FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 227

98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR EMERY.

Read 1st time January 12, 2015, and ordered printed.

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

1240S.01I

AN ACT

To repeal section 490.715, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to evidence for the cost of medical treatment.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 490.715, RSMo, is repealed and one new section 2 enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as section 490.715, to read as follows:

490.715. 1. No evidence of collateral sources pertaining to the cost of
medical treatment, including medication, shall be admissible other than
such evidence provided for in this section.

2. If prior to trial a defendant or his or her insurer or authorized representative, or any combination of them, pays all or any part of a plaintiff's special damages, [the defendant may introduce evidence that some other person other than the plaintiff has paid those amounts. The evidence shall not identify any person having made such payments] such payment shall not be admissible or recoverable from that defendant.

3. [If a defendant introduces evidence described in] By virtue of subsection 2 of this section, [such introduction shall constitute a waiver of] a defendant shall not have any right to a credit against a judgment pursuant to section 490.710. Provided however, if such payments have been included in a plaintiff's claim for special damages at trial, the defendant shall be entitled to deduct and receive a credit for such payments from any judgment as provided for in section 490.710.

4. This section does not require the exclusion of evidence admissible foranother proper purpose.

19 5. (1) Except as provided in subsection 2 of this section, parties

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20 may introduce evidence of the [value] **cost** of the medical treatment rendered **or** 21 **to be rendered** to a party that was **or will be** reasonable, necessary, and a 22 proximate result of the negligence of any party.

23(2) [In determining the value of the] For purposes of subdivision (1) 24of this subsection, the cost of any medical treatment rendered, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that the dollar amount necessary or to be 25rendered by a health care provider shall not exceed the actual dollar 2627amounts paid for such medical treatment plus any unpaid for projected amounts to be paid by any source or combination of sources to satisfy the 2829financial obligation to the health care provider [represents the value of the medical treatment rendered. Upon motion of any party, the court may determine, 30 31outside the hearing of the jury, the value of the medical treatment rendered based 32upon additional evidence, including but not limited to:

(a) The medical bills incurred by a party;

(b) The amount actually paid for medical treatment rendered to a party;
(c) The amount or estimate of the amount of medical bills not paid which
such party is obligated to pay to any entity in the event of a
recovery. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no evidence of collateral sources shall
be made known to the jury in presenting the evidence of the value of the medical
treatment rendered] for such treatment.

40 (3) Evidence presented to the jury of the case of medical 41 treatment rendered or to be rendered shall be presented solely in terms 42 of the part or projected actual cost necessary to satisfy the cost of such 43 treatment or services pursuant to any agreement, contractual or 44 otherwise, with the provider, and without reference to any billed 45 charges in excess of such cost.