# SENATE BILL NO. 556 

98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR PEARCE.
Read 1st time February 26, 2015, and ordered printed.

## AN ACT

To repeal sections $300.010,300.411,304.678$, and 307.180 , RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof five new sections relating to bicycle and pedestrian safety, with existing penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:
Section A. Sections 300.010, 300.411, 304.678, and 307.180, RSMo, are repealed and five new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections $300.010,300.411,304.675,304.678$, and 307.180 , to read as follows:
300.010. The following words and phrases when used in this ordinance mean:
(1) "Alley" or "alleyway", any street with a roadway of less than twenty feet in width;
(2) "All-terrain vehicle", any motorized vehicle manufactured and used exclusively for off-highway use which is fifty inches or less in width, with an unladen dry weight of six hundred pounds or less, traveling on three, four or more low pressure tires, with a seat designed to be straddled by the operator, and handlebars for steering control;
(3) "Authorized emergency vehicle", a vehicle publicly owned and operated as an ambulance, or a vehicle publicly owned and operated by the state highway patrol, police or fire department, sheriff or constable or deputy sheriff, traffic officer or any privately owned vehicle operated as an ambulance when responding to emergency calls;
(4) "Business district", the territory contiguous to and including a highway when within any six hundred feet along the highway there are buildings in use for business or industrial purposes, including but not limited to hotels, banks, or intended to be omitted in the law.
office buildings, railroad stations and public buildings which occupy at least three hundred feet of frontage on one side or three hundred feet collectively on both sides of the highway;
(5) "Central business (or traffic) district", all streets and portions of streets within the area described by city ordinance as such;
(6) "Commercial vehicle", every vehicle designed, maintained, or used primarily for the transportation of property;
(7) "Controlled access highway", every highway, street or roadway in respect to which owners or occupants of abutting lands and other persons have no legal right of access to or from the same except at such points only and in such manner as may be determined by the public authority having jurisdiction over the highway, street or roadway;
(8) "Crosswalk",
(a) That part of a roadway at an intersection included within the connections of the lateral lines of the sidewalks on opposite sides of the highway measured from the curbs, or in the absence of curbs from the edges of the traversable roadway;
(b) Any portion of a roadway at an intersection or elsewhere distinctly indicated for pedestrian crossing by lines or other markings on the surface;
(9) "Curb loading zone", a space adjacent to a curb reserved for the exclusive use of vehicles during the loading or unloading of passengers or materials;
(10) "Driver", every person who drives or is in actual physical control of a vehicle;
(11) "Freight curb loading zone", a space adjacent to a curb for the exclusive use of vehicles during the loading or unloading of freight (or passengers);
(12) "Highway", the entire width between the boundary lines of every way publicly maintained when any part thereof is open to the use of the public for purposes of vehicular travel;
(13) "Intersection",
(a) The area embraced within the prolongation or connection of the lateral curb lines, or, if none, then the lateral boundary lines of the roadways of two highways which join one another at, or approximately at, right angles, or the area within which vehicles traveling upon different highways joining at any other angle may come in conflict;
(b) Where a highway includes two roadways thirty feet or more apart, then every crossing of each roadway of such divided highway by an intersecting highway shall be regarded as a separate intersection. In the event such intersecting highway also includes two roadways thirty feet or more apart, then every crossing of two roadways of such highways shall be regarded as a separate intersection;
(14) "Laned roadway", a roadway which is divided into two or more clearly marked lanes for vehicular traffic;
(15) "Motor vehicle", any self-propelled vehicle not operated exclusively upon tracks, except farm tractors and motorized bicycles;
(16) "Motorcycle", every motor vehicle having a seat or saddle for the use of the rider and designed to travel on not more than three wheels in contact with the ground, but excluding a tractor;
(17) "Motorized bicycle", any two-wheeled or three-wheeled device having an automatic transmission and a motor with a cylinder capacity of not more than fifty cubic centimeters, which produces less than three gross brake horsepower, and is capable of propelling the device at a maximum speed of not more than thirty miles per hour on level ground;
(18) "Official time standard", whenever certain hours are named herein they shall mean standard time or daylight-saving time as may be in current use in the city;
(19) "Official traffic control devices", all signs, signals, markings and devices not inconsistent with this ordinance placed or erected by authority of a public body or official having jurisdiction, for the purpose of regulating, warning or guiding traffic;
(20) "Park" or "parking", the standing of a vehicle, whether occupied or not, otherwise than temporarily for the purpose of and while actually engaged in loading or unloading merchandise or passengers;
(21) "Passenger curb loading zone", a place adjacent to a curb reserved for the exclusive use of vehicles during the loading or unloading of passengers;
(22) "Pedestrian", [any person afoot] a person who:
(a) Is on foot;
(b) Is using any means of conveyance propelled by human power other than a bicycle;
(c) Is using an electric personal assistive mobility device, as defined in section 307.205; or
(d) Is operating a self-propelled wheelchair, motorized wheelchair, motorized tricycle, or motorized quadricycle to act as a pedestrian and, by reason of physical disability, is otherwise restricted in movement as or unable to move about on foot;
(23) "Person", every natural person, firm, copartnership, association or corporation;
(24) "Police officer", every officer of the municipal police department or any officer authorized to direct or regulate traffic or to make arrests for violations of traffic regulations;
(25) "Private road" or "driveway", every way or place in private ownership and used for vehicular travel by the owner and those having express or implied permission from the owner, but not by other persons;
(26) "Railroad", a carrier of persons or property upon cars, other than streetcars, operated upon stationary rails;
(27) "Railroad train", a steam engine, electric or other motor, with or without cars coupled thereto, operated upon rails, except streetcars;
(28) "Residence district", the territory contiguous to and including a highway not comprising a business district when the property on such highway for a distance of three hundred feet or more is in the main improved with residences or residences and buildings in use for business;
(29) "Right-of-way", the right of one vehicle or pedestrian to proceed in a lawful manner in preference to another vehicle or pedestrian approaching under such circumstances of direction, speed and proximity as to give rise to danger of collision unless one grants precedence to the other;
(30) "Roadway", that portion of a highway improved, designed or ordinarily used for vehicular travel, exclusive of the berm or shoulder. In the event a highway includes two or more separate roadways the term "roadway" as used herein shall refer to any such roadway separately but not to all such roadways collectively;
(31) "Safety zone", the area or space officially set apart within a roadway for the exclusive use of pedestrians and which is protected or is so marked or indicated by adequate signs as to be plainly visible at all times while set apart as a safety zone;
(32) "Sidewalk", that portion of a street between the curb lines, or the lateral lines of a roadway, and the adjacent property lines, intended for use of pedestrians;
(33) "Stand" or "standing", the halting of a vehicle, whether occupied or not, otherwise than for the purpose of and while actually engaged in receiving or discharging passengers;
(34) "Stop", when required, complete cessation from movement;
(35) "Stop" or "stopping", when prohibited, any halting even momentarily of a vehicle, whether occupied or not, except when necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic or in compliance with the directions of a police officer or traffic control sign or signal;
(36) "Street" or "highway", the entire width between the lines of every way publicly maintained when any part thereof is open to the uses of the public for purposes of vehicular travel. "State highway", a highway maintained by the state of Missouri as a part of the state highway system;
(37) "Through highway", every highway or portion thereof on which vehicular traffic is given preferential rights-of-way, and at the entrances to which vehicular traffic from intersecting highways is required by law to yield rights-of-way to vehicles on such through highway in obedience to either a stop sign or a yield sign, when such signs are erected as provided in this ordinance;
(38) "Traffic", pedestrians, ridden or herded animals, vehicles, streetcars and other conveyances either singly or together while using any highway for purposes of travel;
(39) "Traffic control signal", any device, whether manually, electrically or mechanically operated, by which traffic is alternately directed to stop and to proceed;
(40) "Traffic division", the traffic division of the police department of the city, or in the event a traffic division is not established, then said term whenever used herein shall be deemed to refer to the police department of the city;
(41) "Vehicle", any mechanical device on wheels, designed primarily for use, or used, on highways, except motorized bicycles, vehicles propelled or drawn by horses or human power, or vehicles used exclusively on fixed rails or tracks, cotton trailers or motorized wheelchairs operated by handicapped persons.
300.411. [The operator of a motor vehicle overtaking] Upon

## approaching:

(1) A bicycle, as defined in section 307.180, proceeding in the same direction on the roadway, as defined in section 300.010, or on shoulder of the roadway; or
(2) A pedestrian on or near the roadway the operator of a motor
vehicle shall:
(a) Leave a safe distance when passing the bicycle or pedestrian, and shall maintain clearance until safely past the overtaken bicycle or pedestrian;
(b) If possible with due regard to safety and traffic conditions, make a lane change into the next available lane until safely past the overtaken bicycle or pedestrian and leave a safe distance between the motor vehicle and the bicycle or pedestrian; and
(c) In no case leave less than 4 feet clearance between the motor vehicle and the bicycle or pedestrian at any time during the passing maneuver.
304.675. As used in this chapter, chapter 302, and chapter 307, the term "pedestrian" shall mean:
(1) A person who is on foot;
(2) A person who is using any means of conveyance propelled by human power other than a bicycle;
(3) A person who is using an electric personal assistive mobility device, as defined in section 307.205 ; and
(4) A person who is operating a self-propelled wheelchair, motorized wheelchair, motorized tricycle, or motorized quadricycle to act as a pedestrian and, by reason of physical disability, is otherwise restricted in movement as or unable to move about on foot.
304.678. 1. [The operator of a motor vehicle overtaking] Upon approaching:
(1) A bicycle proceeding in the same direction on the roadway, as defined in section 300.010, or on the shoulder of the roadway; or
(2) A pedestrian on or near the roadway the operator of the motor vehicles shall:
(a) Leave a safe distance, when passing the bicycle or pedestrian, and shall maintain clearance until safely past the overtaken bicycle;
(b) If possible with due regard to safety and traffic conditions, make a lane change into the next available lane until safely past the overtaken bicycle or pedestrian and leave a safe distance between the motor vehicle and the bicycle or pedestrian; and
(c) In no case leave less than four feet clearance between the motor vehicle and the bicycle or pedestrian at any time during the passing maneuver.
2. Any person who violates the provisions of this section is guilty of an
infraction unless:
(1) The person intentionally violates the provisions of this section; or
(2) An accident is involved;
in which case it shall be a class C misdemeanor.
307.180. As used in [sections 307.180 to 307.193 ] chapters 304 and 307 :
(1) The word "bicycle" shall mean every vehicle propelled solely by [human power upon which any person may ride, having two tandem wheels, or two parallel wheels and one or two forward or rear wheels, all of which are more than fourteen inches in diameter, except scooters and similar devices] pedals, operated by one or more persons, and having two or more wheels, except devices primarily intended for children six years of age or younger;
(2) The term "motorized bicycle" shall mean any two- or three-wheeled device having an automatic transmission and a motor with a cylinder capacity of not more than fifty cubic centimeters, which produces less than three gross brake horsepower, and is capable of propelling the device at a maximum speed of not more than thirty miles per hour on level ground. A motorized bicycle shall be considered a motor vehicle for purposes of any homeowners' or renters' insurance policy.

