SECOND REGULAR SESSION [TRULY AGREED TO AND FINALLY PASSED] CONFERENCE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 861

98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

2016

4514S.08T

AN ACT

To repeal sections 227.600 and 447.708, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof eight new sections relating to tax incentives.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 227.600 and 447.708, RSMo, are repealed and eight

- 2 new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 68.075, 143.1100,
- 3 143.2100, 143.2105, 143.2110, 143.2115, 227.600, and 447.708, to read as follows:
 - 68.075. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the
- 2 "Advanced Industrial Manufacturing Zones Act".
- 3 2. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:
- 4 (1) "AIM zone", an area identified through a resolution passed by
- 5 the port authority board of commissioners appointed under section
- 6 68.045 that is being developed or redeveloped for any purpose so long
- 7 as any infrastructure and building built or improved is in the
- 8 development area. The port authority board of commissioners shall file
- 9 an annual report indicating the established AIM zones with the
- 10 department of revenue;
- 11 (2) "New job", the number of full-time employees located at the
- 12 project facility that exceeds the project facility base employment less
- 13 any decrease in the number of full-time employees at related facilities
- 14 below the related facility base employment. No job that was created
- 15 prior to the date of the notice of intent shall be deemed a new job. An

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employee that spends less than fifty percent of the employee's work time at the facility is still considered to be located at a facility if the employee receives his or her directions and control from that facility, is on the facility's payroll, one hundred percent of the employee's income from such employment is Missouri income, and the employee is paid at or above the state average wage.

- 3. Any port authority located in this state may establish an AIM zone. Such zone may only include the area within the port authority's jurisdiction and may include any such area. The port authority shall determine the boundaries for each AIM zone, and more than one AIM zone may exist within the port authority's jurisdiction.
- 4. Fifty percent of the state tax withholdings imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265 on new jobs within such zone after development or redevelopment has commenced shall not be remitted to the general fund of the state of Missouri. Such moneys shall be deposited into the port authority AIM zone fund established under subsection 5 of this section for the purpose of continuing to expand, develop, and redevelop AIM zones identified by the port authority board of commissioners and may be used for managerial, engineering, legal, research, promotion, planning, satisfaction of bonds issued under section 68.040, and any other expenses.
- 37 5. There is hereby created in the state treasury the "Port 38 Authority AIM Zone Fund", which shall consist of money collected 39 under this section. The state treasurer shall be custodian of the fund 40 and shall approve disbursements from the fund in accordance with sections 30.170 and 30.180 to the port authorities from which the funds 41 were collected, less the pro-rata portion appropriated by the general 42assembly to be used solely for the administration of this section which 43 shall not exceed ten percent of the total amount collected within the 44 zones of a port authority. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 45 46 33.080 to the contrary, any moneys remaining in the fund at the end of the biennium shall not revert to the credit of the general revenue 47fund. The state treasurer shall invest moneys in the fund in the same 48 manner as other funds are invested. Any interest and moneys earned 49 50 on such investments shall be credited to the fund.
- 51 6. The port authority shall approve any projects that begin 52 construction and disperse any money collected under this section. The

53 port authority shall submit an annual budget for the funds to the 54 department of economic development explaining how and when such 55 money will be spent.

- 7. The provision of section 23.253 notwithstanding, no AIM zone may be established after August 28, 2023. Any AIM zone created prior to that date shall continue to exist and be coterminous with the retirement of all debts incurred under subsection 4 of this section. No debts may be incurred or reauthorized using AIM zone revenue after August 28, 2023.
- 143.1100. 1. This section shall be known and may be cited as the 2 "Bring Jobs Home Act".
- 2. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:
- 4 (1) "Business unit":
- 5 (a) Any trade or business; and
- 6 (b) Any line of business or function unit which is part of any 7 trade or business;
- 8 (2) "Deduction":
- 9 (a) For individuals, an amount subtracted from the taxpayer's
 10 Missouri adjusted gross income to determine Missouri taxable income
 11 for the tax year in which such deduction is claimed; and
- 12 (b) For corporations, an amount subtracted from the taxpayer's 13 Federal taxable income to determine Missouri taxable income for the 14 tax year in which such deduction is claimed;
- 15 (3) "Department", the department of economic development;
- 16 (4) "Eligible expenses":

- 17 (a) Any amount for which a deduction is allowed to the taxpayer 18 under Section 162 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended; 19 and
- 20 (b) Permit and license fees, lease brokerage fees, equipment 21 installation costs, and other similar expenses;
 - (5) "Eligible insourcing expenses":
- (a) Eligible expenses paid or incurred by the taxpayer in connection with the elimination of any business unit of the taxpayer or of any member of any expanded affiliated group in which the taxpayer is also a member located outside the state of Missouri; and
- 27 (b) Eligible expenses paid or incurred by the taxpayer in 28 connection with the establishment of any business unit of the taxpayer

- 29 or of any member of any expanded affiliated group in which the
- 30 taxpayer is also a member located within the state of Missouri if such
- 31 establishment constitutes the relocation of the business unit so
- 32 eliminated.
- 33 For purposes of this subdivision, expenses shall be eligible if such
- 34 elimination of the business unit in another state or country occurs in
- 35 a different taxable year from the establishment of the business unit in
- 36 Missouri;
- 37 (6) "Expanded affiliated group", an affiliated group as defined
- 38 under Section 1504(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
- 39 amended, except to be determined without regard to Section 1504(b)(3)
- 40 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and determined by
- 41 substituting "at least eighty percent" with "more than fifty percent" each
- 42 place the phrase appears under Section 1504(a) of the Internal Revenue
- 43 Code of 1986, as amended. A partnership or any other entity other than
- 44 a corporation shall be treated as a member of an expanded affiliated
- 45 group if such entity is controlled by members of such group including
- 46 any entity treated as a member of such group by reason of this
- 47 subdivision;
- 48 (7) "Full-time equivalent employee", a number of employees equal
- 49 to the number determined by dividing the total number of hours of
- 50 service for which wages were paid by the employer to employees during
- 51 the taxable year, by two thousand eighty;
- 52 (8) "Insourcing plan", a written plan to carry out the
- 53 establishment of a business unit in Missouri;
- 54 (9) "Taxpayer", any individual, firm, partner in a firm,
- 55 corporation, partnership, shareholder in an S corporation, or member
- 56 of a limited liability company subject to the income tax imposed under
- 57 chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed under sections 143.191
- 58 to 143.265.
- 59 3. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, a
- 60 taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction equal to fifty percent of the
- 61 taxpayer's eligible insourcing expenses in the taxable year chosen
- 62 under subsection 5 of this section. The amount of the deduction
- 63 claimed shall not exceed the amount of:
- 64 (1) For individuals, the taxpayer's Missouri adjusted gross
- 65 income for the taxable year the deduction is claimed; and

- 66 (2) For corporations, the taxpayer's Missouri taxable income for 67 the taxable year the deduction is claimed.
- However, any amount of the deduction that cannot be claimed in the taxable year may be carried over to the next five succeeding taxable years until the full deduction has been claimed.
- 4. No deduction shall be allowed under this section until the department determines that the number of full-time equivalent employees of the taxpayer in the taxable year the deduction is claimed exceeds the number of full-time equivalent employees of the taxpayer in the taxable year prior to the taxpayer incurring any eligible insourcing expenses.
- 5. Only eligible insourcing expenses that occur in the taxable year such expenses are paid or incurred and:
 - (1) The taxpayer's insourcing plan is completed; or
- 80 (2) The first taxable year after the taxpayer's insourcing plan is 81 completed;
- 82 shall be used to calculate the deduction allowed under this section.
- 6. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, no deduction shall be allowed for any expenses incurred due to dissolving a business unit in Missouri and relocating such business unit to another state.
- 7. The total amount of deductions authorized under this section shall not exceed five million dollars in any taxable year. In the event that more than five million dollars in deductions are claimed in a taxable year, deductions shall be issued on a first-come, first-served filing basis.
- 8. A taxpayer who receives a deduction under the provisions of this section shall be ineligible to receive incentives under the provisions of any other state tax deduction program for the same expenses incurred.
- 96 9. Any taxpayer allowed a deduction under this section who, 97 within ten years of receiving such deduction, eliminates the business 98 unit for which the deduction was allowed shall repay the amount of tax 99 savings realized from the deduction to the state, prorated by the 100 number of years the business unit was in this state.
- 101 **10.** The department of economic development and the 102 department of revenue shall promulgate rules to implement the

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provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated 104 105 in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 106 107 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of 108 the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule 109 110 are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking 111 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2016, shall be invalid and void. 112

- 11. Under section 23.253:
- (1) The provisions of the new program authorized under this section shall automatically sunset six years after the effective date, unless reauthorized by an act of the general assembly; and
- 117 (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized 118 under this section shall automatically sunset twelve years after the 119 effective date of the reauthorization of this section; and
- 120 (3) This section shall terminate on September first of the 121 calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the 122 program authorized under this section is sunset.
 - 143.2100. 1. As used in sections 143.2100 to 143.2115, unless the context requires a different meaning, the following terms shall mean:
 - (1) "Deduction", an amount subtracted from the taxpayer's Missouri adjusted gross income to determine Missouri taxable income for the tax year in which such deduction is claimed;
 - (2) "Department", the department of economic development;
 - 7 (3) "Director", the director of the department of economic 8 development;
- 9 (4) "Taxpayer", a person, firm, partner in a firm, member of a limited liability company, corporation, or shareholder in an S corporation doing business in the state of Missouri and subject to the state income tax imposed by the provisions of chapter 143, or an insurance company paying an annual tax on its gross premium receipts in this state, or other financial institution paying taxes to the state of Missouri or any political subdivision of this state under the provisions of chapter 148, or an express company which pays an annual tax on its gross receipts in this state under chapter 153.

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- 2. Prior to March 1, 2018, and every two years thereafter, the department, with information provided by the port authorities, airports, and the department of revenue, shall provide a report on the deductions claimed under sections 143.2100 to 143.2115. Such report shall include the following:
 - (1) The names and locations of participating companies;
 - (2) The annual amount of benefits provided;
- 25 (3) The estimated net state fiscal impact, including both direct 26 and indirect new state taxes derived from the program;
 - (4) The number of new jobs created;
 - (5) The average wages of each project; and
 - (6) The types of qualified companies using the program.
- 30 3. The department shall promulgate rules to implement the provisions of sections 143.2100 to 143.2115. Any rule or portion of a 31 rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010 that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it 34 complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, and, 35 if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are 36 nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, to review, to delay the effective date, or to 37 disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, 38 39 then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or 40 adopted after August 28, 2016, shall be invalid and void.
- 143.2105. 1. As used in this section, unless the context clearly 2 indicates otherwise, the following terms shall mean:
- (1) "Airport", any publicly or privately owned facility located within Missouri through which cargo is transported by way of airplane to or from destinations outside the state and which handles cargo owned by third parties in addition to cargo owned by the airport's owner;
- 8 (2) "Base year port cargo volume", the total amount of net tons 9 of noncontainerized cargo or twenty-foot equivalent units (TEUs) of 10 cargo actually transported by way of a waterborne ship, waterborne 11 vehicle, or airplane through a water port facility or airport during the 12 period from January 1, 2015, through December 31, 2015. Base year 13 port cargo volume shall be at least seventy-five net tons of 14 noncontainerized cargo or ten loaded TEUs for a taxpayer to be eligible

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- for the deductions claimed under this section. For a taxpayer that does not transport that amount in the year ending December 31, 2015, including a taxpayer who locates to Missouri after December 31, 2015, the base year port cargo volume will be measured by the initial January first through December thirty-first calendar year in which it 19 meets the requirements of seventy-five net tons of noncontainerized 20 cargo or ten loaded TEUs. Base year port cargo volume shall be 21recalculated each calendar year after the initial base year; 22
 - (3) "Major facility", a new facility to be located in Missouri that is projected to import or export cargo through a water port facility or airport in excess of twenty-five thousand TEUs or the noncontainerized cargo equivalent in its first calendar year;
 - (4) "Port cargo volume", the total amount of net tons of noncontainerized cargo or containers measured in TEUs of cargo transported by way of a waterborne ship, waterborne vehicle, or airplane through a water port facility or airport;
 - (5) "TEU" or "Twenty-foot equivalent unit", a volumetric measure based on the size of a container that is twenty feet long by eight feet wide by eight feet, six inches high. If using weight as a measure, then one TEU shall equal sixteen tons of noncontainerized cargo; and
 - (6) "Water port facility", any publicly or privately owned facility located within Missouri through which cargo is transported by way of a waterborne ship or vehicle to or from destinations outside the state and which handles cargo owned by third parties in addition to cargo owned by the water port facility's owner.
- 40 2. (1) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2017, but before January 1, 2023, a taxpayer engaged in the manufacturing of 42 goods or the distribution of manufactured goods that uses water port facilities or airports in this state and increases its port cargo volume 43 at these facilities by a minimum of five percent in a single calendar 44 year over its base year port cargo volume shall be allowed to claim a 45 46 deduction in an amount determined by the department. The department may waive the requirement that port cargo volume be 47increased by a minimum of five percent over base year port cargo volume for any taxpayer that qualifies as a major facility.
- 50 (2) Qualifying taxpayers that increase their port cargo volume by a minimum of five percent in a qualifying calendar year shall be 51

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allowed to claim a fifty-dollar deduction for each TEU or the noncontainerized cargo equivalent above the base year port cargo volume. A qualifying taxpayer that is a major facility as defined in this section shall be allowed to claim a fifty-dollar deduction for each TEU or the noncontainerized cargo equivalent transported through a water port facility or airport during the major facility's first calendar year. A qualifying taxpayer shall not claim a deduction of more than two hundred fifty thousand dollars for each calendar year except as provided for in subdivision (2) of subsection 3 of this section. The maximum amount of deductions for all qualifying taxpayers under this section shall not exceed three million five hundred thousand dollars for each calendar year.

- (3) The deduction may be claimed by the taxpayer as provided in subdivision (1) of this subsection only if the taxpayer owns the cargo at the time the water port facilities or airports are used.
- 3. (1) For every year in which a taxpayer claims the deduction, the taxpayer shall submit an application to the department by March first of the calendar year after the calendar year in which the increase in port cargo volume occurs. The taxpayer shall attach a schedule to the taxpayer's application to the department with the following information and any other information requested by the department:
 - (a) A description of how the base year port cargo volume and the increase in port cargo volume were determined;
 - (b) The amount of the base year port cargo volume;
 - (c) The amount of the increase in port cargo volume for the tax year stated both as a percentage increase and as a total increase in net tons of noncontainerized cargo and TEUs of cargo, including information that demonstrates an increase in port cargo volume in excess of the minimum amount required to claim the deductions under this section; and
 - (d) Any deduction utilized by the taxpayer in prior years.
- (2) The taxpayer shall claim the deduction on its income tax return in a manner prescribed by the department of revenue, and the department of revenue may require a copy of the certification form issued by a Missouri port authority or airport be attached to the return or otherwise provided.
 - 143.2110. 1. As used in this section, unless the context clearly

- 2 indicates otherwise, the term "international trade facility" shall mean 3 a company that:
- 4 (1) Is doing business in the state and engaged in water port or 5 airport related activities including, but not limited to, warehousing, 6 distribution, freight forwarding and handling, and goods processing;
- 7 (2) Has the sole discretion and authority to move cargo in 8 containers or noncontainerized, originating or terminating in the state;
- 9 (3) Uses water-connected port facilities or airport facilities 10 located in the state; and
- 11 (4) Uses airplanes, barges, trucks, or rail systems to move cargo, 12 in containers or noncontainerized, through water port facilities or 13 airports in the state.
- 2. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2017, but before
 January 1, 2023, a company that is an international trade facility shall
 be allowed a twenty-five-dollar deduction per TEU or equivalent of
 noncontainerized cargo moved by airplane, barge, or rail.
- 18 3. In no case shall more than two million dollars in deductions be claimed under this section in any fiscal year of the state. The 19 international trade facility shall not be allowed to claim any deduction 20 21under this section unless it has applied to the department for the 22deduction and the department has approved the deduction. The 23department shall determine the deduction amount allowable for the 24year and provide a written certification to the international trade 25facility, which certification shall report the amount of the deduction 26 approved by the department. The international trade facility shall 27 attach the certification to the applicable tax return.
 - 143.2115. 1. As used in this section, unless the context requires a different meaning, the following terms shall mean:
 - 3 (1) "Affiliated companies", two or more companies related to each 4 other so that:
- 5 (a) One company owns at least eighty percent of the voting 6 power of the other or others; or
- 7 (b) The same interest owns at least eighty percent of the voting 8 power of two or more companies;
- 9 (2) "Capital investment", the amount properly chargeable to a 10 capital account for improvements to rehabilitate or expand depreciable 11 real property placed in service during the tax year and the cost of

- machinery, tools, and equipment used in an international trade facility directly related to the movement of cargo. "Capital investment" includes expenditures associated with any exterior, structural, mechanical, or electrical improvements necessary to expand or rehabilitate a building for commercial or industrial use and excavations, grading, paving, driveways, roads, sidewalks, landscaping, or other land improvements. For purposes of this section, machinery, tools, and equipment shall be deemed to include only that property placed in service by the international trade facility on or after January 1, 2017. Machinery, tools, and equipment excludes property:
- 22 (a) For which a deduction under this section was previously 23 granted;
- 24 (b) Placed in service by the taxpayer, a related party as defined 25 in Subsection (b) of Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code, as 26 amended, or by a trade or business under common control as described 27 in Subsection (b) of Section 52 of the Internal Revenue Code, as 28 amended; or
- (c) Previously in service in the state that has a basis in the hands of the person acquiring it, determined in whole or in part by reference to the basis of such property in the hands of the person from whom it was acquired or Subsection (a) of Section 1014 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. "Capital investment" shall not include:
 - a. The cost of acquiring any real property or building;
- 35 b. The cost of furnishings;

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- 36 c. Any expenditure associated with appraisal, architectural, 37 engineering, or interior design fees;
 - d. Loan fees, points, or capitalized interest;
- e. Legal, accounting, realtor, sales and marketing, or other professional fees;
- f. Closing costs, permit fees, user fees, zoning fees, impact fees, and inspection fees;
- g. Bids, insurance, signage, utilities, bonding, copying, rent loss, or temporary facilities costs incurred during construction;
 - h. Utility hook-up or access fees;
- i. Outbuildings; or
- j. The cost of any well or septic system;
- 48 (3) "Deduction year", the first tax year following the tax year in

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- which the international trade facility commenced or expanded its operations. A separate deduction year and a three-year allowance shall 50 51 exist for each distinct international trade facility of a single taxpayer;
 - (4) "International trade facility", a company that:
- 53 (a) Is engaged in port related activities including, but not limited to, warehousing, distribution, freight forwarding and handling, and 54goods processing; 55
- 56 (b) Uses water-connected port facilities or airports located in the state: and
 - (c) Transports at least ten percent more cargo, measured in TEU containers or the noncontainerized cargo equivalent, through waterconnected port facilities or airport in the state during the tax year than was transported by the company through such facilities during the preceding tax year;
- (5) "New, permanent full-time position", a job of indefinite duration, created by the company after establishing or expanding an international trade facility in the state, requiring a minimum of thirtyfive hours of employment per week for each employee for the entire normal year of the company's operations, or a position of indefinite duration that requires a minimum of thirty-five hours of employment per week for each employee for the portion of the tax year that the 70 employee was initially hired for, or transferred to the international trade facility in the state. Seasonal or temporary positions, or a job 72 created if a job function is shifted from an existing location in the state 73 to the international trade facility, and positions in building and grounds maintenance, security, and other such positions that are ancillary to the principal activities performed by the employees at the international trade facility shall not qualify as new, permanent fulltime positions;
 - (6) "Normal year", at least forty-eight weeks in a calendar year;
- 79 (7) "Qualified full-time employee", an employee filling a new, 80 permanent full-time position in an international trade facility in the 81 state;
- 82 (8) "Qualified trade activities", the completed exportation or importation of at least one International Organization for Standardization ocean container or the noncontainerized equivalent with a minimum twenty-foot length, through a Missouri port authority-

operated cargo facility or an airport in this state. An export container the noncontainerized cargo equivalent with an ultimate international destination shall be loaded on a barge or airplane and an import container or the noncontainerized cargo equivalent originating from an international destination shall be discharged from a barge or airplane at such facility.

- 92 2. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2017, but before 93 January 1, 2023, a taxpayer satisfying the requirements of this section shall be allowed to claim a deduction in an amount equal to either three thousand five hundred dollars per qualified full-time employee that results from increased qualified trade activities by the taxpayer or an amount equal to two percent of the capital investment made by 97the taxpayer to facilitate the increased qualified trade activities. The 98 election of which deduction amount to claim shall be the responsibility 99 of the taxpayer. Both deductions shall not be claimed for the same 100 101 activities that occur within a calendar year. The portion of the three 102 thousand five hundred dollars deduction earned with respect to any qualified full-time employee who works in the state for less than twelve 103 104 full months during the deduction year shall be determined by multiplying the deduction amount by a fraction, the numerator of 105 which is the number of full months such employee worked for the 106 107 international trade facility in the state during the deduction year and 108 the denominator of which is twelve.
- 3. In no case shall more than five hundred thousands dollars in 109 110 deductions be claimed under this section in any fiscal year of the 111 state. The taxpayer shall not be allowed to claim any deduction under this section unless it has applied to the department for the deduction 112 113 and the department has approved the deduction. The department shall determine the deduction amount allowable for the tax year and shall 114 provide a written certification to the taxpayer, which certification shall 115 report the amount of the deduction approved by the department. The 116 117 taxpayer shall attach the certification to the applicable income tax 118 return.
- 4. The amount of the deduction allowed under this section shall not exceed fifty percent of the taxpayer's Missouri adjusted gross income.
 - 5. No deduction shall be earned for any employee:

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- (1) For whom a deduction under this section was previously earned by a related party as defined in Subsection (b) of Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, or a trade or business under common control as described in Subsection (b) of Section 52 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended;
- 128 (2) Who was previously employed in the same job function in 129 Missouri by a related party as defined in Subsection (b) of Section 267 130 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, or a trade or business under 131 common control as described in Subsection (b) of Section 52 of the 132 Internal Revenue Code, as amended; or
 - (3) Whose job function was previously performed at a different location in Missouri by an employee of the taxpayer, by a related party as defined in Subsection (b) of Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, or by a trade or business under common control as described in Subsection (b) of Section 52 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended.
- 6. For the purposes of this section, two or more affiliated companies may elect to aggregate the number of jobs created for qualified full-time employees or the amounts of capital investments as the result of the establishment or expansion by the individual companies in order to qualify for the deduction allowed under this section.
 - 7. Recapture of the deduction amount under the following circumstances shall be accomplished by increasing the tax in any of the five years succeeding the tax year in which a deduction has been earned pursuant to this section if the number of qualified full-time employees falls below the average number of qualified full-time employees during the tax year. The Missouri taxable income increase amount shall be determined by recalculating the deduction that would have been earned for the original tax year using the decreased number of qualified full-time employees and subtracting the recalculated deduction amount from the amount previously earned. In the event that the average number of qualified full-time employees employed at an international trade facility falls below the number employed by the taxpayer prior to claiming any deductions under this section in any of the five tax years succeeding the year in which the deductions were earned, all deductions earned with respect to the international trade

- 160 facility shall be recaptured. No deduction amount shall be recaptured
- 161 more than once under this subsection. Any recapture under this
- 162 subsection shall reduce deductions earned, but not yet allowed, before
- 163 the taxpayer's Missouri taxable income is increased.
- 164 8. The department shall issue guidelines for:
- 165 (1) The computation and recapture of the deductions provided 166 under this section;
- 167 (2) The establishment of criteria for:
- 168 (a) International trade facilities;
- 169 (b) Qualified full-time employees at such facilities; and
- 170 (c) Capital investments; and
- 171 (3) The computation, recapture, and redemption of the 172 deductions by affiliated companies.
 - 227.600. 1. Sections 227.600 to 227.669 shall be known and may be cited 2 as the "Missouri Public-Private Partnerships Transportation Act".
 - 3 2. As used in sections 227.600 to 227.669, unless the context clearly 4 requires otherwise, the following terms mean:
 - 5 (1) "Commission", the Missouri highways and transportation commission;
 - 6 (2) "Comprehensive agreement", the final binding written comprehensive 7 project agreement between a private partner and the commission required in
 - 8 section 227.621 to finance, develop, and/or operate the project;
 - 9 (3) "Department", the Missouri department of transportation;
- 10 (4) "Develop" or "development", to plan, locate, relocate, establish, acquire,
- 11 lease, design, or construct;
- 12 (5) "Finance", to fund the costs, expenses, liabilities, fees, profits, and all
- 13 other charges incurred to finance, develop, and/or operate the project;
- 14 (6) "Interim agreement", a preliminary binding written agreement
- 15 between a private partner and the commission that provides for completion of
- 16 studies and any other activities to advance the financing, development, and/or
- 17 operation of the project required by section 227.618;
- 18 (7) "Material default", any uncured default by a private partner in the
- 19 performance of its duties that jeopardizes adequate service to the public from the
- 20 project as determined by the commission;
- 21 (8) "Operate" or "operation", to improve, maintain, equip, modify, repair,
- 22 administer, or collect user fees;
- 23 (9) "Private partner", any natural person, corporation, partnership,

- 24 limited liability company, joint venture, business trust, nonprofit entity, other
- 25 business entity, or any combination thereof;
- 26 (10) "Project", exclusively includes any pipeline, ferry, [river] port
- 27 facility, water facility, water way, water supply facility or pipeline,
- 28 wastewater or wastewater treatment facility, public building, airport,
- 29 railroad, light rail, vehicle parking facility, mass transit facility, or other
- 30 [mass transit facility,] similar facility currently available or to be made
- 31 available to a government entity for public use, including any
- 32 structure, parking area, appurtenance and other property required to
- 33 operate the structure or facility to be financed, developed, and/or operated
- 34 under agreement between the commission and a private partner. The
- 35 commission or private partner shall not have the authority to collect
- 36 user fees in connection with the project from motor carriers as defined
- 37 in section 227.630. "Project" shall not include any highway, interstate
- 38 or bridge construction, or any rest area, rest stop, or truck parking
- 39 facility connected to an interstate or other highway under the
- 40 authority of the commission. Any project not specifically included in this
- 41 subdivision shall not be financed, developed, or operated by a private partner
- 42 until such project is approved by a vote of the people;
- 43 (11) "Public use", a finding by the commission that the project to be
- 44 financed, developed, and/or operated by a private partner under sections 227.600
- 45 to 227.669 will improve or is needed as a necessary addition to the state
- 46 transportation system;
- 47 (12) "Revenues", include but are not limited to the following which arise
- 48 out of or in connection with the financing, development, and/or operation of the
- 49 project:
- 50 (a) Income;
- 51 (b) Earnings;
- 52 (c) Proceeds;
- 53 (d) User fees;
- (e) Lease payments;
- 55 (f) Allocations;
- 56 (g) Federal, state, and local moneys; or
- 57 (h) Private sector moneys, grants, bond proceeds, and/or equity 58 investments;
- 59 (13) "State", the state of Missouri;

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- 60 (14) "State highway system", the state system of highways and bridges 61 planned, located, relocated, established, acquired, constructed, and maintained 62 by the commission under Section 30(b), Article IV, Constitution of Missouri;
- 63 (15) "State transportation system", the state system of nonhighway 64 transportation programs, including but not limited to aviation, transit and mass 65 transportation, railroads, ports, waterborne commerce, freight and intermodal 66 connections;
- 67 (16) "User fees", tolls, fees, or other charges authorized to be imposed by 68 the commission and collected by the private partner for the use of all or a portion 69 of a project under a comprehensive agreement.
- 447.708. 1. For eligible projects, the director of the department of economic development, with notice to the directors of the departments of natural resources and revenue, and subject to the other provisions of sections 447.700 to 447.718, may not create a new enterprise zone but may decide that a prospective operator of a facility being remedied and renovated pursuant to sections 447.700 to 447.718 may receive the tax credits and exemptions pursuant to sections 135.100 to 135.150 and sections 135.200 to 135.257. The tax credits allowed pursuant to this subsection shall be used to offset the tax imposed by chapter 143, excluding withholding tax imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, or the tax otherwise imposed by chapter 147, or the tax otherwise imposed by chapter 148. For purposes of this subsection:
 - (1) For receipt of the ad valorem tax abatement pursuant to section 135.215, the eligible project must create at least ten new jobs or retain businesses which supply at least twenty-five existing jobs. The city, or county if the eligible project is not located in a city, must provide ad valorem tax abatement of at least fifty percent for a period not less than ten years and not more than twenty-five years;
- 18 (2) For receipt of the income tax exemption pursuant to section 135.220 and tax credit for new or expanded business facilities pursuant to sections 19 20 135.100 to 135.150, and 135.225, the eligible project must create at least ten new jobs or retain businesses which supply at least twenty-five existing jobs, or 21 22 combination thereof. For purposes of sections 447.700 to 447.718, the tax credits 23 described in section 135.225 are modified as follows: the tax credit shall be four 24 hundred dollars per employee per year, an additional four hundred dollars per 25 year for each employee exceeding the minimum employment thresholds of ten and 26 twenty-five jobs for new and existing businesses, respectively, an additional four

- hundred dollars per year for each person who is a person difficult to employ as defined by section 135.240, and investment tax credits at the same amounts and levels as provided in subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of section 135.225;
 - (3) For eligibility to receive the income tax refund pursuant to section 135.245, the eligible project must create at least ten new jobs or retain businesses which supply at least twenty-five existing jobs, or combination thereof, and otherwise comply with the provisions of section 135.245 for application and use of the refund and the eligibility requirements of this section;
 - (4) The eligible project operates in compliance with applicable environmental laws and regulations, including permitting and registration requirements, of this state as well as the federal and local requirements;
 - (5) The eligible project operator shall file such reports as may be required by the director of economic development or the director's designee;
 - (6) The taxpayer may claim the state tax credits authorized by this subsection and the state income exemption for a period not in excess of ten consecutive tax years. For the purpose of this section, "taxpayer" means an individual proprietorship, partnership or corporation described in section 143.441 or 143.471 who operates an eligible project. The director shall determine the number of years the taxpayer may claim the state tax credits and the state income exemption based on the projected net state economic benefits attributed to the eligible project;
 - (7) For the purpose of meeting the new job requirement prescribed in subdivisions (1), (2) and (3) of this subsection, it shall be required that at least ten new jobs be created and maintained during the taxpayer's tax period for which the credits are earned, in the case of an eligible project that does not replace a similar facility in Missouri. "New job" means a person who was not previously employed by the taxpayer or related taxpayer within the twelve-month period immediately preceding the time the person was employed by that taxpayer to work at, or in connection with, the eligible project on a full-time basis. "Full-time basis" means the employee works an average of at least thirty-five hours per week during the taxpayer's tax period for which the tax credits are earned. For the purposes of this section, related taxpayer has the same meaning as defined in subdivision (9) of section 135.100;
- 60 (8) For the purpose of meeting the existing job retention requirement, if 61 the eligible project replaces a similar facility that closed elsewhere in Missouri 62 prior to the end of the taxpayer's tax period in which the tax credits are earned,

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it shall be required that at least twenty-five existing jobs be retained at, and in 64 connection with the eligible project, on a full-time basis during the taxpayer's tax period for which the credits are earned. "Retained job" means a person who was 65 previously employed by the taxpayer or related taxpayer, at a facility similar to 66 the eligible project that closed elsewhere in Missouri prior to the end of the 67 taxpayer's tax period in which the tax credits are earned, within the tax period 68 immediately preceding the time the person was employed by the taxpayer to work 69 70 at, or in connection with, the eligible project on a full-time basis. "Full-time basis" means the employee works an average of at least thirty-five hours per week 71 72 during the taxpayer's tax period for which the tax credits are earned;

- (9) In the case where an eligible project replaces a similar facility that closed elsewhere in Missouri prior to the end of the taxpayer's tax period in which the tax credits are earned, the owner and operator of the eligible project shall provide the director with a written statement explaining the reason for discontinuing operations at the closed facility. The statement shall include a comparison of the activities performed at the closed facility prior to the date the facility ceased operating, to the activities performed at the eligible project, and a detailed account describing the need and rationale for relocating to the eligible project. If the director finds the relocation to the eligible project significantly impaired the economic stability of the area in which the closed facility was located, and that such move was detrimental to the overall economic development efforts of the state, the director may deny the taxpayer's request to claim tax benefits;
- 86 (10) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, for the purpose 87 of this section, the number of new jobs created and maintained, the number of existing jobs retained, and the value of new qualified investment used at the 88 eligible project during any tax year shall be determined by dividing by twelve, in 89 the case of jobs, the sum of the number of individuals employed at the eligible 90 project, or in the case of new qualified investment, the value of new qualified 91 92 investment used at the eligible project, on the last business day of each full calendar month of the tax year. If the eligible project is in operation for less than 93 the entire tax year, the number of new jobs created and maintained, the number 94 95 of existing jobs retained, and the value of new qualified investment created at the 96 eligible project during any tax year shall be determined by dividing the sum of 97 the number of individuals employed at the eligible project, or in the case of new 98 qualified investment, the value of new qualified investment used at the eligible

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99 project, on the last business day of each full calendar month during the portion 100 of the tax year during which the eligible project was in operation, by the number 101 of full calendar months during such period;

- (11) For the purpose of this section, "new qualified investment" means new business facility investment as defined and as determined in subdivision (7) of section 135.100 which is used at and in connection with the eligible project. "New qualified investment" shall not include small tools, supplies and inventory. "Small tools" means tools that are portable and can be hand held.
- 2. The determination of the director of economic development pursuant to subsection 1 of this section shall not affect requirements for the prospective purchaser to obtain the approval of the granting of real property tax abatement by the municipal or county government where the eligible project is located.
- 3. (1) The director of the department of economic development, with the approval of the director of the department of natural resources, may, in addition to the tax credits allowed in subsection 1 of this section, grant a remediation tax credit to the applicant for up to one hundred percent of the costs of materials, supplies, equipment, labor, professional engineering, consulting and architectural fees, permitting fees and expenses, demolition, asbestos abatement, and direct utility charges for performing the voluntary remediation activities for the preexisting hazardous substance contamination and releases, including, but not limited to, the costs of performing operation and maintenance of the remediation equipment at the property beyond the year in which the systems and equipment are built and installed at the eligible project and the costs of performing the voluntary remediation activities over a period not in excess of four tax years following the taxpayer's tax year in which the system and equipment were first put into use at the eligible project, provided the remediation activities are the subject of a plan submitted to, and approved by, the director of natural resources pursuant to sections 260.565 to 260.575. The tax credit may also include up to one hundred percent of the costs of demolition that are not directly part of the remediation activities, provided that the demolition is on the property where the voluntary remediation activities are occurring, the demolition is necessary to accomplish the planned use of the facility where the remediation activities are occurring, and the demolition is part of a redevelopment plan approved by the municipal or county government and the department of economic development. The demolition may occur on an adjacent property if the project is located in a municipality which has a population less than twenty thousand and

the above conditions are otherwise met. The adjacent property shall independently qualify as abandoned or underutilized. The amount of the credit available for demolition not associated with remediation cannot exceed the total amount of credits approved for remediation including demolition required for remediation.

- 140 (2) The amount of remediation tax credits issued shall be limited to the 141 least amount necessary to cause the project to occur, as determined by the 142 director of the department of economic development.
- 143 (3) The director may, with the approval of the director of natural resources, extend the tax credits allowed for performing voluntary remediation 144 145 maintenance activities, in increments of three-year periods, not to exceed five 146 consecutive three-year periods. The tax credits allowed in this subsection shall 147 be used to offset the tax imposed by chapter 143, excluding withholding tax 148 imposed by sections 143.191 to 143.265, or the tax otherwise imposed by chapter 147, or the tax otherwise imposed by chapter 148. The remediation tax credit 149 150 may be taken in the same tax year in which the tax credits are received or may 151 be taken over a period not to exceed twenty years.
- 152 (4) The project facility shall be projected to create at least ten new jobs 153 or at least twenty-five retained jobs, or a combination thereof, as determined by 154 the department of economic development, to be eligible for tax credits pursuant 155 to this section.
- 156 (5) No more than seventy-five percent of earned remediation tax credits may be issued when the remediation costs were paid, and the remaining 157 158 percentage may be issued when the department of natural resources issues a 159 letter of completion letter or covenant not to sue following completion of the 160 voluntary remediation activities. It shall not include any costs associated with ongoing operational environmental compliance of the facility or remediation costs 161 162 arising out of spills, leaks, or other releases arising out of the ongoing business 163 operations of the facility. In the event the department of natural resources issues 164 a letter of completion for a portion of a property, an impacted media such as soil 165 or groundwater, or for a site or a portion of a site improvement, a prorated 166 amount of the remaining percentage may be released based on the percentage of 167 the total site receiving a letter of completion.
- 4. In the exercise of the sound discretion of the director of the department of economic development or the director's designee, the tax credits and exemptions described in this section may be terminated, suspended or revoked,

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171 if the eligible project fails to continue to meet the conditions set forth in this 172 section. In making such a determination, the director shall consider the severity of the condition violation, actions taken to correct the violation, the frequency of 173 any condition violations and whether the actions exhibit a pattern of conduct by 174the eligible facility owner and operator. The director shall also consider changes 175in general economic conditions and the recommendation of the director of the 176 177 department of natural resources, or his or her designee, concerning the severity, 178 scope, nature, frequency and extent of any violations of the environmental 179 compliance conditions. The taxpayer or person claiming the tax credits or 180 exemptions may appeal the decision regarding termination, suspension or 181 revocation of any tax credit or exemption in accordance with the procedures 182 outlined in subsections 4 [to 6] and 5 of section 135.250. The director of the 183 department of economic development shall notify the directors of the departments of natural resources and revenue of the termination, suspension or revocation of 184 185 any tax credits as determined in this section or pursuant to the provisions of section 447.716. 186

- 5. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no taxpayer shall earn the tax credits, exemptions or refund otherwise allowed in subdivisions (2), (3) and (4) of subsection 1 of this section and the tax credits otherwise allowed in section 135.110, or the tax credits, exemptions and refund otherwise allowed in sections 135.215, 135.220, 135.225 and 135.245, respectively, for the same facility for the same tax period.
- 6. The total amount of the tax credits allowed in subsection 1 of this section may not exceed the greater of:
- 195 (1) That portion of the taxpayer's income attributed to the eligible project; 196 or
- 197 (2) One hundred percent of the total business' income tax if the eligible facility does not replace a similar facility that closed elsewhere in Missouri prior 198 199 to the end of the taxpayer's tax period in which the tax credits are earned, and 200 further provided the taxpayer does not operate any other facilities besides the eligible project in Missouri; fifty percent of the total business' income tax if the 201 202 eligible facility replaces a similar facility that closed elsewhere in Missouri prior 203 to the end of the taxpayer's tax period in which the credits are earned, and 204 further provided the taxpayer does not operate any other facilities besides the 205eligible project in Missouri; or twenty-five percent of the total business income if 206 the taxpayer operates, in addition to the eligible facility, any other facilities in

Missouri. In no case shall a taxpayer operating more than one eligible project in Missouri be allowed to offset more than twenty-five percent of the taxpayer's business income in any tax period. That portion of the taxpayer's income attributed to the eligible project as referenced in subdivision (1) of this subsection, for which the credits allowed in sections 135.110 and 135.225 and subsection 3 of this section, may apply, shall be determined in the same manner as prescribed in subdivision (6) of section 135.100. That portion of the taxpayer's franchise tax attributed to the eligible project for which the remediation tax credit may offset, shall be determined in the same manner as prescribed in paragraph (a) of subdivision (6) of section 135.100.

- 7. Taxpayers claiming the state tax benefits allowed in subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection 1 of this section shall be required to file all applicable tax credit applications, forms and schedules prescribed by the director during the taxpayer's tax period immediately after the tax period in which the eligible project was first put into use. Otherwise, the taxpayer's right to claim such state tax benefits shall be forfeited. Unused business facility and enterprise zone tax credits shall not be carried forward but shall be initially claimed for the tax period during which the eligible project was first capable of being used, and during any applicable subsequent tax periods.
- 8. Taxpayers claiming the remediation tax credit allowed in subsection 3 of this section shall be required to file all applicable tax credit applications, forms and schedules prescribed by the director during the taxpayer's tax period immediately after the tax period in which the eligible project was first put into use, or during the taxpayer's tax period immediately after the tax period in which the voluntary remediation activities were performed.
- 9. The recipient of remediation tax credits, for the purpose of this subsection referred to as assignor, may assign, sell or transfer, in whole or in part, the remediation tax credit allowed in subsection 3 of this section to any other person, for the purpose of this subsection referred to as assignee. To perfect the transfer, the assignor shall provide written notice to the director of the assignor's intent to transfer the tax credits to the assignee, the date the transfer is effective, the assignee's name, address and the assignee's tax period and the amount of tax credits to be transferred. The number of tax periods during which the assignee may subsequently claim the tax credits shall not exceed twenty tax periods, less the number of tax periods the assignor previously claimed the credits before the transfer occurred.

- 10. In the case where an operator and assignor of an eligible project has been certified to claim state tax benefits allowed in subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection 1 of this section, and sells or otherwise transfers title of the eligible project to another taxpayer or assignee who continues the same or substantially similar operations at the eligible project, the director shall allow the assignee to claim the credits for a period of time to be determined by the director; except that, the total number of tax periods the tax credits may be earned by the assignor and the assignee shall not exceed ten. To perfect the transfer, the assignor shall provide written notice to the director of the assignor's intent to transfer the tax credits to the assignee, the date the transfer is effective, the assignee's name, address, and the assignee's tax period, and the amount of tax credits to be transferred.
 - 11. For the purpose of the state tax benefits described in this section, in the case of a corporation described in section 143.471 or partnership, in computing Missouri's tax liability, such state benefits shall be allowed to the following:
 - (1) The shareholders of the corporation described in section 143.471;
- 260 (2) The partners of the partnership. The credit provided in this 261 subsection shall be apportioned to the entities described in subdivisions (1) and 262 (2) of this subsection in proportion to their share of ownership on the last day of 263 the taxpayer's tax period.
 - 12. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, in any county of the first classification that has a charter form of government and that has a population of over nine hundred thousand inhabitants, all demolition costs incurred during the redevelopment of any former automobile manufacturing plant shall be allowable costs eligible for tax credits under sections 447.700 to 447.718 so long as the redevelopment of such former automobile manufacturing plant shall be projected to create at least two hundred fifty new jobs or at least three hundred retained jobs, or a combination thereof, as determined by the department of economic development. The amount of allowable costs eligible for tax credits shall be limited to the least amount necessary to cause the project to occur, as determined by the director of the department of economic development, provided that no tax credit shall be issued under this subsection until July 1, 2017. For purposes of this subsection, "former automobile manufacturing plant" means a

279 redevelopment area that qualifies as an eligible project under section

280 447.700, that consists of at least one hundred acres, and that was used

281 primarily for the manufacture of automobiles but, after 2007, ceased

282 such manufacturing.

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