FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 212

98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR WALSH.

Read 1st time January 8, 2015, and ordered printed.

0255S.02I

ADRIANE D. CROUSE, Secretary.

AN ACT

To repeal section 565.225 as enacted by senate bill no. 491, ninety-seventh general assembly, second regular session and section 565.225 as enacted by senate bills nos. 818 & 795, ninety-fourth general assembly, second regular session, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof one new section relating to the address confidentiality program, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 565.225 as enacted by senate bill no. 491, ninety-

- seventh general assembly, second regular session and section 565.225 as enacted
- 3 by senate bills nos. 818 & 795, ninety-fourth general assembly, second regular
- 4 session, RSMo, are repealed and one new section enacted in lieu thereof, to be
- 5 known as section 565.225, to read as follows:

565.225. 1. As used in this section and section 565.227, the term

- 2 "disturbs" shall mean to engage in a course of conduct directed at a specific
- 3 person that serves no legitimate purpose and that would cause a reasonable
- 4 person under the circumstances to be frightened, intimidated, or emotionally
- 5 distressed.
- 6 2. A person commits the offense of stalking in the first degree if he or she
- 7 purposely, through his or her course of conduct, disturbs or follows with the
- 8 intent of disturbing another person and:
- 9 (1) Makes a threat communicated with the intent to cause the person who
- 10 is the target of the threat to reasonably fear for his or her safety, the safety of his
- or her family or household member, or the safety of domestic animals or livestock
- 12 as defined in section 276.606 kept at such person's residence or on such person's
- 13 property. The threat shall be against the life of, or a threat to cause physical
- 14 injury to, or the kidnapping of the person, the person's family or household

SB 212 2

26

27

28

29

31

33

members, or the person's domestic animals or livestock as defined in section 15

- 16 276.606 kept at such person's residence or on such person's property; or
- 17 (2) At least one of the acts constituting the course of conduct is in violation of an order of protection and the person has received actual notice of 18 such order; or 19
- 20 (3) At least one of the actions constituting the course of conduct is in violation of a condition of probation, parole, pretrial release, or release on bond 2122 pending appeal; or
- 23 (4) At any time during the course of conduct, the other person is 24 seventeen years of age or younger and the person disturbing the other person is 25 twenty-one years of age or older; or
 - (5) He or she has previously been found guilty of domestic assault, violation of an order of protection, or any other crime where the other person was the victim; or
- (6) At any time during the course of conduct, the other person is a participant of the address confidentiality program under sections 30 589.660 to 589.681, and the person disturbing the other person 32 knowingly accesses or attempts to access the address of the other person.
- 34 3. Any law enforcement officer may arrest, without a warrant, any person he or she has probable cause to believe has violated the provisions of this section.
- 36 4. This section shall not apply to activities of federal, state, county, or municipal law enforcement officers conducting investigations of any violation of 37 38 federal, state, county, or municipal law.
- 39 5. The offense of stalking in the first degree is a class E felony, unless the 40 defendant has previously been found guilty of a violation of this section or section 565.227, or any offense committed in another jurisdiction which, if committed in 41 42 this state, would be chargeable or indictable as a violation of any offense listed in this section or section 565.227, in which case stalking in the first degree is a 43 44 class D felony.

565.225. 1. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:

 2 (1) "Course of conduct", a pattern of conduct composed of two or more acts, which may include communication by any means, over a period of time, however short, evidencing a continuity of purpose. Constitutionally protected activity is not included within the meaning of course of conduct. Such constitutionally protected activity includes picketing or other organized protests;

SB 212 3

15

16

17

24

34

35

36

41

42

7 (2) "Credible threat", a threat communicated with the intent to cause the person who is the target of the threat to reasonably fear for his or her safety, or the safety of his or her family, or household members or domestic animals or livestock as defined in section 276.606 kept at such person's residence or on such 10 person's property. The threat must be against the life of, or a threat to cause 11 12 physical injury to, or the kidnapping of, the person, the person's family, or the person's household members or domestic animals or livestock as defined in 13 section 276.606 kept at such person's residence or on such person's property; 14

- (3) "Harasses", to engage in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that serves no legitimate purpose, that would cause a reasonable person under the circumstances to be frightened, intimidated, or emotionally distressed.
- 18 2. A person commits the crime of stalking if he or she purposely, through 19 his or her course of conduct, harasses or follows with the intent of harassing 20 another person.
- 213. A person commits the crime of aggravated stalking if he or she 22 purposely, through his or her course of conduct, harasses or follows with the 23 intent of harassing another person, and:
 - (1) Makes a credible threat; or
- 25 (2) At least one of the acts constituting the course of conduct is in violation of an order of protection and the person has received actual notice of 26 27 such order; or
- 28 (3) At least one of the actions constituting the course of conduct is in 29 violation of a condition of probation, parole, pretrial release, or release on bond 30 pending appeal; or
- 31 (4) At any time during the course of conduct, the other person is seventeen years of age or younger and the person harassing the other person is 32 twenty-one years of age or older; or 33
 - (5) He or she has previously pleaded guilty to or been found guilty of domestic assault, violation of an order of protection, or any other crime where the other person was the victim; or
- (6) At any time during the course of conduct, the other person is 37 a participant of the address confidentiality program under sections 38 589.660 to 589.681, and the person harassing the other person 39 knowingly accesses or attempts to access the address of the other person.
 - 4. The crime of stalking shall be a class A misdemeanor unless the person

SB 212 4

48

4950

51

52

5354

55

56

57

has previously pleaded guilty to or been found guilty of a violation of this section, or of any offense committed in violation of any county or municipal ordinance in any state, any state law, any federal law, or any military law which, if committed in this state, would be chargeable or indictable as a violation of any offense listed in this section, in which case stalking shall be a class D felony.

- 5. The crime of aggravated stalking shall be a class D felony unless the person has previously pleaded guilty to or been found guilty of a violation of this section, or of any offense committed in violation of any county or municipal ordinance in any state, any state law, any federal law, or any military law which, if committed in this state, would be chargeable or indictable as a violation of any offense listed in this section, aggravated stalking shall be a class C felony.
- 6. Any law enforcement officer may arrest, without a warrant, any person he or she has probable cause to believe has violated the provisions of this section.
- 7. This section shall not apply to activities of federal, state, county, or municipal law enforcement officers conducting investigations of violation of federal, state, county, or municipal law.

Bil

