SECOND REGULAR SESSION SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 2379

98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Reported from the Committee on Education, May 4, 2016, with recommendation that the Senate Committee Substitute do pass. ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

AN ACT

To amend chapters 167 and 633, RSMo, by adding thereto two new sections relating to dyslexia.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Chapters 167 and 633, RSMo, are amended by adding thereto

- two new sections, to be known as sections 167.950 and 633.420, to read as follows:
- 167.950. 1. (1) By December 31, 2017, the department of
- elementary and secondary education shall develop guidelines for the
- appropriate screening of students for dyslexia and related disorders
- and the necessary classroom support for students with dyslexia and
- related disorders. Such guidelines shall be consistent with the findings
- and recommendations of the task force created under section 633.420. 6
- 7 (2) In the 2018-19 school year and subsequent years, each public
- school, including each charter school, shall conduct dyslexia screenings
- for students in the appropriate year consistent with the guidelines
- 10 developed by the department of elementary and secondary education.
- 11 (3) In the 2018-19 school year and subsequent years, the school
- 12 board of each district and the governing board of each charter school
- shall provide reasonable classroom support consistent with the
- guidelines developed by the department of elementary and secondary
- 15 education.
- 16 2. In the 2018-19 school year and subsequent years, the
- practicing teacher assistance programs established under section 17
- 18 168.400 shall include two hours of in-service training provided by each
- local school district for all practicing teachers in such district
- regarding dyslexia and related disorders. Each charter school shall

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- 21also offer all of its teachers two hours of training on dyslexia and related disorders. Districts and charter schools may seek assistance from the department of elementary and secondary education in developing and providing such training. Completion of such training shall count as two contact hours of professional development under 25section 168.021. 26
 - 3. For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:
- (1) "Dyslexia", a disorder that is neurological in origin, characterized by difficulties with accurate and fluent word recognition and poor spelling and decoding abilities that typically result from a deficit in the phonological component of language, often unexpected in 32 relation to other cognitive abilities and the provision of effective classroom instruction, and of which secondary consequences may include problems in reading comprehension and reduced reading experience that can impede growth of vocabulary and background knowledge. Nothing in this definition shall require a student with dyslexia to obtain an individualized education program (IEP) unless the student has otherwise met the federal conditions necessary;
 - (2) "Dyslexia screening", a short test conducted by a teacher or school counselor to determine whether a student likely has dyslexia or a related disorder in which a positive result does not represent a medical diagnosis but indicates that the student could benefit from approved support;
 - (3) "Related disorders", disorders similar to or related to dyslexia, such as developmental auditory imperception, dysphasia, specific developmental dyslexia, developmental dysgraphia, and developmental spelling disability;
 - (4) "Support", low-cost and effective best practices, such as oral examinations and extended test-taking periods, used to support students who have dyslexia or any related disorder.
 - 4. The state board of education shall promulgate rules and regulations for each public school to screen students for dyslexia and related disorders. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable, and if any of

the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2016, shall be invalid and void.

5. Nothing in this section shall require the MO HealthNet program to expand the services that it provides.

633.420. 1. For the purposes of this section, the term "dyslexia" means a disorder that is neurological in origin, characterized by difficulties with accurate and fluent word recognition, and poor 4 spelling and decoding abilities that typically result from a deficit in the phonological component of language, often unexpected in relation to 6 other cognitive abilities and the provision of effective classroom 7 instruction, and of which secondary consequences may include problems in reading comprehension and reduced reading experience that can impede growth of vocabulary and background 10 knowledge. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a district from assessing students for dyslexia and offering students specialized 11 12 reading instruction if a determination is made that a student suffers from dyslexia. Nothing in this definition shall require a student with dyslexia to obtain an individualized education program (IEP) unless 15 the student has otherwise met the federal conditions necessary.

- 16 2. There is hereby created the "Legislative Task Force on 17 Dyslexia". The joint committee on education shall provide technical 18 and administrative support as required by the task force to fulfill its 19 duties; any such support involving monetary expenses shall first be approved by the chairman of the joint committee on education. The 20task force shall meet at least quarterly and may hold meetings by 21telephone or video conference. The task force shall advise and make 22recommendations to the governor, joint committee on education, and 23 relevant state agencies regarding matters concerning individuals with 2425 dyslexia, including education and other adult and adolescent services.
- 3. The task force shall be comprised of twenty members consisting of the following:
- 28 (1) Two members of the senate appointed by the president pro 29 tempore of the senate, with one member appointed from the minority 30 party and one member appointed from the majority party;

- 31 (2) Two members of the house of representatives appointed by 32 the speaker of the house of representatives, with one member 33 appointed from the minority party and one member appointed from the 34 majority party;
 - (3) The commissioner of education, or his or her designee;
- 36 (4) One representative from an institution of higher education 37 located in this state with specialized expertise in dyslexia and reading 38 instruction;
- 39 (5) A representative from a state teachers association or the 40 Missouri National Education Association;
- 41 (6) A representative from the International Dyslexia Association 42 of Missouri;
 - (7) A representative from Decoding Dyslexia of Missouri;
- 44 (8) A representative from the Missouri Association of Elementary 45 School Principals;
- 46 (9) A representative from the Missouri Council of Administrators 47 of Special Education;
- 48 (10) A professional licensed in the state of Missouri with 49 experience diagnosing dyslexia including, but not limited to, a licensed 50 psychologist, school psychologist, or neuropsychologist;
- 51 (11) A speech-language pathologist with training and experience 52 in early literacy development and effective research-based intervention 53 techniques for dyslexia, including an Orton-Gillingham remediation 54 program recommended by the Missouri Speech-Language Hearing 55 Association;
- 56 (12) A certified academic language therapist recommended by 57 the Academic Language Therapists Association who is a resident of this 58 state;
- 59 (13) A representative from an independent private provider or 60 nonprofit organization serving individuals with dyslexia;
- 61 (14) An assistive technology specialist with expertise in 62 accessible print materials and assistive technology used by individuals 63 with dyslexia recommended by the Missouri assistive technology 64 council;
- 65 (15) One private citizen who has a child who has been diagnosed 66 with dyslexia;
- 67 (16) One private citizen who has been diagnosed with dyslexia;

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- 68 (17) A representative of the Missouri State Council of the 69 International Reading Association; and
- 70 (18) A pediatrician with knowledge of dyslexia.
- 4. The members of the task force, other than the members from the general assembly and ex officio members, shall be appointed by the president pro tempore of the senate or the speaker of the house of representatives by September 1, 2016, by alternating appointments beginning with the president pro tempore of the senate. A chairperson shall be selected by the members of the task force. Any vacancy on the task force shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment. Members shall serve on the task force without compensation.
 - 5. The task force shall make recommendations for a statewide system for identification, intervention, and delivery of supports for students with dyslexia, including the development of resource materials and professional development activities. These recommendations shall be included in a report to the governor and joint committee on education and shall include findings and proposed legislation and shall be made available no longer than twelve months from the task force's first meeting.
- 88 **6.** The recommendations and resource materials developed by 89 the task force shall:
- 90 (1) Identify valid and reliable screening and evaluation 91 assessments and protocols that can be used and the appropriate 92 personnel to administer such assessments in order to identify children 93 with dyslexia or the characteristics of dyslexia as part of an ongoing 94 reading progress monitoring system, multi-tiered system of supports, 95 and special education eligibility determinations in schools;
- 96 (2) Recommend an evidence-based reading instruction, with 97 consideration of the National Reading Panel Report and Orton-98 Gillingham methodology principles for use in all Missouri schools, and 99 intervention system, including a list of effective dyslexia intervention 100 programs, to address dyslexia or characteristics of dyslexia for use by 101 schools in multi-tiered systems of support and for services as 102 appropriate for special education eligible students;
- 103 **(3)** Develop and implement preservice and inservice professional 104 development activities to address dyslexia identification and

- intervention, including utilization of accessible print materials and assistive technology, within degree programs such as education, reading, special education, speech-language pathology, and psychology;
- 108 (4) Review teacher certification and professional development 109 requirements as they relate to the needs of students with dyslexia;
- 110 (5) Examine the barriers to accurate information on the 111 prevalence of students with dyslexia across the state and recommend 112 a process for accurate reporting of demographic data; and
- 113 (6) Study and evaluate current practices for diagnosing, treating, 114 and educating children in this state and examine how current laws and 115 regulations affect students with dyslexia in order to present 116 recommendations to the governor and the joint committee on 117 education.
- 7. The task force shall hire or contract for hire specialist services to support the work of the task force as necessary with appropriations made to the joint committee on education for that purpose or from other available funding.
- 8. The task force authorized under this section shall expire on August 31, 2018, unless reauthorized by an act of the general assembly.

