county operating under a charter form of government and having a population of over nine hundred thousand inhabitants shall impose such a sales tax for that part of the city, town or village that is located within such first class county, in the event such a first class county imposes a sales tax under the provisions of sections 94.600 to 94.655.

62 3. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate not to exceed one-half of one 63 percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or 64 taxable services at retail within any city adopting such tax, if such property and 65 services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri under the provisions of 66 sections 144.010 to 144.525.

67 4. [If the boundaries of a city in which such sales tax has been imposed 68 shall thereafter be changed or altered, the city clerk shall forward to the director of revenue by United States registered mail or certified mail a certified copy of 69 70the ordinance adding or detaching territory from the city. The ordinance shall reflect the effective date thereof, and shall be accompanied by a map of the city 7172clearly showing the territory added thereto or detached therefrom. Upon receipt 73of the ordinance and map, the tax imposed by sections 94.700 to 94.755 shall be 74effective in the added territory or abolished in the detached territory on the effective date of the change of the city boundary. 75

5.] No tax imposed pursuant to this section for the purpose of retiring
bonds issued pursuant to this section may be terminated until all of such bonds
have been retired.

144.010. 1. The following words, terms, and phrases when used in 2 [sections 144.010 to 144.525] this chapter shall have the meanings ascribed to 3 them in this section, except when the context indicates a different meaning:

4 (1) "Admission" includes seats and tables, reserved or otherwise, and 5 other similar accommodations and charges made therefor and amount paid for 6 admission, exclusive of any admission tax imposed by the federal government or 7 by sections 144.010 to 144.525; 8 (2) "Advertising and promotional direct mail", printed material 9 that meets the definition of direct mail, the primary purpose of which 10 is to attract public attention to a product, person, business, or 11 organization, or to attempt to sell, popularize, or secure financial 12 support for a product, person, business, or organization. As used in 13 this subdivision, the word "product" means tangible personal property, 14 a product transferred electronically or a service;

15 (3) "Agreement", the streamlined sales and use tax agreement, as
16 amended from time to time;

17 (4) "Air-to-ground radiotelephone service", a radio service, as 18 that term is defined in 47 CFR 22.99, in which common carriers are 19 authorized to offer and provide radio telecommunications service for 20 hire to subscribers in aircraft;

(5) "Alcoholic beverages", beverages that are suitable for human
consumption and contain one-half of one percent or more of alcohol by
volume;

(6) "Ancillary services", services that are associated with or
incidental to the provisions of telecommunications services, including
but not limited to, detailed telecommunications billing, directory
assistance, vertical service, and voice mail services. Ancillary services
shall not include specified digital products, digital audio-visual works,
digital audio works, or digital books;

30 (7) "Appliance", clothes washers and dryers, water heaters, trash
 31 compactors, dishwashers, conventional ovens, ranges, stoves, air
 32 conditioners, furnaces, refrigerators and freezers;

(8) "Bottled water", water that is placed in a safety sealed
container or package for human consumption. Bottled water is calorie
free and does not contain sweeteners or other additives except that it
may contain:

- 37 (a) Antimicrobial agents;
- 38 (b) Fluoride;
- 39 (c) Carbonation;
- 40 (d) Vitamins, minerals, and electrolytes;
- 41 (e) Oxygen;
- 42 (f) Preservatives; and

43 (g) Only those flavors, extracts, or essences derived from a spice
44 or fruit.

45 Bottled water includes water that is delivered to the buyer in a 46 reusable container that is not sold with the water;

(9) "Bundled transaction":

(a) The retail sale of two or more products, except real property
and services to real property, where the products are otherwise distinct
and identifiable, and the products are sold for one nonitemized price.
A bundled transaction shall not include the sale of any products in
which the sales price varies, or is negotiable, based on the selection by
the purchaser of the products included in the transaction;

54 (b) As used in this subdivision, the term "distinct and identifiable 55 products" shall not include:

a. Packaging, such as containers, boxes, sacks, bags, and bottles, or other materials, such as wrapping, labels, tags, and instruction guides, that accompany the retail sale of the products and are incidental or immaterial to the retail sale thereof;

b. A product provided free of charge with the required purchase
of another product. A product is provided free of charge if the sales
price of the product purchased does not vary depending on the
inclusion of the product provided free of charge;

64

c. Items included in the definition of the term sales price;

65 (c) As used in this subdivision, the term "one nonitemized price" 66 shall not include a price that is separately identified by product on 67 binding sales or other supporting sales-related documentation made 68 available to the customer in paper or electronic form, including but not 69 limited to an invoice, bill of sale, receipt, contract, service agreement, 70 lease agreement, periodic notice of rates and services, rate card, or 71 price list;

(d) a. A transaction that otherwise meets the definition of a
bundled transaction as defined in this subdivision shall not constitute
a bundled transaction if it is:

(i) A retail sale of tangible personal property and a service where the tangible personal property is essential to the use of the service, and is provided exclusively in connection with the service, and the true object of the transaction is the service; or

(ii) A retail sale of services where one service is provided that
is essential to the use of receipt of a second service and the first
service is provided exclusively in connection with the second service

82 and the true object of the transaction is the second service; or

(iii) A transaction that includes taxable products and nontaxable
products and the sales price of the taxable products is de minimis.

b. "De minimis" means the sales price of the taxable product is
ten percent or less of the total sales price of the bundled products.

c. Sellers shall use the sales price of the products to determine
if the taxable products are de minimis.

d. (i) Sellers shall use the full term of a service contract to
determine if the taxable products are de minimis; or

91 (ii) A retail sale of exempt tangible personal property and 92 taxable tangible personal property where:

93 i. The transaction included food and food ingredients, drugs,
94 durable medical equipment, mobility enhancing equipment,
95 over-the-counter drugs, prosthetic devices, or medical supplies; and

96 ii. The seller's purchase price or sales price of the taxable
97 tangible personal property is fifty percent or less of the total sales
98 price of the bundled tangible personal property. Sellers shall not use
99 a combination of the purchase price and sales price of the tangible
100 personal property when making the fifty percent determination for a
101 transaction;

102(10) "Business" includes any activity engaged in by any person, or caused 103 to be engaged in by him, with the object of gain, benefit or advantage, either 104 direct or indirect, and the classification of which business is of such character as 105to be subject to the terms of sections 144.010 to 144.525. A person is "engaging 106in business" in this state for purposes of sections 144.010 to 144.525 if such 107 person engages in business in this state or maintains a place of business in this 108 state under section 144.605. The isolated or occasional sale of tangible personal 109 property, service, substance, or thing, by a person not engaged in such business, 110 does not constitute engaging in business within the meaning of sections 144.010 to 144.525 unless the total amount of the gross receipts from such sales, exclusive 111 112of receipts from the sale of tangible personal property by persons which property is sold in the course of the partial or complete liquidation of a household, farm 113114 or nonbusiness enterprise, exceeds three thousand dollars in any calendar 115year. The provisions of this subdivision shall not be construed to make any sale of property which is exempt from sales tax or use tax on June 1, 1977, subject to 116 that tax thereafter; 117

(11) "Calendar quarter", the period of three consecutive calendar
months ending on March thirty-first, June thirtieth, September
thirtieth or December thirty-first;

(12) "Call-by-call basis", any method of charging for
telecommunications services where the price is measured by individual
calls;

124 (13) "Candy", a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or 125 artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or 126 other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 127 pieces. Candy shall not include any preparation containing flour and 128 shall require no refrigeration;

[(3)] (14) "Captive wildlife", includes but is not limited to exotic partridges, gray partridge, northern bobwhite quail, ring-necked pheasant, captive waterfowl, captive white-tailed deer, captive elk, and captive furbearers held under permit issued by the Missouri department of conservation for hunting purposes. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to sales tax on a harvested animal;

(15) "Certified automated system" or "CAS", software certified
under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement to calculate the tax
imposed by each jurisdiction on a transaction, determine the amount
of tax to remit to the appropriate state, and maintain a record of the
transaction;

(16) "Certified service provider" or "CSP", an agent certified
under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement to perform all the
seller's sales and use tax functions, other than the seller's obligation to
remit tax on its own purchases;

144 (17) "Clothing":

- 145 (a) All human wearing apparel suitable for general use;
- 146 **(b)** Clothing shall include:
- 147 a. Aprons, household and shop;
- 148 **b.** Athletic supporters;
- 149 c. Baby receiving blankets;
- 150 **d.** Bathing suits and caps;
- 151 e. Beach capes and coats;
- 152 **f. Belts and suspenders;**
- 153 g. Boots;
- 154 h. Coats and jackets;

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155	i. Costumes;
156	j. Diapers, children and adult, including disposable diapers;
157	k. Ear muffs;
158	l. Footlets;
159	m. Formal wear;
160	n. Garters and garter belts;
161	o. Girdles;
162	p. Gloves and mittens for general use;
163	q. Hats and caps;
164	r. Hosiery;
165	s. Insoles for shoes;
166	t. Lab coats;
167	u. Neckties;
168	v. Overshoes;
169	w. Pantyhose;
170	x. Rainwear;
171	y. Rubber pants;
172	z. Sandals;
173	aa. Scarves;
174	bb. Shoes and shoe laces;
175	cc. Slippers;
176	dd. Sneakers;
177	ee. Socks and stockings;
178	ff. Steel toed shoes;
179	gg. Underwear;
180	hh. Uniforms, athletic and nonathletic; and
181	ii. Wedding apparel;
182	(c) Clothing shall not include:
183	a. Belt buckles sold separately;
184	b. Costume masks sold separately;
185	c. Patches and emblems sold separately;
186	d. Sewing equipment and supplies, including but not limited to,
187	knitting needles, patterns, pins, scissors, sewing machines, sewing
188	needles, tape measures, and thimbles; and
189	e. Sewing materials that become part of clothing, including but
190	not limited to buttons, fabric, lace, thread, yarn, and zippers;
191	(18) "Clothing accessories and equipment", incidental items worn

on the person or in conjunction with clothing. Clothing accessories or
equipment are mutually exclusive of clothing, sport or recreational
equipment, and protective equipment;

(19) "Coin-operated telephone service", a telecommunications
service paid for by inserting money into a telephone accepting direct
deposits of money to operate;

(20) "Communications channel", a physical or virtual path of
communications over which signals are transmitted between or among
customer channel termination points;

(21) "Computer", an electronic device that accepts information in
digital or similar form and manipulates it for a result based on a
sequence of instructions;

(22) "Computer software", a set of coded instructions designed to
cause a computer or automatic data processing equipment to perform
a task. Computer software shall not include specified digital products,
digital audio-visual works, digital audio works, or digital books;

(23) "Conference bridging service", an ancillary service that links
two or more participants of an audio or video conference call and may
include the provision of a telephone number. Conference bridging
service does not include the telecommunications services used to reach
the conference bridge;

213(24) "Customer", the person or entity that contracts with the 214seller of telecommunications services. If the end user of 215telecommunications services is not the contracting party, the end user 216of the telecommunications service is the customer of the 217telecommunication service, but this definition only applies to the purpose of sourcing sales of telecommunications services under section 218219144.114. Customer shall not include a reseller of telecommunications 220service or for mobile telecommunications service of a serving carrier 221under an agreement to serve the customer outside the home service 222provider's licensed service area;

(25) "Customer channel termination point", the location where
the customer either inputs or receives the communication;

(26) "Delivered electronically", delivered to the purchaser by
means other than tangible storage media;

227 (27) "Delivery charges", charges by the seller of personal 228 property or services for preparation and delivery to a location designated by the purchaser of personal property or services, including
but not limited to transportation, shipping, postage, handling, crating,
and packing;

(28) "Detailed telecommunications billing service", an ancillary
service of separately stating information pertaining to individual calls
on a customer's billing statement;

235(29) "Dietary supplement", any product, other than tobacco, 236intended to supplement the diet that contains one or more of the 237following dietary ingredients: a vitamin; a mineral; an herb or other 238botanical; an amino acid; a dietary substance for use by humans to 239supplement the diet by increasing the total dietary intake; or a 240concentrate, metabolite, constituent, extract, or combination of any ingredient described above; and that is intended for ingestion in tablet, 241capsule, powder, softgel, gelcap, or liquid form, or if not intended for 242243ingestion in such a form, is not represented as a conventional food and 244is not represented for use as a sole item of a meal or of the diet; and that is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement, identifiable by 245the supplemental facts box found on the label and as required under 21 246247CFR Section 101.36;

(30) "Digital audio works", works that result from the fixation of
a series of musical, spoken, or other sounds, including ringtones;

(31) "Digital audio-visual works", a series of related images
which, when shown in succession, impart an impression of motion,
together with accompanying sounds, if any;

(32) "Digital books", works that are generally recognized in the
ordinary and usual sense as books;

255(33) "Direct mail", printed material delivered or distributed by 256United States mail or other delivery service to a mass audience or to 257addressees on a mailing list provided by the purchaser or at the 258direction of the purchaser when the cost of the items are not billed directly to the recipients. Direct mail shall include tangible personal 259260property supplied directly or indirectly by the purchaser to the direct 261mail seller for inclusion in the package containing the printed 262material. Direct mail shall not include multiple items of printed material delivered to a single address; 263

264 (34) "Directory assistance", an ancillary service of providing
265 telephone number information, and/or address information;

266 (35) "Drug":

(a) A compound, substance, or preparation, and any component
of a compound, substance, or preparation, other than food and food
ingredients, dietary supplements, alcoholic beverages, or grooming and
hygiene products:

a. Recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia,
official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or official
National Formulary, and supplement to any of them;

b. Intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment,
or prevention of disease; or

c. Intended to affect the structure or any function of the body;

277 (b) Drug shall include insulin and medical oxygen;

(36) "Durable medical equipment", equipment including repair
and replacement parts for same, excluding mobility enhancing
equipment. Durable medical equipment:

281 (a) Can withstand repeated use;

282 (b) Is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose;

(c) Generally is not useful to a person in the absence of illnessor injury;

285 (d) Is not worn in or on the body;

286

(e) Is for home use;

(f) Is within the classification of devices eligible for MOHealthNet and Medicare reimbursement;

289 (g) Shall not include:

a. Kidney dialysis equipment not worn in or on the body,
including repair and replacement parts; and

b. Enteral feeding systems not worn in or on the body, including
repair and replacement parts.

As used in this subdivision, repair and replacement parts shall include
all components or attachments used in conjunction with the durable
medical equipment;

(37) "Electronic", relating to technology having electrical, digital,
magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic, or similar capabilities;

(38) "End user", the person who utilizes the telecommunication
service. In case of an entity, "end user" means the individual who
utilizes the service on behalf of the entity;

302 (39) "Energy star qualified product", a product that meets the

energy efficient guidelines set by the United States Environmental
Protection Agency and the United States Department of Energy that are
authorized to carry the Energy Star label. Covered products are those
listed at www.energystar.gov or successor address;

307 (40) "Engages in business activities within this state" includes:

(a) Maintaining or having a franchisee or licensee operating
under the seller's trade name in this state if the franchisee or licensee
is required to collect sales tax pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525;

(b) Soliciting sales or taking orders by sales agents or traveling
 representatives;

313 (c) A vendor is presumed to engage in business activities within 314 this state if any person, other than a common carrier acting in its 315 capacity as such, that has substantial nexus with this state:

a. Sells a similar line of products as the vendor and does so under the same or a similar business name;

b. Maintains an office, distribution facility, warehouse, or
storage place, or similar place of business in the state to facilitate the
delivery of property or services sold by the vendor to the vendor's
customers;

322 c. Delivers, installs, assembles, or performs maintenance services
 323 for the vendor's customers within the state;

d. Facilitates the vendor's delivery of property to customers in the state by allowing the vendor's customers to pick up property sold by the vendor at an office, distribution facility, warehouse, storage place, or similar place of business maintained by the person in the state; or

e. Conducts any other activities in the state that are significantly
associated with the vendor's ability to establish and maintain a market
in the state for the sales;

(d) The presumption in paragraph (c) may be rebutted by
demonstrating that the person's activities in the state are not
significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish or
maintain a market in this state for the vendor's sales;

(e) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), a vendor shall be presumed
to engage in business activities within this state if the vendor enters
into an agreement with one or more residents of this state under which
the resident, for a commission or other consideration, directly or

indirectly refers potential customers, whether by a link on an internet website, an in-person oral presentation, telemarketing, or otherwise, to the vendor, if the cumulative gross receipts from sales by the vendor to customers in the state who are referred to the vendor by all residents with this type of an agreement with the vendor is in excess of ten thousand dollars during the preceding twelve months;

346 (f) The presumption in paragraph (e) may be rebutted by 347 submitting proof that the residents with whom the vendor has an 348 agreement did not engage in any activity within the state that was significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish or 349 350 maintain the vendor's market in the state during the preceding twelve months. Such proof may consist of sworn written statements from all 351352 of the residents with whom the vendor has an agreement stating that 353 they did not engage in any solicitation in the state on behalf of the 354 vendor during the preceding year provided that such statements were 355 provided and obtained in good faith;

(41) "Food and food ingredients", substances, whether in liquid,
concentrated, solid, frozen, dried, or dehydrated form, that are sold for
ingestion or chewing by humans and are consumed for their taste or
nutritional value. Food and food ingredients shall not include alcoholic
beverages, tobacco, or dietary supplements;

361 (42) "Food sold through vending machines", food dispensed from
362 a machine or other mechanical device that accepts payment;

363 (43) "Grooming and hygiene products", soaps and cleaning 364 solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and 365 suntan lotions and screens, regardless of whether the items meet the 366 definition of over-the-counter-drugs;

367

[(4)] (44) "Gross receipts"[,] or "sales price":

368 (a) Except as provided in section 144.012, [means the total amount of the 369 sale price of the sales at retail including any services other than charges incident to the extension of credit that are a part of such sales made by the businesses 370 371 herein referred to, capable of being valued in money, whether received in money 372 or otherwise; except that, the term gross receipts shall not include the sale price of property returned by customers when the full sale price thereof is refunded 373 either in cash or by credit. In determining any tax due under sections 144.010 374 375to 144.525 on the gross receipts, charges incident to the extension of credit shall 376 be specifically exempted. For the purposes of sections 144.010 to 144.525 the

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377 total amount of the sale price above mentioned shall be deemed to be the amount 378received. It shall also include the lease or rental consideration where the right to continuous possession or use of any article of tangible personal property is 379granted under a lease or contract and such transfer of possession would be 380381 taxable if outright sale were made and, in such cases, the same shall be taxable 382as if outright sale were made and considered as a sale of such article, and the tax shall be computed and paid by the lessee upon the rentals paid **applies to the** 383 measure subject to sales tax and means the total amount of 384 consideration, including cash, credit, property, and services, for which 385386 personal property or services are sold, leased, or rented, valued in 387money, whether received in money or otherwise, without any deduction for the following: 388

389

a. The seller's cost of the property sold;

b. The cost of materials used, labor or service cost, interest,
losses, all costs of transportation to the seller, all taxes imposed on the
seller, and any other expense of the seller;

c. Charges by the seller for any services necessary to complete
the sale, other than delivery and installation charges;

395 d. Delivery charges; and

396 e. Credit for any trade-in;

397 (b) Shall not include:

a. Discounts, including cash, term, or coupons that are not
reimbursed by a third party that are allowed by a seller and taken by
a purchaser on a sale;

b. Interest, financing, and carrying charges from credit extended
on the sale of personal property or services, if the amount is separately
stated on the invoice, bill of sale or similar document given to the
purchaser; and

405 c. Any taxes legally imposed directly on the consumer that are
406 separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale or similar document given
407 to the purchaser;

408 (c) Shall include consideration received by the seller from third409 parties if:

a. The seller actually receives consideration from a party other
than the purchaser and the consideration is directly related to a price
reduction or discount on the sale;

413 b. The seller has an obligation to pass the price reduction or

414 discount through to the purchaser;

c. The amount of the consideration attributable to the sale is
fixed and determinable by the seller at the time of the sale of the item
to the purchaser; and

418 **d. One of the following criteria is met:**

(i) The purchaser presents a coupon, certificate or other
documentation to the seller to claim a price reduction or discount
where the coupon, certificate or documentation is authorized,
distributed, or granted by a third party with the understanding that
the third party will reimburse any seller to whom the coupon,
certificate or documentation is presented;

(ii) The purchaser identifies himself or herself to the seller as a
member of a group or organization entitled to a price reduction or
discount (a preferred customer card that is available to any patron
does not constitute membership in such a group); or

(iii) The price reduction or discount is identified as a third-party
price reduction or discount on the invoice received by the purchaser
or on a coupon, certificate or other documentation presented by the
purchaser;

(45) "Home service provider", the same as such term is defined
in Section 124(5) of Public Law 106-252, Mobile Telecommunications
Sourcing Act;

436

(46) "Lease or rental":

(a) Any transfer of possession or control of tangible personal
property for a fixed or indeterminate term for consideration. A lease
or rental may include future options to purchase or extend;

440

(b) Lease or rental shall not include:

a. A transfer of possession or control of property under a
security agreement or deferred payment plan that requires the transfer
of title upon completion of the required payments;

b. A transfer of possession or control of property under an agreement that requires the transfer of title upon completion of required payments and where any payment of an option price does not exceed the greater of one hundred dollars or one percent of the total required payments;

c. Providing tangible personal property along with an operator
for a fixed or indeterminate period of time provided that the operator

451 is necessary for the equipment to perform as designed and the operator
452 does more than maintain, inspect, or set up the tangible personal
453 property;

(c) Lease or rental includes agreements covering motor vehicles
and trailers where the amount of consideration may be increased or
decreased by reference to the amount realized upon sale or disposition
of the property as defined in 26 U.S.C. Section 7701(h)(1), as amended;
(47) "Light aircraft", a light airplane that seats no more than four
persons, with a gross weight of three thousand pounds or less, which
is primarily used for recreational flying or flight training;

461 (48) "Light aircraft kit", factory manufactured light aircraft parts 462 and components, including engine, propeller, instruments, wheels, 463 brakes, and air frame parts which make up a complete aircraft kit or 464 partial kit designed to be assembled into a light aircraft and then 465 operated by a qualified light aircraft purchaser for recreational and 466 educational purposes;

(49) "Light aircraft parts and components", manufactured light
aircraft parts, including air frame and engine parts, that are required
by the qualified light aircraft purchaser to complete a light aircraft kit,
or spare or replacement parts for an already completed light aircraft;
[(5)] (50) "Instructional class", includes any class, lesson, or instruction

472 intended or used for teaching;

[(6)] (51) "Livestock", cattle, calves, sheep, swine, ratite birds, including but not limited to, ostrich and emu, aquatic products as defined in section 277.024, llamas, alpaca, buffalo, elk documented as obtained from a legal source and not from the wild, goats, horses, other equine, or rabbits raised in confinement for human consumption;

478 (52) "Load and leave", delivery to the purchaser by use of a
479 tangible storage media where the tangible storage media is not
480 physically transferred to the purchaser;

(53) "Maintains a place of business in this state", includes
maintaining, occupying, or using, permanently or temporarily, directly
or indirectly, or through a subsidiary, or agent, by whatever name
called, an office, place of distribution, sales or sample room or place,
warehouse or storage place, or other place of business;

486 (54) "Mobile telecommunications service", the same as such term 487 is defined in Section 124(7) of Public Law 106-252, Mobile 488 **Telecommunications Sourcing Act;**

489 (55) "Mobility enhancing equipment", equipment, including repair
490 and replacement parts to same, which:

491 (a) Is primarily and customarily used to provide or increase the
492 ability to move from one place to another and which is appropriate for
493 use either in a home or a motor vehicle; and

494

(b) Is not generally used by persons with normal mobility; and

495 (c) Is within the classification of devices eligible for MO
496 HealthNet and Medicare reimbursement.

497 Mobility enhancement equipment shall not include durable medical
498 equipment or any motor vehicle or equipment on a motor vehicle
499 normally provided by a motor vehicle manufacturer;

500 (56) "Model 1 seller", a seller registered under the agreement that 501 has selected a certified service provider as its agent to perform all the 502 seller's sales and use tax functions, other than the seller's obligation to 503 remit tax on its own purchases;

504 (57) "Model 2 seller", a seller that has selected a certified 505 automated system (CAS) to perform part of its sales and use tax 506 functions, but retains responsibility for remitting the tax;

507 (58) "Model 3 seller", a seller registered under the agreement that has sales in at least five member states, has total annual sales revenue 508 509 of at least five hundred million dollars, has a proprietary system that 510calculates the amount of tax due each jurisdiction, and has entered into 511a performance agreement with the member states that establishes a tax 512performance standard for the seller. As used in this subdivision, a 513seller shall include an affiliated group of sellers using the same 514proprietary system;

515 (59) "Model 4 seller", a seller that is registered under the 516 agreement and is not a Model 1 Seller, a Model 2 Seller, or a Model 3 517 Seller;

[(7)] (60) "Motor vehicle leasing company" [shall be], a company obtaining a permit from the director of revenue to operate as a motor vehicle leasing company. Not all persons renting or leasing trailers or motor vehicles need to obtain such a permit; however, no person failing to obtain such a permit may avail itself of the optional tax provisions of subsection 5 of section 144.070, as hereinafter provided;

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(61) "Other direct mail", any direct mail that is not advertising

and promotional direct mail regardless of whether advertising and
promotional direct mail is included in the same mailing. Other direct
mail includes, but is not limited to:

(a) Transactional direct mail that contains personal information
specific to the one addressee including, but not limited to, invoices,
bills, statements of account, and payroll advices;

(b) Any legally required mailings including, but not limited to,
privacy notices, tax reports, and stockholder reports; and

(c) Other nonpromotional direct mail delivered to existing or
former shareholders, customers, employees, or agents including, but not
limited to, newsletters and informational pieces.

536 Other direct mail shall not include the development of billing 537 information or the provision or any data processing service that is 538 more than incidental;

(62) "Over-the-counter-drug", a drug, excluding grooming and
hygiene products, that contains a label that identifies the product as a
drug as required by 21 CFR Section 201.66 and includes:

542 (a) A drug facts panel; or

543 (b) A statement of the active ingredients with a list of those 544 ingredients contained in the compound, substance, or preparation;

545[(8)] (63) "Person" includes any individual, firm, copartnership, joint 546 adventure, association, corporation, municipal or private, and whether organized 547for profit or not, state, county, political subdivision, state department, 548commission, board, bureau or agency, [except the state transportation 549department,] estate, trust, business trust, receiver or trustee appointed by the state or federal court, syndicate, or any other group or combination acting as a 550unit, and the plural as well as the singular number, or any other legal entity; 551(64) "Place of primary use", the street address representative of 552where the customer's use of the telecommunications service primarily 553occurs, which must be the residential street address or the primary 554business street address of the customer. In the case of mobile 555telecommunications services, place of primary use must be within the 556557 licensed service area of the home service provider;

558 (65) "Post-paid calling service", the telecommunications service 559 obtained by making a payment on a call-by-call basis either through the 560 use of a credit card or payment mechanism such as a bank card, travel 561 card, credit card, or debit card, or by charge made to a telephone 121

562 number which is not associated with the origination or termination of 563 the telecommunications service. A post-paid calling service includes a 564 telecommunications service, except a prepaid wireless calling service, 565 that would be a prepaid calling service except it is not exclusively a 566 telecommunications service;

567 (66) "Prepaid calling service", the right to access exclusively 568 telecommunications services, which must be paid for in advance and 569 which enables the origination of calls using an access number or 570 authorization code, whether manually or electronically dialed, and that 571 is sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines 572 with use in a known amount;

573 (67) "Prepaid wireless calling service", a telecommunications 574 service that provides the right to utilize mobile wireless services as 575 well as other nontelecommunications services, including the download 576 of digital products delivered electronically, content and ancillary 577 services, which must be paid for in advance and that is sold in 578 predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines with use 579 in a known amount;

580(68) "Prepared food", food sold in a heated state or heated by the seller; two or more food ingredients mixed or combined by the seller for 581582sale as a single item; or food sold with eating utensils provided by the 583 seller, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or 584straws. A plate shall not include a container or packaging used to 585 transport the food. Prepared food shall not include food that is only 586cut, repackaged, or pasteurized by the seller and eggs, fish, meat, 587 poultry, and foods containing these raw animal foods requiring cooking by the consumer as recommended by the Food and Drug Administration 588589in Chapter 3, Part 401.11 of the Food Code so as to prevent food borne 590illnesses;

591 (69) "Prescription", an order, formula, or recipe issued in any 592 form of oral, written, electronic, or other means of transmission by a 593 duly licensed practitioner authorized by the laws of the state;

594 (70) "Prewritten computer software", computer software, 595 including prewritten upgrades, which is not designed and developed by 596 the author or other creator to the specifications of a specific 597 purchaser. The combining of two or more prewritten computer 598 software programs or prewritten portions thereof shall not cause the

599combination to be other than prewritten computer 600 software. Prewritten computer software shall include software 601 designed and developed by the author or other creator to the specifications of a specific purchaser when it is sold to a person other 602 603 than the specific purchaser. Where a person modifies or enhances 604 computer software of which the person is not the author or creator, the person shall be deemed to be the author or creator only of such 605person's modifications or enhancements. Prewritten computer software 606 607 or a prewritten portion thereof that is modified or enhanced to any degree, where such modification or enhancement is designed and 608 609 developed to the specifications of a specific purchaser, remains prewritten computer software; provided, however, that where there is 610 a reasonable, separately stated charge or an invoice or other statement 611 of the price given to the purchaser for such modification or 612 613 enhancement, such modification or enhancement shall not constitute 614 prewritten computer software;

615 (71) "Private communication service", a telecommunications 616 service that entitles the customer to exclusive or priority use of a 617 communications channel or group of channels between or among 618 termination points, regardless of the manner in which such channel or 619 channels are connected, and includes switching capacity, extension 620 lines, stations, and any other associated services that are provided in 621 connection with the use of such channel or channels;

(72) "Product-based exemption", an exemption based on the
description of the product and not based on who purchases the product
or how the purchaser intends to use the product;

[(9)] (73) "Product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption" [means], tangible personal property, or any service that is subject to state or local sales or use taxes, or any tax that is substantially equivalent thereto, in this state or any other state;

629 (74) "Prosthetic device", a replacement, corrective, or supportive 630 device including repair and replacement parts for same worn on or in 631 the body to artificially replace a missing portion of the body, prevent 632 or correct physical deformity or malfunction, or support a weak or 633 deformed portion of the body. The term "prosthetic device" shall not 634 include corrective eyeglasses or contact lenses and shall be limited to 635 the classification of devices eligible for MO HealthNet and Medicare 636 reimbursement;

(75) "Protective equipment", items for human wear and designed
as protection of the wearer against injury or disease or as protections
against damage or injury of other persons or property but not suitable
for general use. Protective equipment are mutually exclusive of
clothing, clothing accessories or equipment, and sport or recreational
equipment;

(76) "Purchase", the acquisition of the ownership of, or title to,
tangible personal property, through a sale, as defined herein, for the
purpose of storage, use or consumption in this state;

646 (77) "Purchase price", applies to the measure subject to use tax 647 and has the same meaning as sales price;

648 [(10)] (78) "Purchaser" [means], a person who purchases tangible 649 personal property or to whom are rendered services, receipts from which are 650 taxable under sections 144.010 to 144.525;

651 (79) "Qualified light aircraft purchaser", a purchaser of a light 652 aircraft, light aircraft kit, light aircraft parts or components who is a 653 nonresident of this state, who will transport the light aircraft, light 654 aircraft kit, light aircraft parts or components outside this state within 655 ten days after the date of purchase, and who will register any light aircraft so purchased in another state or country. Such purchaser shall 656 657 not base such aircraft in this state and such purchaser shall not be a 658 resident of the state unless such purchaser has paid sales or use tax on 659 such aircraft in another state;

660 (80) "Receive" or "receipt", taking possession of tangible personal 661 property; making first use of services; or taking possession or making 662 first use of digital goods, whichever comes first. Receive and receipt 663 shall not include possession by a shipping company on behalf of the 664 purchaser;

(81) "Registered under the agreement", registration by a seller
with the member states under the central registration system provided
in Article IV of the agreement;

668 [(11)] (82) "Research or experimentation activities" [are], the 669 development of an experimental or pilot model, plant process, formula, invention 670 or similar property, and the improvement of existing property of such 671 type. Research or experimentation activities do not include activities such as 672 ordinary testing or inspection of materials or products for quality control, 673 efficiency surveys, advertising promotions or research in connection with literary,674 historical or similar projects;

[(12) "Sale" or "sales" includes installment and credit sales, and the 675 676 exchange of properties as well as the sale thereof for money, every closed 677 transaction constituting a sale, and means any transfer, exchange or barter, 678 conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any means whatsoever, of tangible personal property for valuable consideration and the rendering, furnishing or 679 680 selling for a valuable consideration any of the substances, things and services 681 herein designated and defined as taxable under the terms of sections 144.010 to 682 144.525;

(13)] (83) "Sale at retail" [means any transfer made by any person 683 684 engaged in business as defined herein of the ownership of, or title to, tangible 685 personal property to the purchaser, for use or consumption and not for resale in 686 any form as tangible personal property, for a valuable consideration; except that, 687 for the purposes of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and the tax imposed thereby: (i) purchases of tangible personal property made by duly licensed physicians, 688 689 dentists, optometrists and veterinarians and used in the practice of their 690 professions shall be deemed to be purchases for use or consumption and not for 691 resale; and (ii) the selling of computer printouts, computer output or microfilm 692 or microfiche and computer-assisted photo compositions to a purchaser to enable 693 the purchaser to obtain for his or her own use the desired information contained 694 in such computer printouts, computer output on microfilm or microfiche and 695 computer-assisted photo compositions shall be considered as the sale of a service 696 and not as the sale of tangible personal property] or "retail sale", any sale, lease, or rental for any purpose other than for resale, sublease, or 697 698 subrent. Purchases of tangible personal property made by duly licensed physicians, dentists, optometrists, and veterinarians and used 699 700 in the practice of their professions shall be deemed to be purchases for use or consumption and not for resale. Where necessary to conform to the 701 702 context of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and the tax imposed thereby, the term sale at retail shall be construed to embrace: 703

(a) Sales of admission tickets, cash admissions, charges and fees to or in
places of amusement, entertainment and recreation, games and athletic events,
except amounts paid for any instructional class;

707 (b) Sales of electricity, electrical current, water and gas, natural or 708 artificial, to domestic, commercial or industrial consumers; 709 (c) Sales of local and long distance telecommunications service to 710 telecommunications subscribers and to others through equipment of telecommunications subscribers for the transmission of messages and 711 712 conversations, and the sale, rental or leasing of all equipment or services 713 pertaining or incidental thereto;

714

(d) Sales of service for transmission of messages by telegraph companies; 715 (e) Sales or charges for all rooms, meals and drinks furnished at any 716 hotel, motel, tavern, inn, restaurant, eating house, drugstore, dining car, tourist 717 camp, tourist cabin, or other place in which rooms, meals or drinks are regularly 718 served to the public;

719 (f) Sales of tickets by every person operating a railroad, sleeping car, 720 dining car, express car, boat, airplane, and such buses and trucks as are licensed 721 by the division of motor carrier and railroad safety of the department of economic 722 development of Missouri, engaged in the transportation of persons for hire;

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(84) "School art supply":

724 (a) An item commonly used by a student in a course of study for 725artwork. The term is mutually exclusive of the terms school supply, 726 school instructional material, and school computer supply;

727 (b) The following is an all-inclusive list:

- 728 a. Clay and glazes;
- 729 b. Paints, acrylic, tempora, and oil;
- 730 c. Paintbrushes for artwork;
- 731 d. Sketch and drawing pads; and
- 732 e. Watercolors:
- (85) "School computer supply": 733

734 (a) An item commonly used by a student in a course of study in which a computer is used. The term is mutually exclusive of the terms 735school supply, school art supply, and school instructional material; 736

737

(b) The following is an all-inclusive list:

738 a. Computer storage media, diskettes, compact disks;

739 b. Handheld electronic schedulers, except devices that are 740cellular phones;

741c. Personal digital assistants, except devices that are cellular 742phones; and

d. Computer printers and printer supplies for computers, printer 743 744paper, and printer ink;

745	(86) "School instructional material":
746	(a) Written material commonly used by a student in a course of
747	study as a reference and to learn the subject being taught. The term is
748	mutually exclusive of the terms school supply, school art supply, and
749	school computer supply;
750	(b) The following is an all-inclusive list:
751	a. Reference books;
752	b. Reference maps and globes;
753	c. Textbooks; and
754	d. Workbooks;
755	(87) "School supply":
756	(a) An item commonly used by a student in a course of
757	study. The term is mutually exclusive of the terms school art supply,
758	school instructional material, and school computer supply;
759	(b) The following is an all-inclusive list:
760	a. Binders;
761	b. Book bags;
762	c. Calculators;
763	d. Cellophane tape;
764	e. Blackboard chalk;
765	f. Compasses;
766	g. Composition books;
767	h. Crayons;
768	i. Erasers;
769	j. Folders, expandable, pocket, plastic, and manila;
770	k. Glue, paste, and paste sticks;
771	l. Highlighters;
772	m. Index cards;
773	n. Index card boxes;
774	o. Legal pads;
775	p. Lunch boxes;
776	q. Markers;
777	r. Notebooks;
778	s. Paper, loose leaf notebook paper, copy paper, graph paper,
779	tracing paper, manila paper, colored paper, poster board, and
780	construction paper;
781	t. Pencil boxes and other school supply boxes;

782	u. Pencil sharpeners;
783	v. Pencils;
784	w. Pens;
785	x. Protractors;
786	y. Rulers;
787	z. Scissors; and
788	aa. Writing tablets;
789	[(14)] (88) "Seller" [means], a person [selling or furnishing tangible]
790	making sales, leases, or rentals of personal property or [rendering services,
791	on the receipts from which a tax is imposed pursuant to section 144.020] service;
792	(89) "Selling agent", every person acting as a representative of a
793	principal, when such principal is not registered with the director of
= 0 4	

revenue of the state of Missouri for the collection of the taxes imposed
under this chapter and who receives compensation by reason of the
sale of tangible personal property of the principal, if such property is
to be stored, used, or consumed in this state;

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(90) "Service address":

(a) The location of the telecommunications equipment to which
a customer's call is charged and from which the call originates or
terminates, regardless of where the call is billed or paid;

(b) If the location in paragraph (a) of this subdivision is not known, "service address" means the origination point of the signal of the telecommunications services first identified by either the seller's telecommunications system or in information received by the seller from its service provider, where the system used to transport such signals is not that of the seller;

808 (c) If the location in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision 809 are not known, the service address shall be the location of the 810 customer's place of primary use;

811 (91) "Specified digital products", electronically transferred 812 digital audio-visual works, digital audio works, and digital books;

(92) "Sport or recreational equipment", items designed for human
use and worn in conjunction with an athletic or recreational activity
that are not suitable for general use. Sport or recreational equipment
are mutually exclusive of clothing, clothing accessories or equipment,
and protective equipment;

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(93) "State", any state of the United States, the District of

819 Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;

(94) "Storage", any keeping or retention in this state of tangible
personal property purchased from a vendor, except property for sale
or property that is temporarily kept or retained in this state for
subsequent use outside the state;

(95) "Tangible personal property", personal property that can be seen, weighed, measured, felt, or touched, or that is in any other manner perceptible to the senses. Tangible personal property shall include electricity, water, gas, steam, and prewritten computer software. Tangible personal property shall not include specified digital products, digital audio-visual works, digital audio works, or digital books;

831 [(15) The noun "tax" means]

(96) "Tax", either the tax payable by the purchaser of a commodity or service subject to tax, or the aggregate amount of taxes due from the vendor of such commodities or services during the period for which he or she is required to report his or her collections, as the context may require; [and]

836 (97) "Taxpayer", any person remitting the tax or who should
837 remit the tax levied by this chapter;

(98) "Telecommunications nonrecurring charges", an amount
billed for the installation, connection, change or initiation of
telecommunications service received by the customer;

841 [(16)] (99) "Telecommunications service" [, for the purpose of this chapter, 842 the transmission of information by wire, radio, optical cable, coaxial cable, electronic impulses, or other similar means. As used in this definition, 843 844 "information" means knowledge or intelligence represented by any form of signals, pictures, sounds, or any 845 writing, signs, other symbols. Telecommunications service does not include the following if such 846 services are separately stated on the customer's bill or on records of the seller 847 maintained in the ordinary course of business: 848

(a) Access to the internet, access to interactive computer services or
electronic publishing services, except the amount paid for the telecommunications
service used to provide such access;

(b) Answering services and one-way paging services;

853 (c) Private mobile radio services which are not two-way commercial mobile 854 radio services such as wireless telephone, personal communications services or 855 enhanced specialized mobile radio services as defined pursuant to federal law; or

856 (d) Cable or satellite television or music services]:

(a) The electronic transmission, conveyance, or routing of voice,
data, audio, video, or any other information or signals to a point, or
between or among points;

(b) Telecommunications service shall include such transmission, conveyance, or routing in which computer processing applications are used to act on the form, code, or protocol of the content for purposes of transmission, conveyance, or routing without regard to whether such service is referred to as voice over internet protocol services or is classified by the Federal Communications Commission as enhanced or value added;

(c) Telecommunications service shall include air-to-ground
radiotelephone service, mobile telecommunications service, post-paid
calling service, prepaid calling service, prepaid wireless calling service,
and private communication service;

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(d) Telecommunications service shall not include:

a. Data processing and information services that allow data to be generated, acquired, stored, processed, or retrieved and delivered by an electronic transmission to a purchaser where such purchaser's primary purpose for the underlying transaction is the processed data or information;

b. Installation or maintenance of wiring or equipment on a
customer's premises;

879 c. Tangible personal property;

880 d. Advertising, including but not limited to directory advertising;

e. Billing and collection services provided to third parties;

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f. Internet access service;

883 g. Radio and television audio and video programming services, 884 regardless of the medium, including the furnishing of transmission, 885 conveyance, and routing of such services by the programming service 886 provider. Radio and television audio and video programming services shall include, but not be limited to, cable service, as defined in 47 887 888 U.S.C. Section 522(6), and audio and video programming services 889 delivered by commercial mobile radio service providers, as defined in 890 47 CFR 20.3:

891 h. Ancillary services; or

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i. Digital products delivered electronically, including, but not
limited to, software, music, video, reading materials, or ring tones;

894 (100) "Transportation equipment", any of the following:

(a) Locomotives and railcars that are utilized for the carriage of
persons or property in interstate commerce;

(b) Trucks and truck-tractors with a gross vehicle weight rating
(GVWR) of ten thousand one pounds or greater, trailers, semi-trailers,
or passenger buses that are:

a. Registered through the International Registration Plan; and
b. Operated under authority of a carrier authorized and
certificated by the United States Department of Transportation or
another federal authority to engage in the carriage of persons or
property in interstate commerce;

905 (c) Aircraft that are operated by air carriers authorized and 906 certificated by the United States Department of Transportation or 907 another federal or a foreign authority to engage in the carriage of 908 persons or property in interstate or foreign commerce;

909 (d) Containers designed for use on and component parts attached
910 or secured on the items set forth in paragraphs (a) to (c) of this
911 subdivision;

912 (101) "Tobacco", cigarettes, cigars, chewing or pipe tobacco, or
913 any other item that contains tobacco;

914 (102) "Use", the exercise of any right or power over tangible 915 personal property incident to the ownership or control of that 916 property, except that it does not include the temporary storage of 917 property in this state for subsequent use outside the state, or the sale 918 of the property in the regular course of business;

919 (103) "Use-based exemption", an exemption based on a specified
920 use of the product by the purchaser;

921 (104) "Vendor", every person engaged in making sales of tangible 922 personal property by mail order, by advertising, by agent or peddling 923 tangible personal property, soliciting or taking orders for sales of 924 tangible personal property, for storage, use or consumption in this state, all salesmen, solicitors, hawkers, representatives, consignees, 925926 peddlers or canvassers, as agents of the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, principals or employers under whom they 927 operate or from whom they obtain the tangible personal property sold 928

929 by them, and every person who maintains a place of business in this 930 state, maintains a stock of goods in this state, or engages in business 931 activities within this state and every person who engages in this state 932 in the business of acting as a selling agent for persons not otherwise 933 vendors as defined in this subdivision. Irrespective of whether they are making sales on their own behalf or on behalf of the dealers, 934 distributors, consignors, supervisors, principals or employers, they 935 936 must be regarded as vendors and the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, principals or employers must be regarded as vendors for 937 938 the purposes of sections 144.600 to 144.745.

939 2. For purposes of the taxes imposed under sections 144.010 to 144.525,
940 and any other provisions of law pertaining to sales or use taxes which incorporate
941 the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 by reference, the term manufactured
942 homes shall have the same meaning given it in section 700.010.

943 3. Sections 144.010 to 144.525 may be known and quoted as the "Sales944 Tax Law".

144.014. 1. Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, 2 beginning October 1, 1997, the tax levied and imposed pursuant to sections 3 144.010 to 144.525 and sections 144.600 to 144.746 on all retail sales of food **and** 4 **food ingredients** shall be at the rate of one percent. The revenue derived from 5 the one percent rate pursuant to this section shall be deposited by the state 6 treasurer in the school district trust fund and shall be distributed as provided in 7 section 144.701.

8 2. [For the purposes of this section, the term "food" shall include only those products and types of food for which food stamps may be redeemed 9 10 pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Food Stamp Program as contained in 11 7 U.S.C. Section 2012, as that section now reads or as it may be amended hereafter, and shall include food dispensed by or through vending machines. For 1213the purpose of this section,] Except for food sold through vending [machine sales, the term "food"] machines, subsection 1 of this section shall not 14 [include] **apply to** food or drink sold by any establishment where the gross 15receipts derived from the sale of food prepared by such establishment for 16 immediate consumption on or off the premises of the establishment constitutes 17more than eighty percent of the total gross receipts of that establishment, 18 regardless of whether such prepared food is consumed on the premises of that 19 establishment, including, but not limited to, sales of food by any restaurant, fast 20

21 food restaurant, delicatessen, eating house, or café.

144.022. 1. In the case of a bundled transaction that includes any
of the following: telecommunication service, ancillary service, internet
access, or audio or video programming service:

4 (1) If the price is attributable to products that are taxable and 5 products that are nontaxable, the portion of the price attributable to 6 the nontaxable products may be subject to tax unless the provider can 7 identify by reasonable and verifiable standards such portion from its 8 books and records that are kept in the regular course of business for 9 other purposes, including, but not limited to, nontax purposes;

10 (2) If the price is attributable to products that are subject to tax 11 at different tax rates, the total price shall be treated as attributable to 12 the products subject to tax at the highest tax rate unless the provider 13 can identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the portion of the 14 price attributable to the products subject to tax at the lower rate from 15 its books and records that are kept in the regular course of business for 16 other purposes, including, but not limited to, nontax purposes;

17 (3) The provisions of this section shall apply unless otherwise18 provided by federal law.

In the case of a transaction that includes an optional computer
 software maintenance contract for prewritten computer software, the
 following provisions apply:

(1) If an optional computer software maintenance contract only
obligates the vendor to provide upgrades and updates, it shall be
characterized as a sale of prewritten computer software;

(2) If an optional computer software maintenance contract only
obligates the vendor to provide support services, it shall be
characterized as a sale of services and not a sale of tangible personal
property;

(3) If an optional computer software maintenance contract is a
bundled transaction in which both taxable and nontaxable or exempt
products that are not separately itemized on the invoice or similar
billing document, the purchase price under the contract shall be
taxable.

144.030. 1. There is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 such retail sales as may be 133

4 made in commerce between this state and any other state of the United States,

or between this state and any foreign country, and any retail sale which the state
of Missouri is prohibited from taxing pursuant to the Constitution or laws of the
United States of America, and such retail sales of tangible personal property
which the general assembly of the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing or
further taxing by the constitution of this state.

2. There are also specifically exempted from the provisions of the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, section 238.235, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, section 238.235, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.745:

15(1) Motor fuel or special fuel subject to an excise tax of this state, unless 16all or part of such excise tax is refunded pursuant to section 142.824; or upon the 17sale at retail of fuel to be consumed in manufacturing or creating gas, power, 18 steam, electrical current or in furnishing water to be sold ultimately at retail; or feed for livestock or poultry; or grain to be converted into foodstuffs which are to 19 20be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; or seed, limestone or fertilizer which is to be used for seeding, liming or fertilizing crops which when harvested 2122will be sold at retail or will be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; economic poisons registered pursuant to the provisions 2324of the Missouri pesticide registration law (sections 281.220 to 281.310) which are 25to be used in connection with the growth or production of crops, fruit trees or 26orchards applied before, during, or after planting, the crop of which when 27harvested will be sold at retail or will be converted into foodstuffs which are to 28be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;

29(2) Materials, manufactured goods, machinery and parts which when used in manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating 30 become a component part or ingredient of the new personal property resulting 3132 from such manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or 33 fabricating and which new personal property is intended to be sold ultimately for 34 final use or consumption; and materials, including without limitation, gases and manufactured goods, including without limitation slagging materials and 3536 firebrick, which are ultimately consumed in the manufacturing process by 37 blending, reacting or interacting with or by becoming, in whole or in part, 38component parts or ingredients of steel products intended to be sold ultimately 39 for final use or consumption;

40 (3) Materials, replacement parts and equipment purchased for use directly
41 upon, and for the repair and maintenance or manufacture of, motor vehicles,
42 watercraft, railroad rolling stock or aircraft engaged as common carriers of
43 persons or property;

44(4) Motor vehicles registered in excess of fifty-four thousand pounds, and the trailers pulled by such motor vehicles, that are actually used in the normal 45course of business to haul property on the public highways of the state, and that 46 47are capable of hauling loads commensurate with the motor vehicle's registered 48 weight; and the materials, replacement parts, and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for the repair and maintenance or manufacture of such 49 vehicles. For purposes of this subdivision, motor vehicle and public highway shall 5051have the meaning as ascribed in section 390.020;

52(5) Replacement machinery, equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely required for the installation or construction of such replacement 5354machinery, equipment, and parts, used directly in manufacturing, mining, fabricating or producing a product which is intended to be sold ultimately for 5556final use or consumption; and machinery and equipment, and the materials and supplies required solely for the operation, installation or construction of such 57machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new, or to replace or 5859expand existing, material recovery processing plants in this state. For the purposes of this subdivision, a "material recovery processing plant" means a 60 facility that has as its primary purpose the recovery of materials into a usable 61 62 product or a different form which is used in producing a new product and shall 63 include a facility or equipment which are used exclusively for the collection of 64 recovered materials for delivery to a material recovery processing plant but shall not include motor vehicles used on highways. For purposes of this section, the 65terms motor vehicle and highway shall have the same meaning pursuant to 66 section 301.010. Material recovery is not the reuse of materials within a 67 manufacturing process or the use of a product previously recovered. The material 68 69 recovery processing plant shall qualify under the provisions of this section regardless of ownership of the material being recovered; 70

(6) Machinery and equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely required for the installation or construction of such machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new or to expand existing manufacturing, mining or fabricating plants in the state if such machinery and equipment is used directly in manufacturing, mining or fabricating a product 76 which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption;

(7) Tangible personal property which is used exclusively in the
manufacturing, processing, modification or assembling of products sold to the
United States government or to any agency of the United States government;

80 (8) Animals or poultry used for breeding or feeding purposes, or captive81 wildlife;

(9) Newsprint, ink, computers, photosensitive paper and film, toner,
printing plates and other machinery, equipment, replacement parts and supplies
used in producing newspapers published for dissemination of news to the general
public;

86 (10) The rentals of films, records or any type of sound or picture 87 transcriptions for public commercial display;

88 (11) Pumping machinery and equipment used to propel products delivered89 by pipelines engaged as common carriers;

90 (12) Railroad rolling stock for use in transporting persons or property in 91 interstate commerce and motor vehicles licensed for a gross weight of twenty-four 92 thousand pounds or more or trailers used by common carriers, as defined in 93 section 390.020, in the transportation of persons or property;

94 (13) Electrical energy used in the actual primary manufacture, processing, 95compounding, mining or producing of a product, or electrical energy used in the 96 actual secondary processing or fabricating of the product, or a material recovery processing plant as defined in subdivision (5) of this subsection, in facilities 97 98 owned or leased by the taxpayer, if the total cost of electrical energy so used 99 exceeds ten percent of the total cost of production, either primary or secondary, 100 exclusive of the cost of electrical energy so used or if the raw materials used in 101 such processing contain at least twenty-five percent recovered materials as 102 defined in section 260.200. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the raw 103 materials used in the primary manufacture of automobiles contain at least twenty-five percent recovered materials. For purposes of this subdivision, 104 105 "processing" means any mode of treatment, act or series of acts performed upon 106 materials to transform and reduce them to a different state or thing, including 107 treatment necessary to maintain or preserve such processing by the producer at 108 the production facility;

(14) Anodes which are used or consumed in manufacturing, processing,
compounding, mining, producing or fabricating and which have a useful life of
less than one year;

(15) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased
and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring air pollution,
and materials and supplies solely required for the installation, construction or
reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and devices;

(16) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased
and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring water
pollution, and materials and supplies solely required for the installation,
construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and
devices;

121 (17) Tangible personal property purchased by a rural water district;

122(18) All amounts paid or charged for admission or participation or other 123fees paid by or other charges to individuals in or for any place of amusement, 124entertainment or recreation, games or athletic events, including museums, fairs, 125zoos and planetariums, owned or operated by a municipality or other political 126subdivision where all the proceeds derived therefrom benefit the municipality or 127 other political subdivision and do not inure to any private person, firm, or 128corporation, provided, however, that a municipality or other political subdivision 129 may enter into revenue-sharing agreements with private persons, firms, or 130 corporations providing goods or services, including management services, in or for 131 the place of amusement, entertainment or recreation, games or athletic events, 132and provided further that nothing in this subdivision shall exempt from tax any 133 amounts retained by any private person, firm, or corporation under such 134revenue-sharing agreement;

135(19) All sales of [insulin, and all sales, rentals, repairs, and parts of 136 durable medical equipment, prosthetic devices, and orthopedic devices as defined on January 1, 1980, by the federal Medicare program pursuant to Title XVIII of 137138 the Social Security Act of 1965, including the items specified in Section 1862(a)(12) of that act, and also specifically including hearing aids and hearing 139aid supplies and all sales of drugs which may be legally dispensed by a licensed 140 141 pharmacist only upon a lawful prescription of a practitioner licensed to administer those items, including samples and materials used to manufacture 142143 samples which may be dispensed by a practitioner authorized to dispense such 144 samples and all sales or rental of medical oxygen, home respiratory equipment and accessories including parts, and hospital beds and accessories and 145146 ambulatory aids including parts, and all sales or rental of manual and powered wheelchairs including parts, and stairway lifts, Braille writers, electronic Braille 147

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licensed to prescribe;

148 equipment and, if purchased or rented by or on behalf of a person with one or 149 more physical or mental disabilities to enable them to function more independently, all sales or rental of scooters including parts, and reading 150151machines, electronic print enlargers and magnifiers, electronic alternative and 152augmentative communication devices, and items used solely to modify motor 153vehicles to permit the use of such motor vehicles by individuals with disabilities 154or sales of over-the-counter [or nonprescription] drugs to individuals with 155disabilities, and all sales of drugs, durable medical equipment, prosthetic devices, mobility enhancing equipment, kidney dialysis equipment and 156enteral feeding systems, and drugs required by the Food and Drug 157158Administration to meet the over-the-counter drug product labeling requirements 159in 21 CFR 201.66, or its successor, as prescribed by a health care practitioner

161 (20) All sales made by or to religious and charitable organizations and 162 institutions in their religious, charitable or educational functions and activities 163 and all sales made by or to all elementary and secondary schools operated at 164 public expense in their educational functions and activities;

165(21) All sales of aircraft to common carriers for storage or for use in interstate commerce and all sales made by or to not-for-profit civic, social, service 166 167 or fraternal organizations, including fraternal organizations which have been 168 declared tax-exempt organizations pursuant to Section 501(c)(8) or (10) of the 1986 Internal Revenue Code, as amended, in their civic or charitable functions 169170and activities and all sales made to eleemosynary and penal institutions and 171industries of the state, and all sales made to any private not-for-profit institution 172of higher education not otherwise excluded pursuant to subdivision (20) of this 173subsection or any institution of higher education supported by public funds, and 174all sales made to a state relief agency in the exercise of relief functions and 175activities;

(22) All ticket sales made by benevolent, scientific and educational 176 177associations which are formed to foster, encourage, and promote progress and improvement in the science of agriculture and in the raising and breeding of 178179animals, and by nonprofit summer theater organizations if such organizations are 180 exempt from federal tax pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code 181 and all admission charges and entry fees to the Missouri state fair or any fair 182conducted by a county agricultural and mechanical society organized and operated pursuant to sections 262.290 to 262.530; 183

184 (23) All sales made to any private not-for-profit elementary or secondary school, all sales of feed additives, medications or vaccines administered to 185livestock or poultry in the production of food or fiber, all sales of pesticides used 186 187 in the production of crops, livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales of 188 bedding used in the production of livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales 189 of propane or natural gas, electricity or diesel fuel used exclusively for drying agricultural crops, natural gas used in the primary manufacture or processing of 190 191 fuel ethanol as defined in section 142.028, natural gas, propane, and electricity 192 used by an eligible new generation cooperative or an eligible new generation processing entity as defined in section 348.432, and all sales of farm machinery 193 194 and equipment, other than airplanes, motor vehicles and trailers, and any freight 195charges on any exempt item. As used in this subdivision, the term "feed 196 additives" means tangible personal property which, when mixed with feed for livestock or poultry, is to be used in the feeding of livestock or poultry. As used 197 198 in this subdivision, the term "pesticides" includes adjuvants such as crop oils, 199 surfactants, wetting agents and other assorted pesticide carriers used to improve 200or enhance the effect of a pesticide and the foam used to mark the application of 201 pesticides and herbicides for the production of crops, livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term "farm machinery and equipment" means new 202203or used farm tractors and such other new or used farm machinery and equipment 204 and repair or replacement parts thereon and any accessories for and upgrades to such farm machinery and equipment, rotary mowers used exclusively for 205206agricultural purposes, and supplies and lubricants used exclusively, solely, and 207 directly for producing crops, raising and feeding livestock, fish, poultry, 208pheasants, chukar, quail, or for producing milk for ultimate sale at retail, 209 including field drain tile, and one-half of each purchaser's purchase of diesel fuel 210 therefor which is:

211 (a) Used exclusively for agricultural purposes;

(b) Used on land owned or leased for the purpose of producing farmproducts; and

(c) Used directly in producing farm products to be sold ultimately in
processed form or otherwise at retail or in producing farm products to be fed to
livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;

(24) Except as otherwise provided in section 144.032, all sales of metered
water service, electricity, [electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas,
wood, coal or home heating oil] piped natural or artificial gas, or other

fuels delivered by the seller for domestic use and in any city not within a
county, all sales of metered or unmetered water service for domestic use:

222 (a) "Domestic use" means that portion of metered water service, 223 electricity, [electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or 224home heating oil, and in any city not within a county, metered or unmetered 225water service, piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by 226 the seller which an individual occupant of a residential premises uses for 227nonbusiness, noncommercial or nonindustrial purposes. Utility service through 228a single or master meter for residential apartments or condominiums, including 229service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be deemed to be 230for domestic use. Each seller shall establish and maintain a system whereby 231individual purchases are determined as exempt or nonexempt;

232(b) Regulated utility sellers shall determine whether individual purchases 233are exempt or nonexempt based upon the seller's utility service rate 234classifications as contained in tariffs on file with and approved by the Missouri 235public service commission. Sales and purchases made pursuant to the rate 236classification "residential" and sales to and purchases made by or on behalf of the 237occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master 238meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall 239be considered as sales made for domestic use and such sales shall be exempt from 240sales tax. Sellers shall charge sales tax upon the entire amount of purchases classified as nondomestic use. The sellers utility service rate classification and 241242the provision of service thereunder shall be conclusive as to whether or not the 243utility must charge sales tax;

244(c) Each person making domestic use purchases of [services or property] 245electricity, piped natural or artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by 246the seller and who uses any portion of the services or property so purchased for 247a nondomestic use shall, by the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, and without assessment, notice or demand, file a return and 248249pay sales tax on that portion of nondomestic purchases. Each person making nondomestic purchases of [services or property] electricity, piped natural or 250251artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by the seller and who uses any 252portion of the [services or property] electricity, piped natural or artificial 253gas, or other fuels delivered by the seller so purchased for domestic use, 254and each person making domestic purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master meter, including service 255

256for common areas and facilities and vacant units, under a nonresidential utility 257service rate classification may, between the first day of the first month and the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, apply for credit 258or refund to the director of revenue and the director shall give credit or make 259260 refund for taxes paid on the domestic use portion of the purchase. The person making such purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments or 261262condominiums shall have standing to apply to the director of revenue for such 263 credit or refund;

(25) All sales of handicraft items made by the seller or the seller's spouse
if the seller or the seller's spouse is at least sixty-five years of age, and if the total
gross proceeds from such sales do not constitute a majority of the annual gross
income of the seller;

(26) Excise taxes, collected on sales at retail, imposed by Sections 4041,
[4061,] 4071, 4081, [4091,] 4161, 4181, 4251, 4261 and 4271 of Title 26, United
States Code. The director of revenue shall promulgate rules pursuant to chapter
536 to eliminate all state and local sales taxes on such excise taxes;

(27) Sales of fuel consumed or used in the operation of ships, barges, or waterborne vessels which are used primarily in or for the transportation of property or cargo, or the conveyance of persons for hire, on navigable rivers bordering on or located in part in this state, if such fuel is delivered by the seller to the purchaser's barge, ship, or waterborne vessel while it is afloat upon such river;

(28) All sales made to an interstate compact agency created pursuant to
sections 70.370 to 70.441 or sections 238.010 to 238.100 in the exercise of the
functions and activities of such agency as provided pursuant to the compact;

281 (29) Computers, computer software and computer security systems 282 purchased for use by architectural or engineering firms headquartered in this 283 state. For the purposes of this subdivision, "headquartered in this state" means 284 the office for the administrative management of at least four integrated facilities 285 operated by the taxpayer is located in the state of Missouri;

(30) All livestock sales when either the seller is engaged in the growing,
producing or feeding of such livestock, or the seller is engaged in the business of
buying and selling, bartering or leasing of such livestock;

(31) All sales of barges which are to be used primarily in thetransportation of property or cargo on interstate waterways;

291 (32) Electrical energy or gas, whether natural, artificial or propane, water,

292 or other utilities which are ultimately consumed in connection with the 293 manufacturing of cellular glass products or in any material recovery processing 294 plant as defined in subdivision (5) of this subsection;

(33) Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, all sales of
pesticides or herbicides used in the production of crops, aquaculture, livestock or
poultry;

(34) Tangible personal property and utilities purchased for use or consumption directly or exclusively in the research and development of agricultural/biotechnology and plant genomics products and prescription pharmaceuticals consumed by humans or animals;

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(35) All sales of grain bins for storage of grain for resale;

303 (36) All sales of feed which are developed for and used in the feeding of
304 pets owned by a commercial breeder when such sales are made to a commercial
305 breeder, as defined in section 273.325, and licensed pursuant to sections 273.325
306 to 273.357;

(37) All purchases by a contractor on behalf of an entity located in another 307 308 state, provided that the entity is authorized to issue a certificate of exemption for 309 purchases to a contractor under the provisions of that state's laws. For purposes 310 of this subdivision, the term "certificate of exemption" shall mean any document 311 evidencing that the entity is exempt from sales and use taxes on purchases 312pursuant to the laws of the state in which the entity is located. Any contractor 313 making purchases on behalf of such entity shall maintain a copy of the entity's 314 exemption certificate as evidence of the exemption. If the exemption certificate 315issued by the exempt entity to the contractor is later determined by the director 316 of revenue to be invalid for any reason and the contractor has accepted the 317 certificate in good faith, neither the contractor or the exempt entity shall be liable for the payment of any taxes, interest and penalty due as the result of use of the 318 invalid exemption certificate. Materials shall be exempt from all state and local 319 320 sales and use taxes when purchased by a contractor for the purpose of fabricating 321 tangible personal property which is used in fulfilling a contract for the purpose 322 of constructing, repairing or remodeling facilities for the following:

323 (a) An exempt entity located in this state, if the entity is one of those 324 entities able to issue project exemption certificates in accordance with the 325 provisions of section 144.062; or

326 (b) An exempt entity located outside the state if the exempt entity is 327 authorized to issue an exemption certificate to contractors in accordance with the 328 provisions of that state's law and the applicable provisions of this section;

(38) All sales or other transfers of tangible personal property to a lessor
who leases the property under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect
at the time of the sale or other transfer to an interstate compact agency created
pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.441 or sections 238.010 to 238.100;

333 (39) Sales of tickets to any collegiate athletic championship event that is 334 held in a facility owned or operated by a governmental authority or commission, a quasi-governmental agency, a state university or college or by the state or any 335 336 political subdivision thereof, including a municipality, and that is played on a 337 neutral site and may reasonably be played at a site located outside the state of Missouri. For purposes of this subdivision, "neutral site" means any site that is 338339 not located on the campus of a conference member institution participating in the 340 event;

341 (40) All purchases by a sports complex authority created under section
342 64.920, and all sales of utilities by such authority at the authority's cost that are
343 consumed in connection with the operation of a sports complex leased to a
344 professional sports team;

345 (41) All materials, replacement parts, and equipment purchased for use
346 directly upon, and for the modification, replacement, repair, and maintenance of
347 aircraft, aircraft power plants, and aircraft accessories;

348 (42) Sales of sporting clays, wobble, skeet, and trap targets to any 349 shooting range or similar places of business for use in the normal course of 350 business and money received by a shooting range or similar places of business 351 from patrons and held by a shooting range or similar place of business for 352 redistribution to patrons at the conclusion of a shooting event;

353 (43) All sales of motor fuel, as defined in section 142.800, used in any
354 watercraft, as defined in section 306.010;

355 (44) Any new or used aircraft sold or delivered in this state to a person 356 who is not a resident of this state or a corporation that is not incorporated in this 357 state, and such aircraft is not to be based in this state and shall not remain in 358 this state more than ten business days subsequent to the last to occur of:

(a) The transfer of title to the aircraft to a person who is not a residentof this state or a corporation that is not incorporated in this state; or

361 (b) The date of the return to service of the aircraft in accordance with 14
362 CFR 91.407 for any maintenance, preventive maintenance, rebuilding, alterations,
363 repairs, or installations that are completed contemporaneously with the transfer

364 of title to the aircraft to a person who is not a resident of this state or a 365 corporation that is not incorporated in this state;

366 (45) All internet access or the use of internet access regardless of whether
367 the tax is imposed on a provider of internet access or a buyer of internet
368 access. For purposes of this subdivision, the following terms shall mean:

(a) "Direct costs", costs incurred by a governmental authority solely
because of an internet service provider's use of the public right-of-way. The term
shall not include costs that the governmental authority would have incurred if the
internet service provider did not make such use of the public right-of-way. Direct
costs shall be determined in a manner consistent with generally accepted
accounting principles;

375 (b) "Internet", computer and telecommunications facilities, including 376 equipment and operating software, that comprises the interconnected worldwide 377 network that employ the transmission control protocol or internet protocol, or any 378 predecessor or successor protocols to that protocol, to communicate information 379 of all kinds by wire or radio;

380 (c) "Internet access", a service that enables users to connect to the 381 internet to access content, information, or other services without regard to 382 whether the service is referred to as telecommunications, communications, 383 transmission, or similar services, and without regard to whether a provider of the 384 service is subject to regulation by the Federal Communications Commission as a 385 common carrier under 47 U.S.C. Section 201, et seq. For purposes of this 386 subdivision, internet access also includes: the purchase, use, or sale of 387 communications services, including telecommunications services as defined in 388 section 144.010, to the extent the communications services are purchased, used, 389 or sold to provide the service described in this subdivision or to otherwise enable 390 users to access content, information, or other services offered over the internet; 391 services that are incidental to the provision of a service described in this 392 subdivision, when furnished to users as part of such service, including a home 393 page, electronic mail, and instant messaging, including voice-capable and 394 video-capable electronic mail and instant messaging, video clips, and personal 395 electronic storage capacity; a home page electronic mail and instant messaging, 396 including voice-capable and video-capable electronic mail and instant messaging, 397 video clips, and personal electronic storage capacity that are provided 398 independently or that are not packed with internet access. As used in this 399 subdivision, internet access does not include voice, audio, and video programming

400 or other products and services, except services described in this paragraph or this 401 subdivision, that use internet protocol or any successor protocol and for which 402 there is a charge, regardless of whether the charge is separately stated or 403 aggregated with the charge for services described in this paragraph or this 404 subdivision;

405(d) "Tax", any charge imposed by the state or a political subdivision of the state for the purpose of generating revenues for governmental purposes and that 406 is not a fee imposed for a specific privilege, service, or benefit conferred, except 407 408 as described as otherwise under this subdivision, or any obligation imposed on a 409 seller to collect and to remit to the state or a political subdivision of the state any 410 gross retail tax, sales tax, or use tax imposed on a buyer by such a governmental 411 entity. The term tax shall not include any franchise fee or similar fee imposed 412or authorized under section 67.1830 or 67.2689; Section 622 or 653 of the Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. Section 542 and 47 U.S.C. Section 573; 413 414 or any other fee related to obligations of telecommunications carriers under the Communications Act of 1934, 47 U.S.C. Section 151, et seq., except to the extent 415416 that:

a. The fee is not imposed for the purpose of recovering direct costs
incurred by the franchising or other governmental authority from providing the
specific privilege, service, or benefit conferred to the payer of the fee; or

b. The fee is imposed for the use of a public right-of-way based on a percentage of the service revenue, and the fee exceeds the incremental direct costs incurred by the governmental authority associated with the provision of that right-of-way to the provider of internet access service.

424 Nothing in this subdivision shall be interpreted as an exemption from taxes due425 on goods or services that were subject to tax on January 1, 2016.

426 3. Any ruling, agreement, or contract, whether written or oral, express or 427 implied, between a person and this state's executive branch, or any other state 428 agency or department, stating, agreeing, or ruling that such person is not 429 required to collect sales and use tax in this state despite the presence of a warehouse, distribution center, or fulfillment center in this state that is owned 430 431or operated by the person or an affiliated person shall be null and void unless it 432 is specifically approved by a majority vote of each of the houses of the general 433 assembly. For purposes of this subsection, an "affiliated person" means any 434person that is a member of the same controlled group of corporations as defined 435in Section 1563(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as the vendor or any other entity that, notwithstanding its form of organization, bears
the same ownership relationship to the vendor as a corporation that is a member
of the same controlled group of corporations as defined in Section 1563(a) of the
Internal Revenue Code, as amended.

144.032. The provisions of section 144.030 the to contrary $\mathbf{2}$ notwithstanding, any city imposing a sales tax under the provisions of sections 3 94.500 to 94.570, or any county imposing a sales tax under the provisions of sections 66.600 to 66.635, or any county imposing a sales tax under the provisions 4 of sections 67.500 to 67.729, or any hospital district imposing a sales tax under 56 the provisions of section 205,205 may by ordinance impose a sales tax upon all 7sales of [metered water services,] electricity, [electrical current and natural, 8 artificial or propane gas, wood, coal, or home heating oil **piped natural or** 9 artificial gas, or other fuels delivered by the seller for domestic use 10 only. Such tax shall be administered by the department of revenue and assessed 11 by the retailer in the same manner as any other city, county, or hospital district sales tax. Domestic use shall be determined in the same manner as the 1213 determination of domestic use for exemption of such sales from the state sales tax under the provisions of section 144.030. 14

144.049. 1. [For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:

2 (1) "Clothing", any article of wearing apparel, including footwear, intended 3 to be worn on or about the human body. The term shall include but not be 4 limited to cloth and other material used to make school uniforms or other school 5 clothing. Items normally sold in pairs shall not be separated to qualify for the 6 exemption. The term shall not include watches, watchbands, jewelry, handbags, 7 handkerchiefs, umbrellas, scarves, ties, headbands, or belt buckles; and

8 (2) "Personal computers", a laptop, desktop, or tower computer system 9 which consists of a central processing unit, random access memory, a storage 10 drive, a display monitor, and a keyboard and devices designed for use in 11 conjunction with a personal computer, such as a disk drive, memory module, 12 compact disk drive, daughterboard, digitizer, microphone, modem, motherboard, 13 mouse, multimedia speaker, printer, scanner, single-user hardware, single-user 14 operating system, soundcard, or video card;

(3) "School supplies", any item normally used by students in a standard
classroom for educational purposes, including but not limited to textbooks,
notebooks, paper, writing instruments, crayons, art supplies, rulers, book bags,
backpacks, handheld calculators, chalk, maps, and globes. The term shall not

19 include watches, radios, CD players, headphones, sporting equipment, portable 20 or desktop telephones, copiers or other office equipment, furniture, or 21 fixtures. School supplies shall also include computer software having a taxable 22 value of three hundred fifty dollars or less and any graphing calculator having a 23 taxable value of one hundred fifty dollars or less.

242.] In each year beginning on or after January 1, 2005, there is hereby 25specifically exempted from state sales tax law all retail sales of any article of 26clothing having a taxable value of one hundred dollars or less[,]; all retail sales of school supplies [not to exceed fifty dollars per purchase,], school art 27supplies, and school instructional materials; all prewritten computer 2829software with a taxable value of three hundred fifty dollars or less[, all graphing 30 calculators having a taxable value of one hundred fifty dollars or less,]; and all 31retail sales of [personal] computers [or computer peripheral devices] and school computer supplies not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars per item, 3233 during a three-day period beginning at 12:01 a.m. on the first Friday in August and ending at midnight on the Sunday following. 34

35[3. If the governing body of any political subdivision adopted an ordinance 36 that applied to the 2004 sales tax holiday to prohibit the provisions of this section from allowing the sales tax holiday to apply to such political subdivision's local 37sales tax, then, notwithstanding any provision of a local ordinance to the 38 39 contrary, the 2005 sales tax holiday shall not apply to such political subdivision's 40 local sales tax. However, any such political subdivision may enact an ordinance to allow the 2005 sales tax holiday to apply to its local sales taxes. A political 41 42subdivision must notify the department of revenue not less than forty-five 43calendar days prior to the beginning date of the sales tax holiday occurring in that year of any ordinance or order rescinding an ordinance or order to opt out. 44 4.] 2. This section shall not apply to any sales which take place within 4546the Missouri state fairgrounds.

47[5.] 3. This section applies to sales of items bought for personal use only. 48 [6. After the 2005 sales tax holiday, any political subdivision may, by adopting an ordinance or order, choose to prohibit future annual sales tax 49holidays from applying to its local sales tax. After opting out, the political 5051subdivision may rescind the ordinance or order. The political subdivision must 52notify the department of revenue not less than forty-five calendar days prior to 53the beginning date of the sales tax holiday occurring in that year of any ordinance 54or order rescinding an ordinance or order to opt out.

55 7.] 4. This section may not apply to any retailer when less than two 56 percent of the retailer's merchandise offered for sale qualifies for the sales tax 57 holiday. The retailer shall offer a sales tax refund in lieu of the sales tax holiday.

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4 5 (1) "Processing", any mode of treatment, act, or series of acts performed upon materials to transform or reduce them to a different state or thing, including treatment necessary to maintain or preserve such processing by the producer at the production facility;

144.054. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:

6 (2) "Recovered materials", those materials which have been diverted or 7 removed from the solid waste stream for sale, use, reuse, or recycling, whether 8 or not they require subsequent separation and processing.

9 2. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there 10 is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or 11 12payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761,] this chapter and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under 1314this chapter electrical energy and gas, whether natural, artificial, or propane, water, coal, and energy sources, chemicals, machinery, equipment, and materials 15used or consumed in the manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, or 16producing of any product, or used or consumed in the processing of recovered 1718 materials, or used in research and development related to manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, or producing any product. [The exemptions 1920granted in this subsection shall not apply to local sales taxes as defined in section 2132.085 and the provisions of this subsection shall be in addition to any state and 22local sales tax exemption provided in section 144.030.]

233. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there 24is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as 25defined in section 32.085, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, 2627or payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085] this chapter 2829and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, and payable 30 under this chapter, all utilities, machinery, and equipment used or consumed 31directly in television or radio broadcasting and all sales and purchases of tangible 32personal property, utilities, services, or any other transaction that would otherwise be subject to the state or local sales or use tax when such sales are 33

made to or purchases are made by a contractor for use in fulfillment of any 3435obligation under a defense contract with the United States government, and all 36 sales and leases of tangible personal property by any county, city, incorporated town, or village, provided such sale or lease is authorized under chapter 100, and 37such transaction is certified for sales tax exemption by the department of 38economic development, and tangible personal property used for railroad 39 infrastructure brought into this state for processing, fabrication, or other 40 modification for use outside the state in the regular course of business. 41

42 4. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there 43is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of [sections 144.010 to 144.525 44and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as 45defined in section 32.085, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, 46 or payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085] this chapter 47and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, and payable 48under this chapter, all sales and purchases of tangible personal property, 4950utilities, services, or any other transaction that would otherwise be subject to the state or local sales or use tax when such sales are made to or purchases are made 5152by a private partner for use in completing a project under sections 227.600 to 227.669. 53

545. In addition to all other exemptions granted under this chapter, there 55is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 56and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 238.235, and the local sales tax law as 57defined in section 32.085, and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed, or payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.761, and section 58238.235, and the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, all materials, 59manufactured goods, machinery and parts, electrical energy and gas, whether 60 natural, artificial or propane, water, coal and other energy sources, chemicals, 61 62 soaps, detergents, cleaning and sanitizing agents, and other ingredients and materials inserted by commercial or industrial laundries to treat, clean, and 63 sanitize textiles in facilities which process at least five hundred pounds of textiles 64 65per hour and at least sixty thousand pounds per week.

144.080. 1. Every person receiving any payment or consideration upon the sale of property or rendering of service, subject to the tax imposed by the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, is exercising the taxable privilege of selling the property or rendering the service at retail and is subject to the tax

levied in section 144.020. The person shall be responsible not only for the 5 6 collection of the amount of the tax imposed on the sale or service to the extent possible under the provisions of section 144.285, but shall, on or before the last 7 day of the month following each calendar quarterly period of three months, file 8 a return with the director of revenue showing the person's gross receipts and the 9 amount of tax levied in section 144.020 for the preceding quarter, and shall remit 10 to the director of revenue, with the return, the taxes levied in section 144.020, 11 12except as provided in subsections 2 and 3 of this section. The director of revenue may promulgate rules or regulations changing the filing and payment 1314 requirements of sellers, but shall not require any seller to file and pay more 15frequently than required in this section.

16 2. [Where the aggregate amount levied and imposed upon a seller by 17 section 144.020 is in excess of two hundred fifty dollars for either the first or 18 second month of a calendar quarter, the seller shall file a return and pay such 19 aggregate amount for such months to the director of revenue by the twentieth day 20 of the succeeding month.

3.] Where the aggregate amount levied and imposed upon a seller by section 144.020 is less than forty-five dollars in a calendar quarter, the director of revenue shall by regulation permit the seller to file a return for a calendar year. The return shall be filed and the taxes paid on or before January thirty-first of the succeeding year.

26[4.] 3. The seller of any property or person rendering any service, subject 27to the tax imposed by sections 144.010 to 144.525, shall collect the tax from the 28purchaser of such property or the recipient of the service to the extent possible 29under the provisions of section 144.285, but the seller's inability to collect any part or all of the tax does not relieve the seller of the obligation to pay to the 30 state the tax imposed by section 144.020; except that the collection of the tax 3132imposed by sections 144.010 to 144.525 on motor vehicles and trailers shall be made as provided in sections 144.070 and 144.440. 33

[5.] 4. Any person may advertise or hold out or state to the public or to any customer directly that the tax or any part thereof imposed by sections 144.010 to 144.525, and required to be collected by the person, will be assumed or absorbed by the person, provided that the amount of tax assumed or absorbed shall be stated on any invoice or receipt for the property sold or service rendered. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. This subsection shall not apply to any retailer 41 prohibited from collecting and remitting sales tax under section 66.630.

144.082. 1. The director shall participate in an online 2 registration system that will allow sellers to register in this state and 3 other member states.

2. By registering, the seller agrees to collect and remit sales and use taxes for all taxable sales into this state as well as the other member states, including member states joining after the seller's registration. Withdrawal or revocation of this state from the agreement shall not relieve a seller of its responsibility to remit taxes previously or subsequently collected on behalf of this state.

3. If the seller has a requirement to register prior to registering
 under the agreement, such seller shall obtain a retail sales license
 under section 144.083 and register under section 144.650.

4. Registration with the central registration system and the
collection of sales and use taxes in this state shall not be used as a
factor in determining whether the seller has nexus with this state for
any tax at any time.

144.083. 1. The director of revenue shall require all persons who are $\mathbf{2}$ responsible for the collection of taxes under the provisions of section 144.080 to 3 procure a retail sales license at no cost to the licensee which shall be prominently displayed at the licensee's place of business, and the license is valid until revoked 4 by the director or surrendered by the person to whom issued when sales are $\mathbf{5}$ discontinued. The director shall issue the retail sales license within ten working 6 days following the receipt of a properly completed application. Any person 7 applying for a retail sales license or reinstatement of a revoked sales tax license 8 9 who owes any tax under sections 144.010 to 144.510 or sections 143.191 to 143.261 must pay the amount due plus interest and penalties before the 10 department may issue the applicant a license or reinstate the revoked license. All 11 12persons beginning business subsequent to August 13, 1986, and who are required 13 to collect the sales tax shall secure a retail sales license prior to making sales at 14 retail. Such license may, after ten days' notice, be revoked by the director of revenue only in the event the licensee shall be in default for a period of sixty days 15in the payment of any taxes levied under section 144.020 or sections 143.191 to 16143.261. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057 in the event of 17revocation, the director of revenue may publish the status of the business account 18including the date of revocation in a manner as determined by the director. 19

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20 2. The possession of a retail sales license and a statement from the 21department of revenue that the licensee owes no tax due under sections 144.010 22to 144.510 or sections 143.191 to 143.261 shall be a prerequisite to the issuance 23or renewal of any city or county occupation license or any state license which is required for conducting any business where goods are sold at retail. The date of 2425issuance on the statement that the licensee owes no tax due shall be no more than ninety days before the date of submission for application or renewal of the 2627local license. The revocation of a retailer's license by the director shall render the

293. No person responsible for the collection of taxes under section 144.080 30 shall make sales at retail unless such person is the holder of a valid retail sales 31license. After all appeals have been exhausted, the director of revenue may notify 32the county or city law enforcement agency representing the area in which the 33 former licensee's business is located that the retail sales license of such person 34has been revoked, and that any county or city occupation license of such person 35 is also revoked. The county or city may enforce the provisions of this section, and 36 may prohibit further sales at retail by such person.

occupational license or the state license null and void.

37 4. In addition to the provisions of subsection 2 of this section, beginning 38January 1, 2009, the possession of a statement from the department of revenue stating no tax is due under sections 143.191 to 143.265 or sections 144.010 to 39 40 144.510 shall also be a prerequisite to the issuance or renewal of any city or 41 county occupation license or any state license required for conducting any 42business where goods are sold at retail. The statement of no tax due shall be dated no longer than ninety days before the date of submission for application or 43renewal of the city or county license. 44

[5. Notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, sales tax shall only
apply to the sale price paid by the final purchaser and not to any off-invoice
discounts or other pricing discounts or mechanisms negotiated between
manufacturers, wholesalers, and retailers.]

144.084. 1. The director shall promulgate rules and regulations 2 for remittance of returns. Such rules shall:

3 (1) Allow for electronic payments by all remitters by both ACH
4 credit and ACH debit;

5 (2) Provide an alternative method for making "same day"
6 payments if an electronic funds transfer fails;

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(3) Provide that if a due date falls on a legal banking holiday in

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8 the state, the taxes shall be due on the next succeeding business day;9 and

(4) Require that any data that accompanies a remittance be
formatted using uniform tax type and payment type codes approved by
the streamlined sales and use tax governing board.

2. All model 1, model 2, and model 3 sellers shall file returns electronically. Any model 1, model 2, or model 3 seller shall submit its sales and use tax returns in a simplified format approved by the director at such times as may be prescribed by the director.

144.100. 1. Every person making any taxable sales of property or service,
except transactions provided for in sections 144.070 and 144.440, individually or
by duly authorized officer or agent, shall make and file a written return with the
director of revenue in such manner as he may prescribe.

5 2. The returns shall be on blanks designed and furnished by the director 6 of the department of revenue and shall be filed at the times provided in sections 7 144.080 and 144.090. The returns shall [show the amount of gross receipts from 8 sales of taxable property and services by the person and the amount of tax due 9 thereon by that person during and for the period covered by the return] **state**:

(1) The name and address of the retailer;

(2) The total amount of gross sales of all tangible personal
property and taxable services rendered by the retailer during the
period for which the return is made;

(3) The total amount received during the period for which the
return is made on charge and time sales of tangible personal property
made and taxable services rendered prior to the period for which the
return is made;

(4) Deductions allowed by law from such total amount of gross
sales and from total amount received during the period for which the
return is made on such charge and time sales;

(5) Receipts during the period for which the return is made from
the total amount of sales of tangible personal property and taxable
services rendered during such period in the course of such business,
after deductions allowed by law have been made;

(6) Receipts during the period for which the return is made from
charge and time sales of tangible personal property made and taxable
services rendered prior to such period in the course of such business,
after deductions allowed by law have been made;

(7) Gross receipts during the period for which the return is made
from sales of tangible personal property and taxable services rendered
in the course of such business upon the basis of which the tax is
imposed; and

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(8) Such other pertinent information as the director may require.

3. In making such return, the retailer shall determine the market 34 value of any consideration, other than money, received in connection 35with the sale of any tangible personal property in the course of the 36 37 business and shall include such value in the return. Such value shall be subject to review and revision by the director as hereinafter 38 provided. Refunds made by a retailer during the period for which the 39return is made on account of tangible personal property returned to 40 the retailer shall be allowed as a deduction under subdivision (4) of 41 subsection 2 of this section in case the retailer has included the 42receipts from such sale in a return made by such retailer and paid 43 taxes on such sale. The retailer shall, at the time of making such 44 return, pay to the director the amount of tax owed, except as otherwise 45provided in this section. The director may extend the time for making 46 returns and paying the tax required by this section for any period not 4748 to exceed sixty days under such rules and regulations as the director 49of revenue may prescribe.

50 4. The director shall only require a single tax return for each 51 taxing period and such return shall include only the taxing 52 jurisdictions in which the seller makes sales within the state. With each 53 return, the person shall remit to the director of revenue the full amount of the tax 54 due.

[3.] 5. In case of charge and time sales the gross receipts thereof shall be included as sales in the returns as and when payments are received by the person, without any deduction therefrom whatsoever.

[4.] 6. If an error or omission is discovered in a return or a change be necessary to show the true facts, the error may be corrected, the omission supplied, or the change made in the return next filed with the director for the filing period immediately following the filing period in which the error was made or the omission occurred, as prescribed by law, except that no refund under this chapter shall be allowed for any amount of tax paid by a seller which is based upon charges incident to credit card discounts. Any other omission or error must

be corrected by filing an amended return for the erroneously reported period if 65 66 the amount of tax is less than that originally reported, or an additional return if the amount of tax is greater than that originally reported. An additional return 67 shall be deemed filed on the date the envelope in which it is mailed is postmarked 68or the date it is received by the director, whichever is earlier. Any payment of 69 tax, interest, penalty or additions to tax shall be deemed filed on the date the 70envelope containing the payment is postmarked or the date the payment is 7172 received by the director, whichever is earlier. If a refund or credit results from the filing of an amended return, no refund or credit shall be allowed unless an 7374application for refund or credit is properly completed and submitted to the 75director pursuant to section 144.190.

[5.] 7. The amount of gross receipts from sales and the amount of tax due returned by the person, as well as all matters contained in the return, is subject to review and revision in the manner herein provided for the correction of the returns.

144.105. 1. A seller shall be allowed a deduction from taxable 2 sales for bad debts attributable to taxable sales of such seller that have 3 become uncollectable. Any deduction taken that is attributed to bad 4 debts shall not include interest.

5 2. The amount of the bad debt deduction shall be calculated 6 pursuant to 26 U.S.C. Section 166(b), except that such amount shall be 7 adjusted to exclude financing charges or interest, sales, or use taxes 8 charged on the purchase price, uncollectable amounts on property that 9 remain in the possession of the seller until the full purchase price is 10 paid, and expenses incurred in attempting to collect any debt or 11 repossessed property.

123. Bad debts may be deducted on the return for the period during which the bad debt is written off as uncollectable in the seller's 13 books and records and is eligible to be deducted for federal income tax 14 15purposes. For purposes of this subsection, a seller who is not required 16 to file federal income tax returns may deduct a bad debt on a return 17filed for the period in which the bad debt is written off as uncollectable 18 in the seller's books and records and would be eligible for a bad debt deduction for federal income tax purposes if the seller was required to 19 file a federal income tax return. 20

4. If a deduction is taken for a bad debt and the debt is

subsequently collected in whole or in part, the tax on the amount so
collected shall be paid and reported on the return filed for the period
in which the collection is made.

5. When the amount of bad debt exceeds the amount of taxable sales for the period during which the bad debt is written off, a refund claim may be filed by the seller within the applicable statute of limitations for refund claim; however, the statute of limitations shall be measured from the due date of the return on which the bad debt could first be claimed.

6. Where filing responsibilities have been assumed by a certified service provider, such service provider may claim, on behalf of the seller, any bad debt allowance provided by this section. The certified service provider shall credit or refund the full amount of any bad debt allowance or refund received to the seller.

36 7. For the purposes of reporting a payment received on a 37 previously claimed bad debt, any payments made on a debt or account 38 shall first be applied proportionally to the taxable price of the property 39 or service and the sales tax thereon, and secondly to interest, service 40 charges, and any other charges.

8. In situations where the books and records of the seller, or certified service provider on behalf of the seller, claiming the bad debt allowance support an allocation of the bad debts among the member states, such an allocation shall be permitted.

144.110. 1. The state shall review software submitted to the $\mathbf{2}$ streamlined sales and use tax governing board for certification as a 3 certified automated system (CAS) under Section 501 of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement. Such review shall include a review to 4 determine that the program adequately classifies the state's product- $\mathbf{5}$ based exemptions. Upon completion of the review, the state shall 6 certify to the governing board its acceptance of the classifications made 7 by the system. The state shall relieve a certified service provider (CSP) 8 or model 2 seller from liability to this state and its local jurisdictions 9 for failure to collect sales or use taxes resulting from the CSP or model 10 2 seller's reliance on the certification provided by the state. 11

12 2. The streamlined sales and use tax governing board and this 13 state shall not be responsible for classification of an item or 14 transaction with the product-based exemptions. The relief from 15 liability provided in this section shall not be available for a CSP or 16 model 2 seller that has incorrectly classified an item or transaction into 17 a product-based exemption certified by this state. This subsection shall 18 not apply to the individual listing of items or transactions within a 19 product definition approved by the governing board or the state.

3. If the state determines that an item or transaction is incorrectly classified as to its taxability, it shall notify the CSP or model 2 seller of the incorrect classification. The CSP or model 2 seller shall have ten days to revise the classification after receipt of notice from the state of the determination. Upon expiration of the ten days, such CSP or model 2 seller shall be liable for failure to collect the correct amount of sales or use taxes due and owing to the state.

144.111. 1. (1) All retail sales in Missouri, excluding leases and 2 rentals, of tangible personal property or digital goods shall be sourced 3 to the location where the order is received by the seller.

4

(2) This subsection shall apply only if:

5 (a) The location where the order is received by the seller and the 6 location where the purchaser receives the product are both in Missouri;

7 (b) The location where receipt of the product by the purchaser
8 occurs is determined in accordance with subsection 2 of this section;
9 and

(c) At the time the order is received, the recordkeeping system
of the seller used to calculate the proper amount of sales or use tax to
be imposed captures the location where the order is received.

13 (3) When the sale is sourced under this section to the location where the order is received by the seller, only the sales tax for the 14 location where the order is received by the seller may be levied. No 15additional sales or use tax based on the location where the product is 16 delivered to the purchaser may be levied on that sale. The purchaser 17shall not be entitled to any refund if the combined state and local rate 18 or rates at the location where the product is received by the purchaser 19 20is lower than the rate where the order is received by the seller.

(4) A purchaser shall have no additional liability to the state for tax, penalty, or interest on a sale for which the purchaser remits tax to the seller in the amount invoiced by the seller if such invoice amount is calculated at either the rate applicable to the location where receipt by the purchaser occurs or at the rate applicable to the location where 26the order is received by the seller. A purchaser may rely on a written representation by the seller as to the location where the order for such 27sale was received by the seller. When the purchaser does not have a 28written representation by the seller as to the location where the order 29for such sale was received by the seller, the purchaser may use a 30 31location indicated by a business address for the seller that is available from the business records of the purchaser that are maintained in the 32ordinary course of the purchaser's business to determine the rate 33 applicable to the location where the order was received. 34

(5) The location where the order is received by or on behalf of 35 the seller means the physical location of a seller or third party such as 36 an established outlet, office location, or automated order receipt system 37 operated by or on behalf of the seller where an order is initially 38 received by or on behalf of the seller and not where the order may be 39 subsequently accepted, completed, or fulfilled. An order is received 40 41 when all of the information from the purchaser necessary to the determination whether the order can be accepted has been received by 42or on behalf of the seller. The location from which a product is shipped 43shall not be used in determining the location where the order is 44 45received by the seller.

46 (6) When taxable services are sold with tangible personal 47 property or digital products pursuant to a single contract or in the 48 same transaction, are billed on the same billing statement or 49 statements, and, because of the application of this section, would be 50 sourced to different jurisdictions, this subsection shall apply to 51 determine the source for tax.

52 2. Except as provided in section 144.112, when the location where 53 the order is received by the seller and the location where the receipt 54 of the product by the purchaser (or the purchaser's donee, designated 55 as such by the purchaser) occurs are in different states, the retail sale, 56 excluding lease or rental, of a product shall be sourced as follows:

57 (1) When the product is received by the purchaser at a business 58 location of the seller, the sale shall be sourced to such business 59 location;

60 (2) When the product is not received by the purchaser at a 61 business location of the seller, the sale shall be sourced to the location 62 where receipt by the purchaser (or the purchaser's donee, designated as such by the purchaser) occurs, including the location indicated by
instructions for delivery to the purchaser or donee, known to the seller;
(3) When subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection do not apply,
the sale shall be sourced to the location indicated by an address for the
purchaser that is available from the business records of the seller that
are maintained in the ordinary course of the seller's business when use
of this address does not constitute bad faith;

(4) When subdivisions (1), (2), and (3) of this subsection do not apply, the sale shall be sourced to the location indicated by an address for the purchaser obtained during the consummation of the sale, including the address of a purchaser's payment instrument, if no other address is available, when use of this address does not constitute bad faith;

76 (5) When none of the previous rules of subdivisions (1), (2), (3), 77and (4) of this subsection do not apply, including the circumstances in 78which the seller is without sufficient information to apply the previous rules, then the location will be determined by the address from which 79 tangible personal property was shipped, from which the digital good or 80 computer software delivered electronically was first available for 81 82 transmission from the seller, or from which the service was provided 83 (disregarding for these purposes any location that merely provided the 84 digital transfer of the product sold).

85 3. Notwithstanding subsections 1 and 2 of this section, all sales 86 of motor vehicles, trailers, semi-trailers, watercraft, outboard motors, 87 and aircraft that do not qualify as transportation equipment shall be 88 sourced to the address of the owner thereof.

4. The lease or rental of tangible personal property, other than
property identified in subsection 2 or 3 of this section, shall be sourced
as follows:

92 (1) For a lease or rental that requires recurring periodic 93 payments, the first periodic payment is sourced the same as a retail 94 sale in accordance with the provisions of subsection 1 of this section. Periodic payments made subsequent to the first payment are 9596 sourced to the primary property location for each period covered by the payment. The primary property location shall be as indicated by 97 an address for the property provided by the lessee that is available to 9899 the lessor from its records maintained in the ordinary course of business, when use of this address does not constitute bad faith. The
property location shall not be altered by intermittent use at different
locations, such as use of business property that accompanies employees
on business trips and service calls;

104 (2) For a lease or rental that does not require recurring periodic
105 payments, the payment is sourced the same as a retail sale in
106 accordance with the provisions of subsection 1 of this section;

107 (3) This subsection does not affect the imposition or computation
108 of sales or use tax on leases or rentals based on a lump sum or
109 accelerated basis, or on the acquisition of property for lease.

5. The lease or rental of motor vehicles, trailers, semi-trailers, or
aircraft that do not qualify as transportation equipment, as defined in
section 144.010, shall be sourced as follows:

(1) For a lease or rental that requires recurring periodic payments, each periodic payment is sourced to the primary property location. The primary property location shall be as indicated by an address for the property provided by the lessee that is available to the lessor from its records maintained in the ordinary course of business, when use of such address does not constitute bad faith. Such location shall not be altered by intermittent use at different locations;

(2) For a lease or rental that does not require recurring periodic
payments, the payment is sourced the same as a retail sale in
accordance with the provisions of subsection 1 of this section;

(3) This subsection does not affect the imposition or computation
of sales or use tax on leases or rentals based on a lump sum or
accelerated basis, or on the acquisition of property for lease.

6. The retail sale, including lease or rental, of transportation equipment shall be sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance with the provisions of subsection 1 of this section, notwithstanding the exclusion of lease or rental in subsection 1 of this section.

144.112. 1. The retail sale of a product shall be sourced in accordance with section 144.111. The provisions of section 144.111 shall apply regardless of the characterization of a product as tangible personal property, a digital good, or a service. The provisions of section 144.111 shall only apply to determine a seller's obligation to pay or collect and remit sales or use tax with respect to the seller's retail retail a seller's network of this subsection shall not affect the 14

8 obligation of a purchaser or lessee to remit tax on the use of the
9 product to the taxing jurisdictions of that use.

2. Section 144.111 shall not apply to sales or use taxes levied on
the following:

12 (1) Retail sales or transfers of watercraft, modular homes,
13 manufactured homes, or mobile homes; and

(2) Telecommunications services and ancillary services.

144.113. 1. (1) A purchaser of advertising and promotional direct2 mail may provide the seller with either:

3 (a) A direct pay permit;

4 (b) An agreement certificate of exemption claiming direct mail 5 (or other written statement approved, authorized, or accepted by the 6 state); or

7 (c) Information showing the jurisdictions to which the 8 advertising and promotional direct mail is to be delivered to recipients.

9 (2) If the purchaser provides the permit, certificate, or statement referred to in paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of 10 this section, the seller, in the absence of bad faith, is relieved of all 11 obligations to collect, pay, or remit any tax on any transaction 1213 involving advertising and promotional direct mail to which the permit, certificate, or statement applies. The purchaser shall source the sale 1415to the jurisdictions to which the advertising and promotional direct 16 mail is to be delivered to the recipients and shall report and pay any 17 applicable tax due.

18 (3) If the purchaser provides the seller information showing the 19 jurisdictions to which the advertising and promotional direct mail is to be delivered to recipients, the seller shall source the sale to the 2021jurisdictions to which the advertising and promotional direct mail is to be delivered and shall collect and remit the applicable tax. In the 22absence of bad faith, the seller is relieved of any further obligation to 23collect any additional tax on the sale of advertising and promotional 2425direct mail where the seller has sourced the sale according to the 26delivery information provided by the purchaser.

(4) If the purchaser does not provide the seller with any of the
items listed in paragraph (a), (b), or (c) of subdivision (1) of subsection
1 of this section, the sale shall be sourced according to subdivision (5)
of subsection 2 of section 144.111. The state to which the advertising

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and promotional direct mail is delivered may disallow credit for tax
paid on sales sourced under this subdivision.

(5) Notwithstanding section 144.111, this subsection shall apply
 to sales of advertising and promotional direct mail.

2. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, sales of
other direct mail are sourced in accordance with subdivision (3) of
subsection 2 of section 144.111.

38 (2) A purchaser of other direct mail may provide the seller with39 either:

(a) A direct pay permit; or

(b) An agreement certificate of exemption claiming direct mail
(or other written statement approved, authorized, or accepted by the
state).

44 (3) If the purchaser provides the permit, certificate, or statement referred to in paragraph (a) or (b) of subdivision (2) of this subsection, 45the seller, in the absence of bad faith, is relieved of all obligations to 46 collect, pay, or remit any tax on any transaction involving other direct 47mail to which the permit, certificate, or statement 48apply. Notwithstanding subdivision (1) of this subsection, the sale shall 4950be sourced to the jurisdictions to which the other direct mail is to be 51delivered to the recipients and the purchaser shall report and pay 52applicable tax due.

53 (4) Notwithstanding section 144.111, this subsection shall apply
54 to sales of other direct mail.

55 3. (1) (a) This section applies to a transaction characterized 56 under state law as the sale of services only if the service is an integral 57 part of the production and distribution of printed material that meets 58 the definition of direct mail.

(b) This section does not apply to any transaction that includes the development of billing information or the provision of any data processing service that is more than incidental regardless of whether advertising and promotional direct mail is included in the same mailing.

(2) If a transaction is a bundled transaction that includes
advertising and promotion direct mail, this section applies only if the
primary purpose of the transaction is the sale of products or services
that meet the definition of advertising and promotional direct mail.

68 (3) Nothing in this section shall limit any purchaser's:

69 (a) Obligation for sales or use tax to any state to which the direct
70 mail is delivered;

(b) Right under local, state, federal, or constitutional law, to a
credit for sales or use taxes legally due and paid to other jurisdictions;
or

74 (c) Right to a refund of sales or use taxes overpaid to any 75 jurisdiction.

(4) This section applies for purposes of uniformly sourcing direct
mail transactions and does not impose requirements on states
regarding the taxation of products that meet the definition of direct
mail or to the application of sales for resale or other exemptions.

[144.043.] **144.114.** 1. [As used in this section, the following terms 2 mean:

3 (1) "Light aircraft", a light airplane that seats no more than four persons,
4 with a gross weight of three thousand pounds or less, which is primarily used for
5 recreational flying or flight training;

6 (2) "Light aircraft kit", factory manufactured parts and components, 7 including engine, propeller, instruments, wheels, brakes, and air frame parts 8 which make up a complete aircraft kit or partial kit designed to be assembled into 9 a light aircraft and then operated by a qualified purchaser for recreational and 10 educational purposes;

(3) "Parts and components", manufactured light aircraft parts, including
air frame and engine parts, that are required by the qualified purchaser to
complete a light aircraft kit, or spare or replacement parts for an already
completed light aircraft;

(4) "Qualified purchaser", a purchaser of a light aircraft, light aircraft kit, parts or components who is nonresident of this state, who will transport the light aircraft, light aircraft kit, parts or components outside this state within ten days after the date of purchase, and who will register any light aircraft so purchased in another state or country. Such purchaser shall not base such aircraft in this state and such purchaser shall not be a resident of the state unless such purchaser has paid sales or use tax on such aircraft in another state.

22 2. In addition to the exemptions granted under the provisions of section 23 144.030, there shall also be specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 24 144.010 to 144.525, sections 144.600 to 144.748, section 238.235, and from the 25provisions of any local sales tax law, as defined in section 32.085, and from the 26computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable under sections 144.010 to 144.525, sections 144.600 to 144.748, section 238.235, and under any local sales 27tax law, as defined in section 32.085, all sales of new light aircraft, light aircraft 28kits, parts or components manufactured or substantially completed within this 29state, when such new light aircraft, light aircraft kits, parts or components are 30 sold by the manufacturer to a qualified purchaser. The director of revenue shall 31prescribe the manner for a purchaser of a light aircraft, light aircraft kit, parts 32 or components to establish that such person is a qualified purchaser and is 3334 eligible for the exemption established in this section] Except for the defined 35telecommunication services in subsection 3 of this section, the sale of 36 telecommunication service sold on a call-by-call basis shall be sourced 37 to:

(1) Each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call originates and
 terminates in that jurisdiction; or

40 (2) Each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call either 41 originates or terminates and in which the service address is also 42 located.

2. Except for the defined telecommunication services in
subsection 3 of this section, a sale of telecommunications services sold
on a basis other than a call-by-call basis, is sourced to the customer's
place of primary use.

3. The sale of the following telecommunication services shall be
sourced to each level of taxing jurisdiction as follows:

(1) A sale of mobile telecommunications services other than airto-ground radiotelephone service and prepaid calling service, is
sourced to the customer's place of primary use as required by the
Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act;

53 (2) A sale of post-paid calling service is sourced to the 54 origination point of the telecommunications signal as first identified by 55 either:

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(a) The seller's telecommunications system; or

(b) Information received by the seller from its service provider,
where the system used to transport such signals is not that of the seller;
(3) A sale of prepaid calling service or a sale of a prepaid
wireless calling service is sourced in accordance with section 144.111,
provided however, in the case of a sale of prepaid wireless calling

service, the rule provided in subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of section
144.111 shall include as an option the location associated with the
mobile telephone number;

65 (4) A sale of a private communication service is sourced as 66 follows:

(a) Service for a separate charge related to a customer channel
termination point is sourced to each level of jurisdiction in which such
customer channel termination point is located;

(b) Service where all customer termination points are located
entirely within one jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction is sourced in
such jurisdiction in which the customer channel termination points are
located;

(c) Service for segments of a channel between two customer channel termination points located in different jurisdictions and which segment of channel are separately charged is sourced fifty percent in each level of jurisdiction in which the customer channel termination points are located; and

(d) Service for segments of a channel located in more than one jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction and which segments are not separately billed is sourced in each jurisdiction based on the percentage determined by dividing the number of customer channel termination points in such jurisdiction by the total number of customer channel termination points.

4. The sale of internet access service is sourced to the customer's
place of primary use.

5. The sale of an ancillary service is sourced to the customer'splace of primary use.

144.123. 1. The director shall provide and maintain a database 2 that describes boundary changes for all taxing jurisdictions and the 3 effective dates of such changes for sales and use tax purposes.

2. The director shall provide and maintain a database of all sales and use tax rates for all taxing jurisdictions. For the identification of counties and cities, codes corresponding to the rates shall be provided according to Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) as developed by the National Institute of Standards and Technology. For the identification of all other jurisdictions, codes corresponding to the rates shall be in a format determined by the director.

11 3. The director shall provide and maintain a database that 12assigns each five- and nine-digit zip code to the proper rates and taxing jurisdictions. The lowest combined tax rate imposed in the zip code 1314 area shall apply if the area includes more than one tax rate in any level of taxing jurisdiction. If a nine-digit zip code designation is not 15available for a street address, or if a seller or a certified service 16 provider (CSP) is unable to determine the nine-digit zip code 17designation applicable to a purchase after exercising due diligence to 18 19 determine the designation, the seller or CSP may apply the rate for the five-digit zip code area. For purposes of this section, there shall be a 20rebuttable presumption that a seller or CSP has exercised due diligence 2122if the seller has attempted to determine the nine-digit zip code designation by utilizing software approved by the secretary that makes 2324this designation from the street address and the five-digit zip code 25applicable to a purchase.

264. The director may provide address-based boundary database records for assigning taxing jurisdictions and associated rates which 27shall be in addition to the requirements of subsection 3 of this 2829section. The database records shall be in the same approved format as the database records required under subsection 3 of this section and 30 shall meet the requirements developed pursuant to the federal Mobile 31Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Section 119(a). If the 3233 director develops address-based assignment database records pursuant 34 to the agreement, sellers that register under the agreement shall be 35 required to use such database. A seller or CSP shall use such database 36 records in place of the five- and nine-digit zip code database records provided for in subsection 3 of this section. If a seller or CSP is unable 37to determine the applicable rate and jurisdiction using an address-38based database record after exercising due diligence, the seller or CSP 39 may apply the nine-digit zip code designation applicable to a purchase. 40If a nine-digit zip code designation is not available for a street address 41 42or if a seller or CSP is unable to determine the nine-digit zip code designation applicable to a purchase after exercising due diligence to 43determine the designation, the seller or CSP may apply the rate for the 44 five-digit zip code area. For the purposes of this section, there shall be 45a rebuttable presumption that a seller or CSP has exercised due 46 diligence if the seller or CSP has attempted to determine the tax rate 47

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and jurisdiction by utilizing software approved by the director and makes the assignment from the address and zip code information applicable to the purchase. If the director has met the requirements of subsection 3 of this section, the director may also elect to certify

vendor provided address-based databases for assigning tax rates and jurisdictions. The databases shall be in the same approved format as the database records under this section and meet the requirements developed pursuant to the federal Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Section 119(a). If the director certifies a vendor addressbased database, a seller or CSP may use such database in place of the database provided for in this subsection.

5. The electronic databases provided for in subsections 1, 2, 3, 59and 4 of this section shall be in downloadable format as determined by 60 the director. The databases may be directly provided by the director 61 62 or provided by a vendor as designated by the director. A database 63 provided by a vendor as designated by the director shall be applicable and subject to the provisions of section 144.1031 and this section. The 64 databases shall be provided at no cost to the user of the database. The 65 provisions of subsections 3 and 4 of this section shall not apply when 66 67 the purchased product is received by the purchaser at the business location of the seller. 68

69 6. No seller or CSP shall be liable for reliance upon erroneous 70 data provided by the director on tax rates, boundaries, or taxing 71 jurisdiction assignments.

144.124. 1. The director shall complete a taxability matrix. The 2 state's entries in the matrix shall be provided and maintained by the 3 director in a database that is in a downloadable format.

2. The director shall provide reasonable notice of changes in the
5 taxability of the products or services listed in the taxability matrix.

6 3. A seller or CSP shall be relieved from liability to this state or 7 any local taxing jurisdiction for having charged and collected the 8 incorrect amount of state or local sales or use tax resulting from such 9 seller's or CSP's reliance upon erroneous data provided by the director 10 in the taxability matrix.

144.125. 1. (1) Amnesty shall be granted for uncollected or 2 unpaid sales or use tax to a seller who registers to pay or to collect and 3 remit applicable sales or use tax on sales made to purchasers in this 4 state in accordance with the terms of the agreement, provided that the
5 seller was not so registered in this state in the twelve-month period
6 preceding the effective date of this state's participation in the
7 agreement.

8 (2) Amnesty shall preclude assessment for uncollected or unpaid 9 sales or use tax together with penalty or interest for sales made during 10 the period the seller was not registered in this state, provided 11 registration occurs within twelve months of the effective date of this 12 state's participation in the agreement.

13 (3) Amnesty shall be provided if this state joins the agreement14 after the seller has registered.

2. Amnesty shall not be available to a seller with respect to any matter or matters for which the seller received notice of the commencement of an audit and which audit is not yet finally resolved including any related administrative and judicial processes. The amnesty shall not be available for sales or use taxes already paid or remitted to this state or to taxes collected by the seller.

3. Amnesty provided under this section shall be fully effective, absent the seller's fraud or intentional misrepresentation of a material fact, as long as the seller continues registration and payment or collection and remittance of applicable sales or use taxes for a period of at least thirty-six months. The statute of limitations applicable to asserting a tax liability during this thirty-six month period shall be tolled.

4. Amnesty provided under this section shall be applicable only to sales or use taxes due from a seller in its capacity as a seller and not to sales or use taxes due from a seller in its capacity as a purchaser.

5. The provisions of this section shall become effective as of the date that the state joins and becomes a member state of the agreement.

144.140. 1. From every remittance to the director of revenue made on or 2 before the date when the same becomes due, the person required to remit the 3 same shall be entitled to deduct and retain an amount equal to two percent 4 thereof.

5 2. If the director of the department of revenue enters into the 6 streamlined sales and use tax agreement under section 32.070, the 7 director shall provide a monetary allowance from the taxes collected 8 to each of the following: 9 (1) A CSP, in accordance with the agreement and under the 10 terms of the contract signed with the provider, provided that such 11 allowance shall be funded entirely from money collected in Model 1;

(2) Any vendor registered under the agreement that selects a
certified automated system to perform part of its sales or use tax
functions;

15 (3) Any vendor registered under the agreement that uses a 16 proprietary system to calculate taxes due and has entered into a 17 performance agreement with states that are members of the 18 streamlined sales and use tax agreement.

3. The monetary allowance provided for vendors in subdivision
 (2) or (3) of subsection 2 of this section shall be determined in
 accordance with the agreement entered into with these parties by the
 governing board.

4. Any vendor receiving an allowance under subsection 2 of this
section shall not be entitled simultaneously to deduct the allowance
provided for in subsection 1 of this section.

144.210. 1. The burden of proving that a sale of tangible personal $\mathbf{2}$ property, services, substances or things was not a sale at retail shall be upon the 3 person who made the sale, except that with respect to sales, services, or transactions provided for in section 144.070. [The seller shall obtain and 4 maintain exemption certificates signed by the purchaser or his agent as evidence $\mathbf{5}$ for any exempt sales claimed; provided, however, that before any administrative 6 tribunal of this state, a seller may prove that sale is exempt from tax under this 7 chapter in accordance with proof admissible under the applicable rules of 8 evidence; except that when a purchaser has purchased tangible personal property 9 or services sales tax free under a claim of exemption which is found to be 10 improper, the director of revenue may collect the proper amount of tax, interest, 11 additions to tax and penalty from the purchaser directly. Any tax, interest, 1213 additions to tax or penalty collected by the director from the purchaser shall be 14 credited against the amount otherwise due from the seller on the purchases or 15sales where the exemption was claimed.]

16 2. If the director of revenue is not satisfied with the return and payment 17 of the tax made by any person, he is hereby authorized and empowered to make 18 an additional assessment of tax due from such person, based upon the facts 19 contained in the return or upon any information within his possession or that 20 shall come into his possession.

3. The director of revenue shall give to the person written notice of such
additional or revised assessment by certified or registered mail to the person at
his or its last known address.

144.212. 1. In addition to all other provisions of law provided for 2 exemptions, when an exemption is claimed by a purchaser:

3 (1) The seller shall obtain identifying information of the
4 purchaser and the reason for claiming a tax exemption at the time of
5 the purchase;

6 (2) A purchaser shall not be required to provide a signature to 7 claim an exemption from tax unless a paper exemption certificate is 8 used;

9 (3) The seller shall use the standard form for claiming an 10 exemption electronically prescribed by the director of the department 11 of revenue and acceptable to the streamlined sales and use tax 12 governing board;

(4) The seller shall obtain the same information for proof of a
claimed exemption regardless of the medium in which the transaction
occurred;

16 (5) The seller shall maintain proper records of exempt 17 transactions and provide such records to the director of the 18 department of revenue or the director's designee upon request;

19 (6) In the case of drop shipment sales, a third-party vendor, such 20 as a drop shipper, may claim a resale exemption based on an exemption 21 certificate provided by its customer or any other acceptable 22 information available to the third-party vendor evidencing 23 qualification for a resale exemption, regardless of whether the 24 customer is registered to collect and remit sales and use tax in the state 25 where the sale is sourced.

26 2. Sellers that comply with the requirements of this section shall 27 be relieved from collecting and remitting tax otherwise applicable if it 28 is determined that the purchaser improperly claimed an exemption and 29 such purchaser shall be liable for the nonpayment of tax. Relief from 30 liability provided under this section shall not apply to a seller who 31 fraudulently fails to collect tax; to a seller who solicits purchasers to 32 participate in the unlawful claim of an exemption; to a seller who 33 accepts an exemption certificate when the purchaser claims an entity46

34 based exemption when the subject of the transaction sought to be covered by the exemption certificate is actually received by the 35purchaser at a location operated by the seller and the state in which 36 that location resides provides an exemption certificate that clearly and 37affirmatively indicates that the claimed exemption is not available in 3839 such state; or to a seller who accepts an exemption certificate claiming multiple points of use for tangible personal property other than 40 computer software for which an exemption claiming multiple points of 41 42use.

(1) A seller shall be relieved from collecting and remitting tax 43otherwise applicable if the seller obtains a fully completed exemption 44 certificate or captures the relevant data elements required under the 45agreement within ninety days subsequent to the date of sale.

47(2) If a seller fails to obtain an exemption certificate or all relevant data elements as provided in this section, the seller may, 48 within one hundred twenty days subsequent to a request for 49 substantiation by the director of the department of revenue or the 50director's designee, either prove that the transaction was not subject 51to tax by other means or obtain a fully completed exemption certificate 5253from the purchaser, taken in good faith.

3. Nothing in this section shall affect the ability of the director 5455of the department of revenue or the director's designee to require 56purchasers to update exemption certificate information or to reapply 57with the state to claim certain exemptions.

584. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 2 of this section 59to the contrary, the director shall relieve a seller of the tax otherwise applicable if the seller obtains a blanket exemption certificate for a 60 purchaser with which the seller has a recurring business 61 relationship. The director shall not request from the seller renewal of 62 blanket certificates or updates of exemption certificate information or 63 64 data elements when there is a recurring business relationship between the buyer and seller. For purposes of this section, a recurring business 65relationship exists when a period of no more than twelve months 66 67 elapses between sales transactions.

144.285. 1. [In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax to collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to $\mathbf{2}$ change the requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy of the 3

4 tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the director of revenue shall
5 establish brackets, showing the amounts of tax to be collected on sales of specified
6 amounts, which shall be applicable to all taxable transactions] When the seller
7 is computing the amount of tax owed by the purchaser and remitted to
8 the state:

9 (1) Tax computation shall be carried to the third decimal place;10 and

(2) The tax shall be rounded to a whole cent using a method that
rounds up to the next cent whenever the third decimal place is greater
than four.

2. [In all instances where statements covering taxable purchases are 14 rendered to the taxpayer on a monthly or other periodic basis, the amount of tax 1516shall be determined by applying the applicable tax rate to the taxable purchases 17represented on the statement, rounded to the nearest whole cent, or by application of the brackets established by the director of revenue, at the option 18 19of the retail vendor] Sellers may elect to compute the tax due on a transaction on an item or an invoice basis. The provision of this 20subsection may be applied to the aggregated state and local taxes. 21

3. No vendor or seller shall knowingly charge or receive from a purchaser
as a sales tax any sum in excess of the sums provided for in this section.

4. [A vendor may, at his option, determine the amount charged to and received from each purchaser by use of a formula which applies the applicable tax rate to each taxable purchase, rounded to the nearest whole cent. The formula shall be uniformly and consistently applied to all purchases similarly situated.

5.] Amounts which a vendor charges to and receives from the purchaser in accordance with this section shall not be includable in his gross receipts if the amounts are separately charged or stated.

31[6.] 5. If sales tax for one or more local political subdivisions is owed by a taxpayer pursuant to chapter 66, 67, 92, or 94 and that taxpayer remits less 32than all sales tax due for a filing period specified in section 144.080, the director 33 of revenue shall deposit the tax remitted proportionately to each taxing 34jurisdiction in accordance with the percentage that each such jurisdiction's share 35 36 of the tax due for the filing period bears to the total tax due from such taxpayer for such period. The unpaid balance due along with penalties and interest shall 37 be similarly prorated among the state and all local jurisdictions for which tax was 3839 due during the filing period for which an underpayment occurs. The provisions of this subsection shall apply to all returns or remittances relating to sales madeon or after January 1, 1984.

144.526. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the "Show 2 Me Green Sales Tax Holiday".

3 2. [For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:

4 (1) "Appliance", clothes washers and dryers, water heaters, trash 5 compactors, dishwashers, conventional ovens, ranges, stoves, air conditioners, 6 furnaces, refrigerators and freezers; and

7 (2) "Energy star certified", any appliance approved by both the United
8 States Environmental Protection Agency and the United States Department of
9 Energy as eligible to display the energy star label, as amended from time to time.

3.] In each year beginning on or after January 1, 2009, there is hereby
specifically exempted from state sales tax law all retail sales of any [energy star
certified] new appliance that is an energy star qualified product, up to one
thousand five hundred dollars per appliance, during a seven-day period beginning
at 12:01 a.m. on April nineteenth and ending at midnight on April twenty-fifth.

15 [4. A political subdivision may allow the sales tax holiday under this 16 section to apply to its local sales taxes by enacting an ordinance to that 17 effect. Any such political subdivision shall notify the department of revenue not 18 less than forty-five calendar days prior to the beginning date of the sales tax 19 holiday occurring in that year of any such ordinance or order.

5. This section may not apply to any retailer when less than two percent of the retailer's merchandise offered for sale qualifies for the sales tax holiday. The retailer shall offer a sales tax refund in lieu of the sales tax holiday.]

144.655. 1. Every vendor, on or before the last day of the month following each calendar quarterly period of three months, shall file with the director of $\mathbf{2}$ revenue a return of all taxes collected for the preceding quarter in the form 3 prescribed by the director of revenue, showing the total sales price of the tangible 4 personal property sold by the vendor, the storage, use or consumption of which 5is subject to the tax levied by this law, and other information the director of 6 revenue deems necessary. The return shall be accompanied by a remittance of 7 8 the amount of the tax required to be collected by the vendor during the period 9 covered by the return. Returns shall be signed by the vendor or the vendor's authorized agent. The director of revenue may promulgate rules or regulations 10 11 changing the filing and payment requirements of vendors, but shall not require

12 any vendor to file and pay more frequently than required in this section.

2. Where the aggregate amount of tax required to be collected by a vendor is in excess of two hundred and fifty dollars for either the first or second month of a calendar quarter, the vendor shall pay such aggregate amount for such months to the director of revenue by the twentieth day of the succeeding month. The amount so paid shall be allowed as a credit against the liability shown on the vendor's quarterly return required by this section.

Where the aggregate amount of tax required to be collected by a vendor
 is less than forty-five dollars in a calendar quarter, the director of revenue shall
 by regulation permit the vendor to file a return for a calendar year. The return
 shall be filed and the taxes paid on or before January thirty-first of the
 succeeding year.

244. Except as provided in subsection 5 of this section, every person 25purchasing tangible personal property, the storage, use or consumption of which 26is subject to the tax levied by sections 144.600 to 144.748, who has not paid the tax due to a vendor registered in accordance with the provisions of section 2728144.650, shall file with the director of revenue a return for the preceding 29reporting period in the form and manner that the director of revenue prescribes, showing the total sales price of the tangible property purchased during the 30 preceding reporting period and any other information that the director of revenue 3132deems necessary for the proper administration of sections 144.600 to 33 144.748. The return shall be accompanied by a remittance of the amount of the tax required by sections 144.600 to 144.748 to be paid by the person. Returns 34 35shall be signed by the person liable for the tax or such person's duly authorized 36 agent. For purposes of this subsection, the reporting period shall be determined by the director of revenue and may be a calendar quarter or a calendar 37year. Annual returns and payments required by the director pursuant to this 38 subsection shall be due on or before April fifteenth of the year for the preceding 39 calendar year and quarterly returns and payments shall be due on or before the 40 last day of the month following each calendar period of three months. Upon the 41 taxpayer's request, the director may allow the filing of such returns and payments 42 on a monthly basis. If a taxpayer elects to file a monthly return and payment, 4344such return and payment shall be due on or before the twentieth day of the 45succeeding month.

5. Any person purchasing tangible personal property subject to the taxes imposed by sections 144.600 to 144.748 shall not be required to file a use tax return with the director of revenue if such purchases on which such taxes werenot paid do not exceed in the aggregate two thousand dollars in any calendaryear.

6. Nothing in subsection 5 of this section shall relieve a vendor of liability to collect the tax imposed pursuant to sections 144.600 to 144.748 on the total gross receipts of all sales of tangible personal property used, stored or consumed in this state and to remit all taxes collected to the director of revenue in accordance with the provisions of this section nor shall it relieve a purchaser from paying such taxes to a vendor registered in accordance with the provisions of section 144.650.

587. Any out-of-state seller which is not legally required to register 59for use tax in this state but chooses to collect and remit use tax under 60 sections 144.600 to 144.761 shall file a return for the calendar year. The 61 return shall be filed and the taxes paid on or before January thirtyfirst of the succeeding year. In the event that any out-of-state seller 62 which is not legally required to register for use tax in this state but 63 chooses to collect and remit use tax under sections 144.600 to 144.761 64 has accumulated state and local use tax funds in an amount equal to 65 one thousand dollars or more, such vendor shall file a return and remit 66 the amount due for the month in which the accumulated state and local 67 use tax funds equal or exceed one thousand dollars. 68

144.710. [From every remittance made by a vendor as required by sections 144.600 to 144.745 to the director of revenue on or before the date when the remittance becomes due, the vendor may deduct and retain an amount equal to two percent thereof] Sections 144.210 and 144.212, pertaining to the allowance for timely remittance of payment, are applicable to the tax levied by this law.

221.407. 1. The commission of any regional jail district may impose, by $\mathbf{2}$ order, a sales tax in the amount of one-eighth of one percent, one-fourth of one percent, three-eighths of one percent, or one-half of one percent on all retail sales 3 made in such region which are subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of 4 sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the purpose of providing jail services and court 5facilities and equipment for such region. The tax authorized by this section shall 6 be in addition to any and all other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no 7 order imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section shall be effective unless the 8 commission submits to the voters of the district, on any election date authorized 9

10 in chapter 115, a proposal to authorize the commission to impose a tax.

 \Box YES

2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, thefollowing language:

Shall the regional jail district of (counties' names) impose a
region-wide sales tax of (insert amount) for the purpose of providing
jail services and court facilities and equipment for the region?

16

\Box NO

17 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you18 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No".

19 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the 20district voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the order and any amendment to such order shall be in effect [on the first day of the second quarter 2122immediately following the election approving the proposal as provided by 23subsection 19 of section 32.087. If the proposal receives less than the required majority, the commission shall have no power to impose the sales tax 24authorized pursuant to this section unless and until the commission shall again 2526have submitted another proposal to authorize the commission to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the required 27majority of the qualified voters of the district voting on such proposal; however, 2829in no event shall a proposal pursuant to this section be submitted to the voters 30 sooner than twelve months from the date of the last submission of a proposal 31pursuant to this section.

32 3. All revenue received by a district from the tax authorized pursuant to 33 this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for 34 providing jail services and court facilities and equipment for such district for so 35 long as the tax shall remain in effect.

4. Once the tax authorized by this section is abolished or terminated by any means, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall be used solely for providing jail services and court facilities and equipment for the district. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the commission in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other county funds.

5. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue pursuant to this section on behalf of any district, less one percent for cost of collection which shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in section 32.087, shall be deposited in a special trust

fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the "Regional Jail District Sales 4647Tax Trust Fund". The moneys in the regional jail district sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any funds 48 of the state. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount 49 of money in the trust fund which was collected in each district imposing a sales 50tax pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of 5152officers of each member county and the public. Not later than the tenth day of 53each month the director of revenue shall distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to the district which levied the tax. Such 5455funds shall be deposited with the treasurer of each such district, and all 56expenditures of funds arising from the regional jail district sales tax trust fund 57shall be paid pursuant to an appropriation adopted by the commission and shall 58be approved by the commission. Expenditures may be made from the fund for any function authorized in the order adopted by the commission submitting the 5960 regional jail district tax to the voters.

6. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to make 61 62 refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any district for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks 63 64 and drafts deposited to the credit of such districts. If any district abolishes the tax, the commission shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least 6566 ninety days] prior to the effective date of the repeal, and the director of revenue 67 may order retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of 68 the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or 69 overpayment of the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to 70the credit of such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of the tax in such district, the director of revenue shall remit the 71balance in the account to the district and close the account of that district. The 72director of revenue shall notify each district in each instance of any amount 73refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the district. 74

75 7. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections 32.085 76 [and] to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.

77

8. The provisions of this section shall expire September 30, 2015.

238.235. 1. (1) Any transportation development district may by 2 resolution impose a transportation development district sales tax on all retail 3 sales made in such transportation development district which are subject to 4 taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, except such

5transportation development district sales tax shall not apply to the sale or use of 6 motor vehicles, trailers, boats, or outboard motors [nor to all sales of electricity or electrical current, water and gas, natural or artificial, nor to sales of service 7 to telephone subscribers, either local or long distance]. Such transportation 8 development district sales tax may be imposed for any transportation 9 development purpose designated by the transportation development district in its 10 ballot of submission to its qualified voters, except that no resolution enacted 11 12pursuant to the authority granted by this section shall be effective unless:

(a) The board of directors of the transportation development district
submits to the qualified voters of the transportation development district a
proposal to authorize the board of directors of the transportation development
district to impose or increase the levy of an existing tax pursuant to the
provisions of this section; or

(b) The voters approved the question certified by the petition filedpursuant to subsection 5 of section 238.207.

20 (2) If the transportation district submits to the qualified voters of the 21 transportation development district a proposal to authorize the board of directors 22 of the transportation development district to impose or increase the levy of an 23 existing tax pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (a) of subdivision (1) of this 24 subsection, the ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the 25 following language:

31

\Box YES \Box NO

32 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you33 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the resolution and any amendments thereto shall be in effect **as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087**. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed to the proposal, then the board of directors of the transportation development district shall have no power to impose the sales tax authorized by this section unless and until the board of directors of the transportation development district shall again 41 have submitted another proposal to authorize it to impose the sales tax pursuant
42 to the provisions of this section and such proposal is approved by a majority of
43 the qualified voters voting thereon.

(3) [The sales tax authorized by this section shall become effective on the
first day of the second calendar quarter after the department of revenue receives
notification of the tax.

47 (4) In each transportation development district in which a sales tax has 48 been imposed in the manner provided by this section, every retailer shall add the 49 tax imposed by the transportation development district pursuant to this section 50 to the retailer's sale price, and when so added such tax shall constitute a part of 51 the price, shall be a debt of the purchaser to the retailer until paid, and shall be 52 recoverable at law in the same manner as the purchase price.

53 (5) In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax 54 authorized by this section to collect the amount required to be reported and 55 remitted, but not to change the requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to 56 serve as a levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the 57 transportation development district may establish appropriate brackets which 58 shall be used in the district imposing a tax pursuant to this section in lieu of 59 those brackets provided in section 144.285.

60 (6)] All revenue received by a transportation development district from the 61tax authorized by this section which has been designated for a certain 62 transportation development purpose shall be deposited in a special trust fund and 63 shall be used solely for such designated purpose. Upon the expiration of the period of years approved by the qualified voters pursuant to subdivision (2) of this 64 65subsection or if the tax authorized by this section is repealed pursuant to subsection 6 of this section, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall 66 continue to be used solely for such designated transportation development 67 68 purpose. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the board of directors in accordance with 69 70 applicable laws relating to the investment of other transportation development district funds. 71

[(7)] (4) The sales tax may be imposed in increments of one-eighth of one percent, up to a maximum of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail within the transportation development district adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, except such transportation development district sales tax shall not apply to the sale or use of motor vehicles[, trailers,] **and** boats [or outboard motors nor to public utilities]. Any transportation development district sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be imposed at a rate that shall be uniform throughout the district.

82 2. The resolution imposing the sales tax pursuant to this section shall 83 impose upon all sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable services at retail to the 84 extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525, and the rules 85 86 and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that 87 the rate of the tax shall be the rate imposed by the resolution as the sales tax and 88 the tax shall be reported and returned to and collected by the transportation 89 development district.

90 3. [On and after the effective date of any tax imposed pursuant to this 91 section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director 92 93 of revenue shall collect, in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, the additional tax authorized pursuant to this section. The tax imposed pursuant to 94 95this section and the taxes imposed pursuant to all other laws of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and pursuant 96 97 to such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director 98 of revenue.

4. (1) All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525,
governing the state sales tax, sections 32.085 and 32.087 and section 32.057, the
uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed
by this section, except as modified in this section.

(2) All exemptions granted to agencies of government, organizations,
persons and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property
and taxable services pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 are
hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax imposed by this
section.

(3) The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate
required by sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration and collection of
the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no
additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required;
except that the transportation development district may prescribe a form of

113 exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by this section.

(4) All discounts allowed the retailer pursuant to the provisions of the state sales tax laws for the collection of and for payment of taxes pursuant to such laws are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected pursuant to the provisions of this section.

(5) The penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to
144.525 for violation of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations
of this section.

121(6) For the purpose of a sales tax imposed by a resolution pursuant to this 122section, all retail sales except retail sales of motor vehicles shall be deemed to be 123consummated at the place of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal 124property sold is delivered by the retailer or the retailer's agent to an out-of-state 125destination or to a common carrier for delivery to an out-of-state destination. In 126 the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this state which 127participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal 128129property is taken, even though the order must be forwarded elsewhere for 130 acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's 131employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which 132the employee works.

5.] All sales taxes received by the transportation development district shall be deposited by the director of revenue in a special fund to be expended for the purposes authorized in this section. The director of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money which was collected pursuant to this section, and the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each transportation development district and the general public.

[6.] 4. (1) No transportation development district imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section may repeal or amend such sales tax unless such repeal or amendment will not impair the district's ability to repay any liabilities which it has incurred, money which it has borrowed or revenue bonds, notes or other obligations which it has issued or which have been issued by the commission or any local transportation authority to finance any project or projects.

(2) Whenever the board of directors of any transportation development district in which a transportation development sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the qualified voters calling for an election to repeal such transportation development 181

149sales tax, the board of directors shall, if such repeal will not impair the district's 150ability to repay any liabilities which it has incurred, money which it has borrowed or revenue bonds, notes or other obligations which it has issued or which have 151152been issued by the commission or any local transportation authority to finance 153any project or projects, submit to the qualified voters of such transportation 154development district a proposal to repeal the transportation development sales tax imposed pursuant to the provisions of this section. If a majority of the votes 155156 cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal the transportation development sales tax, then the resolution 157158imposing the transportation development sales tax, along with any amendments 159thereto, is repealed as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a 160majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to 161 the proposal to repeal the transportation development sales tax, then the 162ordinance or resolution imposing the transportation development sales tax, along 163 with any amendments thereto, shall remain in effect.

[7.] 5. Notwithstanding any provision of sections 99.800 to 99.865 and this section to the contrary, the sales tax imposed by a district whose project is a public mass transportation system shall not be considered economic activity taxes as such term is defined under sections 99.805 and 99.918 and shall not be subject to allocation under the provisions of subsection 3 of section 99.845, or subsection 4 of section 99.957.

170 6. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the 171provisions of this section, the director of revenue shall perform all 172functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and 173operation of the tax and collect, in addition to the sales tax for the 174state of Missouri, the additional tax authorized under the authority of 175this section. The tax imposed under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected 176together and reported upon such forms and under such administrative 177rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue. 178179 7. Except as provided in this section, all provisions of sections

180 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed under this section.

238.410. 1. Any county transit authority established pursuant to section
238.400 may impose a sales tax of up to one percent on all retail sales made in
such county which are subject to taxation under the provisions of sections 144.010
to 144.525. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to any and all

5 other sales taxes allowed by law, except that no sales tax imposed under the 6 provisions of this section shall be effective unless the governing body of the 7 county, on behalf of the transit authority, submits to the voters of the county, at 8 a county or state general, primary or special election, a proposal to authorize the 9 transit authority to impose a tax.

10 2. The ballot of submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the11 following language:

Shall the Transit Authority impose a countywide sales tax of
(insert amount) in order to provide revenues for the operation of transportation
facilities operated by the transit authority?

15

16 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "YES". If you 17 are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "NO".

 \square NO

□ YES

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters voting 18 19 thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the tax shall become effective [on the first day of the second calendar quarter following notification to the department 20of revenue of adoption of the tax] as provided by subsection 19 of section 21**32.087**. If a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are opposed 22to the proposal, then the transit authority shall have no power to impose the 2324sales tax authorized by this section unless and until another proposal to 25authorize the transit authority to impose the sales tax authorized by this section 26has been submitted and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified 27voters voting thereon.

283. All revenue received by the transit authority from the tax authorized 29 under the provisions of this section shall be deposited in a special trust fund and 30 shall be used solely by the transit authority for construction, purchase, lease, 31 maintenance and operation of transportation facilities located within the county for so long as the tax shall remain in effect. Any funds in such special trust fund 32which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the transit 33 authority in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of county 34funds. 35

4. No transit authority imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section may repeal or amend such sales tax unless such repeal or amendment is submitted to and approved by the voters of the county in the same manner as provided in subsection 1 of this section for approval of such tax. Whenever the governing body of any county in which a sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided 41 by this section receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the registered voters 42of such county voting in the last gubernatorial election, calling for an election to repeal such sales tax, the governing body shall submit to the voters of such 43county a proposal to repeal the sales tax imposed under the provisions of this 44 section. If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the registered voters 45voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal the sales tax, then such sales 46 tax is repealed as provided by subsection 19 of section 32.087. If a majority 47of the votes cast by the registered voters voting thereon are opposed to the 48 proposal to repeal the sales tax, then such sales tax shall remain in effect. 49

505. The sales tax imposed under the provisions of this section shall impose 51upon all sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling 52tangible personal property or rendering taxable services at retail to the extent 53and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525 and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the 54rate of the tax shall be the rate approved pursuant to this section. The amount 5556reported and returned to the director of revenue by the seller shall be computed 57on the basis of the combined rate of the tax imposed by sections 144.010 to 144.525 and the tax imposed by this section, plus any amounts imposed under 5859other provisions of law.

60 6. After the effective date of any tax imposed under the provisions of this 61 section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director 62 63 of revenue shall collect in addition to the sales tax for the state of Missouri the additional tax authorized under the authority of this section. The tax imposed 64 65 under this section and the tax imposed under the sales tax law of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and under such 66 administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of 67 revenue. In order to permit sellers required to collect and report the sales tax to 68 collect the amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change the 69 requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a levy of the tax, and in 70 order to avoid fractions of pennies, the applicable provisions of section 144.285 7172shall apply to all taxable transactions.

73 7. All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525 74 governing the state sales tax and section 32.057, the uniform confidentiality 75 provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by this section, except 76 as modified in this section. All exemptions granted to agencies of government,

77organizations, persons and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible 78personal property and taxable services under the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the tax 79 imposed by this section. The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and 80 retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.525 for the administration 81 and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, 82 83 and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the director of revenue may prescribe a form of exemption 84 85certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by this section. All discounts allowed the retailer under the provisions of the state sales tax law for the 86 87 collection of and for payment of taxes under chapter 144 are hereby allowed and 88 made applicable to any taxes collected under the provisions of this section. The 89 penalties provided in section 32.057 and sections 144.010 to 144.525 for a violation of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations of this section. 90

91 8. [For the purposes of a sales tax imposed pursuant to this section, all retail sales shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the 9293 retailer, except for tangible personal property sold which is delivered by the retailer or his agent to an out-of-state destination or to a common carrier for 94 95delivery to an out-of-state destination and except for the sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors, which is provided for in subsection 12 of this 96 97 section. In the event a retailer has more than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the 98 99 place of business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal 100 property is taken, even though the order must be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit, shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's 101 employee shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which 102103 he works.

9.] All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue under this section 104 on behalf of any transit authority, less one percent for cost of collection which 105106 shall be deposited in the state's general revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as provided in this section, shall be deposited in the state 107 108treasury in a special trust fund, which is hereby created, to be known as the 109"County Transit Authority Sales Tax Trust Fund". The moneys in the county 110 transit authority sales tax trust fund shall not be deemed to be state funds and 111 shall not be commingled with any funds of the state. The director of revenue 112shall keep accurate records of the amount of money in the trust fund which was 113 collected in each transit authority imposing a sales tax under this section, and 114 the records shall be open to the inspection of officers of the county and the 115 public. Not later than the tenth day of each month the director of revenue shall 116 distribute all moneys deposited in the trust fund during the preceding month to 117 the transit authority which levied the tax.

118 [10.] 9. The director of revenue may authorize the state treasurer to 119 make refunds from the amounts in the trust fund and credited to any transit 120authority for erroneous payments and overpayments made, and may authorize the 121 state treasurer to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of 122such transit authorities. If any transit authority abolishes the tax, the transit 123 authority shall notify the director of revenue of the action [at least ninety days] 124prior to the effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may order 125retention in the trust fund, for a period of one year, of two percent of the amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible refunds or overpayment of 126 127the tax and to redeem dishonored checks and drafts deposited to the credit of 128 such accounts. After one year has elapsed after the effective date of abolition of 129the tax in such transit authority, the director of revenue shall authorize the state 130 treasurer to remit the balance in the account to the transit authority and close the account of that transit authority. The director of revenue shall notify each 131 132transit authority of each instance of any amount refunded or any check redeemed 133from receipts due the transit authority. The director of revenue shall annually report on his management of the trust fund and administration of the sales taxes 134135authorized by this section. He shall provide each transit authority imposing the 136tax authorized by this section with a detailed accounting of the source of all funds 137received by him for the transit authority.

138 [11.] 10. The director of revenue and any of his deputies, assistants and 139employees who shall have any duties or responsibilities in connection with the 140 collection, deposit, transfer, transmittal, disbursement, safekeeping, accounting, or recording of funds which come into the hands of the director of revenue under 141 142the provisions of this section shall enter a surety bond or bonds payable to any and all transit authorities in whose behalf such funds have been collected under 143144 this section in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars; but the director of 145revenue may enter into a blanket bond or bonds covering himself and all such 146 deputies, assistants and employees. The cost of the premium or premiums for the 147 surety bond or bonds shall be paid by the director of revenue from the share of the collection retained by the director of revenue for the benefit of the state. 148

149[12.] 11. Sales taxes imposed pursuant to this section and use taxes on 150the purchase and sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors shall not be collected and remitted by the seller, but shall be collected by the director 151of revenue at the time application is made for a certificate of title, if the address 152of the applicant is within a county where a sales tax is imposed under this 153section. The amounts so collected, less the one percent collection cost, shall be 154deposited in the county transit authority sales tax trust fund. The purchase or 155156sale of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, and outboard motors shall be deemed to be consummated at the address of the applicant. As used in this subsection, the 157158term "boat" shall only include motorboats and vessels as the terms "motorboat" 159and "vessel" are defined in section 306.010.

160 [13.] 12. In any county where the transit authority sales tax has been 161 imposed, if any person is delinquent in the payment of the amount required to be paid by him under this section or in the event a determination has been made 162163against him for taxes and penalty under this section, the limitation for bringing suit for the collection of the delinquent tax and penalty shall be the same as that 164 165provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525. Where the director of revenue has 166 determined that suit must be filed against any person for the collection of 167 delinquent taxes due the state under the state sales tax law, and where such 168 person is also delinquent in payment of taxes under this section, the director of 169 revenue shall notify the transit authority to which delinquent taxes are due under this section by United States registered mail or certified mail at least ten 170171days before turning the case over to the attorney general. The transit authority, 172acting through its attorney, may join in such suit as a party plaintiff to seek a 173judgment for the delinquent taxes and penalty due such transit authority. In the event any person fails or refuses to pay the amount of any sales tax due under 174this section, the director of revenue shall promptly notify the transit authority to 175176which the tax would be due so that appropriate action may be taken by the 177transit authority.

[14.] 13. Where property is seized by the director of revenue under the provisions of any law authorizing seizure of the property of a taxpayer who is delinquent in payment of the tax imposed by the state sales tax law, and where such taxpayer is also delinquent in payment of any tax imposed by this section, the director of revenue shall permit the transit authority to join in any sale of property to pay the delinquent taxes and penalties due the state and to the transit authority under this section. The proceeds from such sale shall first be applied to all sums due the state, and the remainder, if any, shall be applied toall sums due such transit authority under this section.

[15. The transit authority created under the provisions of sections 238.400
to 238.412 shall notify any and all affected businesses of the change in tax rate
caused by the imposition of the tax authorized by sections 238.400 to 238.412.

190 16.] 14. In the event that any transit authority in any county with a 191 charter form of government and with more than two hundred fifty thousand but 192 fewer than three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants submits a proposal in any 193 election to increase the sales tax under this section, and such proposal is 194 approved by the voters, the county shall be reimbursed for the costs of submitting 195 such proposal from the funds derived from the tax levied under this section.

196 15. Except as provided in sections 238.400 to 238.412, all 197 provisions of sections 32.085 to 32.087 shall apply to the tax imposed 198 under sections 238.410 to 238.412.

[66.601. The duties of the director of revenue with respect $\mathbf{2}$ to the allocation, division and distribution of sales and use tax 3 proceeds determined to be due any county of the first classification 4 having a charter form of government and having a population of $\mathbf{5}$ nine hundred thousand or more inhabitants and all municipalities 6 within such county, resulting from taxes levied or imposed under 7 the authority of sections 66.600 to 66.630, section 144.748, and 8 sections 94.850 to 94.857, may be delegated to the county levying 9 the county sales tax under sections 66.600 to 66.630, at the 10 discretion of the director of revenue and with the consent of the county. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057 to the 11 12contrary, if such duties are so assigned, the director of revenue 13shall furnish the county with sufficient information to perform such 14duties in such form as may be agreed upon by the director and the county at no cost to the county. The county shall be bound by the 1516provisions of section 32.057, and shall use any information provided by the director of revenue under the provisions of this 17section solely for the purpose of allocating, dividing and 18 19distributing such sales and use tax revenues. The county shall 20exercise all of the director's powers and duties with respect to such 21allocation, division and distribution, and shall receive no fee for 22carrying out such powers and duties.]

[67.1713. Beginning January 1, 2002, there is hereby specifically exempted from the tax imposed pursuant to section 67.1712 all sales of food as defined by section 144.014.]

[67.1971. All entities remitting the sales tax authorized pursuant to section 67.1959 shall have their liability reduced by an amount equal to twenty-five percent of any taxes collected and remitted pursuant to sections 94.802 to 94.805.]

[144.069. All sales taxes associated with the titling of motor $\mathbf{2}$ vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors under the laws of Missouri shall be imposed at the rate in effect at the location of the 3 address of the owner thereof, and all sales taxes associated with 4 5 the titling of vehicles under leases of over sixty-day duration of 6 motor vehicles, trailers, boats and outboard motors shall be 7 imposed at the rate in effect, unless the vehicle, trailer, boat or 8 motor has been registered and sales taxes have been paid prior to 9 the consummation of the lease agreement at the location of the 10 address of the lessee thereof on the date the lease is consummated, and all applicable sales taxes levied by any political subdivision 11 shall be collected and remitted on such sales from the purchaser or 1213lessee by the state department of revenue on that basis.]

[144.517. In addition to the exemptions granted pursuant $\mathbf{2}$ to section 144.030, there shall also be exempted from state sales 3 and use taxes all sales of textbooks, as defined by section 170.051, 4 when such textbook is purchased by a student who possesses proof of current enrollment at any Missouri public or private university, $\mathbf{5}$ college or other postsecondary institution of higher learning 6 7 offering a course of study leading to a degree in the liberal arts, 8 humanities or sciences or in a professional, vocational or technical 9 field, provided that the books which are exempt from state sales 10 tax are those required or recommended for a class. Upon request the institution or department must provide at least one list of 11 12textbooks to the bookstore each semester. Alternately, the student 13 may provide to the bookstore a list from the instructor, department 14or institution of his or her required or recommended 15textbooks. This exemption shall not apply to any locally imposed 16 sales or use tax.]

[144.605. The following words and phrases as used in $\mathbf{2}$ sections 144.600 to 144.745 mean and include: 3 (1) "Calendar quarter", the period of three consecutive 4 calendar months ending on March thirty-first, June thirtieth, $\mathbf{5}$ September thirtieth or December thirty-first; 6 (2) "Engages in business activities within this state" includes: 7 8 (a) Maintaining or having a franchisee or licensee operating 9 under the seller's trade name in this state if the franchisee or 10 licensee is required to collect sales tax pursuant to sections 144.010 11 to 144.525; (b) Soliciting sales or taking orders by sales agents or 1213 traveling representatives; (c) A vendor is presumed to engage in business activities 1415within this state if any person, other than a common carrier acting 16 in its capacity as such, that has substantial nexus with this state: 17a. Sells a similar line of products as the vendor and does so 18 under the same or a similar business name; 19b. Maintains an office, distribution facility, warehouse, or 20storage place, or similar place of business in the state to facilitate 21the delivery of property or services sold by the vendor to the 22vendor's customers; 23c. Delivers, installs, assembles, or performs maintenance 24services for the vendor's customers within the state; 25d. Facilitates the vendor's delivery of property to customers in the state by allowing the vendor's customers to pick up property 2627sold by the vendor at an office, distribution facility, warehouse, 28storage place, or similar place of business maintained by the person 29in the state: or 30 e. Conducts any other activities in the state that are significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish and 31 32maintain a market in the state for the sales; 33 (d) The presumption in paragraph (c) may be rebutted by 34demonstrating that the person's activities in the state are not 35significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish or maintain a market in this state for the vendor's sales; 36

37 (e) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), a vendor shall be 38 presumed to engage in business activities within this state if the 39 vendor enters into an agreement with one or more residents of this 40 state under which the resident, for a commission or other consideration, directly or indirectly refers potential customers, 41 42 whether by a link on an internet website, an in-person oral 43 presentation, telemarketing, or otherwise, to the vendor, if the 44 cumulative gross receipts from sales by the vendor to customers in 45the state who are referred to the vendor by all residents with this type of an agreement with the vendor is in excess of ten thousand 46 47dollars during the preceding twelve months;

48 (f) The presumption in paragraph (e) may be rebutted by 49 submitting proof that the residents with whom the vendor has an 50 agreement did not engage in any activity within the state that was 51significantly associated with the vendor's ability to establish or 52maintain the vendor's market in the state during the preceding 53twelve months. Such proof may consist of sworn written statements from all of the residents with whom the vendor has an 5455agreement stating that they did not engage in any solicitation in the state on behalf of the vendor during the preceding year 5657provided that such statements were provided and obtained in good faith; 58

(3) "Maintains a place of business in this state" includes
maintaining, occupying, or using, permanently or temporarily,
directly or indirectly, by whatever name called, an office, place of
distribution, sales or sample room or place, warehouse or storage
place, or other place of business in this state, whether owned or
operated by the vendor or by any other person other than a
common carrier acting in its capacity as such;

(4) "Person", any individual, firm, copartnership, joint
venture, association, corporation, municipal or private, and
whether organized for profit or not, state, county, political
subdivision, state department, commission, board, bureau or
agency, except the state transportation department, estate, trust,
business trust, receiver or trustee appointed by the state or federal
court, syndicate, or any other group or combination acting as a

73 unit, and the plural as well as the singular number;

(5) "Purchase", the acquisition of the ownership of, or title
to, tangible personal property, through a sale, as defined herein, for
the purpose of storage, use or consumption in this state;

(6) "Purchaser", any person who is the recipient for a
valuable consideration of any sale of tangible personal property
acquired for use, storage or consumption in this state;

80 (7) "Sale", any transfer, barter or exchange of the title or 81 ownership of tangible personal property, or the right to use, store or consume the same, for a consideration paid or to be paid, and 82 any transaction whether called leases, rentals, bailments, loans, 83 84 conditional sales or otherwise, and notwithstanding that the title 85 or possession of the property or both is retained for security. For 86 the purpose of this law the place of delivery of the property to the 87 purchaser, user, storer or consumer is deemed to be the place of 88 sale, whether the delivery be by the vendor or by common carriers, 89 private contractors, mails, express, agents, salesmen, solicitors, 90 hawkers, representatives, consignors, peddlers, canvassers or 91otherwise;

92 (8) "Sales price", the consideration including the charges for 93 services, except charges incident to the extension of credit, paid or 94 given, or contracted to be paid or given, by the purchaser to the 95 vendor for the tangible personal property, including any services 96 that are a part of the sale, valued in money, whether paid in money or otherwise, and any amount for which credit is given to the 97 98 purchaser by the vendor, without any deduction therefrom on 99 account of the cost of the property sold, the cost of materials used, labor or service cost, losses or any other expenses whatsoever, 100 101 except that cash discounts allowed and taken on sales shall not be 102 included and "sales price" shall not include the amount charged for 103 property returned by customers upon rescission of the contract of 104 sales when the entire amount charged therefor is refunded either 105in cash or credit or the amount charged for labor or services 106 rendered in installing or applying the property sold, the use, 107 storage or consumption of which is taxable pursuant to sections 144.600 to 144.745. In determining the amount of tax due 108

SB 105 192 109 pursuant to sections 144.600 to 144.745, any charge incident to the 110 extension of credit shall be specifically exempted; (9) "Selling agent", every person acting as a representative 111 112of a principal, when such principal is not registered with the 113director of revenue of the state of Missouri for the collection of the 114 taxes imposed pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 or sections 115144.600 to 144.745 and who receives compensation by reason of the 116 sale of tangible personal property of the principal, if such property 117 is to be stored, used, or consumed in this state; (10) "Storage", any keeping or retention in this state of 118 tangible personal property purchased from a vendor, except 119 property for sale or property that is temporarily kept or retained 120 121 in this state for subsequent use outside the state; 122(11) "Tangible personal property", all items subject to the 123Missouri sales tax as provided in subdivisions (1) and (3) of section 124144.020; 125(12) "Taxpayer", any person remitting the tax or who should 126 remit the tax levied by sections 144.600 to 144.745; (13) "Use", the exercise of any right or power over tangible 127128personal property incident to the ownership or control of that 129property, except that it does not include the temporary storage of 130 property in this state for subsequent use outside the state, or the 131sale of the property in the regular course of business; (14) "Vendor", every person engaged in making sales of 132tangible personal property by mail order, by advertising, by agent 133134or peddling tangible personal property, soliciting or taking orders 135for sales of tangible personal property, for storage, use or consumption in this state, all salesmen, solicitors, hawkers, 136 137representatives, consignees, peddlers or canvassers, as agents of 138the dealers, distributors, consignors, supervisors, principals or employers under whom they operate or from whom they obtain the 139140 tangible personal property sold by them, and every person who 141 maintains a place of business in this state, maintains a stock of 142goods in this state, or engages in business activities within this 143state and every person who engages in this state in the business of

acting as a selling agent for persons not otherwise vendors as

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defined in this subdivision. Irrespective of whether they are
making sales on their own behalf or on behalf of the dealers,
distributors, consignors, supervisors, principals or employers, they
must be regarded as vendors and the dealers, distributors,
consignors, supervisors, principals or employers must be regarded
as vendors for the purposes of sections 144.600 to 144.745.]

[144.1000. Sections 144.1000 to 144.1015 shall be known as and referred to as the "Simplified Sales and Use Tax Administration Act".]

[144.1003. As used in sections 144.1000 to 144.1015, the $\mathbf{2}$ following terms shall mean: (1) "Agreement", the streamlined sales 3 and use tax agreement; (2) "Certified automated system", software 4 certified jointly by the states that are signatories to the agreement $\mathbf{5}$ to calculate the tax imposed by each jurisdiction on a transaction, 6 determine the amount of tax to remit to the appropriate state and 7 maintain a record of the transaction; (3) "Certified service 8 provider", an agent certified jointly by the states that are 9 signatories to the agreement to perform all of the seller's sales tax functions; (4) "Person", an individual, trust, estate, fiduciary, 10 11 partnership, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, 12corporation or any other legal entity; (5) "Sales tax", any sales tax 13 levied pursuant to this chapter, section 32.085, or any other sales 14tax authorized by statute and levied by this state or its political 15subdivisions; (6) "Seller", any person making sales, leases or rentals of personal property or services; (7) "State", any state of 16the United States and the District of Columbia; (8) "Use tax", the 17use tax levied pursuant to this chapter.] 18

[144.1006. For the purposes of reviewing and, if necessary, $\mathbf{2}$ amending the agreement embodying the simplification 3 recommendations contained in section 144.1015, the state may enter into multistate discussions. For purposes of such discussions, 4 $\mathbf{5}$ the state shall be represented by seven delegates, one of whom 6 shall be appointed by the governor, two members appointed by the 7 speaker of the house of representatives, one member appointed by 8 the minority leader of the house of representatives, two members 9 appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate and one

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10 member appointed by the minority leader of the senate. The delegates need not be members of the general assembly and at 11 12least one of the delegates appointed by the speaker of the house of 13representatives and one member appointed by the president pro 14tempore of the senate shall be from the private sector and represent the interests of Missouri businesses. The delegates shall 1516recommend to the committees responsible for reviewing tax issues 17in the senate and the house of representatives each year any 18amendment of state statutes required to be substantially in compliance with the agreement. Such delegates shall make a 19 20 written report by the fifteenth day of January each year regarding 21the status of the multistate discussions and upon final adoption of 22the terms of the sales and use tax agreement by the multistate 23body.

[144.1009. No provision of the agreement authorized by $\mathbf{2}$ sections 144.1000 to 144.1015 in whole or in part invalidates or 3 amends any provision of the law of this state. Implementation of any condition of this agreement in this state, whether adopted 4 $\mathbf{5}$ before, at, or after membership of this state in the agreement, must be by action of the general assembly. Such report shall be 6 7 delivered to the governor, the secretary of state, the president pro 8 tempore of the senate and the speaker of the house of 9 representatives and shall simultaneously be made publicly 10 available by the secretary of state to any person requesting a copy.]

[144.1012. Unless five of the seven delegates agree, the delegates shall not enter into or vote for any streamlined sales and use tax agreement that:

 Requires adoption of a definition of any term that would cause any item or transaction that is now excluded or exempted from sales or use tax to become subject to sales or use tax;

7 (2) Requires the state of Missouri to fully exempt or fully
8 apply sales taxes to the sale of food or any other item;

9 (3) Restricts the ability of local governments under statutes 10 in effect on August 28, 2002, to enact one or more local taxes on 11 one or more items without application of the tax to all sales within 12 the taxing jurisdiction, however, restriction of any such taxes 195

13	allowed by statutes effective after August 28, 2002, may be
14	supported;
15	(4) Provides for adoption of any uniform rate structure that
16	would result in a tax increase for any Missouri taxpayer;
17	(5) Affects the sourcing of sales tax transactions; or
18	(6) Prohibits limitations or thresholds on the application of
19	sales and use tax rates or prohibits any current sales or use tax
20	exemption in the state of Missouri, including exemptions that are
21	based on the value of the transaction or item.]
	[144.1015. In addition to the requirements of section
2	144.1012, the delegates should consider the following features
3	when deciding whether or not to enter into any streamlined sales
4	and use tax agreement:
5	(1) The agreement should address the limitation of the
6	number of state rates over time;
7	(2) The agreement should establish uniform standards for
8	administration of exempt sales and the form used for filing sales
9	and use tax returns and remittances;
10	(3) The agreement should require the state to provide a
11	central, electronic registration system that allows a seller to
12	register to collect and remit sales and use taxes for all signatory
13	states;
14	(4) The agreement should provide that registration with the
15	central registration system and the collection of sales and use taxes
16	in the signatory states will not be used as a factor in determining
17	whether the seller has nexus with a state for any tax;
18	(5) The agreement should provide for reduction of the
19	burdens of complying with local sales and use taxes through the
20	following so long as they do not conflict with the provisions of
21	section 144.1012:
22	(a) Restricting variances between the state and local tax
23	bases;
24	(b) Requiring states to administer any sales and use taxes
25	levied by local jurisdictions within the state so that sellers
26	collecting and remitting these taxes will not have to register or file
27	returns with, remit funds to, or be subject to independent audits

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28 from local taxing jurisdictions;

(c) Restricting the frequency of changes in the local sales
and use tax rates and setting effective dates for the application of
local jurisdictional boundary changes to local sales and use taxes;
and

(d) Providing notice of changes in local sales and use tax rates and of changes in the boundaries of local taxing jurisdictions;

(6) The agreement should outline any monetary allowances
that are to be provided by the states to sellers or certified service
providers. The agreement must allow for a joint public and private
sector study of the compliance cost on sellers and certified service
providers to collect sales and use taxes for state and local
governments under various levels of complexity to be completed by
July 1, 2003;

42 (7) The agreement should require each state to certify 43 compliance with the terms of the agreement prior to joining and to 44 maintain compliance, under the laws of the member state, with all 45 provisions of the agreement while a member, only if the agreement 46 and any amendment thereto complies with the provisions of section 47 144.1012;

(8) The agreement should require each state to adopt a
uniform policy for certified service providers that protects the
privacy of consumers and maintains the confidentiality of tax
information; and

52 (9) The agreement should provide for the appointment of an 53 advisory council of private sector representatives and an advisory 54 council of nonmember state representatives to consult with in the 55 administration of the agreement.]

Section B. This act shall become effective on January 1, 2019.

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